Cornell University Library

The original of this book is in
the Cornell University Library.

There are no known copyright restrictions in
the United States on the use of the text.

http://www.archive.org/details/cu31924079618785

CORNELL UNIVERSITY LIBRARY
3 1924 079 618 785

Production Note

Cornell University Library produced this volume to preserve the informational content of the deteriorated original. The best available copy of the original has been used to create this digital copy. It was scanned bitonally at 600 dots per inch resolution and compressed prior to storage using ITU Group 4 compression. Conversion of this material to digital files was supported by the Andrew W. Mellon Foundation. Digital file copyright by Cornell University Library 1995.

In the original print of this volume pages 460-462 were printed in the wrong order. The order of those pages as they were originally printed has been retained in the digitization process.

This volume has been scanned as part of The Making of America Project, a cooperative endeavor undertaken to preserve and enhance access to historical material from the nineteenth century.

pt. 3

The digital data were used to create Cornell's replacement volume on paper that meets ANSI Standard Z39.48-1992.

Cornell University Library

THE GIFT OF

War Records Office,
U.S. War Department

A.86536 15/11/95

FRAGILE DOES NOT CIRCULATE

THE

WAR OF THE REBELLION:

A COMPILATION OF THE

OFFICIAL RECORDS

OF THE

UNION AND CONFEDERATE ARMIES.

PUBLISHED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF

The Hon. DANIEL S. LAMONT, Secretary of War,

BY

MAJ. GEORGE B. DAVIS, U. S. A.,
MR. LESLIE J. PERRY,
MR. JOSEPH W. KIRKLEY,
Board of Publication.

SERIES I—VOLUME XLVI—IN THREE PARTS.

PART III—CORRESPONDENCE, ETC.

Section 2

WASHINGTON:
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.
1894.

WINCHESTER, *April 15, 1865.*

General STEVENSON:

The general directs that all persons coming into your lines be arrested in accordance with instructions just received from Washington. The President and Secretary of State were both mortally wounded by assassins last night, and it is supposed that the object of the order is if possible to secure the arrest of the assassins, who are attempting to make their escape. The order will not, therefore, be applied to the well-known individuals coming into the lines with marketing and passes, unless so ordered hereafter.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General.

(Same to Generals Emory, Dwight, and Egan.)

WINCHESTER, *April 15, 1865.*

General STEVENSON:

Have any trains reached Harper's Ferry this morning? The general desires you to arrest all citizens or strangers making their way through your lines at any point. It is possible that the assassins may endeavor to escape south through your lines at some point.

C. H. MORGAN,
Chief of Staff.

HARPER'S FERRY, *April 15, 1865.*

General MORGAN,
Chief of Staff:

I had given the instructions throughout the district before receiving your telegram. No trains have passed either way as yet.

JOHN D. STEVENSON,
Brigadier-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, April 15, 1865—3 a. m. (Sent 3.55 a. m.)

Brigadier-General MORRIS,
Commanding District of Baltimore:

Make immediate arrangements for guarding thoroughly every avenue leading into Baltimore, and if possible arrest J. Wilkes Booth, the murderer of President Lincoln. You will acknowledge the receipt of this telegram, giving time, &c.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

BATES, STEWART, OR MAYNARD:

Rush this through and order the immediate delivery.

THOS. T. ECKERT.

BALTIMORE, MD., *April 15, 1865—4.15 a. m.*
(Received 4.30 a. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

Your dispatch received. The most vigorous measures will be taken. Every avenue is guarded. No trains or boats will be permitted to leave this department for the present.

W. W. MORRIS,
Brigadier-General.

BALTIMORE, MD., *April 15, 1865.*
(Received 12.15 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

In order to execute fully your orders last night it was necessary to forbid the departure of any railroad trains. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has three trains at Relay House waiting to come on. Shall I allow each road to send out their trains?

W. W. MORRIS,
Brigadier-General, &c.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., April 15, 1865—3.20 p. m.

Brigadier General W. W. MORRIS,
Commanding District of Baltimore, Baltimore:

It was not intended by my order of this morning that trains on any of the railroads leading into Baltimore should be stopped; therefore you will direct at once that all trains may be run on their usual time as heretofore, but keep a strict watch over the passengers by each train arriving from Washington. Also watch the travel on highways and avenues leading from this city.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

(Copy to Brigadier-General Tyler, Relay House.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., *April 15, 1865—2 a. m.*

Brigadier-General MORRIS,
Baltimore:

Attempts have been made to-night to assassinate the President and Secretary of State. Arrest all persons who leave Washington to-night on any road or by water, and hold them till further orders. In the meantime report as to each person arrested.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General and Chief of Staff.

BALTIMORE, *April 15, 1865.*
(Received 2.25 a. m.)

General HALLECK,
Chief of Staff:

Your dispatch received. Prompt measures will be taken. All the roads are now guarded.

W. W. MORRIS,
Brigadier-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
Washington, D. C., April 15, 1865.

Brigadier-General MORRIS,
Commanding at Baltimore:

The assassin of the President is J. Wilkes Booth, the actor. Please consult with the city police.

Respectfully,

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 15, 1865.

Brigadier-General MORRIS,
Baltimore, Md.:

GENERAL: I telegraphed that J. Wilkes Booth, the actor, is the assassin of the President. The evidence renders it almost conclusive that he is the guilty party. He should be arrested if possible.

Respectfully,

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
Washington, D. C., April 15, 1865.

Brigadier-General MORRIS,
Commanding Middle Department, Baltimore:

The major-general commanding this department is authorized to offer a reward of $10,000 for the apprehension of the assassin of the President of the United States and the Secretary of State. Please communicate this to the police and detectives of your department.

Respectfully,

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

(Same to Major-General Peck, commanding Department of the East, New York, and Major-General Cadwalader, Philadelphia, Pa.)

WINCHESTER, *April 15, 1865.*

General W. W. MORRIS,
Baltimore:

Two regiments left here about 6 this evening—one for Fort Delaware, the other for Havre de Grace.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General, &c.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 82. HDQRS. MIDDLE DEPARTMENT, EIGHTH ARMY CORPS, *Baltimore, Md., April 15, 1865.*

I. It is hereby ordered that all bar-rooms and other places where spirituous, vinous, or malt liquors are sold in this department be closed and remain so until further orders from these headquarters.

II. All persons not in the military or naval service in this department, or members of the police force, are hereby forbidden to carry firearms or other deadly weapons. All persons violating this order will be immediately arrested.

By command of Bvt. Brig. Gen. W. W. Morris, U. S. Army:

SAML. B. LAWRENCE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 83. HDQRS. MIDDLE DEPARTMENT, EIGHTH ARMY CORPS, *Baltimore, Md., April 15, 1865.*

Paroled prisoners of war (rebels) arriving in this department are hereby ordered to report at once to the nearest provost-marshal in order that their names may be registered, their papers examined, and such passes furnished them as may be necessary for their protection. Such prisoners of war will not be permitted to wear the uniform of the army and navy of the so-called Confederate States, but must abandon said uniform within twelve hours after reporting to the provost-marshal, and adopt civilian dress. This order will apply to such of the prisoners of war paroled by the surrender of General R. E. Lee as may report in this department.

Prisoners of war (rebels) paroled to return to their homes to await exchange will not be permitted to remain in this department unless their former residence is within its limits.

Any violation of this order will be promptly noticed by arrest and imprisonment, whatever the conditions of the parole may be.

By command of Bvt. Brig. Gen. W. W. Morris, U. S. Army:

SAML. B. LAWRENCE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

BALTIMORE, MD., *April 15, 1865—4.20 a. m.*

Brig. Gen. J. R. KENLY,
Commanding Officer, Wilmington, Del.:

In consequence of the assassination of the President and Secretary of State the most vigorous measures will be taken in this department to suppress any outbreak. J. Wilkes Booth, tragedian, is the murderer of Mr. Lincoln. No trains will be permitted to leave this city. Do your utmost to preserve order and keep a sharp lookout for Booth. Report your action.

By order:

SAML. B. LAWRENCE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ANNAPOLIS, *April 15, 1865.*

Lieut. Col. S. B. LAWRENCE,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Baltimore:

Telegram received promptly. I have made such disposition as to carry into effect the orders contained therein. Please let me know when I shall permit trains to run over the road, and under what restrictions, if any. It is all quiet here.

F. D. SEWALL,
Colonel, &c.

ANNAPOLIS, *April 15, 1865.*

Lieut. Col. S. B. LAWRENCE,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Baltimore:

COLONEL: I have no mounted men serving with me. I think it would be well to send a squad of cavalry immediately to this district.

F. D. SEWALL,
Colonel, &c.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD SEPARATE BRIGADE,
EIGHTH ARMY CORPS,
Baltimore, Md., April 15, 1865.

COMDG. OFFICERS AT BUSH, BACK, AND GUNPOWDER RIVERS:

On the arrival of troops ordered to relieve your squad you will report with your command to these headquarters. The quartermaster's department will furnish the necessary transportation.

By order of Brigadier-General Lockwood:

WM. M. BOONE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *April 15, 1865—2 a. m.*

Major-General CADWALADER,
Philadelphia:

Attempts have been made to-night to assassinate the President and Secretary of State. Arrest all persons who leave Washington to-night and hold them till further orders.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General and Chief of Staff.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., *April 15, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK:

Telegram directing the arrest of all persons who left Washington last night received, and will be complied with.

GEO. CADWALADER,
Major-General.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., *April 15, 1865.*
(Received 12.30 p. m.)

Col. J. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

Your telegram authorizing a reward of $10,000 for the apprehension of the assassins of the President and the Secretary of State has been received and promulgated. Please send description of the murderers.

JOHN S. SCHULTZE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
April 15, 1865—1.30 a. m. (Sent 2.15 a. m.)

Major-General DIX,
New York:

Last evening, about 10.30 p. m., at Ford's Theater, the President, while sitting in his private box with Mrs. Lincoln, Miss Harris, and Major Rathbone, was shot by an assassin, who suddenly entered the box and approached behind the President. The assassin then leaped upon the stage, brandishing a large dagger or knife, and made his escape in the rear of the theater. The pistol-ball entered the back of the President's head, and penetrated nearly through the head. The wound is mortal. The President has been insensible ever since it was inflicted, and is now dying. About the same hour an assassin (whether the same or another) entered Mr. Seward's home, and, under pretense of having a prescription, was shown to the Secretary's sick chamber. The Secretary was in bed, a nurse and Miss Seward with him. The assassin immediately rushed to the bed, inflicted two or three stabs on the throat and two on the face. It is hoped the wounds may not be mortal; my apprehension is that they will prove fatal. The noise alarmed Mr. Frederick Seward, who was in an adjoining room, and hastened to the door of his father's room, where he met the assassin, who inflicted upon him one or more dangerous wounds. The recovery of Frederick Seward is doubtful. It is not probable that the President will live through the night. General Grant and wife were advertised to be at the theater this evening, but he started to Burlington at 6 o'clock this evening. At a Cabinet meeting yesterday, at which General Grant was present, the subject of the state of the country and the prospects of speedy peace was discussed. The President was very cheerful and hopeful; spoke very kindly of General Lee and others of the Confederacy, and the establishment of government in Virginia. All the members of the Cabinet except Mr. Seward are now in attendance upon the President. I have seen Mr. Seward, but he and Frederick were both unconscious.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON CITY,
No. 458 Tenth Street, April 15, 1865—3 a. m.
(Sent 3.20 a. m.)

Major-General DIX:
(Care Horner, New York.)

The President still breathes, but is quite insensible, as he has been ever since he was shot. He evidently did not see the person who shot him, but was looking on the stage as he was approached behind.

Mr. Seward has rallied, and it is hoped he may live. Frederick Seward's condition is very critical. The attendant who was present was stabbed through the lungs, and is not expected to live. The wounds of Major Seward are not serious. Investigation strongly indicates J. Wilkes Booth as the assassin of the President. Whether it was the same or a different person that attempted to murder Mr. Seward remains in doubt. Chief Justice Cartter is engaged in taking the evidence. Every exertion has been made to prevent the escape of the murderer. His horse has been found on the road, near Washington.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON CITY,
No. 458 Tenth Street, April 15, 1865—4.10 a. m.
(Sent 4.44 a. m.)

Major-General DIX:

The President continues insensible and is sinking. Secretary Seward remains without change. Frederick Seward's skull is fractured in two places, besides a severe cut upon the head. The attendant is still alive, but hopeless. Major Seward's wounds are not dangerous. It is now ascertained with reasonable certainty that two assassins were engaged in the horrible crime, Wilkes Booth being the one that shot the President, the other a companion of his whose name is not known, but whose description is so clear that he can hardly escape. It appears from a letter found in Booth's trunk that the murder was planned before the 4th of March, but fell through then because the accomplice backed out until "Richmond could be heard from." Booth and his accomplice were at the livery stable at 6 this evening, and left there with their horses about 10 o'clock, or shortly before that hour. It would seem that they had for several days been seeking their chance, but for some unknown reason it was not carried into effect until last night. One of them has evidently made his way to Baltimore, the other has not yet been traced.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON CITY, *April 15, 1865.*

Major-General DIX,
New York:

Abraham Lincoln died this morning at 22 minutes after 7 o'clock.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
April 15, 1865—3 p. m.

Major-General DIX:

Official notice of the death of the late President Abraham Lincoln was given by the heads of Department this morning to Andrew Johnson, Vice-President, upon whom the Constitution devolved the office of President. Mr. Johnson upon receiving this notice appeared before the Hon. Salmon P. Chase, Chief Justice of the United States, and took the oath of office as President of the United States, and assumed its duties

and functions. At 12 o'clock the President met the heads of Department in Cabinet meeting at the Treasury building, and among other business the following was transacted:

1. The arrangements for the funeral of the late President was referred to the several Secretaries, so far as relates to their respective Departments.

2. William Hunter, esq., was appointed Acting Secretary of State during the disability of Mr. Seward, and his son, Frederick Seward, the Assistant Secretary.

3. The President formally announced that he desired to retain the present Secretaries of Departments as his Cabinet, and that they would go on and discharge their respective duties in the same manner as before the deplorable event that had changed the head of the Government.

All business in the Departments was suspended during this day. The surgeons report that the condition of Mr. Seward remains unchanged. He is doing well. No improvement in Mr. Frederick Seward. The murderers have not yet been apprehended.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

NEW YORK, *April 15, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON, *Secretary of War:*

Your dispatch announcing the death of President Lincoln has been received. His death at this crisis is the greatest national calamity that could befall us. He will be mourned as the second Father of his Country.

JOHN J. PECK,
Major-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 29. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF THE EAST, *New York City, April 15, 1865.*

The major-general in command, with the deepest sorrow, announces to the department that Abraham Lincoln, President and Commander-in-Chief of the Armies and Navy of the United States, died this morning at 7.20. Commanding officers of the different posts and camps in this department will on the day following the receipt of this order cause a gun to be fired at every half hour, beginning at sunrise and ending at sunset. The flags will be kept at half staff from sunrise to sunset each day until after the termination of the funeral obsequies at the capital, or until further instructions.

By command of Major-General Peck:

D. T. VAN BUREN,
Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, April 15, 1865. (Sent 8.40 p. m.)

Hon. E. G. SPAULDING, *Buffalo:*

The assassin of the President is J. Wilkes Booth, well known to all theatrical people. He is about five feet six inches tall; of a slight graceful figure; black hair, and eyes rather close together, and pale complexion; about twenty-six years old.

The assailant of Mr. Seward has been known here by the name of G. A. Atzerodt. He is twenty-six or twenty-eight years old, five feet eight inches tall; light complexion, brown from exposure; brown hair; long and rather curly mustache and goatee, dark from being dyed; rather round-shouldered, and stooping; wore dark pants, vest, and coat, with a long gray overcoat, and a low slouched hat, much worn. Atzerodt has been here in company with a man who gave his name as S. Thomas, about thirty years old; poorly clad in a dark suit; wore a heavy beard and mustache—a rough, weather-beaten looking man. Atzerodt is believed to have left this city this morning at 6.30 in the Baltimore train.

C. A. DANA.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *April 15, 1865.* (Sent 9 p. m.)

CHIEF OF POLICE,
Baltimore:

The following is a description of G. A. Atzerodt, the assassin of Mr. Seward. He is twenty-six or twenty-eight years old, five feet eight inches high; light complexion, but browned from exposure; brown hair; long and rather curly mustache and goatee, dark from being dyed; wore dark pants, vest, and coat, and long gray overcoat; was rather round-shouldered and stooping position; was in company with a man giving his name as S. Thomas, about thirty years of age; poorly clad in dark suit, low slouch hat; wore a mustache and heavy beard; was a rough and weather-beaten looking man.

C. A. DANA,
Assistant Secretary of War.

(Same to chiefs of police Philadelphia, New York, &c.)

WAR DEPARTMENT,
April 15, 1865—1 a. m.

JOHN H. KENNEDY,
Chief of Police, New York:

Send here immediately three or four of your best detectives to investigate the facts as to the assassination of the President and Secretary Seward. They are still alive, but the President's case is hopeless, and that of Mr. Seward nearly the same.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 15, 1865—3.20 p. m.

Col. L. C. BAKER,
New York:

Come here immediately and see if you can find the murderers of the President.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

NEW YORK, *April 15, 1865.*
(Received 1.40 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

If Lieutenant-Colonel Morgan or I or any of my employés can serve you and the country in any way, no matter what, or anywhere, we are ready.

H. S. OLCOTT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., April 15, 1865—3.25 p. m.

H. S. OLCOTT,
New York:

I desire your services. Come to Washington at once, and bring your force of detectives with you. Answer.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

NEW YORK, *April 15, 1865.*
(Received 7.50 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I leave at midnight with such of my men as live in town. The rest will follow forthwith.

H. S. OLCOTT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 15, 1865—11.40 a. m.

Hon. CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS,
Minister of the United States to Her Britannic Majesty:

SIR: It has become my distressing duty to announce to you that last night His Excellency Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, was assassinated about the hour of 10.30 o'clock in his private box at Ford's Theater in this city. The President about 8 o'clock accompanied Mrs. Lincoln to the theater. Another lady and gentleman were with them in the box. About 10.30, during a pause in the performance, the assassin entered the box, the door of which was unguarded, hastily approached the President from behind, and discharged a pistol at his head. The bullet entered the back of his head and penetrated nearly through. The assassin then leaped from the box upon the stage, brandishing a large knife or dagger and exclaiming "*Sic semper tyrannis*," and escaped in the rear of the theater. Immediately upon the discharge the President fell to the floor insensible, and continued in that state until 7.20 o'clock this morning, when he breathed his last.

About the same time this murder was being committed at the theater another assassin presented himself at the door of Mr. Seward's residence, gained admission by pretending he had a prescription from Mr. Seward's physician, which he was directed to see administered, hurried up to the third-story chamber, where Mr. Seward was lying. He here encountered Mr. Frederick Seward, struck him over the head, inflicting several wounds, and fracturing the skull in two places, inflicting, it is feared, mortal wounds. He then rushed into the room where Mr. Seward was in bed, attended by a young daughter and a male nurse. The male

attendant was stabbed through the lungs, and it is believed will die. The assassin then struck Mr. Seward with a knife or dagger twice in the throat and twice in the face, inflicting terrible wounds. By this time Major Seward, the eldest son of the Secretary, and another attendant reached the room, and rushed to the rescue of the Secretary. They were also wounded in the conflict, and the assassin escaped. No artery or important blood vessel was severed by any of the wounds inflicted upon him, but he was for a long time insensible from the loss of blood. Some hopes of his possible recovery are entertained.

Immediately upon the death of the President notice was given to Vice-President Johnson, who happened to be in the city, and upon whom the office of President now devolves. He will take the office and assume the functions of President to-day. The murderer of the President has been discovered, and evidence obtained that these horrible crimes were committed in execution of a conspiracy deliberately planned and set on foot by rebels, under pretense of avenging the South and aiding the rebel cause. It is hoped that the immediate perpetrators will be caught. The feeling occasioned by these atrocious crimes is so great, sudden, and overwhelming that I cannot at present do more than communicate them to you at the earliest moment.

Yesterday the President called a Cabinet meeting, at which General Grant was present. He was more cheerful and happy than I had ever seen, rejoiced at the near prospect of firm and durable peace at home and abroad, manifested in marked degree the kindness and humanity of his disposition, and the tender and forgiving spirit that so eminently distinguished him. Public notice had been given that he and General Grant would be present at the theater, and the opportunity of adding the lieutenant-general to the number of victims to be murdered was no doubt seized for the fitting occasion of executing the plans that appear to have been in preparation for some weeks. But General Grant was compelled to be absent, and thus escaped the designs upon him.

It is needless for me to say anything in regard to the influence which this atrocious murder of the President may exercise upon the affairs of this country, but I will only add that horrible as are the atrocities that have been resorted to by the enemies of this country, they are not likely in any degree to impair the public spirit or postpone the complete and final overthrow of the rebellion.

In profound grief for the events which it has become my duty to communicate to you, I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

EDWIN M. STANTON.

P. S.—You will please communicate these deplorable events to all the ministers and diplomatic agents of the United States with whom you are in communication.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, *April 15, 1865.*

MR. ADAMS,
London:

The sad duty devolves upon me to announce the assassination of the President at Ford's Theater last night by a pistol-shot from a person

who entered his box for the purpose. The assassin escaped, but it is supposed has since been arrested The President died at 7.30 o'clock this morning. Vice-President Johnson has assumed the functions of President, having been sworn in by the Chief Justice. About the same time an attempt was made by, it is believed, a different person, to assassinate Mr. Seward, but the murderer only succeeded in inflicting painful and severe wounds, principally upon his face. Mr. F. W. Seward was beaten over the head with a heavy weapon in the hands of the person who attacked his father, and is now grievously hurt. His brother was also wounded by the dagger of the assassin, as was Mr. Hansell, a messenger of the Department, who was with the Secretary, and the male nurse in attendance.

WILLIAM HUNTER,
Acting Secretary.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., *April 15, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

Loyal Virginia sends her tribute of mourning for the fall of the Nation's President by the hands of a dastardly agent of treason, who dared to repeat the motto of our State at the moment of the perpetration of his accursed crime.

F. H. PEIRPOINT,
Governor.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 16, 1865.

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT, U. S. Army,
Commanding Armies of the United States, Washington, D. C.:

GENERAL: You will please announce by general order to the Armies of the United States that on Saturday, the 15th day of April, 1865, by reason of the death of Abraham Lincoln, the office of the President of the United States devolved upon Andrew Johnson, Vice-President, who on the same day took the official oath prescribed for the President, and entered upon the duties of that office.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, *April 16, 1865.*

Major-General MEADE:

The President died at 7.22 yesterday morning. J. Wilkes Booth was the assassin of the President. Secretary Seward passed a bad night, but is much better this morning and probably out of danger. His son Frederick will not live, although he still lingers with wonderful tenacity.

THOS. T. ECKERT.

(Same to General Sheridan.)

WASHINGTON, *April 16, 1865.*
(Received 11.40 a. m.)

Major-General MEADE:

General Ord has been directed to respect your passes for persons to visit Richmond.

J. A. RAWLINS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

[APRIL 16, 1865.—For Meade to Townsend, transmitting flags captured from the enemy by the Second Army Corps, and recommending medals of honor to captors, see Part I, p. 606.]

FORT WARREN, *April 16, 1865.*

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Commanding U. S. Army:

GENERAL: You will appreciate, I am sure, the sentiment which prompts me to drop you these lines. Of all the misfortunes which could befall the Southern people, or any Southern man, by far the greatest, in my judgment, would be the prevalence of the idea that they could entertain any other than feelings of unqualified abhorrence and indignation for the assassination of the President of the United States, and the attempt to assassinate the Secretary of State. No language can adequately express the shock produced upon myself, in common with all the other general officers confined here with me, by the occurrence of this appalling crime, and by the seeming tendency in the public mind to connect the South and Southern men with it. Need we say that we are not assassins, nor the allies of assassins, be they from the North or from the South, and that coming as we do from most of the States of the South we would be ashamed of our own people, were we not assured that they will reprobate this crime. Under the circumstances I could not refrain from some expression of my feelings. I thus utter them to a soldier who will comprehend them. The following officers, Maj. Gens. Ed. Johnson, of Virginia, and Kershaw, of South Carolina; Brigadier-Generals Barton, Corse, Hunton, and Jones, of Virginia; Du Bose, Simms, and H. R. Jackson, of Georgia; Frazer, of Alabama; Smith and Gordon, of Tennessee; Cabell, of Arkansas, and Marmaduke, of Missouri, and Commodore Tucker, of Virginia, all heartily concur with me in what I have said.

Respectfully, general,

R. S. EWELL,
Lieutenant-General, C. S. Army.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS FORT WARREN,
Boston Harbor, April 16, 1865.

Respectfully referred to Brig. Gen. William Hoffman, commissary-general of prisoners.

The general officers confined at this post as prisoners of war have, from the moment of the reception of the news, expressed their regret for the loss of President Lincoln, and their utmost horror of the act and detestation of his murderers.

JOHN W. M. APPLETON,
Major First Battalion Heavy Artillery, Commanding Post.

General Hoffman to General Grant.)

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 65. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, April 16, 1865.*

By direction of the President, the following assignments are hereby made:

I. Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck, U. S. Army, to the command of the Department of Virginia.

II. Maj. Gen. E. O. C. Ord, U. S. Volunteers, to the command of the Department of the South, relieving Maj. Gen. Q. A. Gillmore, U. S. Volunteers, who, upon being relieved, will report to the Adjutant-General of the Army, at Washington, for orders.

By order of the Secretary of War:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 66. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, April 16, 1865.*

The following order of the Secretary of War announces to the Armies of the United States the untimely and lamentable death of the illustrious Abraham Lincoln, late President of the United States:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 16, 1865.

The distressing duty has devolved upon the Secretary of War to announce to the Armies of the United States that at 7.22 o'clock on the morning of Saturday, the 15th day of April, 1865, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, died of a mortal wound, inflicted upon him by an assassin. The Armies of the United States will share with their fellow-citizens the feelings of grief and horror inspired by this most atrocious murder of their great and beloved President and Commander-in-Chief, and with profound sorrow will mourn his death as a national calamity. The headquarters of every department, post, station, fort, and arsenal will be draped in mourning for thirty days, and appropriate funeral honors will be paid by every army, and in every department, and at every military post, and at the Military Academy at West Point, to the memory of the late illustrious Chief Magistrate of the Nation and Commander-in-Chief of its Armies.

Lieutenant-General Grant will give the necessary instructions for carrying this order into effect.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

On the day after the receipt of this order at the headquarters of each military division, department, army, post, station, fort, and arsenal, and at the Military Academy at West Point, the troops and cadets will be paraded at 10 a. m., and the order read to them, after which all labors and operations for the day will cease and be suspended, as far as practicable in a state of war. The national flag will be displayed at half-mast. At dawn of day thirteen guns will be fired, and afterward, at intervals of thirty minutes, between the rising and setting sun, a single gun, and, at the close of the day, a national salute of thirty-six guns.

The officers of the Armies of the United States will wear the badge of mourning on the left arm and on their swords, and the colors of their commands and regiments will be put in mourning for the period of six months.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 67. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, April 16, 1865.*

It is hereby announced to the Armies of the United States that on Saturday, the 15th day of April, 1865, by reason of the death of Abraham Lincoln, the office of President of the United States devolved upon Andrew Johnson, Vice-President, who on the same day took the official oath prescribed for the President and entered upon the duties of that office.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 15. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *April 16, 1865.*

The major-general commanding announces to the army that official intelligence has been received of the death, by assassination, of the President of the United States. The President died at 7.22 on the morning of the 15th instant.

By this army this announcement will be received with profound sorrow, and deep horror and indignation. The President, by the active interest he ever took in the welfare of this army, and by his presence in frequent visits, especially during the recent operations, had particularly endeared himself to both officers and soldiers, all of whom regarded him as a generous friend.

An honest man, a noble patriot, and sagacious statesman has fallen! No greater loss, at this particular moment, could have befallen our country. Whilst we bow with submission to the unfathomable and inscrutable decrees of Divine Providence, let us earnestly pray that God, in His infinite mercy, will so order that this terrible calamity shall not interfere with the prosperity and happiness of our beloved country.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 16, 1865.

Col. G. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

COLONEL: No changes to report except that the brigade of First Division, left behind to load and guard captured ordnance stores, returned to the corps last night.

A. A. HUMPHREYS,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
Farmville, April 16, 1865—12.30 [p. m.]

Major-General WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

The advance of the Fifth Corps is at this place. Have sent all rations except two days' to the Twenty-fourth Corps. Are there any rations on the road to this place, or grain? Has the artillery at New Store been sent for?

CHARLES GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 16, 1865—3.20 p. m.

Major-General GRIFFIN, *Commanding Fifth Corps, Farmville:*

The empty wagons at Farmville were ordered to go to New Store, under guard furnished by General Curtin, to bring in the thirty-six guns. When will you be near this point? Please send a staff officer to report here. An officer will be sent with him to point out your new camp-ground. I know of no rations or grain on the way to Farmville, nor of requisitions for any.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General, Chief of Staff.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 33. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
Farmville, Va., April 16, 1865.

An additional two days' rations will be issued to the command at daylight to-morrow, immediately after which the corps will march to Burkeville in the following order: Third Division, Second Division, First Division, corps headquarters train, artillery and trains.

General Bartlett will detail one regiment as rear guard, to march with the rear of the trains and to camp with them.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
April 16, 1865.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. A. S. WEBB,
Chief of Staff, Army of the Potomac:

GENERAL: I have the honor to inclose herewith a list of the rebel flags captured by the troops in this corps during the recent campaign, with the names of their captors, and it is proposed to forward them to your headquarters to-morrow, the captors carrying them with an escort of honor of one regiment from each division of the corps; the flags to be delivered by a staff officer from these headquarters at or about 11 a. m. I have also the honor to request that the captors be permitted, as is customary, to accompany these flags to Washington, and that, after they are received and registered there they be returned to their captors, the latter to receive such other testimonials as are usually granted. As showing the value attached to the flags by the men it may be stated that there are many other flags known to have been captured by the corps, which have been secreted and which it has been found impossible to obtain, the men much preferring to retain them to receiving furloughs and medals of honor.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Inclosure.]

List of battle-flags captured by the Sixth Corps in the engagements of April 2 and April 6, 1865.

First Division: Battle-flag of the Forty-sixth North Carolina, picked up upon the picket-line April 3, 1865, by Lieutenant Brant,* Fourth New Jersey Volunteers.

---

* Awarded a Medal of Honor.

Battle-flag of the Eighteenth North Carolina, captured by Private Frank Fesq,* Company A, Fortieth New Jersey Volunteers, in the rebel works at Petersburg, April 2, 1865.

Battle-flag of the Savannah Guards, captured by Private Warren C. Dockun,* Company H, One hundred and twenty-first New York Volunteers, April 6, 1865, two other enlisted men having been killed while attempting its capture.

Battle-flag (regiment unknown), captured by Private Benjamin Gifford,* Company H, One hundred and twenty-first New York Volunteers, in the engagement of April 6, 1865.

Battle-flag (regiment unknown), captured by Corpl. Elijah A. Briggs,* Company B, Second Connecticut Heavy Artillery, in the enemy's works near Petersburg, April 2, 1865.

Battle-flag (regiment unknown), captured by Sergt. Wesley Gibbs,* Company B, Second Connecticut Heavy Artillery, in the enemy's works near Petersburg, April 2, 1865.

Battle-flag (regiment unknown), captured by Private Charles A. Taggart,* Company B, Thirty-seventh Massachusetts Volunteers, in the engagement of April 6, 1865.

Battle-flag (regiment unknown), captured by Corpl. Richard Welch,* Company E, Thirty-seventh Massachusetts Volunteers, in the rebel works near Petersburg, April 2, 1865.

Second Division: Corpl. Charles W. Dolloff,* Company K, Eleventh Vermont Volunteers, one flag, April 2, 1865; Private Theodore Mitchell,* Company C, Sixty-first Pennsylvania Volunteers, one flag, April 2, 1865; Private Milton Matthews,* Company C, Sixty-first Pennsylvania Volunteers, battle-flag of the Seventh Tennessee, April 2, 1865; Sergt. Lester G. Hack,* Company F, Fifth Vermont Volunteers, one flag, Twenty-third Tennessee, April 2, 1865; Sergt. Charles Marquette,* Company F, Ninety-third Pennsylvania Volunteers, one flag, April 2, 1865; Sergt. Frank Shubert,* Company E, Forty-third New York Volunteers, two markers, April 2, 1865.

Third Division: Corpl. F. M. McMillen,* Company C, One hundred and tenth Ohio Volunteers, one flag, April 2, 1865; Private Isaac James,* Company H, One hundred and tenth Ohio Volunteers, one flag, April 2, 1865; Private Milton Blickensderfer,* Company E, One hundred and twenty-sixth Ohio Volunteers, one flag, April 2, 1865; Private George Loyd,* Company A, One hundred and twenty-second Ohio Volunteers, division battle-flag of General Heth, April 2, 1865; Corpl. John Keough,* Company E, Sixty-seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, one flag, April 6, 1865; Corpl. Trustrim Connell,* Company I, One hundred and thirty-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers, one flag, April 6, 1865. Aggregate, nineteen battle-flags and two markers.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 16, 1865.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Corps:

GENERAL: The commanding-general directs me to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of this date, and to state that the officers and men of your corps who captured battle-flags during the recent operations of the army will be permitted to carry them to Washington, and will also be granted leaves of absence and furloughs, and recommended for medals of honor. The commanding general is unable to

* Awarded a Medal of Honor.

promise that these flags shall be left with their captors; the disposition of such trophies rests with the War Department. He will be prepared to receive these flags at 11 a. m. to-morrow.

I am, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 83. } HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
April 16, 1865.

* * * * * * *

3. Brevet Major-General Ricketts having reported for duty after his long disability arising from wounds received in battle at Cedar Creek, Va., October 19, 1864, Brigadier-General Seymour, who has so ably commanded the division during his absence, is hereby assigned to duty as commander of the First Brigade of that division.

* * * * * * *

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
April 16, 1865.

The rebel flags captured by this corps will be forwarded to army headquarters to-morrow, the flags to be borne by their captors and escorted by a guard of honor consisting of one regiment from each division, to be selected by the division commanders. Bvt. Maj. H. W. Farrar, aide-de-camp to the major-general commanding, will present the flags. The captors of the flags, together with the regiments composing the guard of honor, will report at these headquarters punctually at 10 a. m. to-morrow. The commanding officer of the First Division will detail a band to accompany the flags and escort, and direct it to report to these headquarters at the above hour. The whole will be under command of Col. Thomas W. Hyde, commanding Third Brigade, Second Division, he having been chosen by lot from the brigade commanders.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION, NINTH ARMY CORPS,
April 16, 1865.

Major-General PARKE,
Burke's Station:

The negro band of marauders on Nottoway River got together again and renewed their guerrilla operations on the inhabitants. Captain Manning sent out a party Thursday night, which found their camp with three wagon loads of plunder. All were armed, and sentinels were posted before the quarters of their captain and lieutenant. The party charged them, killing and wounding several and capturing ten, lieuten-

ant included. They have been sent to Petersburg. The captain was captured Friday night, but escaped by negligence at my headquarters. He was a servant in Randall's regiment. Have you any news from Johnston's army?

O. B. WILLCOX,
Brevet Major-General.

(Copy forwarded to General Meade.)

HEADQUARTERS NINTH ARMY CORPS,
Burkeville, April 16, 1865.

Brevet Major-General WILLCOX:

Your dispatch in reference to the negro guerrillas just received. No news whatever from Johnston's army. As soon as anything is heard it will be repeated to you.

By command of Major-General Parke:

JNO. C. YOUNGMAN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS NINTH ARMY CORPS,
April 16, 1865.

Brevet Major-General HARTRANFT,
Commanding Third Division, Nottoway Court-House:

Mathews' brigade has started to rejoin you.

JNO. C. YOUNGMAN.
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 16, 1865.*

Major-General SHERIDAN,
Nottoway, Va.:

The following is forwarded for your information:

SMITHFIELD, N. C., *April 12, 1865—5 a. m.*

Lieutenant-General GRANT,
Commanding Armies of the United States, Va..

GENERAL: I have this moment received your telegram announcing the surrender of Lee's army. I hardly know how to express my feelings, but you can imagine them. The terms you have given Lee are magnanimous and liberal. Should Johnston follow Lee's example, I shall, of course, grant the same. He is retreating before me on Raleigh, and I shall be there to-morrow. Roads are heavy, but under the inspiration of the news from you we can march twenty-five miles a day. I am now twenty-seven miles from Raleigh, but some of my army is eight miles behind. If Johnston retreats south I will follow him to insure the scattering of his force and capture of the locomotives and cars at Charlotte, but I take it he will surrender at Raleigh. Kilpatrick's cavalry is ten miles to the south and west of me, viz, on Middle Creek, and I have sent Major Audenried with orders to make for the south and west of Raleigh to impede the enemy if he goes beyond Raleigh. All the infantry is pointed straight for Raleigh by five different roads. The railroad is being repaired from Goldsborough to Raleigh, but I will not aim to carry it farther. I shall expect to hear of Sheridan in case Johnston does not surrender at Raleigh. With a little more cavalry I would be sure to capture the whole army.

Yours, truly,

W. T. SHERMAN,
Major-General, Commanding.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

NOTTOWAY COURT-HOUSE, *April 16, 1865.*
(Received 11.50 a. m.)

Lieutenant-General GRANT:

I was about to move the cavalry to City Point to refit and feed the horses. It is impossible to get the command in good condition at this place. The railroad is in such bad condition that it cannot furnish the necessary allowance of forage and other supplies. Thus far I have not been able to get anything. I will not move until I hear from you.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 16, 1865—3.30 p. m.*

Major-General SHERIDAN,
Nottoway Court-House, Va.:

Your dispatch of this date received. Can you not move with from 6,000 to 8,000 cavalry to join Sherman? I have sent you two dispatches on the subject, beside two from Sherman directed to Burkeville, which I judge from yours you have not received. Telegraph up for them, and if they are not there let me know and I will have them repeated.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

NOTE.—If you have no cipher operator send to General Meade for one.

U. S. G.

NOTTOWAY, *April 16, 1865.*

Lieutenant-General GRANT:

Is the reported assassination of President Lincoln and Secretary Seward, which reached here last night, true?

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 16, 1865—7 p. m.*

Maj. Gen. P. H. SHERIDAN,
Nottoway Court-House, Va.:

The reported assassination of President Lincoln is true. He died yesterday morning at 7.22. His murderer is supposed to be J. Wilkes Booth, who is still at large. Mr. Seward is still living, but is in a very critical condition.

JNO. A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff.

CITY POINT, VA., *April 16, 1865.*

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington:

After sending my dispatch to you this morning I came down to this place to find the true condition of the railroad. I am satisfied that the command can not be supplied and refitted at Nottoway in any reasonable time. If I could drop back to the vicinity of Petersburg for-

age could be sent up the river. I am anxious to make the march you spoke of yesterday in your telegram, and will gain time by coming back to Petersburg or this place.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 16, 1865—10 p. m.*

Major-General SHERIDAN,
City Point, Va.:

You may bring your cavalry back to Petersburg, or where you can make the most time for your move in conjunction with Sherman.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

CITY POINT, VA., *April 16, 1865—10.30 p. m.*
(Received 11.45 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington:

I have telegraphed for the dispatches from Sherman that you refer to.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

CITY POINT, *April 16, 1865.*

Lieut. Col. F. C. NEWHALL,
Asst. Adjt. Gen., Cavalry Headquarters, Nottoway Court-House:

We are now here. Send any dispatches that you may have for the general to this place. President Lincoln died last night at 7 p. m. The President was stabbed at Ford's Theater by J. Wilkes Booth, the actor.

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
City Point, April 16, 1865.

Lieut. Col. F. C. NEWHALL,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Nottoway Court-House:

Have you any dispatches for General Sheridan from General Sherman? If you have, send them here at once.

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
April 16, 1865.

Lieutenant-Colonel NEWHALL,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Nottoway Court-House:

The cavalry will move to-morrow morning for Petersburg. Bring forward all our headquarters with the command.

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Chief of Staff.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
City Point, April 16, 1865.

Major-General CROOK,
Commanding Cavalry, Nottoway Court-House:

The major-general commanding directs that you move back with all the cavalry now at Nottoway Court-House to Petersburg. This movement to begin to-morrow morning. Acknowledge receipt. Camping grounds will be selected in advance for you near Petersburg.

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Chief of Staff.

APPOMATTOX, *April 16, 1865.*

Major-General ORD,
Commanding:

General Turner and his command have just reached here from Lynchburg. He paroled there about 5,000 prisoners, and destroyed a large quantity of stores, including some 100 pieces of artillery, mortars, &c., and large niter beds. We leave here in the morning for Farmville.

JNO. GIBBON,
Major-General.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS,
In the Field, Va., April 16, 1865.

The command will march toward Farmville to-morrow morning and in the following order: Turner's division and Elder's and Muhlenberg's batteries starting at 9 a. m.; Foster's division and Anthony's battery at 10 a. m.; Mackenzie's cavalry following Foster's division. Each division will be preceded by its wagon train under an escort of a regiment. The headquarters train of the Twenty-fourth Corps will precede that of Foster's division. Each division will be followed by the ambulances belonging to it. Brigadier-General Mackenzie will detail patrolling parties under trustworthy officers to scout on the flanks and rear of the column and drive up all stragglers. Special pains will be taken by all commanders to prevent straggling and the men will be compelled to march in the ranks. General Mackenzie will take special pains to pick up all stragglers from our forces on the rear and flanks of the column and also to prevent the plunder and pillage of private property. The commanding general looks to General Mackenzie to protect the reputation of the command from the disgrace which a few bad men are sure to bring upon it if they are not promptly arrested and summarily punished.

By command of Maj. Gen. John Gibbon:

EDWARD MOALE,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, D. C., April 16, 1865—4 p. m.

Maj. Gen. E. O. C. ORD,
Richmond, Va.:

Your telegram to the President of 11 a. m.* has been referred to the lieutenant-general, with instructions that "the President does not desire to see Messrs. Hunter and Campbell, or either of them, at Wash-

* Probably of the 14th. See p. 748.

ington, and if their communication is an application for Executive clemency to themselves it can be transmitted through the regular military channels for such consideration as he may be disposed to grant." You will not, therefore, permit either of these parties to come to Washington, but will at once order Hunter to leave Richmond. You are reminded in this connection of the impropriety of addressing the President direct, and requested to address your communications to the lieutenant-general or Secretary of War.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 16, 1865—9.30 p. m.*

Maj. Gen. E. O. C. ORD, *Richmond, Va.:*

Please send forward to this place immediately one of the best regiments of colored troops you have, to attend the funeral ceremonies of President Lincoln on Wednesday. One that has seen service should be selected.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 16, 1865.*

Major-General HARTSUFF:

General Gordon can come here en route. Close your picket-line around Petersburg, and give orders to turn back the colored people coming from the country, so that they may not increase the already large number of idlers we are feeding. Respect the rights of citizens to property. Keep the colored people in order and both white and black at work, if any can be made. Protect and rebuild fences destroyed and return private property to owners whenever you can do so.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 16, 1865.*

General WEITZEL, *Commanding:*

Orders from General Grant and from Washington direct that private property be restored and citizens protected in their orderly pursuits. Many complaints have reached me of depredations committed, some of a desperate character, principally by black and white cavalry. You are authorized to have all or any person found outraging private houses or plundering persons summarily shot. You will make your men rebuild fences destroyed and have your wood cut and hauled by the quartermaster. Return horses, mules, &c.; protect private property in your vicinity, and post guards and patrols to prevent straggling. Keep your men and officers out of Petersburg. Have your own headquarters with your corps and require all your officers to remain with their men. On account of recent occurrences great care will be taken and proper state of discipline exacted.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 16, 1865.

Maj. Gen. E. O. C. ORD,
Commanding Department of Virginia, Richmond, Va.:

I have received your dispatch of to-day. My headquarters are at Poplar Grove Church. I have no telegraphic communications yet. I am on the line of the military road and have the best positions, from all I can learn and see, there is on it, but the whole country here has been one large battle-field and camp, and the stench and offal is so great that if my command is kept anywhere near here the consequences will be very serious. I have just discovered a fine camp-ground on the South Side Railroad, about four miles west of Petersburg, near A. Chandler's house. It has never been used as a camp. Wood is plenty and water good, and communications for supplies and by telegraph easy. Here, besides the stench, the water is bad. I can get no communication by rail with City Point, as the superintendent says he has no rolling-stock for me, the Army of the Potomac needing everything. The consequence is that I will have to haul my supplies by wagons four miles over bad roads. At that place on the South Side road I will be in just as favorable position to move south as here. Do you authorize me to shift my camp there?

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General, Commanding.

BROADWAY LANDING, VA., *April 16, 1865.*

Lieut. W. R. KING,
Chief Engineer, Dept. of Virginia and North Carolina,
Headquarters General Ord, Richmond:

There is a long line of rebel batteries not closed at the gorge and entirely indefensible from the rear, which extends from the fort at Drewry's Bluff to the Howlett House Battery. The guns are very heavy, and not easily moved in a hurry. Is it the intention of General Ord to continue the removal of these, or to stop the removal of all the water-bearing guns? General Weitzel has directed the early removal of them, as endangering the navigation of the river in case of a reverse.

I hope the pontoon bridge here may remain as I requested by telegram last night.

HENRY L. ABBOT,
Brevet Brigadier-General of Volunteers, Comdg. Siege Artillery.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES,
Petersburg, Va., April 16, 1865.

COMMANDING OFFICER FIFTH MASSACHUSETTS CAVALRY:

SIR: Break up your camp at Sutherland's Station, and march your regiment in the direction of this city until you shall have cleared the station with the rear of your command, including wagons, by half a mile, and then await further orders from these headquarters. Have your command well closed and ready to move instantly in any direction, with every man, mounted and dismounted, and every wagon and animal that pertains to it. Take with you two days' rations. Be ready in the manner prescribed at 12 m. to-morrow.

By order of Major-General Hartsuff:

J. M. HOWARD,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 16, 1865.

General GORDON, *Norfolk:*

The President directs that the confiscation sales be postponed indefinitely until the organization of the Freedman's Bureau. You will order accordingly and see that it is done.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF EASTERN VIRGINIA,
Norfolk, Va., April 16, 1865.

Major-General ORD,
Commanding Department of Virginia, Richmond, Va.:

Permit me respectfully to suggest that the Thirty-ninth Illinois Infantry Regiment be ordered here to relieve the Second U. S. Regiment, now under marching orders. The colonel of the Thirty-ninth is brevetted and commands a brigade, and the lieutenant-colonel is now on duty here as provost-marshal. I have every reason to believe the regiment is the class of troops required here.

GEO. H. GORDON,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
Washington, April 16, 1865.

Rear-Admiral PORTER, or
THE SENIOR NAVAL OFFICER AT HAMPTON ROADS:

To prevent the escape of the assassins who killed the President and attempted the life of the Secretary of State, search every vessel that arrives down the bay. Permit no vessel to go to sea without such search, and arrest and send to Washington any suspicious persons.

GIDEON WELLES,
Secretary of the Navy.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, April 16, 1865.

Major-General HANCOCK, *Winchester:*

In holding an interview with Mosby it may be needless to caution an old soldier like you to guard against surprise or danger to yourself; but the recent murders show such astounding wickedness that too much precaution cannot be taken. If Mosby is sincere he might do much toward detecting and apprehending the murderers of the President.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WINCHESTER, VA., *April 16, 1865.*
(Received 4.30 p. m.)

Major-General HALLECK, *Chief of Staff:*

I have this day received a communication from Colonel Mosby, and have had an interview with Lieutenant-Colonel Chapman, of his com-

mand. I have no doubt but that Mosby will surrender his whole command on the terms given to General Lee. Arrangements have been made for a meeting at Millwood on Tuesday noon, when I expect to receive the surrender. Meanwhile Mosby agrees to refrain from any operations whatever, and I have directed no offensive operations against his command to be made. They are aware of the death of the President.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *April 16, 1865—7.25 p. m.*

Major-General HANCOCK,
Winchester, Va.:

Lieutenant-General Grant authorizes you to give to Colonel Mosby and his command the same terms as those agreed upon with General Lee. It, however, is to be understood that permission to return to their homes does not include former homes in loyal States or the District of Columbia. Persons from these places must take the oath of allegiance and get special permits from the War Department before they can return.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
April 16, 1865.

Major-General AUGUR,
Commanding:

GENERAL: The Secretary of War directs that fishing boats be permitted to leave as usual; also market people and railroad trains, all being under inspection of police.

Very respectfully,

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 16, 1865.

Maj. Gen. C. C. AUGUR,
Department of Washington:

General Hancock directs me to inform you that he expects to receive the surrender of Mosby's command about Tuesday next. Mosby has agreed to suspend all hostile operations whatever as soon as he can communicate with his men, and the general requests that you will pursue a defensive course as long as the agreement is respected by Mosby. The agreement includes the whole military division.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General, &c.

HEADQUARTERS GOVERNMENT FARMS,
Saint Mary's County, Md., April 16, 1865.

Captain WILLAUER,
Leonardtown, Md.:

SIR: I have overtaken about thirty-five men of Garland Smith's command and captured one prisoner. Some very heavy skirmishing took place about 10 o'clock near Mechanicsville, in which I lost one man. I had to fall back in consequence of not having men enough. Send me all the men you can spare and let them report here to me.

F. F. BUCKLEY,
Captain.

GOVERNMENT FARMS,
Saint Mary's, April 16, 1865. (Received 6.10 a. m. 17th.)

Capt. J. M. BROWN,
Chief of Bureau of Government Farms, 132 Pennsylvania avenue:

Obtain a guard if you can to accompany my men and horses when they start for the farms. Captain Buckley with his cavalry reached here last night. They met a portion of Mosby's men, under Capt. Garland Smith, just on the edge of the farms. Quite a skirmish but no loss; one prisoner was captured; all our men are under arms. If you cannot obtain a guard, please arm the men who are with Mr. Byron and telegraph me when they start.

EDWD. F. O'BRIEN,
First Lieutenant, Veteran Reserve Corps.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 16, 1865.

Brigadier-General SLOUGH,
Military Governor of Alexandria:

Permit the ferry-boats to resume their regular trips between this city and Alexandria, Va., satisfying yourself that no improper persons are allowed to pass.

By command of Major-General Augur:

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 16, 1865.

Brevet Brigadier-General GAMBLE,
Commanding at Fairfax Court-House:

GENERAL: Arrangements have been made by the commander of the military division by which he expects the surrender on or about Tuesday next of Mosby and his command. Maintain in the meantime a defensive policy. Send one battalion Eighth Illinois Cavalry and one

squadron and one full battalion of the Sixteenth New York Cavalry to report at these headquarters. These are intended as part of the escort of the remains of the late President, and should march April 17 a. m. Send Colonel Sweitzer to command. Let the band accompany him.

By command of Major-General Augur:

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 16, 1865.

Brevet Brigadier-General GAMBLE,
Fairfax Court-House:

GENERAL: In addition to the troops already ordered, send another battalion of the Eighth Illinois Cavalry, and come yourself.

Respectfully,

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ILLINOIS CAVALRY,
Fairfax Court-House, Va., April 16, 1865.

Capt. C. I. WICKERSHAM,
Assistant Adjutant-General, First Separate Brigade:

CAPTAIN: I have the honor to report that the Eighth Illinois Cavalry, sent yesterday morning to scour the front of this line, has returned with four prisoners, three of them soldiers and one a citizen, who was taken under suspicious circumstances, and who, I think, may be a guerrilla. I divided the command into squads of from fifteen to thirty men and effectually scoured the country from the Orange and Alexandria Railroad to the Potomac River, and as far out as Brentsville, Gainesville, Aldie, and nearly to Leesburg. Nothing was learned of any movements of a suspicious character. I returned to camp between 12 and 1 o'clock this morning.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

D. R. CLENDENIN,
Lieutenant-Colonel, Commanding Regiment.

POINT LOOKOUT, *April 16, 1865.*
(Received 7.30 a. m.)

Major-General HALLECK:

The guard-boat has stopped the mail-boat which left Washington yesterday afternoon. I shall hold her until further orders, according to your dispatch of yesterday.

JAS. BARNES,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *April 16, 1865—1 p. m.*

Brigadier-General BARNES,
Point Lookout:

Freight vessels and transports and mail boats without passengers, except troops, officers, and persons well known, will be permitted to pass. They should be thoroughly inspected.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General and Chief of Staff.

WINCHESTER, VA., *April 16, 1865.*

General WILLIAM DWIGHT:

The commanding officers are authorized to parole Confederate soldiers, Mosby's men included, when they come to these lines, on terms given by General Grant. While the strict ruling required that private horses, which have been used for Government purposes, should be delivered up, the general will not require this as a condition to surrender. It is, however, desirable that all horses that formerly belonged to the United States should be required. After being paroled the prisoners will be allowed to return to their homes. The arms of the men must be given up, unless there is good evidence to show that they have been lost, not secreted. All offensive operations against Mosby's men will cease until further orders, as negotiations are in progress for the surrender of his command. Blank paroles of the prescribed form will be furnished from these headquarters.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 16, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT,
Chief of Cavalry:

The major-general commanding directs that you send a command to New Market for the purpose of paroling a considerable number of Confederate soldiers, who will assemble there on Wednesday, the 19th. The command should reach New Market on Tuesday night and should be provided with several days' rations and forage. A quantity of blank paroles will be furnished you during the day. They are to be administered in duplicate, the duplicate copies to be sent to the provost-marshal of the division. It is desirable that each man be paroled individually if practicable. The terms are the same as those given to the Army of Northern Virginia. It is understood that General Grant did not insist on the private horses of soldiers being given up and the general will not demand it, but all horses with U. S. brands should be brought in, and the men should deliver up their arms. The general desires you to send officers to conduct the paroling, who will have it properly attended to, and also desires the greatest care taken to avoid depredations on citizens or property en route. You will please notify the general what force you send and under what officer.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 16, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT,
Chief of Cavalry:

Major-General Hancock directs me to notify you that offensive operations against Mosby will be discontinued by mutual agreement until further orders, as negotiations are in progress for his surrender. This will not interfere with your movement up the Valley.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 16, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT,
Chief of Cavalry;

The major-general commanding directs me to inform you that Colonel Mosby, C. S. Army, will be at Millwood Tuesday next, the 18th instant, at 12 m., for the purpose of arranging the surrender of his command or definitely declining; without doubt the former. The general desires you to send Brigadier-General Chapman to meet Colonel Mosby and conduct the negotiations with him. If Mosby is ready to surrender his command on Tuesday the general desires General Chapman to finish up the matter. Blank paroles will be furnished him in sufficient number for that purpose.

The general desires Colonel Mosby to have a muster-roll of his command, a duplicate of which is to be retained by General Chapman. The officers and men are to be paroled individually in duplicate, the duplicate forms being forwarded to the provost-marshal at these headquarters. The enlisted men are to turn in their arms and all Confederate States Government horses, or horses formerly belonging to the United States. The general will not demand the surrender of all private animals. If Colonel Mosby has any artillery or public transportation (captured or otherwise) it is to be included in the surrender. The paroles being given, the officers and men will be allowed to return to their homes. The major-general commanding wishes General Chapman to impress very clearly upon Colonel Mosby's mind the great necessity that with his surrender all guerrilla operations should cease. There are known to be some independent parties operating from the vicinity of the Blue Ridge, and it will be for the interest of Mosby's men to hunt them out, as they can only bring further distress upon the people. It would also be well for General Chapman to say that Union people, refugees from the country he has occupied, must be allowed to return to and remain at their homes unmolested, and that the army will be used effectually, if necessary, to secure this.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

WINCHESTER, *April 16, 1865.*

General STEVENSON:

Paroled prisoners returning to their homes cannot be permitted to go into the loyal States or the District of Columbia without taking the

oath of allegiance and obtaining special permission of the War Department. This to be distinctly understood in giving paroles, and the interpretation to be given to the permission to return to their homes.

By order:

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

WINCHESTER, *April 16, 1865.*

General EGAN:

The commanding officers at Cumberland, Harper's Ferry, Charlestown, Summit Point, and Stephenson's Depot, and Berryville are authorized to parole Confederate soldiers, Mosby's men included, who come to these lines, on the same terms as given by General Grant. While the strict ruling requires that private horses, which have been used for Government purposes, should be delivered up, the general will not require this as a condition to surrender. It is, however, desirable that all horses that formerly belonged to the United States should be recovered. After being paroled the prisoners will be allowed to return to their homes. The arms of the men must be given up, unless there is good evidence to show that they have been lost and not secreted. All offensive operations against Mosby's men will cease until further orders, as negotiations are in progress for the surrender of his command. Blank paroles of the prescribed form will be furnished from these headquarters.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., *April 16, 1865.*

Capt. J. WHITLEY,
Loup Creek, W. Va.:

Can't you find out by scouts and through refugees, deserters, &c., the number and position of the rebels in our front? Can you get anything from the families now coming in or from the flag of truce? The families will be sent here under guard.

By order of Col. J. H. Oley:

J. M. RIFE,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 16, 1865.

General E. B. TYLER,
Relay House:

Please notify your people along the river that an agreement is made with Mosby by which no offensive movement is to be made by him and none by us. The general expects Mosby to surrender on Tuesday. This agreement does not include guerrilla parties not belonging to Mosby's command.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General, &c.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, April 16, 1865—8.30 p. m.

Colonel NEWPORT,
Chief Quartermaster, Baltimore:

Send immediately to patrol and watch the west shore of the Chesapeake as far as Point Lookout for all the steamers in employment of this Department in Baltimore. Let a vessel watch particularly the mouth of the Patuxent River. Put three or four armed men on each tug or other steamer. Let them keep out of sight, and admit on board any persons desiring to come off from shore. Detain all such persons; overhaul all small vessels or boats, and detain them until examined. The murderers of the President and Secretary of State have, it is believed, gone southeast, and will perhaps attempt to escape by water to the Eastern Shore, or to board some vessel waiting for them, or some vessel going to sea. The Potomac will be patrolled by steamers from Washington. Report the sailing of each vessel and the orders given her. Let a suitable vessel cruise up and down the bay and keep up communication. The object is to catch the murderers if they attempt this way of escape. Vigilance and speed.

M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster-General. Brevet Major-General.

BALTIMORE, MD., *April 16, 1865.*
(Received 2.40 p. m.)

C. A. DANA,
Assistant Secretary of War:

I have traced Samuel Arnold to Fortress Monroe. Will send two men for him who know him personally. Send me a telegraph order to make arrest at fortress. Telegraphing for arrest may flush it.

J. L. McPHAIL,
Provost-Marshal-General of Maryland.

WASHINGTON, *April 16, 1865—2.55 p. m.*

J. L. McPHAIL,
Provost-Marshal-General, Baltimore:

Arrest Samuel Arnold, suspected of being concerned in the murder of the President.

C. A. DANA,
Assistant Secretary of War.

BALTIMORE, MD., *April 16, 1865.*

COMMANDING OFFICER FORT DELAWARE:

The One hundred and sixty-fifth New York Volunteers, ordered to report to you, will leave here at 10.30 o'clock on the cars. Have boat ready.

GOV'R CARR,
Lieutenant-Colonel, Commanding.

Official arrangements at Washington for the funeral solemnities of the late Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, who died at the seat of Government on Saturday, the 15th day of April, 1865.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, April 17, 1865.

The following order of arrangement is directed:

ORDER OF THE PROCESSION.

FUNERAL ESCORT.

In Column of March.

One regiment of cavalry.

Two batteries of artillery.

Battalion of marines.

Two regiments of infantry.

Commander of escort and staff.

Dismounted officers of Marine Corps, Navy, and Army in the order named.

Mounted officers of Marine Corps, Navy, and Army in the order named.

All military officers to be in uniform with side-arms.

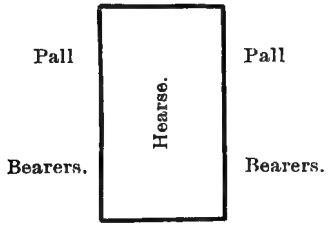
—

CIVIC PROCESSION.

Marshal.

Clergy in attendance.

The Surgeon-General of the U. S. Army and physicians to the deceased.



On part of the Senate.

Mr. Foster, of Connecticut.
Mr. Morgan, of New York.
Mr. Johnson, of Maryland.
Mr. Yates, of Illinois.
Mr. Wade, of Ohio.
Mr. Conness, of California.

On part of the House.

Mr. Dawes, of Massachusetts.
Mr. Coffroth, of Pennsylvania.
Mr. Smith, of Kentucky.
Mr. Colfax, of Indiana.
Mr. Worthington, of Nevada.
Mr. Washburne, of Illinois.

Army.

Lieut. Gen. U. S. Grant.
Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck.
Bvt. Brig. Gen. W. A. Nichols.

Navy.

Vice-Admiral D. G. Farragut.
Rear-Admiral W. B. Shubrick.
Col. Jacob Zeilin, Marine Corps.

Civilians.

O. H. Browning.
George Ashmun.

Thomas Corwin.
Simon Cameron.

Family.

Relatives.

The delegations of the States of Illinois and Kentucky as mourners.

The President.

The Cabinet Ministers.

The Diplomatic Corps.

Ex-Presidents.

The Chief Justice

And Associate Justices of the Supreme Court.

The Senate of the United States,

Preceded by their officers.

Members of the House of Representatives of the United States.

Governors of the several States and Territories.

Legislatures

Of the several States and Territories.

The Federal Judiciary,

And the Judiciary of the several States and Territories.

The Assistant Secretaries of State, Treasury, War, Navy, Interior, and the Assistant Postmasters-General, and the Assistant Attorney-General.

Officers of the Smithsonian Institution.

The members and officers of the Sanitary and Christian Commissions.

Corporate Authorities of Washington, Georgetown, and other cities.

Delegations of the several States.

The reverend, the clergy of the various denominations.

The clerks and employés of the several Departments and Bureaus,

Preceded by the heads of such bureaus and their respective chief clerks.

Such societies as may wish to join the procession.

Citizens and strangers.

The troops designated to form the escort will assemble in the avenue north of the President's House, and form line precisely at 11 a. m. on Wednesday, the 19th instant, with the left resting on Fifteenth street. The procession will move precisely at 2 p. m. on the conclusion of the religious services at the Executive Mansion (appointed to commence at 12 m.), when minute guns will be fired by detachments of artillery, stationed near Saint John's Church, the City Hall, and at the Capitol. At the same hour the bells of the several churches in Washington, Georgetown and Alexandria will be tolled.

At sunrise on Wednesday, the 19th instant, a Federal salute will be fired from the military stations in the vicinity of Washington, minute guns between the hours of 12 and 3 o'clock, and a national salute at the setting of the sun.

The usual badge will be worn on the left arm and on the hilt of the sword.

By order of the Secretary of War:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 69. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, April 17, 1865.*

By direction of the President of the United States the War Department will be closed on Wednesday next, the day of the funeral of the late President of the United States. Labor on that day will be suspended at all military posts, and on all public works under the direction of the War Department. The flags at all military posts, stations, forts, and buildings will be kept at half staff during the day, and at 12 o'clock meridian twenty-one minute guns will be fired from all forts, and at all military posts, and at the Military Academy.

By order of the Secretary of War:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 70. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, April 17, 1865.*

Extension of the Military Lines of the United States.

Ordered, That the military lines of the United States be extended to include within them the States of Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Florida, North Alabama, and Tennessee, and that all military restrictions upon internal trade within said lines are annulled, except in arms, ammunition, gray cloth, and all articles from which ammunition is manufactured, locomotives, cars, railroad iron, and machinery for operating railroads, telegraph wires, insulators, and instruments for operating telegraph lines, which articles are contraband of war; and all trade in, and importation thereof, within the limits aforesaid, is absolutely prohibited.

By order of the Secretary of War:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CITY POINT, VA., *April 17, 1865.*

Brig. Gen. JOHN A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

The cavalry will start in to Petersburg, where the forage can be sent by the Appomattox River. The road between Sutherland's and Nottoway is in bad condition. If some of the troops and trains of the Army of the Potomac could be brought near to this place they could be much better supplied and relieve the road. I met General McCallum at Fortress Monroe this morning. We agreed as to what should be done in railroad matters. I recommend that the lieutenant-general approve of his suggestions. He will report to-morrow probably. I go to Richmond to-morrow to inspect my department. My report of the quartermaster's property taken in General Lee's surrender has been rendered to General Meigs.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, D. C., April 17, 1865.

Col. A. H. MARKLAND,
Special Agent of the P. O. Department, Washington City:

COLONEL: Lieutenant-General Grant directs that no mail matter be sent to Richmond addressed to citizens of that place until further orders. He further directs that you unseal and examine all letters in the mails addressed to citizens of Richmond and forward to these headquarters all such as contain contraband information.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 16. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *April 17, 1865.*

In obedience to General Orders, No. 69, current series, from the War Department, the flags at all camps and stations in this army will be kept at half-mast during Wednesday next, the day appointed for the funeral of the late President of the United States, and all labor will be suspended for the day throughout the limits of this command. The commanding officer of the Ninth Army Corps is charged with the execution of this order at the detached camps and stations under his orders. Twenty-one minute guns will be fired under direction of the chief of artillery at 12 m. on the day mentioned.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 77. } HDQRS. ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES, *Washington, D. C., April 17, 1865.*

I. Maj. Gen. George G. Meade, commanding Army of the Potomac, will, while his army remains within the Department of Virginia, report to Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck, commanding Military Division of the James.

* * * * * * *

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 17, 1865—9.45 p. m. (Received 1 a. m. 18th.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT:

Major-General Gibbon reports his arrival to-day at Prospect Station, having completed the duty assigned him at Appomattox Court-House. Brevet Major-General Griffin, commanding Fifth Corps, reached this point to-day with his command. The Second, Sixth, and Fifth Corps are now encamped in the vicinity of Burkeville. Major-General Parke reports all quiet along the line of the railroad. Brevet Major-General

Willcox, at Wilson's Station, hearing of marauders on the Nottoway River, sent a detachment in that direction, who succeeded in capturing a camp with several wagons loaded with plunder. The party consisted of negroes, mostly belonging to this army. Some were killed, and the rest made prisoners. I have also heard of parties of marauders operating to the north of this place, supposed to be stragglers from this and the Confederate army. To pursue and punish these offenders will require, on my part, some cavalry force. I understand the Cavalry Corps has been moved to City Point. I would respectfully ask a cavalry force be assigned to this army, and, if practicable, the division which, until the recent operations, was attached to it.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 17, 1865.

Brevet Major-General WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

I have the honor to report that this corps is camped on Little Sandy River. The ground is good and water plenty; distance from army headquarters about ten miles.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHAS. GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 34. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 17, 1865—5.15 a. m.

The command will move at 7 a. m., and in the same order as directed in the general orders of yesterday. There will be no more rations issued to the First and Second Divisions this morning.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

[APRIL 17, 1865.—For address of General Meade to officers and soldiers presenting battle-flags captured by the Sixth Army Corps, see Part I, p. 909.]

CITY POINT, *April 17, 1865—11.30 a. m.*

Brigadier-General RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

The cavalry is moving this morning to the vicinity of Petersburg, where it can be quickly fitted up. Forage and supplies are now being sent to that point by water for us.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

PETERSBURG, *April 17, 1865.*

Major-General SHERIDAN,
General Grant's Headquarters, City Point, Va.:

Just arrived here. Have dispatches from Generals Grant and Sherman. General Crook is with command near Ford's Station, and will not move until further orders from you. Telegraph me at General Ferrero's headquarters which way he is to move. If you wish to communicate with him telegraph to Wilson's Station.

M. V. SHERIDAN,
Captain and Aide-de-Camp.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
City Point, April 17, 1865.

Capt. M. V. SHERIDAN,
Aide-de-Camp, Petersburg, Va., General Ferrero's Headquarters:

It is all right about the cipher dispatches. The general has got copies of them, so that you need have no anxiety on the subject. Crook has been telegraphed to move on to Petersburg. We will leave here for Petersburg at 11 a. m. in the morning.

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Chief of Staff.

CITY POINT, *April 17, 1865.*

Lieut. Col. F. C. NEWHALL,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Wilson's Station:

Your dispatch received. We have copies of the cipher dispatches that Captain Sheridan has. General Crook will continue his march to Petersburg. Camps will be selected for the command by Colonel Forsyth before you arrive.

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Chief of Staff.

FIELD ORDERS, No. 37. } HDQRS. CAVALRY, MIDDLE MILITARY DIV., *April 17, 1865.*

The command will move at once in the direction of Petersburg in the following order: First, First Cavalry Division; second, Third Cavalry Division; third, trains.

By command of Brevet Major-General Merritt:

J. SPREADBURY,
Captain and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

CITY POINT, *April 17, 1865.*

Major-General CROOK:

Arrangement will be made to have supplies for the command at Wilson's Station to-night. The road along the railroad appears to be a very good one.

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Brevet Brigadier-General.

CITY POINT, *April 17, 1865.*

Major-General CROOK,
Commanding Cavalry, &c., Wilson's Station:

Continue your march to Petersburg. Camps will be selected for the command before you arrive. The cipher dispatches are all right. We have received copies of them.

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

PROSPECT STATION, TEN MILES FROM FARMVILLE,
April 17, 1865—4 p. m. (Received 4.45 p. m.)

Maj. Gen. GEORGE G. MEADE,
Commanding:

In conformity with instructions received from Lieutenant-General Grant, I report that I have completed my duties at Appomattox Court-House and my troops are now in this vicinity en route to Burkeville. General Griffin left with the Fifth Corps without any orders from me on Saturday, and I presume is by this time under your orders. Everything is very quiet, and was so at Lynchburg when General Turner left yesterday.

JOHN GIBBON,
Major-General of Volunteers, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS LEE'S CAVALRY DIVISION,
April 17, 1865.

Brigadier-General MACKENZIE,
Commanding Cavalry Brigade, U. S. Army, Lynchburg:

GENERAL: I have the honor to inclose a copy of a paper sent me last night by Lieutenant Little, commanding detachment; it places me in an embarrassing position, and I must decline to accept your polite invitation until I can ascertain my status. It is only necessary for me to say I will obey orders when I am certain they are by proper authority. I beg leave to state that my command succeeded in driving the Federal cavalry from the Appomattox and Lynchburg railroad in our front on Sunday; that I apprehended the disaster which befell our army, and moved back rapidly into the main body of my command, leaving only a heavy skirmish line to cover my retreat. I was in the rear when your flag of truce was noticed by the officer in charge of my covering party. As soon as I was apprised that there was a truce I went to the front and asked to communicate with General R. E. Lee. General Devin, commanding U. S. forces, "could not allow me to communicate with him," and, after some little parley, I withdrew. I was at no time within your lines, nor did I expect to surrender my command or myself. If I understand from you that I was included in the surrender I most respectfully ask that you will first show I was surrendered before I can submit. I have not been able to see or communicate with any officer who knows the terms of General Lee's capitulation. Please state in your reply who was included. Many, I know, escaped into my command. Many are away on details and from other causes. Let it be understood at once and our people will know how to act and what to expect. The love of our cause, backed by the proud

and brave hearts of my command, will be a sufficient apology for my declining to comply with your polite invitation until I am satisfied that General Lee included my command, who had cut their way through your lines and are far from being in a condition to be captured. I shall follow our old flag and defend it until we are free. My men do not believe they could have been surrendered. If you will furnish me with satisfactory evidence I will submit to the powers that be, otherwise I shall not ask or expect any favors. If this paper could be sent to General Lee it would obviate many difficulties. My desire is to act in good faith, but I will take the risk until it is made clear.

Your obedient servant,

THOMAS T. MUNFORD,
Brigadier-General, Commanding Division.

(This will be handed by Lieutenant Tesh, bearing flag of truce.)

RICHMOND, VA., *April 17, 1865.*
(Received 7 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington:

Yesterday General Gibbon telegraphed me that he then started from Farmville with his command, having returned from Lynchburg, where he paroled 5,000 of General Lee's army. When General Gibbon returns I want to see you. Shall I come to Washington or wait your arrival here? The subject is of much importance.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 17, 1865.*
(Received 7 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington:

There are a large number of men—2,000 or 3,000—prisoners in Libby. Many of them were here convalescent and in hospitals when the rebels evacuated; they remained.

Shall I parole them and send them home on same terms as General Lee's army? I telegraphed the Secretary of War on the 14th, when you were in Philadelphia, that I was trying to make the military government acceptable by kindness where the interests of the Government allowed it, asking if my policy was not approved to be corrected.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 17, 1865—8.10 p. m.*

Major-General ORD,
Richmond, Va.:

Hold all prisoners of war you have until the disposition to be made of them is decided upon. Do not leave Richmond to come to Washington at present.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *April 17, 1865—5 p. m.*

Major-General ORD,
Richmond, Va.:

Ford, manager of the theater where the President was assassinated, is now in Richmond. Have him arrested and sent under guard to Washington. Do not let it be noised about that he is to be arrested until the work is done, lest he escape.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 17, 1865—10 p. m.*
(Received 1.15 a. m. 18th.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. Grant:

Mr. Ford left town at 6 a. m. to-day for Baltimore. General Patrick has telegraphed to Baltimore that he be met at the boat and arrested.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 41. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., April 17, 1865.*

Bvt. Lieut. Col. James Curry, commissary of subsistence of volunteers, is hereby announced as chief commissary of the District of Eastern Virginia.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 42. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., April 17, 1865.*

Brig. Gen. Charles Devens, U. S. Volunteers, is hereby placed in command of all the U. S. forces in and about Richmond, and will encamp them outside the city, with the exception of the Twenty-fourth Massachusetts Volunteers, which regiment will remain in the city under the immediate orders of Brig. Gen. M. R. Patrick, provost-marshal-general.

General Devens will make a daily detail from his command of 400 men; 100 to report to each district provost-marshal—this detail to be increased or diminished as circumstances may require. He will also make such details from the Twentieth New York Cavalry to report to General Patrick as he may require for patrol duty.

The Twenty-fourth Massachusetts Volunteers will make all regular returns and reports direct to Brigadier-General Devens.

Applications for guards over public property and stores will be made to the provost-marshals of the respective districts, who will be held responsible for the security of public property within their districts.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, *April 17, 1865.*

Major-General WEITZEL, *Comdg. Twenty-fifth Army Corps:*

General Ord's orders from General Grant are that your troops must be south of Petersburg or southwest. He can not, therefore, give permission to locate on the James River. You can, however, go anywhere near the South Side Railroad between the Weldon and Danville railroads. My leave is granted. Good bye.

JNO. A. KRESS,
Lieutenant-Colonel, &c.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 17, 1865.

Col. E. W. SMITH, *Assistant Adjutant-General:*

I have designated the Twenty-second U. S. Colored Troops as the regiment to participate in the funeral ceremonies of President Lincoln. They will probably reach City Point by 12 to-night. When did President Lincoln die, and how did he die?

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 27. } HDQRS. DIST. OF EASTERN VIRGINIA,
Norfolk, Va., April 17, 1865.

All officers and soldiers of the Army of Northern Virginia who were not present at the surrender of that army by General Robert E. Lee, at Appomattox Court-House, on the 9th of April, 1865, are hereby informed that the terms of capitulation are extended to them, and that they can at once avail themselves of the same by coming within the lines of the U. S. forces, at or near Norfolk, Va., laying down their arms and receiving their paroles. They will report to Lieut. Col. O. L. Mann, provost-marshal, Norfolk.

By order of Brig. Gen. George H. Gordon:

T. H. HARRIS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, *April 17, 1865.*

Commander F. A. PARKER, U. S. Navy,
Commanding Potomac Flotilla, Saint Inigoes, Md.:

Search all vessels going out of the river for the assassins; detain all suspicious persons; guard against all crossing of the river and touching of vessels or boats on the Virginia shore.

GIDEON WELLES,
Secretary of the Navy.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, *April 17, 1865.*

COMMANDING OFFICER OF NAVAL FORCE, HAMPTON ROADS, VA.:

Send any vessels that may be unemployed to blockade Eastern shore of Virginia and Maryland coast from Point Lookout to Baltimore, reporting for further orders to senior officer of Potomac Flotilla between these points.

GIDEON WELLES,
Secretary of the Navy.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, *April 17, 1865.*

COMDG. OFFICER U. S. STEAMSHIP BANSHEE, CHERRYSTONE, VA.:

Blockade the Maryland shore from Patuxent River to Annapolis.

F. A. PARKER,
Commander, U. S. Navy.

SAINT INIGOES, *April 17, 1865.*

Commander F. A. PARKER:

I have received information of the rebels being at Piney Point. Have ordered the Anacostia to cruise there to-night if she could be spared by the guard vessel.

S. NICKERSON.

WINCHESTER, VA., *April 17, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

Although I have consulted with two of Mosby's officers here I do not intend to meet him in person at this time. General Chapman is to have an interview with him to-morrow at Millwood. I have reason to believe that Mosby may surrender his forces. His proposition was to suspend hostilities against him until he could hear from the Confederate authorities. I have declined to enter into a suspension of hostilities only until to-morrow. One of his men came in to-day. If Mosby surrenders I will endeavor to ascertain from or through him something concerning the matter you especially refer to, and will probably have an interview with him. I have now a suitable person engaged in seeking information of that kind from Mosby's men. I thank you for your caution to me against surprise.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 43. } HDQRS. MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION, *Winchester, Va., April 17, 1865.*

In obedience to General Orders, No. 69, War Department, Adjutant-General's Office, April 17, 1865, labor will be suspended at all military posts and on all public works in this command on Wednesday next, the day of the funeral of the late President of the United States. The flags at all military posts, stations, forts, buildings, and vessels will be kept at half-mast during the day, and at 12 m. twenty-one minute guns will be fired from all forts, and at all military posts.

By command of Major-General Hancock:

DUNCAN S. WALKER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

DARNESTOWN, *April 17, 1865—1 p. m.*

Lieut. Col. J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General:

Two hundred White's and Mosby's men have sent word that they wish to be paroled at Edwards Ferry. They have been directed to come to-morrow. Shall I not send to your headquarters for blank paroles, or can the officer parole the men?

J. L. THOMPSON,
Colonel, Commanding.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, D. C., April 17, 1865.

Respectfully referred to the Secretary of War.

My own views are that it will be better to have Mosby's and White's men in Maryland as paroled prisoners of war than at large as guerrillas. I would exact, however, that all should be required to register their names and residence with the nearest provost-marshal to the place where they intend to live. I would also suggest the form of parole adopted with General Lee's army, an exact copy of which will be found in the New York Herald of to-day. I would require each man to sign his own parole, instead of allowing officers to sign for their men.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

DARNESTOWN, MD., *April 17, 1865.*
(Received 8.30 p. m.)

Lieut. Col. J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff:

All quiet along the lines. I have paroled twenty men not to take up arms against the Government of the United States until properly exchanged. If there are any further conditions necessary please notify me.

Respectfully,

J. L. THOMPSON,
Colonel, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 17, 1865.

COMMANDING OFFICER GUARD SHIP,
Alexandria:

SIR: I am directed by the major-general commanding to inform you that the Secretary of War authorizes fishing boats to leave as usual for the Lower Potomac and return bringing fish, on condition that they land neither on the Maryland nor Virginia shore below Alexandria, on penalty of seizure and confiscation. Will you be pleased to notify the commander of the Potomac Flotilla.

Very respectfully, sir, your most obedient servant,

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 17, 1865.

Maj. J. M. WAITE,
Eighth Illinois Cavalry:

MAJOR: The major-general commanding directs that you assume command of one battalion Eighth Illinois Cavalry, and proceed to the lower Maryland counties lying in this department. There is in that

vicinity of country a band of guerrillas who are supposed to have collected for the purpose of assisting in the escape of the murderers of the President and assassins of the Secretary of State. The special object of your expedition will be to capture and destroy this band, to arrest all suspicious persons, allow no one to pass who cannot explain his business and status satisfactorily. You will assume command of all cavalry which you may meet and use them in your general operations. Search houses and make arrests at your own discretion. Make your headquarters at Leonardtown and cover the country to the Patuxent, and in that vicinity especially. Report from time to time whatever may be of importance to these headquarters.

Very respectfully, major, your most obedient servant,

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. SIXTEENTH NEW YORK VOLUNTEER CAVALRY,
Vienna, Va., April 17, 1865.

Capt. CHARLES I. WICKERSHAM,
Asst. Adjt. Gen., First Separate Brigade, Fairfax Court-House:

CAPTAIN: Agreeably to instructions from brigade headquarters, dated April 15, 1865, I formed skirmish line extending from the Potomac River, via Vienna, Va., and Fairfax Court-House, to Fairfax Station. The line consisted of 430 men and 17 officers, divided into two commands. The left extended from this post to the Potomac, the right to the Orange and Alexandria Railroad at Fairfax Station; the latter commanded by Lieut. Col. John Nicholson, the former by Capt. Lawrence Leahy. The line moved simultaneously in direction toward the fortifications at 11.30 a. m. One person of a suspicious character was arrested by the command. The houses were examined by the command as it advanced. Nothing was found of importance (although much Government property, such as blankets, old saddles, &c., was discovered in houses) as the line advanced. No other arrests than the one before mentioned were made. The command assembled at Bailey's Cross-Roads and arrived at camp at about midnight the same day.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN NICHOLSON,
Lieut. Col. Sixteenth New York Cavalry, Commanding Regiment.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *April 17, 1865—11.50 a. m.*

General J. BARNES,
Point Lookout:

All Government vessels after examination will be allowed to pass out. Passengers not Government officers or having proper permits given since Friday night will be detained for examination unless known.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General and Chief of Staff.

POINT LOOKOUT, *April 17, 1865.*
(Received 8.45 p. m.)

Maj. Gen. C. C. AUGUR,
Commanding Department:

I have sent re-enforcements of cavalry and infantry to Leonardtown
[illegible] test enthusiasm is manifested by all the men to

overtake the band prowling in that district. They have not been able to find them to-day, but no place will be left unvisited. The gun-boats are all on the alert, and the Patuxent and Potomac are closely watched. Extra pains will be taken on the river to-night.

JAMES BARNES,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

POINT LOOKOUT, MD., *April 17, 1865.*

Major-General AUGUR:

Our scouts have fallen in with a band of some thirty-five rebels, armed, under a man named Garland Smith, about eighteen miles northwest of Leonardtown. They had a skirmish with them, but captured only one of them. The scouts have been re-enforced, and are in pursuit of them.

J. BARNES,
Commanding.

POINT LOOKOUT, MD., *April 17, 1865.*

Captain NICKERSON,
Saint Inigoes, Md.:

The following telegram has just been received from Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War:

The murderers of the President and Mr. Seward are no doubt in the gang of rebels mentioned in your telegram. Have the Navy vessels scour the coast, and spare no effort to arrest and hold them. Put your whole force on the work as far as can be done with safety to your command.

JAMES BARNES,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

GAULEY, W. VA., *April 17, 1865—11 p. m.*

Capt. J. M. RIFE,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General,
First Separate Brigade, Department of West Virginia:

SIR: I have the honor to report that I have just returned from Mountain Cove, where I met Lieutenant-Colonel Hounshell with a flag of truce. He is commandant at Lewisburg, and desires a conference with Colonel Oley at such time and place as Colonel Oley may designate for the purpose of putting an end to the present state of affairs in the Greenbrier district, as he expresses it; or, in plain English, surrendering his entire command on the terms given Lee by Grant, if possible. He is accompanied by his adjutant, one other commissioned officer, and an escort of eight unarmed men. The flag will be here at 10 a. m. Major Sweeney has disbanded his battalion.

J. M. GUION,
Captain, Commanding Gauley.

P. S.—This dispatch I received to forward early this morning. I think that the matter in question is worthy of your attention.

J. WHITLEY, JR.,
Captain, Commanding Post.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
Baltimore, Md., April 17, 1865—1 p. m.

Brevet Maj. Gen. M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster-General, U. S. Army, Washington, D. C.:

I have the honor to report the following arrangements as having been made for patrolling and guarding the western shore of the Chesapeake Bay to Point Lookout, in accord with your orders. On receipt of your dispatch every vessel in this department fit for service was immediately put in readiness, each one furnished with a military guard of four men, except the dispatch boat, which is provided with a sergeant and ten men, and ordered down the bay with the following instructions to their respective captains, viz: To cruise back and forth constantly between certain points named until further orders, keeping as near shore as is consistent with safety to their vessels; taking on board all persons desiring to come off from the shore, and detaining them; overhauling all small vessels or boats, and holding every one found thereon until further orders for their disposition, the guards to be concealed on approaching the shore or any boat or vessel. Vigilance, activity, and a prompt compliance with the foregoing instructions were enjoined upon all. The steamers are distributed between this city and Point Lookout, as follows: The United States, from Point Lookout to Cedar Point; the Wawasset, in the mouth of the Patuxent River; the James Jerome, from Cove Point Light-House to Plum Point, opposite Sharp's Island; the Putnam, from Plum Point to Three Sisters Island; the Patuxent, from Three Sisters to Bodkin Point; and the tug Ella, from Bodkin Point to Fort McHenry. The Ella Knight will, on arriving at the mouth of Patuxent River, relieve the Wawasset, when the latter will cruise up and down in communication with the other several vessels, receiving on board from them any persons against whom there may seem any grounds of suspicion, and bring them at once to this city.

The vessels all sailed for their stations at 6 o'clock this morning, except the Ella Knight, which, on account of having to coal, did not get off until two hours later. I will report promptly any intelligence that reaches me from these steamers.

R. M. NEWPORT,
Colonel and Quartermaster.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 17, 1865.

J. L. MCPHAIL,
Provost-Marshal, Baltimore:

Bring M. O'Laughlin here in the train which leaves Baltimore at 6 p. m. Have him in double irons, and use every precaution against escape, but as far as possible avoid everything which can lead to suspicion on the part of the people on the train and give rise to an attempt to lynch the prisoner. A carriage will be in waiting at the depot to convey him to the place of confinement.

C. A. DANA,
Assistant Secretary of War.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, April 18, 1865.

Brig. Gen. G. D. RAMSAY, U. S. Army:

GENERAL: The Secretary of War has designated you as one of nine general officers to accompany the remains of the late President to their final resting place in Illinois.

I am, sir, &c.,

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

(Same to Bvt. Maj. Gen. M. C. Meigs, Quartermaster-General, U. S. Army; Bvt. Brig. Gen. Charles Thomas, Deputy Quartermaster-General; Brig. Gen. A. B. Eaton, Commissary-General of Subsistence, U. S. Army; Bvt. Brig. Gen. D. C. McCallum, Superintendent Military Railroads; Maj. Gen. David Hunter, U. S. Volunteers; Bvt. Maj. Gen. J. G. Barnard; Brig. Gen. A. P. Howe, U. S. Volunteers.)

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 18, 1865—10 a. m.

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I desire to have assigned to duty according to their brevet rank Major-Generals Barlow and Ricketts, now on duty with this army. Major-General Barlow has been so assigned by the lieutenant-general commanding, pending the action of the President of the United States.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, April 18, 1865—10.30 a. m.

General MEADE:

The cavalry was withdrawn from the front simply to be able to supply them with forage. If General Sheridan is not called upon within a few days to go into North Carolina with the cavalry the whole of it will be ordered to you.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 18, 1865—10 a. m. (Received 1.30 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington:

Your attention is called to the necessity of a permanent commander being assigned to the Fifth Corps. My views upon this point have been made known to you. Should you be disposed to reassign General Warren I shall make no objection thereto.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 18, 1865.*
(Received 7.20 p. m.)

Major-General MEADE,
Burkeville:

Your dispatch, calling attention to the necessity of a permanent commander for the Fifth Corps, is received. You will please continue it in the temporary command of General Griffin for the present. Orders will be sent to General Warren in a few days.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 18, 1865.

COMMANDING OFFICER SECOND CORPS:

The commanding general desires you to present, at the earliest moment practicable, the names of such officers of your command as in your judgment have, by meritorious services in the recent campaign, rendered themselves worthy of promotion to the rank of major-general and brigadier-general, as well as of those of all grades who for the same reasons are held by you as deserving of promotion by brevet. These recommendations will set forth as much in detail as possible the particular services upon which they are founded. Please include such as have already been transmitted by you.

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

(Same to commanding officers Fifth, Sixth, and Ninth Corps, chief engineer, chief of artillery, provost-marshal-general, General Collis, and commanding officer of Engineer Brigade.)

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 18, 1865.

Brevet Major-General WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

GENERAL: I had proposed to move the corps to-morrow morning to its new camp, but have suspended the order of march on account of the order from army headquarters suspending all work to-morrow. I shall change my camp on the 20th, unless the major-general commanding directs otherwise.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHARLES GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 36. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 18, 1865.

The corps will move toward Burkeville at 7 a. m. to-morrow, and in the following order: First Division, Second Division, Third Division, corps headquarters train, artillery, ambulances, and train.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
April 18, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General, U. S. Army, Washington, D. C.:

Maj. H. W. Farrar, of my staff, proceeds to Washington to-day to deliver to the War Department the flags captured by this corps in the recent campaign, and it would be a compliment gratefully received by the corps if you would order an escort of honor even of a company from the wharf to the department. Major Farrar will communicate with you by telegraph from Fortress Monroe and on his reaching Washington. The captors of the flags will accompany and carry them.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

FARMVILLE, *April 18, 1865.*

Major-General WEBB:

GENERAL: The Twenty-fourth Corps is passing now, 4 p. m. Will camp about the station to-night. Artillery and ordnance train has gone by. The guns at New Store were sent for yesterday morning. Have not arrived here yet. Expect them to arrive here to-morrow. My troops have three days' rations from to-morrow, the 19th. The last of the Twenty-fourth Corps have passed the line.

J. I. CURTIN,
Brevet Brigadier-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 18, 1865—6.50 p. m.

Major-General PARKE:

It is expected that Curtin will leave Farmville the day after to-morrow. He has three days' rations from to-morrow.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS NINTH ARMY CORPS,
April 18, 1865.

Brig. Gen. S. G. GRIFFIN,
Commanding Second Division:

GENERAL: The commanding general desires you to present, at the earliest moment practicable, the names of such officers of your command as in your judgment have, by meritorious services in the recent campaign, including the affair of Stedman, rendered themselves worthy of promotion to the rank of brigadier-general, as well as those of all grades who for the same reasons are held by you as deserving of promotion by brevet. These recommendations will set forth as much in detail as possible the particular services upon which they are founded. Please include such recommendations as may have already been made by you in your report of the affair of Stedman.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JNO. C. YOUNGMAN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

(Same to Bvt. Maj. Gen. O. B. Willcox, commanding First Division; Bvt. Maj. Gen. J. F. Hartranft, commanding Third Division; Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. C. Tidball, commanding Artillery Brigade.)

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
Petersburg, Va., April 18, 1865.

Brig. Gen. J. A. RAWLINS,
Washington, D. C.:

The cavalry is now going into camp near this place. My headquarters will be at this point.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 18, 1865—10 a. m.*

Major-General SHERIDAN,
City Point, Va.:

Some cavalry should be left at Nottoway and Burkeville if it can possibly be fed. As soon as you think this can be done return Crook's division to Meade. The moment it is determined you will not have to go south with the cavalry I will order you to your old command or some new one.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
Near Petersburg, April 18, 1865—7 p. m.

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington, D. C.:

The three divisions of cavalry arrived here to-day, and are comfortably encamped. At present I regard it as impossible to supply cavalry at Nottoway or Burkeville over the railroad, and I do not know how long this condition of things will exist. As soon as General Crook's division can be supplied there I will send it to General Meade. It should be allowed to remain here for a short time to recuperate the horses. They have been on short allowance of grain for some time without any long forage, and the animals are weak.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General, U. S. Army, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, *April 18, 1865—10.30 a. m.*

Maj. Gen. E. O. C. ORD:

Send two regiments of infantry to Point Lookout without delay. One regiment at least should get off to-day. It does not matter whether you send black or white troops.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *April 18, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. E. O. C. ORD,
Richmond:

Has the colored regiment ordered at 9.30 on the 16th instant yet started for Washington; and, if so, when did it start? Please answer.

JNO. A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff.

RICHMOND, *April 18, 1865.*
(Received 8.30 p. m.)

General RAWLINS:

The regiment left Petersburg at 5 a. m. yesterday for City Point, where transportation was waiting for it. I will procure a report from the latter point and forward at once.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, *April 18, 1865.*
(Received 9 p. m.)

Brigadier-General RAWLINS:

The colored regiment left City Point at daylight this morning.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, April 18, 1865.

Major-General ORD,
Richmond, Va.:

Paroled prisoners belonging to North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, and in fact all the Southern States must get to their homes through the country. Those at Fort Monroe must be turned back. Orders were given that their parole should be a pass to go through our lines when it was necessary to get to their homes; but we did not undertake to pay their passage nor to permit them to travel a roundabout way through the loyal States for their convenience. All issues of forage and subsistence to them must also be discontinued.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *April 18, 1865—10 p. m.*

Major-General ORD,
Richmond, Va.:

Direct General Patrick to give no more passes to paroled prisoners to come to Washington or the loyal States. They must get to their homes in their own way.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
Burkeville, April 18, 1865.

Major-General ORD,
Richmond, Va.:

I arrived here to-day. My command will be here to-morrow. I report in conformity with orders from Lieutenant-General Grant.

JOHN GIBBON,
Major-General of Volunteers, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 43. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., April 18, 1865.*

I. Surg. A. M. Clark, U. S. Volunteers, is hereby assigned to duty as chief surgeon of the hospitals and general superintendent, under the instructions of the medical director, of medical affairs in the city of Richmond and its outskirts.

II. Asst. Surg. M. J. Asch, U. S. Army, is announced as medical inspector of this department, vice Asst. Surg. A. A. Woodhull, U. S. Army, relieved.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS. HDQRS. SECOND DIVISION, 24TH ARMY CORPS, *April 18, 1865.*

The division will move at 5 o'clock to-morrow morning, the division wagon train in front in charge of senior brigade quartermaster. The wagon train will move out at 4.45 o'clock. Colonel Potter will furnish a guard of half a regiment for it. Order of march: Third Brigade, First Brigade, Second Brigade, artillery, ambulances. General Harris will move at 5 o'clock without further orders.

JNO. W. TURNER,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

PETERSBURG, *April 18, 1865.*

Major-General WEITZEL:

Sheridan intends to remain where he is. I fear I shall be unable to defend the city against both, and as I hold the balance of power between you, would be glad to know the terms on which you will combine with me against him. I shall make the same proposition to him.

GEO. L. HARTSUFF,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES,
Petersburg, Va., April 18, 1865.

COMMANDING OFFICER FIFTH MASSACHUSETTS CAVALRY:

SIR: The major-general commanding directs that you keep small pickets of observation on both sides of the railroad from near the camp of the Twenty-fifth Corps on the south, moving west far enough to cover your position on the railroad and for some distance along the river on the north. Send out daily a small scouting party in different directions from your camp for a distance of seven to ten miles, with the strictest orders to arrest all pillagers from any command whatever, to investigate and report on all cases of pillage heard of, and to observe the most perfect order. The general commanding is much pleased at the report of the inspection of yesterday, which, together with the arrest of Colonel Adams, had been ordered from department headquar-

ters, in consequence of the very numerous complaints against the regiment. It is incumbent on the regiment now to remove the bad impression against it, not only by the strictest attention to its own conduct and discipline, but by detecting and arresting some of those persons whose outrages on person and property have been charged against itself.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. M. HOWARD,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WINCHESTER, VA., *April 18, 1865.*
(Received 9.35 a. m. 19th.)

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Chief of Staff:

General Emory telegraphs me that Colonel Hounshell, commanding Confederate forces at Lewisburg, has come in with flag of truce to Colonel Oley, in Kanawha Valley, to ask if he can surrender his command on same terms given by General Grant to Lee. I am specially desirous of knowing whether General Grant's terms to Lee allowed any of his soldiers to go to their homes in loyal States or not. I telegraphed you on the subject on the 16th, but have received no answer. These people have served in West Virginia, and probably nowhere else. Their homes generally are in counties never permanently occupied by us. Many Confederate officers and soldiers from Missouri and other loyal States are coming in here, on their paroles, desiring to go to their homes. Thus far I have detained them. So far as I know they are willing to take the oath of allegiance and go home. It is necessary to have this matter clearly understood, as they come in understanding that they are to have the terms given to Lee's army. I will venture a suggestion, in consideration of the fact that there are many bands in West Virginia whose homes are there: It is that on surrendering and giving their paroles they should be permitted to go to their homes when they are in West Virginia. I believe it would be well to let them all go to their homes on parole without taking the oath of allegiance, except to Maryland or the District of Columbia. I think there will be no difficulty about the surrender of all these bands, save Mosby's. His surrender or dispersion will probably depend upon General Johnston. I am getting a great many of his men.

Respectfully,

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General, Commanding Middle Military Division.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
Winchester, Va., April 18, 1865.

Mr. DORRANCE,
Superintendent Military Railroad, Harper's Ferry:

SIR: General Hancock authorizes you to stop all trains to-morrow between here and Harper's Ferry, save the mail trains each way.

W. G. MITCHELL,
Brevet Colonel and Aide-de-Camp.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 92.

HDQRS. DEPT. OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
Washington, April 18, 1865.

* * * * * * *

3. In accordance with the instructions contained in orders from the War Department, Adjutant-General's Office, it is directed that minute guns be fired under the direction of Brig. Gen. A. P. Howe, inspector of artillery, by detachments of artillery stationed near Saint John's Church, the City Hall, and the Capitol, to commence and end with the movement of the procession. At the following-named posts at sunrise on the 19th instant a Federal salute will be fired; minute guns between the hours of 12 m. and 3 p. m., and a national salute at the setting of the sun, viz: Camp Barry, Fort Lincoln, Alexandria, Fort Corcoran.

By command of Major-General Augur:

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 18, 1865.

Col. J. L. THOMPSON,
Commanding, Darnestown, Md.:

Have all canal boats searched at Seneca and at the mouth of the Monocacy, and arrest suspicious persons and such as cannot give a good account of themselves.

By command of Major-General Augur:

A. R. SEWALL,
Lieutenant and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 18, 1865.

Brevet Brigadier-General GAMBLE,
Commanding Brigade:

GENERAL: The major-general commanding directs that the battalion of the Eighth Illinois Cavalry now at Camp Casey be at once prepared to participate in the funeral ceremonies to-morrow. Direct the commanding officer to report at once to Colonel Sweitzer, who will command the cavalry. It would be advisable to send a staff officer to Colonel Sweitzer at once to notify him of the addition of his command. The general desires me to say that he will be pleased to have you and your staff accompany him. We meet at these headquarters at 9 a. m. tomorrow.

Very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

J. H. TAYLOR.
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

CUMBERLAND, MD., *April 18, 1865.*

Brig. Gen. CHARLES H. MORGAN,
Chief of Staff, Winchester, Va.:

Colonel Hounshell, commanding forces at Lewisburg, has come in with a flag of truce to Colonel Oley, to ask if he can surrender his com-

mand on the same terms granted to General Lee by General Grant, which of course will be granted under your instructions by telegram, April 16. The amount of the force is not stated in the dispatch to me, and I have telegraphed to ascertain it.

W. H. EMORY,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

CUMBERLAND, MD., *April 18, 1865.*

Brigadier-General MORGAN,
Chief of Staff, Winchester, Va.:

Will citizens of Maryland, serving in the rebel ranks, who may surrender under instructions of April 16, be allowed to return to their homes in the State of Maryland? I respectfully ask the same question in regard to West Virginia. The citizens of Wheeling, in mass meeting, have passed a resolution declaring that those from that place shall not return, and those that have already returned shall quit.

W. H. EMORY,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

HDQRS. SECOND CAV. DIV., MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
Near Berryville, Va., April 18, 1865.

Brevet Brigadier-General MORGAN,
Chief of Staff, Winchester, Va.:

GENERAL: I have the honor to report that, agreeable to instructions, I met Col. John S. Mosby, C. S. Army, commanding Forty-third Virginia Battalion, to-day at Millwood, under a flag of truce, to confer with him touching the surrender of his command, and to conclude the details, should he have decided to surrender upon the terms offered him. He declined to surrender at this time for the reason that his command was not in immediate danger, and that he had not such information as yet as would justify him in concluding the "Confederate cause" altogether hopeless. He expressed himself as anxious to avoid any useless effusion of blood or destruction of property and desirous therefore of a suspension of hostilities for a short time until he could learn the fate of "Johnston's army." Should that be defeated or surrendered he said he should regard the "Confederate cause" as lost, and would disband his organization. He does not propose even in that event to surrender them as an organization for parole, but to disband the battalion, giving to each individual to choose his own course. He informed me he had already advised his command that those who chose to do so could come and give their parole. For himself he said he had no favors to ask, being quite willing to stand by his acts, all of which he believed to be justifiable, and in the course of my conversation with him he remarked that he did not expect to remain in the country. I made agreement with him for a suspension of hostilities for forty-eight hours longer, expiring at noon on the 20th, and a conditional agreement for a further suspension for ten days. These agreements are herewith inclosed, and I will inform Colonel Mosby of the action of the general commanding so soon as advised. I did not give him to hope that this agreement for a ten days' suspension would be concurred in. I regret that I have not the pleasure of communicating the surrender of this force, but trust my action in the premises will meet with approval. The interview throughout was characterized by good feeling.

Perhaps I ought in justice to Colonel Mosby and his officers to state a universal regret was expressed because of the assassination of the President.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. H. CHAPMAN,
Brigadier-General.

CUMBERLAND, MD., *April 18, 1865.*

Col. JOHN H. OLEY,
Commanding, Charleston, Kanawha:

You are authorized to accept the surrender of Colonel Hounshell, commanding Confederate forces at Lewisburg, on the terms granted to General Lee by General Grant. You will make careful rolls of the prisoners paroled and forward them to this office. Telegraph the receipt of this authority, and an approximate estimate of the number of prisoners to be surrendered.

By order of Brevet Major-General Emory:

T. MELVIN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS,
Charleston, W. Va., April 18, 1865.

Capt. J. WHITLEY, *Loup Creek:*

The colonel commanding directs that you meet Colonel Hounshell and ascertain the district under his command, and under whose command he is; whether he acts for himself only or for his entire command. Find out the number and locality of commissioned officers and enlisted men he proposes to surrender. Has he control over Thurmond's and Sweeney's commands and will he surrender them also. Get all particulars from him you can and report by telegraph at once. The colonel commanding has asked for instructions from department headquarters.

J. M. RIFE,
Captain and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., *April 18, 1865.*

Hon. D. POLSLEY, *Point Pleasant:*

The commander of the Lewisburg forces has proffered to surrender on same terms as were granted to Lee. How is Lillie?

JNO. J. POLSLEY,
Lieutenant-Colonel, &c.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., *April 18, 1865.*

Capt. JOHN WHITLEY, Jr., *Loup Creek, W. Va.:*

I am authorized to accept the surrender of Colonel Hounshell and his command upon the same terms which General Grant gave to General Lee, namely, the surrender of all arms, equipments, and other public property; officers and men to be paroled to return to their homes; triplicate rolls to be made, officers to give their own paroles, commanding officers of companies for their men. You will find out and report

immediately the probable number of men Colonel Hounshell can surrender, and whether General Echols concurs in it or will interfere. Also how soon and where he (Colonel H.) can comply with the above.

JOHN H. OLEY,
Colonel, Commanding.

MOUTH OF SAINT MARY'S RIVER,
Military Steamer Dictator, April 18, 1865. (Received 1.30 p. m.)

Brig. Gen. J. A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

The mail steamers are delayed here from twelve to twenty hours to await their turn to be searched. Could not officers from Point Lookout be sent and kept on the gun-boats for that purpose? If so, please order it immediately.

F. T. DENT,
Brigadier-General.

BALTIMORE, MD., *April 18, 1865.*
(Received 11.50 a. m.)

Brig. Gen. E. D. TOWNSEND:

A very considerable number of officers and enlisted men of Lee's army who have been paroled are arriving here via Fort Monroe, from which point they were furnished transportation. They ask for free transportation from this point to their homes in Kentucky, Tennessee, and other Southern States. I have no instructions to furnish such transportation. What course shall I pursue?

W. W. MORRIS,
Brevet Brigadier-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 19, 1865—8.45 p. m. (Received 11 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT:

Major Wallach, Confederate army, reached here this p. m., having left Danville yesterday. He reports just previous to his departure a train arrived from Greensborough having some Confederate officers in it, who stated that Johnston was at Greensborough, and that he had sent a flag of truce to Sherman, who was in the vicinity, and that it was understood the object of the flag was a proposition to surrender. Major Wallach is a brother of the mayor of Washington, and has come in to give his parole.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 19, 1865—9 p. m.*

Major-General MEADE:

Send the Ninth Army Corps to Washington as rapidly as their places can be filled by such other troops as you may designate to take their place. Let the shipment of such as can be spared before their places are filled be commenced at once.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 19, 1865—11.30 p. m. (Received 1.05 a. m. 20th.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Commanding Armies of the United States:

The order in cipher is received, and will be executed at once.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 71. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, April 19, 1865.

I. By direction of the President, the Department of Virginia, and such parts of North Carolina as may not be occupied by the command of Major-General Sherman, and including the Army of the Potomac, will constitute the Military Division of the James.

II. Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck, U. S. Army, is assigned to the command of the Military Division of the James.

III. General Orders, No. 65, current series, is hereby revoked.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 99. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 19, 1865.

* * * * * * *

V. The Fifth Army Corps will at once relieve the Ninth Corps, now guarding the railroad from Burke's Station to Petersburg. One division of the Fifth Corps will be posted at Nottoway Court-House; one at Blacks and Whites, and one at Wilson's Station; from these the necessary intermediate guards will be furnished. The Ninth Corps, upon being relieved by the Fifth Corps, will immediately proceed to City Point and thence to Washington City. On its arrival at Washington the commanding general will report for further instructions to Lieutenant-General Grant, commanding Armies of the United States. The shipment of such troops of the Ninth Corps, not at this moment absolutely necessary to guard the railroad, will be made at once. The chief quartermaster of this army will make such arrangements as will insure a rapid shipment of these troops. It is important that this order be executed without delay.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. 3D BRIG., 1ST DIV., SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 19, 1865.

Lieut. Col. R. A. BROWN,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General:

COLONEL: In accordance with your communication of to-day, I have the honor to submit the following list of officers of this brigade who in my opinion deserve promotion for their behavoir during the recent campaign:

L. W. Husk, lieutenant-colonel, One hundred and eleventh Regiment New York Volunteers, to be promoted to colonel by brevet for splendid

behavior on the 31st day of March at the Boydton plank road, where his regiment captured the colors of the Forty-first Georgia Regiment and over 100 prisoners; likewise for the skillful and gallant manner with which this officer handled the skirmish line on April 7, driving the enemy's line of battle from position with a mere skirmish line, and for distinguished gallantry at Sutherland's Station, on the South Side Railroad, where he led his regiment in two separate charges through a murderous fire of artillery and musketry.

Joseph Hyde, lieutenant-colonel, One hundred and twenty-fifth New York Volunteers, to be promoted to colonel by brevet for his gallantry and distinguished behavior at the Boydton plank road March 31; at Sutherland's Station, April 2, and for his uniform good conduct and gallantry in the several battles of the campaign.

John B. Geddis, captain, commanding One hundred and twenty-sixth New York Volunteers, to be promoted to major by brevet for his gallantry and the skillful manner in which he handled his regiment at the Boydton plank road March 31 (was severely wounded).

Edgar J. Hueston, captain, One hundred and eleventh Regiment New York Volunteers, to be promoted to major by brevet for his distinguished gallantry at Boydton plank road March 31, remarked by all throughout the brigade (he being severely wounded).

H. Dodt, captain and acting assistant adjutant-general, to be promoted to major by brevet for gallantry at Boydton road, Sutherland's Station, and the several battles of the campaign. It will be remembered I mentioned Captain Dodt in my official report, and there recommended him for promotion. I have never seen a better staff officer in action.

The case of Captains Geddis and Hueston, and the action of other officers so far as relates to the 31st of March, is stated by me upon representation of my staff and the general opinion throughout the brigade, as I was not placed in command until April 2. Yet I have seen those officers in very many battles and have personal knowledge of the gallantry and bravery of each.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

C. D. MACDOUGALL,
Brevet Brigadier-General, Commanding.

FARMVILLE, *April 19, 1865.*
(Received 11.35 a. m.)

Bvt. Maj. Gen. A. S. WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

GENERAL: The train has just arrived, 11 a. m., with nineteen guns—all the guns there. Left twenty carriages train could not bring. Small guard left with the remainder. Will they be sent for or destroyed and guard relieved? I have ordered my safe-guards in to-morrow to leave for Burkeville.

Yours,

JNO. I. CURTIN,
Brevet Brigadier-General, Commanding.

P. S.—What disposition will I make of the rolling-stock on railroad in case I leave this place to-morrow?

J. I. C.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 19, 1865—11.45 a. m.

Brigadier-General CURTIN,
Commanding, Farmville:

You can destroy the gun carriages. Do not hurt the rolling-stock of the railroad, but leave it in charge of some prominent person in Farmville, with orders to see that it be not abused by unauthorized parties. This done, report with your command to General Parke.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
Richmond, Va., April 19, 1865—10.25 a. m.
(Received 10.30 a. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

There have several thousand of the Army of Northern Virginia arrived in Richmond as their homes and en route. They are without money or food. There are perhaps 25,000 women and children, of all colors, here in the same condition. Their money valueless, they can get no food. Two hundred or 300 men a day are arriving to give themselves up, lay down their arms, and be paroled under the order I have issued. Labor and bread these people must have. I have authorized the canal, road, and mill companies to resume their works, under the condition that they are subject to give up to the United States at any moment. I have encouraged the destitute to quit the city by every route; have provided labor for all the colored men. I am opening shops for sewing women; have given passes to go home to a few officers and men of the paroled army, via the northern cities, thinking that they would be better away from this place and would not dare to do overt acts at the North. Confidence in the United States and efforts to deserve the confidence of our authorities are being shown by the officers and men of General Lee's army continually. There are thousands of colored people flocking into town and roaming through the country. They should be set to work. We cannot afford to feed them in idleness. Generals W. H. F. Lee, Heth, Pickett, Alexander, and others, and many prominent and formerly wealthy citizens, are asking me what they shall do to make their bread, expressing their great desire to co-operate with this Government if they can have peace and protection. My belief is that they desire the military authorities to remain in power under your control, at least until order can be restored, rather than any attempt be now made to organize a civil government in this State. Could you visit this city much good would result and, in my opinion, your person would be safer here than in Washington.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 19, 1865.*

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT:

Your dispatch is received on the subject of sending paroled prisoners home. My impression is that the printed order furnished them by General Gilmore promises them transportation home free where their

routes home are in our lines. Large numbers are arriving here destitute. I shall refuse them forage and subsistence; but little of the former has been issued. It is too late to turn any leaving yesterday back from Fort Monroe. None will be allowed to leave to-day.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 19, 1865.*
(Received 4 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT:

Your order prohibiting passes via northern routes to paroled prisoners will leave a large number of destitute officers and men here. The railroad and canal routes are all destroyed. There are no horses or mules or carriages left in this vicinity. Many of the paroled prisoners have their homes in Maryland, Northern Kentucky, and Tennessee. Others have no homes—such, for instance, as came from Hampton, the coast of North Carolina, and where freedmen's farms have been established on their former homes. These people's money is worthless and they have no food, nor can they buy it or obtain labor here. They are coming here by thousands. Many of them have wives and children here. It would be absurd to expect them, with the bridges through the country burnt, to foot it away or home. It is important to get them away from here. If I am not authorized either to feed them or send them away by the most expeditious routes I cannot be responsible for the consequences.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 19, 1865—5.30 p. m.*

Major-General ORD, *Richmond, Va.:*

Your dispatch received. We cannot undertake to bear all the hardships brought on individuals by their treason and rebellion. It was no part of the agreement that we should furnish homes, subsistence, or transportation to Lee's army. After the surrender I ordered that the paroles of men should be a pass to go through our lines to reach their homes, and that where transported on roads or vessels run by Government fare should not be collected. I did not by any means intend that this should be an excuse for all who choose to come within our lines and stay there, a public charge, or that men going to North Carolina or Georgia should be furnished a pleasant passage through the North and coastwise to their homes. Those living beyond our lines or in the seceded States before they come North must qualify themselves as citizens by claiming and conforming to the President's amnesty proclamation. General Halleck will start to Richmond to-morrow and he will take up and settle the present difficulties.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 19, 1865.*

Hon. C. A. DANA, *Assistant Secretary of War:*

Richmond is full of non-residents, paroled prisoners, refugees, followers of the army, and colored people. Every boat brings from the North persons on business of various kinds, often very indiscreet in

their conduct. I beg that the strictest orders may be given in regard to passes for Richmond until the city is cleared of the dangerous element that now fills it.

M. R. PATRICK,
Brigadier-General and Provost-Marshal-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 45. } HDQRS. TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS, *Burkeville, Va., April 19, 1865.*

I. A body of men to be called flankers will at once be organized in this corps by selecting from each regiment good, reliable soldiers at the rate of two to each 100 men.

II. The men so selected shall be called right and left flankers and will wear on their right and left arm respectively the division badge half way between the shoulder and the elbow.

III. On the march the flankers will be the only men permitted to leave the ranks, and it shall be their duty to march on the right and left of the column and see that none others leave it.

IV. The flankers will be excused from all picket, guard, and fatigue details; will be designated by name from brigade headquarters, and when once appointed will not be relieved except by orders from the brigade commander.

V. The quartermaster's department will furnish the necessary badges to carry out this order.

By command of Maj. Gen. John Gibbon:

EDWARD MOALE,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 26. } HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION, TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS, *In the Field, Va., April 19, 1865.*

The brigadier-general commanding takes this his first opportunity to congratulate this division on its brilliant achievements since leaving the north bank of the James. April 2, at the assault on Fort Gregg, the fighting was of the most desperate character, but by your steadfastness and courage you compelled it to surrender with its entire garrison and artillery, and won the key to Petersburg. Twice have you by the unparalleled rapidity of your marches met the head of the column of Lee's army, the last time at Appomattox Court-House, April 9, 1865, defeating it and cutting off his only line of retreat, thus hastening his surrender. The well-closed ranks and almost entire absence of straggling with which your marches have been conducted are unprecedented, and have won the highest praise from all. During this time you have captured about 1,400 prisoners, including 1 general officer, and many officers of high rank, 13 pieces of artillery with caissons, and 5 battle-flags. A portion of your achievements have been under the immediate eye of the lieutenant general, and full credit is given you by all of your superior officers. Through life no soldier will have a more honorable record than the fact that he did his duty through this short but brilliant campaign which terminated in the surrender of the Army of Northern Virginia. To the friends of our honored dead we offer our sincere sympathies. May our wounded speedily recover, and

may you always sustain the proud and honorable name that by your courage and good conduct you have fairly won for the Red Heart of the First Division, Twenty-fourth Army Corps.

R. S. FOSTER,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 29. } HDQRS. DISTRICT OF EASTERN VIRGINIA, *Norfolk, Va., April 19, 1865.*

To those erring and misguided persons who have been allowed to return to their homes, and to all to whom it may be applicable, this order is promulgated. Many of you have been madly attempting the destruction of our common country, but a just God has defeated your efforts. You have experienced the might of your Government. You are now permitted to enjoy its clemency. You are again at home with the loved flag of the nation waving over you, to defend, succor, and protect. You are received into this district in the belief that, truly penitent for the past, you will become good citizens in the future. That you will in return for the confidence bestowed show yourselves worthy that confidence. In that belief you may rely upon fair and impartial treatment. Upon a proper manifestation of allegiance you shall seek your own living as you choose, and be subject to no excessive restraints. You shall share equally all the privileges that can, with safety, be bestowed on any. Thus will you be trusted. With yourselves and your families remains your future of happiness or misery. As you give so shall you receive. With what measure you mete out your loyalty shall protection and pardon be meted out to you. A surly and dogged obedience, a traitorous life service, and a sneering worship in God's holy temple with treason in the heart, will not assure such happiness to the male or female subject that joy will be born therefrom. Let there be thanks to God that the heart of the nation has been turned to pardon rather than to punishment, but take heed that offense cometh not again.

By order of Brig. Gen. George H. Gordon:

T. H. HARRIS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 19, 1865—10.45 a. m.

Major-General HANCOCK, *Winchester:*

There is evidence that Mosby knew of Booth's plan, and was here in this city with him; also that some of the gang are endeavoring to escape by crossing the upper Potomac to get with Mosby or the secesh there. Atzerodt, or Port Tobacco as he is called, is known to have gone to Rockville Saturday to escape in that direction.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, *April 19, 1865—12.10 p. m.*

Major-General HANCOCK, *Winchester, Va.:*

You may receive all rebel officers and soldiers who surrender to you on exactly the same terms that were given to General Lee, except, have it distinctly understood that all who claim homes in States that never

passed ordinances of secession have forfeited them and can only return on compliance with the amnesty proclamation. Maryland, Kentucky, Delaware, and Missouri are such States. They may return to West Virginia on their paroles.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

(Copy furnished by General Hancock to Generals Emory, Stevenson, Dwight, Egan, and Morris.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., *April 19, 1865—12.10 p. m.*

Major-General HANCOCK, *Winchester, Va.:*

Your telegram of yesterday is referred to General Grant for answer. As I leave to-morrow morning, you will hereafter address the Adjutant-General or General Grant.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General and Chief of Staff.

WINCHESTER, VA., *April 19, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK, *Chief of Staff:*

Colonel Mosby asks for a suspension of hostilities for ten days to learn the fate of Johnston. He says if Johnston surrenders or is beaten he will disperse his command and leave the country. He has also already notified his men that they might individually come in and be paroled, if they desired. Some of them are coming in. The officers of his command, fifteen or twenty in number, yesterday universally expressed regret at the death of the President. The people are all anxious for Mosby to surrender. If the authorities of Washington think it advisable to allow the truce of ten days I should like to be notified to-day; otherwise the truce will end with him to-morrow at noon.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 19, 1865—5.30 p. m.*

Major-General HANCOCK, *Winchester, Va.:*

If Mosby does not avail himself of the present truce end it and hunt him and his men down. Guerrillas, after beating the armies of the enemy, will not be entitled to quarter.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WINCHESTER, *April 19, 1865.*
(Received 11.15 a. m. 20th.)

Lieutenant-General GRANT:

GENERAL: I have your dispatch concerning Mosby. I have already informed him that there would be no more truce with him after 12 m. to-morrow, and if he then surrenders there would only be a truce at the point of surrender sufficiently long to have him sign the paroles.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 19, 1865—8.30 p. m.*

Major-General HANCOCK, *Winchester, Va.:*

Send one division of infantry and all the cavalry you can spare to Washington at once. Send at least one regiment of cavalry, even if hard to spare, and a brigade if disposable.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WINCHESTER, *April 19, 1865.*
(Received 11.15 a. m. 20th.)

General AUGUR:

GENERAL: I have a brigade of veterans at Camp Stoneman, which please dispose of as you may see fit. I shall give them no military orders save through you.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General.

WINCHESTER, *April 19, 1865.*

General EMORY, *Cumberland:*

General Hancock directs me to say that there is evidence that Mosby knew of Booth's plan to assassinate the President, and was at Washington with him, and that some of the gang are endeavoring to escape by crossing the Upper Potomac to get with Mosby or the secesh. Atzerodt, or Port Tobacco as he is called, is known to have gone to Rockville Saturday to escape in that direction. The general desires you to be watchful that none of the assassins pass through your lines.

Respectfully,

W. G. MITCHELL,
Colonel and Aide-de-Camp.

(Same to General Stevenson.)

WINCHESTER, *April 19, 1865.*

General EMORY:

Major-General Hancock directs me to say that the truce with Mosby was extended until noon of the 20th by General Chapman, who met Mosby yesterday at Millwood.

W. G. MITCHELL,
Brevet Colonel and Aide-de-Camp.

(Same to Generals Augur, Stevenson, Dwight, Brooke, Barnes, and Morris.)

HEADQUARTERS,
Harper's Ferry, April 19, 1865.

Colonel MITCHELL, *Aide-de-Camp:*

I have the honor to report the Mobberly band all finally disposed of, the outside remaining men having surrendered their arms and been paroled this day.

Respectfully,

J. D. STEVENSON,
Brigadier-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 19, 1865.

Brigadier-General STEVENSON,
Harper's Ferry, Va.:

GENERAL: Major-General Hancock wishes me to express his gratification that you have finished Mobberly and his gang. Look out for your lines after 12 o'clock to-morrow. Mosby will either surrender or the truce with him will end at that hour.

Respectfully,

W. G. MITCHELL,
Brevet Colonel and Aide-de-Camp.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 19, 1865.

General STEVENSON,
Harper's Ferry, W. Va.:

GENERAL: Major-General Hancock directs me to say that he is sending a division of infantry and some cavalry to Washington. The transportation of the division has been directed to be collected at Harper's Ferry or at Pleasant Valley under your orders, and to be sent by you under a sufficient guard to Washington. The guard will be ordered to return. If you think proper you can use the dismounted cavalry for this purpose. A close watch should be kept on persons getting into the cars at Harper's Ferry and at all points along your lines going either way. Persons coming into your lines from the front should be made to account for themselves.

Respectfully,

W. G. MITCHELL,
Brevet Colonel and Aide-de-Camp.

WINCHESTER, *April 19, 1865.*

General EGAN:

Major-General Hancock directs that you relieve without delay the troops of General Dwight along the railroad.

W. G. MITCHELL,
Colonel and Aide-de-Camp.

HEADQUARTERS,
Gauley, W. Va., April 19, 1865—8 a. m.

Col. J. H. OLEY,
Commanding District of Kanawha, W. Va.:

Colonel Hounshell accepts the terms offered to Lee by Grant, and surrenders his command, numbering 400 men, and will turn over all arms and Government property at Lewisburg, W. Va., immediately. Muster-rolls to be made and paroles given upon the terms of Lee's surrender. Shall I take an escort and proceed to Lewisburg to receive the same? The colonel states that other commands beyond Lewisburg and hundreds of men from other armies will accept these terms. Have I power to grant them and parole these men also?

J. WHITLEY, JR.,
Captain, Commanding Post.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., *April 19, 1865.*

Capt. JOHN WHITLEY, Jr.,
Loup Creek:

You do not state whether Colonel Hounshell states what General Echols' position [is]—whether he approves of his surrender or will interfere. This is important, as I understand Colonel H. is under Echols' command. A staff officer will be with you to-morrow with full instructions, but answer about Echols at once.

JOHN H. OLEY,
Colonel, Commanding.

I want to know the position of these other commands with Echols, and whether he has any force with him.

HEADQUARTERS,
Gauley, W. Va., April 19, 1865—6 p. m.

Col. J. H. OLEY,
Commanding District of Kanawha:

General Echols has disbanded his command, and has himself left this department to join Johnston's army. Colonel Hounshell is in command of the District of Greenbrier and Monroe, and at present is in command of the Department of West Virginia and East Tennessee, by virtue of his rank. The matter is fully understood between those present here, and Colonel Hounshell is anxious to return and complete the arrangement already commenced. Shall I proceed to Lewisburg in accordance with my dispatch this morning to consummate the arrangement or return to Loup Creek?

J. WHITLEY, JR.,
Captain, Commanding Post.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, April 19, 1865—11.10 a. m.

Brevet Brigadier-General MORRIS,
Commanding Middle Department, Baltimore, Md.:

You will receive the remains of the late President Abraham Lincoln upon their entry within your lines and take charge of them under the orders of this Department while they remain in your command. The ceremonies and public honors to be paid them while in your command will be in conformity with the directions of the executive of the State, to whom you will report. Acknowledge receipt.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

BALTIMORE, MD., *April 19, 1865.*
(Received 6 p. m.)

Brig. Gen. E. D. TOWNSEND:

General Morris telegraphed you yesterday respecting transportation for paroled rebel prisoners. It is important that the question be decided as soon as possible, as there are a considerable number of

paroled rebel officers and enlisted men here, and the number is increasing rapidly, and their presence is exceedingly obnoxious to the loyal citizens. Please send me instructions as soon as possible.

LEW. WALLACE,
Major-General, Commanding.

HDQRS. MIDDLE DEPARTMENT, EIGHTH ARMY CORPS,
Baltimore, April 19, 1865.

Hon. A. W. BRADFORD,
Governor of Maryland:

GOVERNOR: I have just received an order from the War Department directing me to take charge of the remains of the late President Abraham Lincoln upon their entry within the lines of this department, and to report to you in order that the ceremonies and public honors to be paid them while in this command may be in conformity with your directions. If you cannot be in this city this evening or to-night please telegraph instructions.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

LEW. WALLACE,
Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 85. } HDQRS. MIDDLE DEPT., 8TH ARMY CORPS,
Baltimore, Md., April 19, 1865.

The undersigned respectfully announces his resumption of command of the department, lately so well conducted by Bvt. Brig. Gen. W. W. Morris.

LEW. WALLACE,
Major-General, Commanding.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 19, 1865—11 p. m.

Major-General DIX,
New York:

It has been finally concluded to conform to the original arrangements made yesterday for the conveyance of the remains of the late President Abraham Lincoln from Washington to Springfield, viz, by way of Baltimore, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, New York, Albany, Buffalo, Cleveland, Columbus, Indianapolis, Chicago, to Springfield.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

(Same to Governor Fenton, Albany; John W. Garrett, esq., Baltimore; Governor Curtin, Harrisburg; General Cadwalader, Philadelphia.)

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
April 19, 1865.

Major-General DIX,
Commanding Department of the East, New York City:

You will meet the remains of the late President Abraham Lincoln upon their entry within your lines and escort them to Buffalo, N. Y., keeping guard over them under the orders of this Department while

they remain in your command. The ceremonies and public honors to be paid them while in your command will be in conformity with the directions of the executive of the State, to whom you will report. Acknowledge receipt.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
April 19, 1865.

His Excellency Governor CURTIN, *Harrisburg, Pa.:*

The inclosed order has been sent to General Cadwalader, who will report to you:

Major-General CADWALADER,
Commanding Department of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa..

You will meet the remains of the late President Abraham Lincoln upon their entry within your lines and escort them to Harrisburg, the capital of Pennsylvania, keeping guard over them, under the orders of this Department, while they remain in your command. The ceremonies and public honors to be paid them while in your command will be in conformity with the directions of the executive of the State, to whom you will report. Acknowledge receipt.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
April 19, 1865. (Sent 10.55 a. m.)

Major-General HOOKER,
Commanding Northern Department, Cincinnati, Ohio:

You will meet the remains of the late President Abraham Lincoln upon their entry within your lines and escort them to Springfield, the capital of Illinois, keeping guard over them, under the orders of this Department, while they remain in your command. The ceremonies and public honors to be paid them while in your command will be in conformity with the directions of the executive of the State, to whom you will report.

Acknowledge receipt.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WESTERN RAILROAD CORPORATION,
Springfield, Mass., April 19, 1865. (Received 10.30 a. m.)

Hon. GEORGE ASHMUN:

Cannot the funeral train pass through a portion of New England? Do me the favor of tendering to the War Department for that purpose a train from New York to Albany via New Haven, Hartford, and Springfield. In no portion of our common country do the people mourn in deeper grief than in New England. This slight divergence will take in the route the capital of Connecticut and also important points in Massachusetts.

C. W. CHAPIN,
President.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., *April 19, 1865.*

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON, *Secretary of War:*

This morning's papers contain the deplorable intelligence of the assassination of President Lincoln and Secretary Seward. Under the providence of God, in February, 1861, I was enabled to save him from the fate he has now met. How I regret that I had not been near him previous to this fatal act. I might have been the means to arrest it. If I can be of any service please let me know. The service of my whole force, or life itself, is at your disposal, and I trust you will excuse me for impressing upon you the necessity of great personal caution on your part. At this time the nation cannot spare you.

E. J. ALLEN [ALLAN PINKERTON].

SAINT LOUIS, MO., *April 19, 1865.*
(Received 9.10 p. m.)

Mrs. President LINCOLN:

The authorities of Saint Louis have made the most elaborate arrangements befitting the solemn occasion to receive with the honors due to the departed chief his mortal remains. Please grant to us and the people west of the Mississippi, who loved him so well, the respectful request to direct his body to pass by way of Cincinnati to Saint Louis, thence to Springfield.

HENRY T. BLOW.
JAS. H. THOMAS,
Mayor of Saint Louis.
WM. TAUSSIG,
President Saint Louis County Committee.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 72. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, April 20, 1865.*

The following general officers and guard of honor will accompany the remains of the late President from the city of Washington to Springfield, the capital of the State of Illinois, and continue with them until they are consigned to their final resting place: Bvt. Brig. Gen. E. D. Townsend, assistant adjutant-general, to represent the Secretary of War; Bvt. Brig. Gen. Charles Thomas, assistant quartermaster-general; Brig. Gen. A. B. Eaton, commissary-general of subsistence; Bvt. Maj. Gen. J. G. Barnard, lieutenant-colonel of engineers; Brig. Gen. G. D. Ramsay, ordnance department; Brig. Gen. A. P. Howe, chief of artillery; Bvt. Brig. Gen. D. C. McCallum, superintendent military railroads; Maj. Gen. D. Hunter, U. S. Volunteers; Brig. Gen. J. C. Caldwell, U. S. Volunteers; twenty-five picked men, under a captain.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 20, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General, U. S. Army:

SIR: You will observe the following instructions in relation to conveying the remains of the late President Lincoln to Springfield, Ill.

Official duties prevent the Secretary of War from gratifying his desire to accompany the remains of the late beloved and distinguished President Abraham Lincoln from Washington to their final resting place at his former home in Springfield, Ill., and therefore Assistant Adjutant-General Townsend is specially assigned to represent the Secretary of War, and to give all necessary orders in the name of the Secretary as if he were present, and such orders will be obeyed and respected accordingly. The number of general officers designated is nine, in order that at least one general officer may be continually in view of the remains from the time of departure from Washington until their interment.

The following details, in addition to the General Orders, No. 72, will be observed:

1. The State executive will have the general direction of the public honors in each State and furnish additional escort and guards of honor at places where the remains are taken from the hearse car, but subject to the general command of the departmental, division, or district commander.

2. The Adjutant-General will have a discretionary power to change or modify details not conflicting with the general arrangement.

3. The directions of General McCallum in regard to the transportation and whatever may be necessary for safe and appropriate conveyance will be rigorously enforced.

4. The Adjutant-General and the officers in charge are specially enjoined to strict vigilance to see that everything appropriate is done and that the remains of the late illustrious President receive no neglect or indignity.

5. The regulations in respect to the persons to be transported on the funeral train will be rigorously enforced.

6. The Adjutant-General will report by telegraph the arrival and departure at each of the designated cities on the route.

7. The remains, properly escorted, will be removed from the Capitol to the hearse car on the morning of Friday, the 21st, at 6 a. m., so that the train may be ready to start at the designated hour of 8 o'clock, and at each point designated for public honors care will be taken to have them restored to the hearse car in season for starting the train at the designated hour.

8. A disbursing officer of the proper bureau will accompany the cortege to defray the necessary expenses, keeping an exact and detailed account thereof, and also distinguishing the expenses incurred on account of the Congressional committees, so that they may be reimbursed from the proper appropriations.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
Washington, April 20, 1865.

The following officers of the Navy and Marine Corps will accompany the remains of the late President from the city of Washington to Springfield, the capital of the State of Illinois, and continue with them until they are consigned to their final resting place: Rear-Admiral Charles Henry Davis, chief Bureau of Navigation; Capt. William Rogers Taylor, U. S. Navy; Maj. Thomas Y. Field, U. S. Marine Corps.

GIDEON WELLES,
Secretary of the Navy.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 78. } HDQRS. ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES, *Washington, D. C., April 20, 1865.*

I. Brig. Gen. Edward A. Wild, U. S. Volunteers, having been relieved from duty in the Department of Virginia and ordered to report to these headquarters by Maj. Gen. E. O. C. Ord, will proceed to his home, and from there report by letter to the Adjutant-General of the Army, Washton, D. C., for orders.

II. Brig. Gen. Hugh Ewing, U. S. Volunteers, will report in person to Maj. Gen. C. C. Augur, commanding Department of Washington, for orders.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SURRATT. BOOTH. HEROLD.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, April 20, 1865.

$100,000 REWARD.

The murderer of our late beloved President Abraham Lincoln is still at large.

Fifty thousand dollars reward will be paid by this Department for his apprehension, in addition to any reward offered by municipal authorities or State executives.

Twenty-five thousand dollars reward will be paid for the apprehension of John H. Surratt, one of Booth's accomplices.

Twenty-five thousand dollars reward will be paid for the apprehension of David E. Herold, another of Booth's accomplices.

Liberal rewards will be paid for any information that shall conduce to the arrest of either of the above-named criminals or their accomplices.

All persons harboring or secreting the said persons, or either of them, or aiding or assisting their concealment or escape, will be treated as accomplices in the murder of the President and the attempted assassination of the Secretary of State, and shall be subject to trial before a military commission and the punishment of death.

Let the stain of innocent blood be removed from the land by the arrest and punishment of the murderers.

All good citizens are exhorted to aid public justice on this occasion. Every man should consider his own conscience charged with this solemn duty, and rest neither night nor day until it be accomplished.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

Descriptions.—Booth is five feet seven or eight inches high, slender build, high forehead, black hair, black eyes, and wore a heavy black mustache, which there is some reason to believe has been shaved off.

John H. Surratt is about five feet nine inches. Hair rather thin and dark; eyes rather light; no beard. Would weigh 145 or 150 pounds. Complexion rather pale and clear, with color in his cheeks. Wore light clothes of fine quality. Shoulders square; cheek bones rather promi-

nent; chin narrow; ears projecting at the top; forehead rather low and square, but broad. Parts his hair on the right side. Neck rather long. His lips are firmly set. A slim man.

David E. Herold is five feet six inches high, hair dark, eyes dark, eyebrows rather heavy, full face, nose short, hand short and fleshy, feet small, instep high, round bodied, naturally quick and active; slightly closes his eyes when looking at a person.

Notice.—In addition to the above, State and other authorities have offered rewards amounting to almost $100,000, making an aggregate of about $200,000.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 20, 1865—8 a. m.

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT:

Shall the Ninth Corps take with them their artillery and supply trains?

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 20, 1865—12.30 p. m.*

Major-General MEADE:

The Ninth Corps will bring everything with them.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 20, 1865—3 p. m. (Received 5 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT:

I transmit a dispatch just handed me by Mr. Dunn. The Danville road is in working order as far as the Staunton River. Mr. Dunn says there are no Confederate troops or authorities at Danville; that it was understood there that Johnston and Breckinridge had met General Sherman at Hillsborough, and that terms had been agreed upon by which Johnston's army was to be disbanded and sent to their homes. No answer pending your instructions has been given to Mr. Dunn, who will await here your decision.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

[Inclosure.]

DANVILLE, VA., *April 19, 1865.*

WILLIAM S. DUNN,
Engineer of Repairs, Richmond and Danville Railroad:

SIR: You will at once proceed to the advanced post of the Army of the United States on the line of the Richmond and Danville Railroad and inquire of the officers in command if it is the purpose of the military authorities of the United States to allow the Richmond and Danville Railroad to work their road through from Danville to Richmond without interference, and state that in that event steps will be at once

taken to place the road in proper condition for running. As soon as you ascertain the purpose of the said authorities you will report to me by telegraph and in person.

Respectfully,

LEWIS E. HARVIE,
President of the Richmond and Danville Railroad.

WASHINGTON, *April 20, 1865—9.30 p. m.*

Major-General MEADE:

You may say to Mr. Dunn that the policy to be pursued toward railroad companies south of the James River has not yet been decided upon, and cannot be until it is known that the Government can control them. When the authority of the General Government is acknowledged the policy will go as far toward free trade between the States and rights of loyal citizens to control their property, railroads and all, as may be consistent with what remains of the rebellion. The roads will never be allowed to resume operations under disloyal officers nor in the interest of disloyal stockholders. It behooves all who wish to resume business under the old flag to renew their allegiance to it under the President's amnesty proclamation without delay.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

(Copy transmitted to Lewis E. Harvie, president Richmond and Danville Railroad, on April 21, by Major-General Meade.)

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 20, 1865. (Sent 1.10 p. m.)

Brig. Gen. RUFUS INGALLS,
City Point:

The Ninth Corps takes six batteries. The other four, lately attached to it from other corps, are ordered to the reserve at Petersburg. Colonel Batchelder has telegraphed you about the Ninth Corps wagon trains.

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CITY POINT, VA., *April 20, 1865.*

Brig. Gen. JOHN A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff, Lieutenant-General Grant, Washington, D. C.:

Sheridan left his wagons at Harper's Ferry. He requires at least 100 at Petersburg. Can I take them from the Ninth Corps? I am told that corps is under marching orders. What disposition shall be made of its means of transportation? I would suggest that artillery, wagon trains, &c., could be sent by land without much loss of time if the lieutenant-general should wish.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *April 20, 1865—4.45 p. m.*

General R. INGALLS,
City Point, Va.:

You may keep from the Ninth Corps what wagons you deem necessary for Sheridan's cavalry. If it is necessary for the Ninth Corps to have any more I will direct some from Harper's Ferry to be brought up.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

CITY POINT, VA., *April 20, 1865.*

Bvt. Maj. Gen. M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster-General, U. S. Army, Washington, D. C.:

There is now a large quantity of forage here and at Fortress Monroe; enough grain for 65,000 animals forty days, and hay for twenty-five days. The hay has accumulated since the opening of the recent campaign, during which the animals were foraged on the country. The railroad is now in condition to transport forage to the places occupied by the troops. The cavalry is supplied at Petersburg by the Appomattox River. The consumption from this time will therefore be considerable. Most of the hay and grain is afloat, and can be sent to any other point if desirable. I would suggest that no more be sent here until the probable disposition of the troops is more fully developed. On the 6th of April I asked Colonel Brown to diminish his shipments one-third.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
April 20, 1865.

Brig. Gen. R. INGALLS,
City Point:

A messenger has arrived here from Danville with a proposition from the President of the Richmond and Danville Railroad to open that road from Richmond to Danville. I have given the letter to General Meade, and he has referred it to General Grant. The messenger says that the rolling-stock of the road is all about Danville; that the road is in good order; that Jeff. Davis has left, and that there is no enemy about.

R. N. BATCHELDER,
Colonel and Chief Quartermaster, Army of the Potomac.

U. S. MILITARY RAILROADS,
City Point, April 20, 1865.

General D. C. MCCALLUM,
Military Director, &c., Washington, D. C.:

Party returned from Danville road. The iron bridge of two spans, 110 feet each and 50 feet high, across the Appomattox, twenty-seven miles from Richmond, and 2,000 feet of track, is destroyed. The other portion of the road is good to Burkeville, except about twenty miles of track next Richmond, in about the same condition as South Side road.

J. J. MOORE,
Chief Engineer and General Superintendent.

HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, SIGNAL DEPARTMENT,
April 20, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of the Potomac:

COLONEL: I have the honor to forward herewith the flag of the rebel gun-boat Nansemond, and a rebel signal flag captured by enlisted men of the signal corps of this army. The signal flag was taken by Second-Class Private Henry Greenwood on the morning of April 3, 1865, from one of the enemy's signal stations in the city of Petersburg, having probably been left by the enemy in the haste of his departure. Lieut. P. H. Niles, U. S. Signal Corps, says in reporting the capture of the flag of the gun-boat Nansemond:

On the 6th of April, 1865, near Jetersville, Va., in company with Captain Benyaurd, U. S. Engineers, and my orderly, Private Lane, and in advance of the army, we pursued and captured 7 rebels, viz, 2 naval officers, 1 engineer, 1 acting signal officer (all of the rebel gun-boat Nansemond), and 3 enlisted men. The flag of the gun-boat Nansemond was secured from one of these enlisted men by Second-Class Private Morgan D. Lane, U. S. Signal Corps.

I have the honor to be, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHAS. L. DAVIS,
Captain and Chief Signal Officer, Army of the Potomac.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, D. C., April 20, 1865.

Bvt. Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Armies of the United States:

COLONEL: I have the honor to report that, according to instructions received from headquarters Armies of the United States, I remained at Appomattox Court-House, Va., after the surrender of General R. E. Lee and the Army of Northern Virginia, to receive from the officers thereof their paroles and those of the men forming their late commands. The work was commenced as soon as a single roll was received from the officers of the late rebel army, and was followed with all possible dispatch from daylight to a late hour each night until the 15th instant, when I was enabled to leave with the papers, and reported to you personally yesterday. The language of the parole, as submitted by me to the chief of staff and approved by him, was held; and inclosure A is the form signed by the officers, while inclosure B is a copy of a slip which was firmly attached to the several rolls of the men as furnished by the officers. The addition thereto, marked C, certifying that "the within-named men will not be disturbed by the U. S. authorities so long as they observe their parole and the laws in force where they may reside," was appended by the officers composing the commission, and by their direction was signed by me as assistant provost-marshal-general. Inclosure D is a copy of the certificate of parole given by each rebel commissioned officer to his men, the senior officer of each brigade, division, and corps, giving the same to his officers, and General Lee at his own request receiving one from the undersigned "by command of Lieutenant-General Grant." In order that these certificates of parole might be respected by officers and men of our army, Major-General Gibbon issued the inclosed order, marked E; but as many of those bearing such certificates have already passed and are still pass-

ing within the limits of other commands, it is respectfully suggested that an order from the lieutenant-general is desirable to insure full efficacy thereto throughout the United States.

The slip or addition marked C was also added to the rolls of the officers. On account of the very considerable disorganization of General Lee's army, the work was difficult and laborious, and infinite pains were required to reduce the same to some system, with what success will be observed from an examination of the duplicate rolls herewith respectfully forwarded. After the death of Lieut. Gen. A. P. Hill his corps was placed under the command of Lieutenant-General Longstreet, while at the time of the surrender General Gordon's corps comprised his own (late that of Lieutenant-General Early) and also the corps or command of Lieutenant-General Ewell, previously captured, the highest officer in which was a lieutenant-colonel.

Thus many of the rebel officers did not clearly understand their own organization, and to add to the difficulties many officers and men came in after the paroling of their command, when they had heard the terms offered by General Grant, preferring to receive the benefits thereof to a successful escape. Some of the rebel commanding officers also left at an early hour after perfecting their own papers, leaving their men and subordinate officers without advice or assistance, and toward the end I was obliged to apply to Maj. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee to detail an officer to remain with me for the purpose of taking up men of various commands, which he did by directing his assistant adjutant-general, Captain Cove, to report for that purpose.

Officers and men of the rebel army were found most willing to obey directions for the faithful carrying out of the terms of the surrender, under the expectation that the same would result in personal benefit to them, and many of them while expressing thankfulness to our officers animadverted strongly upon their abandonment by their own officers, but, as the latter could not be heard in explanation, I have not considered it proper to include any names officially. Wherever the same could be done an attempt was made to parole officers and men by brigades, and it will be seen that this method was substantially followed with accuracy throughout General Longstreet's command. In General Gordon's, however, only a proportion could be done in that way, and future reference thereon will have to be made by regiments and will be found difficult at that. The paroling of the artillery and the cavalry command of General William H. F. Lee was personally superintended by the commanding officers thereof, and the papers are methodical to a considerable extent. Great care was taken on our part as to the exactitude of the duplicates, and, where commanding officers had left prior to the completion of the paroles of their men, the papers belonging to the other side were taken by Captain Oliver for delivery to General R. E. Lee at Richmond. Summaries have been made by actual count of each command, and will be found to accompany the papers, the whole number paroled of officers and men being a little over 26,000.

I should also add that at the request of General Lee and other officers of rank of the rebel army, and by the advice of the officers composing the commission on our side, a few of the certificates of parole were countersigned by me, where the bearers were about to proceed immediately to distant points. Such were given to officers commanding detachments, and in a few cases, which were specially represented, to individuals who were not able to proceed to their homes in the company of any organized bodies. The kindest co-operation was received from the officers of the commission on our side, and from the provost-

marshals of the Fifth and Twenty-fourth Army Corps, and the assistance rendered throughout by Capt. Paul A. Oliver was invaluable and highly meritorious.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEORGE H. SHARPE,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Assistant Provost-Marshal-General.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
June 17, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to the Secretary of War together with the rolls of officers and men of Lee's army.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

[Inclosures.*]

B.

I, the undersigned commanding officer of ——— ———, do, for the within-named prisoners of war belonging to the Army of Northern Virginia, who have been this day surrendered by General Robert E. Lee, C. S. Army, commanding said army, to Lieut. Gen. U. S. Grant, commanding Armies of the United States, hereby give my solemn parole of honor that the within named shall not hereafter serve in the armies of the Confederate States, or in any military capacity whatever, against the United States of America, or render aid to the enemies of the latter until properly exchanged, in such manner as shall be mutually approved by the respective authorities. Done at Appomattox Court-House, Va., this 9th day of April, 1865.

C.

The within-named men will not be disturbed by U. S. authorities so long as they observe their parole and the laws in force where they may reside.

D.

APPOMATTOX COURT-HOUSE, VA.,
April 10, 1865.

The bearer, ——— ———, of Company —, ——— Regiment of ——— ———, a paroled prisoner of the Army of Northern Virginia, has permission to go to his home and there remain undisturbed.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
OFFICE OF CHIEF ENGINEER,
April 20, 1865.

Col. G. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of the Potomac:

SIR: In compliance with your letter of the 18th instant I have the honor to recommend the following officers for promotion by brevet, for faithful and meritorious services in the construction of field-works in

* For inclosure A, see form of parole signed by General Lee, p. 667, and for E, see General Orders, No. 43, headquarters Twenty-fourth Army Corps, April 11, p. 709.

front of Petersburg during the past winter, and in superintending the engineering operations of this army during the late campaign: Maj. and Bvt. Lieut. Col. N. Michler, Corps of Engineers, to be colonel by brevet; Capt. and Bvt. Maj. F. Harwood, Corps of Engineers, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet; First Lieut. and Bvt. Capt. W. H. H. Benyaurd, Corps of Engineers, to be major by brevet; First Lieut. and Bvt. Capt. C. W. Howell, Corps of Engineers, to be major by brevet; First Lieut. G. J. Lydecker, Corps of Engineers, to be captain by brevet; First Lieut. D. P. Heap, Corps of Engineers, to be captain by brevet; First Lieut. C. B. Phillips, Corps of Engineers, to be captain by brevet.

I would also recommend that Lieut. Col. and Bvt. Col. I. Spaulding, Fiftieth New York Volunteer Engineers, should receive the brevet of brigadier-general for the able manner in which he has commanded his regiment during the campaign. I have approved of the recommendations made by Colonel Spaulding for the promotion of officers of his command.

Very respectfully,

J. C. DUANE,
Maj. of Eng. and Bvt. Col., Chief Engineer, Army of the Potomac.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 31, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to the Adjutant-General, approved.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
OFFICE OF PROVOST-MARSHAL-GENERAL,
April 20, 1865.

PROVOST-MARSHAL SECOND CORPS:

You will issue rations to the impoverished families living in the neighborhood of your corps upon their taking the oath of allegiance. The approval of the corps commander will be sufficient without forwarding the returns to these headquarters. Such protection as can be furnished them by division and brigade provost-marshals should be given. There is no necessity of referring them to these headquarters for safeguards, for all that we can now give are so employed.

G. N. MACY,
Provost-Marshal-General.

(Same to provost-marshals Fifth and Sixth Corps.)

HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 20, 1865.

General R. DE TROBRIAND:

I send you herewith an order for a strong regiment from your division to be sent to Farmville as garrison. A brigade of the Ninth Corps has been doing that duty, but it is now on the march from that place to join its corps, which is on the way to Washington. You will order the amount of transportation to which the

taken from the division train. The amount of supplies prescribed by orders will be taken, four days' on person, eight days' in wagons, and this amount to be kept up. The regiment will move at once; need not wait for the supplies in wagons. Please notify me what regiment you send. A small guard may accompany the wagons if they are far behind the regiment.

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

C. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

[Inclosure.]

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 87. } HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 20, 1865.

* * * * * * *

2. Brigadier-General De Trobriand, commanding Third Division, will at once send a strong regiment to Farmville to garrison that place until such time as the sick and wounded men of our army shall have been removed.

* * * * * * *

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

C. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND DIVISION, SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 20, 1865.

Lieut. Col. CHARLES A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Second Army Corps:

COLONEL: I have the honor to forward recommendations for promotion received from brigade commanders. I have not sufficient knowledge of the officers or the circumstances (almost all of which occurred before I took command of the division) either to approve or disapprove of the recommendations herein contained. I have, therefore, the honor to transmit them without comment.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

FRANCIS C. BARLOW,
Brevet Major-General of Volunteers, Commanding Division.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 21, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded.

The following recommendations of brigade commanders of the Second Division are approved, and the promotions recommended:

First Brigade: Lieut. Col. George W. La Point, Seventh Michigan Volunteers, to be colonel by brevet, April 2. Capt. A. B. Holmes, acting assistant inspector-general, to be major by brevet, April 2.

Second Brigade: Capt. Robert Heggart, commanding Sixty-ninth New York National Guard, to be major by brevet, April 2. Capt. Timothy J. Burke, commanding One hundred and sixty-fourth New York Volunteers, to be major by brevet, April 2.

Third Brigade: I am unable to make any recommendations.

A. A. HUMPHREYS,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS SECOND CORPS,
May 27, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded.

In addition to the above, the following recommendations are approved:

First Brigade: Col. I. W. Starbird, Nineteenth Maine Volunteers, to be brigadier-general by brevet, April 7, 1865. Capt. William Ludgate, Fifty-ninth New York Veteran Volunteers, to be major by brevet, April 7, 1865. Capt. O. R. Small, acting assistant adjutant-general, to be major by brevet, April 9, 1865. First Lieut. and Adjt. George Matthews, Seventh Michigan [Fifty-ninth New York] Volunteers, to be captain by brevet, April 9, 1865. First Lieut. Aldrich Tennant, Seventh Michigan Volunteers, to be captain by brevet, April 9, 1865. Second Lieut. W. H. Tripp, Nineteenth Maine Volunteers, to be captain by brevet, April 9, 1865.

Second Brigade: Lieut. James W. Young, Company G, Eighth New York Heavy Artillery, to be captain by brevet, April 9, 1865.

Third Brigade: Capt. William H. Andrews, Company C, One hundred and eighth New York Volunteers, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet, April 7, 1865. Capt. S. P. Howard, Company E, One hundred and eighth New York Volunteers, to be major by brevet, April 7, 1865. Capt. Lewis Rounds, Company C, Fourth Ohio Battalion, to be major by brevet, April 9, 1865. Capt. S. W. De Witt, Company B, Fourth Ohio Battalion, to be major by brevet, April 9, 1865.

A. A. HUMPHREYS,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Third indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 1, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to the Adjutant-General.

The foregoing recommendations of Major-General Humphreys, commanding Second Corps, are approved.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Inclosure No. 1.]

HDQRS. FIRST BRIG., SECOND DIV., 2D ARMY CORPS,
Near Burkeville, Va., April 19, 1865.

Maj. J. M. NORVELL,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Second Div., Second Army Corps:

MAJOR: In compliance with circular from headquarters Second Army Corps, dated April 18, 1865, I do respectfully recommend the following officers for promotion:

Col. I. W. Starbird, Nineteenth Infantry Maine Volunteers, to be brevet brigadier-general for meritorious services, to wit: An order was issued from headquarters Second Division, Second Army Corps, on March 29, 1865, to make a reconnaissance toward Dabney's Mill and ascertain if there was any enemy there and the strength of the same, as well as the formation of any works. I detailed Colonel Starbird, with his regiment, the Nineteenth Maine, with proper support for such purpose. He promptly obeyed the order and executed it, giving all the

required information. The brigade was advanced, and occupied the position shortly afterward. Also, on the 7th of April, 1865 (for gallant and meritorious conduct), by orders from Major-General Barlow to advance a strong regiment to take a supposed work near High Bridge, I sent him with his regiment, and, on arriving on the ——— railroad, found it unoccupied. He was advanced to High Bridge by General Barlow to save High Bridge, it having been fired by the rebels; also a small bridge for crossing below the bridge. He, with his regiment, promptly advanced, and it was mainly through his exertions saved, and the crossing secured over the small bridge. Early in the skirmish he received a very severe wound while directing his men and encouraging them to advance. He secured eighteen guns on either side of the river.

Lieut. Col. George W. La Point, Seventh Infantry Michigan Volunteers, for general good conduct and meritorious services on many occasions, to be colonel by brevet. It was through his bravery and skill with the skirmish line on the 2d of April, 1865, that we secured and occupied the fort on the right of the main line of the enemy's works, running from Petersburg to Hatcher's Run, near the Crow house. I earnestly recommend this officer for brevet colonelcy, for I am strongly of the opinion he is well deserving.

Capt. William Ludgate, commanding Fifty-ninth New York Veteran Volunteers, to be major by brevet. For his promptness and gallantry in advancing and rallying his men to advance with a small detachment of the regiment to try and save the bridge about to be fired by the rebels near Farmville on the 7th of April, 1865, I would respectfully recommend him to be major by brevet.

In conclusion, I consider that my staff are worthy of brevet promotion, and do respectfully ask that Capt. A. B. Holmes, acting assistant inspector-general, be recommended for brevet major; Capt. O. R. Small, acting assistant adjutant-general, to be major by brevet; First Lieut. and Adjt. George Matthews, Fifty-ninth New York Veteran Volunteers, acting aide-de-camp, to be captain by brevet; First Lieut. Aldrich Tennant, Seventh Michigan, aide-de-camp, to be captain by brevet; Second Lieut. William H. Tripp, Nineteenth Maine, aide-de-camp, to be captain by brevet. All the staff officers are recommended for gallant and meritorious services on every occasion for carrying and seeing personally that all orders were executed.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

WILLIAM A. OLMSTED,

Colonel Fifty-ninth New York Veteran Vols., Comdg. Brigade.

[Inclosure No. 2.]

HDQRS. SECOND BRIG., SECOND DIV., 2D ARMY CORPS,
April 20, 1865.

Maj. JOHN M. NORVELL,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Second Div., Second Army Corps:

MAJOR: In compliance with circular of the 18th instant, from headquarters Second Army Corps, I would respectfully recommend to the major-general commanding the following-named officers as deserving of promotion, as a reward for meritorious services during the late operations, viz, Capt. Robert Heggart, commanding Sixty-ninth Regiment New York National Guard Artillery; Capt. Timothy J. Burke, commanding One hundred and sixty-fourth Regiment New York State Volunteers.

Capt. Robert Heggart particularly distinguished himself in leading the assault of his regiment on the enemy's redoubts in the neighborhood of the Crow house on the 2d instant. His regiment was the only one detailed for that purpose, and was led by him in the most gallant manner. After having captured the first line of works he (Captain Heggart) immediately advanced upon another redoubt, directly in rear of the one first assaulted, and captured therein one gun, with caisson, ammunition, &c., complete, and a number of prisoners. Leaving a guard in possession of the property he at once deployed his command as skirmishers and followed up the retreating enemy to the Boydton plank road, taking many prisoners. This officer has been at all times present with his command, and participated in every engagement since Spotsylvania, and was recommended for promotion to the rank of major for gallantry displayed in the engagement at Hatcher's Run on the 5th of February.

Capt. Timothy J. Burke, One hundred and sixty-fourth New York Volunteers, was in command of the skirmish line at the time of the assault on the 2d instant. He advanced the line in connection with the Sixty-ninth New York National Guard Artillery, near Captain Heggart, and was among the first to enter the redoubt, taking about 40 prisoners, 2 guns, caissons, &c., and then moved forward upon the enemy's skirmishers with a promptness that could not be excelled. The conduct of Captain Burke upon the occasion mentioned has elicited the praise and admiration of all who witnessed the advance of our line, and as a reward therefor I would respectfully recommend that he be appointed to the rank of major.

Lieut. James W. Young, Company G, Eighth New York Heavy Artillery, is also deserving of special mention as having exhibited more than ordinary skill and bravery whilst in command of a part of the line under Captain Burke on the 2d instant, and I believe him to be worthy of and would recommend him for promotion to the rank of captain.

Hoping that the above will meet the favorable consideration of the major-general commanding,

I am, major, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. P. McIVOR,
Colonel, Commanding Brigade.

[Inclosure No. 3.]

HDQRS. THIRD BRIG., SECOND DIV., 2D ARMY CORPS,
April 20, 1865.

Maj. JOHN M. NORVELL,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Second Division:

MAJOR: I have the honor to submit the accompanying reports of regimental commanders, in accordance with instructions received in communication from corps headquarters. As I was in command of the brigade but a brief period before the closing of the campaign, I was not cognizant of any individual officer who particularly distinguished himself, but all alike performed their duty in a prompt and creditable manner.

I am, major, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

DANIEL WOODALL,
Colonel, Commanding Brigade.

[Sub-inclosure No. 1.]

HEADQUARTERS 108TH NEW YORK STATE VOLUNTEERS,
April 20, 1865.

Capt. F. M. RILEY,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General:

CAPTAIN: In compliance with instructions I have the honor to report the following-named officers as worthy of promotion:

Capt. William H. Andrews for gallantry and good conduct on the morning of April 7, 1865, and the manner in which he managed the left wing of the regiment on that morning. Captain Andrews was commissioned as major September 1, 1864, but he cannot be mustered under existing orders. He had command of the regiment most of the time from June 1, 1864, until February 1, 1865, as the colonel was absent wounded and I was in command of another organization. I think his services and abilities entitle him to the rank of lieutenant-colonel.

Capt. S. P. Howard for gallantry and good conduct on the morning of April 7, 1865. Captain Howard was continually in the advance, and was the first officer to reach the ten pieces of artillery left by the enemy at the west end of the railroad bridge. I think Captain Howard, by his services, has earned the position of major, and is entitled to the promotion.

As this regiment, preceded by a few skirmishers from the First Delaware, was the first to cross the river at High Bridge, there was an opportunity for a display of the highest qualities a soldier should possess, and I cannot speak too highly of the conduct of all officers engaged.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
F. E. PIERCE,
Lieutenant-Colonel, Commanding Regiment.

[Sub-inclosure No. 2.]

HEADQUARTERS FOURTH OHIO INFANTRY,
April 19, 1865.

Captain RILEY,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General, Third Brigade:

CAPTAIN: In compliance with circular of this date I have the honor to make the following report of commissioned officers who distinguished themselves by acts of conspicuous gallantry during the late campaign:

Lewis Rounds, captain Company C, Fourth Ohio Infantry, in company with one enlisted man, entered the fort on the Boydton plank road near the bridge, capturing 1 captain, 1 lieutenant, and 19 enlisted men, armed, with 7 musicians, the battalion being on the skirmish line at the time in charge of S. W. De Witt, captain Company B, Fourth Ohio Infantry. Also in the charge at the High Bridge, when the battalion was again on the skirmish line, at which place both these officers displayed bravery in rallying and encouraging their men, thus adding materially to the success of our arms.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
CHAS. C. CALAHAN,
Lieutenant-Colonel, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD DIVISION, SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 20, 1865.

Lieut. Col. C. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Second Army Corps:

COLONEL: I have the honor to submit the following list of officers of this command, recommended for promotion by brevet by their superior commanders.

Very respectfully,

R. DE TROBRIAND,
Brigadier-General, U. S. Volunteers.

—

List of officers recommended for promotion by brevet in the Third Division, Second Army Corps.

Name.	Rank.	Recommendation.
Byron R. Pierce	Brigadier-general	To be promoted to major-general by brevet for gallantry and ability in command of the Second Brigade, especially the 6th instant.
R. McAllister	Brevet brigadier-general	To be promoted brigadier-general in full for long and faithful services in the command of the Third Brigade, especially on March 25, April 1 and 2 last.
First Brigade.		
M. W. Burns	Lieutenant-colonel 73d New York.	To be colonel by brevet. A fighter and good officer; for gallant services, especially on the night of April 1 and April 6.
Charles H. Weygant	Lieutenant-colonel 124th New York.	To be colonel by brevet for excellent services, especially on March 25 and April 1.
Albert S. Andrews	Lieutenant-colonel 20th Indiana.	To be colonel by brevet. Gallant and efficient officer; wounded on the 27th of October; wounded again on the 25th March; carried the picket-line of the enemy in front of the brigade, and held it against every attack. Now returned to duty.
I. T. Hamilton	Major 110th Pennsylvania	To be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for meritorious services in command of his regiment. Severely wounded on March 25, 1865.
*Frank. B. Stewart	Captain, 110th Pennsylvania, brigade inspector, Second Brigade.	To be major by brevet. Good officer. Commanded his regiment with great gallantry and ability during the last campaign.
Augustus W. Keene	Captain, 40th New York	To be major by brevet. Brave and efficient officer; for gallant services as acting aide-de-camp, especially on March 25 and during the last campaign.
Samuel Shoup	Second lieutenant, 5th Michigan.	To be captain by brevet for remarkable gallantry in action, and good services as voluntary aide on October 25 last, and as aide-de-camp on all subsequent engagements.
Second Brigade.		
John Pulford	Colonel 5th Michigan	To be brigadier-general by brevet for gallantry in action and efficiency in the line of duty, especially on March 30 and April 2 and 6.
George Zinn	Colonel 57th Pennsylvania	To be brigadier-general by brevet for good and meritorious services, especially on the 6th instant.
Nathaniel Shatswell	Major 1st Massachusetts Heavy Artillery.	To be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for bravery and efficiency in the command of his regiment.
Charles P. Mattocks	Major 17th Maine	To be colonel by brevet. An excellent officer; promoted lieutenant-colonel while prisoner of war, which promotion did not take effect, the vacancy having been subsequently filled by another appointment; distinguished himself especially on the 6th instant, while in command of his regiment.
Charles W. Forrester	Adjutant 57th Pennsylvania, and acting assistant adjutant-general, Second Brigade.	To be captain by brevet for efficiency in his line of duty and gallantry in action at all times.
Silas K. Pierce	Lieutenant and aide-de-camp.	To be captain by brevet for good conduct and meritorious services.

List of officers recommended for promotion, &c.—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Recommendation.
William H. Allen	Lieutenant and acting commissary of subsistence.	To be captain by brevet for zeal and gallantry in acting as aide-de-camp in action during the last campaign.
William H. Sturgis	First lieutenant, 17th Maine.	Appended the recommendations from regimental commander.*
Robert H. Mathes	do	Do.
William H. Green	Captain, 17th Maine	Do.
Edwin A. Duncan	Second lieutenant, 17th Maine	Do.
Samuel Bryan	Major 57th Pennsylvania	Do.
John R. Ross	Captain, 57th Pennsylvania.	Do.
F. V. Shaw	First lieutenant, 57th Pennsylvania.	Do.
Daniel Kennicott	Captain, 5th Michigan	Do.
Joseph B. Kemp	First lieutenant, 5th Michigan.	Do.
Third Brigade.		
Francis Price	Colonel 7th New Jersey	To be brigadier-general by brevet for good services and efficiency in the command of his regiment.
John Schoonover	Lieutenant-colonel 11th New Jersey.	Already recommended for promotion to colonelcy by brevet on January 21 last for great gallantry and valuable services while in command of his regiment during last summer's campaign; distinguished himself in the more recent operations.
A. L. Lockwood	Lieutenant-colonel 120th New York.	To be colonel by brevet for bravery exhibited on all occasions during this campaign.
W. F. Scott	Major 120th New York	To be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for bravery exhibited on all occasions during the campaign.
E. McC. Russell	Adjutant 120th New York	To be captain by brevet for bravery exhibited on all occasions during this campaign.
H. Hartford	Major 8th New Jersey	To be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for good services in command of his regiment and great gallantry, especially on the 2d instant.
Charles F. Gage	Captain, 11th New Jersey	To be major by brevet for gallantry on all occasions during the last campaign.
W. Plimley	First lieutenant, aide-de-camp.	To be captain by brevet for gallant conduct, especially on April 2.

Respectfully submitted.

R. DE TROBRIAND,
Brigadier-General of Volunteers.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 21, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded.

The following recommendations of Brigadier-General De Trobriand are approved and the promotions recommended: Bvt. Brig. Gen. R. McAllister to be brigadier-general of volunteers; Lieut. Col. M. W. Burns, Seventy-third New York Volunteers, to be colonel by brevet; Capt. Augustus W. Keene, Fortieth New York Volunteers, to be major by brevet; Second Lieut. Samuel Shoup, Fifth Michigan Volunteers, to be first lieutenant by brevet; to be captain by brevet; Adjt. Charles W. Forrester, Fifty-seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, to be captain by brevet; Lieut. William H. Allen, acting commissary of subsistence, to be captain by brevet; First Lieut. William H. Sturgis, Seventeenth Maine Volunteers, to be captain by brevet; Capt. William H. Green, Seventeenth Maine Volunteers, to be major by brevet; Capt. Daniel Kennicott, Fifth Michigan Volunteers, to be major by brevet; Lieut. Col. John Schoonover, Eleventh New Jersey Volunteers, to be colonel

*The recommendations of regimental commanders are not found.

by brevet; Maj. H. Hartford, Eighth New Jersey Volunteers, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet; Capt. J. P. Finkelmeier, assistant adjutant-general, to be major by brevet; First Lieut. William Plimley, aide-de-camp, to be captain by brevet; Lieut. Col. Albert S. Andrews, Twentieth Indiana Volunteers, to be colonel by brevet; Col. John Pulford, Fifth Michigan Volunteers, to be brigadier-general by brevet; Maj. Charles P. Mattocks, Seventeenth Maine Volunteers, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet; to be colonel by brevet.

A. A. HUMPHREYS,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS SECOND CORPS,
May 27, 1865.

The within recommendations of General De Trobriand are concurred in.

A. A. HUMPHREYS,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Third indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 1, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to the Adjutant-General.

The foregoing recommendations of Major-General Humphreys, commanding Second Corps, are approved.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

HDQRS. ARTILLERY BRIGADE, SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 20, 1865.

Lieut. Col. CHARLES A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Second Corps:

COLONEL: I have the honor to forward the following names of officers in my command whom I desire to recommend for promotion on account of service rendered during the late campaign: First, Capt. and Bvt. Maj. T. Fred. Brown, First Rhode Island Light Artillery, to be made lieutenant-colonel by brevet for meritorious service, good conduct, and valuable assistance rendered the chief of artillery on the late campaign; second, First Lieut. and Bvt. Capt. J. W. Roder, Fourth U. S. Artillery, to be made major by brevet for the exhibition of all the sterling qualities of a skillful and tried officer; third, Capt. A. Judson Clark, commanding Battery B, First New Jersey Artillery, to be made major by brevet for distinguished services rendered on the 2d of April, contributing materially to the success achieved on that day by the First Division; fourth, First Lieut. E. S. Smith, Fifteenth New York Independent Battery, serving with Battery K, Fourth U. S. Artillery, to be made captain by brevet for the conspicuous gallantry, judgment, and precision with which he handled his guns throughout the campaign; fifth, First Lieut. A. M. E. Gordon, Fourth New York Artillery, acting assistant adjutant-general, to be made captain by brevet for the very satisfactory manner in which he has performed the duties pertaining to his office, in addition to valuable services rendered as acting aide-de-camp.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JNO. G. HAZARD,
Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, U. S. Volunteers, Commanding.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 89. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS, *April 20, 1865.*

I. General Crawford, commanding Third Division, will to-morrow take position at Blacks and Whites Station, and take charge of the railroad from this point to Wilson's Station. General Crawford will guard all the roads and bridges in his vicinity. His depot for supplies will be at Blacks and Whites.

II. Brigadier-General Chamberlain, commanding First Division, will to-morrow take position at Wilson's Station and is intrusted with the protection of the railroad from that point to Petersburg, and will take proper measures for the protection of the roads and bridges on his line. His depot for supplies will be Wilson's Station.

III. It is thought that a considerable portion of the line of railroad can be guarded by patrols. The First Division will move at 6 a. m., the Third Division at 7 a. m.

* * * * * * *

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS NINTH ARMY CORPS,
April 20, 1865. (Received 1.12 a. m.)

Major-General WEBB:

Has Curtin's brigade been ordered down from Farmville? If not, shall I order it here at once? Dispatch by Major Bache received.

JNO. G. PARKE,
Major-General.

The brigade is ordered down.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 20, 1865—7.55 p. m.

Major-General PARKE,
Wellville, Va.:

You are to take with your corps your artillery and all your trains.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS NINTH ARMY CORPS,
April 20, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of the Potomac:

COLONEL: I have the honor to request that the Eleventh New Hampshire Volunteers, detailed to guard subsistence stores, in pursuance of paragraph 11, Special Orders, No. 93, current series, from headquarters Army of the Potomac, and now at City Point, Va., may be relieved from that duty and ordered to await the arrival of the corps at that place.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JNO. G. PARKE,
Major-General, Commanding Corps.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 88. } HEADQUARTERS NINTH ARMY CORPS, *April 20, 1865.*

1. The First and Third Divisions of this corps on being relieved by troops of the Fifth Corps will, without delay, and without waiting for further orders, take up their line of march for City Point, and endeavor to reach that place as soon as possible. All preliminary arrangements will be made at once.

2. The Second Division of the corps will take up the line of march for City Point in the morning. The brigades at this point will start as soon after daylight as practicable, and all guards, &c., will be called in at once.

3. The batteries now with the divisions will go with them, and on arrival at City Point they will be collected together under the direction of the chief of artillery of the corps.

4. Quartermasters, subsistence, medical, and provost-marshal departments will at once make their arrangements in accordance with the foregoing.

By command of Major-General Parke:

JNO. C. YOUNGMAN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND DIVISION, CAVALRY CORPS,
ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 20, 1865.

Lieut. Col. F. C. NEWHALL,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Headquarters Cavalry:

COLONEL: I have the honor to forward the following statement in relation to capture of Brig. Gen. M. D. Corse, C. S. Army, on the 6th instant, by Private W. T. Bateman, Company M, First New Jersey Cavalry, at Sailor's Creek. He belongs to my escort.

On the 6th instant I ordered the escort to charge along with a regiment of the division that was then charging. They charged down to the woods and came across the rebels. He (Bateman) saw three of them mounted, in a little ravine, and ordered them to surrender. General Corse threw up a white handkerchief and came up toward him. He then told his aide to give up his pistol, which was in possession of one of them. He then marched all three to the rear and turned them over to Capt. William Harper, division provost-marshal.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. CROOK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 20, 1865.*

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington:

Respectfully forwarded to Lieutenant-General Grant for his orders in the case:

FORT MONROE, VA., *April 20, 1865.*

Brig. Gen. M. R. PATRICK,
Provost-Marshal-General, Richmond:

There are about 3,000 rebel paroled prisoners here awaiting transportation to New Orleans, Mobile, &c. The quartermaster says he will send five steamers with them.

Should a guard be sent on these steamers? If so, I cannot procure guards at this point for more than two of the steamers. Please inform me whether I shall send guards on these steamers; and, if so, where I shall procure them.

A. GILCHRIST,
Captain and Provost-Marshal.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *April 20, 1865—4.45 p. m.*

Major-General ORD,
Richmond, Va.:

The 3,000 prisoners at Fort Monroe, bound for New Orleans, Mobile, &c., cannot be furnished transportation by Government. It was no part of the arrangement that they should receive transportation, or be allowed to pass through our lines except when to reach their homes it was necessary to do so. The men living south of Richmond must get home through the country, and if they come within our lines must do so either as prisoners of war who surrender their parole or as persons desirous of quitting the rebel cause and taking advantage of the President's amnesty.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 20, 1865.*
(Received 5.15 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT, U. S. Army:

Colonel Lamb, Lieutenants Lewis and Hawes, C. S. Army, prisoners of war, wounded and at Hampton Hospital, desire to take the oath of allegiance. Surgeon McClellan reports that he believes they are actuated by a full conviction of their errors and true desire to return to the Union. Shall I let them do it? Other paroled officers wish to take the oath of allegiance and go North on business. Shall I let them do so? Brevet Brigadier-General Jackson is now commanding division (late Birney's). Jackson will lose his place of lieutenant-colonel as inspector of the department by my going out. Can he not be made a full brigadier of volunteers for gallant services in the field at Petersburg, pursuit and capture of Lee's army, so that he may continue in command of the division and get pay? He is only a captain of regulars.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, D. C., April 20, 1865.

Major-General ORD,
Richmond, Va.:

Colonel Lamb, Lieutenants Lewis and Hawes can take the oath of allegiance and amnesty oath, and renew their allegiance, citizenship, and rights to hold property by conforming to the President's amnesty

proclamation. This rule applies to all who are not excluded by the proclamation. Those who are excluded must make special application, to be referred to the President, before they can be allowed the privilege. General Jackson cannot be promoted just now, but as you do not give up your department command it will make no difference in his position.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE JAMES, &C.,
Richmond, April 20, 1865.

Maj. Gen. JOHN GIBBON,
Burkeville:

You had better remain with your command at Burkeville until General Halleck arrives. He will take command of the department perhaps to-morrow, and may want your command to remain in the west of the State. What troops besides your corps are at or near Burkeville?

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 46. } HDQRS. TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS,
Burkeville, Va., April 20, 1865.

In memory of our late Chief Magistrate the colors of the different commands of this corps will be placed in mourning, which will be worn until further orders. The quartermaster's department will furnish the necessary crape.

By command of Maj. Gen. John Gibbon:

EDWARD MOALE,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. CAVALRY BRIGADE, ARMY OF THE JAMES,
April 20, 1865.

Bvt. Col. E. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of the James:

COLONEL: I have the honor to recommend for promotion to the grade of brigadier-general, Col. Robert M. West, Fifth Pennsylvania Cavalry Volunteers. Colonel West is an officer of long service and has been especially zealous in the present campaign. I make this recommendation in advance of my report, when I shall call the attention of the commanding general to other officers, whom I consider as worthy special praise.* I earnestly request this promotion for gallant and meritorious conduct, to date from the battle of Five Forks, Va., April 1, 1865.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. S. MACKENZIE,
Brigadier-General, U. S. Volunteers, Commanding Division.

---

* See Part I, p. 1247.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 105. } HDQRS. TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *In the Field, Va., April 20, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

3. The troops of this command will change camp to-morrow. The First Division will encamp on Cox's road, westward of Mr. J. Read's house. The Second Division will encamp on the road leading from the Boydton at Wells' house to the Cox road at Read's house, and on the spot indicated to the commanding officer of the division to-day. The camp of the artillery will be designated hereafter by the commanding general. The column will move at 7 a. m. and in the following order: First, infantry, Second Division leading; second, ambulances; third, artillery; fourth, wagon trains.

By order of Maj. Gen. G. Weitzel:

W. L. GOODRICH,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 30. } HDQRS. DIST. OF EASTERN VIRGINIA, *Norfolk, Va., April 20, 1865.*

1. All persons resident within this district are strictly prohibited from wearing any clothing, emblem, or badge ever adopted, worn, or ordered in or for any of the insurgent forces within the United States.

2. It is made the duty of the provost-marshal of Norfolk and Portsmouth, upon the landing, or arrival within this district, of persons lately attached to or members of the insurgent forces, as above described, wearing any clothing, or any emblem, or badge indicating rank or service in said insurgent forces, to remove immediately every vestige of such emblem or badge, and notify all such persons, residents of this district, that forty-eight hours from the moment of landing will be allowed to obtain a citizen's dress. At or before the expiration of the forty-eight hours the persons so notified will report in person the execution of this order to the provost-marshal. Failures in exact performance of this order will be followed by arrest.

3. Upon the landing or arrival within this district of persons lately attached to or members of the insurgent forces, as described in paragraph 1, it is the duty of all provost-marshals to send such persons in a body under guard to headquarters of the district, after which they will be returned to the office of the provost-marshal, where they will be disposed of as follows: The names and residence of those whose homes are within this district will be taken, after which they will be allowed to go to their homes, first being thoroughly instructed in the duties laid down in paragraph 2. Those passing through this district to their homes will be detained under guard until proper transportation is provided.

4. Commanding officers and provost-marshals will see that the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 are carried out in cases where heretofore there seems to have been some neglect. Guards will be ordered to arrest any person violating those provisions.

By order of Brig. Gen. George H. Gordon:

T. H. HARRIS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WINCHESTER, *April 20, 1865.*
(Received 8.05 a. m. 21st.)

Brigadier-General RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

At Remount Camp, near Harper's Ferry, there are 6,300 men of the dismounted cavalry of General Sheridan and of the commands of this Valley and five batteries of horse artillery. Should any more men be required in the neighborhood of Washington I would suggest that the Remount Camp be transferred to Giesborough, or some such point. This dismounted cavalry is generally well armed.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General.

WINCHESTER, VA., *April 20, 1865—11.30 p. m.*
(Received 8.15 a. m. 21st.)

Brig. Gen. JOHN A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

The Confederate officers and soldiers coming in here daily for parole amount to about 100. A great many others have been paroled by my advanced cavalry at Strasburg, Woodstock, and New Market, in the Valley, embracing the small commands in that section of country; also a great many of Mosby's men, guerrillas, stragglers, and men on leave are coming in at other posts. In the Kanawha Valley the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Hounshell, which is being surrendered, amounts to about 400 or 500 men. Several other detachments have applied at Lewisburg to surrender on the same terms. They are understood to be of General Echols' command, who himself has left. Colonel Mosby in person was met at Millwood to-day at 12 m., when the truce with him ended. He stated, and I have no doubt it is true from the corroboration of paroled officers and citizens, that his command has disbanded with the exception of a few officers and soldiers. When Mosby found that no further truce or terms would be offered to him he was very much agitated. The Confederate officers and soldiers who have surrendered and the citizens are hostile to him. My impression is that everything in this country shows a state of pacification. The worst band of guerrillas in Loudoun County (Mobberly's) have all been killed or surrendered. If Mosby is in Loudoun Valley I will hunt him out.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 20, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. C. C. AUGUR,
Commanding Department of Washington:

In view of the large number of paroled prisoners coming to Washington and other late occurrences, it will be necessary to use the greatest vigilance to prevent disturbances in this city and District of Columbia. Increase the guards about public buildings and on the streets. Place pickets on all the roads leading out of the city where you have none now and strengthen those you already have. The large additional force ordered here will enable you to do this, and, as this increase of force will commence arriving to-morrow, all the force you now have can be put on duty at once if necessary. Give such orders to all guards

in the city and on the roads leading from it as will best secure safety and prevent escape of perpetrators if mischief is done. By the agreement with General Lee all paroled prisoners were to return to their homes. After the agreement it occurred to Lee that many of his men lived within our lines. He asked me how they were to get there. I answered by giving an order that their paroles should be their pass for going through our lines where it was necessary for them to pass them to comply with their part of the agreement, and that when they traveled on Government roads or vessels they would be transported free. It was never contemplated that they should come North to reach homes in the Southern States, nor that Government should undertake to furnish any of them transportation on private roads or vessels. All who come within your department in violation of this interpretation of the agreement between Lee and myself may be turned back or taken up and imprisoned for violation of their paroles unless they quality themselves as citizens of the United States by obtaining the President's amnesty.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WINCHESTER, VA., *April 20, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. C. C. AUGUR,
Commanding:

I have sent 6,000 infantry to you under General Dwight, and a brigade of cavalry of about five regiments under General Chapman. The head of the infantry should reach you about 12 o'clock to-night. The transportation of both commands follow, and it is ample for expeditions. Three small regiments of the division of infantry are detached—one at Havre de Grace, one at Fort Delaware, and one here; the latter will soon be relieved.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General.

WINCHESTER, *April 20, 1865.*
(Received 5.15 p. m.)

Major-General AUGUR:

Major-General Hancock directs me to say that the truce with Mosby ended at noon to-day. He did not surrender. I believe his command will disperse, but it will be well to be on the watch for him.

W. G. MITCHELL,
Colonel and Aide-de-Camp.

(Same to Generals Stevenson, Wallace, Egan, and Brooke.)

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 20, 1865.

Major-General AUGUR,
Commanding Defenses, Washington, D. C.:

GENERAL: Major-General Hancock directs me to say that Colonel Mosby was met in person at Millwood to-day at 12 m., when the truce ended with him. He stated, and it appears to be true, from the cor-

roboration of Confederate officers and soldiers who have surrendered, and citizens, that his command has disbanded with the exception of a few officers and soldiers. The Confederate officers and soldiers and the citizens are hostile to him. General Hancock will hunt him up if he is in Loudoun Valley. The worst band of guerrillas in Loudoun County (Mobberly's) have all been killed or surrendered.

Respectfully,

W. G. MITCHELL.
Brevet Colonel and Aide-de-Camp.

LEONARDTOWN, MD., *April 20, 1865.*
(Received 9.20 a. m.)

Bvt. Col. J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff:

Just reached here with one company; the other three took different roads from vicinity of Port Tobacco. One struck the Patuxent at Benedict; will follow up that river. One will scour the country down the Potomac, along the Wicomico River and vicinity. All will be here to-day. Feel quite certain this last company will be in vicinity to assist a squad of infantry sent from here last night, by order of General Hardie, to seize the schooner Breeze, expected at Allen's Fresh last night. Major O'Beirne thinks Montgomery County should be searched for George A. Atzerodt. Boat with supplies has not arrived. Good wharf here. Boats reach here by coming up Britton's Bay.

Respectfully,

JNO. M. WAITE,
Major, &c.

LEONARDTOWN, MD., *April 20, 1865.*
(Received 8.25 p. m.)

Bvt. Col. J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff:

The reported fight between General Barnes' cavalry and a force of guerrillas was all a humbug. The officer who made the report should be dismissed. There is work to do here, and now that the battalion is here I think they can be profitably employed for a time. Parties Eighth Illinois all in; they go out to-night. Schooner Lydia not in Patuxent. Three blockade-runners brought in to-day, and number of boats destroyed along Wicomico River.

J. M. WAITE,
Major, &c.

POINT LOOKOUT, *April 20, 1865.*

Major-General AUGUR,
Commanding Department:

Will you inform me what change has been made in my district. I have a telegraphic dispatch from an officer there stating he has taken command, and will send my troops back if I wish them.

JAS. BARNES,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 20, 1865.

General BARNES,
Commanding, Point Lookout:

There has been no change made in your district. Major Waite, of my staff, has been sent to Leonardtown with a detachment of cavalry on special duty connected with the search for the murderer of the late President. He had orders to take charge of any detachment he might find, and to continue their movements with his. It never occurred to me that he was to operate in your district or I should have notified you of the object of his movement. His duties are of a special character, and not intended to interfere with your command.

C. C. AUGUR,
Major-General, Commanding.

POINT LOOKOUT, *April 20, 1865.*

Lieutenant-Colonel KING:

The Twenty-ninth Connecticut Volunteers (colored) arrived here this morning from City Point, 671.

JAS. BARNES,
Brigadier-General.

POINT LOOKOUT, *April 20, 1865—9 p. m.*
(Received 6.20 a. m. 21st.)

General AUGUR:

Your dispatch is received. It is all perfectly right, and I understand it fully now. I shall direct the troops there to act, of course, in all things as Major Waite may wish, and I think they had better remain. I am glad that Major Waite is there, and fervently hope for success.

J. BARNES,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 55. } HDQRS. DEPT. OF WASHINGTON, TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS, *April 20, 1865.*

Capt. W. W. Winship, Second District of Columbia Volunteers, is announced as acting provost-marshal-general, Defenses South of the Potomac, during the absence of Col. H. H. Wells. He will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

By command of Maj. Gen. C. C. Augur:

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS,
Cumberland, April 20, 1865—3.40 o'clock.

Brig. Gen. C. H. MORGAN,
Chief of Staff, Winchester:

The printed paroles spoken of in your telegram have not reached here. When am I to expect them? If you could telegraph the form I could have them printed here. Major Kyle, assistant adjutant-general

to Major-General Gordon, and a resident of Baltimore, has just come in. He reports a great many stragglers, deserters, guerrillas, and men on leave from the rebel army to be in the mountains of West Virginia. He states that when Lomax heard of Lee's surrender he went in the direction of Dublin Station with the expectation of joining Echols. He does not know what force Lomax took with him. Lomax's command was composed of Imboden's and Jackson's brigades. Many of the men reported as scattered in the mountains of West Virginia are from these brigades.

W. H. EMORY,
Brevet Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 20, 1865.

General STEVENSON,
Harper's Ferry:

GENERAL: The major-general commanding directs me to say that you will see that the troops of General Dwight's division go on at once to Washington from Harper's Ferry. If necessary you will seize the trains on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad for this purpose.

Respectfully,

W. G. MITCHELL,
Brevet Colonel and Aide-de-Camp.

HARPER'S FERRY, *April 20, 1865.*

Colonel MITCHELL,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General:

Two of Dwight's brigades forwarded; only delayed a short time to get engines. Are at Monocacy by this time; should arrive at Washington by 12 o'clock.

Respectfully,

JOHN D. STEVENSON,
Brigadier-General.

WINCHESTER, *April 20, 1865.*

General STEVENSON:

The major-general commanding directs me to say that you will not wait to send General Dwight's troops off by brigades, but send them off by regiments as rapidly as you can get cars for them.

Respectfully,

W. G. MITCHELL,
Colonel, &c.

HARPER'S FERRY, *April 20, 1865.*

Colonel MITCHELL,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General:

I am using all engines on road as fast as they arrive to forward Dwight's division, as directed.

Respectfully,

JOHN D. STEVENSON,
Brigadier-General.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., *April 20, 1865.*

Maj. T. MELVIN,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Cumberland, Md.:

Authority to accept surrender of rebels received. Colonel Hounshell says his command is about 400, but states that there are other commands beyond, and small parties near Lewisburg, from all their armies that will surrender on same terms. He further states that Echols has disbanded his command and gone himself to Johnston, and that he (Colonel H.) is the ranking officer in my front. I propose sending two staff officers with an escort of 100 men to Lewisburg to receive surrender of all the above. Is this approved?

JOHN H. OLEY,
Colonel, Commanding First Separate Brigade.

HEADQUARTERS, &C.,
Charleston, W. Va., April 20, 1865.

Capt. J. M. RIFE,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General, Loup Creek, W. Va.:

Post yourself up as thoroughly as possible. If necessary you can let Colonel Hounshell and others go home and collect their men and make arrangements. You can inform them that all can be paroled—Thurmond, Witcher, and everybody. This is by order received to-day from General Grant. All whose former homes were in the States that never passed the ordinance of secession have forfeited their homes and can only return under the amnesty proclamation by taking the oath of allegiance. Maryland, Kentucky, Delaware, and Missouri are such States. Men can return to West Virginia on parole. You will go to Lewisburg, if necessary, but not until you receive further orders. Make me any suggestions newly acquired information may dictate and communicate freely.

JOHN H. OLEY,
Colonel, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, *April 20, 1865.*

Major-General WALLACE,
Baltimore, Md.:

It was no part of the agreement that we were to transport or feed paroled prisoners. By the terms of the surrender they were allowed to return to their homes, and I ordered that their paroles should be a pass to go through our lines when it was necessary to do so to reach their homes, and that when they traveled on roads, or boats run exclusively by Government, no fare would be collected. I did not calculate that men from North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia would expect to go home by way of New York. We furnish no transportation over private roads, and those prisoners who have not homes in Maryland need not be allowed to remain, but may be arrested if they attempt to do so.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 20, 1865.

Brigadier-General WALLACE,
Baltimore:

GENERAL: Major-General Hancock directs me to say that Confederate officers and soldiers who surrendered to him before he received General Grant's instructions were not interfered with in their passage to their homes. General Hancock could not withdraw the terms he had offered them. In those cases he will have to leave the matter to the authorities in the States to which they go.

Respectfully,

W. G. MITCHELL,
Brevet Colonel and Aide-de-Camp.

HARRISBURG, *April 20, 1865.*
(Received 1 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I am as yet unadvised as to whether Mrs. Lincoln will accompany the remains. In case she does, will you oblige me by presenting my condolences to her, and say that I will of course expect herself and family to make my house her home during her melancholy sojourn here. May I beg the favor of an answer?

A. G. CURTIN.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 20, 1865.

Governor CURTIN,
Harrisburg:

Your kind and considerate message will be immediately communicated to Mrs. Lincoln. By present arrangements neither she nor her sons will accompany the funeral cortege, she being unable to travel at present.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

PITTSBURG, PA., *April 20, 1865.*
(Received 1 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

Great anxiety to have the remains pass through this city. Can it be arranged to come here from Cleveland, thence to Columbus?

J. K. MOORHEAD.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., April 20, 1865.

Hon. J. K. MOORHEAD,
Pittsburg:

The arrangements already made cannot be altered as requested in your telegram of this date.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., *April 20, 1865.*
(Received 11.10 a. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

Your telegram of the 19th instant announcing that it has been finally concluded to conform to the original arrangements for the conveyance of the late President Abraham Lincoln has just been received.

GEO. CADWALADER,
Major-General, Commanding.

NEW YORK, *April 20, 1865.*
(Received 7.50 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

Governor Fenton is just leaving for Albany. As I understand the arrangement for the conveyance of the late President's remains, they will be here on Monday. I am to meet them on their entry within the lines of this department and escort them to Buffalo, keeping guard over them while they are within my command, and that the ceremonies and public honors to be paid to them will be in conformity to the directions of the executive of the State. Will a military escort accompany the remains from Washington and continue in charge of them under your orders, or am I to provide one while the remains are within this department?

JOHN A. DIX,
Major-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 20, 1865—11 p. m.

Major-General DIX,
New York:

A small escort of honor, consisting of nine general officers, a captain, and twenty-five privates accompany the remains from Washington to Springfield, but while at New York, Albany, and Buffalo a larger escort should be provided by you. The number of troops, &c., to be assigned for that duty is left to your discretion.

EDWIN M. STANTON.

ENGINEER DEPARTMENT,
Washington, April 21, 1865.

Brig. Gen. JOHN A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff, Armies of the United States,
Headquarters General Grant, Washington, D. C.:

GENERAL: I have the honor to recommend to the lieutenant-general that instructions may be given to the generals of departments to confine the labor on temporary field-works to such as can be performed by the troops; to avoid all further expenditure in the employment of hired operatives and purchase of material, and to collect and preserve all tools and property appertaining to the engineer service, to the end that they be held for sale or transportation to depots hereafter to be designated, or held ready for immediate use when required; also the same

instructions in relation to siege material and bridge trains. The chief engineer has caused property and funds to be forwarded to the engineer officers assigned to duty under the generals commanding in the field, which commanders are the judges of the necessity and expediency of constructing the works of offense and defense, as occasion may require. Hence, the chief engineer cannot with propriety interfere in suspending any of the works in progress, and therefore suggests that the lieutenant-general call the attention of the commanders in such localities as he may see fit to the subject now presented. In every department attention may probably be given at once to the collection of tools, property, and instruments, and great saving of treasure effected by early attention to this subject. It is also recommended that the department commanders require their engineer officers to keep on hand a specified supply of tools, &c., to meet any emergency, forwarding the residue to depots.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

RICH'D DELAFIELD,
Brigadier-General and Chief Engineer, U. S. Army.

CITY POINT, VA., *April 21, 1865.*

Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

The Second Brigade of the First Division, Ninth Corps, has embarked. It is probable the Third Brigade will be embarked before night and the First Brigade to-morrow. I am told that General Meade has ordered six batteries and the wagon trains to accompany the corps. Is it the wish of the lieutenant-general that the wagons shall be sent now?

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

CITY POINT, VA., *April 21, 1865.*

Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Asst. Adjt. Gen., Staff of Lieutenant-General Grant,
Washington, D. C.:

Our mail and other boats are detained off Point Lookout each day from ten to fifteen hours. I reported the matter to General Meigs some days ago. The inspection is delayed entirely too long by the officers at Point Lookout or those of the Navy. Cannot the examination be more prompt? It might be made by a special guard in the Chesapeake, or at Fortress Monroe, Va.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 21, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General, War Department:

In the New York Herald of April 18 I find General Orders, No. 69. I am embarrassed in determining whether to act upon that or to await

receipt of official copy. Which shall I do? I am not yet in receipt of the order directing salute in honor of Lee's surrender. Weeks frequently elapse between date of general orders and their receipt here.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 21, 1865.

LEWIS E. HARVIE,
Danville:

SIR: Your inquiries through Mr. Dunn were by me referred to Washington, and I am instructed to say to you:

That the policy to be pursued toward railroad companies south of the James River has not yet been decided upon. When the authority of the General Government is acknowledged the policy will go as far toward free trade between the States and rights of loyal citizens to control their property, railroads and all, as may be consistent with what remains of the rebellion. The roads will never be allowed to resume operations under disloyal officers, nor in the interest of disloyal stockholders. It behooves all who wish to resume business under the old flag to renew their allegiance to it under the President's amnesty proclamation without delay.

Respectfully, yours,

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 21, 1865.

Brigadier-General BENHAM,
Commanding Engineer Brigade:

The major-general commanding directs that you send with Major-General Gibbon, commanding Twenty-fourth Corps, such bridge material as he may require for to-night. With the bridge you will send a sufficient guard to convoy the bridge on its return from the Appomattox River after having been used at that point by Major-General Gibbon.

I have the honor to remain, your obedient servant,

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

General Gibbon will start at 5 a. m., and is notified to require of you the bridge material.

A. S. W.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 21, 1865.

Col. G. D. RUGGLES:

The following report from the officer commanding regiment at Farmville has just been received:

Colonel WHITTIER:

Lieutenant-Colonel Barker, Thirty-sixth Massachusetts Regiment, moved out of this place this morning without turning over to me any instructions whatever. I have encamped my regiment near the hospital adjoining the town. I think it neces-

sary that authority be given some person to grant paroles to the stragglers from the enemy, as several have applied to me. If authority be granted to parole prisoners please send instructions as to form of parole. Shall the mayor exercise civil authority where it does not conflict with the military? There are from 1,000 to 1,500 hogsheads of tobacco stored at this place, the property of private individuals. What disposition shall I make of it?

M. M. CANNON,
Lieutenant-Colonel, Commanding.

Please telegraph me as to instructions to be given as to paroling and the other matters inquired about.

A. A. HUMPHREYS,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 21, 1865.

COMMANDING OFFICER SECOND CORPS:

Direct the commanding officer at Farmville to appoint a provost-marshal for the town, who shall give paroles to the stragglers from the enemy. The provost-marshal-general has not the form. That given to General Lee's army will be at once procured from the Twenty-fourth Corps and forwarded to you by telegraph. The mayor of the town is to exercise civil authority where it does not conflict with the military. In regard to the tobacco, the commanding general has no instructions to give other than that the commanding officer at Farmville shall not allow it to be removed. Please acknowledge receipt of this.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 21, 1865—9.50 p. m.

COMMANDING OFFICER SECOND CORPS:

I send you by special messenger a few copies of the parole given to the troops of General Lee's army. General Meade thinks the form is better than that furnished by the provost-marshal-general and sent you by telegraph this evening.

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 21, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of the Potomac:

COLONEL: In compliance with the call from the headquarters of the army for the recommendations for promotion I am prepared to make, I transmit herewith the lists* sent me by the division and artillery

* See Barlow to Whittier, April 20, p. 855; De Trobriand to Whittier, April 20, p. 860; and Hazard to Whittier, April 20, p. 862. The list furnished by General Miles for the First Division, as found on the files of the War Department, being incomplete, is therefore, omitted. For the list of the Third Brigade, First Division, see MacDougall to Brown, April 19, p. 833.

commanders with my indorsement and recommendations thereon. It may be that in omitting to approve some of the recommendations contained therein I have done an injustice to the officers named. I have further to recommend the following promotions: First, Brig. and Bvt. Maj. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, U. S. Volunteers, commanding First Division, to be major-general of volunteers, to rank from the 9th of April, if there is a vacancy; second, Brig. Gen. R. de Trobriand, U. S. Volunteers, commanding Third Division, to be major-general of volunteers by brevet, 9th of April, for highly meritorious services during the campaign; third, Lieutenant-Colonel Hazard, First Rhode Island Artillery, chief of artillery and commanding Artillery Brigade, to be colonel by brevet, 9th of April, for highly meritorious service during the campaign; fourth, Lieut. Col. John Willian, Eighth New Jersey, acting assistant inspector-general, to be colonel by brevet, 9th of April, for highly valuable and meritorious services during the campaign; fifth, Lieut. Col. C. A. Whittier, assistant adjutant-general, to be colonel by brevet, 9th of April, for highly valuable and meritorious services during the campaign; sixth, Maj. T. L. Livermore, Fifth New Hampshire, inspector-general's department, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet, 7th of April. As in making these recommendations I have selected a few of the officers who have been most prominent, should it be intended to make the promotion more general and to take into consideration services rendered before the campaign that has just closed, I shall wish to add other names to the list.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. A. HUMPHREYS,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 31, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to the Adjutant-General.
Approved.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 21, 1865.

Lieut. Col. M. M. CANNON,
Comdg. Fortieth New York Volunteers, Farmville, Va.:

By instructions from headquarters Army of the Potomac, you will appoint a provost-marshal for the town of Farmville, who shall give paroles to stragglers from the enemy. The form of parole given to Lee's army will be sent you as soon as it can be procured. The mayor of the town is to exercise civil authority where it does not conflict with the military. In regard to the tobacco, no instructions are now given except that you do not allow it to be removed. Acknowledge receipt of this.

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

C. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 21, 1865.

Lieut. Col. M. M. CANNON,
Comdg. Fortieth New York Volunteers, Farmville, Va.:

The following is form of parole to be used in paroling prisoners from the enemy:

We, the undersigned, do solemnly swear by our sacred parole of honor that we will not take up arms against the United States, or act in any military capacity whatever, nor disclose to any of the enemies of the United States any intelligence, either military or civil, that we may obtain while within the lines of the armies of the United States until regularly exchanged. So help us God.

C. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

PETERSBURG, *April 21, 1865.*

Bvt. Maj. Gen. CHARLES GRIFFIN,
Commanding Fifth Corps:

The cavalry headquarters are in the city of Petersburg.

F. C. NEWHALL,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 7. } HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
April 21, 1865.

Instead of the picket-line as already established, a line of outposts will be extended, reaching from the South Side Railroad to the Danville railroad, at a distance of from one to two miles from the present camps, and connecting at the latter point with a similar line of the Second Army Corps. No officers or soldiers except general and staff officers and orderlies, when on duty, nor any other persons connected with the corps, will be allowed to pass this line without written permission from army, corps, or division commanders. The corps officer of the day will establish this line and arrange patrols between the posts, so as in the best manner to prevent the crossing of the line by unauthorized persons. Division commanders will establish such camp guards as may be necessary to keep their men within the proper limits, and prevent them from roaming unauthorizedly over the country.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS,
In the Field, Burkeville, Va., April 21, 1865.

Brig. Gen. THOMAS T. MUNFORD,
Commanding Division:

GENERAL: Your communication of the 17th instant to Brigadier-General Mackenzie has been referred to me as the senior officer of the commission appointed by Lieutenant-General Grant to arrange the terms of surrender of General Lee's army. In reply I have the honor to state that by the agreement entered into by the officers appointed on

each side it is provided that "The surrender of the Army of Northern Virginia shall be construed to include all the forces operating with that army on the 8th instant," "except such bodies of cavalry as actually made their escape previous to the surrender." The question, therefore, as to the actual escape of your command is left to your decision.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN GIBBON,
Major-General of Volunteers.

P. S.—A printed copy of the agreement in regard to the surrender is inclosed.*

J. G.

MEMORANDUM ORDERS. } HDQRS. TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS,
In the Field, Va., April 21, 1865.

The troops of this command will be prepared to march at 5 a. m. to-morrow. They will be provided with four days' subsistence and forage. The following will be the order of march:

1. Mackenzie's cavalry, followed by Elder's battery, will march at 5 a. m. The corps headquarters train will follow next in succession.
2. Foster's division, followed by Anthony's battery, will move at 5.30 a. m.
3. Turner's division, followed by Muhlenberg's battery, will move at 6 a. m.

The command will take the Amelia Court-House road to Richmond.

* * * * * * *

By command of Maj. Gen. John Gibbon:

EDWARD MOALE,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS,
In the Field, Va., April 21, 1865.

Maj. Gen. GEORGE G. MEADE,
Commanding Army of the Potomac:

I am ordered to march to Richmond, and leave at 5 in the morning. It is possible that the bridges over the Appomattox may be down on the Amelia Court-House road. Can you furnish me a small bridge train to accompany my column?

JOHN GIBBON,
Major-General, Commanding.

LYNCHBURG, *April 21, 1865.*

Brig. Gen. N. M. CURTIS,
Chief of Staff:

Send me a regiment of infantry—a strong one. I do not apprehend any danger, but all Munford's men are in the neighborhood unparoled and in possession of their arms. My total strength is 751 men; the detachments will reduce the command at this place to less than 500

* See p. 685.

men. Many paroled prisoners arrive here without subsistence, who are still a long distance from their homes. Shall I issue rations to them and furnish transportation? The vicinity is quiet; the inhabitants well disposed. A most excellent state of feeling exists in this city amongst prominent men. The mayor and most of the members of the city council have taken the oath. Generals Munford and Sorrel were paroled yesterday. No absolute destitution prevails. Farmers are planting corn. Negroes quiet and disposed to be industrious. Forward copies of orders from War Department for 1865.

J. IRVIN GREGG,
Brevet Brigadier-General of Volunteers, Commanding.

OFFICE OF RELIEF COMMISSION,
Richmond, April 21, 1865.

Lieut. Col. EDWARD W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

COLONEL: I have the honor to report that, having been verbally ordered by Lieutenant-General Grant to report temporarily to Major-General Ord, commanding Department of Virginia, I was assigned to duty on the 13th day of April, 1865, as president of the Relief Commission of Richmond. The Government had already been issuing rations to the starving poor of Richmond, and I was directed to continue the issue of ration tickets to all in the city who were destitute. The method of distribution was as follows: The city was divided into thirty districts, to each of which two visitors were assigned. These visitors were persons of character and respectability, many of them having also had long experience in distributing charity to the poor of the city. Each visitor personally inspected his district, visiting every house and making lists of all who required food. Tickets were issued according to the lists, one ration being allowed to each grown person, and half a ration apiece to children and servants. During the great pressure of the first few days after the capture of the city rations for seven days were issued in cases where it seemed likely they would be required. After this first issue, which was being made when I was detailed as president of the commission, rations for three days only were issued, under my orders. There have been four commissaries engaged in the issue. The total number of rations issued since the capture of the city is 128,132. These were distributed to 29,118 persons, but doubtless a great portion of these have received twice, so that probably about 15,000 persons have been relieved. Of these, 500 were paroled Confederate soldiers. Besides this issue of provisions, arrangements were made with the quartermaster's department for the seizure of a lot of coal, 4,000 bushels or more, belonging to the late rebel authorities, and of wood that had been cut for the same authorities, and the issue of the same on my order to the poor. No distinction of color or political opinion was recognized in these distributions. Arrangements have also been made, but not perfected, with the Christian and Union Commissions to furnish supplies of a more delicate nature than the ordinary ration to such as should be certified by visitors of the commission as being either sick or delicate.

It was considered desirable that there should be an accord between the Relief Commission and the charitable societies of the North, as otherwise supplies would in many instances be furnished by both parties to the same applicants. Two classes of ration tickets have been issued by

my order. The first, to the large majority of applicants, entitled the bearer to pork or fish and corn meal; the second, to meat and flour, sugar and tea. This arrangement has only been in operation for a day or two. The immense demand suggested its propriety, reducing, as it does, the expenses of the Government and the labors of the issuing commissaries. The paroled Confederate prisoners in Richmond, officers and soldiers, received the destitute ration from the commission, by direction of the major-general commanding. With but few exceptions rations for one day only were issued in such instances, the issues being renewed when necessary. Great difficulty was experienced in preventing impositions on the Government. Arrangements were made with the quartermaster's department to furnish labor, food, and shelter to all colored men, and these were thereafter excluded from receiving supplies from the commission. Their families were, however, still entitled to ration tickets. Sewing for 300 women was also supplied by the quartermaster's department, and these women are, of course, not to be rationed. The arrangements in regard to them only went into operation on the 21st instant.

The medical department has furnished necessary medicines for the poor, and two large Confederate hospitals, the Chimborazo and the Winder, are now nearly ready to be placed at the disposition of the commission, to furnish shelter for such of the poor as cannot find it elsewhere. The provost-marshal's department has given orders for the policing and guard of these hospitals when turned over by the medical department. The great necessity existing for a provision of employment for the destitute has been repeatedly urged on the major-general commanding, who, it is believed, fully appreciates the circumstances, and at this time is endeavoring to perfect a plan for supplying work to the poor, both in town and country, so that the free issue of rations may cease, the Government be relieved of so great and imperious a charge, and the danger of creating a class of idle and improvident population be avoided. In furtherance of this end the fisheries in James River have been thrown open and the country people invited to bring market wares to town. Shop keepers and business folk were also informed that they could prosecute their usual occupations without molestation. Every effort has been made to reduce the number of issues by the commission, and at the same time relieve the necessities of all who were absolutely destitute. The number of rations issued during the last six days is about half that issued in the six days preceding. A subordinate commission was established in Manchester, consisting of the trustees of the town, with Capt. Lawrence F. Larkin, aide-de-camp, as president, reporting to me and working under a similar system to that established in Richmond. An issuing commissary was also appointed for Manchester. It is estimated that nearly one-third of the entire population of Richmond has received supplies on the tickets issued by this commission since the capture of the city by the national forces. This includes many persons formerly in good circumstances, and not a few who have been considered absolutely wealthy, but whom the events of the war have reduced to the alternative of starvation or acceptance of the charities of the very Government they had striven to overturn.

The gentlemen who have performed the arduous labors of visiting the destitute have been zealous and public spirited, and have manifested every desire not only to relieve the necessities of their townsmen, but to guard the Government against imposition and fraud. Their labors have been entirely without remuneration, except the satisfaction

of doing good. The great difficulties existing in regard to furnishing employment in a captured and half-burnt city, the danger of fostering a spirit of idle vagabondism, the throngs of negroes recently freed, who have come from their homes in the country to add to the starving mouths in town, and the large number of disbanded soldiers, paroled prisoners of war, who also have flocked to Richmond, all have complicated the duties of this commission, and obstructed, in some degree, its operations. It is believed, however, that the pressing wants of this varied population have been relieved, though of course only temporarily, the number of recipients of charity greatly reduced, and that if abundant employment could be offered by the authorities, the number of those in need of free rations could speedily be reduced to fewer than before the capture of the city.

I have the honor to be, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

ADAM BADEAU,
Lieutenant-Colonel and President of Relief Commission.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 45. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., April 21, 1865.

I. Brig. Gen. F. T. Dent, U. S. Volunteers, having reported for duty to the department commander, is hereby assigned to duty as military commander of the city of Richmond, and will command all troops within the city.

II. The troops to be stationed in Richmond will consist of the Twenty-fourth Massachusetts Volunteers, the Twentieth New York Volunteers, and a further detail, to be made by Brigadier-General Devens, from the troops under his demand, to be equal in strength to two good regiments, with full complement of officers. This detail will be permanent, and will be in lieu of the daily detail of 400 men for the district provost-marshals, ordered by General Orders, No. 42, current series, from these headquarters.

III. General Dent will furnish to the provost-marshal-general and the district provost-marshals such details as may be necessary.

IV. The troops stationed in Richmond, by virtue of this order, will be provided with suitable quarters at such points as Brigadier-General Dent shall designate.

All orders, and parts of orders, conflicting herewith, are hereby revoked.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES, PETERSBURG, &C.,
Petersburg, Va., April 21, 1865.

Brevet Brigadier-General ABBOT,
Commanding Artillery Brigade:

GENERAL: Remove your headquarters to Fort Darling, and use your command in collecting and shipping the abandoned guns and ammunition on the south side of the James. Keep out a thin picket-line near the railroad, and send out an occasional scouting party to prevent pillage and depredations. Give guards to such as apply for them at your discretion, and do everything possible to prevent and detect the plun-

derers who are roaming over the country. Daily reports may be dispensed with except when a considerable change takes place in your command, in which case you will immediately report it. Send tri-monthly report as heretofore.

Very respectfully,

GEO. L. HARTSUFF,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARTILLERY BRIGADE,
Broadway Landing, Va., April 21, 1865.

Maj. J. M. HOWARD,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

MAJOR: Am I to understand from the communication just received from Major-General Hartsuff that the entire armament is to be removed from the Bermuda Hundred lines, or that it is still to be held?

I am, major, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

HENRY L. ABBOT,
Col. First Connecticut Art., Bvt. Brig. Gen. of Vols., Comdg.

[Indorsement.]

Leave some light guns and hold the line with the smallest force.

G. L. HARTSUFF,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, D. C., April 21, 1865.

Maj. Gen. C. C. AUGUR,
Commanding Department of Washington:

GENERAL: Lieutenant-General Grant desires that a guard, consisting of two sentinels during the day and five sentinels at night, be furnished his headquarters, corner of F and Seventeenth streets, from the troops stationed at the War Department Barracks; and that the officer of the guard from which these sentinels are taken be instructed to report to Lieutenant-Colonel Bowers, assistant adjutant-general, at these headquarters, for orders regarding the posting of the sentinels. It is requested that the above-mentioned arrangement may be carried into effect this evening, relieving the guard now here, which is furnished from Fry Barracks.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS REMOUNT CAMP,
Pleasant Valley, Md., April 21, 1865.

Maj. WILLIAM RUSSELL, Jr.,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Cavalry, Middle Military Division:

The dismounted men of the Second Division left camp yesterday afternoon with orders to report to General Chapman on the march. They numbered about 900.

C. FITZ SIMONS,
Lieutenant-Colonel, Commanding.

CAMDEN STATION, *April 21, 1865.*
(Received 11 a. m.)

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

Just arrived all safe. Governor Bradford and suite and General E. B. Tyler joined at Annapolis Junction.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

BALTIMORE, *April 21, 1865.*
(Received 3.50 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

Ceremonies very imposing. Dense crowd lined the streets; chiefly laboring classes, white and black. Perfect order throughout. Many men and women in tears. Arrangements admirable. Start for Harrisburg at 3 p. m.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HARRISBURG, *April 21, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

Arrived here safely. Everything goes on well. At York a committee of ladies brought a superb wreath and laid it on the coffin in the car.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 31. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF THE EAST, *New York City, April 21, 1865.*

I. The major-general commanding, having, in obedience to the instructions of the War Department, conferred with the governor of the State in respect to the reception of the remains of the late lamented President of the United States, hereby announces that the public honors to be paid to them in this city will be in conformity to arrangements in progress, under the direction of the common council, the details of which will be hereafter published.

II. The military ceremonies will be conducted by Major-General Sandford, commanding the First Division of New York National Guards, under whose orders the Seventh Regiment will be designated as the escort and special guard to the remains while they are in this city.

III. All general and field officers in the service of the United States in this city are directed, and officers of the Navy of equivalent rank are requested, to report at these headquarters for the purpose of officiating as a guard of honor to the remains while at the City Hall.

IV. Major-General Robinson, U. S. Volunteers, will provide a proper escort at Albany and Buffalo, and will confer with General John F.

Rathbone of the New York National Guards at the former city, and with the general in command of the National Guards at the latter, both of whom have already received the necessary instructions from the governor of the State.

By command of Major-General Dix:

D. T. VAN BUREN,
Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 21, 1865.*

Brig. Gen. E. D. TOWNSEND,
A. A. G., with Guard of Honor to remains of the late President:

The following telegram from Cincinnati has been received and is forwarded for your consideration and action, viz:

I require a guard of 100 men to guard and escort the remains of our late President while the train is in transit through this department. The train to convey the remains consists of but nine cars. I have felt some apprehension respecting the transportation of this number. Can you tell me how this will be at the points which the remains are to be received with public honors and ceremonies? A much larger force will be required, but this I will be able to provide for at these points as soon as I have been furnished with a programme of the manner in which it is proposed to give expression to the public feeling.

JOSEPH HOOKER,
Major-General, Commanding.

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 22, 1865.*
(Received 12.10 p.m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

It is stated here by respectable parties that the amount of specie taken South by Jeff. Davis and his partisans is very large, including not only the plunder of the Richmond banks, but previous accumulations. They hope, it is said, to make terms with General Sherman or some other Southern commander by which they will be permitted with their effects, including this gold plunder, to go to Mexico or Europe. Johnston's negotiations look to this end. Would it not be well to put Sherman and all other commanding generals on their guard in this respect.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 22, 1865—2.30 p. m.*

Major-General HALLECK:

Your telegram of this morning indicates that Sherman's agreement with Johnston was not known to you. His action is disapproved, and he is ordered to resume hostilities immediately, as his order to Stoneman will allow Jeff. Davis to escape with his plunder. I will write you the details.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 22, 1865—2 p. m.*
(Received 4.30 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

On full consultation with General Ord we are of the opinion that it will be best to revoke all trade permits for any part of the State of Virginia; to open Richmond to domestic trade, and to prohibit all trade outside our military lines. These orders should take effect, say, on the 1st of May. In the meantime free access to Richmond from the North to be permitted. This will give us some trouble here, but it will prevent monopolists with special trade permits from swindling those who have anything to sell. There are men here with special permits of the late President to trade to the amount of millions. They have a most injurious effect. From all I can learn Richmond is to-day more loyal than Washington or Baltimore. The people acknowledge that they are thoroughly conquered.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, *April 22, 1865.*
(Received 7.35 p. m.)

E. M. STANTON:

Please send an ordnance officer here to take special charge of the Tredegar Iron Works to use them for Government purposes.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

FORTRESS MONROE, VA., *April 22, 1865—4 p. m.*
(Received 5 p. m.)

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

As soon as dispatches can be got off for General Halleck and General Sheridan I will start from here for Morehead City.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

FORT MONROE, *April 22, 1865—4 p. m.*
(Received 5.30 p. m.)

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Richmond:

The truce entered into by General Sherman will be ended as soon as I can reach Raleigh. Move Sheridan with his cavalry toward Greensborough as soon as possible. I think it will be well to send one corps of infantry with the cavalry. The infantry need not go farther than Danville unless they receive orders hereafter.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, *April 22, 1865—7 p. m.*

Lieutenant-General GRANT:

Orders have been sent to Major-General Meade and Major-General Sheridan in compliance with your telegram of this date.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 22, 1865.*
(Received 4.15 p. m.)

Col. R. D. CUTTS,
Aide-de-Camp:

Come to Richmond immediately. I wish you to take charge of rebel archives. Everybody has been plundering them.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 22, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your dispatch of this date transmitting General Orders, No. 71, current series, from War Department, and General Orders, No. 1, headquarters Military Division of the James.*

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, *April 22, 1865—7 p. m.*
(Received 7.30 p. m.)

Major-General MEADE:

Put a corps of infantry at the disposition of General Sheridan. It will immediately move south on Danville, subject there, and en route, to the orders of General Sheridan. Give orders accordingly. General Grant is en route to Raleigh, and may send this army corps orders direct to Danville.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 22, 1865—10.30 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond:

In compliance with your orders the Sixth Corps will move to-morrow at daylight on the road to Danville, with six batteries of artillery, four days' subsistence on the person, and eight days' subsistence and forage in the supply trains. A bridge train of 600 feet will accompany the column, to cross the Staunton River. The enemy have destroyed the

---

* See pp. 833, 891.

railroad bridge over the Staunton River, and the gauge of the road will have to be altered from this point to Danville before our rolling-stock can be used; but it is understood there is a large amount of rolling-stock at Danville which we can secure, and then it will only be necessary to rebuild the bridge over the Staunton River about 600 feet from the road to be used at this point. These facts are sent for your information.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 22, 1865—11.35 p. m.

Brigadier-General BENHAM,
Commanding Engineer Brigade:

Owing to the difficulty in supplying the bridge train at Staunton River General Wright is ordered to send it back to this point after crossing his command, unless they should conflict with General Sheridan's orders. The general commanding therefore directs that you send with it sufficient guard to escort the bridge should it return to this point.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS.
April 22, 1865—2 p. m.

Brevet Major-General INGALLS,
Chief Quartermaster, City Point:

Please inform me when the head of the Ninth Corps sails.

C. C. AUGUR,
Major-General, Commanding.

CITY POINT, VA., *April 22, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. C. C. AUGUR,
Washington, D. C.:

The Second and Third Brigades, First Division, Ninth Army Corps, embarked yesterday. The balance of the First Division embarked to-day.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. —. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GEN.'S OFFICE,
Washington, April 22, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. James A. Ekin, Quartermaster's Department, U. S. Army, is detailed as one of the guard of honor appointed in General Orders, No. 72, of April 20, 1865, in place of Bvt. Brig. Gen. Charles Thomas, assistant quartermaster-general, who is hereby relieved.

By order of the Secretary of War:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 180. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GEN.'S OFFICE, *Washington, April 22, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

53. By direction of the President, Maj. Adrian Terry, assistant adjutant-general, U. S. Volunteers, is hereby assigned to duty as assistant adjutant-general of the Tenth Army Corps, with rank and pay of a lieutenant-colonel, under act of July 17, 1862.

54. By direction of the President, Maj. George F. Towle, Fourth New Hampshire Volunteers, is hereby assigned to duty as assistant inspector-general of the Tenth Army Corps, with rank and pay of lieutenant-colonel, under act of July 17, 1862.

* * * * * * *

By order of the Secretary of War:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 1. } HDQRS. MIL. DIVISION OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., April 22, 1865.*

I. In compliance with General Orders, No. 71, War Department, dated Adjutant-General's Office, Washington, April 19, current series, Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck assumes command of the military division which embraces the Department of Virginia, the Army of the Potomac, and such parts of North Carolina as may not be occupied by the command of Major-General Sherman.

II. The following staff officers of the division are announced: Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. C. Kelton, assistant adjutant-general; Maj. D. C. Wager, assistant adjutant-general; Col. George Thom, chief of engineers.

By order of Major-General Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 14. } HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS, *April 22, 1865.*

Major-General Humphreys having gone on leave of absence the undersigned hereby assumes command of the corps.

FRANCIS C. BARLOW,
Brevet Major-General.

CIRCULAR.] HDQRS. SECOND DIV., SECOND ARMY CORPS, *April 22, 1865.*

Brevet Major-General Barlow having, during the temporary absence of Major-General Humphreys, been placed in command of the corps, Colonel McIvor, commanding Second Brigade, is placed in command of the division, he being the senior officer present.

By command of Brevet Major-General Barlow:

JOHN M. NORVELL,
Major and Assistant Adjutant-General.

CIRCULAR.] HDQRS. SECOND DIV., SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 22, 1865.

Brevet Major-General Barlow will retain command of the division as he finds that his duties as corps commander temporarily will be of such a nature that he can do so without detriment to the service, and as the duties as temporary corps commander are precisely a routine which he can attend to as well as that of commanding the division.

By command of Brevet Major-General Barlow:

JOHN M. NORVELL,
Major and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 22, 1865—9.10 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Corps:

The major-general commanding directs that you draw to-night the twelve days' marching rations for your command. What ammunition have you on hand?

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 22, 1865—9.30 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Corps:

Ammunition required to fill up your wagons will be sent you from Second Corps.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 22, 1865—9.45 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Sixth Corps:

The only news we have is that General Halleck commands the Division of the James and has ordered a corps to be sent immediately to Danville, subject en route and at that point to orders from General Sheridan. Also that General Grant is en route for Raleigh and that he may give orders to you direct at Danville.

Orders were sent to you before my dispatch.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 22, 1865—11.30 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Sixth Corps:

Unless it should conflict with orders received from General Sheridan, it is deemed advisable for you to send back the bridge train after crossing the Staunton River. That river is reported fordable, but the bridge is sent to meet the contingency of your finding it impassable. The telegraph wire is ordered to be put in order to Danville, and in case you

need the bridge on your return you can telegraph for it to meet you. It is impossible to forage the train at the distance it would be from this depot.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

PETERSBURG, *April 22, 1865—11.30 p. m.*

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Corps:

If you can move to-morrow morning do so, and move on the road along the Weldon road parallel to it, and continue your movement to Danville. The cavalry will move from here on Monday morning via the Boydton road, and will join you at Danville or at some point on the railroad north to Dan River. If you can conveniently increase the small rations to sixteen days do so. I will accompany the cavalry column until we form a junction. Should you get to Danville before the cavalry does remain there until the junction is formed. Acknowledge receipt by telegram.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
April 22, 1865.

The corps will move at daylight to-morrow morning in the direction of Danville in the following order: First, First Division, with one battery; second, Second Division; third, Artillery Brigade; fourth, Third Division, with one battery.

Headquarter trains will follow the divisions to which they belong. Corps headquarters trains will precede that of the First Division. The commanding officer of the Artillery Brigade will designate the batteries to accompany the First and Third Divisions. The commanding officer of the Third Division will furnish a sufficient guard to protect the trains. Twelve days' subsistence, four days to be carried on the persons of the troops, and eight days to be carried in the wagons, will be drawn to-night.

Fifty rounds of ammunition per man will be issued to the troops, and sixty rounds per man will be carried in the wagons, the amount necessary to supply deficiencies being drawn from the Second Corps train. Eight days' forage, if it can be procured, will also be carried in the wagons. An officer will be sent to the First Division to indicate the route to be taken. The troops will as far as practicable give the roads to the artillery and trains.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CITY POINT, *April 22, 1865—7 p. m.*

Colonel VAN BUREN,
Willard's, Washington:

All First Division but Twenty-seventh Michigan and One hundredth Pennsylvania shipped. General Parke left at 2 o'clock. Transportation of division turned over.

L. H. PEIRCE,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Chief Quartermaster Ninth Corps.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. — } HEADQUARTERS NINTH ARMY CORPS,
City Point, Va., April 22, 1865.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. J. J. Bartlett, U. S. Volunteers, having reported to the commanding general in pursuance of orders from headquarters Army of the Potomac, is hereby assigned to the command of the Second Division, Ninth Army Corps.

By command of Major-General Parke:

JNO. C. YOUNGMAN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

Will operator at City Point please send the above to General Bartlett at Petersburg?

JNO. C. YOUNGMAN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL SHERIDAN'S HEADQUARTERS,
Petersburg, Va., April 22, 1865.

Major-General PARKE,
Commanding Ninth Corps, City Point:

GENERAL: I have just arrived here, 12.30 p. m. Colonel Titus' brigade will reach here to-night. I have not yet seen General Griffin, but hear that he is on his way to this place. Shall I assume command of the division here or wait until I reach City Point and report to you? I will ride in to-morrow morning.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOS. J. BARTLETT,
Brevet Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS NINTH ARMY CORPS,
City Point, Va., April 22, 1865.

Brevet Major-General BARTLETT,
Comdg. Second Division, Ninth Army Corps, Petersburg, Va.:

On arriving here with your division you will please have it embarked for Washington. Colonel Peirce, chief quartermaster of the corps, in connection with Colonel Bradley, assistant quartermaster, will arrange transportation for the troops of your command.

JNO. G. PARKE,
Major-General.

P. S.—Please send copy of order assigning you to command of division to General Griffin.

PETERSBURG, VA., *April 22, 1865—9.30 a. m.*

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington:

If you desire me to make the march to join General Sherman I will be ready to start on the 25th or 26th of this month.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

[Indorsement.]

Will Major Eckert please have the foregoing dispatch sent to General Grant at Fort Monroe, and instruct the operator at that place to see that it is delivered to the general on his arrival at Old Point? General Grant left here last night on the steamer Keyport.

Respectfully,

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

Have sent the above as directed.

THOS. T. ECKERT,
Major, &c.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., April 22, 1865—7 p. m.

Major-General SHERIDAN,
In the Field:

You will move with your cavalry immediately on Greensborough, N. C. You will then act as circumstances may seem to require, unless you receive instructions from General Grant, who is on his way to Raleigh. General Meade has been directed to place an infantry corps under your direction. It is said here that there is a large amount of specie on the road between here and Charlotte. It is supposed to have been taken at different points from the railroad and to be in wagons. The railroad employés are said to know all about this, and will tell if forced to do so. While pushing south with all possible dispatch look to these things.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
Petersburg, Va., April 22, 1865—9.35 p. m.

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

If I move the cavalry from this place on the morning of the 25th will that meet your expectations? I can, by forcing, move on Monday, the 24th, but would like to have till the morning of the 25th. Please direct that the corps which is to come from General Meade be directed to report to me by telegraph at once so that I may give the proper directions about supplies. I think that the infantry cannot be gotten off before the 25th.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General, U. S. Army, Commanding.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
Petersburg, Va., April 22, 1865—11.30 p. m.

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

The Sixth Army Corps has reported to me and will march from Burke's Station to-morrow morning for Danville. I will probably move on Monday morning with the cavalry and will join the Sixth Corps at some point on the railroad north of Danville.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., April 22, 1865.

Major-General ORD,
Commanding, Richmond:

GENERAL: All books, printed documents, maps, manuscripts, &c., found in any public office here, or belonging to Confederate or State authorities, will be carefully preserved. On no consideration will any person be permitted to appropriate or remove them. As soon as rooms can be prepared they will be collected together and inventoried. Col. R. D. Cutts, who will soon arrive, will be placed in charge.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. W. HALLECK.
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 22, 1865.*
(Received 12 m.)

General J. A. HARDIE:

Ask U. H. Painter, correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer, to give you the name of his authority for incorrect statements which he reports in the Inquirer of the 19th, as to privileges and behavior of rebel officers here. Ask him to state that orders here prohibit rebel officers wearing pistols or side arms, require them to board at separate hotels from our officers, and to leave town within a limited time, and none are admitted on parole except generals and their staffs; that the behavior of all rebel officers is orderly and inoffensive. As General Lee receives no visits of reporters, and does not appear on the streets, I presume the statement of his opinions came from his servants. The orders quoted above were issued by me, and were not in force when I arrived. I found Pollard paroled; gave him a pass to go abroad, and he has gone.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

PETERSBURG, *April 22, 1865.*

Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Headquarters Armies of the U. S.:

COLONEL: I beg leave to forward a copy of a communication addressed to Headquarters Armies of the United States on the 9th instant* with the request to be allowed to publish the same. This will relieve me and my friends from an unpleasant relation to the public; will answer many letters daily received, and will prevent my silence being an injury to me. I can then patiently await the investigation that I do not doubt will in due time be accorded to me.

Respectfully,

G. K. WARREN,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 22, 1865.*

Major-General HARTSUFF:

On account of the excited state of the public mind and danger to paroled prisoners going North all passes to the North for such are for the present suspended, and they are advised to make their way home,

---

*See p. 679.

if their homes are south of Richmond, through the country. Of all such paroled prisoners, mechanics who take the oath of allegiance can, with their families, if they desire to get work, be sent to New York, Philadelphia, or Boston.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., April 22, 1865—1 a. m.

Major-General HANCOCK,
Winchester:

You will immediately establish your division headquarters at Washington until further orders, in the building lately occupied by General Halleck, if in your judgment the service will not be prejudiced thereby, and your duties equally as well performed here. Answer by telegraph.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
Winchester, Va., April 22, 1865.
(Received 12 m.)

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I have no doubt that the headquarters of the Middle Military Division can very properly be transferred to Washington at this time. I can arrange matters satisfactorily here so that everything will work well enough, and will immediately transfer the headquarters of the division to Washington. My knowledge of this country will enable me to control all matters here from Washington.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General Commanding.

WINCHESTER, VA., *April 22, 1865.*
(Received 9.15 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

Nearly all of Mosby's command has surrendered, including nearly or quite all of the officers except Mosby himself, who has probably fled. His next in rank, Lieutenant-Colonel Chapman, surrendered with the command. He is as important as Mosby, and from conversation had with him I think he will be valuable to the Government hereafter. Some of Mosby's own men are in pursuit of him for a reward of $2,000 offered by me. As near as I can tell about 380 of Mosby's men are paroled. Colonel Reno has paroled about 1,200 or 1,500 men at New Market, and has sent down for more blanks. I leave here for Washington City to-morrow morning.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 44. } HDQRS. MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION, *Winchester, Va., April 22, 1865.*

I. The headquarters of the Middle Military Division are hereby transferred to Washington, D. C., corner of F and Seventeenth streets. The following-named officers will report for duty there: Bvt. Brig. Gen. C. H. Morgan, chief of staff; Lieut. Col. Duncan S. Walker, assistant adjutant-general; Maj. E. B. Parsons, assistant adjutant-general.

II. The senior officer present, Bvt. Maj. Gen. A. T. A. Torbert, chief of cavalry, Middle Military Division, will assume command of the troops composing the Army of the Shenandoah. The staff of the Middle Military Division, with exception of those named above, will report to him for duty.

III. The senior officer present in the Department of West Virginia, Bvt. Maj. Gen. W. H. Emory, will assume command temporarily of that department, headquarters at Cumberland, Md.

By command of Major-General Hancock:

DUNCAN S. WALKER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 45. } HDQRS. MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION, *Winchester, Va., April 22, 1865.*

The commanding general of the corps, departments, and separate armies in this command are authorized to grant leaves of absence to officers and furloughs to enlisted men under the following regulations:

I. That in no case will the number of officers allowed to be absent exceed for a regiment one field officer, one staff officer, and two line officers.

II. Furloughs granted to enlisted men shall not exceed in number at one time two to every hundred men present, and those only to men who have faithfully performed their duties.

III. Not more than one officer will be absent on leave from a battery at one time.

IV. Not more than one brigade commander will be allowed to be absent from a division at one time.

V. Not more than one division commander will be absent from a corps or department or separate army consisting of one corps or less at one time.

VI. Leaves or furloughs not to exceed twenty days.

VII. Leaves to staff officers other than aides and regimental staff will only be granted on the recommendation of the chiefs of staff, departments or the corps department, or army headquarters as the case may be.

VIII. The commanding general permitting so large a proportion of absences must hold to strict accountability every officer and man that he returns to his command promptly at the expiration of his leave under this order.

By command of Major-General Hancock:

DUNCAN S. WALKER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 22, 1865.

Brigadier-General CHAPMAN, *Commanding Cavalry Brigade:*

GENERAL: The major-general commanding directs that you proceed with your command to the south side Potomac River, and go into temporary camp in the vicinity of the old Rendezvous of Distribution. Captain Hoyt, commissary of subsistence, will furnish your supplies from the depot at that place.

Very respectfully, general, your most obedient servant,

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

LEONARDTOWN, MD., *April 22, 1865.*

Bvt. Col. J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General:

For the last forty-eight hours my cavalry have been scouring this country thoroughly in every direction. Can learn of no rebel bands. Officers report the driest scouting. Have had five parties out to-day in as many different directions. Have heard from all except the one scouting up and down the Patuxent on this side. Have also sent party of eighty to scout Calvert County. They will cross at Benedict in steamers. Captain Rogers just arrived. I know nothing of Colonel Wells.

Respectfully,

J. M. WAITE,
Major.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 22, 1865.

Major WAITE, *Commanding, Leonardtown, Md.:*

MAJOR: Booth fell near Bryantown and broke his leg. Is supposed to have gone toward the Wicomico River, probably with the view of getting down the stream and thence across the river. His accomplice, Herold, is with him. Colonel Wells is at Bryantown.

Respectfully,

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY GOVERNOR,
Alexandria, Va., April 22, 1865.

ASSISTANT ADJUTANT-GENERAL,
Headquarters Department of Washington:

SIR: Rebel soldiers of the Army of Northern Virginia report that this side of the Rappahannock River there are large numbers of men of that army without paroles; some say many hundreds. I communicate the above for the information of the major-general commanding the department.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

JNO. P. SLOUGH,
Brigadier-General of Volunteers.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY GOVERNOR,
Alexandria, Va., April 22, 1865.

ASSISTANT ADJUTANT-GENERAL,
Headquarters Department of Washington:

SIR: I have the honor to report that I am paroling men of the rebel Army of Northern Virginia who surrender to our forces and report here without paroles, giving them a certificate of the fact that they are paroled for their protection. This certificate gives them permission to go to their homes undisturbed. All thus far are Virginians. I take from them their parole of honor not to take up arms (until duly exchanged) against the authority of the United States Government. A list of names, &c., I transmit to the Adjutant-General of the Army and to department headquarters. I order these men so paroled to report to the provost-marshal-general, Defenses South of Potomac. If this course is not correct please inform me and give me instructions.

With much respect, your obedient servant,

JNO. P. SLOUGH,
Brigadier-General of Volunteers.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 22, 1865.

Brig. Gen. JOHN P. SLOUGH,
Military Governor of Alexandria:

If any troops of the Ninth Army Corps arrive at Alexandria direct them to remain on board their transports until morning and then debark, going into temporary camp between Fort Ellsworth and Seminary Hospital.

By command of Major-General Augur:

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
April 22, 1865.

General SLOUGH,
Military Governor of Alexandria:

Has the Michigan cavalry yet left for the lower country as we spoke of this morning? If not, hurry it up.

C. C. AUGUR,
Major-General.

ALEXANDRIA, *April 22, 1865—5.05 p. m.*

Colonel TAYLOR:

COLONEL: Your message is received. The cavalry will start immediately with instruction to publish to fishermen, negroes, and others a description of the assassins and the reward for their apprehension, and to scout and picket the river to below Dumfries until further orders.

W. W. WINSHIP,
Captain, &c.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
April 22, 1865.

Captain WINSHIP,
Provost-Marshal, Alexandria:

If your cavalry have not left detain them until you receive a dispatch from me. If they have left have a messenger ready to take a letter to them on the road.

C. C. AUGUR,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
April 22, 1865.

Captain WINSHIP,
Provost-Marshal, Alexandria:

When Booth was last heard from he was near Wicomico River, Md. It is feared he has crossed into Virginia. He had broken his leg and was on crutches. He had also shaved off his mustache. Let your cavalry know these particulars, and let them go down below Aquia and, if possible, connect with the cavalry I send down by boat to-night into Westmoreland County. You need not detain your cavalry any longer. I will send my letter by other hands.

C. C. AUGUR,
Major-General.

ALEXANDRIA, *April 22, 1865.*
(Received 9.05 p. m.)

Major-General AUGUR:

GENERAL: Your dispatch is received. The cavalry started at 5 p. m. I have sent the information and instructions by special messenger.

W. W. WINSHIP,
Captain and Acting Provost-Marshal-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 22, 1865.

Col. N. B. SWEITZER,
Commanding Sixteenth New York Cavalry:

COLONEL: The major-general commanding directs that you place a battalion of your regiment on board a steamer, which will be furnished by the quartermaster's department, and proceed down the Potomac, debarking on the Virginia shore as nearly opposite the mouth of Wicomico River, probably at or near Nomini Bay, as practicable. Having landed your people you will use them as you may judge best for the discovery of Booth, the murderer of the President, and any of his accomplices who may have succeeded in crossing the Potomac.

Very respectfully, colonel, your most obedient servant,

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

FAIRFAX COURT-HOUSE, *April 22, 1865.*
(Received 7 p. m.)

Lieutenant-Colonel TAYLOR:

I have the honor to report all quiet along the lines of my command. Will private soldiers who come in to be paroled and who claim the horses which they ride, with their equipments and arms, as private property, be allowed to retain them, or does the provision apply only to officers? Please send me more rolls and paroles.

W. GAMBLE,
Brigadier-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 22, 1865.

Brevet Brigadier-General GAMBLE,
Fairfax Court-House:

GENERAL: Your dispatch received. The horses will be left with the men, but the arms must be delivered up. Officers retain their side-arms.

Respectfully,

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff, Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 22, 1865.

Brevet Brigadier-General GAMBLE,
Commanding First Separate Brigade:

GENERAL: Send the remaining battalion Eighth Illinois Cavalry to Camp Casey. Send regimental property in charge of dismounted men of the regiment by rail to Alexandria. Report departure of baggage train, and direct officer commanding the battalion to report his arrival at Camp Casey to these headquarters.

By command of Major-General Augur:

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., April 22, 1865—9 p. m.

Lieutenant-Commander EASTMAN, U. S. Navy,
U. S. Steamer Don, Saint Inigoes, Md.:

Booth was near Bryantown last Saturday, where Doctor Mudd set his ankle, which was broken by a fall from his horse. The utmost vigilance is necessary in the Potomac and Patuxent to prevent his escape. All boats should be searched for and destroyed, and a daily and nightly patrol established on both shores. Inform the people that more than $100,000 is offered for him. Allow none of your boats to leave, except for search elsewhere.

GIDEON WELLES.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
April 22, 1865.

Commander PARKER, U. S. Navy,
Saint Inigoes, Md.:

There is reason to believe that Booth and an accomplice are in the swamps about Allen's Fresh, emptying into Wicomico River. He is evidently trying to cross into Virginia. Have you the Potomac well guarded about there and above? Fearing he may have already crossed, I wish to send a force of cavalry to Nomini Bay. Can I land horses there or in that vicinity, and with how much water? Please inform me at once.

C. C. AUGUR,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
April 22, 1865.

Commander PARKER, U. S. Navy,
Saint Inigoes, Md.:

There is no longer any doubt that Booth and an accomplice were near Bryantown on Saturday last, inquiring for Piney Church. He is very lame, having broken his leg, and was last seen on crutches. He was undoubtedly endeavoring to cross into Virginia. I am desired to request your most vigilant co-operation, by a rigid and active blockade of all the Potomac, to prevent his escape into Virginia. Will you please communicate this information to the tugs and other quartermasters' boats on duty guarding the river, and enjoin the greatest activity and watchfulness upon them?

C. C. AUGUR,
Major-General.

SAINT INIGOES, *April 22, 1865.*
(Received 6.50 p. m.)

Major-General AUGUR:

Telegrams received. There is no wharf in Nomini Bay, but there is a good landing in Coan River with eight feet of water about fifteen miles below, where cavalry can disembark very readily. I have dispatched a boat to communicate the information contained in your telegrams of this date to the vessels in the Potomac.

S. NICKERSON,
Acting Volunteer Lieutenant, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
April 22, 1865.

Commander PARKER, U. S. Navy,
Saint Inigoes:

The cavalry are directed to land at Coan River, as you suggest. Can you send a gun-boat to show them the landing and assist them generally? They will leave here about 9 this evening.

C. C. AUGUR,
Major-General.

SAINT MARY'S, MD., *April 22, 1865.*
(Received 11 p. m.)

Maj. Gen. C. C. AUGUR:

A gun-boat will be there at daylight. Send as light-draught vessels as possible.

S. NICKERSON,
Acting Volunteer Lieutenant, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 22, 1865.

Brevet Major-General EMORY, *Cumberland:*

General Hancock directs me to inform you that about 380 of Mosby's men have surrendered, under Lieutenant-Colonel Chapman. Mosby himself did not surrender.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General, &c.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 22, 1865.

Brevet Major-General EMORY, *Commanding, Cumberland:*

GENERAL: The major-general commanding directs me to say to you in reply to your dispatch of yesterday, that General Grant's order some time since permitted all deserters to go to their homes. General Stevenson afterward, when he was temporarily in command of the Department of West Virginia, at the solicitation of the governor, issued an order, which you have on file, referring to this matter. That order in certain respects was contrary to General Grant's. General Stevenson's order was afterward modified, as you will see by the copy of the following dispatch to General Carroll when he was in command of the Department of West Virginia.*

The modification referred to you will no doubt find among the official papers in your office at Cumberland. Paroled prisoners under the late agreement between Generals Grant and Lee have an absolute right to go to their homes in West Virginia, under their paroles, and to remain there, subject to the conditions of their paroles. As to refugees, the general knows of no rule to act upon at this juncture, save that applied to deserters, who may or may not be dangerous to their neighbors, &c.

Respectfully,

W. G. MITCHELL,
Brevet Colonel and Aide-de-Camp.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 22, 1865.

Brevet Major-General EGAN,
Commanding Third Division, Army of the Shenandoah,
Charlestown, Va.:

GENERAL: Major-General Hancock directs me to say that leave of absence is granted to you for ten days. You will please leave General Raum in command of your division.

I am, general, very respectfully,

W. G. MITCHELL,
Brevet Colonel and Aide-de-Camp.

---

* See Morgan to Carroll, March 26, p. 194.

HARRISBURG, *April 22, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

We start at 11.15 by agreement of State authorities. It rained in torrents last night, which greatly interfered with the procession, but all is safe now.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

PHILADELPHIA, *April 22, 1865.*
(Received 8.25 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

We have arrived here safely. Everything in good order.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, DISTRICT OF ERIE, COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
Erie, Pa., April 22, 1865.

Hon. JOHN BROUGH:

DEAR SIR: I see by the printed programme that the remains of ex-President Lincoln will remain in Buffalo from 7 a. m. to 10 p. m., a period of 15 hours, when the train will leave for Cleveland, arriving there the next morning. By this arrangement the funeral train will pass through Erie at midnight. Our citizens having had the pleasure of a meeting with Mr. Lincoln when he was on his way to Washington, desire to pay his remains the tribute of honor and respect which they have felt for him as President, and desire me to address you and ascertain whether by reducing the time at Buffalo a few hours they could not have the privilege of doing so. We feel as if it would be just to the citizens of this part of Pennsylvania to allow them the few hours that would enable them to pay their last respects to him, especially as such a long detention will occur at Buffalo and Cleveland, on both sides of our city and State. If it may be in your power to modify the time arranged between Buffalo and Cleveland, and which will not interfere with any other part of the route, please advise me by telegraph, and very much oblige,

Yours, very truly,

M. B. LOWRY,
State Senator, Erie and Crawford Counties.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *April 22, 1865.*

Adjutant-General TERRELL,
Indianapolis, Ind.:

The Secretary of War directs that the funeral ceremonies in each State will be under direction of the governor. The body will lie in state in the Capitol on Sunday. I authorize you, General Stone, Major Lozier, and the State officers to confer with the mayor and the citizens and arrange the programme. I will be there. Let the programme befit the great occasion and the character of the State.

O. P. MORTON.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., *April 22, 1865.*

Governor R. J. OGLESBY:

(Care of Adjutant-General Townsend, with guard of honor to remains of late President, Philadelphia.)

The Secretary of War thinks there is very great propriety in your offering a reward for the arrest of Booth, the murderer of the President. His principal accomplices are believed to be arrested. The main point now is to get Booth. The amount of the reward is left to your discretion. The following is the description of Booth: He is five feet seven or eight inches high, slender build, high forehead, black hair, black eyes, and wore a heavy black mustache, which may be shaved off.

DAVID DAVIS.

WASHINGTON, *April 23, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK, *Commanding:*

As requested by you, an ordnance officer will be sent to take charge of the Tredegar Foundry. Captain Shunk, now at Richmond, has been directed to consult with you and to take charge of the foundry until the arrival of the officer.

A. B. DYER,
Chief of Ordnance.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 23, 1865.

Brig. Gen. R. INGALLS:

The Sixth Corps has been detached from this army and ordered to report to General Sheridan. It left here for Danville at daylight this morning.

R. N. BATCHELDER,
Colonel and Chief Quartermaster.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 103. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 23, 1865.

* * * * * * *

4. The regiments recently composing the garrison of the post of City Point, excepting the First Massachusetts Cavalry, are assigned to the Fifth Corps. The commanding officer of each regiment will report with his command to Brevet Major-General Griffin, commanding Fifth Corps, for further assignment.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
April 23, 1865—12.05 a. m.

Major-General WEBB, *Chief of Staff:*

Your dispatch relative to sending back bridge train after crossing the Staunton River is received. I have reported to General Sheridan by telegraph, but as yet have received no orders from him. I shall move at 5 a. m.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
April 23, 1865.

The corps will move at 6 o'clock to-morrow morning in the direction of Danville in the following order: First, Second Division, with one battery; second, Third Division; third, Artillery Brigade; fourth, First Division, with one battery; fifth, ambulances and trains.

Headquarters' trains will follow the divisions to which they belong. Corps headquarters' train will precede that of the Second Division. The commanding officer of the Artillery Brigade will designate the batteries to accompany the Second and First Divisions. The commanding officer of the First Division will furnish a sufficient guard to protect the trains. All the troops will as far as practicable give the roads to the artillery and trains, the troops taking the right hand side of the road.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CITY POINT, VA., *April 23, 1865—9 p. m.*

Col. J. L. VAN BUREN,
Willard's Hotel:

I leave this p. m. with General Hartranft. One brigade of his and three batteries will be shipped to-night. All of the Second Division will reach here by to-morrow noon. Large steamers are expected here to-morrow sufficient to ship balance of corps. The One hundredth Pennsylvania is shipped. Major Hiestand is left in charge. General Bartlett has arrived.

L. H. PEIRCE,
Lieutenant-Colonel, &c., Quartermaster Ninth Corps.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
Petersburg, Va., April 23, 1865—5 p. m.

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

The Sixth Corps marched from Burkeville this morning with eight days' rations in the wagons. The cavalry will march from here to-morrow morning (24th), moving via Boydton, and will form a junction with the Sixth Corps near the junction of the Staunton and Dan Rivers. They will take with them five days' full rations on the persons of the men and fifteen days' of coffee, sugar, and salt in wagons.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 23, 1865—7 p. m.*

Major-General SHERIDAN,
Petersburg:

Pay no attention to the Sherman and Johnston truce. It has been disapproved by the President. Try to cut off Jeff. Davis' specie. Samuel Ruth, William E. Day, and Thomas Dodamead, and William Pedmont, of Danville railroad, are said to be worthy of your confidence.

H. W. HALLECK.

PETERSBURG, *April 23, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK:

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your telegram of 7 p. m. of this date.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
ARMIES OPERATING AGAINST RICHMOND, VA.,
City Point, Va., April 23, 1865.

Maj. Gen. P. H. SHERIDAN,
Commanding Cavalry, Petersburg, Va.:

The cavalry of the Army of the James wants some 1,300 cavalry horses. After you have left can I supply them, or will you leave dismounted men whom it will be necessary first to mount? If you will require artillery horses they might be got from the Artillery Reserve and replaced by me before wanted.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

PETERSBURG, *April 23, 1865.*

Brevet Major-General INGALLS,
City Point:

I think it would be best to mount the cavalry of the Army of the James first, then the First and Third Divisions, then the Second Division. I will not want any artillery horses. Will try and get along with what we have.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

ORDERS.] CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
Petersburg, Va., April 23, 1865.

The command will march to-morrow morning, the 24th instant, at 6 o'clock, via the Boydton road and Dinwiddie Court-House, to Birchett's Bridge, on the Nottoway River, and will encamp there to-morrow night unless otherwise directed. The following will be the order of march: First, the Second Cavalry Division, General Crook commanding; second, the First and Third Divisions, General Merritt commanding. Headquarters wagons and ambulances will accompany their respective divisions. Ordnance and subsistence wagons will follow in rear of the commands, and General Merritt will detail a suitable rear guard and escort for this train. General Crook will detail one regiment to remain here until the evening of the 24th instant, and the commanding officer will report to these headquarters for instructions at 6 to-morrow morning. The headquarters of the major-general commanding on the march will be with the leading division.

By command of Major-General Sheridan:

F. C. NEWHALL,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

FIELD ORDERS, No. 39. } HDQRS. CAVALRY, MIDDLE MILITARY DIV., *Petersburg, Va., April 23, 1865.*

The command will be in readiness to move at 6 a. m. to-morrow, the men to carry five days' rations upon their persons and ten days' rations of coffee, sugar, and salt to be carried in the wagons. Officers will provide themselves with rations. Thirty rounds of carbine ammunition will be carried on the persons of the men and 100 rounds in the wagons, the artillery to carry all their caissons can hold. Two days' grain will be carried if it can be obtained. Captain Earle, acting chief commissary, has been ordered to furnish the necessary amount of subsistence.

By command of Bvt. Maj. Gen. W. Merritt:

E. M. BAKER,
Captain and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

FIELD ORDERS, No. 40. } HDQRS. CAVALRY, MIDDLE MILITARY DIV., *April 23, 1865.*

I. The command will move in the morning in rear of General Crook's command, which marches at 6 a. m., in the following order: First, First Cavalry Division; second, Third Cavalry Division; third, wagon trains. Headquarters wagons and ambulances will march in rear of their respective divisions.

II. General Custer will detail a sufficient force to march in rear of the trains.

III. The attention of division commanders is particularly called to the necessity of each man carrying thirty pounds of grain on his horse.

By command of Brevet Major-General Merritt:

E. M. BAKER,
Captain and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

CAMP COMPANY G, FIFTH MASSACHUSETTS CAVALRY,
Near Petersburg, Va., April 23, 1865.

Brevet Major-General FERRERO,
Commanding Defenses of Petersburg:

GENERAL: I have the honor to submit the following report of a scout made on the north side of the Appomattox River by my command April 22: I took the river road, sending out parties on all cross roads. At Mr. Gill's I learned that two sheep had been killed at his farm by soldiers on the 20th instant. These men crossed the river in a boat. They were armed with the Spencer carbine. At the village of Matoaca I learned that soldiers were in the habit of crossing the river at various points in boats and on rafts. Soldiers have often been to Mr. Keesee's, taking such things as suited their fancy. This gentleman lives about nine miles from Petersburg. He had two mules taken on the night of the 20th. It is said they were taken by two of his former slaves. One mile this side of Mr. Keesee's I crossed over to the Hickory road, some three or four miles distant. In this district there had been no soldiers. I found that about two weeks ago there had been soldiers at houses some six miles from the city, taking horses and arms, searching trunks, taking jewelry, &c. For the past ten or twelve days there have been no depredations committed north of the River road, as far as I could

learn. The testimony of the people goes to show that these depredations are not committed by stragglers, but by men coming across the river from their respective camps. I have found that these men generally come across in the morning and return at night to their camps.

Respectfully submitted.

Your obedient servant,

H. E. W. CLARK,
Captain, Fifth Massachusetts Cavalry.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., April 23, 1865.

Rear-Admiral D. D. PORTER,
Comdg. N. Atlantic Blockading Squadron, Hampton Roads, Va.:

Continue to exercise the utmost vigilance over all vessels departing from the limits of your command. Booth is endeavoring to escape by water. Send a gun-boat or some tugs to examine the shores and islands of the Eastern Shore of Virginia and all vessels in that direction, and arrest and seize all suspicious parties. If you have any tugs to spare send them into the Potomac.

GIDEON WELLES,
Secretary of the Navy.

WINCHESTER, VA., *April 23, 1865.*
(Received 9.10 a. m.)

Major-General AUGUR:

Major-General Hancock desires me to inform you that about 380 of Mosby's men have surrendered. Mosby himself has fled. Lieutenant-Colonel Chapman surrendered the command, and says there will be no trouble from it hereafter.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

WINCHESTER, VA., *April 23, 1865.*
(Received 9.10 a. m.)

Maj. Gen. C. C. AUGUR,
Commanding Department:

The headquarters of the Middle Military Division will be at Wash ington on and after this date until further orders.

By order of Major-General Hancock:

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General, &c.

(Same to General Stevenson.)

LEONARDTOWN, MD., *April 23, 1865—8 p. m.*

Bvt. Col. J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General:

COLONEL: I forward herewith report of Captain Buckley, sent to Captain Willauer, commanding this post, previous to my arrival. On my way here met Buckley near Bryantown, and, becoming convinced he

was of no use there, ordered him here with his men. Subsequently I relieved him from duty here and ordered him to report to General Barnes, at Point Lookout, as he assured me General Barnes only sent him here for temporary duty. I learned from Buckley himself that he did not see a single rebel. The man reported lost, Captain Willauer tells me, fell from his horse, but afterward came in. There may be now and then a rebel soldier in the county, but there is no armed band. Between 11 and 12 last night received communication from Colonel Wells from Bryantown. Rode there to-day with Captain Rogers and have just returned. I forward by boat, which takes Captain Rogers, 11 prisoners. Booth fractured a bone of his leg in jumping upon the stage, not by falling near Bryantown. Have not heard from party gone over the Patuxent River. A report has come in of a person dressed in women's clothes, believed to be a man and suspicioned of being Booth, having been seen near Great Mills, some twelve miles from here. Have sent party to investigate, although have had scout in that neighborhood every day since reaching here.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

JNO. M. WAITE,
Major, &c.

HEADQUARTERS CAVALRY DIVISION,
Falls Church, Va., April 23, 1865.

Lieut. Col. J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff, Department of Washington:

COLONEL: I have the honor to report that I sent the Fourteenth Pennsylvania Cavalry, Colonel Schoonmaker commanding, to report to Brevet Brigadier-General Gamble at Fairfax Court-House, instead of the Third Massachusetts Cavalry, as I first reported, in order more fully to comply with requirements. This, however, breaks up the brigade organization of the First Brigade of the division, commanded by Brevet Brigadier-General Tibbits (at present on sick leave), who is assigned to duty by proper authority, with his brevet rank.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. H. CHAPMAN,
Brigadier-General of Volunteers.

FAIRFAX COURT-HOUSE, *April 23, 1865—8.30 a. m.*
(Received 9 a. m.)

Lieut. Col. J. H. TAYLOR:

Your two telegrams just received. The remaining battalion Eighth Illinois Cavalry are ordered in from Fairfax Station, Burke's Station, Annandale, and Falls Church to report to Lieutenant-Colonel Clendenin, who is ordered to Camp Casey with all the regimental property as directed in your telegram. I request authority to distribute what cavalry is left along the line for the purpose of communication. So long as any troops occupy this line I believe this to be necessary.

WM. GAMBLE,
Colonel, Commanding Brigade.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 23, 1865.

Brevet Brigadier-General GAMBLE,
Commanding First Separate Brigade:

GENERAL: You were not ordered to send the regimental property of the Eighth Illinois Cavalry to Camp Casey, but to Alexandria. Distribute the cavalry now on the line as you think best.

Respectfully,

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

FAIRFAX COURT-HOUSE, *April 23, 1865.*
(Received 1.30 p. m.)

Col. J. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

COLONEL: The battalion of the Eighth Illinois Cavalry and baggage train are now just starting according to orders. I have directed the remaining battalion of the Thirteenth New York Cavalry to be distributed along the line for the purpose of keeping up the communication. It is now the only cavalry on the line, and is about 300 strong.

WM. GAMBLE,
Brevet Brigadier-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 23, 1865.

Colonel CLENDENIN,
Commanding Eighth Illinois Cavalry, Camp Casey:

You will proceed early to-morrow morning with your command to Bryantown, Md., and report to Col. H. H. Wells, at or near that place, and obey such instructions as he may give you. Should he have use for your command you will proceed with it to Leonardtown and take post near there, where you will find another battalion of your regiment under Major Waite. Major Waite will show you his instructions, which you will consider as your own until you receive further orders.

Respectfully, yours,

C. C. AUGUR,
Major-General, Commanding.

POINT LOOKOUT, MD., *April 23, 1865.*

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I have just received the following dispatch from Captain Willauer, at Leonardtown:

Sergeant Bagley, of the mounted detachment stationed at Millstone Landing, informs me that J. Wilkes Booth was seen passing through Great Mills on foot about 9 o'clock this morning. He is dressed in woman's attire. The sergeant and his men

are in pursuit. I will send all the cavalry I have out immediately. Everything shall be done that can be done to secure him. The citizens recognized him as he was passing through.

S. G. WILLAUER,
Captain, Commanding.

Great Mills is situated at the head of Saint Mary's River, about ten miles from Saint Inigoes and twenty from here.

JAMES BARNES,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

(Copy to General Augur, by order Secretary of War.)

LEONARDTOWN, MD., *April 23, 1865.*

Capt. C. H. DREW,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General:

CAPTAIN: Major Waite has gone to Bryantown. He will return this evening. Colonel Taylor, chief of General Augur's staff, informs us that Booth fell near Bryantown and broke his leg. It is thought he will go down the Wicomico River, with a view of crossing the Potomac. I have ordered the infantry, in charge of Sergeant Stewart, to remain on the Wicomico and look out for the party. Booth's accomplice, Herold, is with him. All is well here.

Respectfully,

S. G. WILLAUER,
Captain, Commanding.

RELAY HOUSE, *April 23, 1865.*
(Received 8.15 a. m.)

Major-General AUGUR:

The Potomac River is most carefully blockaded, and I have given orders to the flotilla to co-operate with you in your landing.

F. A. PARKER,
Commander.

POINT LOOKOUT, *April 23, 1865.*

Captain NICKERSON,
Saint Inigoes:

I have received a dispatch stating that Booth was seen at Great Mills this morning dressed as a woman. Keep a sharp lookout on Saint Mary's River.

J. BARNES,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

RELAY HOUSE, *April 23, 1865.*

Lieutenant NICKERSON,
Saint Inigoes:

Send the Heliotrope or Stepping Stones to Coan River. Co-operate fully with General Augur, and be careful that the point he speaks of be carefully guarded. Send the Ella to Washington for me without delay, and let her give the information to the gun-boats as she goes up the river.

F. A. PARKER.

HDQRS. ARMY OF THE SHENANDOAH, MIDDLE MIL. DIV.,
April 23, 1865.

Major-General HANCOCK,
Comdg. Middle Military Div., Washington, D. C.:

Will members of rebel legislature of Virginia be allowed to return to their homes within the lines of the U. S. Army? There is one now outside who desires to come to his home here. If allowed, on what conditions?

A. T. A. TORBERT,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON CITY, *April 23, 1865.*

Major-General TORBERT,
Winchester:

Notify all the subordinate commanders along the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and in West Virginia to the Kanawha that they must not relax their vigilance in reference to the murderer of President Lincoln. Booth has not yet been arrested, and it is thought that he may attempt to escape in disguise as a woman or otherwise through that portion of the country.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General, U. S. Volunteers.

(Same to Maj. Gen. W. H. Emory, Cumberland, and Brigadier-General Stevenson, Harper's Ferry.)

HDQRS. ARMY OF THE SHENANDOAH, MIDDLE MIL. DIV.,
April 23, 1865.

Major-General HANCOCK,
Comdg. Middle Military Div., Washington, D. C.:

Information received to-day from a rebel officer who gave his parole at this place leads me to think Johnston has disbanded his army.

A. T. A. TORBERT,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE SHENANDOAH,
April 23, 1865.

Major-General HANCOCK,
Commanding Middle Military Division,
Corner F and 17th streets, Washington, D. C.:

GENERAL: Two men of Mosby's have just come in and claim to be British subjects. They wish permission to go to Canada. What shall I do in such cases?

TORBERT,
General, Commanding Army.

HEADQUARTERS,
Cumberland, April 23, 1865.

Brigadier-General HAYES,
New Creek:

The detachment to capture or drive away the rebel officers and soldiers who refuse to surrender may be sent as you propose. The offi-

cer selected to command should be prudent and reliable, and great care must be taken not to capture or disturb those who have been already paroled by General Grant or General Hancock, under arrangements made with General Lee.

By order of General Emory:

TH. MELVIN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

STEPHENSON'S, *April 23, 1865.*

General STEVENSON:

General Hancock will be at the Ferry about 9.30. If he has time he would like to see you a few minutes.

C. H. MORGAN,
Chief of Staff.

BALTIMORE, MD., *April 23, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

Colonel Woolley, provost-marshal, has received a dispatch signed J. L. McPhail and dated Washington, April 23, and purporting to be by your authority. It asks for information as to boats running to Western Shore, Md., and if they are well guarded; orders all vessels trading to Western Shore to be stopped and steam-boats searched. Please inform me if such are your instructions.

LEW. WALLACE,
Major-General, Commanding.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 23, 1865—8.05 p. m.

Maj. Gen. LEW. WALLACE,
Baltimore:

Mr. McPhail was instructed by me to procure the information and give the directions mentioned in his telegram, and if it is not furnished officers will be placed in command who will do so.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, April 24, 1865—10 a. m.

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Richmond:

Such order in respect to trade as you deem proper will be approved. Please prepare and telegraph it immediately, so that the public may know and this Department be relieved from the incessant annoyance of questions that I am unable to answer.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 24, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

I propose that the following order be issued:

By direction of the President of the United States it is ordered as follows: First. All restrictions in regard to domestic commerce and trade, except as to articles contraband of war with the State of Virginia as insurgent territory, are hereby revoked in respect to the ports and counties of that State which have duly submitted to the authority or are in the military possession of the United States. Second. All restrictions upon travel to and from the ports of Virginia hereinbefore mentioned are hereby suspended, so far as regards loyal citizens of the United States and those who have taken the prescribed oath under the amnesty proclamation of the President. Third. The commanding general of the Military Division of the James is authorized to make such exceptions to the above articles as in his opinion circumstances may require.

By order of the Secretary of War.

I think the above would give great satisfaction, and afford immediate relief to Richmond and the surrounding country. I have had interviews with several prominent gentlemen from the interior. They all say that the people are ready and anxious to return to the Union. They are very destitute of provisions, and unless they can be relieved many will resort to robbery. Most of them, however, can provide for themselves if trade is opened so that they can purchase provisions and seeds.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 24, 1865.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond:

I have received your proposed order. As to the first section, the articles contraband of war ought to be enumerated, as the present list includes many articles that need not be prohibited now. General Grant's recent order specifies the contraband of war which he deems necessary. I do not see that, as to trade, anything more is required. As to the second section, the construction of the amnesty oath is under consideration by the Attorney-General, and until decided this section should be postponed, and, at all events, for two or three days, while the hunt for Booth is going on. The third section is right. The order recommended by Grant is subjoined.*

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 24, 1865.*

Brevet Major-General MEIGS,
Washington:

The rebel army having stripped the country of all horses and mules the farmers have no means of putting in crops. I suggest the propriety of selling here all condemned animals instead of sending them to Washington. The farmers can get money to pay for them by selling tobacco and market stuff. We must either feed the poor or help them feed themselves.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

---

* See General Orders, No. 70, April 17, p. 809.

RICHMOND, *April 24, 1865.*

Brigadier-General DYER,
Chief of Ordnance, Washington:

I think the Tredegar Works should be put in operation to repair all ordnance here before it is removed North. This will give employment to mechanics whose families we must otherwise feed to prevent starvation.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 24, 1865—9.30 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK:

As soon as the Sixth Corps moved yesterday I sent a small construction party, with an escort of twenty mounted men and an operator, to put the telegraph line in order between this and the Staunton River. The operator reached this p. m., Clover Station, three miles beyond the Staunton River; there he found two rebel operators and the line working to Danville. He also found nine locomotives and some fifty cars. He took possession of the telegraph office, and I directed him to notify General Wright, who was then laying a bridge some three miles above the railroad crossing, to send a guard to take possession of the train and hold it till the arrival of Brigadier-General Benham with the Engineer Brigade, whom I have sent to rebuild the railroad bridge. In the meantime a message was sent from Danville directing the train to return to-morrow at 5 a. m., to which I ordered no reply to be made. The accompanying message was then sent:

Have you any knowledge of any such armistice as is here referred to?

I have directed a reply to be sent to the effect that the party at Clover Station are acting under my orders.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

DANVILLE, *April 24, 1865—12 midnight.*

Major-General MEADE,
Commanding, Headquarters Army of the Potomac:

As there are still a number of paroled officers and soldiers of General Lee's army on their way home west, and also officers and soldiers of Army of Tennessee on their way east, for the purpose of reaching their homes and submitting to the authority of the United States Government, I wish to keep the trains running between Danville and Clover, with your permission. No attempt will be made to destroy or remove the rolling stock, and the officers of the road are ready to renew their allegiance to the Government of the United States in good faith. Please let me know your determination. We are not now performing any transportation for the Confederate Government. There are no forces of that Government or any officers representing it nearer than Greensborough, forty-eight miles of this place.

THOS. DODAMEAD,
General Superintendent Richmond and Danville Railroad.

CITY POINT, VA., *April 21, 1865.*

Brig. Gen. D. C. MCCALLUM,
Superintendent of U. S. Military Railroads, Washington, D. C.:

Troops having moved toward Danville, General Meade desires the road from Burkeville Junction put in running order. The main work is to rebuild the bridge over the Staunton River. We can then obtain the rolling stock at Danville. If the bridge over the Appomattox, on the Danville road, is rebuilt and that at Farmville, on the South Side road, we should have plenty of 5-foot gauge rolling stock to run between Danville and Richmond and Burkeville and Lynchburg. These repairs will be of great importance in the supply of troops and must be made by the Construction Corps, if the private companies do not make them. The lieutenant-general will not accede to their offers at present. I have therefore directed your agent here to have the bridge over the Staunton River rebuilt at once. It is some 600 feet long and 30 high. It is also said that much of the material can be had in the vicinity. Please give the necessary orders for the rapid rebuilding of this bridge, and that across the Appomattox on the Richmond and Danville Railroad.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 73. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE. *Washington, April 21, 1865.*

The attention of all commanders of military divisions, departments, districts, detachments, and posts is drawn to the annexed opinion of the Attorney-General, which they will observe, and regulate their action in accordance therewith:

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
April 22, 1865.

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 22d of April. In it you ask me three questions, growing out of the capitulation made betwixt General Grant, of the U. S. Army, and General Lee, of the rebel army. You ask:

First. Whether rebel officers who once resided in the city of Washington and went to Virginia or elsewhere in the South and took service can return to the city under the stipulations of the capitulation and reside here as their homes.

Second. Whether persons who resided in Washington about the time the rebellion broke out, left the city and went to Richmond, where they have adhered to the rebel cause, entered into the civil service, or otherwise given it their support, comfort, and aid, can return to Washington since the capitulation of General Lee's army and the capture of Richmond and reside here under the terms of the capitulation.

Third. You state that, since the capitulation of General Lee's army, rebel officers have appeared in public in the loyal States wearing the rebel uniform, and you ask whether such conduct is not a fresh act of hostility on their part to the United States, subjecting them to be dealt with as avowed enemies of the Government.

Your letter is accompanied with a copy of the terms of capitulation entered into betwixt Generals Grant and Lee. It is as follows:

"Rolls of all the officers and men to be made in duplicate—one copy to be given to an officer [to be] designated by me, the other to be retained by such officer or officers as you may designate; the officers to give their individual paroles not to take [up] arms against the Government of the United States until properly exchanged, and each company or regimental commander sign a like parole for the men of their commands. The arms, artillery, and public property to be parked and stacked, and turned over to the officers appointed by me (General Grant) to receive them. This will not embrace the side-arms of the officers, nor their private horses or baggage. This done, each officer and man will be allowed to return to their homes, not to be disturbed by United States authority so long as they observe their paroles and the laws in force where they may reside."

I. In giving construction to these articles of capitulation we must consider in what capacity General Grant was speaking. He of course spoke by the authority of the President of the United States as Commander-in-Chief of the Armies of the United States. It must be presumed that he had no authority from the President except such as the Commander-in-Chief could give to a military officer.

The President performs two functions of the Government—one civil, the other military. As President of the United States and its civil head he possesses the pardoning power; as President of the United States he is Commander-in-Chief of the Armies of the United States and is the head of its belligerent power. His power to pardon as a civil magistrate cannot be delegated; it is a personal trust inseparably connected with the office of President. As Commander-in-Chief of the Armies of the United States he has of necessity to delegate a vast amount of power. Regarding General Grant, then, purely as a military officer, and that he was speaking as one possessing no power except belligerent, and considering that fact to be well known to the belligerents with whom he was making the stipulation, let us come to the consideration of the first question which you have propounded.

It must be observed that the question is not as to the extent of the power that the President as Commander-in-Chief of the Armies possesses; it is not whether he, as Commander-in-Chief of the Armies of the United States, could grant parole by virtue of his military authority to rebels to go to and reside in loyal communities—communities that had not been in rebellion against the Government of the United States; but the question is whether by and under the terms of the stipulation he has granted such permission.

In the cases in 2 Black, commonly called the Prize cases, the Supreme Court of the United States decided that the rebels were belligerents; that this was no loose, unorganized insurrection, without defined boundary, but that it had a boundary, marked by lines of bayonets, which can only be crossed by force; that south of that line is enemy's territory, because claimed and held by an organized hostile and belligerent power; that all persons residing within that territory must be treated as enemies, though not foreigners, and it is well settled that all persons going there without license pending the hostilities, or remaining there after hostilities commenced, must be regarded and treated as residents of that territory. It follows, as a matter of course, that residents of the territory in rebellion cannot be regarded as having homes in the loyal States. A man's home and his residence cannot be distinct the one from the other. The rebels were dealt with by General Grant as belligerents. As belligerents their homes were of necessity in the territory belligerent to the Government of the United States. The officers and soldiers of General Lee's army, then, who had homes prior to the rebellion in the Northern States, took up their residences within the rebel States, and abandoned their homes in the loyal States, and when General Grant gave permission to them by the stipulation to return to their homes, it cannot be understood as a permission to return to any part of the loyal States.

That was a capitulation of surrender, and not a truce. Vattel lays it down that, (p. 411) "during the truce, especially if made for a long period, it is naturally allowable for enemies to pass and repass to and from each other's country, in the same manner as it is allowed in time of peace, since all hostilities are now suspended. But each of the sovereigns is at liberty, as he would be in time of peace, to adopt every precaution which may be necessary to prevent this intercourse from becoming prejudicial to him. He has just grounds of suspicion against people with whom he is soon to recommence hostilities. He may even declare at the time of making the truce that he will admit none of the enemy into any place under his jurisdiction.

"Those who, having entered the enemy's territories during the truce, are detained there by sickness, or any other unsurmountable obstacle, and thus happen to remain in the country after the expiration of the armistice, may, in strict justice, be kept prisoners; it is an accident which they might have foreseen, and to which they have, of their own accord, exposed themselves; but humanity and generosity commonly require that they should be allowed a sufficient term for their departure.

"If the articles of truce contain any conditions either more extensive or more narrowly restrictive than what we have here laid down, the transaction becomes a particular convention. It is obligatory on the contracting parties, who are bound to observe what they have promised in due form, and the obligations thence resulting constitute a conventional right."

Now, if the rights of enemies, during a long truce and suspension of hostilities, are thus restricted, it would seem evident that their rights under a capitulation of surrender, without any suspension of hostilities, could not, without express words in the stipulation to that effect, be anything like as large as under a truce and suspension of hostilities.

Regarding General Grant, then, as speaking simply as a soldier, and with the powers of a soldier, regarding this war as a territorial war, and all persons within that territory as residents thereof, and, as such, enemies of the Government; and looking

to the language of the stipulation, I am of opinion that the rebel officers who surrendered to General Grant have no homes within the loyal States, and have no right to come to places which were their homes prior to their going into the rebellion.

II. As to your second question: The stipulation of surrender made betwixt Generals Grant and Lee does not embrace any persons other than the officers and soldiers of General Lee's army. Persons in the civil service of the rebellion, or who had otherwise given it support, comfort, and aid, and were residents of the rebel territory, certainly have no right to return to Washington under that stipulation

III. As to the third question: My answer to the first is a complete answer to this. Rebel officers certainly have no right to be wearing their uniforms in any of the loyal States. It seems to me that such officers, having done wrong in coming into the loyal States, are but adding insult to injury in wearing their uniforms. They have as much right to bear the traitors' flag through the streets of a loyal city as to wear a traitor's garb. The stipulation of surrender permits no such thing, and the wearing of such uniform is an act of hostility against the Government.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JAMES SPEED,
Attorney General.

By order of the Secretary of War:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 183. } WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJT. GEN.'S OFFICE, *Washington, April 24, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

55. Capt. C. Mason Kinne, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, will report by letter to the commanding general Middle Military Division, and in person to the commanding officer Reserve Brigade, First Cavalry Division, Middle Military Division, for assignment to duty.

56. Capt. Henry Gawthrop, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, will report in person, without delay, to the commanding general Army of the Potomac, for assignment to duty with the Third Brigade, Second Division, Fifth Army Corps.

57. Capt. Josiah Bankerd, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, will report in person, without delay, to the commanding general Army of the Potomac, for assignment to duty with the Second Brigade, Second Division, Fifth Army Corps.

* * * * * * *

By order of the Secretary of War:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 24, 1865. (Received 10 a. m.)

Brigadier-General BENHAM,
Commanding Engineer Brigade:

The major-general commanding directs that you proceed immediately with your command (exclusive of the regular Engineer Battalion) to the crossing of the Danville railroad and Staunton River, taking with you such supplies as you can collect and carry. Arriving at that point you will take command of the pontoon train now detached with the Sixth Corps and will guard the bridge. You will at once use all the force available to collect the material necessary to rebuild the bridge over Staunton River, in advance of the construction party now working toward that point.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 24, 1865—9.45 p. m.

Brigadier-General BENHAM:

Beyond the Staunton River, at Clover Hill, you will find a train of cars and several locomotives. These are guarded by General Wright's command. General Meade directs you to relieve this guard and to hold this property.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 24, 1865.

COMMANDING OFFICER SECOND CORPS:

The commanding-general directs me to inclose a copy of General Orders, No. 66, current series, from Adjutant-General's Office,* received this morning, and to say that its provisions will be complied with in this army. To-morrow you are charged with the execution of the order in your command.

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

(Same to commanding officer Fifth Corps, the chief of artillery, and provost-marshal-general.)

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 24, 1865—12.17 p. m.

COMMANDING OFFICER SECOND CORPS:

The commanding general decides that there need be no artillery firing from Second Corps in executing provisions of General Orders, No. 66, current series, Adjutant-General's Office. The guns called for will be fired here, under charge of chief of artillery, and at the attached stations of Fifth Corps, under orders from commanding officer Fifth Corps.

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 24, 1865.

Colonel RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

The following has just been received from Farmville:

Colonel WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

I have been informed by deserters from the enemy that the country about New Store is filled with stragglers from our army, who are committing depredations upon the property of the citizens, which can only be remedied by the presence of a small cavalry force. They are going in the direction of the James River.

M. M. CANNON,
Lieutenant-Colonel, Commanding.

FRANCIS C. BARLOW,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

---

* See April 16, p.788.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 24, 1865.

Col. W. W. SANDERS,
Commanding Second Pennsylvania Cavalry:

COLONEL: The commanding general directs that you send one regiment of cavalry for the purpose of ridding the country in the vicinity of New Store of the stragglers from our army, referred to in the inclosed dispatch.*

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 24, 1865—10.30 a. m.

Brevet Major-General GRIFFIN,
Commanding Fifth Army Corps:

The commanding general desires you to report the disposition of your troops. Dispatch as to headquarters received.

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
Nottoway Court-House, April 24, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Hdqrs. Army of the Potomac:

COLONEL: I have the honor to report the disposition of the troops of this corps as follows: General Ayres (Second Division), with one brigade from Nottoway Court-House toward Burkeville Junction, about three miles and a half. Another brigade is about a mile and a half from this point, where the Amelia Court-House road crosses the railroad. His other brigade is at this point. General Crawford, commanding Third Division, has his headquarters at Blacks and Whites Station and is guarding the road from Nottoway Court-House to Wilson's Station. He connects with General Chamberlain, commanding First Division, at Wilson's Station. General Chamberlain guards the road from Wilson's Station to Petersburg, headquarters at Wilson's. A more detailed report will be forwarded when the reports of the First and Third Divisions shall have been received, they having been already called for. The artillery present with the corps is parked near this place. A staff officer (Colonel Bankhead, assistant inspector-general) has been sent along the entire line to inspect the posts and furnish a diagram of the disposition of the forces.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHARLES GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 24, 1865—9.25 p. m.

Brevet Major-General GRIFFIN,
Commanding Fifth Corps:

To prevent any misapprehension, General Meade desires me to say that it is not intended that your corps shall guard more than that por-

---

* See next, *ante.*

tion of the railroad guarded by the Ninth Corps. Your troops will, therefore, not extend farther than Sutherland's Station. The order directing you to relieve the Ninth Corps stated from Burke's Station to Petersburg, whereas it should have been from Burke's Station to Sutherland's. Please direct your troops not to relieve those of the Twenty-fourth or Twenty-fifth Corps found beyond Sutherland's Station, and acknowledge receipt of this.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 93. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS, *Nottoway Court-House, Va., April 24, 1865.*

I. The following regiments having reported at these headquarters in compliance with Special Orders, No. 103, headquarters Army of the Potomac, are assigned to the Second Division, Brevet Major-General Ayres, commanding. The commanding officers of these regiments will report accordingly: One hundred and fourteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Col. and Bvt. Brig. Gen. C. H. T. Collis; Sixty-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Col. A. H. Tippin; Sixty-first Massachusetts Volunteers, Colonel Walcott.

* * * * * * *

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
Nottoway Court-House, April 24, 1865.

Brevet Brigadier-General WAINWRIGHT,
Commanding Artillery:

GENERAL: The general commanding directs that you send one battery to Blacks and Whites Station to fire the salutes to-morrow in honor of the late President, the battery to return after having performed this duty. The battery commander will report his arrival to Brevet Major-General Crawford, commanding the post.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
Nottoway Court-House, April 24, 1865.

Brigadier-General CHAMBERLAIN,
Commanding First Division, Wilson's Station:

Please report by telegraph the disposition and location of your troops. Can you say how many prisoners were captured by the First Division at Five Forks April 1?

Respectfully,

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION, FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 24, 1865.

Colonel LOCKE,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

COLONEL: My line extends to Petersburg, the lower end guarded by patrols. The First Brigade is at Wilson's, the Second at Ford's, the Third at Sutherland's. Prisoners taken at Five Forks: First Brigade, 1,054 men, 6 captains, 11 lieutenants, 2 colonels; Second Brigade, 475 men; Third Brigade, 849 men, 3 captains, 5 lieutenants.

J. L. CHAMBERLAIN,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

HDQRS. SECOND BRIG., SECOND DIV., FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 24, 1865.

Bvt. Maj. W. W. SWAN, U. S. Army,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General, Second Div., Fifth Corps:

MAJOR: In obedience to orders received from your headquarters, 21st instant, I have the honor to present the following names of officers of this brigade, whom I believe by their meritorious conduct in the recent campaign to be deserving of promotion by brevet:

Lieut. Col. D. T. Bennett, Seventh Maryland Volunteers, for excellent management of his command in maneuvering under fire and avoiding confusion under excitement even after he was wounded in the charge on the enemy's works at Five Forks on April 1, 1865.

Lieut. Col. E. F. M. Faehtz, Eighth Maryland Volunteer Infantry, for his distinguished behavior as commander of his regiment, his cool, even cheerful, bravery and martial bearing when most exposed to danger, splendidly exemplified in the charge on the enemy's works at Five Forks, April 1, 1865.

Maj. H. Adreon, Fourth Maryland Volunteer Infantry, for bravery and zeal in keeping connection of his wing on the right and on the left in evolutions under fire, in the charge on the enemy's works at Five Forks, April 1, 1865. This officer has been mentioned for meritorious conduct in the engagement near Hatcher's Run in February last.

Maj. E. M. Mobley, Seventh Maryland Volunteer Infantry, had been mentioned for extraordinary merit in the engagement near Hatcher's Run in February last. During the recent campaign he was absent from legal causes, except on the 9th day of April, when he behaved bravely, as usual.

Capt. W. L. Kenly, commissary of subsistence of brigade, for being present in the engagement of March 31, 1865, without compulsion, and acting nobly as aide-de-camp under fire.

Capt. F. W. Simon, Eighth Maryland Volunteer Infantry, brigade inspector, wounded April 1, 1865, had been mentioned previously for gallantry in the fight near Dabney's Mills in February last.

Capt. J. B. Cochran, Seventh Maryland Volunteers, acting assistant adjutant-general, Second Brigade, for coolness and forethought under the trying loss, by wounds, of two brigade commanders in the engagements on March 31 and April 1, 1865.

Capt. L. R. Cassard, Eighth Maryland Volunteers, acting brigade inspector, for promptness and energy when appointed suddenly to his position under fire after Captain Simon's being wounded.

First Lieut. J. W. Isaacs, Fourth Maryland Volunteers, aide-de-camp, Second Brigade, for courage, versatility, and general gallant conduct during the two engagements March 31 and April 1, 1865.

First Lieut. J. T. Armacost, First Maryland Volunteers, for conspicuous gallantry on March 31, and consistent nerve on April 1 after being wounded.

First Lieut. Joseph E. Walker, First Maryland Volunteers, for general gallantry and for refusing to go to the rear after being wounded on March 31, being wounded again on April 1.

First Lieut. F. M. Smith, adjutant First Maryland Veteran Volunteers, for dashing prowess, inspiring by it the advancing line on April 1. Wounded.

Second Lieut. Joseph McNulty, First Maryland Volunteers, for unbending courage, keeping in front, after being wounded March 31, yet leading his men to the end of the fight.

Capt. Alexander Murray, Company C, Eighth Maryland Volunteers, for presence of mind and bravery on the skirmish line April 1, 1865.

First Lieut. Christopher L. Wingate, Eighth Maryland Volunteers, for intrepidity and energy in the engagement near White Oak road, March 31, 1865.

First. Lieut. William H. Leonard, adjutant Eighth Maryland Volunteers, for his zeal and general good conduct in the charge on the rebel works at Five Forks on April 1, 1865.

First Lieut. George W. Shealey, Company H, Eighth Maryland Volunteers, for splendid behavior on the skirmish line, April 1, 1865.

I am, major, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

D. L. STANTON,
Colonel First Maryland Veteran Volunteers, Comdg. Brigade.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS SECOND DIVISION, FIFTH CORPS,
April 28, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded, approved.

R. B. AYRES,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 30, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded, approved.

CHAS. GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General.

[Third indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 31, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to the Adjutant-General, approved.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

HDQRS. THIRD BRIG., SECOND DIV., FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 24, 1865.

Bvt. Maj. W. W. SWAN,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General:

MAJOR: Agreeable to instructions from headquarters Army of the Potomac, dated April 18, 1865, I have the honor to forward the following names of officers, and recommend that they receive the appointment set opposite their respective names:

Name.	Present rank.	Services for which brevets are recommended	Date.	Brevet rank they are recommended for.
3d Delaware Volunteers:			1865.	
D. D. Joseph	Captain	Battle of Five Forks, Va.	Apr. 1	Major.
B. F. Butler	do	do	Apr. 1	Do.
4th Delaware Volunteers:				
Daniel H. Kent	Brevet Major	Battle near Rowanty Creek, Va.	Feb. 5	Lieutenant-Colonel.
Harlan Gause	do	Battle of White Oak Road, Va. Battle of Five Forks, Va.	Mar. 31 Apr. 1	Do.
Henry Gawthrop	Brevet Captain	do	Apr. 1	Brevet Major.
Wm. H. Cloward	First Lieutenant and Adjutant.	Battle of White Oak Road, Va. Battle of Five Forks, Va.	Mar. 31 Apr. 1	Captain.
8th Delaware Volunteers:				
John N. Richards	Captain	Battle of White Oak Road, Va. Battle of Five Forks, Va.	Mar. 31 Apr. 1	Major.
157th Pennsylvania Volunteers:				
John W. Scott	do	do	Apr. 1	Do.
190th Pennsylvania Volunteers:				
Joseph B. Pattee	Brevet Colonel	Battle near White Oak Road, Va. Battle of Five Forks, Va. Battle of Appomattox Court-House, Va.	Mar. 31 Apr. 1 Apr. 9	Brigadier-General.
R. M. Birkman	Captain	Battle of Five Forks, Va. Battle of Appomattox Court-House, Va.	Apr. 1 Apr. 9	Major.
Ernest Wright	First Lieutenant	Battle of Five Forks, Va.	Apr. 1	Captain.
191st Pennsylvania Volunteers:				
Perez L. Norton	Captain	do	Apr. 1	Major.
118th Pennsylvania Volunteers:				
Charles H. Hand	Brevet Captain	Battle near White Oak Road, Va. Battle of Five Forks, Va.	Mar. 31 Apr. 1	Do.
Commissary of Subsistence of Volunteers:				
Henry H. Finley	Captain	Battle near White Oak Road, Va.	Mar. 31	Do.

Bvt. Col. Joseph B. Pattee, U. S. Volunteers, lieutenant-colonel One hundred and ninetieth Pennsylvania Volunteers, was conspicuous for gallant and meritorious conduct in the battle near White Oak road, Va., on the 31st of March, 1865, being in command of the picket-line of this division; he was relieved by a part of the Third Division, Fifth Corps, early in the morning. The enemy attacked and drove the new

pickets in great confusion, when Colonel Pattee deployed his men, seized and held some rifle-pits, thereby checking the enemy's advance in that direction, and prevented him from turning the right flank. On the 1st of April, 1865, at the battle of Five Forks, Va., he displayed great courage and ability in the manner in which he commanded the first line of this brigade, composed of the Third, Fourth, and Eighth Delaware Volunteers and One hundred and ninety-first and One hundred and fifty-seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, being constantly at the front, keeping his command well in hand and pushing the enemy with great vigor, capturing many prisoners, wagons, ambulances, and two guns. Also on the 9th of April, 1865, near Appomattox Court-House, Va., while in charge of the skirmish line of the Second Division, Fifth Corps, composed of the One hundred and ninetieth, One hundred and ninety-first, and One hundred and fifty-seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, he attacked and scattered the enemy's skirmish line, and then drove a line of battle from two positions, capturing a limber, and would have doubtless taken two guns with little support near, had not a flag of truce appeared in his front, which compelled him to order a halt.

Capt. Richard M. Birkman, Company A, One hundred and ninetieth Pennsylvania Volunteers, displayed great bravery in the battle at Five Forks, Va., on the 1st of April, 1865, he being in command of the One hundred and ninetieth Pennsylvania Volunteers, which was deployed as skirmishers in front of the brigade, extending to the right, after part of the skirmish line of the Third Division, Fifth Corps, had given way, and holding very important advanced positions until the arrival of the line of battle. Also on the 9th of April, 1865, near Appomattox Court-House, Va., where he did much by his example to encourage the men to push forward and drive the enemy's line of battle.

First Lieut. and Adjt. Ernest Wright, One hundred and ninetieth Pennsylvania Volunteers, for meritorious conduct in the battle of Five Forks, Va., on the 1st of April, 1865, pushing forward with the line of skirmishers, seizing and holding a very important position on the left flank of the enemy's line of battle, and holding it against their repeated attacks until the arrival of our main line.

Bvt. Maj. Daniel H. Kent, U. S. Volunteers, captain Company F, Fourth Delaware Volunteers, for distinguished bravery exhibited in the battle near Rowanty Creek, Va., on the 5th day of February, 1865, charging with his regiment a very strong position held by the enemy and swimming his horse across a deep creek, encouraging his men to follow, and receiving a very severe wound in the right arm just as the works were being carried, which has since prevented him from rejoining his command.

Bvt. Maj. Harlan Gause, U. S. Volunteers, captain Company I, Fourth Delaware Volunteers. Too much credit cannot be given this officer for his conduct in the actions of the 31st of March, 1865, at White Oak road, Va., and April 1 at Five Forks, Va., where he, by his own conspicuous courage and gallantry, encouraged the troops of this command to greater efforts and exerting himself to the utmost to preserve the morale of the men, not hesitating to expose his own person in the most dangerous and trying situations.

Bvt. Capt. H. Gawthrop, U. S. Volunteers, acting assistant adjutant-general, and first lieutenant of Company F, Fourth Delaware Volunteers, greatly distinguished himself in the battle of Five Forks, Va., on the 1st of April, 1865, rendering valuable services toward gaining a complete victory and receiving a severe wound at the close

of the afternoon, which compelled the amputation of the right foot. As acting assistant adjutant-general of this brigade he is deserving of great commendation for promptness and ability.

First Lieut. and Adjt. William H. Cloward, Fourth Delaware Volunteers, for gallantry displayed in battle near White Oak road, Va., on 31st of March, 1865, where he greatly assisted in reforming our lines. Also in the battle of Five Forks, Va., on the 1st of April, 1865, being constantly at the front, doing much toward encouraging the men to push the enemy vigorously.

First Lieut. Pierce Neals, Company D, Fourth Delaware Volunteers, brigade pioneer officer, is deserving of great praise for the energy displayed in rapidly bridging streams and swamps, thereby rendering very valuable services in enabling the command to form line of battle to meet the enemy. He exhibited conspicuous bravery in the battle near White Oak road, Va., on the 31st of March, 1865, in assisting to reform the lines, and on the 1st of April, 1865, at the battle of Five Forks, Va., he was constantly at the front, greatly encouraging the men by his example.

Capt. Perez L. Norton, Company E, One hundred and ninety-first Pennsylvania Volunteers, was one of the first in reaching the enemy's works on the afternoon of the 1st of April, 1865, at the battle of Five Forks, Va., and captured eighteen men, including some officers, before the line of battle came up.

Capt. D. D. Joseph, Company [C], Third Delaware Volunteers, and Capt. B. F. Butler, Company [D], Third Delaware Volunteers, both displaying great courage in the battle of Five Forks, Va., April 1, 1865, rendering valuable assistance in keeping the men in line as they advanced through the thick timber to charge the enemy's intrenched line.

Capt. John N. Richards, commanding Eighth Delaware Volunteers, exhibiting great bravery in the battle near White Oak road, Va., on the 31st of March, 1865, having a horse shot from under him at the opening of the engagement. Also at the battle of Five Forks, Va., where he commanded the Delaware battalion, composed of the Third, Fourth, and Eighth Delaware Volunteers, fighting it throughout the entire engagement in a very satisfactory manner.

Capt. John W. Scott,* Company D, One hundred and fifty-seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, for conspicuous gallantry in the battle of Five Forks, Va., advancing with a portion of the command ahead of the main line, taking 300 prisoners and himself capturing a rebel flag.

Bvt. Capt. Charles H. Hand, U. S. Volunteers, aide-de-camp, first lieutenant, One hundred and eighteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, for the courage and bravery exhibited in conveying orders under very heavy fire from the enemy, and in assisting to reform the lines on the 31st of March, 1865, in the battle near White Oak road, Va. I cannot too highly recommend this officer for gallant and distinguished conduct in the battle of Five Forks, Va. He was everywhere encouraging the men to push forward.

Capt. Henry H. Finley, commissary of subsistence of this brigade, for gallantry and bravery exhibited in the battle near White Oak road, Va., on the 31st of March, 1865, in assisting to reform the lines.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JAMES GWYN,
Brevet Brigadier-General, Commanding Brigade.

---

*Awarded a Medal of Honor.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS SECOND DIVISION, FIFTH CORPS,
April 25, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded.

Careful scrutiny has been enjoined in selecting these officers from this command for the distinction herein recommended. I am not sufficiently satisfied of the justice of the recommendation in the case of Captain Finley, commissary of subsistence, and cannot therefore approve it. In the case of Bvt. Col. Joseph B. Pattee, lieutenant-colonel One hundred and ninetieth Pennsylvania Volunteers, I have already recommended him for the brevet of brigadier-general, for his good conduct under my own observation, particularly on the 9th instant.

R. B. AYRES,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 30, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded, approved.

CHAS. GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General.

[Third indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 31, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to the Adjutant-General, approved.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

BLACKS AND WHITES, *April 24, 1865.*

Col. F. T. LOCKE,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

In response to your telegram I have the honor to report as follows: From Nottaway Court-House to Blacks and Whites is a distance of six miles, five of which are guarded and patrolled by the Second Brigade of my division, number present for duty being 86 officers and 1,506 men. From Blacks and Whites to the Widow Elizabeth Jones' is about three miles and a half from Baxter's left; to that point the road is protected by the First Brigade, Colonel Kellogg; number present for duty, 59 officers and 1,578 men, and this force protects the depot and station and patrols toward Baxter's left. From Widow E. Jones' to Wilson's is about six miles. This part of the road is guarded and patrolled by the Third Brigade, Brevet Brigadier-General Coulter; present for duty, 86 officers and 2,011 men. Orders issued to picket all roads coming from south; to patrol carefully before and after passing of trains. Troops of Third Brigade moving to the right to new position to-day.

S. W. CRAWFORD,
Brevet Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 24, 1865—7.30 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Sixth Corps, Clover Hill:

Major-General Meade directs me to inform you that he has ordered Brigadier-General Benham, commanding Engineer Brigade, to go to Staunton River with his command to rebuild the railroad bridge and to take charge of the pontoon bridge. Have you any information that will render it necessary for you to take the bridge beyond Staunton River? Please reply.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Clark's Ferry, Staunton River, April 24, 1865.

Major-General WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

Unless the pontoon train now with me is needed by the Army of the Potomac I would like to take it to Danville, as the river in that vicinity is not fordable, and the bridge over it, understood to be now standing, may be destroyed on our approach. Please telegraph me an answer to-night, as I shall cross the Staunton River at 6 a. m. to-morrow and shall take the bridge train with me unless I hear from you to the contrary. I think there will be no difficulty in regard to forage.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 24, 1865—9.45 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Corps, Clover Station:

General Meade directs me to inform you that our telegraph operators are some three miles beyond Clover Station and have possession of several locomotives and a train of cars. He directs that you leave a guard over this property until taken possession of by Brigadier-General Benham. The guard will be relieved by his troops. He is notified.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

P. S.—If you can use this train do so. We understand that the road is full of rolling stock.

A. S. W.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
April 24, 1865.

The corps will move at 6 o'clock to-morrow morning in the direction of Danville in the following order: First, Third Division, with one battery; second, First Division; third, Artillery Brigade; fourth, Second Division, with one battery; fifth, ambulances and trains; sixth, pontoon train. Headquarters trains will follow the divisions to which

they belong. Corps headquarters train will precede that of the Third Division. The commanding officer of the Artillery Brigade will designate the batteries to accompany the Second and Third Divisions. The commanding officer of the Second Division will furnish a sufficient guard to protect the trains. All the troops will, as far as practicable, give the road to the artillery and trains, the troops taking the right-hand side of the road.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 76. } HDQRS. FIRST DIV., NINTH ARMY CORPS, *April 24, 1865.*

I. The headquarters of this division are temporarily established in the city of Washington. All communications to the commanding general will be sent to the Ebbitt House, corner of F street and Pennsylvania avenue, or to the Adjutant-General's office, corner of Twenty-second and E streets.

* * * * * * *

By command of Bvt. Maj. Gen. O. B. Willcox:

WM. V. RICHARDS,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

CIRCULAR.] CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS, *April 24, 1865.*

No officer or man of this command will be permitted to wear gray clothes, except such as are authorized by the major-general commanding and provided with a pass signed by him.

By command of Major-General Sheridan:

F. C. NEWHALL,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS, *Near Nottoway River, April 25 [24?], 1865.*

The command will continue its march on the Boydton plank road to-morrow at 6 a. m., and will go into camp to-morrow evening at a point which will be designated by a staff officer from these headquarters. The following will be the order of march: First, the command of Brevet Major-General Merritt; second, the command of Major-General Crook. Ambulances and headquarters wagons will be allowed to accompany the divisions. All other wagons will constitute the general train. General Crook will furnish the necessary escort for the protection of this train and will be held responsible for its safety.

By command of Major-General Sheridan:

G. A. FORSYTH,
Brevet Colonel and Acting Aide-de-Camp.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 46. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., April 24, 1865.*

The following-named officers are announced as constituting the staff of the Department of Virginia:

Brig. Gen. M. R. Patrick, provost-marshal-general; Brig. Gen. N. M. Curtis, chief of staff; Bvt. Brig. Gen. R. H. Jackson, assistant inspector-general; Bvt. Brig. Gen. P. S. Michie, chief engineer; Col. George Suckley, medical director; Bvt. Col. E. W. Smith, assistant adjutant-general; Bvt. Lieut. Col. Placidus Ord, assistant adjutant-general; Bvt. Col. M. P. Small, chief commissary of subsistence; Col. R. C. Webster, chief quartermaster; Lieut. Col. J. B. Howard, chief quartermaster Army of the James; Lieut. Col. Fred. L. Manning, provost-marshal-general Army of the James; Bvt. Maj. J. C. Paine, signal officer; Capt. Fred. Martin, commissary of musters; Capt. Augustus R. S. Foote, assistant adjutant-general; Bvt. Capt. W. R. King, assistant engineer; First Lieut. John A. Kress, chief of ordnance; Bvt. Lieut. Col. S. S. Seward, aide-de-camp; Bvt. Maj. Hugh G. Brown, aide-de-camp; Capt. Charles B. Atchison, aide-de-camp; Capt. Thomas G. Welles, aide-de-camp.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 11. } HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES, *Petersburg, Va., April 24, 1865.*

The delusion which many colored persons, formerly slaves, are laboring under concerning their rights and privileges having been in many instances productive of evil, and giving prospect of much trouble in the future, both to themselves and to their former masters, it is deemed necessary to correct it and explain what are the true relations their changed condition places them in toward the Government and their former masters, as well as what their own duties and responsibilities are. Their error consists mainly in the belief that with their liberty they acquire individual rights in the property of their former masters, and that they are entitled to live with and be subsisted by them without being obliged to labor or give any remuneration for their support. Many even believe that the entire property of their former owners belongs now to themselves, and that the owner remains with them only by their sufferance. This mistake has been originated, and sustained in many instances, by thoughtless, ignorant, or mischievous soldiers. It is therefore stated for the information and guidance of negroes formerly slaves, and for the benefit of themselves, their former masters, and society where they live, that the operation of existing laws is to make them free, but not to give them any claim whatever upon, or rights in connection with, the property of their former owners. They are at liberty to make any contract or agreement concerning themselves that a white man may, and equally bound to abide by it. Their former master has the right to refuse them anything that he might deny to a perfect stranger, and is no more bound to feed, clothe, or protect them than if he had never been their master. They may remain with him if he and they both desire it and agree on the terms, in which case each party is equally bound by the contract. The fact must in time be

learned by all negroes, and the sooner the better for themselves and all concerned, that they must work for their support now the same as before they were free, in some instances perhaps even harder, the difference between then and now being that now they have the entire wages of their labor to themselves. The destitute ration will not hereafter be issued to any persons whatever who are able to labor, unless they can show that they have made efforts and found it impossible to obtain work. In order to provide alike for those wishing to employ and to be employed, the following arrangement will immediately be made, viz: Brevet Major-General Ferrero will detail an officer as employment agent, whose duty it shall be to keep a register of all colored persons to whom the destitute ration is issued, and of all others who may desire employment, classifying them according to sex, trade, or occupation, with a short descriptive list of each. All persons desiring to hire servants or laborers of any kind are requested to call at the office of the employment agent, where they will be permitted to examine the register and select from it such persons as they wish to hire, stating the compensation they are willing to give, which must be fair and reasonable, to be determined by the employment agent. The person selected will then be notified, and, if willing, will be employed and dropped from the list. If not willing to work such persons will not be permitted to draw another ration. All colored persons living in the country are informed that it is much better for them to remain there than to come to the already overstocked city, and that they will not be permitted to come here for work or subsistence unless they cannot obtain it where they are.

By command of Brigadier-General Hartsuff:

J. M. HOWARD,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 24, 1865—5.30 p. m. (Received 9.02 a. m. 25th.)

Brigadier-General ABBOT:

You will fire salutes to-morrow, 25th instant, of thirteen guns at daylight and thirty-six at close of day, and half-hour guns during day. Orders in detail are on the way.

By command of Major-General Meade:

JNO. N. CRAIG,
Brevet Major and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 24, 1865.

Major-General AUGUR,
Commanding Department of Washington:

GENERAL: Major-General Hancock directs me to inform you that the troops of the Ninth Corps, now in Washington or en route, will be subject to your orders and disposition.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

LEONARDTOWN, *April 24, 1865—6.20 p. m.*

Bvt. Col. J. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

Six men captured last night between this and Saint Mary's River trying to cross to Virginia shore. Am scouring the country well as possible from Wicomico to Piney Point to prevent the assassins crossing the river, if they have not already done so. During the night I have small body patrolling along the shore at different points on the river. Party from Calvert County in. Make nothing. Are paroled officers and men from Lee's army allowed to come to this county at this time?

J. M. WAITE,
Major.

CUMBERLAND, *April 24, 1865—8 p. m.*

Brig. Gen. C. H. MORGAN,
Chief of Staff, Middle Military Division, Washington:

Captain McNeill and other rebel officers with flag of truce have come to the outposts at New Creek. They are not prepared to surrender their commands now, but ask that hostilities may be suspended in Hardy County until they get the information required to determine their course. I have instructed General Hayes, commanding at New Creek, to reply that the armistice asked for is improper, and cannot be granted. I had ordered a raid of 200 cavalry to ferret out and capture these officers to-morrow, whom I heard were interfering with the surrender of the men, fifty of whom have already surrendered and thirty-five more are engaged to surrender to-morrow morning at the picket-post near Cumberland. Does the general commanding see objection to this raid going on?

W. H. EMORY,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 24, 1865.

Major-General EMORY,
Cumberland:

The general sees no objection to the raid going on. He considers that time enough has elapsed for the men to make up their minds. General Grant's instructions in a similar case with regard to Mosby were to hunt his men down if they did not surrender; and that if after being offered terms the guerrilla parties still hold out they are not entitled to quarter.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE SHENANDOAH,
Winchester, April 24, 1865.

Brevet Major-General EMORY,
Cumberland, Md.:

GENERAL: I have just received the following dispatch from General Hancock and send it to you, as I presume it was so intended:

Notify all the subordinate commanders along the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and in West Virginia to the Kanawha that they must not relax their vigilance in

reference to the murderers of President Lincoln. Booth has not been arrested, and it is thought that he may attempt to escape in disguise as a woman or otherwise through that portion of the country.

Yours, &c.

TORBERT,
General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 24, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT,
Commanding Army of the Shenandoah, Winchester, Va.:

Major-General Hancock directs that you make arrangements for moving the Remount Camp from Pleasant Valley without delay. The order will probably reach you to day by telegraph. The exact place at which the new camp is to be established is not yet determined.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE SHENANDOAH,
Winchester, Va., April 24, 1865.

Lieutenant-Colonel FITZ SIMONS,
Commanding Remount Camp, Pleasant Valley:

COLONEL: Make arrangements at once to move all of the dismounted cavalry belonging to the First, Second and Third Divisions of cavalry, except those belonging to regiments up here. The latter you have orders for to come to the front. All officers belonging to regiments up here will be ordered here. If Captain Robertson wants a guard for the battery going down let him have them. If it is necessary for Captain Bean to have men at the canal take them from regiments up here just as far as possible.

TORBERT,
General, Chief of Cavalry, Commanding.

WINCHESTER, *April 24, 1865.*

General STEVENSON:

GENERAL: Have just received orders from General Hancock to prepare all of the dismounted cavalry belonging to regiments with General Sheridan to be moved to a camp near Washington. If any are away from the camp on railroad, &c., will you please order them in at once? The Twenty-fifth New York will remain with you.

TORBERT,
General and Chief of Cavalry, Commanding.

CUMBERLAND, *April 24, 1865.*

Brigadier-General HAYES,
New Creek:

An armistice for a week or other time with any rebel officer in your front would be improper and cannot be granted. You can say to Captain McNeill and the other officers with him that their surrender

will be received on the same terms as were given to General Lee, except that those having homes in Maryland, or other loyal States, cannot go to them unless by special permission of the Secretary of War, or upon taking the oath and complying with the conditions prescribed by the President's amnesty proclamation of December 8, 1864.

By order of General Emory:

TH. MELVIN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CUMBERLAND, *April 24, 1865.*

Brigadier-General HAYES,
New Creek:

The proposition of Captain McNeill for armistice has been submitted to the general commanding military division, who approves the instructions already conveyed to you, and moreover decides that sufficient time has elapsed for these men to make up their minds, and if they do not surrender on the liberal terms now offered they will be hunted down, and when captured shown no quarter. The army to which they belong has surrendered, and further persistence in offensive operations will stamp them as guerrillas and robbers, and the Government will be compelled to treat them accordingly. You will start out your raiding party to-morrow as heretofore arranged, and direct the officer in command to make this decision and determination of the general commanding known to the soldiers and people on his route.

By order of General Emory:

TH. MELVIN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS CAVALRY, MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 24, 1865.

Brigadier-General RAUM,
Commanding, Summit Point:

The commanding general directs that you order Battery D, First Rhode Island Artillery, to report to Colonel Piper, chief of artillery, with his battery, to-morrow, the 25th instant. An escort of 100 cavalry, with a horse battery, will leave Charlestown to-morrow a. m. to come to this place. Have Battery D, First Rhode Island Artillery, meet this escort and come up with it. Direct the commanding officer of the battery to stop his command at Stephenson's Station and report in person to Colonel Piper for further instructions.

WM. RUSSELL, JR.,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

BALTIMORE, MD., *April 24, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

The provost-marshal of the department reports to me that there are now a dozen gun-boats patrolling between Baltimore and Point Lookout, beside the tugs; Patuxent River is already blockaded, not a vessel allowed to come out, and that there is a perfect chain of picket-

boats from Washington around to Baltimore. I have ordered guards to be put on every steamer plying between Baltimore and Annapolis and points on the Eastern and Western Shores of Maryland.

LEW. WALLACE,
Major-General.

BALTIMORE, *April 24, 1865.*

Colonel SEWALL,
Annapolis:

Do not permit any boats to leave Annapolis for points on the Western Shore of Maryland. No passes will therefore be given to said point.

By command of Major-General Wallace:

SAML. B. LAWRENCE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. MIDDLE DEPARTMENT, EIGHTH ARMY CORPS,
Baltimore, April 24, 1865.

Colonel SEWALL,
Commanding Officer, Annapolis, Md.:

Place a guard in charge of an armed officer on every boat that leaves Annapolis for points on the Eastern or Western Shores of Maryland, if a guard has not already been furnished from here or elsewhere. Direct the officer to carefully observe all persons and arrest all suspicious characters. Report your action.

By command of Major-General Wallace:

SAML. B. LAWRENCE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

PORT TOBACCO, MD., *April 24, 1865—10 a. m.*
(Received 11 a. m.)

Major ECKERT:

Have just met Major O'Beirne, whose force had arrested Doctor Mudd and Thompson. Mudd set Booth's left leg (fractured), furnished crutches, and helped him and Herold off. They have been tracked as far as the swamp near Bryantown, and under one theory it is possible they may be still concealed in swamp which leads from Bryantown to Allen's Fresh, or in neck of land between Wicomico and Potomac Rivers. Other evidence leads to the belief that they crossed from Swan Point to White Point, Va., on Sunday morning, April 16, about 9.30, in a small boat, also captured by Major O'Beirne. John M. Lloyd has been arrested, and virtually acknowledged complicity. I will continue with Major O'Beirne, in whom I have very great confidence. We propose first to thoroughly scour swamp and country to-day, and if unsuccessful and additional evidence will justify it, we then propose to cross with force into Virginia and follow up that trail as long as there is any hope. At all events we will keep moving, and if there is any chance you may rely upon our making most of it. Country here is being thoroughly scoured by infantry and cavalry.

S. H. BECKWITH.

KENSINGTON DEPOT, PA., *April 24, 1865.*
(Received 9.40 a. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

We start for New York at 4 o'clock. No accident so far. Nothing can exceed the demonstration of affection for Mr. Lincoln. Arrangements most perfect.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

NEW YORK, *April 24, 1865—10.30 a. m.*
(Received 12.30 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

We have arrived here safely. Demonstrations of deep feeling and respect all along the route. Minute guns fired and bells tolled. The car nearly filled with flowers sent in at every stopping place. Reached Jersey City at 10 exactly.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 25, 1865—2.45 p. m.

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Commanding Division of the James, Richmond:

The Secretary of War directs me to call your attention to the following order, issued by Brigadier-General Gordon, and to say that he has directed its revocation:

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 32. } HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF EASTERN VIRGINIA,
Norfolk, Va., April 22, 1865.

Pursuant to instructions received from the headquarters Department of Virginia, paroled officers of the insurgent army are informed that they will be furnished free passage and passports to Halifax, should they desire to go abroad. Paroled mechanics who, with or without their families, wish to go to Philadelphia, New York, or Boston are informed that on taking the oath of allegiance they will be furnished free passage to those cities.

By order of Brig. Gen. George H. Gordon:

T. H HARRIS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

JAMES A. HARDIE,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Inspector-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 25, 1865—2.50 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond:

I am waiting to know if the trade order No. 70 for the extension of the military lines and the specification of contraband of war therein is suited to the present condition of things. Please answer soon.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 25, 1865—4 p. m.*
(Received 8 p. m.)

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I have had two interviews with Mr. Alex. Rives and other Union men who have held out against the rebellion. Mr. Rives says the Unionists fairly carried the State in 1861, and can do so now by an increased majority. He thinks that nearly all parties are now ready to abandon slavery, and that a popular vote would be strongly against it. He and others with whom I have conversed prefer the continuance of military authority for the present to the installation of the Peirpoint civil government. They seem to regard that as a kind of sham. All these men are adverse to our recognizing in any manner the rebel State authorities, and rejoice that the project of assembling the present legislature is abandoned. Rives says that the reopening of the mail routes and post-offices so that Northern newspapers can circulate among the people will have an excellent effect. They now have no newspapers of any kind, and are made to believe the most wild and absurd rumors. In this view I think the railroads to Lynchburg and Charlottesville should be opened. This can be done at a trifling expense by the military engineers while the armies are lying still. I regard the reopening of mail routes an important measure for pacification.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 25, 1865—5.30 p. m.*
(Received 8.30 p. m.)

Brig. Gen. J. A. HARDIE:

The sending of mechanics and their families to Northern cities was suggested by the Secretary of War himself; so, also, in regard to the sending of paroled officers of Lee's army to Halifax. We have large numbers of these people on our hands, and must get rid of them. If retained here we must support them, or they will resort to highway robbery. Every one we get rid of is a clear gain. If the order is revoked its revocation should come through me, as I authorized it.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 25, 1865.*
(Received 8.15 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

I send herewith the order in regard to trade issued this morning. You will see that to General Grant's list of contraband articles I have added spirituous liquors, as they should not be introduced into this unemployed population. I think it would be premature to issue General Grant's order for the States of North Carolina, Alabama, &c.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 2. } HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., April 25, 1865.*

1st. All restrictions upon domestic commerce and trade, except as to articles contraband of war, in the State of Virginia as insurgent territory, are, by the authority of the President, revoked in respect to all ports and counties of this State which have duly submitted to the authority and are in military possession of the United States.

2d. Arms, ammunition, all articles from which ammunition is manufactured, all locomotives, cars, and railroad stock, all telegraph wire and apparatus, all rebel uniforms and gray cloth for manufacturing them, and all spirituous liquors, are deemed contraband of war.

3d. The commanding general of the military division has authority to make such exceptions to the trade hereby authorized as, in his opinion, circumstances may require.

By order of Major-General Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 25, 1865—9 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK, *Richmond:*

I have your telegram of 5.30 p. m. to General Hardie. The sending of mechanics and their families to Northern cities and giving them transportation was suggested by me and approved, and is still approved. Suffering officers to go out of the country who desired to do so was also spoken of, but I am wholly unconscious of it ever having been proposed to furnish them free transportation to Halifax, or any other port. This is the point in General Gordon's order objected to, and you will please revoke it. I do not feel authorized to furnish such transportation at Government expense. It was revoked directly by order to General Gordon, in the supposition that it was made without your authority, and notice at the same time was given to you that if it had been issued by your authority it might be revoked by your order, the revocation being only designed to operate on the transportation given officers.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 25, 1865—9.30 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK, *Richmond:*

I have just received your telegram with the trade order issued this morning, which is approved. A few copies of Grant's order have been issued, but I will strike out North Carolina and Alabama for the present until further order. Grant has reached Raleigh, and notice of the termination of Sherman's armistice was given yesterday morning.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 25, 1865—10 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK, *Richmond:*

I propose to issue notice that no passes for persons to visit Richmond, City Point, or Petersburg will be required by this Department, but all persons visiting those points will be subject to such police regulations as you may prescribe. Will this answer the purpose?

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, *April 25, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK:

Telegram received. The Secretary of War approves of your suggestion and authorizes the sale for cash of all condemned animals within your command to farmers and other residents of the country. None that can be sold there will be sent here.

C. THOMAS,
Acting Quartermaster-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 25, 1865—2.05 p. m.

Brig. Gen. GEORGE H. GORDON:

Revoke your order No. 32, April 22, immediately, and publish the revocation as made by direction of the Secretary of War. Report by whose authority or sanction you made it, and if in writing send a copy. Acknowledge this order and the hour it was received.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

NORFOLK, VA., *April 25, 1865.*
(Received 4.20 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

Your telegram just received. Order No. 32, of April 22, will be immediately revoked. It was ordered by General Ord in the following order, viz:

RICHMOND, VA., *April 22, 1865.*

General GORDON:

Notify paroled officers that they will be furnished free passage and passports to Halifax should they desire to go abroad, and paroled mechanics who, with or without their families, wish to go to Philadelphia, New York, or Boston, that on taking the oath of allegiance they will be furnished free passage to those cities. Paroled officers and soldiers from General Lee's army under present circumstances, for their safety, cannot be furnished passage through loyal States en route to their homes.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

General Ord sent me printed placards of the same purport before sending above telegram.

Very respectfully,

GEO. H. GORDON,
Brigadier-General, Commanding Eastern District of Virginia.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, April 25, 1865—9.30 a. m.

General G. G. MEADE:

No truce made by General Sherman would affect your army; moreover, his action has been disapproved by the President. Seize all telegraph operators of the enemy within your reach. Pay no attention whatever to any agreement made by General Sherman before the arrival of Lieutenant-General Grant. Send copies to Generals Wright and Sheridan.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 25, 1865—1 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK:

I forward dispatches from the superintendent Richmond and Danville Railroad, and my action thereon, which will explain themselves.* These were received and sent before your orders arrived. That order has been sent to Major-General Wright, with directions to govern himself accordingly. If the agents and employés of this company take in good faith the oath of allegiance, I should think, under existing orders and practice of this army, they could be employed with advantage to the interests of the Government, we retaining control of the road. The assistant superintendent has just arrived on his way to Richmond to see after his family. I have suggested his calling on you and getting your views.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 25, 1865—1.30 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK:

A soldier of Johnston's army has presented himself at these headquarters, asking to be paroled. Shall this man and others be paroled on the terms the Army of Northern Virginia was paroled? If not, what course is to be pursued in such cases?

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, *April 25, 1865—7.30 p. m.*

Major-General MEADE:

Your views in regard to Danville railroad fully concurred in. You may parole all officers and soldiers of Johnston's army who surrender on the same terms as given to Lee's army. It must be understood, however, that those claiming homes in loyal States cannot return there without special permits and after taking oath of allegiance. At the present time public sentiment would not tolerate them.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 25, 1865—9.40 a. m.

THOMAS DODAMEAD,
General Superintendent
Richmond and Danville Railroad, Danville:

General Meade directs me to inform you that the armistice to which you referred in your telegram as existing between the forces east of the Mississippi has not been approved by the authorities at Washington.

---

* See Dodamead to Meade, April 24, 12 midnight, p. 917, and Webb to Dodamead, 9.40 a. m., 25th, third, *post.*

General Wright, commanding the Sixth Corps, has been authorized to permit the running of trains for the present from Danville to Clover under the conditions contained in your telegram to General Meade last night.

A. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

DANVILLE, *April 25, 1865—5.45 p. m.*

General MEADE,
Commanding Army of the Potomac:

I learn from agent at Boston Station, fourteen miles west of Clover, that a party of soldiers, no officer in charge, are preparing an engine which is on the siding at that place to start for Danville. I am about to start a train from Danville to Clover, and would respectfully request that orders be given that the soldiers should not be allowed to interfere with the trains, and would particularly request that they should not be allowed to approach Danville in this manner. The citizens wish to meet the troops when they are informed they are coming regularly forward, to surrender the town.

THOS. DODAMEAD,
General Superintendent Richmond and Danville Railroad.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 25, 1865—6.15 p. m.

Mr. DODAMEAD,
General Superintendent
Richmond and Danville Railroad, Danville.

General Wright, commanding Sixth Corps, en route to Danville, has been notified of the contents of your dispatch of 5.45 p. m., and is ordered to stop unauthorized expeditions. You had better send out to meet General Wright and confer with him.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff, Army of the Potomac.

DANVILLE, *April 25, 1865.*
(Received 6.35 p. m.)

General WEBB:

Will you please inform me where I can communicate with General Wright, commanding Sixth Corps?

Respectfully,

THOS. DODAMEAD,
General Superintendent Richmond and Danville Railroad.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 25, 1865—6.45 p. m.

THOMAS DODAMEAD,
General Superintendent Richmond and Danville Railroad:

General Wright left Staunton River at 6 a. m. to-day. He is marching toward Danville. He has probably taken the nearest dirt road to the railroad. It is probably some of his stragglers interfering with the locomotive.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

DANVILLE, *April 25, 1865.*
(Received 7.45 p. m.)

Bvt. Maj. Gen. ALEX. S. WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

Finding that I cannot reach General Wright, as he is not on the line of the railroad, I must be excused for reporting a party of stragglers now on the road, with four hand-cars, between New's Ferry and Barksdale's. As they have not arrived at the latter place may be stopped there by telegraph. This is not the same party as one engaged in taking the engine at Boston.

THOS. DODAMEAD,
General Superintendent Richmond and Danville Railroad.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 25, 1865—8 p. m.

Mr. THOMAS DODAMEAD,
General Superintendent Richmond and Danville Railroad:

It is impossible to stop stragglers and marauders by telegraph. General Wright, if informed by sending across from one of your stations to the road he is on, will be found with the will and force to prevent outrages. You will have to communicate with him from one of your stations ahead of these scamps. He is not in our reach.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 3. } HDQRS. MIL. DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., April 25, 1865.

I. Col. R. D. Cutts, aide-de-camp, is appointed keeper of public archives. Rooms will be immediately opened in the custom-house, where will be collected and arranged all captured papers, books, maps, and public documents. The quartermaster's department will prepare suitable shelves and desks, and the commanding general of the department will detail the requisite number of clerks and guards.

II. All officers and men in the service of the United States, all citizens, and all persons heretofore in the Confederate service, having in their possession such books, papers, maps, or public documents are required to immediately deposit them in said archive rooms. Any such articles formerly belonging to officers of the Confederate Government, who have fled from our lines, are to be regarded and turned in as public property. Any violation of this order will be punished by arrest and imprisonment.

III. The keeper of archives will permit no article to be removed from his custody without a special order from these headquarters.

IV. All officers are charged with the strict enforcement of this order.

By order of Major-General Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 25, 1865—9 a. m.

General BENHAM,
Commanding Engineer Brigade:

General Wright is authorized to take the pontoon bridge with him to Danville. You have therefore been relieved from guarding that train. Report progress in collecting bridge material.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
April 25, 1865.

Brigadier-General BENHAM,
Commanding Engineer Brigade:

GENERAL: Major-General Wright requests that on your arrival at this point you will at once relieve the guard on the rolling stock in the vicinity of Clover Station, and direct the detail to rejoin this corps without delay.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 25, 1865.

Major FOLWELL,
Fiftieth New York Engineers:

You will turn over to the regular Engineer Battalion, Major Harwood commanding, the bridge train now with your command, leaving with the train such men of your command as are required to move and manage the train. You will then report with the remainder of your command to Brigadier-General Benham. The train of intrenching tools now at the engineer camp will be left behind.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 25, 1865—9 a. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Corps, Clover Hill Station:

You are authorized to take the pontoon bridge with you. General Benham is notified. Thomas Dodamead, general superintendant Richmond and Danville Railroad, telegraphs for permission to run the trains from Danville to Clover under a pledge to allow no destruction or removal of property, and making a promise that he, together with the other officers of the road, will in good faith take the oath of allegiance to the United States Government. You are authorized to permit this if you determine that it can be done with propriety and without interfering with your operations.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Halifax Court-House, April 25, 1865—3.30 o'clock.

Major-General WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

GENERAL: Your dispatch authorizing me to take the bridge train with me is just received, and I have ordered it to rejoin the corps at once. I shall leave here to-morrow at 6 a. m., and camp well on the other side of Birch Creek to-morrow night so as to reach Danville about noon of the following day. I will send a small force in advance to South Boston Station, with orders to stop all trains going in the direction of Danville until I can reach the former place, when I can better judge of the propriety of permitting them to go farther.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 25, 1865—6.10 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Corps, en route to Danville:

Mr. Dodamead, superintendent of Danville railroad, reports that a party of soldiers are preparing a locomotive on siding fourteen miles west of Clover and that this party has no officer in charge. He states that the citizens desire to go out to meet the troops and requests that no unauthorized parties be allowed to go into Danville in this manner. The general commanding sends this for your information and desires you to stop, if possible, such expeditions, if unauthorized.

Your obedient servant,

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
April 25, 1865—8 p. m.

Major-General WEBB:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of General Orders, No. 2, headquarters Department of the James, also telegram from Surgeon McParlin, transmitting dispatch from Major Wiley, commissary of subsistence, announcing that Colonel Kellogg is dying. These shall be given to Major-General Sheridan as soon as his whereabouts are ascertained. Your dispatch of 6.10 this p. m., containing report of the superintendent of the Richmond and Danville Railroad, is also received. A small force sent to Boston Station this afternoon reached there just as the squad referred to in your dispatch were about to leave; put them off the train and had fire put out in the locomotive. They found there one locomotive, about twenty-five box-cars, and a full set of telegraph instruments. They captured one operator and are now looking for the other one.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
April 25, 1865.

The corps will move at 6 o'clock to-morrow morning in the direction of Danville in the following order: First, First Division, with one battery; second, Second Division; third, Artillery Brigade; fourth, Third Division, with one battery; fifth, ambulances and trains; sixth, pontoon bridge train. Headquarters trains will follow the divisions to which they belong. Corps headquarters train will precede that of the First Division. The commanding officer of the Artillery Brigade will designate the batteries to accompany the First and Third Divisions. The commanding officer of the Third Division will furnish a sufficient guard to protect the trains.

The troops will as far as practicable give the roads to the artillery and trains, the troops taking the right-hand side of the road.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
April 25, 1865. (Received 8.40 a. m.)

Major-General WEBB:

Please forward the following if opportunity offers:

SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
April 25, 1865.

Major-General SHERIDAN:

I reached Clark's Ferry, on the Staunton River, last evening and shall cross the river at 6 a. m. on my way to Danville. If you have any further instructions please telegraph me to-night. From the information gained from deserters and others there would seem to be no doubt but that Johnston has surrendered to General Sherman. I expect to reach Danville on Thursday.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 77. } HDQRS. FIRST DIV., NINTH ARMY CORPS,
April 25, 1865.

* * * * * * *

II. The Twenty-ninth Massachusetts Volunteers is hereby detailed as provost guard at these headquarters, relieving the Seventeenth Michigan Volunteers.

* * * * * * *

By command of Bvt. Maj. Gen. O. B. Willcox:

WM. V. RICHARDS,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
Meherrin River, April 25, 1865.

The command will move to-morrow morning to Boydton in the following order and by the following designated roads: The Third Cavalry

Division will move from its present camp via Mercer's Ford, and will cross the Meherrin at that point, and then move to the Boydton plank road, and thence to Boydton. The Second Cavalry Division, General Crook commanding, will follow the division of General Custer, crossing the river at the same point that the Third Division does, and will follow General Custer's command to Boydton. The army train will cross the river at the ford over which the First Division passed to-day, and will be escorted to Boydton by the First Division. General Devin will furnish the chief quartermaster, Captain McGonnigle, with such details from his division as he may require to repair the crossing and assist in the moving of the trains. All these movements to commence at 6 a. m. to-morrow.

By command of Major-General Sheridan:

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Chief of Staff.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 47. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., April 25, 1865.*

Lieut. Col. John Coughlin, Tenth New Hampshire Volunteers, is hereby assigned to the command of the labor district, between the James and Appomattox Rivers. In all matters relating to negro affairs Lieutenant-Colonel Coughlin will report direct to these headquarters. In matters relating to the troops which may be from time to time under his command he will report to Major-General Hartsuff, commanding U. S. forces at Petersburg.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 25, 1865.

COMMANDING OFFICER SIXTH WEST VIRGINIA CAVALRY:

COLONEL: The major-general commanding directs that you send a battalion of your regiment at as early an hour as practicable to-morrow morning, the 26th instant, to the vicinity of Surrattsville, Md. The command will take with them two days' rations and forage, and will relieve all men of the Sixteenth New York Cavalry now on duty in the locality above mentioned. Upon arriving at his destination the commanding officer of the battalion will report to Marshal Murray, showing him these instructions. The detachments of the Sixteenth New York, when relieved, will be ordered to return to Washington and report to these headquarters.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

The commanding officer of the battalion will consider himsef subject to the orders of Marshal Murray, and will carry out his instructions in all respects.

POINT LOOKOUT, *April 25, 1865—12 m.*
(Received 2.30 p. m.)

Lieut. Col. J. H. TAYLOR, *Chief of Staff:*

I have scouted the country thoroughly from Coan River by Heathsville to the Potomac, and toward the Rappahannock. There are no traces there. I am starting up the coast and will re-embark at Potomac Creek. I have persons on the lookout in the lower part of the Neck who will, I think, arrest any of the party escaping in this part of the country. The transports will go to Potomac Creek and await me there. It will take about three days, arriving at Potomac Creek the 28th.

N. B. SWEITZER,
Colonel Sixteenth New York Cavalry, &c.

POINT LOOKOUT, *April 25, 1865.*
(Received 2.40 p. m.)

Lieut. Col. J. H. TAYLOR, *Chief of Staff:*

I will thoroughly search all the landings and their approaches and vicinity on the Northern Neck between Coan River and Potomac Creek, to arrest any suspicious persons who have crossed the Potomac River from Maryland.

N. B. SWEITZER,
Colonel Sixteenth New York Cavalry.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 25, 1865.

Lieutenant-Colonel NICHOLSON, *Comdg. Sixteenth New York, &c.:*

COLONEL: The major-general commanding directs that you proceed with your command to Coan River. Transportation will be ready for you at 10 a. m. to-morrow, the 26th instant, at Sixth street wharf. Upon arriving at your destination you will scout the adjacent country thoroughly, directing your attention to the discovery of the parties concerned in the assassination of the President and Mr. Seward. You will understand that the energies of yourself and command are to be directed to this object and not to the prosecution of hostilities against the inhabitants. You will remain at the point above designated until joined by Colonel Sweitzer, who will then give you further instructions.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

You are further directed to take charge of all stores and supplies which may be landed at Coan River for your own or Colonel Sweitzer's command.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
Washington, April 25, 1865.

Major-General EMORY,
Department of West Virginia, Cumberland:

Major-General Hancock directs me to say to you that you are at liberty to permit family supplies in small quantities to go through your

lines as before the publication of General Grant's restriction on trade, and under such regulations as you may think proper to adopt. The general suggests that you should let General Stevenson control the matter near Harper's Ferry, as he is familiar with the people of Loudoun. General Stevenson has been instructed to respect General Augur's passes for people or supplies to go to Loudoun through his lines.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

CUMBERLAND, MD., *April 25, 1865.*

Brig. Gen. C. H. MORGAN,
Chief of Staff, Middle Military Division, Washington, D. C.:

The rebel partisans in my front regard themselves as part of Lee's army. I have favored this view. Am I authorized to insist that they are included in the surrender? If so, many now hanging back will gladly acknowledge the claim and come in. The only objection to this is that those who affect to consider as a new condition the order declaring those from Maryland, Kentucky, and Missouri to have forfeited their homes may make that an excuse for not coming in. McNeill himself is from Missouri and some of his command from Maryland. Of the twenty-five who were to come in this morning, twenty-two have presented themselves at the pickets and are now being paroled.

W. H. EMORY,
Brevet Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
Washington, April 25, 1865.

Brevet Major-General EMORY,
Cumberland:

Major-General Hancock directs me to say, in reply to your dispatch, that none of the outlying detachments of partisans were included in Lee's surrender. They can, however, surrender on the same terms, but must be individually paroled and subject to the orders already issued. None of them can return to their homes in States which have not passed the ordinance of secession.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 25, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT,
Commanding Army of the Shenandoah, Winchester, Va.:

Major-General Hancock directs that the Remount Camp be removed to this place [Washington] as soon as practicable. The batteries and the train of cavalry with Sheridan will be sent by the road under a sufficient guard. The remainder of the dismounted men can be forwarded by rail as fast as transportation can be procured. Major-Gen-

eral Augur will designate a camp for the batteries, and the brigade commanders will report to him. The train will also be disposed of under General Augur's instructions. Telegraph me when the men will leave.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 25, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT, *Comdg. Army of the Shenandoah:*

The major-general commanding desires Colonel Piper to report to him for duty. He also desires the detailed men of General Dwight's division at the signal station at Winchester and Stephenson's Depot, and the Twenty-sixth Massachusetts Battalion collected and sent on to the division at this place.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HDQRS. REMOUNT CAMP, CAV., MIDDLE MIL. DIVISION,
April 25, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT, *Comdg. Army of the Shenandoah:*

GENERAL: Colonel Fitz Simons will send 1,000 men to-morrow at 8 a. m. by rail, which will take all of the Reserve Brigade. He will also send all of the Second Division with the wagons, excepting 200 men, which he will retain to go with eighty wagons, which you are to send here. I ordered Captain Bean not to issue any public horses, excepting on requisitions approved by you. Captain Robertson starts to-morrow at 9 a. m.; the trains also, under charge of Major Hyde, Fifteenth New York Cavalry. Colonel Fitz Simons will dismount all of the men in Viall's train, excepting those actually needed to conduct the train. By sending all of the Second Division we put eight men in a wagon, instead of four, as you directed. Even then the wagons will go light.

Very respectfully,

H. H. GOLDSMITH,
Lieutenant and Aide-de-Camp.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WEST VIRGINIA,
Cumberland, Md., April 25, 1865.

Brigadier-General HAYES, *New Creek:*

Your inquiry has been referred to headquarters military division. The brevet major-general commanding desires to know what, in your judgment, is the object of the rebel partisans in making the inquiry, whether under the idea that if they are considered a portion of Lee's army such of them as had homes in Maryland will be permitted to return to that State. The general commanding has no doubt that they are included in Lee's army, and you will favor this idea until the specific answer expected is received.

TH. MELVIN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

NEW YORK CITY, *April 25, 1865.*
(Received 6.05 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

The ceremonies and procession have been most complete and imposing. Everything passed off admirably. I have examined the remains and they are in perfect preservation. We start for Albany at 4.15 p. m.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 25, 1865—11.40 p. m.

Brigadier-General TOWNSEND,
Adjutant-General, New York:

I see by the New York papers this evening that a photograph of the corpse of President Lincoln was allowed to be taken yesterday in New York. I cannot sufficiently express my surprise and disapproval of such an act while the body was in your charge. You will report what officers of the funeral escort were or ought to have been on duty at the time this was done, and immediately relieve them and order them to Washington. You will also direct the provost-marshal to go to the photographer, seize and destroy the plates and any pictures or engravings that may have been made, and consider yourself responsible if the offense is repeated.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

Major ECKERT:

Please order this telegram to be delivered to-night, and if the escort has left New York order it to be forwarded to Albany.*

ALBANY, *April 25, 1865.*
(Received 9.30 a. m., 26th.)

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON:

We have arrived here safely. Words cannot describe the grandeur of the demonstration in New York and all along the Hudson River. The outpouring of popular feeling, quiet and unaffected, is truly sublime.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 25, 1865—11 p. m.

Major-General DIX:

Reliable information has just been communicated to me that the rebels in Canada are again plotting against the frontier towns. You will please immediately put your officers on the guard, and use every precaution to guard against such efforts.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

---

*Not signed, but in handwriting of Mr. Stanton.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 26, 1865.*
(Received 9.40 a. m.)

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

The notice you propose to give in regard to visitors will answer all purposes. I propose for the present that all persons landing at City Point, Petersburg, and Richmond shall register their names at offices to be established at those places. It will be well to put this in your notice.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, *April 26, 1865.*
(Received 3.20 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

The people of Richmond have thus far conducted themselves with great propriety, and are most respectful to the United States authorities. The desire for the complete restoration of the Federal authority in the State seems to be very general here; nevertheless, so large a population entirely without employment and generally without any means is most undesirable, if not dangerous. I am, therefore, sending into the country all who have homes or friends to go to. As there are no means of conveyance here they will be taken to convenient points in public wagons. In this way I hope to soon diminish the issue of provisions. There are, however, thousands here who have a small supply on hand, but no means of purchasing more.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, *April 26, 1865.*
(Received 8.50 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

I will give to the French authorities every possible facility for the removal of their tobacco. In the present condition of this city there is danger of fires, and the sooner it is removed the better. Our forces will give all necessary protection to vessels and workmen employed in the removal. I, therefore, see no necessity for the presence of a French gun-boat, which might lead to complications. I think an agent of the Treasury Department should be sent here to see that the removal includes no tobacco not belonging to the French Government. Whatever such agent may designate will be permitted full exit.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 26, 1865—9.30 p. m.*
(Received 10.45 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON, *Washington:*

Generals Meade, Sheridan, and Wright are acting under orders to pay no regard to any truce or orders of General Sherman suspending

hostilities, on the ground that Sherman's agreements could bind his own command only and no other. They are directed to push forward, regardless of orders from anyone except General Grant, and cut off Johnston's retreat. Beauregard has telegraphed to Danville that a new arrangement had been made with Sherman, and that the advance of the Sixth Corps was to be suspended till further orders. I have telegraphed back to obey no orders of General Sherman, but to push forward as rapidly as possible. The bankers here have information to-day that Jeff. Davis' specie is moving south from Goldsborough in wagons as fast as possible. I suggest that orders be telegraphed through General Thomas that Wilson obey no orders of Sherman, and notifying him and General Canby and all commanders on the Mississippi River to take measures to intercept the rebel chiefs and their plunder. The specie taken with them is estimated here at from six to thirteen millions.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RALEIGH, N. C., *April 26, 1865—10 p. m.*
(Received 9.30 a. m., 28th.)

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK, *Richmond, Va.:*

General Johnston surrendered the forces under his command, embracing all from here to the Chattahoochee, to General Sherman, on the basis agreed upon between General Lee and myself for the Army of Virginia. Please order Sheridan back to Petersburg at once. If you think proper a sufficient force may go on to Danville to take possession of all munitions of war that may be stored there. Send copy of this to the Secretary of War.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *April 26, 1865—5 p. m.*

Major-General HALLECK:

The following dispatch, just received, is sent for your information. No answer has been sent to it, nor any instructions to Major-General Wright, who will doubtless occupy Danville to-night:

DANVILLE, *April 26, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. A. S. WEBB, *Chief of Staff:*

The following is an exact copy of the telegram received by me.

"GREENSBOROUGH, *April 26, 1865.*

"Maj. Gen. L. L. LOMAX, or
"COMMANDING OFFICER AT DANVILLE:

"General Johnston, who is now on his way to confer with General Sherman in advance of Hillsborough, directs as follows: 'Notify commander of Sixth Corps (Federal) who encamped in or near Halifax last night that truce has been resumed between General Sherman and myself.'

"G. T. BEAUREGARD,
"*General in Command.*"
R. E. WITHERS,
Colonel, Commanding Post.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, *April 26, 1865—5.20 p. m.*

Major-General MEADE:

To avoid all misunderstanding telegraph again to General Wright to observe no truce not made by General Grant, but do all in his power to cut off the enemy's retreat. General Grant has reached Raleigh and ordered an immediate resumption of hostilities. The enemy's object now is to permit the leaders to escape south by their dilatory negotiations.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC—6.40 p. m.

General WRIGHT:

This is for your information and guidance.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 26, 1865—6.40 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK:

I forward dispatch and reply received just before your last dispatch arrived. Your last dispatch has been transmitted to Major-General Wright:

DANVILLE, *April 26, 1865—5.20 p. m.*

GENERAL OFFICER COMMANDING FEDERAL FORCES,
Burkeville:

I am directed by General Johnston, commanding Confederate forces, to notify you that the truce between General Sherman, commanding Federal forces, and himself has been resumed.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

L. L. LOMAX,
Major-General.

P. S.—Please acknowledge receipt.

L. L. L.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 26, 1865—5.45 p. m.

Maj. Gen. L. L. LOMAX,
Danville:

Your dispatch to Major-General Meade has been received. He desires me to state to you that he cannot act upon any information of the character conveyed in your telegram unless it be received from his superior officer through proper military channels.

Your obedient servant,

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
Burke's Station, April 26, 1865—4.45 p. m.

Col. ROBERT E. WITHERS,
Commanding Post, Danville:

You say: "Truce has been resumed between General Sherman and himself." Does "himself" refer to General Beauregard? Does General B. desire commander of Sixth Corps notified of a truce between his army and General Sherman's?

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 26, 1865.

Brevet Brigadier-General NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

GENERAL: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 22d instant in regard to the non-receipt by me of the order directing a salute of 200 guns to be fired in honor of Lee's surrender, and communicating the remark of the Secretary of War, that it was now too late to comply with it. In this connection I would state that upon the 9th of April, 1865, immediately upon the announcement of the surrender of Lee's army, and on the ground then occupied by this army, upward of 200 guns were fired in honor of the event, and the provisions of the order were thus complied with in advance. The order referred to has not yet come to hand.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

CITY POINT, VA., *April 26, 1865.*

Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

The Sixth Corps will be within fourteen miles of Danville to-night. It is supplied to May 4. The Engineer Brigade and Railroad Construction Corps will be at the Staunton River rebuilding the bridge to-morrow. The road from Manchester to Danville will be in running order in a few days. The armies have about eight days' forage on hand, and there is an abundance in depot here and at Burkeville. The last of the Ninth Corps will have embarked to-night everything except wagons.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 74.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, April 26, 1865.

EXTENSION OF THE MILITARY LINES OF THE UNITED STATES.

General Orders, No. 70, War Department, Adjutant-General's Office, April 17, 1865, is amended to read as follows:

Ordered, That the military lines of the United States be extended to include within them the States of Virginia and Tennessee, and that all military restrictions upon internal trade within said lines are annulled, except in arms, ammunition, gray cloth, and all articles from which ammunition is manufactured, locomotives, cars,

railroad iron, and machinery for operating railroads, telegraph wires, insulators, and instruments for operating telegraphic lines, which articles are contraband of war, and all trade in, and importation thereof, within the limits aforesaid is absolutely prohibited.

By order of the Secretary of War:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ROANOKE STATION, *April 26, 1865.*
(Received 11.45 a. m.)

Maj. Gen. A. S. WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

I passed Pine Station Monday evening and reached Mossing Ford last evening with the whole command, marching from about 6 a. m. to nearly 7 p. m. I reached the ford three miles above this about 9 a. m. to-day, and found Brevet Major Van Brocklin gone with the pontoon bridge, but sending to the station found your orders. Have sent a company to guard the material at Clover Hill, and will encamp the regiments near the railroad here. I fear it may be difficult to collect much material suitable for the repair of the railroad bridge here. A reconnaissance within two or three miles shows but little of the proper timber. I would respectfully suggest that the chief of the Construction Corps should visit this place as soon as possible. A hand-car from Meherrin may be his best means of reaching here.

H. W. BENHAM,
Brigadier-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 26, 1865—12.05 p. m.

General BENHAM,
Roanoke Station:

General Meade desires you to collect all the hand-cars you can find and bring them to this side of the Staunton River. They will be used in communicating with you. The chief of the construction party is on his way down to you. Some material leaves in wagons to-day. The energy of all should be taxed in repairing the bridge.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

ROANOKE STATION, *April 26, 1865.*

Col. R. N. BATCHELDER,
Chief Quartermaster, Army of the Potomac:

The pontoon bridge that was at this river has been carried forward by the Sixth Corps. The train of eighteen boats which was in charge of battalion Fiftieth Regiment, but which, we are informed, has been turned over to the regular battalion, should be sent here as soon as possible, as it is much needed for construction of railroad bridge.

H. W. BENHAM,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 26, 1865—9.20 p. m.

Brigadier-General BENHAM, *Roanoke Station:*

The pontoon bridge will be sent from here at daylight to-morrow morning.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 42. } HDQRS. FIRST DIVISION, FIFTH CORPS,
April 26, 1865.

This division having been relieved from duty on the line between Petersburg and Sutherland's Station, the remainder of the line is apportioned as follows:

1. The First Brigade, General Pearson, will occupy from Wilson's to the Worthington house, three miles, with headquarters near Wilson's Station, and one below the Fisher house.

2. Second Brigade, General Gregory, will occupy a distance of five miles from the Worthington house to the Osborne place, a mile below Ford's. One regiment will be encamped near the Beasley house. The regiment near Ford's may remain where it is. Brigade headquarters to be near Ford's Station.

3. Third Brigade, Colonel Edmands, will extend from the Osborne place to Sutherland's, a line of nine miles. One regiment will be encamped near the Osborne place and one at Church road crossing. Headquarters of brigade to be near Sutherland's Station.

4. Regiments not located by this order may be encamped with reference to favorable ground and convenience to stations, no more regiments being moved than may be necessary to comply with order.

5. Brigade commanders will take proper measures to guard the railroad on their respective lines, throwing out pickets and vedettes at cross-roads and all important approaches. All bridges and culverts will be securely guarded. The entire length of road occupied by the divisions will be patrolled every two hours, day and night, by guards meeting each other from the different posts.

6. Drills by company and battalion will be had daily, the time and manner to be regulated by brigade commanders.

7. Camp guards will be posted at least between retreat and reveille.

8. Brigade and regimental commanders may send safeguards with proper papers within the limits of their command not over three miles out. Other cases to be referred to these headquarters.

By command of Brigadier-General Chamberlain:

WM. FOWLER,
Captain and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 26, 1865—5.20 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Corps, near Danville:

Dispatches have been received signed by an officer of C. S. Army claiming to command the post of Danville. This is sent for your information, since it has heretofore been claimed that there were no rebel forces there.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Near Brooklyn, April 26, 1865—5.30 p. m.

Major-General WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

I have the honor to report that I have reached this point, about eighteen miles from Danville, and am now going into camp. A strong force will be pushed forward at an early hour in the morning to take possession of Danville, where I expect to arrive with the main column to-morrow night. Up to this time I have learned nothing as to the whereabouts of General Sheridan.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 26, 1865—10.40 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Corps, near Danville:

We have no official information of General Sheridan's movements, but we hear that he left Petersburg at 6 a. m. on 23d instant and moved down Boydton plank road.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Near Brooklyn, April 26, 1865—5.30 p. m.

Mr. THOMAS DODAMEAD,
Superintendent Richmond and Danville Railroad, Danville:

Your dispatch of the 25th was received at 8.30 a. m. to-day, and Colonel Franklin, of my staff, will proceed to-morrow morning with a force in advance of the main column to meet the city authorities at such point on the road as may be most convenient for them, in the neighborhood of the city, to receive the surrender, and to establish such guards as may be necessary for the maintenance of good order. Colonel Franklin will reach Danville some time in the afternoon of to-morrow.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
April 26, 1865.

Mr. THOMAS DODAMEAD,
Superintendent Richmond and Danville R. R., Danville, Va.:

Colonel Franklin will leave here at an early hour to-morrow morning, and may be at Danville between 10 and 11 o'clock in the forenoon instead of reaching there in the afternoon, as stated in my previous dispatch to you.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Near Brooklyn, Va., April 26, 1865.

The Third Brigade, Second Division, will move at 5 o'clock to-morrow morning to Danville, reaching that place at as early an hour as practicable, taking possession of the city and establishing the guard necessary for the preservation of order and protection of property of all descriptions. On the arrival of the brigade the town will be thoroughly searched, and all officers and soldiers of our army found therein will be arrested and held subject to further orders from these headquarters. All Confederate officers and soldiers will also be arrested and held until their case can be decided upon. Guards will be established at all the crossings to prevent any persons belonging to the corps from entering the town in advance of the main column. The portion of the command not needed for these purposes will be camped south of and outside the limits of the town. Lieut. Col. W. S. Franklin, assistant inspector-general, will accompany this command to receive the surrender of the city and to exercise a general supervision under the instructions given him at these headquarters.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
April 26, 1865.

The corps will move at 6 o'clock to-morrow morning in the direction of Danville in the following order: First, Second Division, with one battery; second, Third Division; third, Artillery Brigade; fourth, First Division, with one battery; fifth, ambulances and trains.

Headquarters' trains will follow the divisions to which they belong. Corps headquarters' train will precede that of the Second Division. The commanding officer Artillery Brigade will designate the batteries to accompany the First and Second Divisions. The commanding officer of the First Division will furnish a sufficient guard to protect the trains. The troops will as far as practicable give the road to the artillery and trains, the troops taking the right-hand side of the road.

All animals must be watered, and the men must be notified to fill their canteens before starting, as very little water will be found on the march to-morrow.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL FIELD ORDERS, No. 1. } CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
Meherrin River, April 26, 1865.

During the absence of Lieut. Col. John Kellogg, commissary of subsistence of volunteers, Lieut. Col. Samuel McKelvy, commissary of subsistence of volunteers, is announced as chief commissary of subsistence of this command, and will be respected accordingly.

By command of Major-General Sheridan:

F. C. NEWHALL,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.]

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
Boydton, Va., April 26, 1865.

The command will move at 6 a.m. to-morrow to Abbyville, in the following order: First, Third Cavalry Division, Brevet Major-General Custer commanding; second, Second Cavalry Division, Major-General Crook commanding; third, First Cavalry Division, Brigadier-General Devin commanding. General Merritt will detail a competent guard to accompany the wagon train. Headquarters wagons and ambulances will accompany their respective divisions.

By command of Major-General Sheridan:

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
Boydton, April 26, 1865—5 p. m.

Major-General CROOK,
Commanding Second Cavalry Division:

GENERAL: The major-general commanding directs that you camp your division to-night near where General Custer's division goes into camp. General Custer will camp, I understand, near a mill about two or three miles from here. Please send two orderlies to report and remain here to-night.

I am, general, very respectfully,

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 26, 1865.*

Major-General ORD,
Commanding Department of Virginia:

GENERAL: In order that farmers may have an opportunity to procure animals for agricultural purposes, all condemned horses and mules belonging to the forces in this department will be sold at public auction at such times and places as may be deemed most suitable. The sales will be made in small lots, and a notice of at least two weeks will be given of each sale by publication in the newspapers.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 26, 1865.*

Major-General ORD,
Commanding Department of Virginia:

GENERAL: All women and children who wish to go from Richmond to the southern counties, and have no means of transportation, will receive transportation on the railroad to Burkeville or so far as the road is repaired. Those wishing to go in other directions will be conveyed out of the city in ambulances to certain convenient points to be designated by you. No one will be permitted to come to the city in public conveyances.

Very respectfully,

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HDQRS. DEPT. OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., April 26, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TURNER,
Commanding Twenty-fourth Corps:

I am instructed by the major-general commanding to direct you to detail from General Devens' division one full regiment of infantry under an efficient commander to proceed to Charlottesville, Va., on the 28th instant; a detail of two companies of cavalry will accompany them. The commanding officer will report to these headquarters at 10 a. m. to-morrow for instructions.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. B. SCOTT,
Major Fourth Massachusetts Cavalry and Actg. Asst. Adjt. General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 56. } HDQRS. DEPT. OF WASHINGTON, TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS, *April 26, 1865.*

I. The following organization of districts within this department is announced for the information and guidance of all concerned:

1. District of Alexandria, to embrace that portion of the Department of Washington, and all troops serving therein, lying south of the Potomac, except the "Northern Neck," south of the railroad from Fredericksburg and Aquia Creek Landing, with headquarters at Alexandria, Va., to be commanded by Maj. Gen. John G. Parke, U. S. Volunteers.

2. District of Washington, to embrace that portion of the Department of Washington north of the Potomac, and all troops serving therein, excepting the city of Washington and the country between the Potomac and Patuxent Rivers, south of the Piscataway, with headquarters in Washington, D. C., to be commanded by Bvt. Maj. Gen. O. B. Willcox, U. S. Volunteers.

3. District of the Patuxent, to embrace the country between the Potomac and the Patuxent Rivers and south of the Piscataway, and all troops serving therein, except Point Lookout and immediate vicinity, with headquarters at or near Port Tobacco, Col. H. H. Wells, Twenty-sixth Michigan Volunteers, temporarily in charge.

4. District of "Northern Neck," to embrace the country between the Potomac and Rappahannock Rivers, south of the Fredericksburg and Aquia Creek Railroad, and all troops serving therein, Col. N. B. Sweitzer, Sixteenth New York Cavalry, temporarily in charge, with headquarters at such point as he may select.

II. The District of St. Mary's is hereby discontinued. The commander of Point Lookout will report direct to these headquarters.

III. Commanding officers will report disposition and post of troops within their respective districts with as little delay as practicable, furnishing lists of brigades, regiments, and batteries, with names of commanders.

By command of Maj. Gen. C. C. Augur:

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. REMOUNT CAMP, CAVALRY, MIDDLE MIL. DIV.,
Pleasant Valley, Md., April 26, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT, *Comdg. Army of the Shenandoah:*

SIR: There are 1,250 men and 12 officers, under command of Major Herkness, Sixth Pennsylvania Cavalry, all belonging to Reserve Brigade, First Division, now on cars and will start at once. There are also 921 men and 12 officers, under command of Captain Flesher, Third West Virginia Cavalry, and about 1,100 of the train, all under command of Major Hyde, Fifteenth New York Cavalry, now starting with the wagons, which are following the artillery. Total numbers sent this morning, 3,271 men and 25 officers. All the sick belonging to Reno's command have been sent to general hospital in Harper's Ferry. There will be no chance of sending any more men off to-day, as there are no cars at the Ferry. They have been telegraphed for to Baltimore, and will in all probability be up to-night.

Very respectfully,

H. H. GOLDSMITH,
Lieutenant and Aide-de-Camp.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST SEPARATE BRIGADE,
DEPARTMENT OF WEST VIRGINIA,
Charleston, W. Va., April 26, 1865.

Maj. E. B. BLUNDON, *Guyandotte, W. Va.:*

As muster day is so near, monthly returns to come in, and other reasons, I do not wish any expeditions sent out until after May 1. I will arrange and order then co-operative expeditions from all the posts to cover the whole country between the Kanawha and the Kentucky line. You will circulate the information that all rebel soldiers must report to take the oath or be paroled. They can be paroled only by Major Gramm. Captain Rife is now at Lewisburg paroling all the forces in my front. Stationery was forgotten. Acknowledge receipt.

JOHN H. OLEY,
Colonel, Commanding.

OFFICE OF THE PROVOST-MARSHAL-GENERAL
FOR THE STATE OF MARYLAND,
Baltimore, April 26, 1865.

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.:

SIR: The following marks are upon the person of Booth by which he may be recognized: On his right arm are the initials of his name, and on his left hand, between the forefinger and thumb, a small cross, and across the same hand several spots, all in India ink.

J. L. McPHAIL,
Provost-Marshal-General, State of Maryland.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 26, 1865.

COMMANDING OFFICER DISMOUNTED CAVALRY
EN ROUTE FROM REMOUNT CAMP:

SIR: Transportation will be ready for your command at 8 a. m., the 27th instant, at Sixth Street Wharf, at which hour the major-general

commanding directs that you proceed to Chapel Point, Md. Upon arriving at the point indicated you will encamp your men in such camps as may be indicated by Col. J. Ford Kent, assistant inspector-general, and will report as soon as practicable to Colonel Wells, near Bryantown, taking your future instructions from him.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 26, 1865.

COMMANDING OFFICER GUARD SHIP,
Alexandria, Va.:

SIR: I am instructed by the major-general commanding to request that you will consult your own discretion in permitting licensed fishermen and their employés in passing up and down the Potomac in pursuit of their avocation, as guaranteed them by the licenses in their possession. He desires that no one be permitted to pass or land who cannot establish a record or character satisfactory to you.

I am, very respectfully, sir, your most obedient servant,

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

PORT TOBACCO, *April 26, 1865—1.30 a. m.*
(Received 8 a. m.)

Maj. T. T. ECKERT:

Immediately after reporting to you to-day I proceeded with Major O'Beirne to Bryantown, thence to Turner's house, where Booth and Herold were seen by two servants to inquire for food, then enter pine thicket about twenty rods distant from house and two miles north from Bryantown. Parties on the ground had been through, losing the track and accomplishing nothing. We at once penetrated the thicket and deployed. After following probable routes I struck the crutch track, and we followed it in a direction circling around toward the piece of timber from which they first issued far enough to justify the belief they are still in same vicinity from which they started, and that while the troops were searching the thicket where they were last seen, they, by taking course above described, gained time enough to temporarily conceal themselves again. It appears to us from all we can learn that troops have not been pushed through with much system. The colored troops, while deployed and advancing, upon hearing shout on one part line, made rush in that direction, leaving considerable space uncovered. Cavalry has been operating, and to-night has strong line of pickets around timber. I made map to-day for immediate use, but it would have assisted much if we had a county survey map and a compass. I left Major O'Beirne at Bryantown, where he was preparing to co-operate with others and make an early and systematic scouring.

S. H. BECKWITH.

ALBANY, N. Y., *April 26, 1865.*
(Received 10.40 a. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

Your dispatch of this date is received.* The photograph was taken while I was present, Admiral Davis being the officer immediately in charge, but it would have been my part to stop the proceedings. I regret your disapproval, but it did not strike me as objectionable under the circumstances as it was done. I have telegraphed General Dix your orders about seizing the plates. To whom shall I turn over the special charge given me in order to execute your instructions to relieve the officer responsible, and shall Admiral Davis be relieved? He was not accountable.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 26, 1865—12.30 p. m.

Brig. Gen. E. D. TOWNSEND,
Adjutant-General, Albany:

As Admiral Davis was not responsible there is no occasion to find fault with him. You being in charge, and present at the time, the sole responsibility rests upon you; but having no other officer of the Adjutant-General's Department that can relieve you and take your place you will continue in charge of the remains under your instructions until they are finally interred. The taking of a photograph was expressly forbidden by Mrs. Lincoln, and I am apprehensive that her feelings and the feelings of her family will be greatly wounded.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

ALBANY, *April 26, 1865.* (Received 6 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

Your dispatch just received. I was not aware of Mrs. Lincoln's wishes, or the picture would not have been taken with the knowledge of any officer of the escort. It seemed to me the picture would be gratifying, a grand view of what thousands saw and thousands could not see. Leave here punctually at 4 p. m.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ALBANY, N. Y., *April 26, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

General Dix, who is here, suggests that I should explain to you how the photograph was taken. The remains had just been arranged in state in the City Hall, at the head of the stairway, where the people would ascend on one side and descend on the other. The body lay in an alcove, draped in black, and just at the edge of a rotunda formed of American flags and mourning drapery. The photographer was in a

* See 11.40 p. m., 25th, p. 952.

gallery twenty feet higher than the body, and at least forty distant from it. Admiral Davis stood at the head and I at the foot of the coffin. No-one else was in view. The effect of the picture would be general, taking in the whole scene, but not giving the features of the corpse.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

Answer before General Dix leaves Albany this p. m.

NEW YORK, *April 26, 1865.*
(Received 7.10 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

Messrs. Gurney, photographers, wish me to ask you to so far modify your order to General Dix respecting the negatives taken of President Lincoln as to order him to hold them without breaking until Gurney can present to you the facts in the case. They do not intend to have the face represented.

HENRY WARD BEECHER.

Get answer before 9 o'clock.

NEW YORK, *April 26, 1865.*
(Received 8.40 p. m.)

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I respectfully join in Mr. Beecher's request that General Dix may postpone destroying the negatives of President Lincoln taken by Gurney & Son till they can see you.

H. J. RAYMOND.

NEW YORK, *April 26, 1865.*

Hon. CHARLES A. DANA,
Assistant Secretary of War:

SIR: A dispatch to General Dix directs the seizure and destruction of the photographs taken by us of President's remains. We have obtained delay until 10 o'clock in hopes of securing a revocation of the order. We shall see Mr. Beecher and Mr. Raymond, and hope the Secretary will see the propriety of waiting until all the facts are in his possession. In the meantime can you not assist us?

T. GURNEY & SON,
707 Broadway.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 26, 1865.

T. GURNEY & SON,
707 Broadway, New York:

The Secretary of War is of opinion that photographs of the President's remains should not have been taken without the consent of his family. In that view he ordered the plates to be seized and destroyed.

He has no objection to suspending the order for their destruction until further order upon their being turned over to General Dix to abide such order as may be made.

JAS. A. HARDIE,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Inspector-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE EAST,
New York City, April 26, 1865.

General ROBINSON:

Reliable information has been communicated to the War Department that the rebels in Canada are again plotting against the frontier towns. Instructions to the commanding officers of posts on the frontier will be sent to keep a good guard.

By command of General Peck:

D. T. VAN BUREN,
Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
April 27, 1865—10 a. m.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond:

Generals Canby and Thomas were notified some days ago that Sherman's arrangement with Johnston was disapproved by the President, and they were instructed to disregard it and push the enemy in every direction. Your own action is cordially approved. Booth was killed by Colonel Baker's men yesterday at Garrett's farm, three miles from Port Royal, on the Rappahannock, in the effort to arrest him. His body is here. Herold, his companion, was taken.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 27, 1865—9.50 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond:

A rebel officer named Willie Jett conveyed Booth from the Potomac across the Rappahannock. He has gone to Richmond. Please have him looked up, arrested, ironed, and sent here.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., April 27, 1865.

Major-General MEADE,
Army of the Potomac:

Please have railroad to Lynchburg examined and report the probable time and cost of repairs, the army doing the work. The assassins, Booth and Herold, were captured yesterday on the Rappahannock. The former was killed in resisting arrest.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 27, 1865—4.45 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

The above* from Wright is forwarded for your information. It is presumed that Sheridan and Wright are now in communication.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 27, 1865.

Major-General HALLECK:

Forwarded for your information.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
April 27, 1865—3.40 p. m.

General WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

I have the honor to forward copy of telegram just received by me purporting to have been sent by General Johnston. I presume it to be authentic, but will make investigation in regard to it at once.

"HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF TENNESSEE,
"*April 27.* (Received 3.10 p. m.)

"COMMANDER U. S. FORCES,
"*Danville:*

"A military convention has been made by General Sherman and myself terminating hostilities in North Carolina and elsewhere in our commands.

"J. E. JOHNSTON,
"*General.*"

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 27, 1865—4.55 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Army Corps:

Your dispatches are received. General Meade directs me to state to you that without official instructions from General Grant or from General Sherman you are not to pay any attention to dispatches concerning conventions or truces. You are to be governed by instructions sent last night.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, *April 27, 1865—9 p. m.*
(Received 10.20 p. m.)

Major-General MEADE:

Your dispatch of this date just received. Impress upon General Wright and General Sheridan that they are not to regard any dispatches from General Sherman direct or through rebel authorities. They will obey only the orders from General Grant or myself. They will push on with all possible dispatch and carry out their original orders without regard to General Sherman's arrangements.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

---

*See dispatch of 3.20 p.m., April 27, Part I, p. 1315.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 27, 1865—9.20 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

I forward dispatch just received from Major-General Wright. Your instructions last night to pursue the enemy regardless of truces were duly forwarded to him. General Sheridan was reported last evening at Boydton, and it appears from General Wright's dispatch that General Sheridan will have to await the arrival of a bridge train at Abbyville before he can cross the Staunton River, and is then forty miles from Danville, so there is but little probability of Sheridan's reaching Danville before day after to-morrow. As I was directed to place General Wright under General Sheridan's orders, and he appears to be in communication with that officer, no further instructions will be given him, except such as you may deem proper to forward.

DANVILLE, *April 27, 1865—7.30 p. m.*

Major-General WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

Your dispatch of 4.55 p. m. is received. From the best information I can obtain it is probable that Johnston with his army is at Greensborough; that General Sherman's army is in the vicinity of Hillsborough, and that he himself is at Raleigh. I have no orders to go beyond this point, and if any movement is desired previous to the arrival of General Sheridan I would ask for definite instructions. Any movement based upon this information should, in my opinion, be directed against Greensborough, but it should be made in connection with a similar movement by General Sherman's army on the same point. The rolling-stock of the Piedmont Railroad was run off from this place previous to the arrival of my advance. That of the Richmond and Danville Railroad is between here and the Staunton River, and is represented as being in serviceable condition. I shall start a train to-morrow morning and run it as far as the Staunton River with mails, &c. At the request of General Sheridan, received this morning, I ordered the pontoon train to proceed to Abbyville and report to him for the purpose of getting his command over the river, and after that to report to Brigadier-General Benham.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 27, 1865—10.45 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK:

Your instructions for General Wright have been received, and have been sent to General Wright. He is directed to communicate it to General Sheridan.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 27, 1865.

Brig. Gen. A. B. EATON:

Bvt. Col. Thomas Wilson, chief commissary of subsistence of this army, leaves to-day on surgeon's certificate of ill health by reason of the return of the malady which has on former occasions necessitated his absence. In consequence of the shattered condition of his health, which thus interferes with his serving continuously in the field, I have the honor to request that he may be relieved from his present duties,

and that a suitable officer may be at once appointed to succeed him as chief commissary of subsistence of this army. I should have stated in the foregoing that this application is based entirely on Colonel Wilson's physical condition and not on any want of satisfaction on my part with the manner in which Colonel Wilson has discharged the duties of his office, which I take this occasion to say has been eminently satisfactory to me and creditable in the highest degree to Colonel Wilson. I trust the Department will assign him to some duty where he may be able to recover the health lost by his exposure in the field.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

CITY POINT, VA., *April 27, 1865.*

Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. C. KELTON,
A. A. G. to Major-General Halleck, Comdg., Richmond, Va.:

The Ninth Corps has been embarked, with its six batteries. Nothing of it remains but its wagons and ambulances, which will follow. The Sixth Corps, which should reach Danville to-day, is supplied to the 4th proximo, by which date the Danville road will be in working order, at least from Burkeville, if not from Manchester. The armies have about eight days' forage on hand, and there is an abundance here in depot. If there be no objection I desire to visit Fort Monroe and Washington on official business, to return on Tuesday next. Colonel Bradley, chief quartermaster of this department, can be referred to during my absence, should the general have any orders. Please reply and oblige.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
ARMIES OPERATING AGAINST RICHMOND,
City Point, Va., April 27, 1865.

Brig. Gen. D. H. RUCKER,
Chief Depot Quartermaster, Washington:

There are some 340 wagons, 120 ambulances, and 2,400 animals of the Ninth Corps here, to be shipped. The Ninth Corps has been embarked, with its six batteries. Strang has over 3,000 unserviceable animals to send away, but I have caused them to be put in pasture until transportation can be conveniently afforded. Please hurry forward the cavalry horses due, so that our surplus material, &c., may be sent to your depot.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION, FIFTH CORPS,
April 27, 1865.

Col. FRED. T. LOCKE,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Fifth Corps:

COLONEL: In compliance with instructions from headquarters Army of the Potomac of April 18, 1865, I have the honor to submit the following list of officers whom I recommend for promotion to the rank set opposite their names:

Bvt. Brig. Gen. H. G. Sickel, colonel One hundred and ninety-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers, to be brigadier-general of volunteers for meri-

torious services and distinguished gallantry at the battle of Lewis' farm, on the Quaker road, to rank from March 29. This officer has received a previous recommendation for promotion. Lieut. Col. James A. Cunningham, Thirty-second Massachusetts Volunteers, to be brevet colonel for gallant conduct at the battles of Five Forks, April 1, and the Cox road, April 2. Bvt. Lieut. Col. Ellis Spear, Twentieth Maine Volunteers, to be brevet colonel for meritorious services at the battle of Lewis' farm, March 29. Lieut. Col. Isaac Doolittle, One hundred and eighty-eighth New York Volunteers, to be brevet colonel for gallant conduct at the battles of Lewis' farm and Five Forks. Lieut. Col. J. G. Townsend, One hundred and eighty-ninth New York Volunteers, to be brevet colonel for gallant conduct at the battle of Five Forks. Maj. E. A. Glenn, One hundred and ninety-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers, to be brevet lieutenant-colonel for distinguished services at the battle of Lewis' farm; also to be brevet colonel for conspicuous gallantry at the battles of White Oak road and Five Forks, in the latter of which he was wounded. This officer has received a previous recommendation for promotion by brevet. Capt. William Fowler, assistant adjutant-general, First Division, Fifth Corps, to be brevet major for meritorious service and gallant conduct at the battles of Lewis' farm, March 29, White Oak road, March 31, and Five Forks. Surg. W. R. De Witt, surgeon-in-chief, First Division, to be brevet lieutenant-colonel for efficiency and conspicuous bravery in discharging his duties on the field of battle, particularly at the White Oak road and Five Forks. Capt. T. D. Chamberlain, Twentieth Maine Volunteers, to be brevet major for distinguished gallantry at Bethesda Church, June 1, 1864, and at Peebles' farm. This officer has received a previous recommendation for promotion by brevet. Capt. R. W. Jacklin, Sixteenth Michigan Volunteers, to be brevet major for distinguished gallantry at battle of Five Forks, April 1, 1865. This officer has received a previous recommendation for promotion by brevet. Capt. E. S. Farnsworth, Thirty-second Massachusetts Volunteers, to be brevet major for good conduct during the late campaign. Capt. George F. Morgan, One hundred and fifty-fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers, to be brevet major for distinguished gallantry at the battles of Five Forks and Appomattox Court-House. Capt. George P. McClelland, One hundred and fifty-fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers, to be brevet major for gallant conduct at the battle of Five Forks, in which he was seriously wounded. Capt. H. G. Denniston, One hundred and eighty-eighth New York Volunteers, to be brevet major for bravery during the campaign. Capt. A. M. Beman, One hundred and eighty-ninth New York Volunteers, to be brevet major for bravery during the campaign. Capt. Henry F. Sidelinger, Twentieth Maine Volunteers, to be brevet major for bravery during campaign. Capt. William L. Guinther, One hundred and ninety-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers, to be brevet major for gallant conduct at the battle of Five Forks. Capt. I. W. Kimbell, One hundred and ninety-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers, to be brevet major for gallant conduct at the battle of Five Forks. Capt. George R. Abbott, First Maine Sharpshooters, to be brevet major for gallantry during the campaign. Bvt. Capt. L. C. Bartlett, to be brevet major for gallant conduct at the battle of White Oak road, March 31. First Lieut. Benjamin F. Walters, One hundred and forty-third Pennsylvania Volunteers, aide-de-camp, to be brevet captain for distinguished gallantry at the battle of Lewis' farm. First Lieut. T. K. Vogel, One hundred and ninety-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers, to be brevet captain for gallant conduct in all the battles of the late campaign. First Lieut. Lewis S. Edgar, One hundred and

eighty-fifth New York Volunteers, to be brevet captain for gallant conduct in all the battles of the late campaign. Second Lieut. Charles J. Rector, One hundred and eighty-fifth New York Volunteers, to be brevet captain for gallant conduct in all the battles of the late campaign.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. L. CHAMBERLAIN,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 30, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded, approved.

CHAS. GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 31, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to the Adjutant-General, approved.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND DIVISION, FIFTH CORPS,
April 27, 1865.

Col. FRED. T. LOCKE,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Headquarters Fifth Corps:

List of officers recommended by the division commanders for promotion on account of good conduct, as set forth in each case, viz: Bvt. Brig. Gen. James Gwyn, colonel One hundred and eighteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, to be brigadier-general of volunteers, for his zeal and good conduct during the operations from March 29 till April 9, 1865. Col. R. N. Bowerman, Fourth Maryland Volunteers, to be brigadier-general by brevet, for gallantry and good conduct in command of the Second Brigade at the battle of Five Forks, Va., April 1, 1865; he was wounded in that battle. Surg. T. M. Flandreau, surgeon-in-chief of the division, for energy, zeal, and ability throughout the campaign. Bvt. Maj. W. W. Swan, captain, Seventeenth U. S. Infantry, acting assistant adjutant-general, Second Division, Fifth Corps, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet, for zeal and gallantry March 31 and April 1, 1865, in the battle of Five Forks, Va. Capt. Frederick Gerker, commissary of subsistence, U. S. Volunteers, to be major by brevet, for zeal and ability throughout the campaign. Capt. Jesse D. Childs, First Maryland Volunteers, for gallantry and good conduct February 5, 1865, in the fight of Dabney's Mills, Va. Capt. W. I. Purnell, Eighth Maryland Volunteers, to be major by brevet for gallantry April 1, 1865, in the battle of Five Forks, Va. Bvt. Capt. E. T. Yardley, first lieutenant, Fourth Delaware Volunteers, aide-de-camp, to be major by brevet, April 1, 1865, for gallantry in the battle of Five Forks, Va. Bvt. Capt. Robert P. Warren, first lieutenant, One hundred and forty-sixth New York Volunteers, aide-de-camp, to be major by brevet, for gallant conduct April 1, 1865, in the battle of Five Forks, Va. Bvt.

Capt. John J. Diehl, first lieutenant, Fifteenth New York Heavy Artillery, aide-de-camp, to be major by brevet, for gallant conduct April 1, 1865, in the battle of Five Forks, Va. Bvt. Capt. Richard H. Pond, first lieutenant, Twelfth U. S. Infantry, to be major by brevet, for gallantry and good service February 5, 1865, at the fight of Dabney's Mills, Va., and for zeal and ability throughout the recent campaign.

Respectfully submitted and forwarded.

R. B. AYRES,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

List of officers of the volunteer regiments in First Brigade, Second Division, Fifth Army Corps, recommended for brevets, as called for in communication from headquarters Army of the Potomac, dated April 18, 1865.

Names.	Rank.	Services for which brevets are recommended.	Date.	Brevet rank.
5th New York Veteran Volunteers:			1865.	
Henry Schickhardt	Captain	Battle of Five Forks, Va.	Apr. 1	Major.
John F. York	do	do	Apr. 1	Do.
William H. Chambers.	do	do	Apr. 1	Do.
Robert Green	First lieutenant	do	Apr. 1	Captain.
140th New York Volunteers:				
James R. Campbell.	Captain	do	Apr. 1	Major.
146th New York Volunteers:				
Thomas A. Wilson.	Captain	do	Apr. 1	Lieutenant-colonel.
H. G. Taylor	First lieutenant	do	Apr. 1	Captain.
A. J. King	do	do	Apr. 1	Do.
J. A. Jennison	do	do	Apr. 1	Do.
Edward J. Davis	do	do	Mar. 31	Do.
George J. Klock	Second lieutenant	do	Mar. 31	First lieutenant.
D. M. Rudy	do	do	Mar. 31	Do.
15th New York Heavy Artillery:				
Edward Kaysing	Captain	do	Apr. 1	Major.
George F. Schwarz	First lieutenant	do	Apr. 1	Captain.

REMARKS.

Capt. Henry Schickhardt, Company C, Fifth New York Veteran Volunteers, is recommended to be major for gallantry and coolness in the battle of Five Forks, he having commanded the regiment during part of the engagement, afterward acting as field officer.

Capt. John F. York, Company H, Fifth New York Veteran Volunteers, is recommended to be major for gallantry and coolness in the battle of Five Forks on the 1st of April, he having command of the right company in the regiment.

Capt. William H. Chambers, Company I, Fifth New York Veteran Volunteers, is recommended to be major for gallantry and coolness in the battle of Five Forks on the 1st of April, he having command of the left company of the regiment.

First Lieut. Robert Green, Company C, Fifth New York Veteran Volunteers, is recommended to be captain for gallantry and coolness in the battle of Five Forks, he being acting adjutant at the time and going into action mounted.

Capt. Thomas A. Wilson, One hundred and forty-sixth New York Volunteers, is recommended to be lieutenant-colonel for distinguished services at the battle of Five Forks on the 1st of April, where he lost a leg.

First Lieut. H. G. Taylor, One hundred and forty-sixth New York Volunteers, is recommended to be captain for gallantry in the battle of Five Forks on the 1st instant.

First Lieut. A. J. King, One hundred and forty-sixth New York Volunteers, is recommended to be captain for distinguished services at the battle of Five Forks.

First Lieut. J. A. Jennison, One hundred and forty-sixth New York Volunteers, to be captain for gallantry and coolness during the engagement of April 1.

First Lieut. Edward J. Davis, One hundred and forty-sixth New York Volunteers, to be captain for gallantry at the battle of Five Forks on the 1st instant, where he was severely wounded.

Second Lieut. George J. Klock, One hundred and forty-sixth New York Volunteers, to be first lieutenant for conduct at the battle of Five Forks on the 1st instant, where he distinguished himself.

Second Lieut. D. M. Rudy, One hundred and forty-sixth New York Volunteers, to be first lieutenant for meritorious conduct at the battle of Five Forks on the 1st of April.

Capt. James R. Campbell, One hundred and fortieth New York Volunteers, is recommended to be major, he having acted as assistant adjutant-general of the brigade and performed distinguished services at the battle of Five Forks on the 1st of April.

Capt. Edward Kaysing, Fifteenth New York Heavy Artillery, is recommended to be major, he having distinguished himself at the battle of Five Forks on the 1st of April, where he acted as field officer.

First Lieut. George F. Schwarz, Fifteenth New York Heavy Artillery, is recommended to be captain for gallantry and coolness during the engagement of April 1 at Five Forks, Va.

JOSEPH HAYES,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS SECOND DIVISION, FIFTH CORPS,
April 28, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded, approved.

Accompanying this is a list of brevets recommended last fall, but which were not then given. Hoping they will yet be conferred, I recommend that in each case where an officer appears on this paper, and also on the accompanying, that this be regarded as a recommendation for a brevet one grade higher than that set opposite the name.

R. B. AYRES,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 30, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded.

CHAS. GRIFFIN.

[Third indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 31, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to the Adjutant-General, approved.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Inclosure.]

List of officers of the volunteer regiments in First Brigade, Second Division, Fifth Army Corps, recommended for brevets, as called for in telegram from headquarters Army of the Potomac, dated November 15, 1864.

Name.	Rank.	Services for which brevets are recommended.	Date.	Brevet rank.
5th New York Veteran Volunteer Infantry:			1864.	
Charles S. Montgomery.	Captain	1 for Bethesda Church and Weldon Railroad.	Aug. 1 Aug. 18	Major.
Henry Schickhardt	do	do	Aug. 1 Aug. 18	Do.
William H. Chambers.	do	1 for Weldon Railroad	Aug. 18	Do.
Henry H. De Winstanley.	do	do	Aug. 18	Do.
John F. York	do	do	Aug. 18	Do.
Axel Leatz	First lieutenant.	1 for Bethesda Church	Aug. 1	Captain.
Joseph Turkington.	First lieutenant and adjutant.	1 for Weldon Railroad	Aug. 18	Do.
R. Green	First lieutenant.	do	Aug. 18	Do.
140th New York Volunteer Infantry:				
E. S. Otis	Lieutenant-colonel.	1 for Spotsylvania and 1 for Chapel House.	Aug. 1 Oct. 1	Brigadier-general.
W. S. Grantsynn	Captain	1 for Wilderness	Aug. 1	Major.
H. B. Hoyt	do	do	Aug. 1	Do.
James R. Campbell.	First lieutenant and adjutant.	do	Aug. 1	Captain.
J. H. Pool	First lieutenant.	do	Aug. 1	Do.
H. G. Hamilton	do	do	Aug. 1	Do.
Peter Hess	do	1 for Wilderness and Weldon Railroad.	Aug. 1 Aug. 18	Do.
J. Buckley	do	1 for Spotsylvania	Aug. 1	Do.
L. B. Courtney	do	1 for Wilderness and Weldon Railroad.	Aug. 1 Aug. 18	Do.
Michael Shannon	Second lieutenant.	1 for Wilderness	Aug. 1	First lieutenant.
E. H. Shedd	do	1 for Spotsylvania	Aug. 1	Do.
146th New York Volunteer Infantry:				
James Grindlay	Major	1 for Spotsylvania and 1 for North Anna River.	Aug. 1	Colonel.
Peter Claesgens	Captain	1 for Petersburg and Weldon Railroad.	Aug. 1 Aug. 18	Major.
Thomas A. Wilson	do	1 for Spotsylvania, Wilderness, and Weldon Railroad.	Aug. 1 Aug. 18	Do.
J. S. Lowery	do	1 for Spotsylvania, Wilderness, and Bethesda Church.	Aug. 1	Do.
C. K. Dutton	do	1 for Petersburg and Weldon Railroad.	Aug. 1 Aug. 18	Do.
H. Loomis	First lieutenant.	1 for Petersburg, Spotsylvania, and Weldon Railroad.	Aug. 1 Aug. 18	Captain.
Robert P. Warren	do	1 for Chapel House	Oct. 1	Do.
15th New York Heavy Artillery Volunteers:				
Michael Wiedrich	Lieutenant-colonel.	1 for Weldon Railroad	Aug. 18	Colonel.
Louis Eiche	Major	1 for Weldon Railroad and Chapel House.	Aug. 18 Oct. 1	Lieutenant-colonel.
Edward Kaysing	Captain	do	Aug. 18 Oct. 1	Major.
W. D. Dickey	do	do	Aug. 18 Oct. 1	Do.
G. Schimmel	First lieutenant.	1 for Weldon Railroad and Petersburg.	Aug. 1 Aug. 18	Captain.
Oscar Macholz	do	1 for Weldon Railroad and Chapel House.	Oct. 1	Do.
George F. Schwarz.	do	do	Aug. 18 Oct. 1	Do.
John J. Diehl	Second lieutenant.	1 for Petersburg and Chapel House.	Oct. 1	Do.
John Boker	do	1 for Weldon Railroad and Chapel House.	Aug. 18 Oct. 1	First lieutenant.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS SECOND DIVISION, FIFTH CORPS,
April 28, 1865.

Respectfully reforwarded.

This paper is a copy of one sent forward last fall. All the recommendations for brevets in the division, save this list, were approved and the brevets granted. I am very sure that the failure of these was an oversight. These regiments are as distinguished as any regiments in the armies of the United States, or any regiments in any armies in the world. I hope these brevets, therefore, will be conferred.

R. B. AYRES,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 30, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded, approved.

CHAS. GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD DIVISION, FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 27, 1865.

Col. FRED. T. LOCKE,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Fifth Army Corps:

COLONEL: Inclosed I have the honor to forward the list of officers of this command recommended for promotion. I wish to call the especial attention of the commanding general to the following facts: Owing to a misconception of the extent of the order, which was published to this army during the fall of 1864, requiring recommendations for promotions to be forwarded, but seven officers were recommended by me to the Government. From the haste attending the preparation of the paper recommending these officers very many men, whose claims I desire now to present, were passed over. It subsequently appeared that other divisions had presented long lists, and the brevets recommended were conferred. A subsequent communication, dated November 15, 1864, was received, but owing to the absence of many officers and the necessity of closely criticising the claims it was found to be impracticable to forward a complete list of those deserving promotion until now. I represented the matter to Major-General Warren, late commanding this corps, and obtained his permission to prepare a list which should cover the claims of all the officers in the division, as it was considered that the negligence of commanding officers should not interfere with the promotion of deserving men. Accordingly, some of the officers in the present list are recommended for battles and engagements from the Rapidan to Petersburg. The greatest possible pains have been taken to present no name to the Government whose merit and services does not demand attention. A large majority of these officers came under my own observation, and therefore I am the more earnest in my commendation and recommendation. All those recommended are eminently worthy, and I request the favorable action of the Government.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

S. W. CRAWFORD,
Brevet Major-General.

[Inclosure.]

HDQRS. THIRD DIVISION, FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 28, 1865.

Bvt. Col. FRED. T. LOCKE, *A. A. G., Fifth Army Corps:*

COLONEL: I have the honor to forward the following recommendations for promotion of officers of my command:

1. Bvt. Brig. Gen. Henry A. Morrow, colonel Twenty-fourth Michigan Volunteers, to be brigadier-general of volunteers for distinguished and conspicuous gallantry, and for good conduct on the 6th of February last, when, by the exhibition of personal bravery, he held his command in place against greatly superior numbers, until, while carrying the colors of his brigade, he received a severe wound which obliged him to leave the field. This promotion is eminently deserved. This officer acted under my own immediate observation on that field of battle, and I feel it to be not only just to him, but my duty, to strongly urge that this appointment be made.

2. Bvt. Lieut. Col. Dennis B. Dailey, major Sixth Regiment Wisconsin Volunteers, temporarily commanding the One hundred and forty-seventh Regiment New York Volunteers, to be colonel by brevet. Lieutenant-Colonel Dailey commanded the advance to the Boydton plank road, March 29, driving the enemy's skirmishers and holding the road—a gallant action under my own observation. On March 31 he commanded the right of the Third Brigade with great skill and personal bravery, until, being severely wounded, he was obliged to leave the field.

3. Capt. Edward A. Whaley, acting major, commanding Sixth Wisconsin Volunteers, to be major by brevet for personal bravery displayed in leading his command over an open field, under heavy fire, on the 1st of April, when he was severely wounded.

4. Lieut. Col. H. Richardson, Seventh Regiment Wisconsin Volunteers, to be colonel by brevet for conspicuous gallantry, bearing the colors of his regiment in front of his command in the charge on the enemy's works on the 1st of April.

5. Lieut. Col. W. J. Denslow, Ninety-first Regiment New York Volunteers, to be colonel by brevet for gallantly rallying and re-forming his line and repelling a charge of the enemy on the 31st of March last.

6. Second Lieut. W. B. Chapman, Ninety-first Regiment New York Volunteers, to be first lieutenant by brevet for gallantry on the 31st of March last, when he not only cheered his men on, but, using the musket of a fellow soldier, did good service until severely wounded in the neck.

The recommendations of Colonel Kellogg, commanding First Brigade, for the following members of his staff, are cordially concurred in:

7. First Lieut. J. A. Watrous, Sixth Regiment Wisconsin Volunteers, acting assistant adjutant-general, to be captain by brevet for gallant and meritorious services on March 31 and April 1.

Capt. Henry T. Garfield, Sixth Regiment Wisconsin Volunteers, brigade inspector, to be major by brevet for gallant conduct on April 1.

8. Second Lieut. C. W. Atherton, Sixth Wisconsin Volunteers, acting aide-de-camp, to be first lieutenant by brevet for gallantry on March 31, and to be captain by brevet for conspicuous bravery on April 1.

The names of the following officers of the First Brigade (General Bragg's) were omitted in former report:

9. Lieut. Col. John Irvin, One hundred and forty-ninth Pennsylvania Volunteers, to be colonel by brevet for meritorious services in the battles from the Wilderness to Petersburg.

10. Lieut. Col. Albert M. Edwards, Twenty-fourth Regiment Michigan Volunteers, to be colonel by brevet for good conduct during the campaign from the Wilderness, and for distinguished bravery on the 6th of February last.

11. Maj. William Hutchinson, Twenty-fourth Regiment Michigan Volunteers, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for meritorious services from the Wilderness to Petersburg.

12. Capt. Edwin S. Osborne, One hundred and forty-ninth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, to be major by brevet for valuable services and good conduct in the battles from the Wilderness to Petersburg.

13. Capt. E. A. Andrews, Seventh Regiment Wisconsin Volunteers, to be major by brevet for gallant conduct from the Wilderness to Petersburg.

14. First Lieut. Earl M. Rogers, Sixth Regiment Wisconsin Volunteers, to be captain by brevet for remarkable gallantry on the 6th of May, 1864, while an aide-de-camp to the late Brigadier-General Wadsworth, and to be major by brevet for great personal bravery on the 18th of June, 1864, displayed during the charge on the enemy's works, when he was severely wounded. The promotion of this officer is richly deserved.

15. Lieutenant-Colonel Haines, Eleventh Regiment Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers, to be colonel by brevet for gallantry in the actions on the Weldon railroad August 18, 19, and 21, 1864, and for his conspicuous gallantry and bravery in the action at Dabney's Mill, February 6. This officer came under my immediate observation.

16. Maj. J. B. Overmyer, Eleventh Regiment Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for energy and efficiency in the actions of February 6 and 7, and to be colonel by brevet for his display of personal bravery and for the able manner in which he handled his regiment on the 1st of April, at which time he was painfully wounded in the shoulder, but refused to leave the field.

17. Lieut. Col. H. M. Tremlett, commanding Thirty-ninth Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers, to be colonel by brevet for distinguished gallantry while in command of his regiment on the 6th and 7th of February and on the 31st of March. In the latter engagement he was severely wounded, losing a leg. On this, and on every occasion, he has shown himself to be a brave and deserving officer.

18. Capt. J. J. Cooper, Thirty-ninth Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers, to be major by brevet for great gallantry in leading his command on the 1st of April.

19. Capt. F. H. Cowdrey, assistant adjutant-general U. S. Volunteers, Second Brigade, to be major by brevet for personal courage during the campaign from the Wilderness to Petersburg, and for coolness and daring in riding forward to the skirmish line of his brigade on the 6th of February, when he was very severely wounded.

20. Capt. William G. Sheen, Thirty-ninth Massachusetts Volunteers, acting assistant adjutant-general, to be major by brevet for coolness and gallantry on the 31st of March and 1st of April.

21. Capt. L. K. Plummer, Sixteenth Maine Volunteers, brigade inspector, to be major by brevet for gallantry and daring on the 31st of March and 1st of April.

22. First Lieut. R. C. Knaggs, Seventh Michigan Volunteers, aide-de-camp, to be captain by brevet for gallant conduct; is recommended by his brigade commander, which recommendation is cordially indorsed.

23. First Lieut. A. Leavitt, Sixteenth Maine Volunteers, aide-de-camp, to be captain by brevet for gallant conduct and coolness on April 1.

24. Lieut. Col. James Creney, Ninety-fifth New York Volunteers, to be colonel by brevet for distinguished gallantry on the 6th of February, when, seizing the colors of his own regiment and of the Ninety-fourth New York Volunteers, which was temporarily under his command, he rode forward and led his men under very heavy fire. Lieutenant-Colonel Creney was most severely wounded in this engagement. This occurred under my own immediate observation, and the circumstances are known to me.

25. Maj. H. A. Laycock, Fifty-sixth Regiment Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for remarkable personal bravery and for the skillful handling of his men on the 29th and 31st of March, and to be colonel by brevet for skillfully moving his command to the relief of the left of the brigade when pressed on the 1st of April. This officer's conduct was observed by me, and I indorse the recommendation of his brigade commander and urge the promotion as due to this gallant officer.

26. Second Lieut. Samuel H. Williams, acting adjutant Fifty-sixth Regiment Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers, to be first lieutenant by brevet for conspicuous gallantry and valuable services on the 31st of March, and to be captain by brevet for the display of personal bravery on the 1st of April. Lieutenant Williams entered the service as a musician, and by his good conduct and his bravery and courage during the campaigns of 1863 and 1864 won the respect and regard of his superior officers, and was promoted to the rank of second lieutenant.

27. Maj. Henry H. Fish, Ninety-fourth Regiment New York Volunteers, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for gallantry and heroism on the 31st of March. Major Fish was badly wounded in the head on that day, but refused to remain at the hospital and rejoined his command on the 1st of April, when, carrying its colors, he led it forward until he received a mortal wound. This recommendation is especially urged.

28. Capt. George French, Ninety-fourth Regiment New York Volunteers, to be major by brevet for coolness and gallantry on the 6th of February, when the command of his regiment devolved upon him, and for remarkable bravery displayed on the 1st of April, in which action he was mortally wounded.

29. First Lieut. Charles H. Sprague, acting adjutant Ninety-fourth Regiment New York Volunteers, to be captain by brevet for gallantry on the 1st of April, when by the wounding of his superior officers, the command of the regiment was assumed by him.

30. Maj. West Funk, One hundred and twenty-first Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for gallant conduct on the 6th of February, when he carried the colors of his regiment in front of the advancing line until a wound obliged him to leave the field, and for the courage and skill with which he led his regiment to the capture of a battery of the enemy on the Ford road, on the 1st of April—circumstance occurring under my personal observation.

31. Maj. James Coey, One hundred and forty-seventh Regiment New York Volunteers, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for conspicuous gallantry in the Wilderness and at Laurel Hill, where he was severely wounded, and to be colonel by brevet for remarkable gallantry displayed in the actions of February 6, when he was severely wounded. Major Coey rejoined his command while his wounds were still unhealed, and has served with great faithfulness during the campaign just closed.

32. First Lieut. Richard Esmond, One hundred and forty-seventh Regiment New York Volunteers, acting assistant adjutant-general Third Brigade, to be captain by brevet for his valuable services and

personal gallantry in the action on the North Anna, May 23, 1864, while in command of his company, and for conspicuous bravery and coolness in the actions of February 6 and 7, and to be major by brevet for the efficient service rendered and for his remarkable bravery on the 1st of April, when in advance of the line of the brigade he carried the colors of the brigade over the enemy's works. The gallantry of this officer is well known to me, and his promotion is strongly urged, as he has been recommended by Generals Hofmann, Morrow, and Coulter, upon whose staffs he has served.

33. First Lieut. Joel A. Baker, One hundred and forty-seventh Regiment New York Volunteers, acting aide-de-camp, to be captain by brevet for efficient aid rendered and for gallantry on the 1st of April, is recommended by his brigade commander.

The following officers are especially recommended for promotion, they having come under my immediate observation:

34. Bvt. Brig. Gen. Richard Coulter, colonel Eleventh Regiment Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers, to be brigadier-general of volunteers for gallantry and good conduct while in command of the Third Brigade in the actions of Gravelly Run March 31, and of Five Forks April 1. General Coulter has served with great gallantry through a long series of faithful services. The prompt and efficient manner in which he moved his brigade into a gap which occurred in the line of battle on the 1st of April and his skill and bravery displayed on the Ford road, where his brigade captured a battery of the enemy's, is worthy of the highest commendation.

35. Col. John A. Kellogg, Sixth Regiment Wisconsin Volunteers, to be brigadier-general by brevet for highly meritorious services and for the skillful management of the First Brigade, which he commanded during the late campaign, and for personal gallantry in the action of Five Forks, April 1. Colonel Kellogg was placed in command of a brigade on February 14, 1865, and has commanded it with great skill and entirely to my satisfaction from that date until the close of the campaign.

36. Lieut. Col. A. B. Farnham, Sixteenth Regiment Maine Volunteers, to be colonel by brevet for conspicuous gallantry and highly meritorious services at the battle of Gravelly Run, March 31, and at Five Forks, April 1, where he was severely, if not mortally, wounded in the breast. This highly meritorious officer was under my immediate observation during both these actions, and from a personal knowledge of his deserts I recommend his promotion.

37. Maj. R. C. Swope, assistant quartermaster U. S. Volunteers, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for eminent services in his department; for the efficient manner in which he has supplied the wants of the command; for the superior character of his transportation under all circumstances, and for his faithfulness in the discharge of his duties, this officer is worthy of the consideration of the Government.

38. Capt. Percy B. Spear, commissary of subsistence U. S. Volunteers, for whose assignment with the rank of major, in accordance with the recent act of Congress, I have applied, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet and colonel by brevet for the eminently good services rendered through a long and continuous career with which I am personally acquainted. From an early period in this war this officer has held the rank of captain only. He was with me in the battles of Laurel Hill and Spotsylvania Court-House and in all the operations around Petersburg. He has no superior in his department. The faithful and long-continued services of this officer merit the consideration of the Government.

39. Capt. Harrison Lambdin, assistant adjutant-general U. S. Volunteers, to be assistant adjutant-general of volunteers with the rank of major for conspicuous gallantry and good conduct in the battles of the Wilderness, Spotsylvania Court-House, and in the attack upon the enemy's works at Petersburg, June 18, 1864, where he was severely wounded. This officer has never been recommended for these battles. And to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for conspicuous gallantry and eminent services in the battles of Dabney's Mills, White Oak Road, and Five Forks. This officer has had seven horses shot under him since the campaign began in the Wilderness—one in the Wilderness, three at Laurel Hill and Spotsylvania Court-House, one at Dabney's Mills, and two at Gravelly Run on the 31st of March. It cannot be necessary, with this record, to urge the claims of this officer to promotion. He has served under me in all the battles in which the division has been engaged, and has in every capacity eminently deserved the promotions now asked for him by me. I especially request that the two promotions asked for for this officer, who, in my estimation and that of his former superiors, Generals Hofmann and Morrow, is eminently deserving of both, be conferred upon him by the Government.

40. Maj. Louis W. Read, U. S. Volunteers, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for gallantry and good conduct in all the battles from the Wilderness to Petersburg, and to be colonel by brevet for conspicuous gallantry and bravery at the taking of the Weldon railroad, August 18, 19, and 21, 1864. In many of these engagements Major Read was an aide-de-camp on my immediate and personal staff. He carried my orders promptly and efficiently to all parts of the battle-fields. Constantly under fire he was never absent from his duty, and not only did he serve so honorably in the midst of danger in the field, but with an ability equalled by few and with a fidelity and success exceeded by no medical officer in this army, Major Read nobly and gloriously performed his whole duty. I especially recommend this officer to the attention of the Government as worthy, in the highest degree, of a proper recognition of his truly eminent and valuable services.

41. Capt. Samuel K. Herr, One hundred and ninety-first Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, to be major by brevet for great gallantry throughout the campaign from the Wilderness to Petersburg. In every battle and skirmish this officer has displayed a remarkable coolness and daring. And to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for conspicuous bravery and judgment in the actions near Dabney's Mills, at Gravelly Run, and Five Forks. In the latter action he conducted the right of the line, capturing five ambulances and several wagons belonging to Wallace's (rebel) brigade. The career of this officer has been highly honorable to him and his services to the Government ever faithfully and efficiently performed.

Capt. James P. Mead, Eighty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, to be major by brevet for personal gallantry and good conduct in the actions before Petersburg and on the Weldon railroad, and to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for distinguished bravery on the 31st of March and 1st of April. In the latter engagement this officer was wounded. Captain Mead, while a member of my staff, has, in every capacity in which he has been called upon to act, rendered most meritorious service.

42. Capt. Walter T. Chester, Ninety-fourth Regiment New York Volunteers, to be major by brevet for conspicuous gallantry and highly honorable and distinguished conduct on the 18th of June, 1864, when this officer by my own immediate order carried the skirmish line to its

position, advanced it, and brought up the line of battle which attacked the enemy's skirmish pits. The conduct of this officer enabled me to hold by my command the advance skirmish pits of the enemy until daylight, after the troops of the Ninth Corps on my right, under General Ledlie, had fallen back. This officer's service was very gallant and very meritorious. He was severely wounded, being shot over the eye, while carrying out my instructions. And to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for conspicuous personal bravery in the action near Dabney's Mills February 6, where he rendered most efficient service, and for the correct and perfectly reliable information which this officer has invaribly conveyed to me.

43. Capt. A. T. Morgan, Sixth Regiment Wisconsin Volunteers, to be major by brevet for gallantry in the actions of the Wilderness, where he was severely wounded, and in the actions on the Weldon railroad, where he was again wounded. And to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for highly meritorious services at Gravelly Run and at the battle of Five Forks. This officer was placed in command of the Ninety-fourth Regiment New York Volunteers after the action of Five Forks and through all the marches to the close of the campaign he commanded this regiment entirely to my satisfaction. He is a meritorious and highly deserving officer.

44. Capt. H. Rees Whiting, Twenty-fourth Regiment Michigan Volunteers, to be major by brevet for gallantry and good conduct in the fights before Petersburg, the actions on the Weldon railroad and near Dabney's Mills, and in the battle of Five Forks. This officer carried my orders to different parts of the field, and was efficient and faithful in the discharge of his duties.

45. Capt. R. S. Dillon, Twenty-fourth Michigan Volunteers, to be major by brevet. This officer, chief of the pioneers of the division, through the whole campaign has been repeatedly called upon, and by the exercise of his judgment, skill, and ability, has contributed in no small degree to the prompt passage of the ammunition and other trains of this division. It has been the province of this deserving officer to build bridges for the artillery and the entire trains of the corps to pass over, when in front to prepare the road for the passage of the command, and by day and night he has ever been found by me always at his post, and faithfully and efficiently discharging his entire duty. This recognition of his services is eminently deserved.

46. First Lieut. William B. Wright, One hundred and fourth New York Volunteers, to be captain by brevet for conspicuous gallantry and coolness under heavy fire in the action near Dabney's Mills on the 6th of February last, where he rendered most efficient service, and to be major by brevet for eminent services on the 31st of March and 1st of April. In the latter engagement Lieutenant Wright particularly distinguished himself. When the line temporarily faltered, he rode to the front and cheered on the men. Here his horse was shot under him.

47. First Lieut. M. Porter Snell, Thirty-ninth Regiment U. S. Colored Troops, to be captain by brevet for the faithful manner in which he has discharged his duties during the campaign just closed, and particularly in the action of Five Forks, where he displayed great bravery and coolness. Ever ready, active, and faithful, this recognition of his services is eminently deserved.

I am, colonel, very respectfully,

S. W. CRAWFORD,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding Division.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 31, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to the Adjutant-General.

These recommendations are approved, with the exception of that in the case of Capt. Percy B. Spear, commissary of subsistence, who is not recommended for the brevet of colonel. He is, however, recommended for the brevet of major for the campaign of 1864, and as brevet lieutenant-colonel for that of 1865.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

HDQRS. ARTILLERY BRIGADE, FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 27, 1865.

Bvt Col. FRED. T. LOCKE,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

COLONEL: In compliance with circular from headquarters Army of the Potomac, of 10th instant, I have the honor to submit the names of the following officers of my command as being entitled to brevets, in my opinion, for gallant and meritorious conduct during the late operations of the army:

Capt. David F. Ritchie, First New York Artillery, to be major by brevet from April 2, 1865, for gallant and meritorious conduct in that he maintained his position in Battery 27 of the enemy's works, in front of Petersburg, and continued to fire with the captured guns of that battery after his infantry supports had deserted him on the afternoon of that day when the enemy charged to retake the work, holding it until the arrival of General Collis' brigade.

Second Lieut. John Mitchell, Fourth U. S. Artillery, to be first lieutenant by brevet from March 29, 1865, for the gallant and meritorious manner in which he brought his battery (B, Fourth U. S. Artillery) into action at the Lewis house on the afternoon of that day, at a time when the advance of the corps was hard pressed, and the admirable manner in which he served it until severely wounded.

Second Lieut. W. P. Vose, Second U. S. Artillery, to be first lieutenant by brevet from March 29, 1865, for the gallant and admirable manner in which he served his battery (B, Fourth United States), after Lieutenant Mitchell was wounded and he succeeded to the command.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

C. S. WAINWRIGHT,
Brevet Brigadier-General, Commanding Brigade.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 30, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded, approved.

CHAS. GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 31, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to the Adjutant-General, approved.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

[APRIL 27, 1865.—For Wright to Webb, reporting captures at Danville, see 7.35 p. m., Part I, p. 1315.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 27, 1865—9.25 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Danville, Va.:

Your dispatches announcing your arrival in Danville and asking for instructions have been received and forwarded to Major-General Halleck by the major-general commanding. Unless orders be received from him no further instructions will be sent you from these headquarters, since it is presumed that you are in communication with General Sheridan.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 27, 1865—10.45 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Corps:

General Halleck's dispatch is transmitted for your information and guidance.* Please communicate it to General Sheridan if possible.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 9. } HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, Va., April 27, 1865.

The major-general commanding desires to express his great gratification at the accomplishment of the late march of the corps from Burkeville Junction. In four days and four hours not less than 100 miles have been traversed—a march almost unprecedented in this or any other war, even under the most favorable auspices. Without the incitement of anticipated victory; without the hope of soon meeting an enemy, or of adding aught of glory or renown to the already brilliant career of the corps, it is by the exhibition of such qualities as have been shown during the past few days—patience, endurance, fidelity—that the true soldier creates and sustains his own reputation and the pride and admiration of his commanders.

---

* See Halleck to Meade, 9 p. m., p. 968.

While endeavoring to bestow all merited praise upon the command at large, the general commanding cannot conceal his regret and mortification at the conduct of those men, few as they may be, who, as regardless of orders as of decency, have by their ruthless plundering and marauding among peaceful citizens, shown themselves utterly unworthy the name of soldiers. The disgraceful acts of these few men have made them the sole exception to the general commendation. Let these men remember that they have but to follow the noble example of their comrades to enable them to bear their share hereafter in the good name which history will not fail to award this corps.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, Va., April 27, 1865.

Division commanders will at once cause a picket force of 300 men from their respective divisions to be thrown out about a mile in advance of their commands. The right of the Second Division pickets will rest on the Dan River. The pickets of the Third Division will connect with those of the First and Second Divisions, and the left of the First Division pickets will likewise rest on the river. Bvt. Maj. Gen. L. A. Grant, corps officer of the day, will superintend the posting of the pickets.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
April 27, 1865.

The command will move to-morrow morning at 6 o'clock to the South Boston bridge, via Scottsburg (known on the map as Terry's Bridge). The following will be the order of march: First, the command of Major-General Crook; second, the command of Brevet Major-General Merritt; third, the ammunition and supply trains. General Merritt will detail a suitable escort for the train.

By command of Major-General Sheridan:

F. C. NEWHALL,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 49. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., April 27, 1865.

General Orders, No. 38, current series, from these headquarters, is hereby modified to read as follows: The Sub-District of the Peninsula is hereby constituted and will embrace the country bounded on the north by the York and Pamunkey Rivers, including Gloucester and Mathews Counties, on the east by the Chesapeake Bay, on the south by the James River, and on the west by the Fredericksburg Railroad, exclusive of the city of Richmond and Fort Pocahontas and Fort Monroe. Bvt. Brig. Gen. B. C. Ludlow, U. S. Volunteers, is assigned to the com-

mand of the Sub-District of the Peninsula, and in relation to all military matters will report to Brig. Gen. George H. Gordon, commanding District of Eastern Virginia. In all matters pertaining to negro affairs he will report direct to these headquarters. General Ludlow will establish his headquarters at Williamsburg.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 51. } HDQRS. TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS,
Richmond, Va., April 27, 1865.

The following-named officers and enlisted men will accompany the major-general commanding the corps to Washington to witness the presentation to the War Department of the colors surrendered by Lee's army: Col. J. H. Potter, chief of staff; Lieut. Col. Edward Moale, assistant adjutant-general; Maj. A. Henry Embler, aide-de-camp; Capt. William E. Potter, aide-de-camp; Second Lieut. J. M. Curtis, Twelfth West Virginia Volunteers; Sergt. Robert J. Gardner, Company K, Thirty-fourth Massachusetts Volunteers; Corpl. Charles A. Hunter, Company E, Thirty-fourth Massachusetts Volunteers; Corpl. Freeman C. Thompson, Company F, One hundred and sixteenth Ohio Volunteers; Private Joseph Van Matre, Company G, One hundred and sixteenth Ohio Volunteers; Sergt. Thomas McGraw, Company B, Twenty-third Illinois Volunteers; Corpl. Patrick Highland, Company D, Twenty-third Illinois Volunteers; Corpl. A. O. Apple, Company I, Twelfth West Virginia Volunteers; Private Joseph McCauslin, Company D, Twelfth West Virginia Volunteers; Private George H. Hill, Company B, Second New Hampshire Volunteers; Private Henry Steele, Company B, Eighth Connecticut Volunteers. They will report prepared for journey at these headquarters promptly at 7.30 a. m. to-morrow. Corpl. Abner P. Allen, Company K, Thirty-ninth Illinois Volunteers; Corpl. John Kane, Company K, One hundredth New York Volunteers; Sergt. Allen Tucker, Company F, Tenth Connecticut Volunteers; Color Sergt. George McKee, Eighty-ninth New York Volunteers, and Sergt. James Howard, Company K, One hundred and fifty-eighth New York Volunteers. These men will report prepared for the journey at Rocketts Landing promptly at 8.30 a. m. to-morrow.

By command of Maj. Gen. John Gibbon:

EDWARD MOALE,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. MIDDLE DEPARTMENT, EIGHTH ARMY CORPS,
OFFICE PROVOST-MARSHAL,
Baltimore, April 27, 1865.

Captain GILCHRIST,
Provost-Marshal, Fort Monroe:

All restrictions on travel to Fort Monroe are removed by order of the War Department. No passes required.

JOHN WOOLLEY,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Provost-Marshal.

FLAG-SHIP MALVERN,
April 27, 1865—10 p. m.

Commodore WILLIAM RADFORD,
Comdg. James River Div., U. S. S. Phlox, Hampton Roads, Va.:

The following telegram has been received:

Booth having been killed and his body brought to Washington, special orders about searching and detaining vessels are revoked.

G. WELLES,
Secretary of the Navy.

K. R. BREESE,
Fleet Captain.

BRYANTOWN, *April 27, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I arrived here at 8.20. I think from all I can hear that Colonel Wells is on the right track, and that Booth and Herold are still on this side of the river.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General, &c.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 27, 1865—10 a. m.

Major-General HANCOCK,
Bryantown, Md.:

Booth and Herold were traced by Baker to Garrett's barn, three miles from Port Royal, yesterday morning. They were secreted in a barn. The barn was fired. Booth, in making his escape, was killed and Herold captured. Booth's body and Herold are now here. They crossed the Potomac Saturday night or Sunday night. Their horses were left in the swamp and should be secured; also all persons who aided their concealment.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

(Copies to General Barnes, Point Lookout, and Commander Parker, Saint Inigoes.)

BRYANTOWN, *April 27, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

I shall return to Washington to-night. I have charged Colonel Wells with the duty of following the track of Booth and Herold, to find all persons who gave them assistance in any way.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General.

BRYANTOWN, *April 27, 1865.*
(Received 4.15 p. m.)

General C. C. AUGUR, *Commanding:*

I shall return to Washington to-night. I have instructed Colonel Wells to pursue his investigations here to find all persons who have given assistance in any way to Booth and Herold. This, of course, is not intended to interfere in any way with any disposition you may desire to make of Colonel Wells or the troops here.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General.

BRYANTOWN, *April 27, 1865.*
(Received 4.25 p. m.)

General AUGUR, *Commanding:*

Colonel Wells is in need of rations, and the general thinks you had better send subsistence and forage at once. Colonel Wells will concentrate his command near Chapel Point before making final dispositions of troops.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General, &c.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 27, 1865.

Brig. Gen. J. P. SLOUGH,
Military Governor of Alexandria:

Any orders that may have been issued from this Department directing the prevention of boats and vessels proceeding down the Potomac River, and their detention at Alexandria, are revoked. All vessels may proceed without hindrance in their lawful trips or business. Please inform the officer in charge of the guard-boat. Acknowledge on receipt.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JAS. A. HARDIE,
Inspector-General U. S. Army.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 27, 1865.

Col. N. B. SWEITZER, *Commanding, &c.:*

COLONEL: Lieutenant-Colonel Nicholson has been ordered to Coan River to await your arrival. He has with him a number of dismounted men. The major-general commanding directs that if you can find any suitable horses through the country in which you are operating that you impress them and mount your command. You will give receipts for these animals, stating thereon that the owners thereof will be paid for them hereafter upon presenting satisfactory proofs of loyalty. You are desired to remain at Coan River, scouting the country thoroughly for traces of the assassins, until you receive further orders from these headquarters.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
Washington, D. C., April 27, 1865.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. W. H. EMORY, *Cumberland, Md.:*

The following is sent for your information:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, April 27, 1865—9.35 a. m.

Major-General DIX,
New York:

J. Wilkes Booth and Herold were chased from the swamp in Saint Mary's County, Md.; pursued yesterday morning to Garrett's farm, near Port Royal, on the Rappahannock, by Colonel Baker's force. The barn in which they took refuge was fired. Booth, in making his escape, was shot through the head and killed, lingering about three hours, and Herold captured. Booth's body and Herold are now here.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

By command of Major-General Hancock:

DUNCAN S. WALKER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

(Same to Brevet Major-General Torbert, Winchester, Va., and Brigadier-General Stevenson, Harper's Ferry, W. Va.)

HEADQUARTERS REMOUNT CAMP,
Pleasant Valley, Va., April 27, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT,
Commanding Army of the Shenandoah:

One thousand three hundred and sixty men and seven officers of the Third Division, under command of Captain Willard, Second New York Cavalry, have just started by rail. The First and Second Divisions are now cleared out. There are not more than 1,000 men to send away. These we can clear out to-morrow. Colonel Fitz Simons will start with his headquarters Saturday morning, which will finish up everything.

Very respectfully,

H. H. GOLDSMITH,
Lieutenant and Aide-de-Camp.

NEW YORK, *April 27, 1865.*
(Received 1.30 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON, *Secretary of War:*

A dispatch from General Townsend advises of your condemnation of the taking of a photograph of the President's remains, and orders the destruction of the plates, pictures, and engravings. The plates include the pictures of General Townsend and Admiral Davis. They are in my hands awaiting your pleasure, as by second telegram. The permit was not given by me.

JOHN J. PECK,
Major-General.

BUFFALO, N. Y., *April 27, 1865.*
(Received 11.55 a. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

The funeral train arrived here safely at 7 o'clock this morning.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

BUFFALO, *April 27, 1865—9.45 p. m.*
(Received 11.50 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

The funeral train leaves here at 10.10 p. m. All in good order.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 28, 1865—11 a. m.*
(Received 5 p. m.)

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

A regiment of cavalry under Colonel Sumner was sent to Fredericksburg yesterday. If possible a description of Jett should be sent to him, and also here. The Twenty-fifth (colored) Corps is reported to me as being poorly officered and in bad discipline, and altogether unfit for the military occupation of Virginia. Would it not be well to send this corps to the Rio Grande, in Texas, to cut off Davis' retreat into Texas? It is reported here that the officers forming his special escort are Texans and Californians, and that their ultimate destination is Sonora. John C. Maynard, who has charge of the special train, married an adopted daughter of Dr. Gwin, and a few days before the evacuation of Richmond he applied for permission to send his wife to California, which was refused. On leaving he told his friends they would next hear of him in California.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, *April 28, 1865.*
(Received 9 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

Mail boats are detained at Saint Mary's from ten to eighteen hours for examination. Cannot such examinations now be dispensed with, or if necessary be made in the river, so as to prevent these delays? If no further negro recruiting is to take place General Casey and his officers should be relieved from duty here. The number of staff and special officers here are too numerous by one-half. They do no good, but are a serious embarrassment to the course of business. I propose to send away at least one-half.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, *April 28, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

I forward General Orders, No. 4. You will perceive from paragraph V that measures have been taken to prevent so far as possible the propagation of legitimate rebels.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 4. } HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., April 28, 1865.*

I. Clerks of courts of record in Richmond and Petersburg will be permitted to resume their functions on taking the oath of allegiance.

II. All attorneys, counselors, advocates, and proctors, and others licensed to practice a particular profession, trade, or business, the presidents, directors, and officers of

all corporations, and all persons availing themselves of the benefits of General Orders, No. 2, in regard to trade, will be required to take the oath of allegiance to the United States. Any person in the above-mentioned cities who, without taking the oath, shall, after the 1st of May next, attempt to practice any licensed profession, or engage in any licensed trade or business, or shall exercise the functions of a president, director, or officer of any corporation, will be arrested. The foregoing provisions will be enforced in other parts of the State as early as practicable.

III. All persons making claims for restoration of private property before the provost-marshal or any other military officer, court, or commission will be required to take the oath of allegiance to the United States, and until the claimant takes the prescribed oath his claim will neither be granted nor considered.

IV. All officers of customs in this military division are requested to give no clearances or permits to ship or land goods or other articles of trade to any person, or for the benefit of any person who has not taken the oath of allegiance to the United States.

V. No marriage license will be issued until the parties desiring to be married take the oath of allegiance to the United States, and no clergyman, magistrate, or other party authorized by State laws to perform the marriage ceremony will officiate in such capacity until himself and the parties contracting matrimony have taken the prescribed oath of allegiance.

VI. Any person acting in violation of these orders will be arrested, and a full account of the case reported to these headquarters.

By order of Major-General Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant-Adjutant General.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 28, 1865—10.30 a. m.*

Major-General MEADE:

Johnston's army has surrendered on the same terms as Lee's. Send dispatch to General Sheridan to return to Petersburg. Wright may remain at Danville till further orders. Notify him of the terms of Johnston's surrender.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 28, 1865—11 a. m. (Received 11.20 a. m.)

Major-General HALLECK:

Dispatch of 10.30 a. m. received. Instructions sent to Generals Wright and Sheridan. Subsistence and forage will be sent to Staunton River by wagons, to be sent from there to Wright by rail. It will take eight days to complete bridge over Staunton River. Colonel Duane, chief engineer, has been sent to examine Lynchburg road. This road is believed to be intact except the High Bridge and bridge over the Appomattox at Farmville and two bridges near Lynchburg; all easily built except the High Bridge, which is a Howe's truss, three spans of which have been destroyed. It will probably be most expeditious to have these trusses framed in Baltimore and sent here.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 28, 1865.*

Major-General MEADE,
Burkeville:

Direct General Wright to open railroad and telegraph as far south as possible and to telegraph back all information he can get as to condition of the country.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 28, 1865—12.15 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK:

Dispatch of 11.35 received and forwarded to General Wright. Your attention, however, is called to General Wright's dispatch yesterday, reporting his occupation of Danville and that the enemy had removed to Greensborough all of the rolling stock of the Danville and Greensborough road. The gauge of this road being the narrow gauge, the rolling stock of the Danville road can not be used on it. Under these circumstances I do not see how General Wright can extend his railroad communications beyond Danville.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, *April 28, 1865—5.30 p. m.*
(Received 7.40 p. m.)

Major-General MEADE,
Headquarters Army of the Potomac:

If possible, arrest Governor "Extra Billy" Smith and send him here under a strong guard.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
[*April 28, 1865*]—*7.50 p. m.*

Major-General Wright:

You will endeavor to execute this order at once.

By order of General Meade:

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 28, 1865.*

Brigadier-General INGALLS,
Quartermaster, City Point, Va.:

The Quartermaster-General has directed that no condemned animals be sent to Washington at present. General Ord's orders in regard to sales of condemned animals, wagons, and harness, &c., will be carried out by officers of the Quartermaster's Department. Please consult with him in regard to times and places of sale and the extent of property to be sold.

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CITY POINT, *April 28, 1865.*

Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

It was understood between General Meigs, Rucker, and myself that all the unserviceable stock, such as captured animals, should be sent to the Washington depot for disposition. I have here some 3,000 unserviceable horses and mules awaiting transportation. I suppose some 500 animals with old wagons and harness could be sold at Petersburg or this place to farmers with good results, should the general see fit so to direct. I am told General Ord has ordered some to be sold in Richmond. The rule should be uniform and I should have charge of such matters under the general's orders.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General, &c.

CITY POINT, *April 28, 1865.*

Col. R. N. BATCHELDER,
Chief Qmr. Army of the Potomac, Hdqrs. Major-General Meade:

I desire you will have forage and subsistence to a moderate extent accumulated at the Junction to ship to Danville for the Sixth and Cavalry Corps, as soon as the roads are in working order, say by Monday next. There is a shed and track for the five-feet gauge at Burkeville. So soon as sufficient stores can be accumulated at the Junction the track back to this point will be made five-feet gauge again, and this point will be the depot for Danville and Lynchburg. Therefore put in depot as soon as possible sufficient to answer some days, and notify the superintendent of the railroad when you have sufficient. Please also communicate with Colonel Bradley. The road from Burkeville to Manchester is being repaired, and trains will be run over it by Wednesday next, but the main supplies will be forwarded direct from this depot.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
April 28, 1865.

Brig. Gen. R. INGALLS, *City Point:*

General Sheridan will return to Petersburg with the cavalry. The supply train ordered to Staunton River has been detained to await further orders.

R. N. BATCHELDER,
Colonel and Chief Quartermaster, Army of the Potomac.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
April 28, 1865.

Brig. Gen. R. INGALLS, *City Point:*

Captain Russell reports that it will take at least six days to complete the bridge over the Staunton River. The Sixth Corps is at Danville. General Sheridan is at Abbyville. We have possession of 13 engines

and 115 cars between Danville and Staunton River. Colonel Duane started for Lynchburg this morning to make an examination of the condition of that road and of the time that it will take to put it in running order.

R. N. BATCHELDER,
Colonel and Chief Quartermaster, Army of the Potomac.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 28, 1865—1.40 p. m.

General BENHAM,
Commanding Engineer Brigade, Roanoke Station:

Sheridan will be at Roanoke Station to-morrow night. We send as soon as possible a train of rations and forage, which will reach you day after to-morrow. How many rations can you give Sheridan and replace from this train? He only wishes bread and meat. Tell me all you can give up to him.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 28, 1865—3.40 p. m.

Brigadier-General BENHAM,
Commanding Engineer Brigade, Roanoke Station:

General Meade directs that you designate an officer to receipt for the commissary stores now en route for Roanoke Station. Paulins are sent with them. They will be placed on skids and be well covered and kept in depot, subject to draft by Generals Sheridan, Wright, or yourself. This commissary of subsistence will report his issues to the chief commissary of subsistence, Army of the Potomac, as made.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

ROANOKE STATION, *April 28, 1865.*
(Received 3.50 p. m.)

Maj. Gen. A. S. WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

From my commissary report I can give General Sheridan about 4,000 rations of bread and about the same number of fresh meat. I would remark, however, that from what I have heard this morning at Clover Hill Station that I presume General Sheridan must be on his return, for his inspector-general, Colonel Sherman, told me at that place that General Sheridan's command was to encamp at South Boston, fifteen miles south of this, to-night.

H. W. BENHAM,
Brigadier-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 28, 1865—4 p. m.

General BENHAM,
Roanoke Station:

General Sheridan is on his return. Johnston has surrendered on the same terms given Lee. Sheridan will need rations. I hope to have the

supply of rations in your camp by to-morrow night, but in case Sheridan needs them I have made this arrangement with you to turn over rations to him. Excuse my forgetting to send you the news. I must apologize for that.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
Nottoway Court-House, April 28, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Hdqrs. Army of the Potomac:

COLONEL: I have the honor to report the following dispositions of the troops of the First and Third Divisions of this corps: Brevet Major-General Crawford, Third Division, from Nottoway Court-House to Blacks and Whites, a distance of six miles, five of which are guarded and patrolled by the Second Brigade, Brigadier-General Baxter; brigade headquarters near Blacks and Whites. From Blacks and Whites to the Widow Elizabeth Jones', about three and a half miles; from Baxter's left to that point the road is protected by the First Brigade, Colonel Kellogg. This force protects the depot and station and patrols toward Baxter's left; brigade headquarters three-fourths of a mile below Blacks and Whites. From Widow Elizabeth Jones' to Wilson's is about six miles; this part of the road is guarded and patrolled by the Third Brigade, Brevet Brigadier-General Coulter. Orders issued to picket all roads coming from south; to patrol carefully before and after passage of trains. Brigade headquarters at Wellville. Brigadier-General Chamberlain, First Division, from Wilson's to Sutherland's Stations. The First Brigade, General Pearson, occupies from Wilson's Station to the Worthington house, a line of three miles; one regiment is encamped below the Fisher house; brigade headquarters near Wilson's Station. The Second Brigade, General Gregory, occupies a distance of five miles, from the Worthington house to the Osborne place, a mile below Ford's; one regiment is encamped near the Beasley house and one near Ford's Station; brigade headquarters near Ford's Station. The Third Brigade, Colonel Edmands, extends from the Osborne place to Sutherland's, a line of nine miles; one regiment is encamped near the Osborne place and one at Church road crossing; headquarters of brigade near Sutherland's Station. I have stated the position of General Ayres' troops in my communication of the 24th instant.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHAS. GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND DIVISION, FIFTH CORPS,
April 28, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Hdqrs. Army of the Potomac:

COLONEL: I find that the Fifteenth New York Heavy Artillery Regiment are not credited with the battle of the Weldon Railroad in General Orders, No. 10, March 7, 1865 (the color order).* This is evi-

*See Part II, p. 869.

dently an oversight. That regiment was particularly distinguished in that battle, and I wish authority to insert with a pen "Weldon Railroad" in the list of battles of this regiment, and that it may be corrected in some order.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. B. AYRES,
Brevet Major-General.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
April 29, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded.

It is well known in the corps that this regiment behaved most gallantly at the time referred to, and it is presumed the omission was accidental.

CHAS. GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 28, 1865—9.30 a. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Corps:

To-morrow morning 150,000 rations and 150,000 pounds of forage will start for Staunton River. It will be there Sunday night, and will be held subject to the orders of yourself or General Sheridan. Please notify General Sheridan.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 28, 1865—11.15 a. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Corps, Danville:

General Halleck telegraphs as follows.* General Meade sends this for the governance of yourself and General Sheridan. Please suggest to General Sheridan that he can return by way of Roanoke Station, and at that point procure rations if he desires them. Let me know if the quantity sent is rendered too great by Sheridan's not coming this way. Notify these headquarters of General Sheridan's position, and acknowledge receipt of this dispatch.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, April 28, 1865—12.15 p. m.

Major-General WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

Your dispatch of 11.15 a. m., transmitting that of Major-General Halleck announcing the surrender of Johnston's army, has been received. As soon as I can open communication with General Sheridan

* See Halleck to Meade, 10.30 a. m., p. 991.

I will communicate the dispatches to him. I am expecting every moment to hear that he is at Roanoke Station. I have seven days' rations for the troops from this morning, and whether I shall need all that you have sent will depend upon the length of stay I am to make here. I am issuing about 22,000 rations daily.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 28, 1865—12.30 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Corps:

General Meade has telegraphed to General Halleck that you have already reported the rolling-stock of the Greensborough railroad as removed. He does not understand that under existing circumstances you can carry out the order in the telegram of General Halleck.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, Va., April 28, 1865—1.25 p. m.

Major-General WEBB, *Chief of Staff:*

I have just opened communication with Major-General Sheridan at South Boston Station, and have transmitted to him the dispatch of Major-General Halleck of 10.30 a. m., with the instructions from your headquarters accompanying it, relative to his return to Petersburg by way of Roanoke Station. He states that his command will encamp in the vicinity of Boston Station to-night.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, April 28, 1865—8.15 p. m.

Major-General WEBB, *Chief of Staff:*

Your dispatch,* transmitting one from Major-General Halleck of 5.30 this p. m., is received, and every exertion will be made to execute the order.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 28, 1865—8.45 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Army Corps, Danville:

Many complaints have been received here of the depredations committed by stragglers from Sixth Corps. The general commanding desires to call your attention to it, and hopes some means may be devised to restrain these men, if the complaints be well founded.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

---

* See 7.50 p. m., p. 992.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
April 28, 1865—9.45 p. m. (Received 10.30 p. m.)

Major-General WEBB:

The march to this place was one of the best executed that I have ever seen, and generally no disposition was manifested by the men to commit depredations. There was some straggling and marauding, however, to prevent which every exertion was made, but probably many of the depredations were not committed by this corps, but by paroled prisoners from the rebel army, numbers of whom were met on our march and some arrested for marauding. I have also two men from our cavalry arrested on the same charge, who admit that they have not seen their commands since the battle of Sailor's Creek. The conduct of the command since our arrival has been most commendable.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
April 28, 1865.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. L. A. GRANT, *Corps Officer of the Day:*

GENERAL: The rolling-stock on the railroad leading to Greensborough, which was run off before the arrival of our troops at this point, it is expected will be returned to-night. The major-general commanding therefore desires that you will instruct the pickets to permit it to pass, and it would be well to have the train halted by some means in order that it may be examined before entering the town.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
April 28, 1865.

No officers or soldiers in this command will be permitted to visit Danville without a written pass from their brigade or division commanders, and these passes will be granted to not more than two men from a company and not more than one-fifth of the officers. These passes, after being used, will be delivered to the guards at the entrance of the city. The above instructions do not apply to general officers or the members of their staff.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 28, 1865.

Major-General SHERIDAN, *Commanding Cavalry:*

General Meade sends the above for your information.* He has ordered rations to be sent to Roanoke Station and 150,000 pounds of forage. He suggests that you return via that station, if you require forage and rations. The train leaves here to-morrow morning.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

---

* See Halleck to Meade, 10.30 a. m., p. 991.

SOUTH BOSTON, VA., *April 28, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK, *Richmond:*

Your dispatch to return to Petersburg just received. I will commence the retrograde movement to-morrow morning. I will keep the telegraph office open here until 6 a. m. to-morrow.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
South Boston, April 28, 1865—1.15 p. m.

Brevet Major-General WEBB, *Chief of Staff:*

I will want forage and the bread and meat portion of the ration at Roanoke Station. I have plenty of coffee, sugar, and salt to last me through to Petersburg. Will you have the kindness to send the forage and rations as above named to Roanoke Station? I will be there to-morrow night.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 28, 1865—1.40 p. m.

Major-General SHERIDAN:

A light train of forage and bread and meat ration is being hurried off to Roanoke Station. General Benham will give you all his supply if the train does not meet you. All that can be done, you can rest assured, will be done at once.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, April 28, 1865—1.25 p. m.

Major-General SHERIDAN, *Commanding Cavalry, &c.:*

Your dispatch from South Boston of this date is received, and I send you copy of dispatch from Major-General Halleck, which is forwarded to me by General Meade, for your government and my own. I am also instructed by General Meade to suggest to you that you can return by way of Roanoke Station, where you can procure rations, if you need them. The dispatch referred to is as follows:*

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, Va., April 28, 1865—3.45 p. m.

Major-General SHERIDAN, *Commanding Cavalry, &c.:*

I forward you herewith copy of communication sent you yesterday morning by your scouts. Has it been received by you, and if not will you please intercept the commanding officer of the bridge train, and direct him to report to Brigadier-General Benham at Roanoke Station?

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

---

* See Halleck to Meade, 10.30 a. m., p. 991.

The following is the communication above referred to:

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Six miles from Danville, April 27, 1865—9.40 a. m.

Major-General SHERIDAN,
Commanding, &c.:

GENERAL: Your dispatch of 8 p. m. yesterday, with its inclosure, is just received, and the pontoon train will be sent immediately to report to you at Abbyville, though as it is so far in advance of that point I fear it may not reach you in time to be of service. Should you not need it, please notify the officer in charge in order that he may return to the railroad crossing of the Staunton River. I am now with the main column about six miles from Danville, but my advance of one brigade is no doubt in possession of the place at this time. The telegraph line is in working order, and if you have operators with you, you can communicate at any time with me by the wires. Accompanying this are copies of dispatches that I have been directed to furnish you.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
South Boston, April 28, 1865.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Army Corps:

Your dispatch per scout was received and the bridge train was stopped near this place. I have ordered the train up to Moseley's Crossing, on the Staunton River, to cross my command. It will then report to General Benham.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
April 28, 1865.

Maj. Gen. GEORGE CROOK,
Commanding Second Cavalry Division:

GENERAL: The major-general commanding directs that you send to South Boston this p. m. a guard to relieve the party from the Sixth Corps which is now stationed there and ordered to Danville. They will protect the bridge and the property of the citizens.

Very respectfully,

F. C. NEWHALL,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
South Boston, Va., April 28, 1865.

Maj. Gen. GEORGE CROOK,
Commanding Second Division:

GENERAL: General Sheridan has just received a dispatch from General Halleck notifying him that General Johnston has surrendered on the same terms as those given to General Lee by General Grant. We will return to Petersburg via Roanoke Station to morrow. We will have forage and rations at the above station for us.

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Chief of Staff.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
April 28, 1865.

Maj. Gen. GEORGE CROOK,
Commanding Second Cavalry Division:

GENERAL: The major-general commanding directs me to inform you that owing to the breaking of the bridge over the Staunton River supplies will not reach us to-night. The wagons have been ordered to meet us on the east side of the Staunton to-morrow night. It is reported that Booth was captured and killed at Port Royal, on the Rappahannock.

Very respectfully,

F. C. NEWHALL,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CIRCULAR.] CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
April 28, 1865.

Hereafter the seizure of animals or private property of any description is hereby positively forbidden, except by special authority from these headquarters. All commanding officers are charged to keep their commands from straggling and pillaging.

By command of Major-General Sheridan:

F. C. NEWHALL,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
South Boston, Va., April 28, 1865.

The command will move at 6 to-morrow morning to Moseley's Bridge on the Staunton River, and in the following order: First, the command of Brevet Major-General Merritt; second, the command of Major-General Crook. General Crook will detail a suitable rear guard.

By command of Major-General Sheridan:

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., April 28, 1865.

Major-General ORD,
Commanding, &c.:

GENERAL: Churches which have been closed in Richmond on account of a refusal by the officiating clergyman to read the prescribed prayer for the President of the United States, will be opened for service by any other clergyman of the same denomination who will read such service.

Very respectfully,

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 28, 1865.*

Brigadier-General GORDON,
Norfolk:

No person will receive a clearance or permit to ship or land goods or to benefit by General Orders, No. 2, in regard to trade, till he has taken

the oath of allegiance. All Virginia will now, in regard to trade, be considered within our lines. I presume North Carolina will be immediately placed on the same footing as Virginia.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
April 28, 1865.

Col. G. W. GILE,
Commanding First Brigade, Veteran Reserve Corps:

COLONEL: It does not appear upon the report of inspector of the guards that any guard is established at the houses of either Secretary Usher or Judge-Advocate-General Holt. The major-general commanding directs that you cause at once guards to be established there. Inclosed you will find a list of the public functionaries at whose residences it is desired that guards be maintained until further orders.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

The guard at the President's must be rigidly inspected and its condition reported.

[Inclosure.]

His Excellency the President; Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War; Hon. W. H. Seward, Secretary of State; Hon. H. McCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury; Hon. J. P. Usher, Secretary of the Interior; Hon. James Speed, Attorney-General; Hon. S. P. Chase, Chief Justice; Hon. J. Holt, Judge-Advocate-General; Hon. G. Welles, Secretary of the Navy; Hon. William Dennison, Postmaster-General. The above is a list of officials at whose houses a guard is to be posted until further orders.

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. MILITARY DISTRICT OF THE PATUXENT,
Bryantown, April 28, 1865.

Col. J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General, Washington, D. C.:

SIR: I have ordered from here all detachments of the Sixteenth and Fifteenth New York to report at Washington, as you are aware, and have ordered Major Waite to report here with his battalion of the Eighth Illinois Cavalry, and to-morrow Colonel Clendenin will move his regiment and encamp about a mile and a half northeast of Port Tobacco, as there seems to be no more duty to be done in this vicinity. That point is selected on account of it being convenient to good water, fine grounds, and in every respect a desirable location. Colonel Terry, with the Twenty-second U. S. Colored Troops, is near Chapel Point. All the dismounted cavalry which has arrived is encamped on the hill near the landing at Chapel Point. Up to 12 o'clock to-day about 2,400

of those troops had arrived, and were also encamped near Chapel Point. Unless something occurs to-night to require my presence here, which I hardly can conceive possible, I shall move my headquarters to Port Tobacco. Captain Pettit, with Krebs and a detachment of cavalry, is in Saint Mary's County investigating all the circumstances attending the passage of Booth and Herold through that portion of Maryland.

I have the honor to remain, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. H. WELLS,
Colonel, Commanding Military District of the Patuxent.

POINT LOOKOUT, *April 28, 1865—5.40 a. m.*

Col. J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General:

Have just come in from Port Royal. Got track of Booth near Leedstown and started at once for Port Royal, but Baker was ahead of me. Shall be up this afternoon.

H. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 28, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT,
Commanding, &c., Winchester, Va.:

Major Parsons can return, of course, now that Booth has been caught. The general wishes you to try and hunt up Mosby. If more money is needed it can be had.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General, &c.

HEADQUARTERS REMOUNT CAMP,
Pleasant Valley, Va., April 28, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT,
Commanding Army of the Shenandoah:

GENERAL: One thousand one hundred and sixty men and eleven officers of the Third Division, under command of Major Seward, Second Ohio, have just started by rail. This closes up everything. Colonel Fitz Simons and staff start in the morning. I will return to-morrow afternoon. Please have my horse at the depot at 5 p. m.

Very respectfully,

H. H. GOLDSMITH,
Lieutenant and Aide-de-Camp.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WEST VIRGINIA,
Cumberland, April 28, 1865.

General STEVENSON:

Under the provisions of General Orders, No. 74, current series, War Department, removing restrictions on trade, passes will not be required

from citizens going through the lines. Legitimate trade in articles not contraband will be encouraged and no restrictions placed upon travel except in cases where the interests of the service plainly demand it.

By order of Brevet Major-General Emory:

TH. MELVIN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
April 28, 1865.

Brig. Gen. J. D. STEVENSON:

General Torbert will be instructed to adopt a liberal policy with reference to passes to refugees of the character you mention, and there will probably be no difficulty whatever in their returning to their homes. This is in answer to your dispatch of the 26th.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General.

NORTH EAST, PA., *April 28, 1865—1 a. m.*
(Received 3.40 a. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I met the late President's remains at Philadelphia, Pa., and have been constantly with them. They just passed beyond the line of my department. Everything has been most satisfactory.

JNO. A. DIX,
Major-General.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, *April 28, 1865.*
(Received 11.20 a. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

The funeral train arrived here safely at 7 o'clock this morning.

E. D. TOWNSEND.

CLEVELAND, *April 28, 1865—11.30 p. m.*
(Received 1.20 a. m. 29th.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

The funeral train is ready, and will start at midnight.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
April 28, 1865.

S. DRAPER, Esq.,
Collector, New York:

Look out for an attempt of the rebels in Canada to seize or otherwise procure a vessel at New York or its vicinity, in order to escape to the Rio Grande. Jacob Thompson is now in some of our cities on this business.

C. A. DANA,
Assistant Secretary of War.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 29, 1865—2.40 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond:

It is reported that a number of our men remain unburied at Cold Harbor, Spotsylvania, in the Wilderness, and other battle-fields between the Rappahannock and Richmond. You will please send a force to inter them, with directions as far as can be done to identify the remains.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, April 29, 1865—11.30 a. m.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

Four corps of the army in North Carolina will march to Alexandria, passing near Richmond, leaving Raleigh probably on the 1st of May. You may order the Army of the Potomac and all the cavalry, except such as you think necessary to retain in Virginia, overland to the same place, starting as soon as they can be got off. Let them leave all ammunition and stores of every kind, except provisions and forage, behind, or to be sent by water.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *April 29, 1865—12 m.*

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

General Sheridan need not accompany his cavalry across the country, but may return here by water, with his staff, as soon as he sees his cavalry started. All his headquarters escort, wagons, and ambulances had better cross the country. Foraging off the country and all destruction of property I hope will be avoided.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 29, 1865.*

Lieutenant-General GRANT,
Washington:

General Ord represents that want of discipline and good officers in the Twenty-fifth Corps renders it a very improper force for the preservation of order in this department. A number of cases of atrocious rape by these men have already occurred. Their influence on the colored population is also reported to be bad. I therefore hope you will remove it to garrison forts or for service on the Southern coast and substitute a corps from the Army of the Potomac, say Wright's, temporarily.

It seems very necessary to prevent the rush of the negro population into Richmond and to organize some labor system in the interior immediately as the planting season will be over in two or three weeks.

Unless this is provided for there will be a famine in this State. For this purpose I shall occupy Fredericksburg, Orange or Charlottesville, Lynchburg, and a few other points. To perform this duty properly requires officers and men of more intelligence and character than we have in the Twenty-fifth Corps. I think that in a very short time the Twenty-fourth Corps can do all the duty required.

Affairs here are settling down quietly. More than 5,000 people have offered to take the amnesty oath. Among these are many of Lee's paroled officers. Four offices have been opened for that purpose, and all are densely crowded.

The rebel feeling in Virginia is utterly dead, and, with proper management, can never be revived. As evidence of this the recusant clergymen have offered to pray for the President of the United States, and to-morrow all the churches in Richmond will be reopened.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 29, 1865.*

Major ECKERT,
Washington:

A military force has been sent to enforce order at Fredericksburg and on the Rappahannock. It is necessary to have telegraphic communication with Fredericksburg. The line can be repaired with little labor, which can be done by the detachment, with one or two skilled men to superintend.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, *April 29, 1865—2 p. m.*

Major-General HALLECK:

The Secretary of War having directed that the recruiting of men in the loyal States for the volunteer forces be stopped, now directs that the recruitment for the volunteer forces of all persons, including colored men in all States, be embraced in the order, and their enlistment be discontinued.

JAS. B. FRY,
Provost-Marshal-General.

(Same to Generals Casey and Weitzel.)

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., April 29, 1865.

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Comdg. Mil. Div. of Va. and North Carolina, Richmond, Va.:

GENERAL: I have just returned from Raleigh with General Grant. I find your dispatch of the 24th, advising the sale of condemned or unserviceable horses and mules in the neighborhood of Richmond and Petersburg. Orders have been given to this effect, of which you were advised by General Thomas, acting quartermaster-general, during my absence. Similar orders will be given in other departments of the country.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster-General and Brevet Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
April 29, 1865.

Brig. Gen. R. INGALLS,
221 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C.:

I have ordered eight days' supplies, in addition to the usual amount, to be sent forward to this place, and expect that they will be received by Tuesday. General Sheridan's command will be here Monday on its return to Petersburg. In arranging the new time-table for the railroad the running time should not be allowed to exceed five hours between here and City Point. One train each way daily will be enough to do the business between Burkeville and Danville.

R. N. BATCHELDER,
Colonel and Chief Quartermaster, Army of the Potomac.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 29, 1865.*

Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. C. KELTON,
Asst. Adjt. Gen., Military Division of the James, Richmond, Va..

GENERAL: I inclose herewith a copy of my report to the Chief of Ordnance of the condition of the Tredegar Iron Works. Referring to a conversation I had with the commanding general in regard to the works, I have to say that there is no shop at the works for the repair of arms or suitable for that purpose. I do not think the ordnance department could put the works in operation at present, consistently with the wants of the department and economy to the Government.

I have the honor to be, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

D. W. FLAGLER,
Captain of Ordnance.

[Inclosure.]

RICHMOND, VA., *April 28, 1865.*

Brig. Gen. A. B. DYER,
Chief of Ordnance, U. S. Army, Washington, D. C.:

GENERAL: In accordance with instructions contained in your orders of the 23d instant, I have the honor to report that I left Washington on the 24th instant and arrived in this city on the 26th. I have visited and carefully inspected the Tredegar Iron Works, and find them in nearly the same condition as when work was stopped there on the Saturday previous to the evacuation of the city by the Confederate forces. A sufficient guard is stationed at the works to protect them. The explosion of an arsenal building in the burnt district near the works destroyed the greater part of the windows and injured the roofs of the buildings. The carpenter shop and some other buildings that were destroyed by fire in 1863 have never been rebuilt.

List of buildings.—The buildings at present consist of one rolling-mill, with smith's shop for repairs attached; a spike shop for making railroad spikes, rivets, and cut-nails; a shed closed in and used as a carpenter's and pattern shop, three foundry buildings, two machine shops, two blacksmiths' shops, one boiler shop, and an office. There are no storehouses of any kind.

Condition of the shops and machinery.—Generally the shops, mills, and machinery are in as good running order as when the works were stopped. But as all the shops have, for the last few years, been pushed to their fullest capacity, and the supply of the finer machinery, which was formerly purchased from Northern manufactories, cut off, very few repairs have been made. Some new machines have been made at the works, but they are not of the best pattern and workmanship. The lathes and machinery are much worn and would require repairs before nice work could be done. The leather belting in all the shops is so much worn that new would soon have to be substituted. All the furnaces require new fire-brick.

Rolling-mill.—The rolling-mill, ten puddling furnaces, one rotary squeezer, one puddle train of rolls, one roll-lathe, five heating furnaces, two trains of bar and sheet rolls, one trip-hammer, two punches, two shears, and a small smith's shop for repairs. Except the furnaces this mill seems to be in better order than any of the other shops. Some of the furnaces are out of order and all require new fire-brick. There are at this mill about thirty tons of assorted commercial bar-iron, the most of it tire, bolt, and nail iron. It was manufactured at the mill.

Spike shop.—The spike shop has one railroad spike machine, which can make about 25,000 spikes per diem, one small machine for making small spikes and rivets of assorted sizes, and five cut-nail machines. About thirty tons of spikes and cut-nails are on hand at this shop.

Foundries.—The largest foundry building (for casting guns) has two air furnaces admitting a charge of 40,000 pounds each, two drying-ovens, two cranes, and three pits. The latter are at present about two-thirds full of water. Except the want of fire-brick for the furnaces and the water in the gun-pits this building is in good condition. There is one other small foundry building for casting guns. It has one air furnace admitting a charge of 25,000 pounds, two drying ovens, two cranes and two pits. One of the pits is nearly destroyed and has been used for other purposes. There is one foundry building used for the manufacture of projectiles, railroad-car castings, and general work. It has two cupolas which melt 25,000 pounds of metal each per diem, and one air furnace (not in use) for melting brass. About 300 shell-flasks of assorted sizes, flasks for car wheels, and an assortment of flasks for other work are on hand.

Machine-shops.—There are two machine-shops or turning-mills, connected with lathes and machinery for turning and boring guns and for other heavy work. There are in them twelve turning and boring lathes suitable for 10-inch guns, one large lathe for 15-inch guns, one trunnion-lathe, and six old turning and boring lathes. These last are of very old pattern and could not be used economically. There are also two engine and machinery lathes, one drilling machine, two lathes expressly for railroad axles, and two large unfinished lathes for making steamship engines. Upstairs is a machine-shop for small work, containing fifteen turning-lathes, four drilling-machines, two planing-machines, and one sear-cutting machine. Outside the building is a vertical turning-lathe which has been used for boring cylinders for steamship engines. This machinery is generally much worn.

Blacksmiths' shops.—There is one large blacksmith's shop with twenty-two forges, and a smaller temporary one with thirteen forges. The smiths' shops are both in good order.

Boiler shop.—There is one large, commodious boiler shop, and in it three unfinished boilers, about six tons of boiler iron, and twenty unfinished torpedoes.

Carpenter's shop.—This is a shed which has been closed in and used as a carpenter's shop since the burning of the works in 1863. One part of it has no floor. It has been used for repairing wooden carriages, making patterns, and doing carpenter work for the shops and buildings.

Unfinished stock on hand.—There are a few unfinished guns on hand, but all of models not made by the U. S. Ordnance Department. There are two 12-inch smooth-bore guns cast and the boring nearly completed. Guns of this and other large calibers have not been turned on the exterior surface, except at the trunnions and near the muzzle. The exterior surface and form are left as when cast. There are three small guns, supposed to be light 12-pounders, still in the molds in the pits, and five light 12-pounders cast, and one cast and bored and turned except the trunnions. These last are smooth-bore cast-iron guns, with a wrought-iron re-enforce, and made to fit the 12-pounder field carriage. There are three unfinished rifled field guns, 2.9-inch bore of the Parrott pattern, but much heavier than the old Parrott 10-pounder, weighing each 1,500 pounds. There are two old model sea-coast mortars, one cast, and one cast and bored, and one 8-inch sea-coast mortar, old model, cast and bored, and three 24-pounder iron field howitzers nearly completed. There are also a few finished guns of various models about the works, but none of them of models made by the U. S. Ordnance Department. These will be taken in charge by the officer collecting ordnance. There are among them some Brooke banded and rifled iron navy guns; three of 6.4-inch caliber, one of 8-inch, and one of 7-inch.

Iron used in the manufacture of guns.—None of the guns in an unfinished state are made from the Cloverdale glaze iron formerly used as gun iron at these works. The supply of Cloverdale iron has been cut off for some time by the U. S. troops. The guns were cast from an inferior Liberty iron from furnaces in Shenandoah County, Va. There are no records of its tensile strength, density, or other qualities, and I do not think any have been taken. Aside from the character of the iron, the appearance of the castings which I examined would, I think, cause them to be rejected on inspection. There are no unfinished projectiles on hand.

Materials on hand.—There is very little material of any kind on hand; about twenty-five tons of pig-iron (Liberty), about thirty tons of bituminous coal, the rolled-iron reported above, and six 8-inch iron chassis rails. The only coal that can be obtained in this vicinity is that from the Dover pits, which is a bituminous coal. Anthracite would have to be brought from the North. If guns were manufactured here the iron for them at present, and for some time to come, would have to be brought from the furnaces at the North, where it is manufactured under the supervision of the constructor of ordnance.

Cost of manufacture.—The transportation of coal and iron from the North would make the cost of material for guns considerably greater here than at the Northern foundries. Owing to the unsettled state of labor and society here, it is difficult to estimate the cost of manufacture, even approximately. The cost in the Southern States was greater than in the North before the war, and the high prices which must continue here for some time would make the difference still more. The cost of finishing the guns which have been commenced would be very small, but, being of models different from those used by our army, they would be of little use, except as trophies, and owing to the inferior quality of gun-iron from which they are made their endurance is doubtful. There

is no other unfinished work on hand that could be of use to the Ordnance Department. Before the furnaces could be used it would be necessary to rebrick them, and fire-bricks for that purpose would have to be brought from the North. The fire-bricks which were used here, after the supply on hand at the beginning of the war was exhausted, were made from an inferior clay and could only endure the fire for about three days.

Recommendations.—For reasons which have been explained in this report, I do not deem it advisable or economical to the Government to put these works in operation. No ordnance stores could be manufactured here with which the department is not well supplied, and with some of them overstocked, owing to the sudden stoppage of expenditures in the armies. There are no shops at the works for the repair of arms. All the drawings belonging to the works have been either destroyed or carried off. I would respectfully recommend that the ordnance and ordnance stores at the works be taken away by the officer in charge of captured ordnance property; that they be sent to such points as you may direct, and that the works be left in charge of the military authorities here until the Government decides what disposition is to be made of them. If they are not put in operation by private parties, some of the machinery might be moved to Government shops elsewhere. With the exception of the gun foundries, the works are well adapted to the manufacture of iron and iron parts for the repair of railroads, cars, agricultural implements, and machines, and for general iron work.

I am, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

D. W. FLAGLER,
Captain of Ordnance.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 29, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK,
Commanding:

GENERAL: The undersigned have received your order of Friday, 28th, in relation to the opening of churches in this city. In reply they respectfully state that they do not refuse to use the prayer for the President of the United States, as might perhaps be inferred from your order. They have only delayed their action because they confidently hoped to communicate with their ecclesiastical superiors and receive their sanction, according to the general usage of the church. Having endeavored in vain to reach the bishop, either by letter or message (owing to the remoteness of his residence), knowing it to be impossible to assemble a church council to insert a prayer not now in our authorized liturgy, and yet recognizing it as a scriptural duty to pray for those in authority, we had already determined to assume the responsibility, and without waiting another week for ecclesiastical sanction, to offer prayer for the President of the United States. We make this statement as due to you and to ourselves, that our position as members of a strictly religious organization may be fully understood.

Very respectfully, your obedient servants,

GEO. WOODBRIDGE,
Rector of the Monumental Church.
J. PETERKIN,
Rector of Saint James' Church.
F. M. BAKER,
Rector of Grace Church.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 109. } HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *April 29, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

3. In obedience to paragraph 44, Special Orders, No. 186, current series, from the War Department, the Sixty-second and Sixty-sixth Regiments New York Volunteers are relieved from duty with this army and ordered to New York City, to report to the commanding officer Department of the East. The quartermaster's department will furnish the necessary transportation.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
Nottoway Court-House, April 29, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of the Potomac:

COLONEL: In compliance with instructions from headquarters Army of the Potomac, dated April 18, 1865, I have the honor to forward the names of the following officers for promotion: To be major-generals for distinguished gallantry and ability in the battle of Five Forks, April 1, 1865—Bvt. Maj. Gen. Romeyn B. Ayres, Bvt. Maj. Gen. Joseph J. Bartlett. Brig. Gen. Joshua L. Chamberlain, for distinguished and gallant conduct in the battle on the Quaker road, March 29, White Oak road, March 31, and at Five Forks, April 1, 1865. This officer has before been recommended by me for the brevet of major-general. To be brigadier-general for distinguished conduct at the battle of Five Forks, April 1, 1865, Bvt. Brig. Gen. E. M. Gregory. To be brevet brigadier-generals for gallant and meritorious conduct at the battle of Five Forks, April 1, 1865—Bvt. Col. Fred. T. Locke, assistant adjutant-general Fifth Army Corps; Bvt. Col. Henry C. Bankhead, assistant inspector-general Fifth Army Corps. It may not be improper to remark that both of these officers have before been recommended for the brevet of brigadier-general. To be brevet major for distinguished gallantry and efficient service at the battle on Quaker road, March 29, 1865, Capt. George M. Laughlin, acting aide-de-camp; to be brevet captain, First Lieut. F. Augustus Schermerhorn, aide-de-camp.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHAS. GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, April 29, 1865—3.17 p. m.

Major-General WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

Colonel Franklin, of my staff, who was sent this morning up the Piedmont Railroad, reports his arrival at the break in the road at Reedy Fork, thirty-five miles from this point, and that he finds a train at the southern end of the trestle. I have instructed him to proceed by that train to Greensborough, to telegraph me from that point, and to report himself to the first of General Sherman's army commanders that

arrives. All the rolling stock of the Piedmont Railroad this side of the break is in our possession. Colonel Franklin has an operator with him, and will be able to telegraph back on his arrival at Greensborough, when I will communicate further particulars. Generals Johnston and Beauregard are reported to be still at Greensborough.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, April 29, 1865—11.10 p. m.

Major-General WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

Colonel Franklin and Major McClellan, of my staff, with a detachment from this corps, reached Greensborough at 10.25 p. m., in advance of any Federal troops. With the exception of the break referred to in previous dispatch, thirty-five miles from this point, the railroad is in running order, and the telegraph line is in good working order to Greensborough. No information as yet in regard to the whereabouts of Governor Smith, who is reported to have left this place some days prior to our reaching it. Colonel Franklin secured on his way to Greensborough three guns, with their caissons, and forty cars.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Indorsement.]

APRIL 30, 1865.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond:

For your information.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, April 29, 1865—11.45 p. m.

DEAR WEBB: Give it circulation among the newspaper reporters that the advance of the Army of the Potomac occupied Greensborough ahead of the forces of General Sherman. It is the best joke of the war; better than the taking of Richmond by the niggers.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

ORDERS.] CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
Near Moseley's Ford, April 29, 1865.

This command will be in readiness to march at 7 a. m. to-morrow. The order of march will be sent to cavalry commanders as soon as definite information can be obtained in regard to rations and forage for the command, which are expected to arrive via Roanoke Station.

By command of Major-General Sheridan:

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY GOVERNOR OF RICHMOND,
Richmond, Va., April 29, 1865.

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Commanding U. S. Armies:

GENERAL: The inclosed was left me for you; I now send it. My impression is that, as soon as excitement will permit it, the officers of General Lee's army here had better get away. They are here a tax on the community (indirectly, in some instances), and scattered would be less apt to breed discontent than together.

Yours, respectfully,

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General of Volunteers, Commanding.

[Inclosure.]

RICHMOND, *April 25, 1865.*

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Commanding Armies of the United States:

GENERAL: I have waited your arrival in Richmond to propose that the men and officers of the Army of Northern Virginia captured or surrendered on the 2d and 6th of April, or since that time, may be granted the same terms as given to those surrendered by me on the 9th. I see no benefit that will result by retaining them in prison; but, on the contrary, think good may be accomplished by returning them to their homes. Indeed, if all now held as prisoners of war were liberated in the same manner I think it would be advantageous. Should there, however, be objections to this course, I would ask that exceptions be made in favor of the invalid officers and men, and that they be allowed to return to their homes on parole. I call your attention particularly to General Ewell, the members of the Reserve Local Defense Troops, Naval Battalion, &c. The local troops were not performing military duty; the Naval Battalion fell in the line of march of the army for subsistence and protection. Understanding that you may not reach Richmond for some days I take the liberty to forward this application for your consideration.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. E. LEE,
General.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
Richmond, April 26, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded.

JOHN GIBBON,
Major-General Volunteers, Commanding.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 2. } HDQRS. DISTRICT OF ALEXANDRIA, NINTH ARMY CORPS, *April 29, 1865.*

1. The Fifty-first Pennsylvania Volunteers, Col. William Allebaugh commanding, now serving with the First Division, Ninth Army Corps, is hereby transferred to the Third Division, Brevet Major-General Hartranft, commanding. Colonel Allebaugh will at once report with his regiment accordingly.

2. Bvt. Maj. John D. Bertolette, assistant adjutant-general, is hereby relieved from duty with the Third Division, Ninth Army Corps, and will report for duty at these headquarters.

3. Lieut. Col. G. M. Barber, commanding One hundred and ninety-seventh Ohio Volunteers, having reported with his regiment, in obedience to orders from headquarters Department of Washington, is hereby ordered to report to Brevet Major-General Hartranft, commanding Third Division, Ninth Army Corps, to which division the regiment is assigned.

By command of Maj. Gen. John G. Parke:

JNO. C. YOUNGMAN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
April 29, 1865.

General PARKE,
Alexandria:

Send General Hartranft to report to me at my headquarters at once.

C. C. AUGUR,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
Washington, D. C., April 29, 1865.

Major-General PARKE,
Commanding District of Alexandria, Alexandria, Va.:

General Hartranft has reported. Will you please send Colonel Dodd, Two hundred and eleventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, and Lieutenant-Colonel McCall, Two hundredth Pennsylvania Volunteers, immediately to report to me at my headquarters.

C. C. AUGUR,
Major-General.

General Hartranft will not return to his division at present.

C. C. A.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *April 29, 1865.*

Brig. Gen. J. D. STEVENSON:

Major-General Hancock directs that when the One hundred and fifty-fourth Indiana Volunteers, now en route for Harper's Ferry, arrives you order it to report to Brevet Major-General Brooke for assignment to his division.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST SEPARATE BRIGADE,
DEPARTMENT OF WEST VIRGINIA,
Charleston, W. Va., April 29, 1865.

Maj. E. B. BLUNDON,
Guyandotte, W. Va.:

All rebel soldiers can be either paroled or take the oath, and then be allowed to remain at their homes, if they are not considered dangerous

men by the military authorities or their loyal neighbors, but deserters from the rebel army who have banded together to rob and murder, and have not been with their proper commands can have no mercy. You will place no further restrictions upon trade except arms, ammunition, gray cloth, all articles from which ammunition is made, locomotives, cars, telegraphic wires, and instruments for operating telegraphic lines, which articles are contraband. Acknowledge receipt.

JOHN H. OLEY,
Colonel, Commanding.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., *April 29, 1865.*

Maj. E. B. BLUNDON,
Guyandotte, W. Va.:

Returned from Lewisburg. We paroled thirty-nine officers and about 600 men. Are going back again the 10th of May. The rebellion in that section has withered away. The people are tired of war and ready to quit.

J. M. RIFE,
Captain, &c.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, *April 29, 1865.*
(Received 12.30 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

The funeral train has arrived here safely.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, *April 29, 1865—7.30 p. m.*
(Received 9.20 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

The funeral train leaves here at 8 o'clock this evening.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 30, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I would respectfully recommend the appointment by brevet of Brig. Gen. Charles Devens to the rank of major-general of volunteers. He has proven himself one of the most gallant and devoted officers, keeping with his command always when it was in the field and when he was in a condition rendering him entirely unable to walk or ride on horseback. As General Devens will probably be quitting the service soon, I would ask early action.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 30, 1865—11.30 a. m.*
(Received 3.30 p. m.)

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

You may retain the Sixth Corps for the present. Put the Twenty-fifth in a camp of instruction either at Bermuda Hundred or at City Point until some disposition is made of them for defense on the sea-coast. Establish the best labor system you can to employ the idle and prevent their becoming a burden upon the Government.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, *April 30, 1865—2 p. m.*

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

If General Sheridan can be sent here immediately please send him and place General Crook in command of all the cavalry.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 30, 1865—4 p. m.*

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington:

Orders have been sent to Maj. Gen. George G. Meade to move to Alexandria, and the same will be given to General Sheridan as soon as he reaches Petersburg. On further consultation with General E. O. C. Ord, I am more fully convinced of the policy of withdrawal of the Twenty-fifth Corps from Virginia. Their conduct recently has been even worse than I supposed yesterday.

H. W. HALLECK.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 30, 1865—4 p. m.*

Major-General MEADE:

You will move the Army of the Potomac, excepting General Wright's corps, from its present position to Manchester, preparatory to marching to Alexandria. The Sixth Army Corps will guard the railroad to Danville and south till further orders. You will bring with you only such supplies as may be required on the march. All ammunition and stores of all kinds not required by General Wright will be returned to City Point. Your staff officers will prepare at Manchester supplies of provisions and forage for your march to Alexandria. No private property of any kind will be molested in the country passed over. In this respect the strictest discipline must be observed. The Army of the Potomac has shown Virginians how they were to be treated as enemies. Let them now prove that they know equally well how to treat the same people as friends. All condemned and captured horses, mules, harness, and wagons may be sold at such times and places en route, as you may deem most advantageous, to farmers. Implements that can be used for agricultural purposes may be sold in the same way. Please advise me of your movements.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 30, 1865—4.15 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK:

Your dispatch directing movement of Army of the Potomac received. This army now consists of the Sixth Corps, at Danville; the Fifth Corps, guarding the South Side Railroad from this point to Sutherland's Station, and the Second Corps, massed at this place. I shall move the Fifth Corps by way of Petersburg to Manchester and the Second Corps by the direct route from here; but as all my bridge trains are now on the Staunton River the movement of the latter corps will be delayed till a bridge to cross the Appomattox can be brought back to accompany it. The Fifth Corps will be put in motion at once. Do you intend General Wright to guard the railroad from this point to Sutherland's now guarded by the Fifth Corps? The road really requires but little guarding, as there is no disposition on the part of any one to interfere with it.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 30, 1865—6.45 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK:

There are at City Point some twenty batteries of artillery formerly in the lines around Petersburg and recently constituting the reserve of this army. Shall these batteries be shipped from City Point or accompany the army in its overland march? I think the latter course would be the quickest and cheapest way to get them to Alexandria.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
MEDICAL DIRECTOR'S OFFICE,
April 30, 1865.

Surg. G. B. PARKER, U. S. Volunteers,
Acting Chief Medical Officer, City Point, Va.:

Orders have been issued for movements. Second and Fifth Corps to Manchester, near Richmond; from thence they will march to Alexandria, Va. It is desirable that you send sick and wounded of those corps to Washington, who are proper cases for transfer, as rapidly as the means of transportation by steamers at your disposal will permit. You are authorized to reduce the capacity of your hospital 2,500 beds at once. The manner is left to your discretion. I have ordered Surgeon Bendell to break up the sub-depot establishment here, and proceed with the officers and property to City Point and report to you. Acknowledge receipt.

THS. A. McPARLIN,
Surgeon and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, U. S. Army,
Colonel and Medical Director, Army of the Potomac.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
MEDICAL DIRECTOR'S OFFICE,
April 30, 1865—8.35 p. m.

Asst. Surg. J. B. BRINTON, U. S. Army,
Medical Purveyor, Army of the Potomac, City Point, Va.:

Orders have been issued for the Second and Fifth Corps to move to Manchester, near Richmond; from thence they will march to Alexandria, Va. I have ordered Assistant Surgeon Beaver to break up the medical purveying depot established here, and proceed with escort and property to City Point and report to you.

THS. A. McPARLIN,
Surgeon and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, U. S. Army,
Colonel and Medical Director, Army of the Potomac.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 19. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *April 30, 1865.*

I. Brevet Major-General Griffin, commanding Fifth Army Corps, will at once move his corps to Manchester via Petersburg.

II. Brevet Major-General Barlow, commanding Second Army Corps, will, on the arrival of Brigadier-General Benham with a bridge train move his corps to Manchester by the direct route from this point.

III. Major-General Wright, commanding Sixth Army Corps, will, until further orders, guard the railroad from Danville to this point. He will immediately send staff officers to take charge of the depots, supplies, &c., required for his command.

IV. The troops will take on the march only the authorized baggage trains, and the supply trains of subsistence and forage. All other supplies, such as reserve ammunition, small arm and artillery, intrenching tools, &c., will be sent to City Point and there turned in.

V. In making this movement, the strictest discipline must be enforced; no depredations on private property will be permitted; and the commanding general confidently relies on the Army of the Potomac to evince its discipline in time of peace as it has shown its valor in time of war.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 30, 1865—4.15 p. m.

Brigadier-General BENHAM,
Roanoke Station:

Send back the pontoon train at once. Start it as soon as possible. Move back with your command, as soon as relieved of the charge of the stores now with you by General Wright. You will follow this army to Manchester. General Wright is telegraphed to send a force to relieve you. You can start all not necessary to guard stores toward this station.

By order of General Meade:

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 30, 1865—4.20 p. m.

General BENHAM:

The train of eighteen boats is needed to cross the army over the Appomattox. This is the train I alluded to.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

ROANOKE STATION, *April 30, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. A. S. WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

Your orders to move just received. Major Van Brocklin placed one pontoon bridge eight miles below this at Moseley's Ferry yesterday for General Sheridan, and I presume he has been taken on with him. The bridge which reached me on Friday is now down near the railroad, the bridge of which road I expect will be completed, or nearly so, to-morrow. The pontoon bridge I now have down will, I think, be very useful for General Wright's command, if his wagons are to return by this route; but unless I hear otherwise I shall presume it is wished that the bridge shall be taken up at once, and shall so order. While writing the last words I have your second telegram, and will order the bridge to be taken up and to start to-night. Perhaps the general will think it best if Van Brocklin can be reached that he should be kept with his bridge for General Wright.

H. W. BENHAM,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

ROANOKE STATION, *April 30, 1865—5.25 p. m.*

Major-General WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

I have just learned that General Sheridan has passed, ordering Van Brocklin to report to me. His bridge, the longest one at Moseley's Ferry, I will order to be taken up at once, and to march on to-night. Folwell's I propose to retain till I start and then to leave it for General Wright, if I am so authorized.

H. W. BENHAM,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 30, 1865—6.20 p. m.

Brigadier-General BENHAM,
Roanoke Station:

Obey the order to send the bridge with you—Folwell's—at once. Do not wait for any other. The order is explicit. Send the bridge sent with General Gibbon to this point at once.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 30, 1865.

General BENHAM:

Van Brocklin will be needed. The general commanding wishes an officer to be sent to him at once to order him to move to Roanoke Station. He has no authority for going with General Sheridan; he belongs to this army and should return at once.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

ROANOKE STATION, *April 30, 1865—6.30 p. m.*

General A. S. WEBB:

I presume my last telegram will be satisfactory. I have already ordered Van Brocklin to move on to you with his bridge to-night. I think he can move quicker than Folwell. I think Van Brocklin was obtained by General Sheridan from General Wright. I knew nothing of it till I heard he was laying his bridge at Moseley's Ferry yesterday morning.

[H. W. BENHAM,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.]

ROANOKE STATION, *April 30, 1865—6.45 p. m.*
(Received 7.40 p. m.)

Bvt. Maj. Gen. A. S. WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

I was sending you a telegram* to say that I had ordered Van Brocklin, as I thought he would reach you first; but I now [order] Folwell to [take] up his bridge immediately and to move on to-night. Van Brocklin came with General Sheridan without my knowledge till he was at Moseley's Ferry laying his bridge. If you do not direct otherwise, I shall judge it best to bring his bridge up here and lay it for my engineer teams to cross, as a large number had to be sent over to get the timber for the railroad bridge, the hauling of which they are only completing to-day, and it will require, without a bridge, about a whole day to recross the teams in the single scow now here.

H. W. BENHAM,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 30, 1865—7.50 p. m.

Brigadier-General BENHAM,
Commanding Engineer Brigade:

Your orders are right and approved by General Meade; but Wright must have a bridge left for him, so leave Van Brocklin.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

---

* See next, *ante*.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 16. } HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS, *April 30, 1865.*

1. By orders from headquarters Army of the Potomac, this corps will, on the arrival of Brigadier-General Benham with a bridge train, move to Manchester by the direct route from this place. The bridge train was at Roanoke Station on Staunton River to-night and General Benham was ordered to start at once for this point. He will probably arrive here to-morrow night or early Tuesday.

2. The troops will take on the march only the authorized baggage trains, the supply trains of subsistence and forage, the ambulances, medicine wagons, and trains for the hospital and ambulance departments. All other supplies, such as reserve ammunition for infantry and artillery, intrenching tools, &c., will be sent to City Point. Trains containing these will rendezvous at these headquarters to-morrow a. m., under instructions given by the chief quartermaster of the corps to the division quartermasters and quartermaster of Artillery Brigade. Intrenching tools obtained from these headquarters will be turned in to-night.

3. The troops will be furnished with the amount of supplies directed by existing orders—four days' on the person; eight days' in wagons. The wagons of the supply train now absent from the corps to be loaded immediately upon their return.

By command of Brevet Major-General Barlow:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 42. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS, *April 30, 1865.*

I. Brevet Major-General Ayres will move at 9 a. m. to-morrow, followed by the artillery.

II. Brevet Major-General Crawford will follow the Second Division when the latter reaches Blacks and Whites.

III. The ambulances and trains will follow the troops.

IV. Brigadier-General Chamberlain will follow the Third Division should the command pass Wilson's Station to-morrow.

V. The artillery will fall in rear of the infantry at Blacks and Whites, and the trains in rear of the entire column.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

P. S.—With the trains will be included the wagons for the hospitals and ambulance departments.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

FARMVILLE, VA., *April 30, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK:

Every exertion is being made to find out the whereabouts of Governor Smith, and I think we are now on his track.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 30, 1865—4.20 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Danville:

Send a guard to relieve General Benham, now guarding stores for you at Roanoke Station. Let it start at once. Benham is to move with the army to Manchester and is to leave as soon as possible.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
April 30, 1865.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Corps, Danville:

The commanding general directs you to send a regiment at once to Farmville, Va., to relieve the Fortieth New York Volunteers, of Second Corps. There are at Farmville twenty-two of our sick and wounded men, and six at private residences in the country, all unable to bear removal. The duty of the regiment will be to guard and attend the hospital until these men can be removed. They are rationed to include the 5th of May. Your medical director will receive specific instructions from the medical director of the army.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 11. } HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, Va., April 30, 1865.

I. In order to remove a misapprehension in the minds of some relative to the passes required in and about this place, the following regulations are promulgated for the information and guidance of all concerned:

1. No officers or men will be permitted to visit the town without a written pass from either division or brigade commanders. This, however, will not apply to general or staff officers, or mounted orderlies when on duty.

2. Passes will not be granted to more than one-fifth of the officers in each organization, nor to more than two enlisted men from each company. Those granted to the men will expire at or before 6 p. m. daily.

3. Neither officers nor men will be permitted to pass through the picket-line without special authority from these headquarters, general officers and staff officers when on duty alone excepted.

4. Citizens will be permitted to pass the picket-line in the day time into and out of the town, without being required to have passes.

5. Paroled prisoners of war are entitled to the same privileges as citizens, excepting that they may be required to show their parole passes.

6. Officers and soldiers of the C. S. army not paroled will be arrested and sent to the office of the provost-marshal.

II. Mails will leave for the North daily at 8 a. m., and all mail matter for the corps will be sent through the respective division headquarters to the depot, reaching there at least half an hour before the start-

ing of the train. The mail matter for the Artillery Brigade and that for the Third Brigade of the Second Division will be sent directly to the depot and delivered there to the mail agent of the corps. The time of arrival of mails from the North has not yet been settled, but the mail agents above referred to will keep themselves informed as to the arrival of the mails and receive them at the depot from the corps mail agent.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, Va., April 30, 1865.

The First Division, Brevet Major-General Wheaton commanding, will guard the railroad between this place and Burkeville Junction, and the brigades of the division will be posted as follows:

One brigade at Burkeville Junction, holding the road to and including Keysville. A brigade at or near Roanoke Station, holding the road from Keysville to the vicinity of Banister River. A brigade at Barksdale's Station, holding the road from the vicinity of Banister River to the station on the north side of the Dan River, which will be held by troops from this place.

One regiment will be sent by the 8 a. m. train to-morrow to the Staunton River, marching thence to Burkeville, as directed in orders already issued. Another regiment will accompany the supply and ammunition trains of the division and the baggage train of the brigade going to Burkeville as a guard to that place, and the remainder of the brigade will proceed by rail to Staunton River and march from that point to Burkeville Junction.

As soon as transportation by railroad can be provided the other brigades will be sent, the one going to the vicinity of Roanoke Station being first sent.

The baggage trains of the brigades going to Roanoke and Barksdale's Stations will be protected by a competent guard from the brigade to which they belong.

The medical director will send with each brigade such ambulances as may be necessary. The remaining ambulances will be sent with the division train to Burkeville Junction.

Great care will be taken to prevent marauding along the road, and whatever it may be absolutely necessary to seize will be taken only under the direction of a commissioned officer and the proper receipts given.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
Near Moseley's Ferry, April 30, 1865.

The command will move from Moseley's Ferry to Blacks and Whites. The following will be the order of march: General Crook will have the advance to Wylliesburg, and will then turn to the right and will move via Lewiston, crossing the Meherrin River at Cox's bridge. General

Merritt will follow the command of General Crook to Wylliesburg and then move on the direct road to Blacks and Whites via Double Bridges. The train will accompany General Merritt's column. Forage and rations will be furnished at Blacks and Whites.

By command of Major-General Sheridan:

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HDQRS. FIRST BRIGADE, VETERAN RESERVE CORPS,
Washington, April 30, 1865.

Col. J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Asst. Adjt. Gen., Dept. of Washington:

COLONEL: I have the honor to report that the streets of the city and roads leading from it are patroled by cavalry as follows, each patrol consisting of five privates and one non-commissioned officer, viz: Six patrols on Pennsylvania avenue, entering the avenue at the Circle and patroling to the Capitol and back, returning to K street via Sixteenth; three patrols on the streets, and three in reserve. Four patrols to Tennallytown via Pennsylvania avenue and High street, Georgetown; three patrols on the street and one in reserve. Four patrols to Fort Stevens via Fourteenth street to Mount Pleasant Hospital, thence to the Seventh Street road and to the fort; three patrols on the street and one in reserve. Three patrols on Seventh street, from K street to Seventh Street wharf; two on the street and one in reserve at the Seventh Street market. Two patrols on Fourteenth street from K street to the Long Bridge; one on the street and one in reserve. Three patrols on E, F, and G streets west of the War Department, from the War Department to the Potomac; two on the street and one in reserve at G and Twenty-second streets. Three patrols on F and G streets east of Fifteenth street, from Fifteenth street to First street, returning to K street via Fourteenth, and H to Sixteenth, thence to barracks; two on the street and one in reserve. In all twenty eight patrols, with orders to arrest all drunken soldiers, disperse all crowds on street corners, and halt any person riding precipitately through the streets and make them account for themselves.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. W. GILE,
Colonel, Commanding City Garrison.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
April 30, 1865.

Major-General CADWALADER,
Commanding, Philadelphia:

There is a plot on foot to burn the city of Philadelphia, in which a large number of persons are engaged. Captain Potts, of my detective force, will see you personally on the arrival of the first train, which leaves here at 6 p. m. In the meantime please take all necessary precautions. Be careful of your men, as some soldiers are supposed to be implicated in the plot.

T. INGRAHAM,
Colonel and Provost-Marshal-General, Dept. of the Potomac.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
April 30, 1865.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN,
Chief of Detectives, Philadelphia:

There is a plot on foot to burn the city of Philadelphia. I have communicated with General Cadwalader. Please see him.

T. INGRAHAM,
Colonel and Provost-Marshal-General, Dept. of the Potomac.

INDIANAPOLIS, *April 30, 1865.*
(Received 11.30 p.m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

The funeral train has just arrived here safely, at 7 a.m.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

INDIANAPOLIS, *April 30, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

Governor Oglesby informs me you assented to Governor Bramlette, of Kentucky, and four of his staff, joining the funeral party here. I have no orders that seem to apply to him. Shall he have tickets?

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, April 30, 1865—5 p. m.
(Sent 8.15 p. m.)

Adjutant-General TOWNSEND,
Indianapolis and Chicago:

Governor Bramlette and staff were authorized to join the train. I have just got your telegram.

EDWIN M. STANTON.

INDIANAPOLIS, *April 30, 1865—11.30 p. m.*
(Received 12.30 a. m. May 1.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

The funeral train will start at midnight.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

*Abstract from return of the Army of the Potomac, Maj. Gen. George G. Meade, U. S. Army, commanding, for the month of April, 1865.**

Command.	Present for duty.		Aggregate present.	Aggregate present and absent.	Pieces of artillery.	
	Officers.	Men.			Heavy.	Field.
General headquarters	35	.....	35	41	.....	.....
Provost Guard (Macy)	82	2,607	3 182	5,042	.....	.....
Engineeer Brigade (Benham)	57	2.333	2 899	4,175	.....	.....
Independent Company Oneida (N. Y.) Cavalry (Batchelder)	1	31	61	102	.....	.....
Artillery (Hunt)†	55	1,995	2,151	4,273	.....	56
Signal Corps (Davis)	8	123	137	151	.....	.....
Second Army Corps (Humphreys)‡	1,154	20,984	27,627	46.246	.....	34
Fifth Army Corps (Griffin)	846	17 552	23,735	36,505	.....	36
Sixth Army Corps (Wright)	852	18,990	23,926	34,081	.....	24
Total	3,090	64,615	83,753	130,616	.....	150

Organization of troops in the Army of the Potomac, commanded by Maj. Gen. George G. Meade, U. S. Army, April 30, 1865.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS.

PROVOST GUARD.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. GEORGE N. MACY.

1st Indiana Cavalry, Company K.
1st Massachusetts Cavalry, Maj. John Tewksbury.
2d Pennsylvania Cavalry, Col. William W. Sanders.
3d Pennsylvania Cavalry, Lieut. Col. James W. Walsh.
3d United States, Capt. John H. Page.
10th United States, Capt. Robert H. Hall.
11th United States, 1st Battalion, Capt. Alfred E. Latimer.
14th United States, 1st and 2d Battalions, Capt. John D. O'Connell.

ENGINEER BRIGADE.

Brig. Gen. HENRY W. BENHAM.

15th New York Engineers, Col. Wesley Brainerd.
50th New York Engineers, Col. William H. Pettes.§
Battalion U. S. Engineers, Bvt. Maj. Franklin Harwood

GUARDS AND ORDERLIES.

Independent Company Oneida (New York) Cavalry, Col. Richard N. Batchelder.

SIGNAL CORPS.

Capt. CHARLES L. DAVIS.

* By general orders, No. 71, War Department, Adjutant-General's Office, April 19, 1865, the Military Division of the James was constituted to consist of the Department of Virginia (see p. 833) and such parts of North Carolina not occupied by the command of General Sherman and including the Army of the Potomac. Maj. Gen. Henry W. Halleck was assigned to the command of the division.

† On detached service; Bvt. Col. Edward R. Warner, 1st New York Light Artillery, temporarily commanding.

‡ On leave from April 22; Bvt. Maj. Gen. Francis C. Barlow temporarily commanding.

§ Commanding detachment at Washington, D. C., the remainder of regiment serving in the field under subordinate officers.

ARTILLERY.*

Bvt. Maj. Gen. HENRY J. HUNT.†

Artillery Reserve.

Brig. Gen. WILLIAM HAYS.

Maine Light, 2d Battery (B), Capt. Charles E. Stubbs.
Maine Light, 3d Battery (C), Capt. Ezekiel R. Mayo.
Maine Light, 4th Battery (D), Capt. Charles W. White.
Maine Light, 6th Battery (F), Capt. William H. Rogers.
Massachusetts Light, 9th Battery, Capt. Richard S. Milton.
Massachusetts Light, 14th Battery, Capt. Joseph W. B. Wright.
New Jersey Light, 3d Battery, Bvt. Maj. Christian Woerner.
1st New York Light, Battery G, Capt. Samuel A. McClellan.
15th New York Heavy, Company F, Capt. Calvin Shaffer.
1st Ohio Light, Battery H, Capt. Stephen W. Dorsey.
1st Pennsylvania Light, Battery B, Capt. William McClelland.
1st Pennsylvania Light, Battery F, Capt. John F. Campbell.
1st Rhode Island Light, Battery E, Lieut. Ezra K. Parker.
5th United States, Batteries C and I, Lieut. Valentine H. Stone.
Vermont Light, 3d Battery, Capt. Romeo H. Start.

SECOND ARMY CORPS.

Maj. Gen. ANDREW A. HUMPHREYS.‡

FIRST DIVISION.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. NELSON A. MILES.

First Brigade.

Col. JOHN FRASER.

26th Michigan, Capt. Lucius H. Ives.
5th New Hampshire, Capt. Augustus J. Hoitt.
61st New York, Col. George W. Scott.
81st Pennsylvania, Capt. James H. Mitchell.
140th Pennsylvania, Capt. William A. F. Stockton.
2d New York Heavy Artillery, Maj. Oscar F. Hulser.

Second Brigade.

Col. ROBERT NUGENT.

28th Massachusetts (five companies), Capt. John Miles.
63d New York (six companies), Capt. William H. Terwilliger.
69th New York, Lieut. Col. James J. Smith.
88th New York (five companies), Lieut. Col. Denis F. Burke.
4th New York Heavy Artillery, Capt. Alva J. Smith.

Third Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. CLINTON D. MACDOUGALL.

7th New York. Col. George von Schack.
39th New York (seven companies), Maj. John McE. Hyde.
52d New York (seven companies), Lieut. Col. Henry M. Karples.
111th New York, Lieut. Col. Lewis W. Husk.
125th New York, Maj. William H. H. Brainard.
126th New York (five companies), Capt. I. Hart Wilder.

Fourth Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. JOHN RAMSEY.§

64th New York (six companies), Lieut. Col. William Glenny.
53d Pennsylvania, Maj. George D. Pifer.
116th Pennsylvania, Capt. Louis J. Sacriste.
145th Pennsylvania, Maj. Charles M. Lynch.
148th Pennsylvania, Capt. John F. Sutton.
183d Pennsylvania, Col. George T. Egbert.

---

* All organizations of artillery, excepting those entered under this head, will be found in the rosters of the commands with which they served.

† On detached service; Bvt. Col. Edward R. Warner, 1st New York Light Artillery, temporarily commanding.

‡ On leave from April 22; Bvt. Maj. Gen. Francis C. Barlow temporarily commanding.

§ On leave from April 20; Col. William M. Mintzer, 53d Pennsylvania, temporarily commanding.

SECOND DIVISION.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. FRANCIS C. BARLOW.

First Brigade.

Col. WILLIAM A. OLMSTED.

19th Maine, Lieut. Col. Joseph W. Spaulding.
19th Massachusetts, Lieut. Col. Edmund Rice.
20th Massachusetts, Lieut. Col. Arthur R. Curtis.
7th Michigan, Lieut. Col. George W. La Point.
1st Minnesota (seven companies), Lieut. Col. Mark W. Downie.
59th New York, Lieut. Col. James A. Jewell.
152d New York, Maj. James E. Curtiss.
184th Pennsylvania, Col. John H. Stover.
36th Wisconsin, Maj. William H. Hamilton.

Second Brigade.

Col. JAMES P. MCIVOR.

155th New York, Lieut. Col. John Byrne.
164th New York, Lieut. Col. William De Lacy.
170th New York, Maj. Charles Hagan.
182d New York (69th New York National Guard Artillery), Lieut. Col. John Coonan.
8th New York Heavy Artillery, Lieut. Col. Joseph W. Holmes.

Third Brigade.

Col. DANIEL WOODALL.

14th Connecticut, Capt. J. Frank Morgan.
1st Delaware, Maj. John T. Dent.
12th New Jersey, Maj. Henry F. Chew.
10th New York (six companies), Lieut. Col. George F. Hopper.
108th New York, Lieut. Col. Francis E. Pierce.
4th Ohio (four companies), Lieut. Col. Charles C. Calahan.
69th Pennsylvania, Capt. Charles McAnally.
106th Pennsylvania (three companies), Capt. John H. Gallager.
7th West Virginia (six companies), Lieut. Col. Francis W. H. Baldwin.

THIRD DIVISION.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. GERSHOM MOTT.*

First Brigade.

Brig. Gen. REGIS DE TROBRIAND.†

20th Indiana, Lieut. Col. Albert S. Andrews.
40th New York, Lieut. Col. Madison M. Cannon.
73d New York (seven companies), Lieut. Col. Michael W. Burns.
86th New York, Lieut. Col. Nathan H. Vincent.
124th New York, Capt. James W. Benedict.
99th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. Peter Fritz, jr.
110th Pennsylvania, Capt. John B. Fite.
1st Maine Heavy Artillery, Lieut. Col. Zemro A. Smith.

Second Brigade.

Brig. Gen. BYRON R. PIERCE.

17th Maine, Maj. Charles P. Mattocks.
5th Michigan, Lieut. Col. Daniel S. Root.
93d New York (seven companies), Lieut. Col. Haviland Gifford.
57th Pennsylvania, Maj. Samuel Bryan.
105th Pennsylvania, Maj. James Miller.
141st Pennsylvania, Capt. John L. Gyle.
1st Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Maj. Nathaniel Shatswell.

---

* Absent wounded from April 6; Brig. Gen. Regis de Trobriand temporarily commanding.

† Commanding division; Col. Russell B. Shepherd, 1st Maine Heavy Artillery, temporarily commanding.

Third Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. ROBERT MCALLISTER.

11th Massachusetts, Lieut. Col. Charles C. Rivers.
7th New Jersey, Col. Francis Price.
8th New Jersey, Maj. Henry Hartford.
11th New Jersey, Capt. Charles F. Gage.
120th New York, Lieut. Col. Abram L. Lockwood.

ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

Bvt. Lieut. Col. JOHN G. HAZARD.

Massachusetts Light, 10th Battery, Capt. J. Webb Adams.
1st New Hampshire, Battery M, Capt. George K. Dakin.
1st New Jersey Light, Battery B, Capt. A. Judson Clark.
4th New York Heavy, Company C, Capt. Richard Kennedy.
4th New York Heavy, Company L, Lieut. Frank Seymour.
New York Light, 11th Battery, Capt. George W. Davey.
New York Light, 12th Battery, Capt. Charles A. Clark.
1st Rhode Island Light, Battery B, Lieut. James E. Chase.
4th United States, Battery K, Bvt. Capt. John W. Roder.

FIFTH ARMY CORPS.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. CHARLES GRIFFIN.

ESCORT.

4th Pennsylvania Cavalry, Company C, Capt. Napoleon J. Horrell.

PROVOST GUARD.

104th New York, Lieut. Col. John R. Strang.

FIRST DIVISION.

Brig. Gen. JOSHUA L. CHAMBERLAIN.

First Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. ALFRED L. PEARSON.

185th New York, Col. Gustavus Sniper.
198th Pennsylvania, Capt. John Stanton.

Second Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. EDGAR M. GREGORY.

187th New York, Lieut. Col. Daniel Myers.
188th New York, Col. John McMahon.
189th New York, Col. Allen L. Burr.

Third Brigade.

Col. J. CUSHING EDMANDS.

1st Maine Sharpshooters (six companies), Capt. George R. Abbott.
20th Maine, Bvt. Maj. Atherton W. Clark.
32d Massachusetts, Lieut. Col. James A. Cunningham.
1st Michigan, Lieut. Col. George Lockley.
16th Michigan,* Col. Benjamin F. Partridge.
83d Pennsylvania, Col. Chauncey P. Rogers.
91st Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. Eli G. Sellers.
118th Pennsylvania, Bvt. Lieut. Col. Henry O'Neill.
155th Pennsylvania, Maj. John A. Cline.

---

* Brady's and Jardine's companies Michigan Sharpshooters attached.

SECOND DIVISION.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. ROMEYN B. AYRES.

First Brigade.

Brig. Gen. JOSEPH HAYES.

61st Massachusetts, Col. Charles F. Walcott.
5th New York (veteran), Lieut. Col. William F. Drum.
140th New York, Lieut. Col. William S. Grantsynn.
146th New York, Col. James Grindlay.
114th Pennsylvania, Bvt. Brig. Gen. Charles H. T. Collis.
15th New York Heavy Artillery (ten companies), Maj. Louis Eiche.

Second Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. ANDREW W. DENISON.*

1st Maryland, Maj. Robert Neely.
4th Maryland, Maj. Harrison Adreon.
7th Maryland, Maj. Edward M. Mobley.
8th Maryland, Lieut. Col. Ernest F. M. Faehtz.

Third Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. JAMES GWYN.

3d Delaware, Capt. John H. Cade.
4th Delaware, Bvt. Lieut. Col. Moses B. Gist.
8th Delaware (three companies), Lieut. Henry Curry.
190th Pennsylvania, Col. William R. Hartshorne.
191st Pennsylvania, Col. James Carle.
210th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. Edward L. Witman.

THIRD DIVISION.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. SAMUEL W. CRAWFORD.

Sharpshooters.

1st Battalion New York (three companies), Capt. Clinton Perry.

First Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. HENRY A. MORROW.

91st New York, Col. Jonathan Tarbell.
6th Wisconsin, Bvt. Lieut. Col. Dennis B. Dailey.
7th Wisconsin, Lieut. Col. Hollon Richardson.

Second Brigade.

Brig. Gen. HENRY BAXTER.

16th Maine, Maj. Abner R. Small.
39th Massachusetts, Capt. Frederick R. Kinsley.
97th New York, Col. John P. Spofford.
11th Pennsylvania, Maj. John B. Overmyer.
107th Pennsylvania, Col. Thomas F. McCoy.

Third Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. RICHARD COULTER.

94th New York, Col. Adrian R. Root.
95th New York, Lieut. Col. James Creney.
147th New York, Col. Francis C. Miller.
56th Pennsylvania, Maj. Henry A. Laycock.
88th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. Louis Wagner.
121st Pennsylvania, Maj. West Funk.
142d Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. Horatio N. Warren.

*Absent wounded from March 31; Col. David L. Stanton, 1st Maryland, temporarily commanding.

ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. CHARLES S. WAINWRIGHT.

Massachusetts Light, 5th Battery (E),* Lieut. Harrison O. Simonds.
1st New York Light, Battery B, Capt. Robert E. Rogers.
1st New York Light, Battery C,* Capt. David F. Ritchie.
1st New York Light, Battery D, Capt. James B. Hazelton.
1st New York Light, Battery E,* Capt. Angell Matthewson.
1st New York Light, Battery H, Bvt. Maj. Charles E. Mink.
1st New York Light, Battery L,* Bvt. Maj. George Breck.
15th New York Heavy, Company M, Capt. William D. Dickey.
4th United States, Battery B, Lieut. William P. Vose.
5th United States, Batteries D and G, Lieut. Jacob B. Rawles.

SIXTH ARMY CORPS.

Maj. Gen. HORATIO G. WRIGHT.

ESCORT.

21st Pennsylvania Cavalry, Company E, Capt. William H. Boyd, jr.

FIRST DIVISION.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. FRANK WHEATON.

First Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. WILLIAM H. PENROSE.

2d New Jersey (two companies), Capt. Adolphus Weiss.
3d New Jersey (one company), Capt. James H. Comings.
4th New Jersey,† Lieut. Col. Baldwin Hufty.
10th New Jersey, Maj. James W. McNeely.
15th New Jersey, Maj. Ebenezer W. Davis.
40th New Jersey, Col. Stephen R. Gilkyson.

Second Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. JOSEPH E. HAMBLIN.

65th New York, Lieut. Col. Henry C. Fisk.
121st New York, Col. Egbert Olcott.
95th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. John Harper.
2d Connecticut Heavy Artillery, Col. James Hubbard.

Third Brigade.

Col. OLIVER EDWARDS.

37th Massachusetts, Capt. Archibald Hopkins.
49th Pennsylvania, Bvt. Col. Baynton J. Hickman.
82d Pennsylvania, Col. Isaac C. Bassett.
119th Pennsylvania, Maj. William C. Gray.
2d Rhode Island (seven companies), Lieut. Col. Elisha H. Rhodes.
5th Wisconsin, Col. Thomas S. Allen.

SECOND DIVISION.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. GEORGE W. GETTY.

First Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. JAMES M. WARNER.‡

62d New York, Lieut. Col. Theodore B. Hamilton.
93d Pennsylvania, Capt. B. Frank Hean.
98th Pennsylvania, Capt. Bernhard Gessler.
102d Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. James Patchell.
139th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. John G. Parr.

Second Brigade.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. LEWIS A. GRANT.

2d Vermont, Lieut. Col. Amasa S. Tracy.
3d Vermont (six companies), Lieut. Col. Horace W. Floyd.
4th Vermont, Col. George P. Foster.
5th Vermont, Lieut. Col. Ronald A. Kennedy.
6th Vermont (six companies), Lieut. Col. Sumner H. Lincoln.
1st Vermont Heavy Artillery, Lieut. Col. Charles Hunsdon.

---

*Serving with Artillery Reserve, Army of the Potomac.

†Three companies of the 1st New Jersey attached.

‡On leave from April 21; Col. Charles W. Eckman, 93d Pennsylvania, temporarily commanding.

Third Brigade.

Col. THOMAS W. HYDE.

1st Maine, Maj. Alexander B. Sumner.
43d New York (five companies), Lieut. Col. Charles A. Milliken.
49th New York (five companies), Maj. George H. Selkirk.
77th New York (five companies), Capt. Charles E. Stevens.
122d New York, Lieut. Col. Horace H. Walpole.
61st Pennsylvania, Col. George F. Smith.

THIRD DIVISION.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. JAMES B. RICKETTS.

First Brigade.

Brig. Gen. TRUMAN SEYMOUR.

14th New Jersey, Col. William S. Truex.
106th New York, Col. Andrew N. McDonald.
151st New York (five companies), Lieut. Col. Charles Bogardus.
87th Pennsylvania, Capt. James Tearney.
10th Vermont, Lieut. Col. George B. Damon.

Second Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. WARREN KEIFER.

6th Maryland, Lieut. Col. Joseph C. Hill.
110th Ohio, Bvt. Col. Otho H. Binkley.
122d Ohio, Lieut. Col. Charles M. Cornyn.
126th Ohio, Col. Benjamin F. Smith.
67th Pennsylvania (seven companies), Capt. John C. Carpenter.
138th Pennsylvania, Col. Matthew R. McClennan.
9th New York Heavy Artillery, Lieut. Col. James W. Snyder.

ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

Bvt. Maj. ANDREW COWAN.

1st New Jersey Light, Battery A, Capt. Augustin N. Parsons.
New York Light, 1st Battery, Bvt. Capt. Orsamus R. Van Etten.
New York Light, 3d Battery, Bvt. Maj. William A. Harn.
9th New York Heavy, Company L, Capt. S. Augustus Howe.
1st Rhode Island Light, Battery G, Bvt. Maj. George W. Adams.
1st Rhode Island Light, Battery H, Capt. Crawford Allen, jr.
5th United States, Battery E, Lieut. John R. Brincklé.
1st Vermont Heavy, Company D (detachment), Lieut. William G. Dunham.

Abstract from return of the Department of Virginia, Maj. Gen. Edward O. C. Ord, U. S. Army, commanding, for the month of April, 1865.

Command.	Present for duty.		Aggregate present.	Aggregate present and absent.	Pieces of artillery.	
	Officers.	Men			Heavy.	Field.
General headquarters	35	.....	35	35	.....	.....
Signal Corps (Paine)	15	103	119	126	.....	.....
First New York Engineers (Hall)	14	647	741	954	.....	.....
Fourth Massachusetts Cavalry (Jenkins)	17	499	617	954	.....	.....
Cavalry Brigade (Mackenzie)	90	2,490	2,907	4,556	.....	.....
First New York Mounted Rifles (Sumner)	30	768	920	1,103	.....	.....
Separate Brigade (Carr)	51	1,220	1,384	1,963	.....	.....
U. S. Forces, Petersburg (Hartsuff)	165	4,313	5,186	7,883	.....	.....
District of Eastern Virginia (Gordon)	150	4,392	5,329	8,959	170	12
Acting Pontoniers (Michie)	4	96	110	232	.....	.....
Twenty-fourth Army Corps (Gibbon)	591	13,558	15,888	31,495	.....	70
Twenty-fifth Army Corps (Weitzel)	417	13,432	14,970	23,964	.....	48
Total	1,579	41,518	48,206	82,224	170	130

Organization of troops in the Department of Virginia, commanded by Maj. Gen. Edward O. C. Ord, U. S. Army, April 30, 1865.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS.

HEADQUARTERS GUARD.

3d Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, Company D, Capt. Edwin A. Evans.
3d Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, Company I, Lieut. Horace P. Mitchell.

SIGNAL CORPS.

Bvt. Maj. JEDEDIAH C. PAINE.

ENGINEERS.

1st New York, Bvt. Brig. Gen. James F. Hall.

UNATTACHED CAVALRY.

4th Massachusetts (detachment), Lieut. Col. Horatio Jenkins, jr.
7th New York (1st Mounted Rifles), Col. Edwin V. Sumner.

CAVALRY BRIGADE.

Brig. Gen. RANALD S. MACKENZIE.

1st District of Columbia (three companies), Maj. J. Stannard Baker.
1st Maryland, Col. Andrew W. Evans.
20th New York (detachment), Col. David M. Evans.
5th Pennsylvania, Col. Robert M. West.
11th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. Franklin A. Stratton.

Artillery.

Wisconsin Light, 4th Battery, Capt. Dorman L. Noggle.

SEPARATE BRIGADE.

Brig. Gen. JOSEPH B. CARR.

Fort Pocahontas, Va.

Lieut. Col. ASHBEL W. ANGEL.

38th New Jersey (four companies), Maj. William H. Tantum.
184th New York, Company I, Capt. George Wetmore.
20th New York Cavalry, Company D, Capt. Wayland F. Ford.
16th New York Heavy Artillery, Companies E and H, Capt. Henry C. Thompson.

Harrison's Landing, Va.

Col. WARDWELL G. ROBINSON.

184th New York (detachment), Lieut. Col. William P. McKinley.
1st U. S. Colored Cavalry, Company I, Capt. David Vandervoort.

Fort Powhatan, Va.

Col. WILLIAM J. SEWELL.

38th New Jersey (detachment), Col. William J. Sewell.
20th New York Cavalry, Company F, Lieut. John E. Pollard.
3d Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery (detachment), Lieut. Frederick Grill.
1st U. S. Colored Cavalry, Company E, Capt. Charles W. Emerson.

U. S. FORCES, PETERSBURG.

Maj. Gen. GEORGE L. HARTSUFF.

INFANTRY DIVISION.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. EDWARD FERRERO.

First Brigade.

Bvt. Brig Gen. GILBERT H. MCKIBBIN.

41st New York (six companies), Lieut. Col. Detleo von Einsiedel.
103d New York (three companies), Capt. William Redlick.
2d Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, Col. Samuel D. Strawbridge.

Second Brigade.

Col. GEORGE C. KIBBE.

6th New York Heavy Artillery, Lieut. Col. Stephen Baker.
10th New York Heavy Artillery, Capt. John H. Parker.

Artillery.

New York Light, 33d Battery, Capt. Alger M. Wheeler.

ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. HENRY L. ABBOT.*

1st Connecticut Heavy Artillery (seven companies), Maj. George B. Cook.
1st Connecticut Heavy Artillery (three companies), } Maj. Albert F. Brooker.
Connecticut Light, 3d Battery, }
1st Connecticut Heavy Artillery (two companies), Maj. George Ager.

U. S. FORCES, CITY POINT.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. CHARLES S. RUSSELL.

16th New York Heavy Artillery (detachment), Col. Joseph J. Morrison.
8th U. S. Colored Heavy Artillery, Maj. William Scott.
10th U. S. Colored Troops, Lieut. Col. Edward H. Powell.
28th U. S. Colored Troops, Lieut. Col. Thomas H. Logan.

DISTRICT OF EASTERN VIRGINIA.

Brig. Gen. GEORGE H. GORDON.

DEFENSES OF NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH.

Brig. Gen. CHARLES K. GRAHAM.

Norfolk.

2d U. S. Colored Cavalry (detachment), Bvt. Brig. Gen. George W. Cole.

Near Norfolk.

104th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. Theophilus Kephart.

Near Portsmouth.

New York Light Artillery, 8th Battery, Capt. Peter Morton.
2d U. S. Colored Light Artillery, Battery B, Lieut. Robert G. Lambert.

Getty's Station.

1st U. S. Colored Cavalry (detachment), Maj. Harvey W. Brown.

Suffolk.

3d New York Cavalry, Col. George W. Lewis.

Fort Hazlett.

13th New York Heavy Artillery, Col. William A. Howard.

---

*Also commanding Siege Train, Army of the Potomac.

PORTSMOUTH.

2d Battalion U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps (detachment), Lieut. James L. Russell.

FORT MONROE.

Col. JOSEPH ROBERTS.

3d Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery (detachment), Col. Joseph Roberts.

EASTERN SHORE.

Lieut. Col. FRANK J. WHITE.

1st Virginia Loyal, Company A, Lieut. Oliver G. Thomas.
Purnell Legion (Maryland) Cavalry, Company A, Lieut. Gideon G. Herbert.
20th New York Cavalry, Company E, Capt. Patrick Fitzpatrick.
11th Pennsylvania Cavalry, Company L, Capt. John C. Sample.
3d Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery (detachment), Lieut. Alpheus H. Bowman.

DISTRICT OF THE PENINSULA.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. BENJAMIN C. LUDLOW.

4th Massachusetts Cavalry, Company G, Lieut. H. Walworth Smith.
20th New York Cavalry, Companies H and K.
1st U. S. Colored Cavalry, Companies A, G, and H.
2d U. S. Colored Cavalry (five companies).

ACTING PONTONIERS.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. PETER S. MICHIE.

3d Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Company I, Capt. John Pickering, jr.

TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS.

Maj. Gen. JOHN GIBBON.*

HEADQUARTERS GUARD.

4th Massachusetts Cavalry, Companies F and K, Capt. Charles E. Thomas.

FIRST DIVISION.

Brig. Gen. ROBERT S. FOSTER.

First Brigade.

Col. THOMAS O. OSBORN.

39th Illinois, Capt. Homer A. Plympton.
62d Ohio, Maj. Thomas J. Platt.
67th Ohio, Col. Alvin C. Voris.
85th Pennsylvania (detachment),† Lieut. Absalom S. Dial.
199th Pennsylvania, Col. James C. Briscoe.

Third Brigade.

Col. GEORGE B. DANDY.

10th Connecticut, Col. Edwin S. Greeley.
11th Maine, Col. Jonathan A. Hill.
24th Massachusetts, Capt. Thomas F. Edmands.
100th New York, Capt. Warren Granger, jr.
206th Pennsylvania, Col. Hugh J. Brady.

Fourth Brigade.

Col. HARRISON S. FAIRCHILD.

8th Maine, Col. William M. McArthur.
89th New York, Capt. Henry C. Roome.
148th New York, Col. John B. Murray.
158th New York, Col. William H. McNary.
55th Pennsylvania, Capt. George H. Hill.

---

* Temporarily absent; Bvt. Maj. Gen. John W. Turner in command.
† Serving as provost guard at division headquarters.

THIRD DIVISION.

Brig. Gen. CHARLES DEVENS.

First Brigade.

Col. GEORGE F. NICHOLS.

11th Connecticut, Lieut. Col. Randall H. Rice.
13th New Hampshire, Maj. Nathan D. Stoodley.
81st New York, Capt. Matthew T. Betton.
98th New York, Maj. William H. Rogers.
139th New York, Capt. William L. McCormick.
19th Wisconsin, Maj. Samuel K. Vaughan.

Second Brigade.

Col. MICHAEL T. DONOHOE.

8th Connecticut, Maj. William M. Pratt.
5th Maryland, Lieut. Col. William W. Bamberger.
10th New Hampshire, Capt. Timothy B. Crowley.
12th New Hampshire, Lieut. Col. Thomas E. Barker.
96th New York, Capt. Moses E. Orr.
118th New York, Lieut. Col. Levi S. Dominy.
9th Vermont, Capt. Linus E. Sherman.

Third Brigade.

Col. SAMUEL H. ROBERTS.

21st Connecticut, Lieut. Col. James F. Brown.
40th Massachusetts, Lieut. Col. John Pollack.
2d New Hampshire, Lieut. Col. Joab N. Patterson.
58th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. Cecil Clay.
188th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. John G. Gregg.

INDEPENDENT DIVISION.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. JOHN W. TURNER.*

First Brigade.

Col. WILLIAM S. LINCOLN.

34th Massachusetts, Lieut. Col. Andrew Potter.
116th Ohio, Lieut. Col. Wilbert B. Teters.
123d Ohio (nine companies),† Lieut. Col. Horace Kellogg.
123d Ohio, Company D,‡ Lieut. Joshua W. Leonard.

Second Brigade.

Col. WILLIAM B. CURTIS.

23d Illinois, Lieut. Col. Samuel A. Simison.
54th Pennsylvania, (detachment),§ Capt. Lewis Rehr.
12th West Virginia, Maj. William Burley.

Third Brigade.

Brig. Gen. THOMAS M. HARRIS.‖

10th West Virginia, Lieut. Col. Morgan A. Darnall.
11th West Virginia, Lieut. Col. William H. H. King.
15th West Virginia, Maj. Fenelon Howes.

ARTILLERY.

Maj. CHARLES C. ABELL.

3d New York Light, Battery E, Capt. George E. Ashby.
3d New York Light, Battery H, Capt. Enoch Jones.
3d New York Light, Battery K, Capt. James R. Angel.
3d New York Light, Battery M, Capt. John H. Howell.
New York Light, 7th Battery, Capt. Peter C. Regan.
New York Light, 17th Battery, Capt. George T. Anthony.
1st Pennsylvania Light, Battery A, Capt. William Stitt.
1st Rhode Island Light, Battery F, Capt. Thomas Simpson.
1st United States, Battery B, Capt. Samuel S. Elder.
4th United States, Battery L, Lieut Henry C. Hasbrouck.
5th United States, Battery A, Lieut. Charles P. Muhlenberg.
5th United States, Battery F, Lieut. Charles H. Paddock.

---

* In command of the corps; Brig. Gen. Thomas M. Harris temporarily commanding.
† At Camp Parole, Annapolis, Md.
‡ Detailed as sharpshooters.
§ Remainder of regiment at Camp Parole, Annapolis, Md.
‖ Commanding division; Lieut. Col. John W. Holliday, 15th West Virginia, temporarily commanding.

TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS.

Maj. Gen. GODFREY WEITZEL.

FIRST DIVISION.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. AUGUST V. KAUTZ.

First Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. ALONZO G. DRAPER.

22d U. S. Colored Troops, Lieut. Col. Ira C. Terry.
36th U. S. Colored Troops, Lieut. Col. Benjamin F. Pratt.
38th U. S. Colored Troops, Col. Robert M. Hall.
118th U. S. Colored Troops, Col. John C. Moon.

Second Brigade.

Col. THOMAS D. SEDGWICK.

9th U. S. Colored Troops, Col. Thomas Bayley.
114th U. S. Colored Troops, Maj. Andrew J. Hogan.
117th U. S. Colored Troops, Col. Lewis G. Brown.

Third Brigade.

Brig. Gen. HENRY G. THOMAS.*

19th U. S. Colored Troops, Col. Joseph G. Perkins.
23d U. S. Colored Troops, Lieut. Col. Marshall L. Dempcy.
43d U. S. Colored Troops, Lieut. Col. H. Seymour Hall.

SECOND DIVISION.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. RICHARD H. JACKSON.

Sharpshooters.

127th U. S. Colored Troops (detachment), Lieut. John Downing.

First Brigade.

Col. JAMES SHAW, JR.

7th U. S. Colored Troops, Lieut. Col. Oscar E. Pratt.
109th U. S. Colored Troops, Col. Orion A. Bartholomew.
115th U. S. Colored Troops, Lieut. Col. George T. Elder.

Second Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. ULYSSES DOUBLEDAY.

8th U. S. Colored Troops, Maj. Abijah S. Pell.
41st U. S. Colored Troops, Col. Llewellyn F. Haskell.
45th U. S. Colored Troops, Lieut. Col. Edelmiro Mayer.
127th U. S. Colored Troops, Lieut. Col. James Givin.

Third Brigade.

Col. WILLIAM W. WOODWARD.

29th U. S. Colored Troops, Col. Clark E. Royce.
31st U. S. Colored Troops, Col. Henry C. Ward.
116th U. S. Colored Troops, Lieut. Col. George H. Laird.

---

* On leave; Col. Stephen B. Yeoman, 43d U. S. Colored Troops, temporarily commanding.

ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

Capt. LOOMIS L. LANGDON.

Connecticut Light, 1st Battery, Capt. James B. Clinton.
New Jersey Light, 4th Battery, Capt. Charles R. Doane.
New Jersey Light, 5th Battery, Capt. Zenas C. Warren.
1st Pennsylvania Light, Battery E, Capt. Henry Y. Wildey.
3d Rhode Island, Battery C, Capt. Martin S. James.
1st United States, Battery D, Lieut. Redmond Tully.
1st United States, Battery M, Capt. Loomis L. Langdon.
4th United States, Battery D, Capt. Frederick M. Follett.

Abstract from return of the Middle Military Division, Maj. Gen. Winfield S. Hancock, U. S. Army, commanding, for the month of April, 1865.*

Command.	Present for duty.		Aggregate present.	Aggregate present and absent.	Pieces of artillery.		Headquarters.
	Officers.	Men.			Heavy.	Field.	
General headquarters	13	.....	13	25	.....	.....	Washington, D. C.
Department of Washington (Augur):							Do.
Infantry and staff	1,518	35,436	44,162	60,931	.....	.....	
Cavalry	171	8,754	9,878	11,532	.....	.....	
Artillery	420	11,407	13,946	16,124	739	382	
Detachment of Signal Corps	9	99	132	138	.....	.....	
Total	2,118	55,696	68,138	88,725	739	382	
Department of Pennsylvania (Cadwalader):							Philadelphia, Pa.
Staff and infantry	105	1,408	1,926	2,975	75	3	
Artillery	1	92	100	209	.....	8	
Detachment of Signal Corps	3	54	61	70	.....	.....	
Total	109	1,554	2,087	3,254	75	11	
Middle Department (Wallace):							Baltimore, Md.
Staff and infantry	84	1,811	2,161	3,088	.....	.....	
Cavalry	18	457	522	704	.....	.....	
Artillery	35	787	1,056	1,787	.....	.....	
Total	137	3,055	3,739	5,579	.....	.....	
Department of West Virginia (Emory):							Cumberland, Md.
Staff and infantry	212	6,534	7,166	8,962	.....	.....	
Cavalry	134	3,892	4,541	5,544	.....	.....	
Artillery	62	2,448	2,824	3,843	41	52	
Total	408	12,875	14,531	18,349	41	52	
Army of the Shenandoah (Torbert):							Winchester, Va.
Staff and infantry	626	15,605	18,240	21,538	.....	.....	
Cavalry	101	2,825	3,424	6,050	.....	.....	
Artillery	21	721	779	921	.....	.....	
Detachment of Signal Corps	6	86	97	149	.....	30	
Total	754	19,237	22,540	28,658	.....	30	
Grand total	3,539	92,417	111,048	144,590	855	475	

* Temporarily commanding in the absence of Maj. Gen. Philip H. Sheridan.

Organization of troops in the Middle Military Division, commanded by Maj. Gen. Winfield S. Hancock, U. S. Army, April 30, 1865.

DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON.

Maj. Gen. CHRISTOPHER C. AUGUR.

SIGNAL CORPS.

Capt. WILLIAM B. ROE.

LIGHT ARTILLERY DEPOT AND CAMP OF INSTRUCTION.

Brig. Gen. ALBION P. HOWE.*

CAMP BARRY, D. C.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. JAMES A. HALL.

Baltimore Battery, Capt. H. Eugene Alexander.
New York Light, 30th Battery, Lieut. Conrad Carrolien.
Pennsylvania Light, Battery C, Capt. James Thompson.
Pennsylvania Light, Battery H, Capt. Edward H. Nevin, jr.
2d United States, Batteries C and E, Capt. Charles H. Peirce.
3d United States, Battery I, Lieut. John G. Turnbull.
4th United States, Battery A, Lieut. Rufus King, jr.
4th United States, Battery G, Capt. Charles B. Throckmorton.
4th United States, Batteries F and H, Lieut. Charles C. Parsons.
5th United States, Battery M, Lieut. Frederick Robinson.
1st West Virginia Light, Battery E, Capt. Alexander C. Moore.

DISTRICT OF SAINT MARY'S, MD.

Brig. Gen. JAMES BARNES.

29th Connecticut Colored Troops, Col. William B. Wooster.
11th U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Lieut. Col. Gilbert S. Jennings.
20th U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Capt. A. Webster Shaffer.
10th U. S. Colored Troops (five companies), Maj. William F. Baker.
20th U. S. Colored Troops (five companies), Maj. Nathan A. Secrest.
Wisconsin Light Artillery, 2d Battery, Capt. Charles Beger.

DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. ORLANDO B. WILLCOX.

FIRST DIVISION, NINTH ARMY CORPS.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. ORLANDO B. WILLCOX.

Provost Guard.

29th Massachusetts (detachment), Capt. John M. Deane.

First Brigade.

Col. SAMUEL HARRIMAN.

17th Michigan, Lieut. Col. Frederick W. Swift.
27th Michigan,† Col. Charles Waite.
109th New York, Lieut. Col. Colwert K. Pier.
51st Pennsylvania, Col. William J. Bolton.
37th Wisconsin, Lieut. Col. John Green.
38th Wisconsin, Col. James Bintliff.

Second Brigade.

Bvt. Col. RALPH ELY.

1st Michigan Sharpshooters, Maj. Edwin J. Buckbee.
2d Michigan, Lieut. Col. Frederick Schneider.
8th Michigan, Maj. Richard N. Doyle.
20th Michigan, Capt. Albert A. Day.
46th New York, Lieut. Col. Adolph Becker.
60th Ohio, Lieut. Col. Martin P. Avery.
50th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. William H. Telford.

* Inspector of artillery, U. S. Army.
† 1st and 2d companies Michigan Sharpshooters attached.

Third Brigade.

Col. ELISHA G. MARSHALL.

3d Maryland (four companies), Bvt. Col. Gilbert P. Robinson.
57th Massachusetts, Lieut. Col. Julius M. Tucker.
59th Massachusetts, Maj. Ezra P. Gould.
18th New Hampshire, Lieut. Col. Joseph M. Clough.
100th Pennsylvania, Col. Norman J. Maxwell.
14th New York Heavy Artillery, Maj. George M. Randall.

DWIGHT'S DIVISION.

Brig. Gen. WILLIAM DWIGHT.

First Brigade.

Brig. Gen. GEORGE L. BEAL.

15th Maine, Col. Isaac Dyer.
29th Maine, Col. George H. Nye.
30th Massachusetts, Lieut. Col. Francis H. Whittier.
114th New York, Col. Samuel R. Per Lee.
116th New York, Lieut. Col. John M. Sizer.

Second Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. EDWIN P. DAVIS.

12th Connecticut (six companies), Lieut. Col. George N. Lewis.
1st Maine Battalion (four companies), Capt. Calvin S. Brown.
153d New York, Lieut. Col. George H. McLaughlin.
47th Pennsylvania, Col. J. P. Shindel Gobin.
8th Vermont, Col. John B. Mead.

Third Brigade.

Brig. Gen. JAMES D. FESSENDEN.

30th Maine, Col. Thomas H. Hubbard.
133d New York, Col. Leonard D. H. Currie.
160th New York, Capt. Henry P. Underhill.
162d New York, Col. Justus W. Blanchard.
165th New York (six companies), Lieut. Col. Gouverneur Carr.
173d New York, Col. Lewis M. Peck.

HORSE ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

Capt. JAMES M. ROBERTSON.

New York Light, 6th Battery, Capt. Moses P. Clark.
2d United States, Batteries B and L, Lieut. John McGilvray.
2d United States, Battery D, Lieut. Edward B. Williston.
2d United States, Battery M, Lieut. William Egan.
3d United States, Battery C, Capt. Dunbar R. Ransom.
4th United States, Batteries C and E, Capt. Marcus P. Miller.

FORT WASHINGTON, MD.

Col. HORACE BROOKS.

Maine Coast Guard, Company A, Capt. Charles Baker.

GREAT FALLS, MD.

1st Pennsylvania Light Artillery, Battery H, Lieut. Horace Templeton.

HYATTSVILLE AND LAUREL, MD.

18th U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps (detachment), Capt. Henry E. Rainals.

CAVALRY FORCES UPPER POTOMAC.

Col. JOHN L. THOMPSON.

1st New Hampshire, Maj. Joseph F. Andrews.
13th New York (four companies), Maj. John Birdsall.

HARDIN'S DIVISION.*

Brig. Gen. MARTIN D. HARDIN.

First Brigade.

Col. CHARLES H. LONG.

Michigan Light Artillery, 13th Battery, Capt. Charles Dupont.
1st New Hampshire Heavy Artillery (nine companies), Col. Charles H. Long.

Second Brigade.

Col. WILLIAM S. ABERT.

3d Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Company A, Capt. Benjamin A. Ball.
3d Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Company D, Lieut. Lewis R. Whittaker.
3d Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Company G, Capt. Thomas Herbert.
3d Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Company H, Capt. George W. Pierce.
3d Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Company K, Capt. Edwin Thomas.
3d Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Company L, Capt. Joseph M. Parsons.
3d Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Company M, Capt. Cornelius F. Driscoll.
3d U. S. Artillery, Battery G, Bvt. Capt. William C. Cuyler.

Third Brigade.

Maj. GEORGE S. WORCESTER.

3d Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Company B, Lieut. James E. Childs.
3d Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Company C, Capt. Alfred W. Brigham.
3d Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Company E, Capt. Leonard Gordon.
3d Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Company F, Capt. Joseph Austin.
Michigan Light Artillery, 14th Battery, Capt. Charles Heine.
Ohio Light Artillery, 1st Battery, Capt. George P. Kirtland.
Pennsylvania Light Artillery, Battery F, Capt. Nathaniel Irish.

FORT FOOTE, MD.

Maj. DEXTER G. REED.

Maine Coast Guard, Company B, Capt. Oliver J. Conant.
1st Pennsylvania Light Artillery, Battery G, Lieut. L. Eugene C. Moore.

CAMP RELIEF.

13th New York Cavalry (four companies), Capt. Frank Lord.

FIRST BRIGADE, U. S. VETERAN RESERVE CORPS.†

Col. GEORGE W. GILE.

150th Pennsylvania, Company K, Capt. Thomas Getchell.
7th U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Maj. John B. Callis.
9th U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Lieut. Col. Robert E. Johnston.
10th U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Col. David P. De Witt.
12th U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Col. John Mansfield.
14th U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps (six companies), Lieut. Col. Carlile Boyd.
18th U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps (six companies), Col. Charles F. Johnson.
24th U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Maj. James W. H. Stickney.
1st Squadron Provisional Cavalry (three companies), Capt. N. Sellers Hill.
Union Light Guard (Ohio) Cavalry, Lieut. James B. Jameson.

---

* Headquarters at Fort Slocum. Troops at Forts Baker, Bayard, Bunker Hill, Carroll, Davis, De Russy, Du Pont, Gaines, Greble, Kearny, Lincoln, Mahan, Mansfield, Meigs, Reno, Ricketts, Saratoga, Simmons, Slemmer, Slocum, Snyder, Stanton, Stevens, Sumner, Thayer, Totten, Wagner, and Batteries Cameron, Kemble, Parrott, and Vermont.

† City Guards.

DISTRICT OF ALEXANDRIA.

Maj. Gen. JOHN G. PARKE.

ESCORT.

2d Pennsylvania Cavalry (two companies), Lieut. Aaron K. Seip.

PROVOST GUARD.

79th New York (five companies), Maj. Andrew D. Baird.

SECOND DIVISION, NINTH ARMY CORPS.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. JOSEPH J. BARTLETT.

First Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. JOHN I. CURTIN.

35th Massachusetts, Col. Sumner Carruth.
36th Massachusetts, Lieut. Col. Thaddeus L. Barker.
58th Massachusetts, Lieut. Col. John C. Whiton.
39th New Jersey, Col. Abram C. Wildrick.
51st New York, Lieut. Col. John G. Wright.
45th Pennsylvania, Bvt. Col. Theodore Gregg.
48th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. Isaac F. Brannon.
7th Rhode Island, Bvt. Col. Percy Daniels.

Second Brigade.

Brig. Gen. SIMON G. GRIFFIN.

31st Maine, Capt. Ebenezer S. Kyes.
2d Maryland, Lieut. Col. Benjamin F. Taylor.
56th Massachusetts, Lieut. Col. Horatio D. Jarves.
6th New Hampshire, Lieut. Col. Phin P. Bixby.
9th New Hampshire, Col. Herbert B. Titus.
11th New Hampshire, Col. Walter Harriman.
179th New York, Maj. Albert A. Terrill.
186th New York, Lieut. Col. E. Jay Marsh.
17th Vermont, Col. Francis V. Randall.

THIRD DIVISION, NINTH ARMY CORPS.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. JOHN F. HARTRANFT.

First Brigade.

Col. ALFRED B. MCCALMONT.

200th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. William H. H. McCall.
208th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. Mish T. Heintzelman.
209th Pennsylvania, Col. Tobias B. Kaufman.

Second Brigade.

Col. JOSEPH A. MATHEWS.

205th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. William F. Walter.
207th Pennsylvania, Col. Robert C. Cox.
211th Pennsylvania, Col. Levi A. Dodd.

ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. JOHN C. TIDBALL.

Maine Light, 7th Battery (G), Capt. Adelbert B. Twitchell
Massachusetts Light, 11th Battery, Capt. Edward J. Jones
New York Light, 19th Battery, Capt. Edward W. Rogers.
New York Light, 27th Battery, Capt. John B. Eaton.
New York Light, 34th Battery, Bvt. Maj. Jacob Roemer.
14th New York Heavy, Company D, Lieut. Frank W. Call.
14th New York Heavy (detachment), Lieut. Joseph P. Cleary.
Pennsylvania Light, Battery D, Capt. Samuel H. Rhoads.

DE RUSSY'S DIVISION.*

Brig. Gen. GUSTAVUS A. DE RUSSY.

First Brigade.

Col. JOSEPH N. G. WHISTLER.

Indiana Light Artillery, 16th Battery, Lieut. John S. Patton.
Maryland Light Artillery, Battery D, Lieut. Richard M. Ray.
29th Company Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Capt. George W. Kenney.
30th Company Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Capt. Samuel R. Bingham.
1st New York Light Artillery, Battery F, Capt. William R. Wilson.
1st New York Light Artillery, Battery K, Capt. Solon W. Stocking.
6th Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, Company E, Capt. Joseph Keepers.
6th Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, Company H, Capt. Malache Leslie.
Pennsylvania Light Artillery, Battery I, Capt. Robert J. Nevin.
Detachment Pennsylvania Light Artillery (recruits), Lieut. Martin O. Lane.
1st U. S. Artillery, Batteries A and F, Bvt. Capt. Hardman P. Norris.
1st U. S. Artillery, Battery E, Lieut. Michael Leahy.
2d U. S. Artillery, Battery G, Lieut. James E. Wilson.
1st West Virginia Light Artillery, Battery C, Capt. Wallace Hill.

Second Brigade.

Col. CHARLES BARNES.

6th Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, Companies A and F, Maj. Frank H. White.
6th Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, Companies B, D, G, K, and L, Lieut. Col. Joseph B. Copeland.
6th Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, Company I, Capt. William H. McCandless.

Third Brigade.

Lieut. Col. SAMUEL C. HART.

4th Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Maj. Francis E. Boyd.
6th Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery (two companies), Capt. David Evans.

Fourth Brigade.

Col. CHARLES C. MESERVEY.

1st Wisconsin Heavy Artillery (nine companies). Col. Charles C. Meservey.

FIRST SEPARATE BRIGADE.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. WILLIAM GAMBLE.

202d Pennsylvania, Col. Charles Albright.
13th New York Cavalry, Col. Henry S. Gansevoort.
14th Pennsylvania Cavalry, Col. James M. Schoonmaker.
4th Massachusetts Heavy Artillery (one company), Capt. Charles P. Winslow.
5th Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, Col. George S. Gallupe.
Massachusetts Light Artillery, 16th Battery, Capt. Henry D. Scott.

SEPARATE BRIGADE.

Brig. Gen. JOHN P. SLOUGH.†

2d District of Columbia, Col. William M. Graham.
26th Michigan, Company F, Lieut. Albert L. Randall.
201st Pennsylvania, Col. F. Asbury Awl.
U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps (four companies), Capt. Andrew Mahoney.
3d U. S. Artillery, Batteries L and M, Capt. John Edwards.

---

* Headquarters near Fort Corcoran. Troops at Forts Albany, Cass, Corcoran, Craig, Ethan Allen, Ellsworth, Farnsworth, Lyon, Marcy, Morton, O'Rorke, Richardson, Smith, Strong, Tillinghast, Ward, Weed, Whipple, Willard, Woodbury, and Batteries Martin Scott and Rodgers.

† Military governor of Alexandria.

CAVALRY DIVISION.

Brig. Gen. GEORGE H. CHAPMAN.

3d Massachusetts, Col. Burr Porter.
21st New York, Maj. George V. Boutelle.
5th U. S. Artillery, Battery L, Lieut. Wallace F. Randolph.

PROVOST DETACHMENTS.

Capt. WILLIAM W. WINSHIP.*

Independent Company C, Pennsylvania Infantry, Capt. Sylvester H. Davis.
12th U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Company F, Lieut. Robert W. Roberts.
14th U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Company E. Capt. Irving F. Wilcox.
Virginia Colored Guard, Company A, Capt. George L. Barnes.
1st Michigan Cavalry, Company D, Capt. Warner H. Pierson.

HOSPITAL GUARDS.

Surg. ROBERT O. ABBOTT.

1st, 2d, 3d, 7th, 8th, 10th, 12th, 14th, 16th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 27th, 33d, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 42d, 44th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 58th, 65th, 69th, 75th, 76th, 78th, 81st, 82d, 86th, 100th 101st, 102d, 104th, 112th, 114th, 116th, 128th, 129th, 144th, 166th, and 170th Companies, 2d Battalion, U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps; Company I (detachment), 2d Regiment, 1st Battalion, U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps; Company G, 18th Regiment, 1st Battalion, U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps; Company D (detachment), 19th Regiment, 1st Battalion, U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps; Company A, 24th Regiment, 1st Battalion, U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps.

DEPARTMENT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Maj. Gen. GEORGE CADWALADER.

CARLISLE, PA.

Cavalry Depot (Carlisle Barracks), Maj. William B. Royall.
Draft Rendezvous, Capt. Henry W. Freedley.

CARBONDALE, PA.

201st Pennsylvania, Company E, Capt. Michael McNally.

CHELTON HILL (CAMP WILLIAM PENN), PA.

Lieut. Col. LOUIS WAGNER.

24th U. S. Colored Troops, Lieut. Col. James M. Trippe.
Recruits, &c.

GREENCASTLE, PA.

U. S. Signal Corps (detachment), Bvt. Capt. William S. Stryker.

HARRISBURG, PA.

Brig. Gen. EDWARD W. HINKS.

16th U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Bvt. Lieut. Col. Frederick A. H. Gaebel.
50th Company, 2d Battalion, U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Lieut. Benj. C. Cook.

YORK, PA.

Surg. ST. JOHN W. MINTZER.

108th Company, 2d Battalion, U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Lieut. William Mitchell.

* Acting provost-marshal-general Defenses South of the Potomac.

JUNIATA DISTRICT.

Maj. JOHN T. MORGAN.

201st Pennsylvania, Company F (mounted), Capt. Thomas F. Maloney.
201st Pennsylvania, Company G, Capt. John T. Ensminger.
Mounted (Pennsylvania) Company, Capt. Joseph K. Weaver.
Patapsco (Maryland) Guards, Lieut. John Downey.
1st New York Light Artillery, Battery A (right section), Lieut. John T. Kingsbury.

DISTRICT OF THE MONONGAHELA.

Capt. GREENLIEF P. DAVIS.

21st U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Company I, Capt. Greenlief P. Davis.

DISTRICT OF PHILADELPHIA.

Brig. Gen. ORRIS S. FERRY.

186th Pennsylvania, Col. Henry A. Frink.
1st New York Light Artillery, Battery A (left section), Lieut. Horace W. Freeman.

MIDDLE DEPARTMENT (EIGHTH ARMY CORPS).

Maj. Gen. LEWIS WALLACE.

PROVOST GUARD.

91st New York, Company E, Lieut. William J. Smythe.

FIRST SEPARATE BRIGADE.

Brig. Gen. ERASTUS B. TYLER.

11th Maryland, Company C, Lieut. Henry Trobler.
213th Pennsylvania (detachment), Lieut. Col. Jacob M. Davis.
1st Delaware Cavalry (seven companies), Capt. Caleb Churchman.
3d Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, Company H, Capt. William D. Rank.

SECOND SEPARATE BRIGADE.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. WILLIAM W. MORRIS.

11th Indiana, Maj. George Butler.
7th New York Heavy Artillery (six companies), Maj. Charles W. Hobbs.
7th New York Heavy Artillery (six companies), Maj. Samuel L. Anable.

THIRD SEPARATE BRIGADE.

Brig. Gen. HENRY H. LOCKWOOD.

11th Maryland (one company), Capt. Henry C. Smyser.
90th New York (six companies), Maj. Honore De La Paturelle.
97th Pennsylvania (one company), Capt. William R. Jones.
8th United States (six companies), Lieut. Col. John R. Edie.
1st Delaware Cavalry (three companies), Lieut. George A. Clark.
5th New York Cavalry (one company), Capt. Edmund Blunt, jr.

DISTRICT OF DELAWARE AND EASTERN SHORE, MD.

Brig. Gen. JOHN R. KENLY.

8th Delaware (one company), Capt. Thomas Crossley.
8th United States (one company), Lieut. Henry E. Hazen.
Independent Cavalry Company (Maryland), Capt. George W. P. Smith.
7th New York Heavy Artillery (detachment), Lieut. George A. Lock.

DISTRICT OF ANNAPOLIS.

Col. FREDERICK D. SEWALL.

213th Pennsylvania (detachment), Col. John A. Gorgas.
Provisional Company, Capt. Henry C. Williams.

DEPARTMENT OF WEST VIRGINIA.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. WILLIAM H. EMORY.

FIRST DIVISION.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. JAMES W. MCMILLAN.

First Brigade.

Col. NATHAN WILKINSON.

3d Maryland Potomac Home Brigade, Lieut. Col. Henry C. Rizer.
28th Ohio, Company A, Lieut. Frederick Hagenbuch.
74th Pennsylvania, Capt. Gottlieb Hoburg.
6th West Virginia, Lieut. Col. Larkin Peirpoint.
17th West Virginia, Col. Charles H. Day.
8th Ohio Cavalry, Maj. Jacob A. Souders.
1st West Virginia Cavalry, Company A, Capt. Harrison H. Hagans.
New York Light Artillery, 32d Battery, Bvt. Maj. Patrick Hart.
1st West Virginia Light Artillery, Battery D, Capt. John Carlin.

Second Brigade.

Brig. Gen. RUTHERFORD B. HAYES.

2d Maryland Potomac Home Brigade, Lieut. Col. James C. Lynn.
2d West Virginia (veteran), Maj. Benjamin D. Boswell.
14th West Virginia, Col. Daniel D. Johnson.
3d Company Ohio Cavalry, Lieut. Waldemar G. Wahle.
22d Pennsylvania Cavalry, Lieut. Col. Andrew J. Greenfield.
Kentucky Light Artillery, 1st Battery, Capt. Daniel W. Glassie.
Maryland Light Artillery, Battery B, Capt. Alonzo Snow.
1st West Virginia Light Artillery, Battery H, Lieut. George W. Burnett.

Wheeling, W. Va.

Col. JAMES WASHBURN.

28th Ohio, Company B, Capt. Frank Birk.
28th Ohio, Company C, Lieut. George Siering.
Independent Virginia Exempts, Company A, Lieut. Thomas McQuinn.

SECOND DIVISION.

Brig. Gen. JOHN D. STEVENSON.

First Brigade.

Col. ROGER E. COOK.

18th Connecticut, Lieut. Col. Henry Peale.
13th Maryland, Lieut. Col. Charles J. Brown.
1st Maryland Potomac Home Brigade Cavalry, Maj. J. Townsend Daniel.
1st Pennsylvania Light Artillery, Battery C, Capt. Sharp L. Richards.

Second Brigade.

Col. SAMUEL GRAHAM.

5th New York Heavy Artillery, Col. Samuel Graham.

Acting Engineers.

Independent Pennsylvania Company, Capt. S. Crawford Smith.

Not brigaded.

25th New York Cavalry, Lieut. Col. Aaron Seeley.
Loudoun (Virginia) Rangers (two companies), Capt. James W. Grubb.
1st Illinois Light Artillery, Battery L, Lieut. John McAfee.
1st Pennsylvania Light Artillery, Battery D, Capt. William Munk.

FIRST SEPARATE BRIGADE.

Col. JOHN H. OLEY.

1st New York Cavalry (veteran), Col. John S. Platner.
7th West Virginia Cavalry, Lieut. Col. John J. Polsley.
1st West Virginia Light Artillery, Battery A, Capt. George Furst.

ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

Bvt. Lieut. Col. HENRY A. DU PONT.

1st Ohio Light, Battery L, Capt. Frank C. Gibbs.
5th United States, Battery B, Bvt. Lieut. Col. Henry A. Du Pont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

132d Company, 2d Battalion, U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Lieut. James Drysdale.

ARMY OF THE SHENANDOAH.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. ALFRED T. A TORBERT.

SIGNAL CORPS.

Lieut. CHARLES F. CROSS.

ENGINEERS.

50th New York, Company I, Lieut. Mahlon Bainbridge.

SECOND PROVISIONAL DIVISION.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. JOHN R. BROOKE.

First Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. GEORGE M. LOVE.

144th Indiana, Col. George W. Riddle.
146th Indiana, Col. Merit C. Welsh.
150th Indiana, Col. Marsh B. Taylor.

Second Brigade.

Col. RICHARD C. DURYEA.

191st Ohio, Col. Robert L. Kimberly.
192d Ohio, Col. Francis W. Butterfield.
193d Ohio, Col. Eugene Powell.
196th Ohio, Col. Robert P. Kennedy.

THIRD PROVISIONAL DIVISION.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. THOMAS W. EGAN.

First Brigade.

Col. ANSON G. MCCOOK.

147th Indiana, Col. Milton Peden.
152d Indiana, Col. Whedon W. Griswold.
194th Ohio, Lieut. Col. Obadiah C. Maxwell.
195th Ohio, Col. Henry B. Banning.

Second Brigade.

Brig. Gen. GREEN B. RAUM.

192d New York, Col. Nathan G. Axtell.
192d Pennsylvania, Col. William W. Stewart.
195th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. William L. Bear.
214th Pennsylvania, Col. David B. McKibbin.

FOURTH PROVISIONAL DIVISION.

Brig. Gen. SAMUEL S. CARROLL.

First Brigade.

Brig. Gen. ISAAC H. DUVAL.

23d Ohio, Col. James M. Comly.
36th Ohio, Lieut. Col. William S. Wilson.
91st Ohio, Col. Benjamin F. Coates.
1st West Virginia (veteran), Capt. Hamilton Willis.
13th West Virginia, Col. William R. Brown.

Second Brigade.

Col. OLIVER WOOD.

1st U. S. Veteran Volunteers, Col. Charles Bird.
2d U. S. Veteran Volunteers, Lieut. Col. Charles von Kusserow.
3d U. S. Veteran Volunteers, Col. Oliver Wood.

CAVALRY.

Col. MARCUS A. RENO.

5th New York, Lieut. Col. Theodore A. Boice.
22d New York, Col. Horatio B. Reed.
12th Pennsylvania, Maj. Edson Gerry.
18th Pennsylvania, Capt. Albert Gardner.
1st Rhode Island, Maj. John Rogers.
2d United States, Capt. Charles E. Norris.
1st U. S. Artillery, Batteries K and L, Capt. Henry W. Closson.

ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

Maj. ALBERT W. BRADBURY.

Indiana Light, 17th Battery, Lieut. Laban Sparks.
Maine Light, 1st Battery (A), Capt. Eben D. Haley.
Maine Light, 5th Battery (E), Bvt. Maj. Greenleaf T. Stevens
New York Light, 5th Battery, Lieut. John V. Grant.
1st Rhode Island Light, Battery D, Capt. Elmer L. Corthell.

Abstract from returns of the Cavalry forces commanded by Maj. Gen. Philip H. Sheridan, U. S. Army, for the month of April, 1865.

[Compiled from subordinate returns.]

Command.	Present for duty.		Aggregate present.	Aggregate present and absent.
	Officers.	Men.		
Army of the Shenandoah (Merritt):				
First Division (Devin)	192	3,338	4,447	13,427
Third Division (Custer)	208	4,556	5,448	12,740
Total	400	7,894	9,895	26,167
Army of the Potomac:				
Second Division (Crook)	220	2,715	8,035	12,730
Grand total	620	10,609	17,930	38,897.

Organization of the Cavalry forces commanded by Maj. Gen. Philip H. Sheridan, U. S. Army, April 30, 1865.

ARMY OF THE SHENANDOAH.

Maj. Gen. WESLEY MERRITT.

FIRST DIVISION.

Brig. Gen. THOMAS C. DEVIN.

First Brigade.

Col. PETER STAGG.

1st Michigan, Capt. Edward L. Negus.
5th Michigan, Col. Smith H. Hastings.
6th Michigan, Col. James H. Kidd.
7th Michigan, Lieut. Col. George G. Briggs.

Second Brigade.

COL. CHARLES L. FITZHUGH.

6th New York, Maj. Harrison White.
9th New York, Maj. James R. Dinnin.
19th New York (1st Dragoons), Lieut. Col. Rufus Scott.
17th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. Coe Durland.
20th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. Gabriel Middleton.

Third (Reserve) Brigade.

Brig. Gen. ALFRED GIBBS.

2d Massachusetts, Col. Casper Crowninshield.
6th Pennsylvania (six companies),* Col. Charles L. Leiper.
1st United States,† Capt. Richard S. C. Lord.
5th United States, Lieut. Gustavus Urban.
6th United States, Maj. Robert M. Morris.
4th U. S. Artillery, Batteries C and E, Capt. Marcus P. Miller.

THIRD DIVISION.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. GEORGE A. CUSTER.

First Brigade.

Col. ALEXANDER C. M. PENNINGTON.

1st Connecticut, Col. Brayton Ives.
3d New Jersey, Lieut. Col. William P. Robeson, jr.
2d New York, Col. Alanson M. Randol.
2d Ohio, Col. A. Bayard Nettleton.

Second Brigade.

Col. WILLIAM WELLS.

3d Indiana (two companies),‡ Lieut. Benjamin F. Gilbert.
8th New York, Col. Edmund M. Pope.
15th New York, Col. John J. Coppinger.
22d New York, Lieut. Col. Horatio B. Reed.
1st Vermont, Lieut. Col. Josiah Hall.

Third Brigade.

Col. HENRY CAPEHART.

1st New York (Lincoln), Col. Alonzo W. Adams.
1st West Virginia, Lieut. Col. Charles E. Capehart.
2d West Virginia (seven companies), Lieut. Col. James Allen.
3d West Virginia, Lieut. Col. John S. Witcher.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

SECOND DIVISION.

Maj. Gen. GEORGE CROOK.

First Brigade.

Brig. Gen. HENRY E. DAVIES, jr.

1st New Jersey, Maj. Walter R. Robbins.
10th New York, Col. M. Henry Avery.
24th New York, Maj. William A. Snyder.
1st Pennsylvania (five companies), Capt. Warren L. Holbrook.

Second Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. IRVIN GREGG.§

4th Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. Alender P. Duncan.
8th Pennsylvania (eight companies), Lieut. Col. William A. Corrie.
16th Pennsylvania, Maj. William H. Fry.
21st Pennsylvania, Col. Oliver B. Knowles.

Third Brigade.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. CHARLES H. SMITH.

1st Maine, Lieut. Col. Jonathan P. Cilley.
2d New York Mounted Rifles, Col. John Fisk.
6th Ohio, Lieut. Col. Frank C. Loveland.
13th Ohio, Lieut. Col. Stephen R. Clark.

Artillery.

2d United States, Battery A, Bvt. Maj. William N. Dennison.

---

*On temporary duty at corps headquarters.
†Detailed as General Sheridan's escort.
‡Reported absent from brigade.
§On leave; Col. Samuel B. M. Young, 4th Pennsylvania Cavalry, temporarily commanding.

Abstract from return of the Department of the East, Maj. Gen. John A. Dix, U. S. Army, commanding, for the month of April, 1865.*

Command.	Present for duty.		Aggregate present.	Aggregate present and absent.	Pieces of artillery.	
	Officers.	Men.			Heavy.	Field.
General headquarters	125	.....	125	125	.....	.....
City and Harbor of New York (Hunt)	38	1,021	1,473	2,310	.....	.....
Boston Harbor and Massachusetts Sea-coast Defenses (Huston)	36	1,372	1,734	1,824	330	.....
Portsmouth Harbor and Maine Sea-coast Defenses (Dawson)	19	635	721	911	.....	.....
Military Districts of Northern and Western New York (Robinson)	95	2,458	3,341	4,725	.....	.....
Other forts	20	824	1,094	1,186	.....	.....
Total	333	6,310	8,488	11,081	.....	.....

Organization of troops in the Department of the East, Maj. Gen. John A. Dix, U. S. Army, commanding, April 30, 1865.

CITY AND HARBOR OF NEW YORK.

Brig. Gen. LEWIS C. HUNT.

Fort Columbus.

Maj. MILTON COGSWELL.

2d United States, Company G, Bvt. Maj. George H. McLoughlin.
2d United States, Company I, Bvt. Lieut. Col. Joseph S. Conrad.
2d United States, Company K, Capt. Adolph W. Kroutinger.
New York Light Artillery, 20th Battery, Capt. B. Franklin Ryer.
Permanent Party, Company A, Capt. La Rhett L. Livingston.
General Service Recruits, invalids, musicians, &c.

Fort Hamilton.

Maj. DICKINSON WOODRUFF.

12th United States (detachment), } Bvt. Maj. James Jackson.
12th United States, Invalid Company A, }
17th United States (detachment), Capt. Edward Collins.

Fort Lafayette.

Lieut. Col. MARTIN BURKE.

17th United States (battalion), Bvt. Maj. James F. Grimes

Fort Richmond.

Capt. DAVID P. HANCOCK.

7th United States, Company A, Capt. David P. Hancock.
7th United States, Company B, Lieut. Frederick E. Grossman.
5th U. S. Artillery, Battery H, Lieut. W. Butler Beck.

*Maj. Gen. John J. Peck, U. S. Army, second in command.

Sandy Hook.

Lieut. Col. ENOCH STEEN.

New York Light Artillery, 28th Battery, Capt. Josiah C. Hannum.

Fort Schuyler.

Capt. JOHN J. ABERCROMBIE.

7th United States, Companies C, D, F, and H, Capt. John J. Abercrombie.

Fort Wood.

Col. CHARLES S. MERCHANT.

6th United States, Companies B, D, G, H, I, and K, Col. James D. Greene.

Battery Barracks.

Capt. JOHN JACKSON.

6th United States (detachment) }
7th United States (detachment) } Capt. John Jackson.

BOSTON HARBOR AND MASSACHUSETTS SEA COAST DEFENSES.

Maj. DANIEL HUSTON, Jr.

Clark's Point and Fort Phœnix (New Bedford).

Capt. CALEB E. NIEBUHR.

1st Battalion Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Company B, Capt. Caleb E. Niebuhr.

Eastern Point (Fort Gloucester).

Capt. LEONARD G. DENNIS.

2d Unattached Company Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, Capt. Leonard G. Dennis.

Fort Glover (Marblehead).

Lieut. MARTIN DUNN.

25th Unattached Company Massachusetts Volunteer Militia (detachment), Lieut. Martin Dunn.

Fort Independence.

Maj. DANIEL HUSTON, Jr.

11th United States, Company A, 3d Battalion, Lieut. Francis A. Field.
11th United States, Invalid Company A, Lieut. Oscar Hagen.
1st Battalion Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Company D, Capt. Thomas J. Little.
1st U. S. Artillery, Battery C and Invalid Company A, Lieut. John J. Driscoll.
Recruits, &c.

Long Point Batteries (Provincetown).

Capt. ROYAL W. THAYER.

21st Unattached Company Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, Capt. Royal W. Thayer.

Fort Miller (Marblehead).

Capt. FITZ J. BABSON.

25th Unattached Company Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, Capt. Fitz J. Babson.

Forts Pickering and Lee (Salem).

Capt. JOHN G. BARNES.

17th Unattached Company Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, Capt. John G. Barnes.

Fort at Salisbury Beach (Newburyport).

Lieut. HORATIO C. SAMPSON.

20th Unattached Company Massachusetts Volunteer Militia (detachment), Lieut. Horatio C. Sampson.

Fort Sewall (Marblehead).

Capt. LEWIS SOULE.

20th Unattached Company Massachusetts Volunteer Militia (detachment), Capt. Lewis Soule.

Forts Standish and Andrew (Plymouth).

Capt. SAMUEL C. GRAVES.

27th Unattached Company Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, Capt. Samuel C. Graves.

Fort Warren.

Maj. HARVEY A. ALLEN.

1st Battalion Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Companies C, E, and F, Maj. John W. M. Appleton.
Recruits.

Fort Winthrop.

Capt. FRANK A. JOHNSON.

19th Unattached Company Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, Capt. Frank A. Johnson.

DEFENSES OF PORTSMOUTH HARBOR AND MAINE SEA-COAST.

Lieut. Col. SAMUEL K. DAWSON.

Calais.

Lieut. EDWIN BICKNELL.

Maine Coast Guard, Company G, Lieut. Edwin Bicknell.

Fort Constitution.

Capt. GEORGE P. THYNG.

1st New Hampshire Heavy Artillery, Company A, Capt. Benjamin F. Wells.
1st New Hampshire Heavy Artillery, Company B, Capt. George P. Thyng.

Fort Knox (Bucksport).

Lieut. GEORGE H. BOARDMAN.

1st Maine Heavy Artillery (detachment), Lieut. George H. Boardman.

Fort Popham.

Capt. AUGUSTIN THOMPSON.

7th Unattached Company Maine Volunteer Militia, Capt. Augustin Thompson.

Belfast Battery.

Lieut. GEORGE S. SMILEY.

Maine Coast Guard, Company F, Lieut. George S. Smiley.

Rockland Battery.

Capt. JAMES L. HUNT.

Maine Coast Guard, Company E, Capt. James L. Hunt.

Eastport Battery (Treat's Island).

Capt. THOMAS P. HUTCHINSON.

Maine Coast Guard, Company C, Capt. Thomas P. Hutchinson.

Machiasport Battery.

Lieut. SAMUEL F. STODDARD, Jr.

Maine Coast Guard, Company D, Lieut. Samuel F. Stoddard, jr.

MILITARY DISTRICTS OF NORTHERN AND WESTERN NEW YORK.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. JOHN C. ROBINSON.

Albany.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. JOHN C. ROBINSON.

3d U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps (two companies), Capt. George S. Smith.
18th U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Company K, Lieut. Eugene D. Dimmick.
21st U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Company B, Lieut. Jabez B. Blanding.
138th Company, 2d Battalion, U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Capt. James W. Brockway.

Ogdensburg.

Lieut. Col. FERRIS JACOBS, Jr.*

26th New York Cavalry (eight companies),† Lieut. Col. Ferris Jacobs, jr.

Elmira, N. Y. (Draft Rendezvous).

Col. BENJAMIN F. TRACY.

149th Pennsylvania, Col. John Irvin.
150th Pennsylvania, Maj. George W. Jones.
General recruits, drafted men, and substitutes.

---

* Also commanding posts of Champlain, Malone, Sackett's Harbor, and Buffalo.
† Frontier defense.

Elmira, N. Y. (Depot Prisoners of War).

Col. BENJAMIN F. TRACY.

2d United States (detachment), Bvt. Capt. William Falck.
12th United States, 1st Battalion, Capt. Benjamin R. Perkins.
1st U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Lieut. Col. Frederick E. Trotter.
19th U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Maj. John H. Donovan.
4th U. S. Artillery, Battery A (section), Lieut. Howard B. Cushing.

Fort Ontario (Oswego, N. Y.).

Col. CALEB C. SIBLEY.

16th United States, Company H, 3d Battalion, Col. Caleb C. Sibley.
Recruits, &c.

General Hospital, Rochester, N. Y.

Actg. Asst. Surg. AZEL BACKUS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Fort Adams, R. I.

Col. OLIVER L. SHEPHERD.

15th United States, Company G, 3d Battalion, Capt. Charles McC. Lord.
Recruits, invalids, &c.

Portsmouth Grove, R. I.

Capt. CHRISTOPHER BLANDING.

Rhode Island Hospital Guards, Company A, Capt. Christopher Blanding.

Forts Preble and Scammel, Me.

Maj. LEVI C. BOOTES.

17th United States, Invalid Company A, Capt. Thomas H. Carpenter.
17th United States, Invalid Company B, Capt. George W. Green.

Saint Albans, Vt.

Maj. JOSIAH GROUT, Jr.

Vermont Frontier Cavalry, 1st and 2d Companies.
2d U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, Company G.
246th Company, 1st Battalion, U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps.

Fort Trumbull, Conn.

Maj. AUGUSTUS A. GIBSON.

14th United States, 2d Battalion, Company B, Bvt. Maj. George K. Brady.
14th United States, 2d Battalion, Company H.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 1, 1865.*
(Received 4.35 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I am informed that the collector at Norfolk will give no clearances to Richmond or elsewhere in Virginia, without a special permit to trade procured from the Treasury Department in Washington, and that the Treasury agents here refuse permits to ship or land goods here except to those who have special authority from Washington, thus converting all trade into a monopoly for the benefit of a favored few. This is leading to great oppression and shameless corruption, and, moreover, by

keeping away provisions and supplies, compels the military to feed a large starving population. If trade were left with no other restrictions than those provided by law this evil would soon be removed. It was understood that the orders issued removed all other restrictions, but Treasury agents give a different interpretation, and permit no one to trade without special authority from Washington.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., May 1, 1865. (Sent 9.10 p. m.)

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond:

The Treasury trade system bids fair to be more nefarious and oppressive than ever before, and all the efforts we have made seem to result in giving them a harder grip and more plunder. I see no other remedy than to drive them away or arrest them. But to-morrow I will bring it before the Cabinet.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 1, 1865.*
(Received 11 a. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT:

Would it not be well to retain here all regular troops of Meade's and Sherman's commands, and to fill them up with recruits preparatory to mustering out the volunteers? Many of the latter express a strong desire to get home in time to put in their crops. I understood from the Secretary of War that when Sherman left North Carolina that State fell within my command. Is it so understood still?

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 1, 1865—11.40 p. m.*

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

Please order Generals Foster and Harris, Twenty-fourth Corps, and Kautz, Twenty-fifth Corps, to Washington, to be here by Thursday next.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 1, 1865—1 p. m. (Received 5 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington:

Permit me, if you have not already acted, to call your attention to the case of General Warren.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 1, 1865—9.10 p. m.*

Maj. Gen. GEORGE G. MEADE,
Comdg. Army of the Potomac, Burkeville, Va.:

I have this day ordered Maj. Gen. G. K. Warren to report to me in person for orders.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, *May 1, 1865—4.10 p. m.*

Major-General MEADE:

I think it would be well to send some staff officers and all your engineers ahead to determine your route and to rebuild bridges, so far as can be done advantageously. Railroad bridges should be repaired and planked over for crossing, and these should be kept in good order for Sherman's army, which will immediately follow yours to Alexandria. Ambulances and wagons for which you have animals should be taken with your army.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 1, 1865.

Brigadier-General INGALLS,
City Point:

The Fifth Corps will be at Petersburg to-morrow night. The balance of the army will leave here Wednesday by way of Amelia Court-House. Should prefer to draw our supplies at Manchester. Shall require about 1,500,000 pounds of forage at that place. Headquarters will leave here by the railroad for City Point at 8 a. m. to-morrow. The bridge over the Staunton River will be finished to-morrow, and the other repairs completed Wednesday. One division of Sixth Corps has been ordered to this place.

R. N. BATCHELDER,
Colonel and Chief Quartermaster.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 78. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GEN.'S OFFICE,
Washington, May 1, 1865.

I. Maj. Gen. N. J. T. Dana, U. S. Volunteers, is relieved from command of the Department of the Mississippi, and Maj. Gen. G. K. Warren, U. S. Volunteers, is assigned to the command of that department.

II. On being relieved Major-General Dana will proceed to his place of residence and from there will report by letter to the Adjutant-General of the Army for orders.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 80.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, May 1, 1865.

Capt. Peter T. Hudson, aide-de-camp, is announced as aide-de-camp on the staff of Lieutenant-General Grant, with the rank of lieutenant-colonel, vice Dent, appointed brigadier-general, U. S. Volunteers.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ARTILLERY HEADQUARTERS, ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 1, 1865.

Brigadier-General HAYS,
Commanding Artillery Reserve, Army of the Potomac:

This army is ordered to Richmond, preparatory to marching to Alexandria. Headquarters will be at City Point to-morrow. General Meade directs that everything not needed by your command on the march will at once be turned in to the proper depots at City Point. You will await further orders. Please acknowledge the receipt of this dispatch.

E. R. WARNER,
Brevet Colonel and Acting Chief of Artillery.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 17.

HDQRS. SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 1, 1865.

General Orders, No. 16, of yesterday, are modified by directions from army headquarters so as to direct that the corps will start on its march with two days' rations on person, six days' in wagons. This will be done without diminishing the number of wagons. It is probable that the corps will not start until Tuesday noon or Wednesday morning.

By command of Brevet Major-General Barlow:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 97.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 1, 1865.

* * * * * * *

6. During the absence of Bvt. Col. J. S. Smith, acting as chief commissary of subsistence of the army, Capt. A. C. Voris, commissary of subsistence of volunteers, will perform the duties of chief commissary of subsistence of the corps.

* * * * * * *

By command of Brevet Major-General Barlow:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CIRCULAR.] HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 1, 1865.

The orders from headquarters Army of the Potomac, directing the march to Manchester, contains the following paragraph:

In making this movement the strictest discipline must be enforced. No depredations on private property will be permitted, and the commanding general confidently relies upon the Army of the Potomac to evince its discipline in time of peace as it has shown its valor in time of war.

The brevet major-general commanding the corps urges division commanders to use the strictest measures to prevent straggling. The necessity for any foraging upon the country no longer existing, no mercy will be shown to any plunderers.

By command of Brevet Major-General Barlow:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 43. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
May 1, 1865.

I. The corps will march to-morrow, 2d instant, in the following order: First, First Division at 5.30 a. m.; second, Third Division at 6 a. m.; third, corps headquarters train; fourth, Second Division will follow the Third Division; fifth, artillery; sixth, ambulances and trains.

II. The attention of division commanders is again directed to paragraph V, of General Orders, No. 19, headquarters Army of the Potomac. All straggling to the front as well as in rear must be prevented, and the men found straggling must be arrested and punished. The strictest measures must be taken to prevent the men from entering private houses or in any way molesting or taking private property.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 1, 1865—12 m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Danville:

Major-General Halleck has notified General Meade that your corps will be withdrawn in a short time. It is understood that you have now ten days' rations on hand, including those at Roanoke Station. All supplies now here will be sent to the rear. A bridge at Staunton River is left for you to bring back with you. Since you are to guard the railroad from this point to Sutherland's the major-general commanding directs that you send a division to this point at once with its proportion of artillery. The commanding officer will send a regiment to Farmville, and will post his troops at points suitable to guard the railroad to Sutherland's.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, May 1, 1865—2.05 p. m.

Major-General WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

Your dispatch of 12 m. is received, and a division will proceed at once to Burkeville Junction and carry out your instructions. The corps has but six days' rations on hand from to-morrow morning, and only three days' forage, including the supply sent to Roanoke Station, Major-General Sheridan having taken from that supply 50,000 rations and 100,000 pounds of forage. It is earnestly desired that a further supply of forage may be sent.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 1, 1865—8.10 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Danville:

Which division do you send to Burke's Station? Please answer as soon as possible.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, May 1, 1865—9.10 p. m.

Brevet Major-General WEBB:

The First Division (Wheaton's) is to go to Burkeville. One regiment left this morning by rail, and I hope to get off the rest of the division to-morrow in the same way.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
May 1, 1865.

So much of the orders of last night as directed the First Division to hold the railroad between Burkeville Junction and this point is revoked, and the First Division will hold that part of the railroad between Burkeville Junction and Sutherland's Station, occupying both of these points. The commanding officer of that division will so dispose his troops as to effect this object in the best manner. The Third Division will hold the railroad between Burkeville Junction and this point, one brigade being stationed at Keysville and the other at South Boston. A force of 100 men, properly officered, will be posted at each station along the line, and the part of the road between the stations will be patrolled at least once in each day. The trains and ambulances of the First Division will move at 6 a. m. to-morrow, proceeding to Burkeville in charge of Capt. Charles G. Finney, assistant quartermaster. The commanding officer of the division will designate a regiment to accompany them as guard.

The commanding officer of the Artillery Brigade will designate two batteries, one smooth-bore and the other rifled, and direct them to report to Major-General Wheaton, commanding First Division. These batteries will move with the trains of that division at 6 a. m. to-morrow.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 38. } HDQRS. FIRST DIVISION, SIXTH CORPS, *May 1, 1865.*

I. This division having been detailed to guard the railroad from Burkeville to Danville, the following assignment of brigades is made: Second Brigade, Brevet Brigadier-General Hamblin, headquarters at Burkeville, will guard the railroad and telegraph lines from that point to Keysville; First Brigade, Brevet Brigadier-General Penrose, headquarters at Clover Station, will guard the railroad and telegraph lines from Keysville to Scottsville Station; Third Brigade, Col. O. Edwards, headquarters at Barksdale's Station, will guard the railroad and telegraph lines from Scottsville Station to the north side of Dan River.

II. The brigade commanders will distribute their regiments over the section assigned to their direction, placing sufficient guards at all bridges and culverts, water-tanks, and railroad depots, and so arrange patrolling parties between each regiment as to insure an inspection of the road and telegraph lines at least once in every twenty-four hours.

III. The most stringent measures will be taken by them to prevent all depredations, and proper guards will be furnished all citizens within the limits of their respective commands.

IV. The commanding officer Second Brigade will furnish all necessary details for loading and unloading and guarding the stores at the depot of the corps, which will be at Burkeville. Capt. R. E. Hayes, commissary of subsistence, Second Brigade, and First Lieut. E. C. Huxley, regimental quartermaster, Second Connecticut Artillery, will, in addition to their other duties, act as depot commissary and quartermaster, and receipt for stores for the corps now at Burkeville.

V. The commanding officer Second Brigade will detail one regiment as guard to the division ammunition and supply trains, which will proceed to Burkeville. Any forage necessary to the train animals on the route may be taken under direction of a commissioned officer, proper receipts for which will be given. Each brigade train will move with the division train until it reaches a point near the headquarters designated in paragraph I, where it will be turned off and join the command to which it belongs.

VI. There will be telegraph operators stationed at the points designated for the headquarters of each brigade, and communication will be open with division headquarters, which will be in the vicinity of Clover Station.

VII. More detailed instructions will be given verbally after the hour for the movement of the different brigades is fully determined. It is believed that railroad transportation for the division and its baggage will be furnished as far as Staunton River.

By command of Brevet Major-General Wheaton:

GEO. CLENDENIN, JR.,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 39. } HDQRS. FIRST DIVISION, SIXTH CORPS, *May 1, 1865.*

I. Paragraphs I, V, VI, and VII, General Orders, No. 38, current series, are hereby revoked. In compliance with orders from the corps commander, this division will move as hereafter directed to guard the railroad and telegraph lines between Sutherland's Station and Burkeville. The following assignment of brigades is made: Second Brigade, Brevet Brigadier-General Hamblin, headquarters at Burkeville, will guard the railroad and telegraph lines from that point to and including Nottoway Court-House Station; Third Brigade, Col. Oliver Edwards, headquarters at Wilson's Station, will guard the railroad and telegraph lines from Nottoway Court-House Station to and including Wilson's Station; First Brigade, Brevet Brigadier-General Penrose, headquarters at Sutherland's Station, will guard the railroad and telegraph lines from Wilson's Station to and including Sutherland's Station.

II. All wagons belonging to the division will leave at 6 o'clock to-morrow morning, together with the two batteries of Captains Adams and Allen, which will precede the trains. All surplus baggage and material at regimental and brigade headquarters should be sent in the wagons. All other baggage and property will be shipped on the cars. The Second Connecticut Heavy Artillery Volunteers, Col. James Hubbard, Second Brigade, is detailed as guard to the trains. Any forage necessary to the train and artillery animals on the route may be taken under direction of a commissioned officer, proper receipts for which will be given.

III. Headquarters of the division will, until further orders, be in the vicinity of Sutherland's Station.

IV. Upon the arrival of the troops at Burkeville they will be supplied with rations by Capt. R. E. Hayes, depot commissary, and forage for the animals by Lieut. E. C. Huxley, depot quartermaster.

By command of Brevet Major-General Wheaton:

GEO. CLENDENIN, JR.,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

BLACKS AND WHITES STATION,
May 1, 1865.

Major-General HALLECK, *Commanding:*

My cavalry move camp here to-night, and will reach Petersburg day after to-morrow, the 3d.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

ORDERS.] BLACKS AND WHITES STATION, VA.,
May 1, 1865—8.40 p. m.

The command will resume the march to Petersburg to-morrow morning, under the direction of Major-General Crook. Forage and rations will arrive during the night, and the divisions will move out after they are issued, encamping to-morrow night in the vicinity of Ford's Depot. General Crook will designate the order of march, the general train following the rear division.

By command of Major-General Sheridan:

JAS. W FORSYTH,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 1, 1865.

Major-General ORD,
Commanding Department:

GENERAL: All colored troops in this department will be assigned to the Twenty-fifth Corps, and that corps will be put into a camp of instruction at City Point or Bermuda Hundred. No more colored troops will be enlisted.

Very respectfully,

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HDQRS. DEPT. OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 1, 1865.

Colonel MARKLAND,
Superintendent of Mails for the Army of the United States:

COLONEL: I am instructed by the major-general commanding the department to say that he deems it important that post-offices be opened with as little delay as possible in the towns recently restored to the possession of the United States in this department in order that the citizens may have facilities for resuming and carrying on their business. It is specially important that this be done at once in Richmond and Petersburg. Fredericksburg, Bowling Green, Columbia, Charlottesville, and Yorktown, are already occupied by U. S. forces, and garrisons will shortly be established at Lynchburg, Staunton, Gordonsville, and Danville. He requests that arrangements be made for the regular transmittal of mails to and from all these places. At those points where garrisons are established these arrangements may be made at once, and at the other points named as soon as the troops reach them.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 50. } HDQRS. DEPT. OF VA., ARMY OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 1, 1865.

In obedience to orders from headquarters Military Division of the James all colored troops in this department are hereby assigned to the Twenty-fifth Army Corps. The corps will at once be placed in camp of instruction at City Point. All detached regiments and companies of colored troops will be relieved and sent to City Point to report to the corps commander.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ARTILLERY HEADQUARTERS, ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 1, 1865.

Brevet Brigadier-General ABBOT,
Commanding Siege Artillery, Army of the Potomac:

This army is ordered to Richmond preparatory to marching to Alexandria. Headquarters will probably be in Richmond to-morrow night,

going by way of City Point. You will await further orders as to the route you will pursue to Alexandria and final disposition of your train. Please acknowledge the receipt of this dispatch.

E. R. WARNER,
Brevet Colonel and Acting Chief of Artillery.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 1, 1865.*

Major-General HARTSUFF:

A ship will leave Fort Monroe, Va., on Saturday morning, the 6th, to carry paroled prisoners to Charleston, Savannah, Pensacola, Mobile, and New Orleans. Those having families here can accompany them. General Ord directs that you impart this information to paroled prisoners in and about Petersburg, but that you will not have a notice published in the newspapers. Any paroled prisoner whose home is any State south of this, excepting Texas, will be given transportation free.

N. M. CURTIS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 1, 1865.*

Major-General HARTSUFF:

The policy is to get rid of the women, children, and needy, rather than support them. The passing North of officers, soldiers, or civilians who have been in the rebel service is for the present prohibited, except by order from Washington. See orders, Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4, of division commander, and other orders published in Richmond papers, for your guidance in other matters.

N. M. CURTIS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
ARMY OF THE JAMES,
In the Field, Va., May 1, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Military Division of the James:

GENERAL: My Third Division was sometime ago detached from my command on special service. It having accomplished the duty on which it was sent I respectfully request that it be ordered to rejoin my corps. They now form part of the Tenth Army Corps in North Carolina. I would respectfully suggest that they be ordered to join me by the overland route, as it would save expense.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS CHIEF ENGINEER OF DEFENSES,
Washington, May 1, 1865.

Brig. Gen. R. DELAFIELD,
Chief of Engineers:

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the circular of the Department of the 29th ultimo, in reference to suspending operations on field fortifications and to collecting and preserving engineer

property. As I suppose the time has now arrived when the policy of the Government in reference to the fortifications of this city should be settled, I take advantage of the occasion of this acknowledgment to ask for more detailed instructions than are contained in the general circular of the Department. I have always supposed that it will be the policy of the Government, even after the termination of the rebellion, to maintain the more important works of defense around this city. It seems to me after our experience during this rebellion that a wise foresight will not permit us to allow the seat of government to become again entirely defenseless. Besides this there will probably be a considerable body of troops hereafter stationed in or around this city, at least for some years to come, and, if so, the present forts will be the best place at which to post them. At present we have seventy-four inclosed forts and armed batteries around this city, each of which requires a garrison or at least a guard to protect it. This is a war establishment, entirely too large and expensive to be maintained in time of peace. Many of these forts and batteries must be abandoned, and if it be decided to maintain some of them the question arises how many and which forts shall be so maintained?

In order to a proper understanding of the subject, I will state that before the receipt of the circular of the Department, I had anticipated, to some extent at least, the orders of the Secretary of War and the instructions of the Department by suspending operations on all new works, and as far as practicable on all the old works of secondary importance, and since that time have confined operations to the more important forts standing on prominent points and commanding the approaches to the city.

To be specific, so that there may be no misunderstanding, I will add that my instructions contemplated the keeping up of twenty forts, ten on each side of the river, viz: North of the Potomac, Fort Carroll, Fort Stanton, Fort Baker, Fort Mahan, Fort Lincoln, Fort Totten, Fort Slocum, Fort Stevens, Fort Reno, and Fort Sumner. South of the Potomac, Fort Lyon, Fort Ellsworth, Fort Worth, Fort Ward, Fort Richardson, Fort McPherson, Fort Whipple, Fort Morton, Fort C. F. Smith, and Fort Ethan Allen. This list, as will be seen, does not include either Fort Foote or Battery Rodgers, the two water batteries for the defense of the river approach to the city, which I took for granted would be maintained. Such was my idea of what ought to be done before I received the circular of the Department, and such is still my opinion. Congress having made "specific appropriations for completing and rendering more permanent the defenses of Washington," it appears to me that, as it is not desirable to keep up all the works, we will be carrying out the intention of Congress in the best possible manner by "completing and rendering more permanent" the works which I have named.

In issuing the orders to which I have alluded I supposed that I had reduced the number of works to a minimum. Though there are twenty forts it may be said that there are only thirteen positions to be held by them, two of which, embracing Forts Lyon and Ellsworth, Worth, and Ward, cover Alexandria, and one, embracing Fort Ethan Allen, covers the Chain Bridge.

The question presented for consideration is one of policy. Does the Government wish any of the works now constituting the defenses of Washington to be maintained? If so, is it desirable that the number of these works should be reduced to a minimum? If these questions are answered in the affirmative then all necessary orders have already

been given and I shall in future confine my operations to finishing the work already commenced at the forts above designated. Holding these we command most of the approaches to the city, and have the skeleton of a line of defense which can readily be built up again on the breaking out of a future war.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

B. S. ALEXANDER,
Lieut. Col., Aide-de-Camp, and Chief Engineer of Defenses.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
May 1, 1865.

Lieut. Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Asst. Adjt. Gen., Hdqrs. Armies of the United States:

I am informed that 39 officers and about 600 men of Echols' command surrendered and were paroled yesterday at Lewisburg, W. Va. A company of the Eighteenth Virginia Cavalry, numbering 56 men, also surrendered to General Emory on Saturday. All the forces in the Valley seem to be coming in. Concurrent reports leave little room for doubt that General Early died of congestive fever near Salem last week.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General of Volunters, Comdg. Middle Military Division.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 1, 1865—5 p. m.*

Brevet Major-General TORBERT,
Commanding Army of the Shenandoah:

GENERAL: I wish to send an expedition to Staunton with twenty-five days' rations, consisting of one brigade of infantry, under a good commander. I would suggest General Duval. I also wish Brigadier-General Carroll to be ready to march here through Loudoun County, with his three regiments of veterans, to join the remainder at Camp Stoneman. I will send you orders in detail. Have them ready. I also wish a good regiment of cavalry to go with the brigade to Staunton. Blank paroles should be sent with the command, and all regular supplies should be paid for, or proper vouchers given. The greatest order should be preserved in the marches, and no depredations upon private property whatever should be permitted.

I am, very respectfully,

W. S. HANCOCK,
Major-General, Commanding Middle Military Division.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE SHENANDOAH,
May 1, 1865.

Brevet Brigadier-General MORGAN,
Chief of Staff, Middle Military Division, Washington, D. C.:

Dispatch from General Hancock received. Colonel Reed with 600 cavalry is now in Staunton with seven days' supplies. Does the general wish the expedition to go up there before Colonel R.'s return?

A. T. A. TORBERT,
Brevet Major-General.

CHICAGO, *May 1, 1865.*
(Received 3.50 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

The funeral train arrived here in safety at 11 this morning.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

BURLINGTON, N. J., *May 2, 1865—10 p. m.*
(Received 11.30 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War, Washington:

After leaving you last evening I had so many papers to examine that it escaped my memory to order General Hancock to send a brigade to Dover, Del. Will you please direct it? I would recommend that orders be given at once to muster out of service all the cavalry whose term will expire before the 1st of September, with the view of getting clear of all that can not be mounted with present stock of horses, also to consolidate what will be left. Two regiments of Kilpatrick's cavalry were ordered to turn over their horses and to come to Alexandria by water. I would recommend mustering them out as soon as they arrive. I would also suggest that orders be given the Quartermaster-General to advertise and sell all horses and mules on hand [not] fit for immediate issue.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 2, 1865.*

Maj. J. B. COLLINS,
Commanding Fourth U. S. Infantry, City Point, Va.:

Report with your command to Brig. Gen. F. T. Dent, at Richmond, for duty until further orders.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 2, 1865.*

Capt. J. W. MASON,
Comdg. Detachment Fifth U. S. Cavalry, City Point, Va.:

Bring your command forward to this place. Turn over your land transportation. On arriving report to these headquarters. The quartermaster's department will furnish necessary transportation.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 2, 1865.

Brigadier-General BENHAM:

The major-general commanding directs that on your arrival at this point you proceed with your command at once by way of Goode's Bridge to Manchester, following the Second Corps and sending an officer ahead to make sure that the bridge is not taken up. All wagons

and ambulances will be taken with you, but the contents of engineering tools, &c., will be sent to City Point by rail to be turned in. You will carry nothing but subsistence and forage in your wagons.

Respectfully,

S. F. BARSTOW,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

BURKEVILLE, *May 2, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. A. S. WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

I am here a little in advance of my command, which I left about three hours since at Meherrin. I expect them in about three and a half to four and a half [hours]. Major Folwell's pontoon train passed here some hours ago. Has the commanding general any other orders in addition to those already sent me to move on to Manchester? Would he not wish me to take some action in relation to the portion of the command and the material now at City Point? Order No. 111 has been handed to me just as the above was sent, and the Engineers will be sent to City Point by the first train that leaves after their arrival.

H. W. BENHAM,
Brigadier-General.

CITY POINT, *May 2, 1865—4.40 p. m.*
(Received 5.20 p. m.)

Brigadier-General BENHAM,
Burke's Station:

Captain Howell has been ordered to take charge of all the movable bridge material here, and to take it to throw a bridge at Broadway Landing for the Artillery Reserve. He will take all with him thence to Mechanicsville. At that point he will await orders from these headquarters. A guard is left here in charge of the remaining material until it shall be moved. You had better leave your command under Colonel Spaulding and join us in Richmond via City Point.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 2, 1865.

The corps will move at 1 o'clock to-day on the road toward Jetersville and Amelia Court-House, passing through Burkeville Junction and crossing the South Side Railroad a little to the east of the junction. The following is the order of march: First, Second Division and its headquarters train; second, corps headquarters train; third, Third Division and its headquarters train; fourth, First Division and its headquarters train; half the ambulances of each division will follow its headquarters train; fifth, artillery and its headquarters train; sixth, balance of ambulances and the medical hospital wagons; seventh, general trains under the direction of chief quartermaster of corps. Each division will send a staff officer to observe the starting of the pre-

ceding division, so as to move close upon it. The leading division will move precisely at the time mentioned above. A rear guard of two regiments will be detailed by General Miles to follow in rear of the general trains. A company of cavalry will follow the rear guard.

By command of Brevet Major-General Barlow:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 98. } HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS, *May 2, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

4. The troops will move precisely at 6 a. m. to-morrow to Goode's Bridge, via Amelia Court-House, under the same orders as in the march of to-day, except that the order of the divisions will be as follows: Third Division, First Division, Second Division. The leading division will get in motion punctually at the hour named. The leading division will send its pioneers one hour ahead to repair the roads so as to make them thoroughly passable for artillery and trains.

By command of Brevet Major-General Barlow:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] HDQRS. ARTY. BRIG., SECOND ARMY CORPS, *May 2, 1865.*

The command will move precisely at 4.30 o'clock in the following order: Battery K, Fourth U. S. Artillery; Battery B, First New Jersey Artillery; Companies C and L, Fourth New York Artillery; Battery M, First New Hampshire Artillery; Twelfth New York Battery; Tenth Massachusetts Battery; B, First Rhode Island Artillery.

By command of Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Hazard:

A. M. E. GORDON,
Lieutenant and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 44. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS, *May 2, 1865.*

The corps will march at 6 a. m. to-morrow, and in the following order: First, Second Division; second, Third Division; third, First Division; fourth, artillery; fifth, trains.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 93. } HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS, *May 2, 1865.*

1. Bvt. Maj. Andrew Cowan, First New York Independent Battery, is assigned to the command of the Artillery Brigade of this corps during the absence of Bvt. Brig. Gen. C. H Tompkins.

2. The batteries ordered to report to Brevet Major-General Getty, on the 27th ultimo, will report back to Bvt. Maj. Andrew Cowan, commanding Artillery Brigade.

* * * * * * *

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

PETERSBURG, *May 2, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK:

My command will be here (Petersburg) to-morrow, the 3d. The men and horses will need rest, and the horses require shoeing at once, which will require some days.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 2, 1865.* (Received 4 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington:

There is a starving multitude here; we are feeding them. Some have money to purchase, but no provisions are for sale. The port was opened for domestic commerce, but the Treasury regulations will not allow clearances except on trade store permits issued by agents of the Treasury Department to goods or provisions to come to Richmond. In the meantime the Government is feeding those who could feed themselves were the provisions here for sale. Cannot this be remedied?

F. T. DENT,
Brigadier-General, Military Commander of Richmond.

PETERSBURG, *May 2, 1865.* (Received 10 a. m.)

Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

Will you please inform me if my letters of the 9th and 22d of April have been received?

Respectfully,

G. K. WARREN,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 2, 1865—7.45 p. m.*

Maj. Gen. G. K. WARREN,
Petersburg, Va.:

Your letters of the 9th and 22d were received, the latter during General Grant's absence. Orders have been sent you to report here, when you can see the general.

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS,
Richmond, Va., May 2, 1865.

Brig. Gen. R. S. FOSTER,
Commanding First Division:

GENERAL: By direction of Major-General Halleck, the commanding general directs that you report at General Grant's headquarters in Washington by Thursday next.

I am, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
T. ELLERY LORD,
Brevet Major and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

(Same to Brig. Gen. T. M. Harris, commanding Independent Division.)

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 14. } HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES,
Petersburg, Va., May 2, 1865.

1. Brevet Major-General Ferrero will in addition to his present duties perform those independent of negro affairs for the sub-district, consisting of the city of Petersburg.

2. Bvt. Brig. Gen. G. H. McKibbin is hereby appointed to the command of the Sub-District of Negro Affairs, composed of the counties of Amelia, Nottoway, Dinwiddie, Prince George, Sussex, and Surry.

3. General McKibbin will station himself at that point which offers the greatest facilities for communication with the whole district.

4. He will retain the command of his brigade, and will continue to make all military reports to General Ferrero, as heretofore. In all that relates to the administration of civil affairs within his district he will report to and receive instructions direct from these headquarters.

5. All applications by farmers and others which relate to agricultural matters or concern negroes will be addressed to the officer commanding the district in which the applicant lives.

By command of Major-General Hartsuff:

J. M. HOWARD,
Major and Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 2, 1865.*

Major-General WEITZEL:

You will command at City Point until receiving further orders.

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 4. } HDQRS. DISTRICT OF ALEXANDRIA,
NINTH ARMY CORPS,
May 2, 1865.

1. The battalion known as the One hundred and fifty-sixth Regiment Indiana Volunteers, Lieut. Col. C. M. Smith commanding, will at once report for duty to Brigadier-General Slough, military governor of Alexandria.

2. Brig. Gen. John P. Slough, military governor of Alexandria, will at once relieve all detachments of the Veteran Reserve Corps serving in his command, directing them to report to Col. George W. Gile, commanding brigade Veteran Reserve Corps at Washington.

* * * * * * *

By command of Major-General Parke:

JNO. C. YOUNGMAN,
Captain and Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 81. } HDQRS. FIRST DIV., NINTH ARMY CORPS, *Washington, D. C., May 2, 1865.*

The Second Michigan Veteran Volunteers is hereby detached from the Second Brigade of this division and detailed for duty in this city. They will report to these headquarters at 7 a. m. to-morrow.

By command of Bvt. Maj. Gen. O. B. Willcox:

W. A. NORTON,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 108. } HDQRS. MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION, *May 2, 1865.*

Brig. Gen. S. S. Carroll, commanding Fourth Provisional Division, Army of the Shenandoah, will turn over to the next in rank the command of the division and proceed to Camp Stoneman, District of Columbia, with all the troops of the First Corps, now under his command.

The command will march by the nearest practical route, taking with it the prescribed transportation and forage and subsistence for the entire march.

The strictest order will be observed on the march and no injury done to inclosures or premises. Proper vouchers will in all cases be given if it should become necessary to obtain supplies in the country.

* * * * * * *

By command of Major-General Hancock:

DUNCAN S. WALKER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FOURTH PROVISIONAL DIVISION,
ARMY OF THE SHENANDOAH,
May 2, 1865.

Lieut. Col. D. S. WALKER,
Asst. Adjt. Gen., Hdqrs. Middle Military Div., Washington, D. C.:

I will leave with the command on the morning of the 4th instant via Berry's Ferry, by Alexandria and Winchester pike.

S. S. CARROLL,
Brigadier-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE SHENANDOAH,
May 2, 1865.

Brig. Gen. I. H. DUVAL,
Commanding First Brigade, Fourth Provisional Division:

GENERAL: In pursuance of orders from headquarters Middle Military Division, the commanding general directs that you move with

your command, excepting the Thirteenth West Virginia Infantry, with twenty-five days' rations in wagons and three days' rations in haversacks, on the morning of the 4th instant, as soon after daylight as possible, for Staunton, Va., for the purpose of paroling such officers and men of the so-called C. S. Army who may wish to avail themselves of the terms granted by General Grant to General Lee, of bringing in as prisoners of war all you may be able to capture who refuse to surrender, and of administering the oath of allegiance to such as may wish to take it.

* * * * * * *

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

WM. RUSSELL, JR.,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 95. } HDQRS. MIDDLE DEPT., 8TH ARMY CORPS, *Baltimore, Md., May 2, 1865.*

The sale of portraits of any rebel officer or soldier, or of J. Wilkes Booth, the murderer of President Lincoln, is forbidden hereafter in this department. All commanding officers and provost-marshals are hereby ordered to take possession of such pictures wherever found exposed for sale, and report the names of the parties so offending, who will be liable to arrest and imprisonment if again guilty of a violation of this order.

By command of Major-General Wallace:

SAMUEL B. LAWRENCE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CHICAGO, *May 2, 1865.*
(Received 11.40 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

The funeral train leaves here at 9.30 this evening.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, *May 3, 1865—5.30 p. m.*
(Received 5.45 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

The special agent of the Treasury has to-day, I am informed, prohibited any wood or coal to be brought into this city for sale without a special permit from Washington. It is now perfectly evident that these agents are resolved that no one shall buy or sell even the necessaries of life except through themselves or their favorites. This is increasing the price of provisions. Corn-meal, the only food of most of the colored population, bears a higher price to-day than under rebel rule. Those who have tobacco or other produce to exchange for provisions, seed, and agricultural implements, are told that they can sell only to particular persons, for none others will be permitted to ship such produce. I know of no better system for robbing the people and driving them to utter desperation. If continued the military must feed the people or permit them to starve.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, *May 3, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

I understand that Treasury officers construe the executive order as annulling that clause of mine which makes spirituous liquors contraband in Richmond. I think the exclusion of such liquors at this time a military necessity. With so many rebel soldiers mingling with ours, and a colored population of over 20,000, mostly idle and destitute, the introduction of spirituous liquors will certainly lead to personal conflicts and perhaps riots. Such an element of disorder should not be introduced.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
Washington, May 3, 1865—10.30 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK,
Commanding Military Division of the James, Richmond, Va.:

You have the authority to exclude spirituous liquor from your command and will therefore exercise it if you deem it necessary to the maintenance of order and military discipline.

ANDREW JOHNSON,
President of the United States.

WASHINGTON, *May 3, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK:

You are instructed to enforce your own order in respect to trade and the sale of spirituous liquors. The President did not design to interfere with, but to ratify it. The order he signed under the representation and belief that I had approved it, which was not true, for my first knowledge of it was seeing it in the papers. If any Treasury agents interfere with your order to the danger of your command arrest and imprison them. In a day or two the whole matter will be properly regulated by the President.

E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 3, 1865.*
(Received 5.30 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT:

Would it not be well to repair the Petersburg and Weldon road as far south as possible so as to meet General Sherman with supplies? It is reported to be in good order south of Stony Creek.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 3, 1865.*

Lieutenant-General GRANT:

General Sheridan's command will reach Petersburg to-day. It will require some days to refit. General Sheridan has been ordered to report to you in Washington.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, D. C., May 3, 1865.

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Commanding Military Division of the James, Richmond, Va.:

GENERAL: General Grant directs that as soon as the Army of the Potomac is well under way you will please relieve Brig. Gen. Rufus Ingalls, quartermaster, from duty at City Point and order him to report to him in person at Washington, D. C.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JNO. A. RAWLINS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

WASHINGTON, *May 3, 1865—5.30 p. m.*

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK:

The Orange and Alexandria Railroad books are reported to be at Lynchburg in danger of destruction by disloyal persons who have hitherto controlled the south portion of the railroad. The State of Virginia owns three-fifths of this railroad, and loyal stock and bond holders have interests to be protected, and fear the destruction of the books and papers. They should be seized by the military authorities and transferred to this city, to be disposed of as the Government may finally determine. I have spoken with the Secretary of War, who authorizes me to request you to have these books and papers secured. The governor of the State asks that the railroad be placed in charge of the board of public works as soon as the military authorities can spare it. Their request is under consideration. They offer to put it in repair and work it on terms to be prescribed by the Government, and apprehend destruction of records by rebel stockholders or their directors, if this request becomes known at Lynchburg or Richmond.

M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 5. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 3, 1865.

I. A court of conciliation consisting of three arbitrators will be established in the city of Richmond.

II. This court will arbitrate such cases as may be brought before it in regard to the right of possession of property, both personal and real, and to the payment of rents and debts where contracts were made upon the basis of Confederate currency, which now has no legal existence. This court will take no jurisdiction of questions of title to property, nor will its decision be any bar to legal remedies when the civil laws and civil courts are re-established.

III. The court will issue the usual process for the attendance of parties and witnesses and the execution of its decisions; appoint its clerks and other officers, and adopt rules for its proceedings. The fees charged will be simply sufficient to pay its expenses. Any surplus will be given to the poor. All parties bringing suit in this court, and all attorneys and agents appearing for them, will be required to take the amnesty oath. No fees will be charged to the poor.

IV. In its decisions the court will be governed by the principles of equity and justice. All alike, white and colored, will be allowed the benefit of its jurisdiction. All proceedings will be simple and brief, and directed solely to ascertaining and securing exact justice.

V. The provost-marshal will refer to this court all questions which come properly within its jurisdiction, and will adopt its decisions so far as concerns the disposition of property belonging to private parties, now in his hands.

VI. As soon as the civil courts are re-established the court of conciliation will cease its functions.

By order of Major-General Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 3, 1865—9.50 p. m.*

COMMANDING OFFICER,
Burkeville:

The squadron of cavalry under Captain Flint will return to Lynchburg and seize the books and papers of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad. All property and papers of the rebel Government will also be seized and guarded till further orders.

ALEX. S. WEBB,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

Commanding officer at Burkeville will endeavor to intercept Captain Flint, now escorting Colonel Duane. If necessary send out pickets on road to Farmville.

A. S. W.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 18. } HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS, *May 3, 1865.*

The corps will march at 6 a. m. to-morrow in the same manner as to-day, in the order: First Division, Second Division, and Third Division. The artillery will proceed as to-day. The infantry will move at 6 o'clock without reference to the artillery. The pioneers of the division will precede the division by one hour, and make the road passable for the artillery and trains.

By command of Brevet Major-General Barlow:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] HDQRS. ARTY. BRIG., SECOND ARMY CORPS, *May 3, 1865.*

The command will move at 5.30 a. m. to-morrow, May 4, in the following order: Battery B, First New Jersey Artillery; Battery M, First New Hampshire Artillery; Twelfth New York Battery; Tenth Massachusetts Battery; Battery B, First Rhode Island Artillery; Battery K, Fourth U. S. Artillery, Companies C and L as provost guard. It is very essential that the command should move precisely at the time stated.

By command of Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Hazard:

A. M. E. GORDON,
Lieutenant and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 45. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS, *May 3, 1865.*

I. The following will be the order of march to-morrow at 6 a. m.:

The Third Division will lead, followed by the First Division; Second Division followed by the artillery. Ambulances and trains in rear.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 3, 1865—1.45 p. m.*

Maj. Gen. H. G. WRIGHT, *Danville:*

You will send all captured property of the rebel government to Richmond or City Point, and will prepare to withdraw your corps from North Carolina as early as it may be deemed safe to do so. Consult with General Schofield, and if telegraph line from Greensborough to Raleigh can be opened at little expense please open it.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 3, 1865.

Major-General SHERIDAN, *Petersburg, Va.:*

Your command on its arrival at Petersburg will be refitted and marched through Richmond to Alexandria. Provisions and forage sufficient for the march will be taken in the trains, and the strictest orders given not to take or disturb any private property. Engineers have been ordered in advance to repair bridges. General Grant directs that you turn over your command to General Crook and report to him in person in Washington.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

PETERSBURG, VA., *May 3, 1865.*
(Received 1 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT, *Washington:*

A telegram from Major-General Halleck directs me to turn over the cavalry to Major-General Crook and report to you in person at Washington. If there is no urgent necessity for my reporting to you at once I would like to remain here for three or four days to get in all the reports of the last campaign and to make out my own.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 3, 1865.*

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT, *Washington:*

General Halleck authorizes the sending away on transports some hundreds of destitute and starving paroled prisoners who had found their way to Old Point, and the quartermaster, James, has a vessel ready to sail with them to Savannah on Saturday next. He now reports that he is ordered not to furnish any paroled prisoners with transportation.

As your order from Appomattox Court-House of April 10 specially authorizes free transportation to be furnished such paroled prisoners on Government transports, I think there is some mistake on the part of the quartermaster-general, and even if no such order had issued these people can't get home except by turning highway robbers on the road, and I presume it is not the desire of the Government to turn them loose on these terms.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General, Commanding.

CITY POINT, VA., *May 3, 1865.*

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington, D. C.:

I find I am mistaken in supposing your order from Appomattox April 10 allows any transportation home to rebel prisoners going south. I shall try to dispose of the 400 at Old Point in some other way.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 3, 1865.

Major-General ORD,
Commanding Department of Virginia:

GENERAL: All persons, without regard to their rank or employment, in the civil or military service of the late rebel government will be permitted to take the amnesty oath and will receive the corresponding certificate. Those excluded from the benefit of such oath can make application for pardon and restoration to civil rights, which applications will be received and forwarded through the proper channels, for the action of the President of the United States. The fact that such persons have voluntarily come forward and taken the oath of allegiance will be evidence of their intention to resume the status of loyal citizens and constitute a claim for executive clemency.

Very respectfully,

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 52. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA. ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 3, 1865.*

The following order is promulgated for the information of this command:

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 59. } HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES, *City Point, Va., March 24, 1865.*

The following-named officers are, by authority of the Secretary of War, assigned to duty with their brevet rank, and will report to Maj. Gen. E. O. C. Ord, commanding Department of Virginia, for orders: Bvt. Maj. Gen. August V. Kautz, U. S. Volunteers; Bvt. Maj. Gen. John W. Turner, U. S. Volunteers.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FOURTH MASSACHUSETTS CAVALRY,
Camp Lee, Richmond, Va., May 3, 1865.

Maj. H. B. SCOTT,
Commanding Fourth Massachusetts Cavalry:

MAJOR: I have the honor respectfully to report that in accordance with your orders I proceeded with a detachment of the regiment to Hanover County, and have carefully scouted through that portion said to be infested by guerrillas, and have ascertained, after close and particular inquiry, that no such bands exist. The depredations complained of by Miss Goodwin, as well as many others reported by the inhabitants, who appear quiet and peaceably disposed, were committed by three stragglers from the U. S. Army, and I have heard of no outrages other than those perpetrated by them. The offenses alleged against the home guard are stated by the people generally to be utterly false. They have been acting under the orders of General Lee in the arrest of deserters, &c. Captain Anderson and Lieutenant Berkley, the two officers of the force, are both men of great respectability, and stand high in the estimation of the public. With regard to the alleged murder of the man Askew, I have been informed that he was a notoriously bad character, and was shot under lynch law as a thief and barn-burner by a party of citizens having no connection with the home guard. I have the honor further to report that stragglers from the U. S. Army are wandering through the county and exciting some alarm in the minds of the inhabitants, who are to a great extent, particularly the small farmers, in a state of great destitution and in numerous cases totally unable to cultivate their lands for want of horses and mules.

I have the honor to be, major, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOSEPH J. BAKER,
Captain, Fourth Massachusetts Cavalry, Commanding Detachment.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
May 3, 1865.

Col. E. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

I am in camp below Bailey's Creek. This is the nearest camp below City Point I could get. I will build a bridge across the creek, and will appoint some brigade commander post commander as soon as the garrison reports to me. I will make my headquarters with my troops.

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
Washington, D. C., May 3, 1865.

Maj. Gen. C. C. AUGUR,
Commanding Department of Washington:

GENERAL: The major-general commanding directs that you send a brigade of infantry to Dover, Del., to encamp in the vicinity of the town until further orders.

I am, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

E. B. PARSONS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 3, 1865.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. O. B. WILLCOX,
Commanding District of Washington:

GENERAL: The major-general commanding desires the following changes made in the disposition of troops on the Upper Potomac, viz: The line of pickets now on the river to be relieved and patrols established instead; the command to be concentrated, with headquarters at Darnestown—one company at Rockville, one company at Poolesville, and strong detachments at Edwards and Conrad's Ferries, and such other important points on the river as you may designate. He desires also that the commanding officer be directed to pick up all paroled prisoners within his limits, sending those who decline to take the oath of allegiance to Col. T. Ingraham, provost-marshal of this city, with rolls specifying name, rank, and residence. Those who announce their willingness to take the oath of allegiance will be permitted to return to their homes to await the action of the War Department. Rolls specifying name, rank, and residence of such will be forwarded to the Adjutant-General's Office through these headquarters.

I am, general, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,
J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF THE PATUXENT,
Port Tobacco, Md., May 3, 1865.

Col. J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General:

COLONEL: I have the honor to report that I assumed command of this district this morning and found everything in much better shape than I expected, owing to the energy and skill of Colonel Wells. I have made no different dispositions of the troops from those reported by Colonel Wells to you. I would respectfully suggest that the hour of departure of the boat from Washington be changed to 1.30 p. m., which would get her here before dark. The channel is very bad here, and in the night is very difficult to find.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
JOS. J. BARTLETT,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

[Indorsement.]

Boat now leaves at 4 p. m. The general would like the hour changed, as requested by General Bartlett.

J. H. T[AYLOR].

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 5. } HDQRS. DISTRICT OF ALEXANDRIA,
NINTH ARMY CORPS,
May 3, 1865.

1. Brig. Gen. S. G. Griffin, Second Brigade, Second Division, Ninth Army Corps, is assigned to the command of the Second Division of the corps.

2. Bvt. Brig. Gen. John I. Curtin, First Brigade, Second Division, Ninth Army Corps, is assigned temporarily to the command of the Third Division of the corps.

* * * * * * *

By command of Maj. Gen. John G. Parke:

JNO. C. YOUNGMAN,
Captain and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
May 3, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT,
Commanding Army of the Shenandoah, Winchester, Va.:

Major-General Hancock directs that you offer a reward of $5,000 for the apprehension and delivery at any military post of Col. John S. Mosby, C. S. Army. The money will be paid at once. This to include reward of $2,000 previously offered by the general.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HARPER'S FERRY, VA., *May 3, 1865.*

Brigadier-General BROOKE,
Stephenson's Depot:

The One hundred and fifty-fourth Indiana Volunteers has arrived. I have ordered it to report to you in accordance with telegraphic orders from General Hancock.

JOHN D. STEVENSON,
Brigadier-General.

HDQRS. MIDDLE DEPARTMENT, EIGHTH ARMY CORPS,
Baltimore, Md., May 3, 1865.

Brig. Gen. W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General, War Department:

Rebel deserters are constantly being sent here from Richmond and other points in that vicinity who desire transportation to their homes in Georgia, Tennessee, Missouri, and other distant points. Shall it be furnished to them? The expense involved is very great; in some cases they have to be sent back to Richmond in order to reach their homes. I await your orders before giving any more transportation.

LEW. WALLACE,
Major-General of Volunteers.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
May 3, 1865.

Maj. Gen. LEW. WALLACE,
Commanding Middle Military Department, Baltimore:

Major-General Hancock directs me to inform you that a brigade of infantry has been ordered from the Department of Washington to Dover, Del., to encamp near the town until further orders. They will

of course be under your command and will report to you. There are no special orders for them. They are ordered there on account of certain disloyal manifestations on the part of some of the people. The brigade will probably leave here to-day.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., *May 3, 1865.*
(Received 4.30 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

The funeral train arrived here without accident at 8.40 this morning. The burial is appointed at 12 m. to-morrow, Thursday.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., *May 3, 1865.*
(Received 4.35 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

The duty assigned me has been completed promptly and safely, and I believe satisfactorily to all parties.

Your obedient servant,

D. C. McCALLUM,
Brevet Brigadier-General.

PHILADELPHIA, *May 4, 1865—12 midnight.*
(Received 11 a. m. 5th)

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I think General Halleck's notion of allowing railroad companies to rebuild their roads in Virginia the best course to pursue. If you concur will you please so telegraph him?

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

PHILADELPHIA, *May 4, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

There will be no need of repairing the Weldon road to supply Sherman. There would not be time to repair it out one day's march from Petersburg before his troops will be up. Having no ammunition to haul they will find no difficulty in hauling supplies for the whole march.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 4, 1865—1 p. m.*
(Received 4.30 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT:

General Meade has arrived here, and the Second and Fifth Corps will probably start from Manchester to-morrow. A squadron of cav-

alry sent to Lynchburg reports that that city is held by about a thousand of Mosby's guerrillas, and that parties are conscripting horses and arms in the country under orders of Governor Smith. I have directed Sheridan to send out a brigade of cavalry to capture them if possible, and bring them in. Wheaton's division of Sixth Corps has been ordered from Danville back to Burkeville. I propose soon to issue an order that all armed men in Virginia who do not surrender by a certain date shall be held as outlaws and robbers.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 4, 1865—2.30 p. m.*
(Received 7 p. m.)

Lieutenant-General GRANT:

General Rosser has offered to collect his command and surrender them at Staunton. I have ordered a regiment of cavalry there to receive their arms and paroles. On its return it will be stationed at Gordonsville to preserve order and repress any incipient guerrillas. To supply it the railroad should be opened to that place. The company can do this in a few days if permitted to purchase iron at the Tredegar works. I shall direct the officer in charge to sell them what is required for that purpose, the money or obligation to pay being held subject to the disposal of the Government.

By rendering these companies slight assistance. to be paid for hereafter, I think these roads can be repaired and put in operation much cheaper by them than by the Government. This of course will not affect the question of confiscating the stock of rebel stockholders.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

PHILADELPHIA, *May 4, 1865—12 midnight.*
(Received 11 a. m. 5th.)

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

I gave General Hancock several days ago verbal instructions to treat all men in arms in Virginia as you propose to notify them you will do. I wish you would have efforts made to arrest Smith, Hunter, Letcher, and all other particularly obnoxious political leaders in the State. I would advise offering a reward of $5,000 for Mosby, if he is still in the State.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 4, 1865—9.50 a. m.*

Lieutenant-General GRANT,
Philadelphia:

General Sheridan desires to remain three or four days at Petersburg for the purpose of getting up his reports. Can he do so?

JNO. A. RAWLINS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 4, 1865.

Major-General SCHOFIELD,
Raleigh:

General Sherman having relinquished the command of North Carolina, that State comes within this military division. Please communicate with General Wright, at Danville and Greensborough, in regard to the withdrawal of his troops to Virginia. Paroled officers and men of the rebel army cannot, under existing circumstances, be permitted to go to Northern States, nor can public transportation be furnished to them.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 3. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 4, 1865.

The First Connecticut Heavy Artillery, Brevet Brigadier-General Abbot commanding, is hereby detached from the Army of the Potomac and is assigned to duty in the Department of Virginia.

By order of Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 20. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 4, 1865.

The following instructions have been received from the War Department:

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 4, 1865.*

Major-General MEADE:

All soldiers, patients in hospitals (except veteran volunteers, veterans of the First Army Corps, Major-General Hancock's, and soldiers of the regular army), will, as soon as they shall cease to require medical treatment, be at once mustered out of service in the usual manner. Should the commissary of musters and his assistants be insufficient to perform this duty promptly, you are authorized to appoint such additional assistants as you may consider necessary, and to avail yourself of such mustering officers within the geographical limits of your command as, in the judgment of the chief mustering officer, can be spared from their present duties.

The commissary of musters must take especial pains to see that the commanding officers of the regiments, and the chief mustering officers of the States to which the soldiers belong, are each furnished with a copy of the muster-out roll. An extra copy may be made for this purpose if necessary.

Soldiers, whose claims for pensions are entitled to consideration, should be discharged on the usual surgeon's certificate of disability.

Soldiers absent on furlough from hospitals will be notified by the surgeon in charge to report to the nearest chief mustering officer for muster-out, and required to acknowledge the receipt of the notification. As soon as their acknowledgment of the notification is received, their descriptive lists will be sent to the chief mustering officer to whom they report. Should they return before receiving such notification they will be mustered out as the others.

A copy of the muster-out roll of all men will be furnished to the Adjutants-General of the States to which the regiments belong.

It is expected that department commanders will use every exertion to have this duty performed promptly and correctly.

By order of the Secretary of War:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

The musters in the several hospitals connected with this army will be made under the direction of the acting chief commissary of musters, who will detail mustering officers from the several corps and assign them to points where their services may be required, and, in case the number of these should be insufficient to perform the duty, will send in the names of suitable officers for temporary appointment to supply the deficiency.

The medical director will give such directions to the officers of his department at City Point and elsewhere as will facilitate as much as possible the prompt execution of the foregoing orders.

By command of Major-General Meade:

S. F. BARSTOW,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 114. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *Richmond, Va., May 4, 1865.*

1. The Depot Field Hospital of the army, now at City Point, will be removed to Alexandria, Va.

* * * * * * *

7. The Army of the Potomac will move through Richmond at 9 a.m. to-morrow, crossing at the upper pontoon bridge at the foot of Seventeenth street, and in the following order: First, Provost Guard, General Macy commanding; second, Engineer Brigade, General Benham commanding; third, Fifth Army Corps; fourth, Second Army Corps. No wagons or wheeled vehicles of any kind, except batteries, will be allowed in the column. The wagon trains, in the order designated for the commands in the above order of march, will take the lower bridge, and, crossing the lower canal bridge, will move east on Water street to Twentieth street, then north and up the Mechanicsville road through Mechanicsville. The headquarters train, the engineer train, and the Fifth Corps train will take the most direct road to Peake's Turnout, and will join its corps at that point. The Fifth Corps train will follow the Fifth Corps on the march to Alexandria. The headquarters train and the engineer train will precede the Fifth Corps. The train of the Second Corps will, after passing Mechanicsville, take the road to New Yellow Tavern, and will rejoin its corps at that point. It will follow the Second Corps on the march from that point. After crossing the upper pontoon bridge the route of march will be as follows: Up Seventeenth street to Cary street; east on Cary street, past Castle Thunder and Libby Prison; north on Nineteenth street to Main street; west on Main street to Thirteenth street; through Capitol street, west to Ninth street; south to Franklin street; west to First street; north to Broad street; west to Brook avenue, and then north toward Hanover Court-House. The Fifth Corps will encamp at or near Peake's Turnout; the Second Corps at or near Old Yellow Tavern, on the Brook road. Supplies will be carried for twelve days.

The provost-marshal-general will, after passing to the Brook road, detach a portion of the cavalry to proceed to Twentieth street and the Mechanicsville turnpike, with orders to post sentinels on that road to arrest all stragglers from the trains. He will guard the road taken by the wagons.

* * * * * * *

By command of Major-General Meade:

S. F. BARSTOW,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 19. } HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS, *May 4, 1865.*

The corps will move to-morrow at 6 a. m. in the same manner as to-day except that the artillery and its headquarters train will follow the headquarters trains of rear division (First Division), and the reserve ambulances will follow the artillery trains. The divisions will move as follows: Second Division, Third Division, First Division. The Second and Third Divisions will move at 6, and the First Division and the artillery will wait until they have passed.

By command of Brevet Major-General Barlow:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 20. } HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS, *May 4, 1865.*

The corps will march through Richmond to-morrow. The Second and Third Divisions will begin the march at 5 a. m., instead of 6 a. m. Rations will be issued at once to-night, sufficient to give the command four days' on the person from to-morrow, and the train will move to Manchester to-night, to be filled up with eight days' rations and ten days' forage. No wagons of any description will march through Richmond with the troops, but on arriving at Manchester will be directed by another road. Division commanders will see the importance of having the troops march in the greatest order and regularity to-morrow. The order of march will be as previously indicated, except that all the artillery will follow the leading division, and that no wagons will march with the troops. The reserve and other ambulances will move to Manchester after the supply and forage train to-night, and all headquarters and other wagons will move to Manchester after the troops in the morning and march with the supply train in the morning. In the march of the train from Manchester in the morning the corps headquarters wagons will precede; then the headquarters wagons of the divisions and the artillery in the order in which their respective commands move in the column to-morrow; then the ambulances, and last the supply and forage train. In the march to-morrow the pioneers of divisions will precede their respective commands.

By command of Brevet Major-General Barlow:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS ARTILLERY BRIGADE, SECOND ARMY CORPS, *May 4, 1865.*

The command will move at 6 a. m. to-morrow, May 5, in the following order: Battery M, First New Hampshire Artillery; Twelfth New York Battery; Tenth Massachusetts Battery; B, First Rhode Island Artillery; K, Fourth U. S. Artillery; B, First New Jersey Artillery.

By command of Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Hazard:

A. M. E. GORDON,
Lieutenant and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 46. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS, *May 4, 1865.*

I. In compliance with instructions from headquarters Army of the Potomac no men will be permitted to enter Richmond, either with or without passes, except on public business.

II. Supplies will be at once drawn to make twelve days' rations for the entire command, and when the corps moves the men will have two days' pork on their persons and four days' marching rations.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, Va., May 4, 1865—4 p. m.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. C. KELTON, *Chief of Staff, Richmond, Va.:*

Will commence shipping captured property to City Point to-morrow, when the railroad will be in working order. The telegraph is in working order to Raleigh. I have withdrawn all force from North Carolina, except a few safeguards, and the corps is now posted as follows, or will be to-morrow: One division at Burkeville, holding the road from that point to Sutherland's Station, with one regiment at Farmville guarding hospitals at that point, and two divisions in advance of this place but within the Virginia line, with guards upon the railroad to Burkeville. Everything is quiet; no danger of any outbreak, except of paroled men or vagrant negroes, upon the citizens. A single regiment here would, I think, be a sufficient force for this part of the country. What is most needed is the establishment of local civil authority, for the want of which the citizens are suffering. This is a matter which calls for the prompt action of the Government.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 4, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. H. G. WRIGHT, *Danville:*

All justices of the peace who take the amnesty oath and you deem reliable and worthy direct them to resume their functions to preserve order. Appoint to vacancies good, reliable men. Hang up all guerrilla bands and all paroled prisoners who violate their parole. Keep the negroes on their plantations, and seek to arrange all differences between them and their masters so that crops may be cultivated. Local authorities will be arranged as soon as possible.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

DANVILLE, VA., *May 4, 1865.*

Lieut. Col. R. P. LINCOLN,
Acting Assistant Inspector-General, Burkeville:
(Care of General Hamblin.)

General Wheaton directs the Second and Third Brigades to camp near Burkeville and Wilson's Station. About 100 men will be left at each intermediate station to patrol the line and guard the station.

GEO. CLENDENIN, JR.,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 4, 1865—12.30 p. m.*

Maj. Gen. P. H. SHERIDAN,
Petersburg, Va.:

Major-General Wright will be directed to furnish you his official report.

JNO. A. RAWLINS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 4, 1865.*

Major-General SHERIDAN, or
Major-General CROOK,
Petersburg:

Information is just received that there is an armed body of rebels in Lynchburg which resisted a detachment sent there by General Meade. Also, that guerrillas are collecting arms and horses under orders of Governor Smith and the sheriff of Appomattox County. You will immediately send a brigade of cavalry to capture these rebels and their abettors and bring them to Richmond. Supplies can be drawn from the depot at Burkeville.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
Petersburg, May 4, 1865—5 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK,
Commanding Military Division of the James, Richmond, Va.:

Your telegram about sending a brigade of cavalry to Lynchburg has been received. Unless the necessity for doing so is great I beg that you will postpone the movement. All of the cavalry now here is much reduced in flesh and wants a short rest. If a brigade is sent to Lynchburg at the present time the loss will be serious in animals.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
ARMY OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 4, 1865.

Major-General SHERIDAN,
Petersburg:

Lynchburg affairs are not so pressing as appeared at first. Still it is important that a cavalry brigade be prepared as early as possible. Transfer horses so as to mount it as well as you can and have forage sent out by rail for its use. A most reliable officer must be put in charge. Telegraph when it is ready. The Secretary of War attaches much importance to the expedition in discovering important matters. I presume the remainder of your cavalry can have ample time to rest and recruit.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
ARMY OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 4, 1865.

Major-General ORD,
Commanding Department of Virginia, Fort Monroe:

GENERAL: Voris has gone with his regiment forty miles out on the Virginia Central Railroad, with orders to extend his command to the mountains. The Eleventh Pennsylvania Cavalry are under orders, by direction of General Halleck, to march to Staunton to receive the arms and public stores of Rosser's command, which are to be collected and paroled there the 10th instant. The Army of the Potomac are to march through the city at 9 a. m. to-morrow. I gave Colonel Smith permission to suspend the order for the execution of the colored soldier for committing rape. An order from the War Department requires such cases to be submitted to the President. No further orders having been received from Washington permitting the ship to sail with paroled prisoners, I have directed all to wait here until a final decision is given.

N. M. CURTIS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS,
Richmond, Va., May 4, 1865.

The corps will parade to-morrow at 9 o'clock to receive the Army of the Potomac on its march through Richmond. The line will be formed with the Third Division on the right, the Second Division in the center, and the First Division on the left. The right will rest at the corner of Cary and Nineteenth streets and will extend up Nineteenth street to Main street, along Main to Thirteenth street, up Thirteenth to Capitol street, along Capitol street and around Capitol Square to Franklin street, along Franklin street to First street, up First street to Broad street, along Broad street to Brook avenue, and thence out Brook avenue. Division commanders will time the march of their respective divisions so that the line can be formed by 9 a. m. Arms will be presented by regiments to army, corps, division, and brigade commanders as they severally pass, after which the troops will stand at an order arms. Major Abell, chief of artillery, is hereby charged with forming the line.

By command of Bvt. Maj. Gen. J. W. Turner:

C. C. ABELL,
Major and Chief of Artillery, Twenty-fourth Army Corps.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
ARMY OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 4, 1865.

Lieutenant-Colonel STRATTON,
Commanding Eleventh Pennsylvania Cavalry:

SIR: The commanding general directs that you proceed to Staunton, Va., to receive the surrender of General Rosser's command. By agreement with the authorities here he is to have his command collected and necessary steps taken for their parole on the 10th instant. The general terms are the same as those agreed upon between Generals Grant and Lee. All public stores appertaining to said command,

whether of ordnance, quartermaster's, or commissary will be received by you. The ordnance stores will be brought to such point on the Virginia Central Railroad as is in communication with this place by cars, and thence sent forward to the chief of ordnance of this department by railroad. All quartermaster's and commissary stores will be distributed to the needy persons of the country between Staunton and Gordonsville. When you shall have received the public stores of General Rosser's command you will return to Charlottesville and communicate with these headquarters by telegraph, or, should there be no communication with this place by telegraph or cars, you will go to such point of the Central Railroad that there is. In your march through the country you will hold your command to the strictest rules of discipline and order, giving protection to persons and property, and bands of outlaws and guerrillas infesting the country will be broken up, and the partisans sent to these headquarters for trial. You will move with fourteen days' rations and short forage for your command. You will forward from Charlottesville, or such other place as you return to, a full report of your operations, indicating the number of arms received, quantity of quartermaster's and commissary stores and the disposition made thereof. Such instructions as you may need hereafter will be received from Brevet Brigadier-General Voris, commanding the district, or from these headquarters direct.

I am, very respectfully, &c.,

N. M. CURTIS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 6. } HDQRS. DISTRICT OF ALEXANDRIA, NINTH ARMY CORPS, *May 4, 1865.*

1. Bvt. Maj. R. H. I. Goddard, aide-de-camp, is temporarily detailed as acting assistant adjutant-general at these headquarters.

* * * * * * *

By command of Maj. Gen. John G. Parke:

JNO. C. YOUNGMAN,
Captain and Assistant Adjutant-General.

WINCHESTER, VA., *May 4, 1865.*
(Received 1 p. m.)

Brig. Gen. C. H. MORGAN,
Washington:

Carroll started at daylight this morning, and will march via Berry's Ferry and Upperville. A delay of one day was caused by the laying of the pontoon bridge. Duval left for Staunton this morning with 2,000 infantry and 4,000 cavalry.

A. T. A. TORBERT,
Major-General, Commanding.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA., *May 4, 1865.*

Brevet Major-General MCMILLAN,
Grafton, W. Va.:

Refugees and citizens arriving at Beverly report Rosser and Jackson organizing a force at Staunton for a raid on Beverly and Buckhannon,

Jackson is reported to have joined a force of 500 on his march to Staunton. The scouts of Beverly are out to feel the country and gather information. Will keep you advised.

N. WILKINSON,
Colonel, Commanding Brigade.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA., *May 4, 1865.*

Col. G. HOBURG,
Commanding, Beverly, W. Va.:

Scout the country constantly and thoroughly, and keep me fully advised of all rumors and movements of the enemy. Be on the alert day and night.

N. WILKINSON,
Colonel, Commanding Brigade.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA., *May 4, 1865.*

Col. CHARLES H. DAY,
Bulltown, W. Va.:

There is a rumor of an intended raid on West Virginia. Have your scouts well out. Be on the alert night and day, and keep me fully advised of all information and rumors.

N. WILKINSON,
Colonel, Commanding Brigade.

SPRINGFIELD, *May 4, 1865.*
(Received 6.30 p. m.)

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON:

The officers of the guard of honor having seen the remains of President Lincoln safely deposited in the vault, and having delivered the key to Capt. Robert T. Lincoln, will start at 10 this evening by the express train via Pittsburg, Harrisburg, and Baltimore, for Washington.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, May 5, 1865.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL:

General Grant recommends that the following orders be issued, and you will prepare and promulgate them accordingly:

First. To muster out immediately all the cavalry whose term of service will expire before the 1st of September.

Second. To consolidate what cavalry will be left.

Third. To direct the quartermaster-general to sell all horses and mules on hand not fit for immediate issue.

Your obedient servant,

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, *May 5, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK:

The following dispatch, just received from General Grant, is approved, and you are authorized to act in accordance with it.*

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, *May 5, 1865—10 p. m.*

Major-General HALLECK:

Can you procure any of the torpedoes made at Richmond in imitation of pieces of coal? You may also find documents or reports touching rebel naval matters, which we should like, to make up a correct history of the rebel navy. We have the proof that the coal shells were made at Richmond.

G. V. FOX,
Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 6. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 5, 1865.*

I. From and after the 20th instant all persons found in arms against the authority of the United States in the State of Virginia and North Carolina, will be treated as robbers and outlaws.

II. Any person in these States, who shall assist or advise the organization of guerrilla bands, or the continuation of hostilities against the authority of the United States, will be arrested, tried by a military commission, and punished with death or otherwise less severely, according to the circumstances of the case.

III. All military officers of this division, and especially the commanders of the posts and districts, will be charged with the preservation of good order within their respective commands. They will use their influence to reconcile all differences between freedmen and their former masters, and will assure the freedmen that they will be required to labor for the support of themselves and families, but that they are free to select their own employers and make their own bargains. They must be made to understand that the Government will protect, but cannot support them. All classes must be shown the absolute necessity of planting and cultivating crops this spring and the coming summer, in order to avoid want and starvation in the country.

IV. For minors not cared for by their parents the apprentice system will be introduced as early as practicable. For children too young to labor, and who have been abandoned by their natural protectors, it is advised that houses of refuge be established, where they may be cared for and educated.

V. Interest, as well as humanity, requires that the former masters of the colored race should unite in devising the best measures for ameliorating their condition, and introducing some practical system of hired labor. To this end all military authorities will lend their aid.

By order of Major-General Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

---

* See May 4, 12 midnight, p. 1081.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. —. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *May 5, 1865—9.30 a. m.*

The movement of troops ordered for this day will be deferred until to-morrow, when it will take place in accordance with previous instructions. The several commands will remain in their former camps or select camps adjacent to the point where they may be on receipt of the order.

By command of Major-General Meade:

S. F. BARSTOW,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 115. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *May 5, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

4. Under paragraph 7, Special Orders, No. 114, May 4, 1865, the Army of the Potomac will pass through Richmond to-morrow, the head of the column passing the upper pontoon bridge at 9 a. m. For the infantry the route of march will be changed so as to pass on Twentieth street to Main street from Cary, instead of through Nineteenth street as ordered.

The wagon trains will move through Twenty-first street to Franklin street, then west to Nineteenth street, then north toward Mechanicsville. The headquarters and Fifth Corps trains keeping east of the Virginia Central Railroad will move toward Hanover Court-House, but the Fifth Corps train will not proceed beyond the junction of the road leading from the Brook road to Hanover Court-House until after the passing of the Fifth Corps; this train will then follow its corps. The trains of the Second Corps will leave the route of the Fifth Corps trains and taking the Meadow Bridge road will cross the Virginia Central Railroad and will await the passage of its corps at the junction of this road with the road leading from the Brook road to Hanover Court-House.

General headquarters will be at or near Hanover Court-House.

5. Brigadier-General Benham, after marching the Engineer Brigade through the city to-morrow morning, will repair to City Point and complete his arrangements for shipping the pontoon and siege material under his charge at that point to the city of Washington, upon which he will repair to that point and arrange for the proper care and storage of that material and for the disposition of the troops of the Engineer Brigade as they shall report there.

* * * * * * *

By command of Major-General Meade:

S. F. BARSTOW,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 21. } HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS, *May 5, 1865.*

The movement of the corps ordered for to-day is deferred until to-morrow. Division commanders and commander of Artillery Brigade will put their troops in camp in the vicinity of the place where they

now are, and report the location to these headquarters. No officers under the rank of brigade commanders, except staff officers, will be permitted to visit Richmond or Manchester. Orders for the movement of to-morrow will be sent. The rations will be kept up to four days' on person, and eight days' in wagons.

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 96. } HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS, *Danville, Va., May 5, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

3. All captured property will be turned in to the quartermaster's department, to be sent as rapidly as practicable to City Point and delivered over to the military authorities at that place. Capt. J. F. Hazelton, assistant quartermaster of volunteers, is hereby directed to receive the property at the depot and forward it with the proper invoices, a duplicate of which will be retained here. All books, records, papers, &c., belonging to the late Confederate Government will be included in the property thus turned over, but will be forwarded to Col. R. D. Cutts, aide-de-camp, keeper of public archives at Richmond, Va., as required in General Orders, No. 3, paragraph 1, headquarters Military Division of the James, April 25, 1865.

* * * * * * *

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 5, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. P. H. SHERIDAN,
Petersburg, Va.:

You have permission to remain at Petersburg until you complete your report.

JNO. A. RAWLINS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
Petersburg, Va., May 5, 1865.

Major-General CROOK,
Commanding Second Cavalry Division:

GENERAL: I am instructed by the major-general commanding to inform you that he will leave here early to-morrow morning and take the 10 o'clock boat for Washington. The general thinks that you had better come over to-morrow morning and occupy his quarters. The department and staff officers will remain here subject to your orders.

I am, general, very respectfully,

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

RICHMOND, *May 5, 1865—6.15 p. m.*

Major-General ORD,
Fort Monroe:

You will immediately make every possible preparation at the ports to prevent the entrance of the rebel steamer Stonewall into any harbor in your department. Ammunition should be in readiness and the guns continually manned.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

(Same to General Schofield, Raleigh.)

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS,
Richmond, Va., May 5, 1865.

COMMANDING OFFICER FIRST DIVISION:

The commanding general directs me to inform you that the corps will parade to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock, to receive the Army of the Potomac, according to instructions issued from these headquarters, dated May 4, 1865. Major Abell, chief of artillery, is charged with forming the line.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

T. ELLERY LORD,
Brevet Major and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

(Same to commanding officers of the Second and Third Divisions and Maj. C. C. Abell, chief of artillery.)

RICHMOND, *May 5, 1865.*

Major-General WEITZEL,
Commanding Twenty-fifth Corps:

The Secretary of War requires a speedy report of what is necessary for the proper organization of the Twenty-fifth Corps; what officers are requisite and what number of clerks to do staff duty. Please furnish these headquarters with the necessary statement at once.

By order of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES,
Petersburg, Va., May 5, 1865.

Brevet Brigadier-General McKIBBIN:

GENERAL: You will as soon as possible make a personal examination of the country included in your district to ascertain its condition and necessities. Make arrangements before leaving for a supply of seeds, &c., for the use of farmers, so that it may be obtained on your order. During your tour give orders on the spot for seed to those needing it, so as to save valuable time. Give negroes everywhere to understand that they must go to work at once. Inform them clearly as to their own rights and duties as well as the rights of owners of land and other

property. Set them at work when possible and provide employers with laborers, looking properly to the interests of both. Oblige negroes to leave their former owners in cases where they have been living on them when the owner does not wish them to remain with him, or where the negroes will not work. Ascertain the most suitable place or places in each county of your district for the establishment of a farm for negro labor, which shall also be an employment agency and a station for such troops as may be necessary for police purposes until other arrangements can be made. Place yourself in communication with the most prominent and influential men and obtain from them all the information about the country and people possible. Complete your tour just as rapidly as circumstances will admit, recollecting the very great importance of time to farmers at this season. Returning to this city make your report and be prepared to inaugurate your work.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. L. HARTSUFF,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
May 5, 1865.

Lieut. Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Hdqrs. Armies of the United States:

COLONEL: I have the honor to report that General Torbert, commanding Army of the Shenandoah, reports to me by telegram of this date that the cavalry force under Colonel Reed, of the Twenty-second New York Cavalry, has returned from Staunton having paroled about 750 men, in addition to those heretofore reported. Generals Rosser and Lilley left Staunton the day before Colonel Reed arrived there, having been engaged without success in endeavoring to raise men to go south. General Torbert expects to receive on Monday the surrender of the remnant of Dearing's old brigade. The people are reported as well disposed. Guerrillas are reported as troublesome in the vicinity of Mount Jackson. I have directed a force to be sent against them, and no quarter to be shown.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General of Volunteers, Comdg. Middle Military Division.

The return of Colonel Reed does not interfere with the movement of the force of infantry and cavalry now en route for Staunton, which left Winchester yesterday morning. The number previously reported as paroled in the Valley is about 2,300.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General of Volunteers, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
OFFICE PROVOST-MARSHAL-GENERAL,
DEFENSES NORTH OF THE POTOMAC,
Washington, D. C., May 5, 1865.

Col. T. INGRAHAM,
Provost-Marshal-General, Defenses North of the Potomac:

COLONEL: I have the honor to report that, in obedience to instructions from the major-general commanding, dated May 3, 1865, "requir-

ing the number and strength of the different guards in this city under your control, and also the number and strength of the patrols and an explanation of the system now in force for patrolling the city," I proceeded to ascertain the number and strength required and report the same as follows:

	Officers.	Enlisted men.
Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Depot	1	41
Soldiers' Rest	3	137
Old Capitol Prison	1	75
Carroll Prison	1	65
Central Guard-House	2	44
Long Bridge	2	63
Aqueduct Bridge	2	70
Sixth and Seventh Street Wharves	3	176
On duty at these headquarters	.....	35
Cavalry force on duty as vedettes	.....	28

I have also the honor to submit a copy of the rules and regulations established April 1, 1865, for the government of the infantry patrol while under the command of Capt. J. T. Potts. The patrol force as now reported consists of 3 officers and 112 men, and is increased or decreased by orders from commanding officer First Brigade, Veteran Reserve Corps, as the exigencies of the case may seem to demand. The above details, although reported as under the control of this office, are immediately governed and controlled by orders from headquarters First Brigade, Veteran Reserve Corps, except so far as relates to seizures and duties of guards at bridges and ferries. None of the above force are reported at this office daily except those stationed at Long Bridge, Aqueduct Bridge, and Sixth and Seventh Street Wharves. The details referred to above will most probably be returned on report from headquarters First Brigade, Veteran Reserve Corps, to department headquarters, but the force reported are the only troops doing duty at the posts mentioned.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. R. WALBRIDGE,
Captain and Assistant.

[Inclosure.]

Instructions for Infantry Patrols.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
OFFICE PROVOST MARSHAL-GENERAL,
DEFENSES NORTH OF THE POTOMAC,
Washington, D. C., April 1, 1865.

The following rules and regulations, being abstracts of all others heretofore issued from these headquarters, are published for the information of all officers commanding detachments of the provost-guard and patrol:

1. The principal avenues and streets should be thoroughly patrolled three times each day, particular care being taken to visit all places known to be habitually frequented by officers and soldiers.

2. Patrols, as a general rule, should be under charge of a commissioned officer; but patrols under the charge of reliable sergeants may be sent into localities where only enlisted men are likely to be found.

3. The officer of the patrol shall examine the passes of all officers of the army and soldiers whom he shall meet or discover in making his

rounds; shall visit all drinking establishments to see if they are conforming with the military regulations, and shall assist the civil authorities as far as may be proper in preserving the peace of the city.

4. All officers found in the city without authority will be ordered to report in arrest at these headquarters at 10 o'clock on the following morning. If an officer shall be found in a state of intoxication or disorderly he will be committed to the Central Guard-House, or sent to these headquarters under guard, as the circumstances of the case may require. Particular care will be taken by the officer of patrol that the officer arrested identifies himself and does not escape punishment by giving wrong name or regiment.

5. All soldiers found in the city without proper authority, or drunk or disorderly, will be committed to Central Guard-House.

6. An unexpired furlough will be considered authority for an enlisted man to be absent from quarters after tattoo.

7. All brothels and bawdy-houses will be visited as frequently as possible during the evening, and if found disorderly the inmates will be ordered to report at the Central Guard-House on the following morning, to be convicted by the testimony of the officer having command of the patrol.

8. Theaters and other places of amusement will be visited every evening for the inspection of passes.

9. Officers of patrol shall report at 9 o'clock each morning the action of his patrol the preceding day, giving full name, rank, company, and regiment (or staff corps) of every officer arrested, when and where arrested, for what offense, and how disposed of; also the names, companies, and regiments of all enlisted men arrested, and for what offense. Any other official acts of the patrol may be embodied in special reports.

10. In cases of riots or extensive fires the patrols should be constantly under arms to await orders from these headquarters. Should the officer of patrol hear or be notified of disorderly assemblages or riots, he is empowered to use all reasonable efforts to quell them without awaiting orders, providing that a portion of his force shall always be in reserve at the barracks.

11. In case of extensive fires, to which the patrol may be ordered to repair, it shall be the first duty of the officer to place suitable guards for the protection of exposed property, to prevent unnecessary destruction and pillage and protect the firemen and their apparatus from interruption or violence.

12. Officers of patrols are reminded of the necessity of exercising extreme courtesy in their official conduct. They should, as much as possible, combine affability with firmness in the execution of their duties, showing no favor nor countenancing any violation of military rules.

By order of T. Ingraham, colonel and provost-marshal-general, Defenses North of the Potomac.

JOHN T. POTTS,
Captain, Commanding Military Detectives and Patrols.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 56. } HDQRS. DEPT. OF WEST VIRGINIA, *Cumberland, Md., May 5, 1865.*

Those men in West Virginia who claim to be rebel soldiers and who have refused to surrender on the very liberal terms heretofore offered them, will hereafter have no claim when captured to be considered

prisoners of war. Stealing horses is their principal vocation, and private gain their object. They are in fact banditti, and liable to be treated as such.

Commanding officers are therefore directed, and all good citizens are requested, to use their utmost exertions to hunt them down and rid the country of their presence. When captured they will be forwarded, with the evidence of their unlawful practices, to these headquarters for speedy trial by military commission.

By command of Brevet Major-General Emory:

TH. MELVIN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WINCHESTER, VA., *May 5, 1865.*
(Received 11.10 a. m.)

Brig. Gen. C. H. MORGAN:

Colonel Reed, Twenty-second New York Cavalry, has returned from Staunton. Generals Rosser and Lilley left there the day before he arrived. They were trying to organize a party to go south, but were meeting with no success. Colonel Reed paroled about 750 men. He was troubled some by guerrillas at Mount Jackson and Harrisonburg. The country generally is quiet and the people well-disposed. Detailed report will be forwarded in the morning.* I expect to receive the surrender of Lieutenant-Colonel White, C. S. Army, with the remnant of Dearing's old brigade. He will rendezvous his command on Monday at Paris, and will probably come in on the same day.

A. T. A. TORBERT,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
May 5, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT,
Commanding, &c., Winchester, Va.:

Major-General Hancock directs me to acknowledge receipt of your report of Colonel Reed's operations, and to say that wherever guerrilla parties are operating they are to be hunted down and no quarter given.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
May 5, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT,
Commanding Army of the Shenandoah, Winchester, Va.:

The One hundred and ninety-third New York Volunteers is ordered to your command. The general desires it assigned to General Egan's division.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

---

* See Part I, p. 1322.

HDQRS. SEVENTY-FOURTH REGT. PENNSYLVANIA VOLS.,
Beverly, W. Va., May 5, 1865.

Lieut. JAMES P. WILKINSON,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General, Clarksburg:

Scouts just returned from Greenbrier River brought in four rebels who contradict themselves. I sent them to headquarters as soon as I had an escort. If agreeable, I shall send out a strong scouting party toward Pocahontas to find out the foundation of the prevailing rumors.

G. HOBURG,
Colonel, Comdg. Seventy-fourth Regt. Pennsylvania Vols. and Post.

ENGINEER DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., May 6, 1865.

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.:

SIR: The defenses of Washington at this time consist of seventy-four inclosed forts and armed batteries, each having a guard or garrison, and armed with 905 guns of various calibers, with magazine stores with powder and fixed ammunition amounting to about 200 rounds per gun, or 181,000 rounds. This system of defensive works envelopes the city, navy-yard, Alexandria, and Georgetown, and was constructed against rebel enemies who could approach by land from north, south, east, and west, and is about thirty-two miles in extent. The necessity for this extensive system of temporary works no longer exists, and I recommend that fifty-one of these forts and inclosed batteries be at once dismantled, the artillery and stores of all kinds withdrawn, and deposited either in the remaining twenty-three forts or at the arsenals, stores, and depots under charge of the different military departments of the army. After disarming, dismantling, and withdrawing the stores, a guard should remain to protect the property from fire and injury, and measures taken to restore the grounds to the rightful owners. To this end it is advisable, as far as practicable, to liquidate claims on the Government for the uses and changes made to the property by conveying to the owners the right and title to the buildings and fixtures, of timber on the bomb-proofs, magazines, and stockades of the several works; which, if unacceptable to the claimants in full satisfaction for the use of the ground, changes, alterations, and removal of fences, woods, trees, and all others made by the authorities of the United States, the same shall be removed and materials in part sold in such manner as shall be found most advantageous to the public interest, and the residue stored as may be useful for the military service elsewhere. The works to be retained for the present will be:

On the north of the Potomac: Fort Carroll, Fort Stanton, Fort Baker, Fort Mahan, Fort Lincoln, Fort Totten, Fort Slocum, Fort Stevens, Fort Reno, and Fort Sumner; and on the south of the Potomac: Fort Lyon and three redoubts, Fort Ellsworth, Fort Worth, Fort Ward, Fort Richardson, Fort McPherson, Fort Whipple, Fort Morton, Fort C. F. Smith, and Fort Ethan Allen. The two river forts, to wit, Fort Foote and Battery Rodgers, will also be retained for the present. These twenty-three retained forts and redoubts occupy and command thirteen positions or lines of approach by roads or cover the cities of Alexandria, Georgetown, and Washington; its navy-yard and arsenal,

and the roads from the north, west, south, and east. At a later period, after the fifty-one works and all their connecting lines of intrenchments have been vacated and ground restored to the owners, some of the remaining twenty-three may probably be dismantled and the grounds in like manner restored to their proprietors.

The preceding recommendation is founded upon the consideration that a large garrison is necessary for some time to come, and in part to be permanently stationed in and about this city for the protection of the national executive authorities, its archives, its costly and extensive public buildings, vieing with any of those in Europe for magnificence, elegance of architecture, durability, and fitness for the intended purposes; and its naval establishment and extensive ordnance depots, the value and cost of which is millions of dollars, and the destruction of which would be a serious loss and prejudice to the public welfare. Not less than 10,000 men at the present time, it is believed, will be necessary under all considerations to be retained in and about the city, and the twenty-three retained forts are selected with the view of best protecting the public interests and providing quarters and other accommodations for such a garrison. It is also considered, in connection with holding these defenses and maintaining this garrison in and about Washington, that for the maintenance of law and order and the protection of the rights of the many millions of colored people in the late slave States, garrisons will have to be established for some time near Richmond, Raleigh, Columbia, Charleston, Macon, Atlanta, Nashville, and other points not now necessary to particularize, in sufficient force to quell instantly any violation of law or threatened disturbance of the public peace, by strong detachments ordered from these central garrisoned depots. Their selection should be in the most populous districts of colored inhabitants and on lines and routes of railroad and river (steam) communication. Twenty such garrisoned depots, of 5,000 men each, would insure and secure respect for and enforcement of the laws of the land and protection of the rights of individuals, while the Veteran Reserve Corps could effectually garrison our entire seaboard defenses on the Atlantic, Gulf, California, and lake coasts, thus calling for about 125,000 of the existing national forces to be selected and retained for a time from the existing heroic armies that have enforced law against traitors and saved the Union of the States as one and indivisible. With time and established acquiescence in the new order and economy of labor, this force of 125,000 men could be allowed gradually, by deaths and expiration of term of service, to fall to the strength that the wants of the nation might demand. The next great care of the nation should be the creation of a well-organized and efficient staff for every branch of the military service, which, with well-trained and instructed officers of the three arms, would insure the nation's vitality against internal discord and foreign insult or aggression. With such a disposition of the army it will be readily perceived that much of the material of construction now belonging to the United States and in existing temporary buildings can be made advantageously available, rather than selling them at a sacrifice. The cemeteries and one of the best permanent hospitals, as the Surgeon-General can best select, should constitute a part of the military establishment to be preserved.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

RICH'D DELAFIELD,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Engineers.

[First indorsement.]

MAY 8, 1865.

Referred to Lieutenant-General Grant for examination and report.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
May 10, 1865.

Respectfully returned to the Secretary of War.

The recommendations of the chief engineer as to works in the defensive line around Washington and Alexandria to be dismantled and the manner of doing it are approved. It is not practicable as yet to fix definitely the permanent garrisons for cities referred to in the rebellious States.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 6, 1865.

The march will be resumed at 6 a. m. to-morrow in the following order: First, artillery with its headquarters wagons; second, Third Division and its headquarters wagons; third, First Division with its headquarters wagons; fourth, Second Division and its headquarters wagons. One-half of the ambulances will follow each division. The rest of the ambulances will follow the Second Division. The general train will join the corps at the intersection of Meadow Bridge road with the road leading from Brook road to Hanover Court-House, and will move in rear. General Barlow will send a small regiment with the train as guard. The route of march will be up the Brook road, turning to the right about four miles beyond New Yellow Tavern, crossing the Chickahominy at Winston's Bridge; thence, by the way of Hanover Court-House, to Littlepage's Bridge, on the Pamunkey.

In case headquarters trains do not join to-night they will take their designated place to-morrow, when the corps reaches them.

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CIRCULAR.] HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 6, 1865.

The pack animals will all be sent with the trains to-day, and will not accompany the troops. Notice will be sent to the commanding officer Second Division when the Fifth Corps is out of the way and when that division shall start to be ready at the hour before designated.

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 47. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS, *May 6, 1865.*

I. The corps will march at 10 a. m. in the following order: First, Second Division; second, Third Division; third, First Division; fourth, artillery; fifth, ambulances.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
May 6, 1865.

Major-General AYRES,
Commanding Second Division:

GENERAL: The commanding general directs me to say that from the Chickahominy River, which you will cross, to where the next water is is about four miles. We will camp on the battle-field of Hanover Court-House.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, May 6, 1865.

Maj. Gen. H. G. WRIGHT,
City Point, Va.:

Please furnish an official report of the action of your corps in the battle of Sailor's Creek, fought April 6, 1865, to Maj. Gen. P. H. Sheridan. It was the intention of the lieutenant-general that (in the absence of other orders) when you joined Sheridan you should act under his orders, and he was so instructed. A copy of this dispatch will be forwarded to Major-General Meade.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

DANVILLE, *May 6, 1865.*
(Received 1.30 a. m. 7th.)

Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

Your dispatch of this date directing me to furnish an official report of the action of this corps in the battle of Sailor's Creek to Major-General Sheridan is received,* and the report will be forwarded to him by mail to-morrow.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

---

* See foot-note Part I, p. 908.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION, SIXTH CORPS,
Burkeville, Va., May 6, 1865.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Danville:

Arrived here at 6 o'clock last evening. The First Brigade will march to Sutherland's Station. My headquarters will be at this place for the present. If there is no objection will go to Boydton to-morrow.

F. WHEATON,
Brevet Major-General, U. S. Volunteers.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION, SIXTH CORPS,
Burkeville, Va., May 6, 1865.

General W. H. PENROSE,
Commanding First Brigade, Sutherland's Station:

Your brigade has been ordered under Colonel Gilkyson to march at 6 o'clock to-morrow morning. Ambulances and train will accompany it.

GEORGE CLENDENIN, JR.,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

[MAY 6, 1865.—For General Orders, No. 54, Department of Virginia, relating to Bvt. Brig. Gen. Henry L. Abbot and the Siege Artillery Train, etc., see Part I, p. 665.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, May 6, 1865.

Maj. Gen. G. K. WARREN:

GENERAL: Your note requesting authority to publish your application for an investigation of the grounds upon which you were relieved from the command of the Fifth Army Corps, or to have the investigation, is received. It is impossible at this time to give the court and witnesses necessary for the investigation, but I see nothing in your application which I see objectionable to have published.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
May 6, 1865.

Maj. Gen. C. C. AUGUR,
Commanding Department of Washington:

GENERAL: Major-General Hancock directs me to inform you that he saw General Grant to-day with reference to the return to Alexandria of paroled prisoners of General Lee's army. General Grant decides that under the terms of the capitulation all soldiers surrendered by General Lee, or under the terms granted by General Grant, have a right to return to their homes at Alexandria, or elsewhere in Virginia, and to remain there as long as they respect their paroles and the laws in force where they reside.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE SHENANDOAH,
May 6, 1865.

Capt. C. McK. LEOSER,
Provost-Marshal-General, Army of the Shenandoah:

CAPTAIN: I am directed by the commanding general to inform you that it is expected Lieut. Col. E. V. White, C. S. Army, commanding Dearing's old brigade, will be at Millwood at 1 p. m. on Monday next for the purpose of surrendering himself and such remnants of his command as have not already been paroled or surrendered. The commanding general directs that you go yourself, or send an officer of your department, to receive the surrender of Colonel White and command at the time above specified, which will be accepted upon the same terms as granted General Lee by General Grant. The United States property in his possession can be turned over to you or the officer accepting the surrender at Millwood. Individual paroles will be taken in all cases, the duplicate of which you will retain. A detachment of cavalry will be ordered to report to you on Monday, the 8th instant, at 10 a. m., for this duty.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
WM. RUSSELL, JR.,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 6, 1865.*

Brevet Major-General EMORY,
Cumberland:

Major-General Hancock directs me to inform you that it is General Grant's decision that paroled prisoners, residing in West Virginia, who surrendered and were paroled under the terms given to General Lee, can remain at home as long as they respect their paroles and the laws in force where they reside. Good faith demands that the privilege be secured to the men, and under General Grant's decision the general cannot permit these paroled men to be driven from their homes by the citizens, in the absence of any specific charges showing that it is dangerous for the community for them to remain. The proceedings of the citizens of Parkersburg in ordering all paroled men to leave the place must be discountenanced, but no soldier whose home was not clearly in West Virginia before the war can now claim that as his home. With reference to those who have held civil appointments under the rebel Government, the matter is still under advisement, and there is no change in the orders previously sent you.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA., *May 6, 1865.*

Capt. H. H. HARTSOCK,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General, Grafton, W. Va.:

A paroled rebel lieutenant reached Philippi to-day. He confirms the report of rebels organizing under Rosser and Lomax at Staunton for a raid on our lines; thinks the rebels can concentrate from 3,000 to 5,000 armed men, their object being to make a strike and then disband.

N. WILKINSON,
Colonel, Commanding Brigade.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 109. } HDQRS. MIDDLE DEPT., 8TH ARMY CORPS, *Baltimore, May 6, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

III. The Provisional Brigade, Ninth Army Corps, Col. Francis Wister, Two hundred and fifteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, commanding, having arrived at Dover, Del., encamped there and reported to these headquarters in obedience to orders from headquarters District of Alexandria, Va., May 3, 1865, is hereby assigned to the command of Brig. Gen. J. R. Kenly, commanding officer District of Delaware and Eastern Shore of Maryland, headquarters at Wilmington, Del.

* * * * * * *

By command of Major-General Wallace:

SAMUEL B. LAWRENCE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE,
Washington City, May 7, 1865.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

I observe in your order of the 3d instant to Major-General Ord you authorize him to administer the amnesty oath to all persons in the civil or military service of the late rebel Government without regard to their rank or employment. I have to request a modification of said order to the effect that, instead of the amnesty oath, such an oath of allegiance substantially as is prescribed by act of Congress of August 6, 1861, shall be administered. The amnesty oath of December 8, 1863, will only be administered to those who apply for and are entitled to its benefits.

ANDREW JOHNSON,
President United States.

RICHMOND, *May 7, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

I forward herewith a dispatch to the Attorney-General from one of his relatives. I have seen the letter of ex-Governor Smith to the President, and deem his propositions entirely inadmissible. I have, therefore, refused passes for the delegation to visit Washington:

RICHMOND, *May 7.*

Hon. JAMES SPEED,
Attorney-General, Washington:

SIR: Two other gentlemen and myself are the bearers of a written communication from the governor of Virginia to the President of the United States, in reference to matters of deep concern to the State. The committee desire to present the communication in person, and ask permission to visit Washington for this purpose. Please send by telegraph the necessary authority, and should this be declined, I will esteem it a favor to receive a personal permit for myself as a private citizen. This telegram, by permission of General Halleck, is sent through him. Please send answer to his care.

Your relative,

JOHN M. SPEED,
Of Lynchburg.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

WAR DEPARTMENT, *May 7, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK, *Richmond:*

Your action in refusing pass to Speed is approved. The act of himself and his companions in presuming to act as agents of William Smith, and acknowledging him as governor, is itself an act of treason and rebellion, for which you will immediately arrest Speed and his associates, and detain them until the President directs their disposition. Offer a reward of $25,000 for the arrest and delivery of Smith, so that he can be tried.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

RICHMOND, *May 7, 1865—11 a. m.*
(Received 12.30 p. m.)

The SECRETARY OF WAR:

Is there any objection now to permitting exceptional cases of rebels who have taken the oath of allegiance to go North? There are cases here of real suffering and destitution, whose friends offer them support at the North. To let them go now will relieve the Government from the necessity of feeding them and also remove in part the idea that we have not kept faith on General Grant's agreement.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 7, 1865—10.30 a. m.*
(Received 12.30 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT:

General Meade's army, two corps, passed through Richmond yesterday. Slocum's corps is now going into camp at Manchester. General Howard leaves Petersburg to-day and will be in Manchester to-morrow. It will require about three days to fit them out. General Sherman is not expected until the 15th. Shall the troops when ready move on to Alexandria or await Sherman's arrival here?

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, *May 7, 1865—2.30 p. m.*

Major-General HALLECK, *Richmond, Va.:*

There is no necessity for detaining Sherman's army for his arrival. I think, however, he will be in Richmond to-day or to-morrow.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON CITY, *May 7, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK, *Richmond, Va.:*

Arrest R. M. T. Hunter and John A. Campbell and hold them prisoners in Richmond for further orders. They will be kept in prison.

By order of the President:

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 9. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 7, 1865.*

1. Major-General Casey and the officers assigned to duty in Richmond under his orders are hereby relieved from duty in the Department of Virginia, and will report in person to the Adjutant-General of the Army in Washington.

* * * * * * *

By order of Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS, *May 7, 1865.*

The march will be resumed to-morrow at 7 a. m. in the following order: First, First Division and its headquarters train and corps headquarters train; second, Second Division and its headquarters train; third, Third Division and its headquarters train; fourth, Artillery Brigade and its headquarters train; fifth, pontoon train; sixth, reserve ambulances; seventh, general train. One-half its ambulances will accompany each division. Brigadier-General De Trobriand will send a small regiment as guard with the train to relieve a regiment of the Second Division now there. The latter regiment will rejoin its division in case it has not already done so. The route followed will be past Concord Church, Chesterfield Depot, Old Chesterfield, Mount Carmel Church; then north, encamping near head branches of Pole Cat River.

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 48. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS, *May 7, 1865.*

1. The corps will move at 6 a. m. to-morrow, and in the following order: First, Third Division; second, First Division; Third, Second Division; fourth, artillery; fifth, ambulances and trains.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 13. } HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS, *Danville, Va., May 7, 1865.*

I. All justices of the peace within the limits of this command who take the oath of allegiance to the United States, and are deemed reliable, will be authorized to resume their functions for the preservation of order; and vacancies to such office will be filled by appointment from these headquarters.

II. It is absolutely essential that the industrial resources of the country be at once applied to the cultivation of the growing crops, in order to supply the wants of the people during the coming year; else, the food necessary to the support of the inhabitants, now barely sufficient to last till harvest, will not be raised, and destitution and starvation must result. All must work to live—negroes will therefore remain at the homes and plantations to which they belong, attending

to their work as usual; and those now roaming over the country will at once return to their homes and their work. Questions of compensation for labor so performed will be determined hereafter by the proper authorities.

III. All guerrillas and paroled prisoners who break their parole will be hung at once, and marauders of every description, and all disturbers of the peace, will be dealt with in the most summary manner.

IV. The civil authorities as above indicated are expected, in connection with the military, to do all in their power for the preservation of order and the re-establishment of industry, and all military commanders are enjoined to aid them in their endeavors with such force as may be necessary.

V. It is understood that arrangements for the full re-establishment of local authorities in this State will soon be made.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 7, 1865.*

Major-General CROOK,
Commanding Cavalry:

Move the cavalry to Alexandria on the 10th if it is in condition for the move. If not in condition you can delay until the 15th. I have just seen Lieutenant-General Grant, and he directs me to send you this dispatch. This does not affect the orders given by Major-General Halleck.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
ARMY OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 7, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. C. KELTON,
Assistant-Adjutant General, Division of the James:

SIR: There is a brigade serving in this department and on the coast of North Carolina, called the Naval Brigade, with an eccentric organization. The men are volunteers, principally the Thirteenth New York Heavy Artillery. They are on board the following vessels, all but one of which, the Chamberlain, belong to the United States, and are stationed as specified: Steamers Burnside, Foster, Reno, Mosswood, and Jesup; all serving or rather laying at anchor in and around Norfolk, Va. The Burnside is just back from the Rappahannock. The Shrapnel and Parke, steamers, light draft, belong to Government and serving in the waters of the coast of North Carolina. The Chamberlain, chartered steamer, used as a headquarters boat by General Graham at Portsmouth. The troops of all these vessels should be put ashore for discharge at Portsmouth, Newport News, or some convenient point, and the Government vessels turned over to the quartermaster's department to be used as transports. The Chamberlain should be discharged at once.

Very respectfully, &c.,

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, *May 7, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK:

Several days ago General Grant directed me to send a brigade of infantry and a regiment of cavalry to Staunton, Va., with about twenty-five days' supplies. Three thousand infantry and 500 cavalry have gone, and ought to be there in a day or two. General Duval is in command.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST INFANTRY DIVISION,
DEPARTMENT OF WEST VIRGINIA,
Grafton, W. Va., May 7, 1865.

Col. N. WILKINSON,
Commanding First Brigade, Clarksburg, W. Va.:

COLONEL: The brevet major-general commanding directs me to inform you that while he inclines to doubt the rebels intending a raid on Buckhannon and Beverly, for the reason that plunder or revenge could be the only object now (and there is little plunder in either of these places), he thinks it more probable their designs are against Parkersburg, as Jackson would take a fiendish delight in destroying that place. You will therefore direct the officers in command at Buckhannon and Bulltown to be very vigilant in watching the direction in which any force coming from the Shenandoah Valley would approach these points, or the Little Kanawha, to go to Parkersburg. Keep all your outposts vigilant. Have the cavalry all ready to move at a moment's notice. Have Major Hart's command on the alert. If there are any gun-boats near Parkersburg it would be well to request one to lay off that place a few days. See that Major Hart has a strong abatis around his fort. Advise all State troops in your reach of the rumored intention of the rebels, and ask them to be watchful, and promptly send in any information they may get that is reliable.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. H. HARTSOCK,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, *May 8, 1865.*
(Received 11.30 a. m. 9th.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

My note of May 3 to General Ord was in reply to special inquiries, and I think the President may have mistaken its object and import. Persons not included in the amnesty proclamation were distinctly informed that they could be purged of treason only by pardon from the President, and that I would forward no such petition till they had manifested their desire to resume their allegiance by subscribing the amnesty oath. This preliminary step conferred no rights, but was made a prerequisite to having their petitions considered. It is already producing a good effect, and I regret its being changed. It cannot possibly produce any harm. The oath of allegiance of August, 1861, does not seem applicable to such cases. Let me recapitulate the orders as they now stand. Persons who have given no aid to the rebellion take the ordinary oath of allegiance. Those who have given such aid, but are entitled to the benefit of the President's proclamation, take the amnesty oath. Those not entitled to such benefit, but who petition for pardon,

are required to take the amnesty oath before presenting such petition. Is there any objection to requiring this preliminary step before forwarding the parties?

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 8, 1865.*
(Received 2.35 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

It has been suggested that all obstacles to trade here, which now seem almost insurmountable, would be removed by a proclamation of the President that Virginia and North Carolina are no longer to be regarded as insurrectionary districts so far as domestic trade is concerned. This, I think, would greatly increase the revenue by causing produce to be brought in and subjected to internal taxes.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, May 8, 1865.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond:

I am not satisfied that it would be expedient to remove Virginia and North Carolina out of the category of insurrectionary States, and I do not think that it could be done for the express purpose of trade and left undone for other purposes. They would have to be taken entirely out of the list of insurrectionary States or permitted to remain as they now are.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, *May 8, 1865—10.30 a. m.*

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

You may detain all the cavalry* in your department, placing such as you have no use for at City Point for convenience of supply. That will be as good a point as Alexandria for mustering out all whose time expires between now and October and for shipping the balance to such points as may require their services.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 8, 1865—3.45 p. m.*

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington:

I presume your telegram in regard to batteries refers to the commands of Generals Sheridan and Wright, but does not include General Sherman's army. Am I right? Please answer, as General Slocum is preparing his batteries to leave to-morrow.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

---

*As received by Halleck it reads—batteries.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, May 8, 1865.

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

Your understanding of my dispatch is correct. I did not intend to include the artillery of Sherman's army.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 8, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

Lieutenant-General Grant desires me to say that the sum of $460 was placed in his hands as a reward of gallantry for the man who should first raise our flag over Richmond. As Richmond was not taken by assault he deems the donors' wishes will be best carried out by dividing the sum between three men, one to be selected by General Wright as most conspicuous for gallantry in the carrying of the enemy's lines at Petersburg by Wright, one to be selected by Gibbon for gallantry in the assault on the fort south of Petersburg on the river line by the Twenty-fourth Corps, and one to be selected by Sheridan for gallantry at Five Forks.

C. B. COMSTOCK,
Lieutenant-Colonel, Aide-de-Camp, and Brevet Brigadier-General.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
Richmond, May 11, 1865.

Respectfully referred to Major-General Gibbon, commanding Twenty-fourth Army Corps, for compliance with the within order.

By order of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS,
Richmond, Va., May 14, 1865.

Respectfully returned.

Sergt. Thomas McGraw, Company B, Twenty-third Illinois Volunteers, has been selected in accordance with the within instructions to receive the reward for conspicuous gallantry in the assault on Fort Gregg. He is now absent on furlough.

JOHN GIBBON,
Major-General of Volunteers, Commanding Corps.

[Third indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
Richmond, May 18, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to headquarters Military Division of the James.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Fourth indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
May 22, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to headquarters Armies of the United States. For Major-General Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 8, 1865.*

ADJUTANT-GENERAL OF THE ARMY:

Will you please issue the following special order, sending a copy to department and military division commanders:

Paroled officers and men of the late rebel armies whose homes were at the date of their joining those armies in States that have never been in rebellion, and who are not excepted from the benefits of the President's amnesty proclamation, will, upon taking the oath prescribed therein, be permitted to return to their former homes in those States.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 83. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 8, 1865.*

For reducing the Volunteer cavalry forces of the Army.

I. Immediately upon receipt of this order by commanding generals of armies and departments, all volunteer soldiers of the cavalry arm, whose terms of service will expire prior to October 1, 1865, will be mustered out and discharged the service of the United States. In discharging the said troops the following will be observed:

1. The musters out will be made, in accordance with existing regulations, by the commissaries of musters of divisions under the directions of commissaries of musters of corps or departments.

2. Army and department commanders will forthwith ascertain the number of men within their respective commands to be discharged and report the same direct to the Paymaster-General of the Army, forwarding a duplicate of the report to the Adjutant-General. Said report must specify the number for each regiment or company, if an independent one.

3. The Paymaster-General will arrange to make immediate payment to the men discharged, said payments to be made in the armies or departments in which the men may be serving at date of muster out.

II. All cavalry remaining in service after the aforesaid discharges have been made will be immediately consolidated into complete maximum regimental organizations, and as follows:

1. Army and department commanders will select and designate the organizations to be consolidated.

2. Organizations from the same State will be consolidated with each other.

3. All supernumerary commissioned and non-commissioned officers will be mustered out of the date the consolidation of their respective commands is made.

4. The commissioned and non-commissioned officers to be retained, not exceeding the legal number, will be selected by army and department commanders.

5. The proper commissaries of musters and their assistants will be charged, under existing regulations, with the prompt execution of the details.

III. Corps and department commanders will see that the work is pushed with energy and executed accurately and promptly, using to this end division and brigade commanders to superintend it, with their respective staff officers, to aid the mustering officer in collecting the necessary data for the transfer rolls (see circular No. 64, series of 1864, Adjutant-General's Office), muster-out rolls, and other necessary discharge papers, as well as the preparation of the same.

IV. Horses and other public property rendered surplus by the reduction in the forces will be turned over to and cared for by the proper officers of the supply departments concerned.

V. Regimental and company records, rendered no longer necessary, will be taken charge of by the proper commissary of musters and forwarded to the Adjutant-General of the Army. The records of each company or regiment must be arranged by themselves and the package containing them marked distinctly with the contents.

VI. Commissaries of musters and their assistants will be held responsible that the necessary rolls are delivered and forwarded to their destination without unnecessary delay.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 213. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 8, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

54. Capt. Merritt Barber, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, will report in person without delay to the commanding general, Army of the Potomac, for assignment to duty with the Second Brigade, Second Division, Sixth Army Corps.

55. Capt. J. H. Rider, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, will report in person without delay to the commanding general, Army of the Shenandoah, for assignment to duty with the First Brigade, Fourth Provisional Division of that command.

56. Capt. James R. Campbell, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, will report in person without delay to the commanding-general, Army of the Potomac, for assignment to duty with the First Brigade, Second Division, Fifth Army Corps.

* * * * * * *

58. Capt. Thomas P. Ogden, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, will report in person without delay to the commanding general, Army of the Shenandoah, for assignment to duty with the Third Brigade, First Division, of that command.

* * * * * * *

60. Capt. Thomas G. Colt, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, will report in person without delay to the commanding general, Army of the Potomac, for assignment to duty with the Third Brigade, First Division, Sixth Army Corps.

* * * * * * *

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 10. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 8, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

III. All railroads in the Department of Virginia, when no longer required for military purposes, will, with their rolling-stock, machinery, and materials be turned over to the officers of their respective companies, provided such officers have taken the oath of allegiance to the United States. But such delivery will not prevent the forfeiting of any stock in said companies which may be owned by persons who do not come within the provisions of the amnesty proclamation.

* * * * * * *

V. The Army of Georgia will move through Richmond at 9 a. m. on Wednesday the 10th inst. No wagons or wheeled vehicles of any kind, except six batteries to each corps, will be allowed in the column. The wagon trains will take the lower bridge, and crossing the lower canal bridge will move east on Water street to Twenty-first street, north to Franklin street, west to Nineteenth street and then north toward Mechanicsville. After crossing the upper pontoon bridge the route of march of the column will be as follows: Up Seventeenth street to Cary street; east on Cary past Castle Thunder and Libby Prison; north on Twentieth street to Main street; west on Main street to Thirteenth street; through Capitol street west to Ninth street; south to Grace street; west to First street; north to Broad street; west to Brook avenue, and north toward Hanover Court-House.

2. The available troops of the Department of Virginia in the immediate vicinity of Richmond will be paraded to receive the Army of Georgia as it passes through the city. The troops will be deployed on the line of march on the left flank of the column, the center opposite the court-house, where the reviewing officer has selected his position.

By order of Major-General Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS, *May 8, 1865.*

The following movements are ordered for to-morrow: First, at 5 a. m. the Artillery Brigade will move by the Telegraph road and encamp on the first suitable ground beyond Massaponax Church; second, the pontoon train will follow the artillery; third, the Second Division will move at 5.30 a. m. and follow the artillery and pontoon trains, encamp in the vicinity of Massaponax Church; fourth, the First Division will move at 6.30 o'clock, and follow the Second Division and encamp in

the vicinity of Ny River; fifth, the Third Division, which is in the vicinity of Mount Carmel Church, will move at 6 and follow the First Division, encamp in the vicinity of Po River. If General De Trobriand should find this march too long he will encamp at some suitable point in rear of the Po. Sixth, the headquarters trains and one-half the ambulances will accompany their respective divisions. Seventh, reserve ambulances will follow the Third Division. A halt of fifteen minutes for rest will be made by the infantry after each one and a half hours of the march. At midway of the march (the march to be about sixteen miles for each division) a halt of one hour, or one hour and a half will be made. The pioneers have been ordered to move at 5 a. m. from here in advance of the troops.

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 49. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS, *May 8, 1865.*

The corps will march to-morrow as follows: First, the artillery at 5 a. m.; second, First Division at 5.30 a. m., followed by the Second Division; third, ambulances and trains; fourth, Third Division.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 8, 1865—2 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Danville:

As soon as captured and Government property is sent to City Point or Richmond withdraw your corps to Burkeville preparatory to marching through Richmond to Alexandria. Telegraph when it will reach Burkeville.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

DANVILLE, *May 8, 1865—9 p. m.*

Brig. Gen. J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Richmond:

Major-General Halleck's dispatch of this date is just received. It will take some days to ship all the captured property from this point, and it will be absolutely necessary on the withdrawal of the corps that a force, say a strong regiment, should be stationed at this point for a time for the maintenance of order. The town has been threatened by paroled soldiers, and they will be likely to carry their threats into execution unless controlled by the presence of some military force.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, *May 8, 1865.*
(Received 4.20 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

I propose making use of the captured old tents, canvas, &c., what little there is, to make clothing for the negroes, their women to make it up. There is quite a lot of old tents, wagon covers, &c., condemned. I shall transfer them to the district superintendent to shelter refugee blacks, and shall turn over condemned mules and horses to work the farms. I am issuing forage to such now, and shall turn over funds to run the various mills, &c., in the Department of Negro Affairs. Think I can make the Department of Negro Affairs self-sustaining. Am making every one work, and discouraging the blacks flocking to towns.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 8, 1865.

Major-General ORD,
Commanding Department of Virginia:

GENERAL: All loyal citizens are permitted to come to and depart from Richmond without passes or other restrictions than simply registering their names as they land or leave. It is understood that travelers have been prevented from leaving without passes. Any assumption of authority and disobedience of orders of this kind will be severely punished. You will see that no further obstacles of this kind to free transit be permitted. Rebel officers and soldiers who go to loyal States without proper authority will do so at their own peril.

Very respectfully,

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, May 8, 1865.

Maj. Gen. C. C. AUGUR,
Commanding Department of Washington:

GENERAL: Please send all paroled prisoners of the late rebel armies now confined or detained at Alexandria, Va., to their homes—those whose homes were, at the time of joining those armies, in States that had never been in rebellion, and who desire to take the oath prescribed in the President's amnesty proclamation, provided they are not excepted from its benefits; if so excepted, they will be detained. Those living in Texas will be sent in charge of an officer, and will be landed on the west bank of the Mississippi River, about the mouth of the Red River.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CUMBERLAND, MD., *May 8, 1865.*

His Excellency A. I. BOREMAN,
Governor of West Virginia:

SIR: I have the honor to advise you that Captain McNeill has surrendered his command upon the terms given by General Grant to Gen-

eral Lee. The majority have already been paroled, and arrangements have been effected looking to the paroling of the balance of his company as well as of those belonging to other commands, but operating in the Moorefield Valley and under his direction.

* * * * * * *

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. H. EMORY,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA., *May 8, 1865.*

Col. CHARLES H. DAY,
Bulltown:

You will take immediate measures to keep yourself advised of any movements the rebels may make in direction of Parkersburg by crossing between you and the Little Kanawha. Bill Jackson may have an insane desire to do Parkersburg damage, and it is important to know what gets through, and when, between you and Colonel Oley at Charleston, &c.

N. WILKINSON,
Colonel, Commanding Brigade.

HDQRS. FIRST BRIGADE, FIRST INFANTRY DIVISION,
DEPARTMENT OF WEST VIRGINIA,
Clarksburg, W. Va., May 8, 1865.

Bvt. Maj. P. HART,
Commanding, Parkersburg, W. Va.:

MAJOR: There is a rumor that the rebels propose making a raid into West Virginia. The rumor gives their objective points as Beverly and Buckhannon, but as Bill Jackson is to be one of their leaders he may have the insane desire to pay Parkersburg a visit to wreak a little vengeance on that town. If this rumor has any foundation for truth the enemy might easily get toward Parkersburg by way of mouth of Big Birch. You will immediately advise the commanding officers of the State troops or scouts in Jackson, Wirt, Calhoun, and Roane Counties to keep a bright lookout and to keep you informed of all movements of the enemy that are reliable. Have your own command on the alert and keep me advised of all reliable information. Is there a gun-boat in vicinity of Parkersburg?

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

N. WILKINSON,
Colonel, Commanding Brigade.

WASHINGTON, *May 9, 1865—2 p. m.*

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

I understand General Rosser has been captured. If no terms have been made with him, rendering it impossible to do so, I wish you to send him here under guard to be tried for deserting his command after it had been surrendered.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 9, 1865.*

Bvt. Maj. Gen. RUFUS INGALLS,
Chief Quartermaster, City Point, Va.:

The lieutenant-general commanding the Armies of the United States directs that you report to him as chief quartermaster of the armies about to arrive and for duty in this city, to close up the outstanding accounts of the same. The two officers now on duty with you will accompany you.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

JNO. A. RAWLINS,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Staff.

CITY POINT, VA., *May 9, 1865.*

Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

General Halleck has just telegraphed an order for me to report in person to the lieutenant-general. I shall leave at once, and will report Wednesday morning. Everything is arranged here. My reports are all rendered to Generals Halleck and Meigs. Copies will be sent to your office.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

CIRCULAR.] WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., May 9, 1865.

Major-General HALLECK,
Comdg. Military Division of the James, Richmond, Va.:

Upon receipt hereof you are authorized to cause the immediate muster out and discharge from service of all officers and soldiers of your command whose term of service will expire prior to May 31, 1865. In discharging the said troops the following will be observed:

1. The musters out will be made in accordance with existing regulations by the commissaries of musters of divisions under the directions of commissaries of musters of corps or departments.

2. Army and department commanders will forthwith ascertain the number of men within their respective commands to be discharged, and report the same direct to the Paymaster-General of the Army, forwarding a duplicate of the report to the Adjutant-General. Said report must specify the number for each regiment or company, if an independent one.

3. The Paymaster-General will arrange to make immediate payment to the men discharged, said payments to be made in the armies or departments in which the men may be serving at date of muster out.

Please acknowledge receipt of this.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

(The above sent to all army and department commanders.)

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 87. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 9, 1865.*

Concerning engineer property and labor on field-works.

Army and department commanders will at once cause to be collected and stored, at convenient depots, all tools, siege material, bridge equipage, and other engineer property not absolutely needed for immediate service with troops, and have inventories of property so collected for warded to the Chief Engineer of the Army, with recommendation for its disposal. The latter will give the necessary instructions.

All labor on construction and repairs of field-works should now be done by troops; hired labor will not, therefore, be so employed, unless specially authorized from these headquarters or the Engineer Department; and no further purchases of engineer material for field-works will be made without similar authority, except in cases of urgent necessity.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS, *May 9, 1865.*

1. The route of march to-morrow, the 10th instant, will be by the Telegraph road to Fredericksburg, across the town by the street which forms the continuation of the Telegraph road, up the street along the water to the pontoon bridge near the Lacy house, across the Rappahannock by the bridge, thence through Falmouth and by the Stafford Court-House road.

2. The Artillery Brigade, now beyond Massaponax Church, with its headquarters train, will lead, starting at 7 o'clock and encamp on the Accokeek Creek, unless interfered with by the Fifth Corps, in which case it will encamp this side of that creek.

3. The First Division will follow, starting at 6 o'clock and encamp on Potomac Creek.

4. The Third Division will be next in order of march, starting at 6 o'clock and encamp on Clairburn Run.

5. The Second Division will follow the Third Division when the latter shall have passed it and encamp in rear of the Third Division near Washington's house.

6. The reserve ambulances, pontoon trains, and general train will, in the order named, follow the Second Division and be parked in rear of it.

7. One-half the ambulances will to-morrow, and always on the march unless different instructions are given, accompany their divisions.

8. The same should be observed as to halts, as indicated in previous orders.

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 51. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS, *May 9, 1865.*

I. The corps will march at 5 a. m. to-morrow and in the following order: First, artillery; second, Second Division; third, Third Divis-

ion; fourth, First Division; fifth, ambulances and trains; sixth, the pioneers of the First and Third Divisions will accompany the general train to repair the road. The route we are to take crosses Potomac Creek below the railroad, thence along the railroad about half way to Brooke's Station, thence on the Eleventh Corps corduroy to Stafford Court-House.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, *May 9, 1865.*

Major-General WRIGHT,
Danville:

Ex-Governor W. Smith was at Lynchburg on the 3d instant. A reward of $25,000 is offered for his arrest and delivery for trial. A few mounted men sent from Burkeville can secure him.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

(Same to commanding officer at Burkeville.)

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, Va., May 9, 1865.

Lieut. Col. JAMES W. SNYDER,
Ninth New York Artillery, Clover Station:

The major-general commanding directs that you send out at once and use every exertion to capture or kill all, or any, of the band of marauders said to be in your neighborhood. You will please report direct to these headquarters anything of importance or of interest that may transpire within the limits of your command.

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

FIELD ORDERS, No. 53. } HDQRS. CAVALRY, MIDDLE MIL. DIVISION, *May 9, 1865.*

I. The cavalry will march toward Richmond to-morrow morning at 6 o'clock in the following order: First, Third Division; second, First Division; third, trains. The commanding officer of the First Cavalry Division will detail a sufficient guard to march in rear of the trains.

II. The First Brigade, Second Cavalry Division, and Battery A, Second U. S. Artillery, having been temporarily assigned to the cavalry, Middle Military Division, by orders from headquarters of the Cavalry, are hereby assigned to the Third Cavalry Division. General Custer will give the necessary orders to these commands.

III. Division commanders will use every means to prevent men leaving the ranks on the march. No man will be allowed to leave the column under any pretense whatever. Attention is called to orders from Cavalry headquarters, transmitted herewith, the spirit of which must be strictly carried out.

By command of Brevet Major-General Merritt:

E. M. BAKER,
Captain and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
Petersburg, Va., May 9, 1865.

Maj. B. F. TUCKER,
Commanding Cavalry Depot:

MAJOR: I am directed by the major-general commanding to inform you this command will move to-morrow at 6 a. m., with the exception of the Third Brigade, Second Division Cavalry, General Smith commanding, which will remain at Petersburg. You will remain in your present camp until further orders, and will report to General Smith.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. C. WEIR,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, *May 9, 1865.*

General G. H. GORDON,
Norfolk, Va.:

It is useless to send liquor permits to my headquarters; I shall not permit its introduction into Richmond at present. Commanders of other posts can exercise their own discretion about its admission. The orders of the President authorize you to exclude it.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

NORFOLK, *May 9, 1865.*

General LUDLOW:

Relieve the colored troops at Newport News immediately by white troops and send the colored troops to City Point to report to Maj. Gen. G. Weitzel, commanding Twenty-fifth Army Corps. Acknowledge receipt of this and execution of order.

GEO. H. GORDON,
Brigadier-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
May 9, 1865.

Brevet Major General EMORY,
Commanding, Cumberland, Md.:

Major-General Hancock directs that you send a company of infantry to Hancock, Md., and one to the vicinity of Hagerstown, with orders to protect the people in the vicinity from the incursions of guerrilla parties or horse thieves.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 61. } HDQRS. DEPT. OF WASHINGTON, TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS, *May 9, 1865.*

Under the provisions of General Orders, No. 251, War Department, Adjutant-General's Office, August 31, 1864, the troops serving in the Military District of the Patuxent are hereby announced as a separate

brigade. This order to take effect from the date of the organization of the district, as promulgated in General Orders, No. 56, of April 26, 1865, from these headquarters.

By command of Maj. Gen. C. C. Augur:

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HARPER'S FERRY, W. VA., *May 9, 1865.*

Colonel COOK,
Commanding, Martinsburg:

You will send at once two full companies of the Eighteenth Connecticut Volunteers, with camp and garrison equipage, under a good officer, to Hagerstown, with orders to protect the people of that vicinity from guerrillas and horse thieves. They will draw their supplies from Martinsburg, taking with them the necessary transportation. The command will carry with them sixty rounds of ammunition.

JOHN D. STEVENSON,
Brigadier-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
Washington, May 9, 1865.

Maj. Gen. G. CADWALADER,
Commanding Department of the Susquehanna, Philadelphia:

Major-General Hancock directs that you send a company of the One hundred and eighty-sixth or One hundred and eighty-seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers to each of the following places, viz: Greencastle, McConnellsburg, and Bedford, with orders to protect the section of the country where they are stationed from the incursion of guerrilla parties or horse thieves from across the border. You can make such arrangements about supplies as you may think proper. It may be more economical to purchase in the country than to transport such a distance.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, May 10, 1865—11 a. m.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond:

Your telegram in relation to the amnesty, dated the 8th, did not reach here until yesterday after I had gone to the Cabinet, which lasted all day. I think the President and many others did misunderstand your order; but General Grant and I understood and highly approved it as a wise and judicious measure. I will present your explanation to the President to-day, and hope he will accord with our views. The Attorney-General, however, having given an opinion that a new proclamation was needed that matter is under consideration.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

RICHMOND, *May 10, 1865.*
(Received 8.20 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

There is a large number of paroled rebel officers at Fort Monroe, congregated there under some agreement, as they say, between Generals Grant and Lee to give them transportation to Southern ports. This is now refused, and they are in a destitute condition. The commander of the French corvette Phagelon has offered to take a part of them to New York and put them on a New Orleans steamer without landing. Is there any objection to their accepting this offer?

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, *May 10, 1865.*
(Received 9.45 a. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

As the Treasury agents here are acting under orders of the Treasury Department, I do not see that I can any further interfere with their operations. It is very evident to me that a system of corruption and oppression is springing up here like that on the Mississippi River. Having called attention to it my responsibility ceases.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, *May 10, 1865.*
(Received 2.30 p. m.)

Lieutenant-General GRANT,
Washington:

General Rosser came within our lines to arrange for the surrender of his command at Staunton. A cavalry force was sent out with him to receive their arms and paroles. He was not captured, but surrendered himself on the terms of Lee's capitulation and promised that his entire command should lay down their arms. Report of guerrilla band at Lynchburg not well founded. General Wright reports that it will require some days to remove public property from Danville, and that a military force will be required there at present on account of the large number of disbanded rebel soldiers in that vicinity. This will cause a little delay in sending the Sixth Corps to Alexandria.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, May 10, 1865.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

You need not order the arrest of General Rosser unless it can be done in good faith. I was informed that he had been captured, and knew that he had left Lee's army after it had been surrendered. You may keep all of the Sixth Corps until further orders, except that portion that may be mustered out under general orders for reducing the military establishment of the United States.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 10, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK:

Under orders from this office, General Ingalls has made arrangement for public sales of animals not needed for service. He informs me that Colonel Howard has advertised his independent sale and that orders were at one time given to give away or loan unserviceable animals. Please give orders which will leave this in Virginia to be managed with system and regularity under the orders of General Ingalls and to stop all sales not made under his instructions.

M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster-General.

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
ARMIES LATELY OPERATING AGAINST RICHMOND,
Washington, D. C., May 10, 1865.

Lieut. Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General,
Headquarters Lieutenant-General Grant:

COLONEL: I have the honor to submit herewith copies of my letters to Generals Halleck and Meigs, and also letter of instructions to Colonel Bradley, chief quartermaster, City Point depot, for the information of the lieutenant-general commanding. There are two points to which I respectfully desire to call the attention of the lieutenant-general, viz, that in the letter to General Halleck in relation to the holding of City Point as a military depot or reservation, and that in the letter to General Meigs in relation to the disposition of the force of colored employés of the quartermaster's department.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

[Inclosure No. 1.]

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
ARMIES LATELY OPERATING AGAINST RICHMOND,
City Point, May 7, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General to Major-General Halleck,
Commanding in Virginia:

GENERAL: I have the honor to submit a copy of my letter to Colonel Bradley, for the information of the general commanding, and to respectfully request that he will approve of the same whenever any of the matters are referred for his action. I would especially request that this depot be continued after being reduced to proper limits. The place is admirably situated for a depot to supply troops posted in Virginia. The improvements are very valuable and ample, and are the property of the Government. There are here extensive wharves, storehouses, railroad buildings, and large quantities of rolling stock, bakery, and hospitals. The place is very important to the Government, and should unquestionably be held as a military depot or reservation until some other and more desirable disposition should be made of the premises. All citizen teamsters and laborers in the Armies of the Potomac and James are ordered to be discharged and their places supplied

by details of enlisted men. All the white laborers and teamsters at the depots will be discharged, and if the colored employés are not required at some one of the depots they will also be discharged and enlisted men asked for to replace them.

It is believed that every necessary and proper step has been taken to bring about the required retrenchment and reduction in the quartermaster's department under my charge.

I am, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

[Inclosure No. 2.]

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
ARMIES LATELY OPERATING AGAINST RICHMOND,
City Point, Va., May 7, 1865.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster-General U. S. Army, Washington, D. C.:

GENERAL: I have the honor of transmitting herewith copies of my letter of instructions to Colonel Bradley, chief quartermaster, City Point depot, with my indorsement thereon to Capt. E. J. Strang, assistant quartermaster in charge of depot of repairs, and to Major-General Halleck, commanding in Virginia, for your information and for any further instructions in the matters referred to that you may have to give. I most respectfully request that you will inform me as early as practicable what disposition is to be made of the force of negroes in the service of our department. This force has been organized with great care. There are many fine drivers and laborers among them, and they would be, in my opinion, found very useful at the depots or corrals which may be established for the collection and care of our army transportation. They are under perfect discipline and are willing and hard-working men. I could easily transfer 1,500, organized in gangs of twenty-five each, with white superintendents, &c. I would recommend that they be distributed to such depots as may be retained. I would also very respectfully recommend that Captain Strang be placed in charge of one of the principal depots, where means of transportation are accumulated. He is one of the best quartermasters in the service, and has had large experience in the field and at depots. I desire to invoke your action as to this depot, for reasons given in my letter to General Halleck, and to request that Colonel Bradley may continue in charge of it.

I am, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

[Sub-inclosure.]

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
ARMIES LATELY OPERATING AGAINST RICHMOND,
City Point, Va., May 7, 1865.

Col. G. W. BRADLEY,
Chief Depot Quartermaster, City Point, Va.:

COLONEL: The forage shipped from North Carolina to General Sherman's army has been ordered up the Potomac by Brigadier-General Easton, his chief quartermaster; consequently his army will have to be supplied from this point. The accompanying data will show you what

amount of forage it will be necessary to retain at this depot for the supply of the various commands. All forage over and above this amount, which may be here, in transit, or at Fortress Monroe, destined for this point, will be sent as soon as practicable up the Potomac to Alexandria, with orders to be reported to General Rucker, chief quartermaster, depot of Washington. The forage shipped from this point yesterday for General Sherman's and General Sheridan's commands will be taken into consideration in the amount required to be withheld for them. This point will continue the main depot for all the troops on the lines of communication leading to Richmond, Burkeville, Danville, and Lynchburg until otherwise ordered by some competent commanding general in Virginia or the Quartermaster-General at Washington. It will be necessary to have small depots continued at Richmond, Petersburg, and probably at Burkeville, for the issue of the daily supplies sent from the main depot at City Point. All sub-depots will be under your exclusive supervision and jurisdiction, and you will control all means of water, land, and railway transportation relating thereto. Major-General Halleck has ordered Major Cochrane, assistant quartermaster, to be put in charge of the depot in Richmond, Captain Folsom in Petersburg, and Captain Lambert in Fredericksburg. All vessels having on board forage, subsistence, railroad stock, &c., to be left here will be unloaded and cleared as soon as possible. The depot will be reduced to the actual wants from time to time as the number of troops dependent upon it for supplies decreases. All surplus material not to be sold or otherwise disposed of here will be sent to Washington, to be reported on arrival to General Rucker. The number of white employés will be reduced to the minimum required for the transaction of the business at the depot. The colored employés will be held until the orders of the Quartermaster-General on the subject are communicated.

Your attention is called to General Orders, Nos. 24, 25, and 26, of the Quartermaster-General, recently issued. You will see that they are promptly executed so far as they require action on the part of yourself and the officers on duty at the depot. The reports called for will be forwarded through this office, if I am here when prepared, but if I am elsewhere, you will forward them direct with your recommendations to the Quartermaster-General. The depot of repairs will remain under the charge of Captain Strang as heretofore, subject, however, to your orders after my departure. After my departure, and as long as General Easton, chief quartermaster General Sherman's armies, remains here, you will obey such orders as he may have to give, so far as the supply of those armies is concerned.

Very respectfully, yours, &c.,

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

[Indorsement.]

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
City Point, Va., May 7, 1865.

Respectfully referred to Capt. E. J. Strang, assistant quartermaster in charge of depot of repairs, City Point, who will carry out the within instructions so far as they relate to him. Captain Strang will have the direct charge of the sale of condemned and unserviceable property referred to in General Meigs' notice of the 29th ultimo. If the property cannot be sold without too great a loss to the Government, he will suspend the sales and report by telegraph for orders to myself or the

Quartermaster-General in Washington. He will prepare all his surplus trains of wagons and teams laden with such property as may be required here, and which might as well be allowed to follow in the rear of the last troops marching from Richmond to Washington, with a view to a concentration at the latter place or Alexandria. Captain Strang will at once see that transportation by water is provided for the General Field Hospital of the Army of the Potomac to Alexandria. The property of the quartermaster's department pertaining thereto, for which he is responsible, will be transferred to an acting assistant quartermaster now on duty at the hospital.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 10, 1865.

1. As soon as the rations are issued to-morrow morning General Miles will put his whole division upon repairing the road from Potomac Creek to Old Tavern, making it practicable for the trains of the corps. General De Trobriand, commanding Third Division, will do the same for the road from Hall's to Cockley's Store and Potomac Creek.

2. The order of march to-morrow will be: Artillery, First Division, Third Division, Second Division, special supply train, reserve ambulances, general train, and pontoon train. Should the pontoon train be unable to get along in the road it will return to Fredericksburg, from which place it will ship its bridging material to Washington, then follow the route of the corps with the rest of its train.

3. The artillery, as soon as it has distributed rations, will move by Hickerson's and Tusculum in the direction of Greenwood Church and Wolf Run Shoals and encamp on Quantico Creek or some convenient point beyond.

4. The First Division will, as soon as it has repaired the road, follow the route taken by the artillery; encamp in the vicinity of Middle Run.

5. The Third Division will follow the First and encamp one or two miles beyond Tusculum.

6. The Second Division will follow the Third and encamp near Tusculum.

7. The pioneers of the Second Division will precede the artillery. Those of the First and Third, as soon as those divisions have finished their repairs, will precede the infantry and work upon the road.

8. Generals Miles and De Trobriand will notify these headquarters at Old Tavern when they have finished the repairs on the road, and each will notify the respective division commanders in their rear.

9. A train with three days' rations will follow close upon the infantry to-morrow, and these rations will be issued to-morrow night or the next morning.

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 10, 1865.

1. The following change in the route of march is ordered in consequence of the bad condition of the Stafford Court-House and Dumfries

road. About one mile out from Falmouth on the Telegraph road the left-hand road will be taken, passing Washington's, Musselman's, and Oder's, At Oder's take the right-hand road over to Cockley's Store on Potomac Creek, thence past Old Tavern, Hickerson's, Tusculum, thence to Bland's Ford on Wolf Run Shoals, on the Occoquan.

2. The artillery will encamp to-night in the vicinity of Old Tavern if they can find water; if not, at any convenient point this side or beyond.

3. The First Division will encamp in the vicinity of Cockley's Store.

4. The Third Division will encamp in the vicinity of Oder's.

5. The Second Division will encamp in the vicinity of Musselman's or Washington's.

6. The reserve ambulances, pontoon train, and general train, will park in rear of Second Division.

7. Rations for two days will be sent up to-night and issued at daylight to-morrow morning.

8. Corps headquarters to-night will be near Cockley's Store.

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 52. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS, *May 10, 1865.*

I. The corps will march to-morrow as follows: First, artillery at 5 a. m.; second, Third Division at 6 a. m.; third, First Division; fourth, Second Division; fifth, ambulances and trains.

II. The pioneers of the Third Division will precede the artillery and will report to General Wainwright before 5 a. m.

The pioneers of the First and Second Divisions will precede the general train.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Danville, May 10, 1865.

Major-General HALLECK,
Comdg. Military Division of the James, Richmond:

The local authorities at Henry Court-House report that they have there from 30,000 to 40,000 pounds of tobacco, which has been collected as tithes by the Confederate Government, and which they are holding as being now the supposed property of the United States. They also represent great destitution in their neighborhood, which has been raided by the rebel forces and by Stoneman's cavalry, and ask as a means of existing until harvest that, say, 1,500 bushels of corn be furnished them by this Government. I advise that this be done as a matter of humanity and as a means of securing order. The Court-House is some thirty-eight miles from this place. I also ask for instructions relative to the tobacco. I would also suggest that an officer, with a few men as escort, be sent to each county seat for the purpose of paroling the Confederate officers and men who may be there, and with authority to

administer the oath of allegiance to any disposed to take it. It will do much toward securing order. I expect to ship all the captured property and be ready to move in about two days.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

BURKEVILLE, *May 10, 1865.*

Brevet Brigadier-General KELTON:

Your dispatch of yesterday was received at 3.15 p. m. We have no cavalry at this post, but at 4 p. m. I sent out two officers and ten picked men, all mounted, in pursuit of Governor Smith.

J. E. HAMBLIN,
Brevet Brigadier-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 15. } HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS, *Danville, Va., May 10, 1865.*

I. In pursuance of General Orders, No. 13, from these headquarters May 7, 1865, the following-named justices of the peace are authorized and empowered, upon their qualifying themselves by taking the prescribed oath of allegiance to the United States, to resume their functions in all that relates to the preservation of order and the re-establishment and maintenance of industry, and all military commanders are strictly enjoined to aid them to that end with the forces at their command whenever it may be necessary: First district, Daniel C. Ragsdale, John W. Jones; second district, Jos. E. Anderson, William P. Barksdale; fourth district, John W. McKinsey, James M. McDearman; sixth district, W. J. Fulton, Thomas C. Smith; seventh district, William E. Jones, Daniel Hunt, Nathaniel Hobson; eighth district, William C. Tate, S. W. Mustain; ninth district, John W. Motley, Burwell Lee, D. T. Snow; tenth district, George T. Berger, Joseph L. Howard; eleventh district, Thomas R. McDearman, W. A. J. Finney, F. C. Hubbard, B. H. Tatum.

II. The following-named inhabitants of the districts hereinafter mentioned are appointed justices of the peace for the districts in which they respectively reside, with the same powers as those conferred on magistrates by paragraph I of this order, upon their qualifying themselves in the same manner: First district, Chesley Martin, John E. Hughes; second district, James M. Adams, Andrew Thompson; third district, Charles W. Flippin, Isaac T. Oliver, W. F. Wilkerson, William H. C. Reynolds; fourth district, Robert A. Wilson, James J. Pritchett; fifth district, Jesse R. Noel, Sanford Fitts, E. H. Keene, Jos. H. Trotter; sixth district, Thomas M. Carter, A. G. Pritchett; seventh district, Joshua Hubbard; eighth district, Walter Coles, jr., William H. Walter; ninth district, David Parker; tenth district, David S. Graves, R. Parker.

III. For the city of Danville the following-named officers are appointed, with powers similar to the foregoing, they having taken the prescribed oath: J. M. Walker, mayor; W. F. Clark, J. A. Smith, A. G. Taylor, J. C. Voss, G. T. Pace, W. H. Wooding, T. D. Neal, magistrates.

IV. The officers named above are fully empowered to preserve order and to maintain the security of persons and property, and will continue in the exercise of their functions until relieved by competent authority.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May 10, 1865.*

Brigadier-General GORDON:

Your dispatch just received. All the troops I have at this post will receive orders to march to-morrow to Newport News, to relieve as many of the colored troops there. I can withdraw the other companies of the same regiment I have stationed in other counties so soon as I can relieve them by others from Richmond.

B. C. LUDLOW,
Brevet Brigadier-General, Commanding.

Memorandum for Major-General Augur.—List of forts and batteries arranged in classes in the order of their relative importance.

Designation of works north of the Potomac (first class): Forts Foote, Carroll, Stanton, Baker, Mahan, Lincoln, and Battery Jameson, Forts Totten, Slocum, Stevens, Reno, and Battery Reno, Fort Sumner.

South of the Potomac (first class): Battery Rodgers, Forts Lyon, Ellsworth, Worth, Ward, Richardson, McPherson, Whipple, Morton, C. F. Smith, Ethan Allen.

It has been proposed to retain permanently the forts of the first class, as they occupy commanding positions, and if maintained will constitute the skeleton of a line of defense which may be easily built up again when circumstances require. It is difficult to say which of these forts is the most important. They are arranged, therefore, in geographical position.

North of the Potomac (second class): Forts Greble, Meigs, fort on Kennedy's Hill, Forts Chaplin, Bunker Hill, De Russy, Kearny, Simmons and Mansfield (essentially one fort), Battery Cameron.

South of the Potomac (second class): Forts Willard, O'Rorke, Farnsworth, Weed, Barnard, Berry, Albany, Tillinghast, Strong, Marcy. The forts of this class are generally in good order, and would last many years without much expenditure of labor or money. They occupy positions which must be held when the city is threatened by a land attack. They are not so important, however, as the forts named in the first class.

North of the Potomac (third class): Forts Snyder, Ricketts, Wagner, Davis, Du Pont, circular fort, Fort Thayer, Battery Morris, Forts Saratoga, Slemmer, Batteries Smead, Russell, Forts Bayard, Gaines, Batteries Vermont, Martin Scott, Chain Bridge Battery, Batteries Kemble and Parrott.

South of the Potomac (third class): Fort Williams, Battery Garesché, Forts Reynolds, Scott, Runyon, Jackson, Craig, Cass, Woodbury, Corcoran, Bennett, Haggerty, two block-houses and battery in Hunting Creek Valley, one block-house on Leesburg turnpike, three block-houses on Aqueduct Bridge. This class embraces the works of least importance and should be first abandoned.

B. S. ALEXANDER,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Aide-de-Camp, Chief Engineer of Defenses.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 10, 1865.*

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 21. } HDQRS. FIRST DIV., NINTH ARMY CORPS, *Washington, D. C., May 10, 1865.*

Bvt. Brig. Gen. N. B. McLaughlen, having reported back for duty, will take command of the First Division camp, headquarters at the

field headquarters of the division. The usual reports and returns from the brigades will continue to be forwarded direct to these headquarters, but General McLaughlen will command the camp in all field duties.

By command of Bvt. Maj. Gen. O. B. Willcox:

W. A. NORTON,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., May 11, 1865.

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Richmond:

My efforts to relieve the people from the oppressions of Treasury agents and to guard the Government against fraud are exhausted. All proper representations have been made to the President.

E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES.
Richmond, Va., May 11, 1865.

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War, Washington:

SIR: Affairs in this military division seem to be settling down quietly and satisfactorily into their usual channels. The only two matters of serious embarrassment are trade and the management of the colored population. The military are now relieved from all responsibility in regard to trade, the Treasury agents having taken charge of that matter. But the management and support of freedmen and their families is a most difficult question. I have given it my most serious attention, but have adopted no definite plan or general system. I hope, however, that experiment and experience may ultimately lead to some satisfactory plan, which shall be alike beneficial to the freedmen and their former masters. I tell the former that they can make their own bargains and work for whomsoever they please, but work they must, for the Government will not support them and their families in idleness. To the former masters I say: Make the best arrangements you can with the freedmen for their labor, and the Government will interfere as little as possible. While some appear to be almost helpless as well as hopeless in this matter, many are rapidly accommodating themselves to the new condition of affairs. The idea of the restoration of slavery is almost universally given up in Virginia, and, I think, not unwillingly. My greatest anxiety is in regard to crops for this year. The planting season is so nearly over that I fear the colored population will not settle down to quiet and labor in time to raise grain enough for the coming year. In addition to the want of animals, there is a great scarcity of seed. I have urged this matter of planting upon all military commanders of districts, and upon all the inhabitants, both white and colored. I inclose General Orders, No. [6*], the only ones I have published on this subject. I have not taken any steps in regard to the reorganization of State authorities, leaving all such matters until Governor Peirpoint arrives. In the country I have left the justices of

---

* See May 5, p. 1091.

the peace in the exercise of their functions, so far as regards the preservation of order, they taking the oath of allegiance. Clerks of courts of record also continue their functions on the same condition. In the city of Richmond I have been obliged to organize a court of arbitration for civil matters of pressing importance. The arrangement gives general satisfaction. The judges selected have not been politicians, and are universally respected. I inclose a copy of General Orders, No. 5, in regard to this court.*

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 11, 1865.

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War, Washington:

SIR: When I arrived here I found that very little care had been taken to secure and preserve the documents and archives of the rebel government. Many which had escaped the conflagration had been plundered and carried off by relic hunters. Neither General Weitzel nor General Ord seemed to have considered the importance of preserving all official and private papers of the rebel leaders for future reference and as evidence against them and their coadjutors, here and at the North. It is very possible, however, that the papers which I have been able to preserve may furnish important links of testimony against prominent traitors. To avoid the risk of attempting to assort and classify them here I have directed Colonel Cutts to send them to Assistant Secretary Dana, as fast as they could be boxed, with a general description of the contents of each box. Over ninety large boxes have already been shipped. I commend this matter to your attention. Although many of the papers forwarded will probably prove worthless, yet there may be found among them much evidence in regard to plots of assassination, incendiarism, treason, &c. They therefore should be most carefully examined and preserved. At any rate, they will prove of great value to those who may hereafter write the history of this great rebellion. I have given stringent orders that all persons having such public papers in their possession must give them up, and all officers and soldiers who appropriate them to their own use, or give them away, will be severely punished. Most of the offices connected with the rebel War and Navy Departments were burned. Some of the plundered papers, however, have been recovered. General Wright may have been able to recover others between here and Greensborough. I gave him orders to that effect. Benjamin removed the most important papers from the State Department, but many of them have been recovered, and I hope we may yet find more. Colonel Cutts, of my staff, who has been charged with this matter, has applied himself to the task with great industry, energy, and tact. He deserves much credit for collecting and saving so large a mass of public papers and documents, which in a few days more would have been destroyed or hopelessly scattered.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

---

* See May 3, p. 1074.

RICHMOND, *May 11, 1865.*
(Received 5 p. m.)

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I am informed that General Ingalls has ordered the sale of 4,000 horses and mules in Petersburg and Richmond. Such large sales in two places almost inaccessible to farmers in the entire want of facilities for travel will throw all these animals into the hands of a few speculators without benefit to farmers and freedmen in putting in crops. Moreover, I think General Ord's request that the use of condemned animals be allowed to freedmen now located on abandoned plantations, to put in crops, should be granted. He estimates that about 100,000 negroes are now under the direction of Government agents and dependent upon them for labor, food, and clothing. Under these circumstances it will be most economical to afford them all facilities for raising crops this year. I will write you more fully.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, May 11, 1865. (Sent 10 a. m. 12th.)

Major-General HALLECK, *Richmond:*

The sale of horses proposed by Ingalls is disapproved. You will countermand it and stop the sale of any Government property in your command until first approved by you. My order was that property returns of such things as ought to be sold should be made out, intending then to direct the sale. You will please ascertain first what number of horses can be properly used by Ord and have them turned over, and designate at what places and in what numbers and on what terms the residue can be disposed of to the greatest public advantage and to guard best against speculators. I will consult General Grant, who may also give some instructions.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, *May 11, 1865—12.30 p. m.*

Major-General HALLECK, *Richmond, Va.:*

You may order transportation for all rebel paroled prisoners now at Fort Monroe to their homes. I would not let French vessels take them.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON CITY, *May 11, 1865—9 p. m.*
(Received 12th.)

Major-General HALLECK, *Richmond, Va.:*

You may suspend the sale of public animals advertised by General Ingalls until further orders. I think the condemned animals, at least a part of them, advertised will be turned over to the Freedmen's Bureau for issue.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 11, 1865.*

Brevet Major-General MEIGS,
Washington:

No authority has been given so far as I am aware to give away or loan condemned animals. Sales of such animals in the usual manner have been advertised at different places in accordance with your suggestion. I see no good reason for countermanding such sales, as such postponement would render them useless to farmers, the planting season being nearly over.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
Fairfax Station, May 11, 1865—8.45 a. m.
(Received 9.30 a. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT:

I have to report my arrival at this point. The Fifth and Second Corps will reach the Occoquan to-night. Have you any place selected for us to camp in? I proposed to camp in the vicinity of Arlington Mills unless you direct otherwise. I shall await here your reply.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 11, 1865—11.15 a. m.*

General MEADE,
Fairfax Station:

Lieutenant-General Grant desires you to use your discretion as to the position of your camp. General Augur had been directed to look out for a position for you to facilitate matters on your arrival, and will be able to give you information as to what he has done.

C. B. COMSTOCK,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Brigadier-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 90. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 11, 1865.*

Punishment of Guerrillas.

All the forces of the enemy east of the Mississippi River having been duly surrendered by their proper commanding officers to the Armies of the United States, under agreements of parole and disbandment, and there being now no authorized troops of the enemy east of the Mississippi River, it is—

Ordered, That from and after the first day of June, 1865, any and all persons found in arms against the United States, or who may commit acts of hostility against it east of the Mississippi River, will be regarded as guerrillas and punished with death. The strict enforcement and execution of this order is especially enjoined upon the commanding officers of all U. S. forces within the territorial limits to which it applies.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 223. } HDQRS. OF THE ARMY, ADJT. GEN.'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 11, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

2. Brig. Gen. Francis Fessenden, U. S. Volunteers, will report in person without delay to Major-General Hancock, U. S. Volunteers, for duty.

* * * * * * *

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 11, 1865.

Major-General HUMPHREYS,
Commanding Second Corps:

The major-general commanding directs that you move by way of Annandale, and on arriving at Arlington Mills halt, and send an officer forward for further instructions to headquarters, near Fort Albany.

Very respectfully,

S. F. BARSTOW,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
Fairfax Station, May 11, 1865.

Major-General GRIFFIN,
Commanding Fifth Corps:

The major-general commanding directs that on arriving here you move by the Fairfax Court-House, Annandale, down the Columbia pike, sending an officer in advance from the pike to headquarters near Fort Albany for further instructions.

Very respectfully,

S. F. BARSTOW,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 53. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS, *May 11, 1865.*

I. The corps will march at 6 a. m. to-morrow in the following order: First, First Division; second, Second Division; third, Third Division; fourth, the artillery will precede the column to Fairfax Court-House, where it will halt and rest until the infantry passes that point, when it will follow in rear of the troops. The ambulances and trains will march in rear of the column.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, *May 11, 1865.*

Major-General WRIGHT,
Danville:

All tobacco and other property belonging to the rebel authorities will be seized and sent to this place or City Point. I cannot at pres-

ent authorize the distribution of corn or other provisions, except so far as may be necessary to prevent actual suffering and starvation. Paroles will be given to Confederate officers and soldiers who came in and surrendered, but cannot now send troops all through the country to look them up. You will continue to hold Danville and adjacent country with such troops as you may deem necessary, as the orders for your immediate return to Alexandria have been countermanded.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 102. } HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS, *May 11, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

4. Maj. Thomas L. Haydn, aide-de-camp, will proceed at once to Henry Court-House for the purpose of taking charge of and forwarding to this place such tobacco and other property belonging to the so-called Confederate Government as may be found at that place and its vicinity. On the completion of this duty he will return to these headquarters. During his stay at Henry Court-House Major Haydn will perform the duties of provost-marshal, paroling such Confederate officers and men as may be there, and administering the oath of allegiance to all who may be desirous of taking it.

* * * * * * *

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 22. } HDQRS. FIRST DIV., NINTH ARMY CORPS, *Washington, D. C., May 11, 1865.*

Bvt. Brig. Gen. N. B. McLaughlen having been assigned to the command of the headquarters camp of this division on the Tennallytown road, hereafter all communications will be forwarded to him for action except the usual reports from brigades, which will be forwarded direct to these headquarters as before.

By command of Bvt. Maj. Gen. O. B. Willcox:

W. A. NORTON,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

CAVALRY HEADQUARTERS,
Washington, D. C., May 11, 1865. (Received 4 p. m. 12th.)

Maj. Gen. GEORGE CROOK,
Commanding Cavalry on way to Washington:

Major General Sheridan directs that you carry out the following instructions of the lieutenant-general commanding:

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, D. C., May 11, 1865.

Major-General SHERIDAN,
Commanding Cavalry, &c..

In view of the general order of the War Department calling for a reduction of the cavalry force, the lieutenant-general commanding directs that you at once order all officers and men of the cavalry on duty with your command that belong to regi-

ments serving elsewhere to join their respective regiments. Major-General Hancock will be directed to send to your command all officers and men that belong to it, and that are now serving in the Middle Military Division.

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

JAS. W. FORSYTH,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HDQRS. THIRD BRIGADE, SECOND DIVISION, CAVALRY,
Petersburg, May 11, 1865.

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

The Second Brigade, Colonel Young commanding, composed of the Fourth, Eighth, Sixteenth, and Twenty-first Pennsylvania Regiments, went to Lynchburg.

C. H. SMITH.
Brevet Brigadier-General, Commanding.

HDQRS. THIRD BRIGADE, SECOND DIVISION, CAVALRY,
May 11, 1865.

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

Four regiments (First Maine, Second New York Mounted Rifles, and Sixth and Thirteenth Ohio), about 1,000 mounted men in all, constitute this command; no battery.

C. H. SMITH,
Brevet Brigadier-General, Commanding.

HDQRS. MILITARY DIVISION OF THE MISSISSIPPI,
In the Field, Fredericksburg, Va., May 11, 1865.

Colonel SUMNER,
Commanding, &c., Fredericksburg:

COLONEL: When passing Spotsylvania Court-House, it was learned that a large number of bodies of our troops, killed there about a year since, were still unburied, and General Sherman made an agreement with a Mr. Sanford, a citizen there, to make a proper interment of the bodies, and gave an order on our commissaries for three barrels flour and two barrels pork, as payment to Mr. Sanford for his work. It seems, however, that the commissary had not supplies, more than absolutely needed to make our march, and could not recall the stores from the troops. General Sherman advises you to make a similar agreement with Mr. Sanford, who will convey this to you, and is anxious to fulfill his agreement.

I am, with respect,

L. M. DAYTON,
Major and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, D. C., May 11, 1865.

Major-General AUGUR,
Department of Washington:

General Meade is now at Fairfax Station, and thinks of going into camp at Arlington Mills. Lieutenant-General Grant desires that you inform him what steps you have taken. It will be for him to decide on the position.

Very respectfully,

C. B. COMSTOCK,
Lieutenant-Colonel, Aide-de-Camp, and Brevet Brigadier-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
May 11, 1865. (Received 12.35 p. m.)

General J. D. STEVENSON,
Harper's Ferry, W. Va.:

Complaints are made here that the Loudoun County Rangers are seizing U. S. horses, even from funeral processions, in Loudoun, and converting them to their own use. The general desires them all recalled from and kept out of Loudoun. He wishes to know whether they are a part of an organized regiment, or whether they are borne on returns to the Adjutant-General's Office as an independent organization.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HARPER'S FERRY, VA., *May 11, 1865.*

General MORGAN,
Chief of Staff:

I have received similar reports and believe them true. I ordered that all soldiers should be recalled several days ago, and have published an order positively prohibiting any soldiers of this command going into Loudoun County on any pretext whatever, except upon passes from these headquarters, and then only upon visits to their families and with express orders not to disturb any persons or property. The Loudoun County Rangers are known as an independent organization and have but little discipline; have been valuable only as scouts.

Respectfully,

JOHN D. STEVENSON,
Brigadier-General.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 12, 1865. (Received 3.10 p. m.)

Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Headquarters Armies of the United States, and
ADJUTANT-GENERAL,
War Department, Washington:

All the cavalry of General Sheridan's command have left here with division for Washington, except the Second and Third Brigades of the Second Division, composed of the following regiments: Fourth, Eighth,

Sixteenth, and Twenty-first Pennsylvania; First Maine, Second New York Mounted Rifles, and Sixth and Thirteenth Ohio. All the batteries of the cavalry are at City Point, except a section of Captain Miller's battery, Fourth U. S. Artillery, which has gone on to join the section in the defenses of Washington.

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 12, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK:

Dispatch received. It is not intended to stop or defer sales of unserviceable animals as advertised; it was simply desired there should be uniformity in the sales. It was understood that Colonel Howard had orders to distribute some animals gratuitously. The sales should be made promptly, and Colonel Strang, at City Point, has charge of them under directions of General Ingalls.

CHS. THOMAS,
Acting Quartermaster-General, Bvt. Brig. Gen., U. S. Army.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 91. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 12, 1865.*

Order organizing Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen, and Abandoned Lands.

I. By direction of the President, Maj. Gen. O. O. Howard is assigned to duty in the War Department, as Commissioner of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen, and Abandoned Lands, under the act of Congress, entitled "An act to establish a bureau for the relief of freedmen and refugees," to perform the duties and exercise all the rights, authority, and jurisdiction vested by the act of Congress in such commissioner. General Howard will enter at once upon the duties of commissioner, specified in said act.

II. The Quartermaster-General will, without delay, assign and furnish suitable quarters and apartments for the said bureau.

III. The Adjutant-General will assign to the said bureau the number of competent clerks authorized by the act of Congress.

By order of the President of the United States:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 13. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 12, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

II. The Second and Third Brigades of the Second Division of the Cavalry Corps, composed of the following regiments, viz, Fourth, Eighth, Sixteenth, Twenty-first Pennsylvania Cavalry; Sixth and Thirteenth Ohio Cavalry, Second New York Mounted Rifles, and First Maine Cavalry, are hereby detached and are assigned to duty in the Department of Virginia.

By order of Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 12, 1865—3.30 p. m.

Major-General MEADE,
Comdg. Army of the Potomac, War Dept., Washington, D. C.:

The head of the Second Corps is at Wolf Run Shoals. The Fifth Corps trains are crossing. I will commence crossing at daylight to-morrow morning. Please send orders to meet me at Annandale. I have sent the trains around by way of Hartwood Church, Warrenton Junction, &c.

A. A. HUMPHREYS,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 12, 1865.

Major-General GRIFFIN,
Commanding Fifth Corps:

GENERAL: The major-general commanding directs that you encamp your command on the left bank of Four-Mile Run, on either side of Columbia pike.

S. F. BARSTOW,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. [54]. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
May 12, 1865.

As it is probable that the corps will remain in its present camp for some days, commanders are directed to have their camps well arranged, sinks built, and every attention paid to the police of their camps and vicinity. Division commanders and the commander of the Artillery Brigade will report the location of their headquarters. Corps headquarters are for the present on the Falls Church road opposite the Government farms.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
May 12, 1865.

Major-General RICKETTS,
Commanding Third Division:

GENERAL: The major-general commanding desires me to inform you that he will leave for Richmond to-morrow morning, to be gone for two or three days, and that during his absence you will be in command of the corps. Lieutenant-Colonel Franklin, Major Manning, and myself will accompany the general, and Maj. R. F. Halsted, aide-de-camp, will perform the duties of assistant adjutant-general during my absence.

I am, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 48. } HDQRS. MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION, *Washington, D. C., May 12, 1865.*

1. All officers and men of cavalry in the Middle Military Division belonging to regiments attached to General Sheridan's command will be at once ordered to join their proper regiments near Alexandria, Va.

2. All officers and men belonging to cavalry stationed within the division who are absent from the proper stations of their regiments will be ordered to join their regiments without delay.

By command of Major-General Hancock:

DUNCAN S. WALKER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
Washington, D. C., May 12, 1865.

Brig. Gen. L. THOMAS,
Adjutant-General of the Army, Washington, D. C.:

GENERAL: I have the honor to make the following report of the number of officers and men of the late rebel army that have been paroled in this command up to May 1, 1865: Department of Washington, 51 officers, 172 enlisted men; Department of Pennsylvania, none; Department of West Virginia, 65 officers, 856 enlisted men; Army of the Shenandoah, number officers and enlisted men, 2,956, making an aggregate of 4,100 officers and men, including 332 of Mosby's command.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General, Commanding.

CUMBERLAND, MD., *May 12, 1865.*

Brevet Major-General MCMILLAN, *Grafton, W. Va.:*

Immediately on receipt of this bring in the Seventy-fourth Pennsylvania from Beverly and occupy the important points only of the railroad west of New Creek to the Ohio. Relieve the Sixth West Virginia; concentrate them at Grafton, whence they will be sent to Wheeling to be mustered out. Direct the Third Maryland Potomac Home Brigade, now stationed at Buckhannon, to repair at once to Baltimore. Concentrate the Second Maryland Potomac Home Brigade, Lieutenant-Colonel Lynn, at Green Spring Run, whence they are to be sent, when concentrated, to Baltimore. It is understood that there is a company of cavalry at Beverly, and also at Buckhannon; if not, send one to each place and have all the public property not necessary for these two companies collected at Clarksburg or Webster, as may be more convenient. Send staff officers to see that these orders are executed promptly. Report progress by telegraph and receipt of this.

By order of General Emory:

TH. MELVIN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, May 12, 1865.

Hon. EDWARDS PIERREPONT, *New York:*

I have written to-night to retain you and Cutting and Brady, or any one else you may desire to have associated with you, to prosecute Horace Greeley and the owners of the Tribune for Greeley's persistent

effort the last four weeks to incite assassins to finish their work by murdering me. Please give the matter your immediate attention on receiving the letter, and secure copies of all the Tribunes published since the night of the President's murder, and get the names of the owners. I propose to prosecute criminally and also by civil suit, for I shall not allow them to have me murdered and escape responsibility without a struggle for life on my part.

EDWIN M. STANTON.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, May 13, 1865.
(Sent 9.35 a. m. 14th.)

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond:

The President has appointed General Howard commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, and it will be immediately organized. I wish you would examine the lists of lands confiscated at Norfolk and those offered for sale for taxes and let me know what should be secured for freedmen and refugees.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 13, 1865.*
(Received 11 a. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT:

Nothing yet heard of the party sent to Lynchburg. There is no telegraph line to that place.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 13, 1865.*
(Received 5 p. m.)

Brevet Major-General MEIGS,
Quartermaster-General, Washington:

The railroad companies to whom the roads in Virginia will be turned over cannot run the trains unless paid for transporting Government freight and troops. To pay such freight I think will be much more economical than to run the roads at the Government expense. We might in some cases aid in repairing bridges, &c., in payment for such transportation. The labor of freedmen whom we are obliged to feed might be advantageously applied in this way as soon as the planting season is over. The expense of repairing the railroad from Burkeville to Lynchburg will be too great to be undertaken at present. To supply the garrison at that place and to afford a means of bringing the produce of the Valley, fuel, &c., to this city, it will be much cheaper to reopen the canal, which is State property. It is already opened to New Canton and can be easily repaired to Lynchburg. I think the labor of freedmen whom we feed and clothe can advantageously be applied here. It is almost impossible for railroad companies and farmers to give employment to these people, as they have no means to purchase provisions. I have just seen a good Union man, formerly a wealthy planter, who informs me that there are over 500 liberated slaves on his farm.

He offers them land to cultivate for themselves, but has no provisions for them, nor means of purchasing food or clothing. Please consult the Secretary of War, and notify me of the views of your department in regard to the canal and railroads.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
OFFICE OF CHIEF ENGINEER ARMIES IN VIRGINIA,
Washington, May 13, 1865.

Brevet Major-General RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

GENERAL: Under Special Orders, No. [75], dated headquarters Armies of the United States, City Point, April 12, 1865, I gave the necessary directions to the engineer officers of the Armies of the Potomac and James for the surveys therein required. I came up myself on the 13th with the intention of returning on the 17th to attend personally to the matter. The assassination of the President and subsequent orders from the War Department prevented this. On my return from Springfield it was still my intention to go down. The accompanying letter from Brevet Brigadier-General Michie will show that Colonel Thom has assumed control over the surveys and over the engineers I had charged with it. As chief engineer of the Military Division of the James it is probably his right. Still, it may be a matter worthy of consideration whether the surveys in question, which concern the military history of the armies lately operating against Richmond, should be taken from my hands even so far as to compel me to make them through Colonel Thom. If I have anything to do with them I should prefer that in this duty General Michie report to me and act immediately under my orders. The position of "chief engineer of Armies operating against Richmond" would not authorize me now to give orders to Colonel Thom, nor would perhaps "of armies in the field" at the present day. I do not wish to give the lieutenant-general the least embarrassment about this matter. I am compelled to visit West Point on account of a son I have there.

I am, very respectfully, &c.,

J. G. BARNARD,
Brevet Major-General.

[Inclosure.]

ENGINEER OFFICE, DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
Richmond, Va., May 10, 1865.

Brevet Major-General BARNARD,
Washington, D. C.:

GENERAL: I have just received your letter dated Washington, May 8, 1865, and proceed to answer it immediately. By order of Colonel Thom, chief engineer of the Military Division of the James, I am about to organize a party for the survey of this portion of the country, with all lines of intrenchments, works, &c. He does not wish me to avail myself of the assistance offered by the Coast Survey, judging that the engineers can do this duty as well at least as the Coast Survey. I have accordingly engaged some competent draughtsmen, surveyors, and assistants, and will commence at once. In obedience to

your instructions I have had surveyed and plotted all the isolated works about Richmond. I have duplicated some of the forts and will have them all done by the end of this week. In addition to this, I have had survey made of Fort Darling and the vicinity of Drewry's Bluff, which is not yet quite completed. With regard to accommodations down here, general, I am at a loss to know what to do. None of the staff of General Ord have had any assignment of quarters, but have been compelled to rent rooms where they could get them, and in all cases rents are exorbitant. General Ord occupies Mr. Trenholm's (late rebel treasurer) house with his family. General Halleck and his staff have Jeff. Davis' house. General Dent has the governor's mansion. I do not think that there are any vacant rooms in either of those buildings. I rented two rooms in the city for a week and then was asked to pay $100 a month for bare rent, so I moved out of town and am living about two miles from the corporate limits. I have two rooms only with the family I am living with. The only available place to go to is the Spotswood Hotel, which gives but little comfort and poor living at $4 a day. The policy of our Government here has been all for the rebels, and we have been subjected to shift for ourselves as best we could. We apply to the quartermaster for quarters, and he says he has none to give. Colonel Thom, by his position on General Halleck's staff, commands me, and I must submit my reports to him hereafter. Hoping to hear from you or see you soon,

I remain, very truly, general, your obedient servant,

PETER S. MICHIE,
Brevet Brigadier-General, U. S. Volunteers.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 21. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *May 13, 1865.*

The following orders from the War Department are published to this army for the information and guidance of all concerned.

Corps and independent commanders will at once proceed to convene the boards called for by General Orders, No. 86, War Department, Adjutant-General's Office, May 9, 1865.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 77. } WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, April 28, 1865.*

For reducing expenses of the military establishment.

Ordered,

* * * * * * *

VI. That all volunteer soldiers (patients) in hospitals, except veteran volunteers, veterans of the First Army Corps (Hancock's), and enlisted men of the Veteran Reserve Corps, who require no further medical treatment, be honorably discharged from service, with immediate payment.

All officers and enlisted men who have been prisoners of war and now on furlough or at the parole camps, and all recruits in rendezvous, except those for the regular army, and the First Army Corps (Hancock's), will likewise be honorably discharged.

Officers whose duty it is, under the regulations of the service, to make out rolls and other final papers connected with the discharge and payment of soldiers, are directed to make them out without delay, so that this order may be carried into effect immediately. Commanding generals of armies and departments will look to the prompt execution of this work.

* * * * * * *

By order of the Secretary of War:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 79. } WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 1, 1865.*

For reducing the number of general, field, and staff officers.

It is ordered by the President, that resignations of general, field, and staff officers will be received until the 15th of this month, at which date the Adjutant-General is directed to commence mustering honorably out of service all general, field, and staff officers who are unemployed or whose service is no longer needed.

By order of the President of the United States:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 81. } WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 3, 1865.*

With a view to prevent accidents, commanders of army corps, departments, and military divisions will immediately take the precautions necessary to insure the discharge of all small-arms and cannon, including those captured from the enemy, before being turned over by the troops for storage or shipment.

By order of the Secretary of War:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 82. } WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 6, 1865.*

For reducing the number of company and staff officers of volunteer regiments.

By direction of the President, all company and staff officers of volunteer regiments, absent from their commands on account of physical disability, or by virtue of leaves of absence granted them on their return to loyal States as prisoners of war, will be honorably mustered out of the service of the United States of date the 15th instant.

Said officers will immediately apply, by letter, to the Adjutant-General of the Army for their muster-out and discharge papers. In case of physical disability from disease or wounds the letter must be accompanied by a medical certificate of the usual form.

The post-office address of the officer must be given with care in all cases.

By order of the Secretary of War:

W. A. NICHOLS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 86. } WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 9, 1865.*

Lists to be made of volunteer officers.

For the information of the War Department, lists will at once be prepared and forwarded of all officers in the volunteer service, made out separately for each arm of the service and each branch of the staff, showing the relative merit of the officers in their regiments or departments, as determined by boards of officers, to be appointed for the purpose by corps and other independent commanders. The reports of the boards will include the names of all officers belonging to a particular command, whether present or absent, and in the cases of the absent officers, the reports will be based upon the best information attainable. The reports will also state what officers, in the opinion of the boards, should be discharged.

These lists will be forwarded through the prescribed channel, and the several commanders through whom they may be transmitted will indorse thereon their recommendations, based on their own knowledge of the character of the officers.

The lists will specify the rank and arm for which the officer is deemed competent, and whether he desires to remain in the military service. For all officers below the grade of colonel these lists will be consolidated and arranged by brigade, division, and corps commanders (or independent commands of less than a corps), so as to include all officers in the corps.

The lists of colonels, generals, and staff officers will also be consolidated at army or department and military division headquarters.

In addition to the lists thus furnished through the ordinary military channels, the chiefs of staff departments at Washington will at once obtain from their subordinates similar lists, conveniently consolidated, and forward them to this Department.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

By command of Major-General Meade:

S. F. BARSTOW,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARTILLERY RESERVE,
May 13, 1865.

Col. S. F. BARSTOW,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Hdqrs. Army of the Potomac:

COLONEL: I have the honor to report that the Artillery Reserve is encamped near Fort Reynolds.

By command of Brigadier-General Hays:

CHAS. HUMPHREYS,
Lieutenant and Aide-de-Camp.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
May 13, 1865.

Brevet Major-General WEBB,
Chief of Staff:

GENERAL: I have the honor to report that this corps is camped near Four-Mile Run and on both sides of the Columbia pike. I desire to be informed as to what the limits of the ground I am to occupy are. If I am to extend up the Falls Church road the camp of the provost-marshal-general will require to be removed, as my troops are now inconveniently crowded.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHARLES GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 13, 1865.

Major-General ORD,
Commanding Department of Virginia:

GENERAL: Rations will not be issued to paroled Confederate officers or their families, except in cases where they have no means of subsistence and from sickness are unable to earn a living. All such cases must be critically examined and reported on. Efforts must be made to reduce issues as much as possible. All persons able to labor will be required to earn their own living.

Very respectfully,

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
Richmond, Va., May 13, 1865.

Maj. Gen. E. O. C. ORD,
Commanding Department of Virginia, Richmond, Va.:

GENERAL: I respectfully submit for your consideration the following statement with reference to the James River and Kanawha Canal Company. This canal is now in partial operation, it being open and navigable for sixty-five miles from this city to Lock No. 17, beyond which point it has been much injured by General Sheridan's command during the late campaign. The extreme length of the canal is about 216 miles, penetrating the interior of the State and passing through a country rich in agricultural and mineral productions. It is of the greatest importance that the company re-establish its route as it will be the means of giving employment to a large number of persons who are now idle and subsisting at Government expense, and put in active operation many if not all the mills in Richmond, and on the re-opening of this channel for trade a large quantity of tobacco and other supplies now stored at Lynchburg and vicinity could be sent to market. The company are anxious to resume operations, and, to effect this desirable object, I would respectfully suggest that the Government furnish aid for repairing the canal, as the company is left, like most others, without available means to reinstate navigation. In order to do this it would probably require, at a rough estimate, the labor of 1,000 men for one month, or at that ratio, with competent engineers to oversee the work.

I would also recommend the turning over to the company all canal-boats formerly the property of the rebel government not required for Government service, to be used by the company for the purpose of bringing forward produce, &c., it being understood that the authorities have a claim on the company for the boats and to be reimbursed for their use. All rights and privileges formerly enjoyed by the company I think should also be granted them, provided they do not come in conflict with any Government rules and regulations. It is desirable that the work of repairing should be entered into at once and completed so that navigation could be resumed before the 1st of July next, as it is important that the company should have the transporting of the approaching harvest, thereby deriving a revenue for its maintenance and payment of Government claims, as well as affording relief to the inhabitants of the region through which the canal passes, and carrying return supplies for the interior, as the country is destitute of all such that is not derived from its own soil. The canal when opened will connect at Lynchburg with the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad, which road extends directly to Memphis, Tenn. This road runs through the richest and most productive portion of Virginia, and I am credibly informed that a large amount of supplies are now awaiting the opening of this route to be sent forward. I would respectfully suggest that the requisite labor, with rations, tents, implements, and a guard sufficient for their military control, be furnished by the military authorities; that an account be kept of the expense attending the furnishing of the men and articles and the same to be charged against the company; that the company on its part keep an account of all charges against the Government for tolls on dock and canal, and that three months after the completion of repairs and re-opening of the entire navigation the account shall be settled, and if the balance be found against the company such balance shall be paid, or such part thereof as the company may be unable to pay then shall constitute a lien upon the revenues of

the company till paid. The tolls and charges to be one-half of present rates. In submitting the foregoing suggestions I have proceeded upon the idea that the canal will be more or less required for military purposes, especially should troops be stationed at Lynchburg.

I am, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN B. HOWARD,

Lieutenant-Colonel and Chief Quartermaster, Army of the James.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT,
March 15, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded, approved.

It is very necessary for troops going there.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General of Volunteers, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES, PETERSBURG, &C., VA.,
May 13, 1865.

Maj. Gen. G. WEITZEL,
Commanding Twenty-fifth Army Corps:

GENERAL: Many complaints are made at this headquarters of depredations committed by soldiers of the Twenty-fifth Army Corps, consisting principally in the destruction of buildings and the exciting of the colored people to acts of outrage against the persons and property of white citizens. It is asserted that the buildings are destroyed that the boards and timbers may be used to build huts and quarters for the soldiers, and the bricks of chimneys are carried off, probably for the same purpose. Colored soldiers are represented as having straggled about advising negroes not to work on the farms, where they are employed, and been told by the soldiers that if they had not arms to use against their former masters that they (the soldiers) would furnish them. Such acts must create discord and discontent, and should be stopped at once.

Believing that these facts need only be brought to your knowledge to insure their correction,

I have the honor to be, respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. L. HARTSUFF,
Major-General.

HDQRS. DISTRICT OF ALEXANDRIA, NINTH ARMY CORPS,
Alexandria, Va., May 13, 1865.

Lieut. Col. A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Department of Washington:

COLONEL: In compliance with telegram of 9th instant I have the honor to make the following report of the number of volunteers of cavalry in this command whose terms of service will expire prior to October 1, 1865: Second Cavalry Division—Twenty-first New York Cavalry, 132; Third Massachusetts Cavalry, 306; detachment First New York (Lincoln) Cavalry, 60. Total, 498. First Separate Brigade—Fourteenth Pennsylvania Cavalry, 774; Thirteenth New York Cavalry, 66. Total, 840. Grand total, 1,338.

I have the honor to be, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JNO. G. PARKE,
Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 66. } HDQRS. DEPT. OF WASHINGTON, TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS, *May 13, 1865.*

First Lieut. Paul Brodie, Signal Corps, U. S. Army, is announced as chief signal officer of the Department of Washington, Twenty-second Army Corps. He will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

By command of Maj. Gen. C. C. Augur:

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

NEW YORK, *May 13, 1865.*
(Received 10 a. m.)

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

All will receive prompt and judicious action.

EDWARDS PIERREPONT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, May 13, 1865. (Sent 5.20 p. m.)

Hon. EDWARDS PIERREPONT,
New York:

I have proof of express personal malice against me by Greeley, and believe that I can establish a combination between him and others which may end in accomplishing my death, as it did against Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Seward. This is my reason for distinguishing his case from others of general vituperation.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

(Same to Hon. F. B. Cutting.)

PHILADELPHIA, *May 14, 1865.*
(Received 6.10 p. m.)

General J. A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

It was my intention to have returned to Washington this evening, but I find myself too unwell to do so. It is not probable that I shall be able to go before Tuesday.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, *May 14, 1865.*
(Received 3 p. m.)

Lieutenant-General GRANT,
Washington:

Major-General Wright is now here, and reports everything in the southern counties as quiet as could well be expected. General Ord has been ordered to relieve the Sixth Corps, which will probably reach Richmond on its way to Alexandria about the last of this week.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 14, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General, War Department, Washington:

GENERAL: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the circular of the 9th instant from your office, and to report that the necessary orders have been given to carry into effect its requirements, as far as they relate to this army.

Very respectfully,

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 22. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 14, 1865.

The following circular from the War Department is published to this army for the information and guidance of all concerned.* Corps commanders will at once forward to these headquarters reports of officers and men to be discharged by virtue of these instructions, and the chief commissary of musters of this army will give such orders as are necessary to carry them into effect so far as his department is concerned.

By command of Major-General Meade:

S. F. BARSTOW,
Assistant Adjutant General.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 14, 1865.

1. The troops will remain in camp to-day. Commanders will take measures to prevent straggling.

2. To-morrow, the 15th instant, they will move to the camps selected near Four-Mile Run within the limits assigned to the Second Corps. The inspector-general will indicate to division and artillery commanders the grounds that have been selected for them.

3. The troops will move in the order in which they are encamped on the road—artillery, First Division, Third Division, and Second Division, the march commencing at 8 a. m.

4. The chief quartermaster of the corps has been directed to supply the troops with fuel.

5. All necessary precaution will be taken by commanders of troops to prevent the injury of dwelling-houses, out-houses, orchards, gardens, fruit trees, grain and grass crops, fences, &c.

6. A chain of sentinels will be established, encircling the corps, to prevent straggling and unauthorized absences from the division and train camps. The portion to be guarded by each division will be assigned after the arrival of the troops in camp. A general officer of the day will be detailed from these headquarters, a field officer of the day being furnished by each division for duty with its guard.

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

---

* See Townsend to Halleck and other army and department commanders, p. 1118.

CATLETT'S STATION, VA., *May 14, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. P. H. SHERIDAN,
Washington:

The command arrived here this p. m. Will march to Fairfax to-morrow. Everything in good condition.

GEORGE CROOK,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 14, 1865.*

General HARTSUFF,
Petersburg:

Have you many troops stationed between the Appomattox and James, and have you organized any sub-districts for Department of Negro Affairs therein? Send me copies of all your orders, letters of instructions, and statement of how your troops are stationed.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General, Commanding.

MAY 14, 1865.

Major-General ORD,
Richmond:

I ought to have seven companies of cavalry immediately. One for each county of McKibbin's district and one for himself for police purposes. Have now only one company. Shall occupy to-morrow the Court-House in each county by two companies of troops.

GEO. L. HARTSUFF,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES, PETERSBURG, &c., VA.,
Petersburg, May 14, 1862.

Major-General ORD,
Commanding Department of Virginia:

Have sent copies of all general orders to department headquarters promptly; will send file complete to-morrow. Have placed General McKibbin in command of Sub-District South of Appomattox, consisting of counties of Amelia, Nottoway, Prince George, Dinwiddie, Sussex, and Surry, and General Ferrero in command of Sub-District of Petersburg. McKibbin has just returned from tour through his district to ascertain its condition and necessities, under letter of instructions from me, which I will send with orders to-morrow. Money was needed for seed and materials for farms for negro labor and for issue to white farmers unable to obtain them. Abbot's brigade being just taken from my command I have now no troops north of Appomattox, and no territorial jurisdiction there. No troops under my command now except Ferrero's division, one brigade of which is in and about Petersburg, and the other, under McKibbin, which has been weakened by taking from it the One hundred and fourth Pennsylvania Regiment, will occupy his sub-district. Part of Sixth Corps is within this district; don't know what their instructions or duties are. Cavalry here should be under my command, as men in my district complain to me of their depredations, and I cannot order them righted.

GEO. L. HARTSUFF,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 15, 1865—2.30 p. m.*
(Received 4 p. m.)

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I have just completed the examination of Mr. Hunter's papers captured at his house. They will be sent to you to-morrow morning by a special messenger. Among them is a letter written by Beverly Tucker from Montreal, with inclosures of most suspicious character, and calculated, I think, to throw light on the Canadian plot and its connection with rebel authorities here.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, May 15, 1865—4.30 p. m.

General HALLECK:

In examining papers please give instructions to preserve and forward everything, no matter how unintelligible or insignificant in appearance, bearing the similitude of a cipher. We have the key that will decipher, and important discoveries are being made.

E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 15, 1865.

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War, Washington:

SIR: I send herewith the papers captured at the house of Mr. R. M. T. Hunter. I have carefully examined them and find none of any apparent importance, except those in a separate envelope, marked confidential, viz, a letter with inclosures from Beverly Tucker. The letter is signed "B," and is in Tucker's handwriting, as can be readily proved. It will be noticed that the paper of two of the inclosures has the water-mark "B. T." By comparing these papers with others of Tucker's and Sanders' additional links in the chain of evidence may be supplied. I did not examine the Sanders papers, but directed General Patrick to seal them and send them forward immediately by a trusty messenger.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

PHILADELPHIA, *May 15, 1865.*
(Received 11.30 a. m.)

General J. A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

Please have two rooms secured for me at the hotel. If I feel sufficiently well to travel I will go to Washington (Mrs. Grant with me) to-morrow. I am now too unwell to sit up any length of time, and cannot tell when I shall be better. Knowing the almost absolute necessity for my presence in Washington worries me very much.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 94. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 15, 1865.*

The following regulations are announced and will be observed in discharging from service such volunteers as are hereafter to be mustered out with their regimental or company organizations:

I. Army corps, or at least the divisions thereof, will be kept intact, and, immediately upon receipt of an order directing any portion of the forces to be mustered out, commanding generals of armies and departments will order the said troops (if not already thereat) to one of the following rendezvous, viz:

1. Middle Military Division and troops of other armies or departments arriving therein—Defenses of Washington, D. C., Harper's Ferry, Va., and Cumberland, Md.

2. Military Division of the James—Richmond and Old Point Comfort, Va.

3. Department of North Carolina—New Berne and Wilmington.

4. Department of the South—Charleston, S. C., and Savannah, Ga.

5. Military Division of West Mississippi—Mobile, Ala., New Orleans, La., and Vicksburg, Miss.

6. Military Division of the Missouri—Little Rock, Ark., Saint Louis, Mo., and Fort Leavenworth, Kans.

7. Department of the Cumberland—Nashville, Knoxville, and Memphis, Tenn.

8. Department of Kentucky—Louisville.

9. Middle Department—Baltimore, Md.

Commanding generals of armies and departments are authorized to change the aforesaid places of rendezvous, should the public interests so demand. For the Departments of the East, Pennsylvania, Northern, Northwest, New Mexico, and Pacific, such special orders will be given from the Adjutant-General's Office relative to the troops therein serving as may be demanded by circumstances as the time for discharge is approached.

II. In case of one or more regiments of a division being mustered out, the division remaining in the field, said regiment or regiments will be mustered out at the place where found serving at the time, and then placed en route to the State, as hereinafter directed.

III. The Adjutant-General of the Army will designate places of rendezvous in the respective States to which the regiments, after muster out, will be forwarded for payment.

IV. Upon arrival at the rendezvous where the musters out are to take place, a critical examination of the regimental and company records, books, &c., will be made, and in case of omissions the proper commanders will be made to supply them, and make all the entries as enjoined by the Army Regulations. At the same time the muster-out rolls will be commenced and prepared, in accordance with existing regulations, under the direction of the assistant commissaries of musters of divisions, superintended by the corps commissaries. Corps and department commanders will see that the work is pushed with energy and executed promptly, using to this end division and brigade commanders to superintend it, and their respective staff officers to aid the mustering officers in collecting the data for the muster-out rolls and discharge papers, as well as the preparation of the same. In framing the rolls particular care must be exercised in stating balances of bounty payable. (See General Orders, No. 84, current series, from this office.)

V. So soon as the rolls of a regiment are completed the said command, with its arms, colors, and necessary equipage, will be placed en route to its State, and to the rendezvous therein, at or nearest which it was mustered in. En route, and after arrival in the State, the following will be observed:

1. Immediately on arrival at the State rendezvous the regiment will be reported to and taken control of by the chief mustering officer for the State, or his assistant at the point. The said officers will lend all needful assistance in their power to the paymasters with the view to prompt payment of the troops.

2. The regimental officers will be held to a strict accountability for the discipline of their commands and preservation of public property.

3. The commissary of musters of the division to which the regiment belonged in the field will take possession of the copies of muster-out rolls intended for the field and staff, companies and paymasters, also the company and regimental records, with all surplus blank rolls, returns, discharges, &c., in possession of regimental and company commanders, or other officers, and after boxing them up place them, whilst en route, under the special charge of a discreet and responsible officer of the regiment. The sole duty of said officer will be to care for and preserve said rolls and records whilst en route, and on arrival at the State rendezvous, where payment is to be made, to turn them over to the chief mustering officer or his assistant at that place.

4. Paymasters will be designated by the Pay Department to meet regiments at the designated State rendezvous, and there make final payments, obtaining for that purpose the rolls from the mustering officer thereat.

5. Whilst troops are awaiting payment supplies will be furnished by the respective supply departments, on the usual requisitions and returns, countersigned by the chief mustering officer or his assistant.

6. Until after payment, and the final discharge of the troops, the chief mustering officer will look to their being kept together and under discipline.

7. The chief mustering officer will, under regulations to be established by himself, take possession of and carefully preserve the regimental and company records, also the colors, with the respective regiments, and hold them subject to orders from the Adjutant-General of the Army.

8. As soon as practicable after arrival at the State rendezvous the chief mustering officer, or his assistant, will see that the arms and other public property brought to the State by the troops are turned over to the proper officer of the supply department thereat.

VI. In preparing the muster-out rolls, corps, department, division, and brigade commanders will hold regimental officers to a strict accountability in order to insure accurate and complete records of the enlisted men, and the better to establish the just claims of the non-commissioned officers and privates who have been wounded, or of the representatives of those who have died from disease or wounds, or been killed in battle.

VII. Prior to the departure of regiments from the rendezvous where mustered out all public property (except arms, colors, and equipage required en route) will be turned over to and cared for by the proper officers of the supply departments concerned.

VIII. What is prescribed in the foregoing for a regiment will be applicable to a battery of artillery or an independent company.

IX. At the respective State rendezvous the following is ordered, viz:

1. The Paymaster-General will be prepared to have a sufficient force of paymasters to insure prompt payments.

2. The Quartermaster-General and Commissary-General of Subsistence will be prepared to have a suitable number of officers of their respective bureaux to provide supplies, transportation, &c., and receipt for public property.

3. The Chief of Ordnance will arrange to have a suitable number of officers of his bureau to receive the arms, accouterments, &c.

X. The attention of commanding generals of armies and departments is directed to the importance of regimental and company officers having their records so completed and arranged that at any time the muster-out rolls may be prepared without delay.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
May 15, 1865.

Major VAN BROCKLIN,
Commanding Bridge Train, at Staunton River Bridge:

The major-general commanding directs that you move the bridge now near the railroad up the river, and throw it across at the point where the corps crossed the river on its march to this place. The point is designated as Clark's Ferry. After the trains and artillery have crossed you will take up the bridge and follow the column to Manchester. A copy of the order of march has been sent you to Roanoke Station. Please inform me at once by telegraph how many feet of bridge you have in your train.

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
Danville, Va., May 15, 1865.

The Third Division will move to Manchester by rail, the first train starting at 6 a. m. to-morrow, to be followed by others as rapidly as transportation can be furnished.

The Second Division will follow the Third.

The First Division will join the others at Manchester, moving via Petersburg in time to reach the point of concentration by the night of the 20th instant, the troops being moved by rail if practicable.

The artillery, ambulances, and wagons at this point will start by road for Burkeville at 5 a. m. to-morrow, being joined on the road by all wagons of the corps between those points. Reaching Burkeville the artillery, with its trains, including ambulances, and the artillery now with the First Division, will proceed to City Point, where transportation to Washington by water has been provided. All other trains will move to Manchester, and having parked will await further orders.

All detachments and safeguards, excepting those on the line of the railroad to Burkeville, will be called in in time to move with their

respective commands. The Ninth New York Artillery will follow the Second Division, its commanding officer giving the necessary instructions to the companies stationed at the different posts.

The batteries will send their ammunition chests and reserve ammunition by rail to City Point, and all small-arm ammunition (with the exception of that on the persons of the troops) will be sent in the same way to the same place, to be there turned in.

On starting the troops will be supplied with four days' small rations and two days' meat, and the artillery and trains will take five days' forage and subsistence, and four days' and additional supplies at Burkeville.

Each mounted officer and mounted orderly will be furnished transportation by rail for one horse only, all other authorized animals must accompany the trains.

Brevet Major-General Ricketts, commanding Third Division, will detail a small regiment to accompany the trains to Manchester as a guard, with five days' rations from to-morrow morning, to be replenished at Burkeville. Headquarters cavalry escort will also accompany the trains.

The pontoon train at Staunton River will move to Manchester as soon as the wagons of the corps have crossed the river. This train will accompany the corps to Washington.

Twelve wagons and three ambulances, the latter to be turned over by the medical director, will be retained by the corps quartermaster for the use of the troops, to be turned over after the troops have left to the detachment from the Twenty-fourth Army Corps, which is to be stationed at this point.

The chiefs of the quartermaster, commissary, and medical departments will issue the necessary orders in conformity with the above.

All provision having been made for all necessary supplies, both for men and animals, all foraging along the route by either officers or men is strictly forbidden, and any violation of this order will be promptly and severely punished.

Lieut. Col. W. S. Franklin, assistant inspector-general of the corps, will indicate the ground for the camping of the troops and the parking of the trains at Manchester.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. SECOND BRIG., SECOND DIVISION, CAVALRY CORPS,
Near Lynchburg, May 15, 1865.

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Commanding Military Division:

GENERAL: I have the honor to report all quiet in the town of Lynchburg, but in the counties of Amherst, Campbell, and Appomattox, there is trouble brewing. I have one regiment at Lynchburg, one squadron of which is at Amherst Court-House. One regiment I send to-day to Appomattox Court-House; two regiments I have with me at this point midway between Concord and Lynchburg. The trouble in Appomattox County arises from an unfair and unjust seizure and distribution of

abandoned property, such as horses, mules, wagons, leather, some wool and cotton. Sheriff Hix of Appomattox County has been acting under the following instructions :

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS,
In the Field, Appomattox, Va., April 15, 1865.

William D. Hix, sheriff of the county of Appomattox, Va., is hereby authorized to distribute such abandoned property of the surrendered Army of Northern Virginia, lately commanded by Robert E. Lee, C. S. Army, among the deserving destitute inhabitants of this vicinity as may be left behind on the departure of the U. S. forces, and authorize the persons to whom such distribution is made to retain such property subject to further orders from competent authority. All persons who have in possession such property unauthorized will be considered as being in unlawful possession of the same without the authorization of Sheriff William D. Hix, his representative or such person or persons as he may delegate to give such authorizations. Sheriff Hix will keep a record of his distribution and report the same to me by public conveyance to Washington, D. C., on or before June 1, 1865.

A. B. LAWRENCE,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Chief Quartermaster, Twenty-fourth Army Corps.

He has exceeded his authority, and with an armed force of citizens and paroled prisoners takes horses from what he terms common people and turns them over to those that hitherto have been termed wealthy planters. Said common people have been organizing and arming a force for their own defense. On the 13th instant I arrested Sheriff Hix with a party of seventeen armed men, ten of whom were paroled prisoners, destroyed their arms, ordered all citizens to return to their homes and resume their peaceful occupations, with instructions that said property should be disposed of in accordance with orders from Major-General Halleck. Sheriff Hix has not been confined to his own county, but had sent parties into Amherst and Campbell, and in the latter county one man was shot who refused to give up his horse. There has been no bushwhacking in this country, but considerable robbing by paroled prisoners and men who have never been paroled and who do not live in this State, together with some bounty-jumpers from the U. S. Army. They are now either hidden in the mountains or have fled the country; the great mass of the people want law and order and some think under present circumstances they are incapable of governing themselves. I have no reliable information as to the whereabouts of Governor "Extra Billy" Smith. It appears Mosby has gone south with 100 followers. His last remark on leaving his father's house was "I am an outlaw, and self-preservation is the first law of nature." I received the following telegram on the 14th instant and await your reply:

SALEM, VA., *May 13, 1865.*

U. S. PROVOST-MARSHAL,
Lynchburg:

A Federal force is said to be approaching by way of Sweet Spring, authorized to collect Government property. Has such an order been issued? Are they Federal troops to whom we must submit, or a band of robbers whom we may resist?

JOHN A. GRIFFIN,
(And other citizens).

The Virginia and Tennessee Railroad is running sixty miles west of Lynchburg. The Orange and Alexandria road have a force of forty men at work and think they can have it in running order in four or six weeks. There are no available supplies in the country. I have fourteen wagons hauling from Burkeville to Farmville, thence to this point by rail. With occasional assistance from General Wheaton I can transport sufficient stores and forage from Burkeville. I send supplies for the regiment at Lynchburg, six miles by canal. Very few of the plant-

ers will agree to pay the negroes for working, but think they should work for nothing as heretofore, or leave the country. I have been obliged to take some horses marked U. S. for the use of my command. Shall I take all U. S. horses that have not been properly purchased from the Government, if necessary?

I have repaired the telegraph wire from Farmville to this point; will have it finished to Lynchburg by the 16th, at which place I will establish my headquarters. I have with me the operator from Farmville, being the nearest operator that I could avail myself of. Please have an operator and instrument sent to Farmville to take the operator's place that I have.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

S. B. M. YOUNG,
Commanding Brigade.

RICHMOND, *May 16, 1865.*
(Received 4 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

All telegraph lines in Virginia and North Carolina being in our possession, and nearly all railroads having been turned over to loyal officers of their companies, it would seem proper that telegraph wire and railroad machinery should no longer be considered contraband. Such machinery is absolutely necessary to put the roads and mail lines in operation. General Schofield has captured the rebel War Department archives taken from here. I have ordered their careful preservation and transmission to Assistant Secretary Dana.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, *May 16, 1865—10.05 p. m.*

General J. A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

Will Mosby be admitted to parole with the other officers of Rosser's command, to which he belongs? The question is asked to determine the action of Mosby and some others who would probably follow him out of the country if he goes. Shall a definite answer be given, or shall it be said that he and others will learn the action of the United States Government after they acknowledge its authority?

GEO. H. SHARPE,
Brevet Brigadier-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 23. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *May 16, 1865.*

With a view to facilitate the rendition of the lists of officers of volunteers serving with the light artillery of this army, required by General Orders, No. 86, current series, from the Adjutant-General's Office, the chief of artillery at these headquarters will be considered as a corps commander, and will appoint the boards to determine the relative merits of these officers, under the provisions of the order cited.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 24. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *May 16, 1865.*

The following circular from the War Department is published to this army for the information and guidance of all concerned:

CIRCULAR.] WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 15, 1865.*

COMMANDING GENERAL ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *Washington, D. C.:*

The Secretary of War directs that you call the attention of all regimental and company commanders of your command to the importance of having their regimental and company records so completed and arranged that at any time the muster-out rolls of their respective commands can be prepared without delay.

Commissaries of musters and their assistants should give particular attention to the foregoing.

THOMAS M. VINCENT,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SUB-DISTRICT,
DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, SOUTH OF APPOMATTOX,
Petersburg, Va., May 16, 1865.

Maj. J. M. HOWARD,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

MAJOR: I have the honor to report that, in accordance with orders from Major-General Hartsuff, I made a tour of inspection through the counties of my sub-district, and find that in the greater part of the country there is sufficient seed in the ground to produce food for the white people and able-bodied laborers through the winter. I do not think there is enough to feed non-working freedmen. Along the lines of march of the troops, and in neighborhoods where they have been long encamped, there is great destitution, and little can be done toward cultivating such lands, unless the owners are assisted by the loan, not only of seed and farming implements, but also of horses and mules with harness. I sent yesterday to the Court-House of each county about 200 men under charge of an officer, carefully selected by myself. I shall institute at each Court-House a Government farm and employ thereon as many freedmen as possible. All freedmen unable to work and all women and children, whose former owners send them from their plantations, will be gathered together at the Court-Houses, and suitable barracks will be provided for them. I shall take measures at once to make the labor of these sustain themselves as far as possible. The infantry stationed at the Court-Houses will only be sufficient to protect the most exposed farms from depredators. It is necessary that a mounted force should be provided to patrol the country, to enforce law and order and arrest marauders. To enable me to render prompt and efficient assistance to the citizens whose farms have been overrun, and to afford protection to freedmen, I shall need the following implements and supplies: Five hundred plows, 1,000 hoes, 500 sets one-horse harness, 500 spades, 500 axes, 100 picks, 50 wagons with mules and harness complete, 6 sets carpenters' tools complete, 2,000 shelter-tents (send condemned tents), 200 camp kettles (lot condemned), 200 mess pans (lot condemned), 50 buckets, 300 barrels of potatoes, 300 bushels of beans, 300 bushels of pease, 1 saw-mill, 1 small grist-mill, 3 travel-

ing forges, lot of horse and mule shoes. I believe from my observation of the condition of the farmers that it would be to the interest of the Government to take charge at once of all freedmen, women, and children, whose former owners do not desire to keep them, and institute work-houses and farms to make their labor sustain them as nearly as it possibly can.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GILBERT H. McKIBBIN,
Brevet Brigadier-General.

LYNCHBURG, *May 16, 1865—7.30 p. m.*

Major-General HALLECK:

In accordance with paragraph 1, President's order of May 9, 1865, citizens of Lynchburg have given up everything to military authority. Soldiers and citizens come hourly to take the parole and oath of allegiance. Please send copies of both.

S. B. M. YOUNG,
Colonel, Commanding Brigade.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
ARMY OF THE JAMES,
Camp Lincoln, Va., May 16, 1865.

Lieut. Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Asst. Adjt. Gen., Armies in the Field, Washington, D. C.:

COLONEL: I have heard through several unofficial sources that the troops of my corps are charged with having committed an unusual amount of irregularities while in and about Richmond, and that these reports have reached the ears of some of the highest commanding officers in the service. As I have a telegram from my immediate commander, Maj. Gen. E. O. C. Ord, commanding Department of Virginia, that nearly all of the irregularities complained of were committed by black and white cavalry, which either did not belong to my corps, or had been with it but for a few days; as I know positively that others were committed by the convicts in soldiers' clothing, liberated by the rebels from the penitentiary at the evacuation of Richmond, and as I with my two division commanders, Bvt. Maj. Gen. A. V. Kautz and Bvt. Brig. Gen. R. H. Jackson, both officers of experience in the regular army, believe the troops of this corps to be not only as well behaved and as orderly as the average of other troops, but even more so, I respectfully request to know whether any such charge as above referred to has been either officially or unofficially made by any responsible person. The behavior of my entire corps during the last month has been most excellent. Only one complaint has been made by the people of the vicinity, and this I traced to troops that did not belong to it.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
May 18, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded.

I do not consider the behavior of the colored corps from what I have heard to have been bad, considering the novelty of their position and

the fact that most of their company officers had come from positions where they were unaccustomed to command, and this was perhaps the first great temptation to which their men were exposed. In the city of Richmond their conduct is spoken of as very good.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General, Commanding Department.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
May 16, 1865.

Brevet Major-General EMORY,
Commanding, Cumberland:

The One hundred and fifty-sixth Indiana (one-year regiment) is ordered to report to you at Cumberland. It will leave here to-morrow, probably. As soon as you can spare it it will join General Brooke's division.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General, &c.

WINCHESTER, VA., *May 16, 1865.*
(Received 9.15 a. m.)

Brigadier-General MORGAN,
Washington:

Does the general wish Governors Smith and Letcher captured and sent to Washington?

A. T. A. TORBERT,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 17, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I would respectfully request orders to-night relieving Maj. Gen. P. H. Sheridan from the command of the Middle Military Division and assigning him to general command west of the Mississippi, south of the Arkansas; also for him to report to me for instructions.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 17, 1865—1 p. m.*
(Received 2 p. m.)

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I learn that Vance was started for Washington this morning under guard. The rebel War Department records, eighty-one boxes, weighing ten tons, will leave this morning.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, May 17, 1865—9 p. m.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond:

General Grant is here with his wife, and is sick. It is not safe for him to be at a hotel, and he is reluctant to go into a private family. He would go into your house for awhile if agreeable to you. Will you invite him to do so while your family are absent.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, *May 17, 1865.*

Bvt. Maj. Gen. M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster-General of the Army:

Provide ocean transportation, with as little delay as practicable, for the Twenty-fifth Army Corps, making about 20,000 men now at City Point, Va., together with one-half of its present land transportation, say about 200 wagons and 800 mules, forty days' rations for the above number of men, and the necessary forage for the animals of the command. You will please report to Major-General Halleck, at Richmond, when the transportation will reach City Point.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

JNO. A. RAWLINS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., May 17, 1865.

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Comdg. Military Division of the James, Richmond, Va.:

GENERAL: I returned last night from Philadelphia, and find this morning your dispatch of the 13th, upon repairs of railroads and canals. I understand that, except to supply troops under military necessity, the appropriations of the Quartermaster's Department cannot be properly applied to the repairs and reconstruction of railroads or canals; nor can the freedmen be employed at the cost of the United States, except on work necessary to military operations. The policy of the department as announced in its orders and instructions is to stop work on all railroads not required absolutely by military necessity, to reduce its expenditure by discharge of all unnecessary laborers, workmen, and agents. I add for your information that even with all the reduction which we may be able to effect, I fear that the appropriations made at the last session will not hold out until Congress meets. There was a vast debt incurred by this department in the great movement and operations which finally concentrated the armies in the Southeastern States and overwhelmed the rebellion. This debt is being paid off, and it will consume a large part of the appropriation. If any parties are allowed to operate a railroad they should be paid at the established Government rates for any service they render the United States. Taking the amnesty oath may save to an individual his right to his own property. I doubt whether it establishes him as of right a president or director in a railroad or other corporation which he has controlled in the interest of rebels, seizing the stock and dividends of loyal stockholders, and excluding them from voting for four years.

It seems to me that in Virginia it will be better to keep the military authorities and the appropriations of the quartermaster's department free from complication in this matter by giving no right of possession or occupancy to any of these parties. The roads which are occupied and run by the United States I think should be turned over, as soon as the United States can spare them, to the Board of Public Works of Virginia, which owns, generally, three-fifths of the railroads and other public works. Let the conflicting claims to ownership of stock be settled by the courts of competent jurisdiction. When the time comes I propose that we sell the rolling stock which belongs to the United States at public auction to the highest bidders. Roads which the United States has not occupied, stocked, repaired, or worked I would leave to whoever appeared to be in actual possession, requiring only that every man employed should take the oath, and excluding or arresting all who declined to do so. On the re-establishment of civil government all these questions will be settled without interference of the military authorities, except to uphold decision of civil tribunals where necessary. The Quartermaster's Department will endeavor to relieve itself from the burden of carrying the railroads, as fast as is possible with due regard to questions of military supply. I would state no account with any roads which have been occupied by the United States. The United States did not take them from loyal stockholders, but captured them from rebel armies. I would pay nothing for use of them; charge nothing for repairs. I would leave upon them the iron and the timber and permanent material now there, whether found there when taken possession of or placed there by the United States, and charge nothing for this property, and would pay nothing for what was captured. But all movable property, engines, machinery, wood, &c., I would sell at public sale on the best terms I could make for the interest of the United States. Any rolling stock captured on the railroads should be returned to the railroad to which it appeared to have belonged before the war. I have talked with the Secretary of War, and am to make to him a report. I think that he will concur generally in these views, but of course cannot speak with authority until such time as he takes action upon the official report. Claims are coming here for these roads, and for their use; offers to lease the Southern roads from the United States; claims to pay interest on bonds; to payment for rolling stock taken from the roads in rebellion; claims by disloyal men, who have taken the amnesty oath, to be allowed to take possession of and operate roads now in our possession, even at Alexandria, Va., and claims from the government of Virginia that the Board of Public Works shall be allowed to take possession of the railroads in that State. I do not doubt that some general principles will be settled in a short time, upon which definite and consistent action can be based.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

M. C. MEIGS,

Quartermaster-General and Brevet Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 17, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK:

The railroad construction corps is to be reduced and disbanded as soon as possible, to save expense. As the military railroad from City Point has not been used since the occupation of Petersburg, and as it is the property of the United States and the material is valuable, I

directed that the corps be employed for the present in taking up and removing this material with a view to its sale. If it is left for accommodation of the disloyal railroads until our railroad force is disbanded the United States will lose possession and lose the value of the material. It can be taken up now with little cost comparatively. I think it ought to be taken up at once. If as military commander you find it necessary to retain it for military use you could suspend the work, but if you do I fear you will inflict a heavy loss upon the United States. The post of City Point should be retained as a military depot, at least until we get all our material away. There will be a rush of squatters and speculators to get possession there.

M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 25. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *May 17, 1865.*

The following telegram from the War Department is published to this army for the information and guidance of all concerned:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, May 16, 1865.

Major-General MEADE:

The Secretary of War directs that the provisions of General Orders, 77, current series, be extended to include all patients who (although requiring further medical treatment) are able to travel, and desire to be discharged; also, all men yet in hospitals, recently transferred to the Veteran Reserve Corps, as soon as the interests of the public service will permit. The order for the discharge from hospitals should be liberally interpreted.

The word "patients," in telegram of May 3, was intended to include all enlisted men who were in hospitals, except the guards and nurses of the Veteran Reserve Corps.

SAMUEL BRECK,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

The telegram of May 3, above referred to, will be found in General Orders, No. 20, current series, from these headquarters, as of date May 4, 1865.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 26. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *May 17, 1865.*

The following telegram from the War Department is published to this army for the information and guidance of all concerned:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, May 17, 1865.

General GEORGE G. MEADE:

The Secretary of War directs that all volunteer organizations of white troops in your command whose terms of service expire between this date and September 30 next, inclusive, be immediately mustered out of service. The musters out will be made with existing regimental and company organizations, and under the regulations promulgated in General Orders, No. 94, of the 15th instant, from this office. All men in the aforesaid organizations whose terms of service expire subsequent to October 1,

1865, will be transferred to other organizations from the same State to veteran regiments, when practicable, and, when not practicable, to regiments having the longest time to serve. It is proper to add that this order will discharge as follows:

First. The three-years regiments that were mustered into service under the call of July 2, 1862, and prior to October 1, of that year.

Second. Three-years' recruits mustered into service for old regiments between the same dates.

Third. One-year men for new and old organizations who entered the service between May 17 and October 1, 1864.

THOMAS M. VINCENT,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

No muster out of any regiment or independent organization will be made under these instructions till the order therefor in each case shall have issued from these headquarters. As a necessary preliminary thereto the commissary of musters of the corps in which the troops may be serving will forward to these headquarters his certificate that the requirements of General Orders, No. 94, current series, from the Adjutant-General's Office, have been fully complied with, and upon the approval of such certificate the requisite orders for the muster out will be given. The corps commissary of musters will accompany his certificate with a report of the number of officers and men of the regiments or organizations to be mustered out in each case.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 95. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 17, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

II. Maj. Gen. P. H. Sheridan is relieved from the command of the Middle Military Division and is assigned to general command west of the Mississippi River, south of the Arkansas River. Major-General Sheridan will report to Lieutenant-General Grant for instructions.

By order of the President of the United States:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

[MAY 17, 1865.—For Grant to Sheridan, conveying instructions for the guidance of the latter in his new field of duties west of the Mississippi, see Vol. XLIX.]

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
ARMY OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 17, 1865.

Major-General GIBBON,
Commanding Twenty-fourth Army Corps:

GENERAL: The major-general commanding directs that you designate two regiments to be detailed from these headquarters for duty at Danville and Burkeville, respectively, and direct the commanding officer to report in person at these headquarters, for instructions, as

soon as possible. These regiments will constitute permanent garrisons and should be selected with due reference to the capacity and general fitness of the commanding officer for the position.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

FREDERICKSBURG, *May 17, 1865.*

Major-General ORD,
Richmond, Va.:

It is understood that the proclamation of President Johnson does away with all civil law in the State. Most of the county officers of this district have taken the oath of allegiance, but under the proclamation will not act. All the thieves and rascals in the country are taking advantage of this situation of affairs to carry on their depredations, and the people look to me from far and near for protection and for the adjustment of all their petty quarrels. Can there not be a commission established that will have the power to try and punish these offenders? They are becoming very troublesome. There will have to be some law, either civil or military, established in each county before very long.

E. V. SUMNER,
Colonel, Commanding District.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 17, 1865.*

Col. E. V. SUMNER,
Commanding, Fredericksburg, Va.:

You will have to make a military post in each county with detachments and scouting parties; let justices of the peace and magistrates throughout each county act; organize home guards. Seize and punish under your orders criminals where they cannot forward them to you, and you will have to shoot guerrillas, horse-thieves, or marauders.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
May 17, 1865.

Maj. Gen. C. C. AUGUR,
Commanding Department of Washington, Washington, D. C.:

GENERAL: The major-general commanding directs that you order the One hundred and fifty-sixth Indiana to proceed to New Creek, nine miles west of Cumberland, instead of Cumberland, as directed yesterday.

I have the honor to be, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

E. B. PARSONS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
Washington, D. C., May 17, 1865.

Maj. Gen. JOHN G. PARKE,
Commanding District of Alexandria:

GENERAL: The major-general commanding directs me, in reply to your communication of the 16th instant, to inform you that he does not wish, at present, to send troops, as proposed by Brigadier-General Gamble, to the vicinity of Middleburg and Leesburg.

I am, general, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
Washington, D. C., May 17, 1865.

Brevet Major-General BARTLETT,
Port Tobacco:

GENERAL: The Cavalry Corps, Army of the Potomac, has arrived, and is camped near Alexandria. Please send up dismounted men belonging to it.

Respectfully,

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 18, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

With the view of reducing expenses and breaking up numerous headquarters, I would recommend that orders be issued discontinuing the Tenth, Twenty-third, and Twenty-fourth Corps; General Gibbon to report to General Halleck for assignment; General Cox to report to General Schofield; General Terry to take command of the Department of the South, and General Gillmore to report to the Adjutant-General of the Army for orders.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 18, 1865.*
(Received 11 a. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington:

To avoid any misunderstanding among district and local commanders, I suggest that an order be issued that the Department of Virginia will include so much of that State as lies west of the Chesapeake Bay and south of the Rappahannock River, and of the counties of Fauquier, Warren, and Shenandoah.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, D. C., May 18, 1865.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

Please direct Major-General Weitzel, commanding Twenty-fifth Army Corps, to get his corps in readiness for embarkation at City Point immediately upon the arrival of ocean transportation. He will take with him forty days' rations for 20,000 men, one-half of his land transportation, and one-fourth of his mules, with the requisite amount of forage for his animals. All surplus transportation and other public property he may have he will turn over to the depots at City Point.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

JNO. A. RAWLINS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 18, 1865—1 p. m.*

Lieutenant-General GRANT:

Your order in regard to the Twenty-fifth Corps is received and will be immediately carried out. I recommend that the Twenty-fourth Corps, as a corps organization, be discontinued, and, as soon as General Wright's corps leaves, all troops here be reduced to a departmental organization. It will greatly simplify returns and papers. There are now too many headquarters and staff officers. The machinery is far too complicated and expensive for the work to be done, and too many "big Indians" for a small tribe.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 18, 1865.*
(Received 3.40 p. m.)

Lieutenant-General GRANT:

There are attached to the Twenty-fifth Corps several batteries manned by white troops. Is it intended to send these with Weitzel? I understand they are very unwilling to go. General Weitzel has plenty of colored artillerymen without batteries. Could not the guns be transferred so as to make his command homogenous? Moreover as the transportation of light batteries by sea is very expensive it is desirable that you indicate the amount and kind of artillery to be taken.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 18, 1865.*
(Received 3.45 p. m.)

Lieutenant-General GRANT:

I find that staff officers here receive orders from Washington which often conflict with orders given here, and also lead to movements and operations of which I have no knowledge. This necessarily leads to confusion and delays. Such orders should be sent through me, or at least copies should be sent to me.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, May 18, 1865—7 p. m.
(Received 10 p. m.)

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

General Weitzel is directed to reduce his wagons one-half and the mules he takes three-fourths, with the expectation of gathering in Texas the additional animals he may want. I think the reduction of animals might be still greater. All he would want at first will be mules enough to secure about four good teams to 1,000 men. The white men connected with batteries may be detached and sent here for muster out, or detained if you have use for them. One gun to 1,000 men will be sufficient for Weitzel to take with him.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 18, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

Your very kind dispatch placing your house at Mrs. Grant's disposal during her stay is received. I have not seen Mrs. Grant since, but know she will be delighted to get out of the hotel for the few weeks she remains here.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., May 18, 1865.

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Commanding U. S. Armies, Washington, D. C.:

GENERAL: The Potomac at the Aqueduct Bridge, Georgetown, is narrow, and if the armies, after passing in review, are to return to the south bank of the Potomac, I advise that, to prevent all possibility of accident to the Aqueduct Bridge, a pontoon bridge be laid to Mason's Island from the docks of Georgetown, and that they return by this route. It is impossible to know the precise condition of every stick of timber in the Aqueduct Bridge, which is old and has frequently been repaired. Its main timbers are concealed by sheathing.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster-General and Brevet Major-General.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
May 18, 1865.

Respectfully referred to Maj. Gen. C. C. Augur, commanding Department of Washington.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 18, 1865.

Respectfully referred to Lieut. Col. B. S. Alexander, engineer, for his remarks.

He will please cause the Aqueduct Bridge to be examined carefully and report as to its safety.

By command of Major-General Augur:

A. R. SEWALL,
Lieutenant and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

[Third indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS CHIEF ENGINEER OF DEFENSES,
Washington, May 20, 1865.

Respectfully returned.

I have caused the Aqueduct Bridge over the Potomac to be examined. I have no doubt of its strength to carry over a drove of elephants. But there ought, nevertheless, to be a pontoon bridge laid from the foot of Washington street, Georgetown, to Analostan Island, if any considerable portion of the army is to return to the south side of the river after the proposed review, otherwise there must be great delay in marching by file through so narrow a bridge. The troops would pass from this island over the causeway to the mainland and under the aqueduct arch of the canal, without interference with the other column over the Aqueduct Bridge.

B. S. ALEXANDER,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Aide-de-Camp.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 238. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, May 18, 1865.

* * * * * * *

52. The following officers are hereby assigned to duty as assistant commissioners of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen, and Abandoned Lands for the States set opposite their respective names. They will report to Major-General Howard, U. S. Volunteers, commissioner of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen, and Abandoned Lands in this city: Bvt. Maj. Gen. R. Saxton, U. S. Volunteers, for the States of South Carolina and Georgia; Brig. Gen. J. W. Sprague, U. S. Volunteers, for the States of Missouri and Arkansas; Brig. Gen. Clinton B. Fisk, U. S. Volunteers, for the States of Kentucky and Tennessee; Maj. E. Whittlesey, judge-advocate, for the State of Mississippi; Maj. T. W. Osborn, First New York Artillery, for the State of Alabama; Capt. O. Brown, assistant quartermaster of volunteers, for the State of Virginia; Capt. Horace James, assistant quartermaster of volunteers, for the State of North Carolina; Capt. Thomas W. Conway, superintendent of freedmen, Department of the Gulf, for the State of Louisiana.

* * * * * * *

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 239. } HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 18, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

6. A review, with marching salute, of the Army of the Potomac, the Army of the Tennessee, the Army of Georgia, and General Sheridan's cavalry will take place on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 23d and 24th instant. On Tuesday, the 23d instant, will be reviewed the Army of the Potomac, General Sheridan's cavalry, and the Ninth Corps, all under the command of Maj. Gen. George G. Meade, commanding Army of the Potomac. On Wednesday, the 24th instant, will be reviewed the Army of the Tennessee, Maj. Gen. O. O. Howard commanding, and the Army of Georgia, Maj. Gen. H. W. Slocum commanding, the whole under the command of Maj. Gen. W. T. Sherman. The following will be the order of march: The head of column will each day rest on Maryland avenue at foot of Capitol Hill, moving at precisely 9 a. m., passing around the Capitol to Pennsylvania avenue, thence up the avenue to the Aqueduct Bridge and across to their camp. The troops will be without knapsacks, marching at company front, closed in mass, and at route step, except between Fifteenth street and New York avenue and Seventeenth street, where the cadence step will be observed. Each brigade will be accompanied by six ambulances, passing three abreast.

The reviewing officer will be stationed in front of the President's house, where provisions will be made for members of the Cabinet, heads of military and civil departments, governors of States, members of Congress, and Corps Diplomatique. The Ninth Army Corps, Major-General Parke commanding, will report to Major-General Meade for the review. Maj. Gen. C. C. Augur, commanding Department of Washington, will have the necessary guards posted in the streets along the route, keeping the street clear of all horsemen and carriages, except those of the proper officers, heads of military or civil departments or Corps Diplomatique, and such other arrangements as are necessary to facilitate the review.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 7. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 18, 1865.*

I. The President's proclamation in regard to former officers of the rebel government in Virginia does not apply to clerks of record courts, sheriffs, and local magistrates retained in office or appointed under military orders. Officers so retained or appointed derive their authority from the *de facto* military government and not from their election or appointment under any former government. They are therefore directly responsible to the military power for their conduct and the proper performance of their duties.

II. No civil officer will be appointed or retained in office by military authority who has not voluntarily taken the oath of allegiance or who does not come within the provisions of the Amnesty Proclamation. As soon as the proper civil officers in any county, city, or town are duly

elected or appointed and qualified under the restored civil government, those appointed or retained by military authority will cease to exercise the functions of their office.

By order of Major-General Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 16. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 18, 1865.*

I. By direction of Lieutenant-General Grant, all of City Point, Va., and the lands between the James and Appomattox Rivers, within and to include the outer line of the defenses of City Point, will be reserved for military purposes until further orders.

By order of Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 134. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 18, 1865.*

I. Brig. Gen. F. T. Dent, U. S. Volunteers, is, at his own request, relieved from duty in the Department of Virginia, and will report in person to Lieut. Gen. U. S. Grant, commanding Armies of the United States, at Washington, D. C.

* * * * * * *

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CIRCULAR, No. 15. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 18, 1865.*

All officers and men of the Twenty-fifth Army Corps, on duty detached from the corps, who are able to travel, will be at once relieved and ordered to their respective regiments.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 18, 1865—1 p. m.*

Major-General WEITZEL,
City Point:

Lieutenant-General Grant directs that all officers and men of the Twenty-fifth Corps be assembled at City Point for ocean transportation, which will be there within two days. All persons belonging to the corps fit for transportation anywhere on special duty will be relieved and go with the corps. I presume General Grant will send you orders in regard to your destination, supplies to be taken, &c.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, *May 18, 1865—1.45 p. m.*

Major-General WEITZEL, *City Point:*

The following telegram*, just received from General Grant, is transmitted for your information. You will make the proper requisitions on the chief commissary and chief quartermaster at City Point.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 18, 1865—10.30 a. m.

COMMANDING OFFICER,
Charlottesville:

If John S. Mosby, the guerrilla chief, does not surrender himself by the 20th of this month, offer a reward of $5,000 for his capture. Also publish the following reward for the rebel governor, William Smith, known as "Extra Billy."

$25,000 REWARD.

By direction of the Secretary of War a reward of $25,000 is hereby offered for the arrest and delivery for trial of William Smith, rebel governor of Virginia.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 18, 1865.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 18, 1865.*

Col. S. B. M. YOUNG, *Lynchburg:*

Assure all freedmen that they cannot be supported by the Government, but must work for their living. Where they cannot find labor, put them on abandoned lands and assign them plots for cultivation and seed and animals to put in crops. The Quartermaster's Department has been directed to issue 1,500 animals for that purpose. Make requisition on General Ord for a share. Rations must be issued sparingly and only where necessary to prevent suffering. You may use any of the colored people whom you are obliged to retain in repairing the canal, keeping an account of expenses. You will make your returns and reports direct to General Ord, commanding department.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 68. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON, 22D ARMY CORPS, *May 18, 1865.*

The Districts of the Patuxent and Northern Neck, established in General Orders, No. 56, from these headquarters, April 20, 1865, are hereby discontinued, and the country embraced within their limits is transferred respectively to the Districts of Washington and Alexandria.

By command of Maj. Gen. C. C. Augur:

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

---

* See Rawlins to Halleck, May 18, p. 1168.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES,
Staunton Va., May 18, 1865. (Received 3.20 p. m.)

Governor F. H. PEIRPOINT:

GOVERNOR: An attempt was made last evening to assassinate Brig. Gen. I. H. Duval, commanding U. S. forces at this place. The general was not hurt. All possible measures are being made to lead to the arrest of the would-be assassin. Details will be sent you by courier.

Respectfully, &c.,

J. H. RIDER,
Captain and Assistant Adjutant-General of Volunteers.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 19, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Washington:

An officer will be immediately sent to Washington with report on the mining of Libby Prison and two witnesses to prove it.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 19, 1865—12 m.*

Lieutenant-General GRANT:

I am informed that the following troops of the Twenty-fifth Corps are absent from the Department of Virginia, viz: The Twenty-ninth Connecticut, and detachments of the Tenth and Twenty-eighth U. S. Regiments are at Point Lookout, and the Twenty-second U. S. Regiment at Port Tobacco, Md.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, *May 19, 1865—1 p. m.*

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

General Weitzel will be limited in animals transported to Texas to four teams per 1,000 men; two ambulance teams per 1,000 men; teams for four 4-gun batteries and the proper number of officers' horses. Any cavalry he may have will turn over their horses here, but take their horse equipments.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 19, 1865—4 p. m.*

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

Brevet Major-General Miles is ordered to report to you for the purpose of being assigned to the Eastern District of the Department of Virginia with headquarters at Fort Monroe, the object being to put an officer at Fort Monroe who will by no possibility permit the escape of the prisoners to be confined there.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 19, 1865—8.15 p. m.*

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

Lieutenant-General Grant desires that you will order all officers and men at the dismounted cavalry camp near City Point belonging to the cavalry commanded by Major General Sheridan, now near this city, to join their respective regiments with as little delay as practicable.

JNO. A. RAWLINS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., May 19, 1865.

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Comdg. Military Division of the James, Richmond, Va.:

GENERAL: The following is a copy of a telegram sent to your address yesterday:

Steamers sufficient to move 10,000 troops with the share of wagons and animals ordered to accompany them, will, if not detained by unforeseen accidents, reach City Point by noon of to-morrow, 19th. Steam-ships for the remaining 10,000 will reach that point in three or four days.

M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster-General and Brevet Major-General, U. S. Army.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHS. THOMAS,
Assistant Quartermaster-General and Brevet Brigadier-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 19, 1865.*

Major-General MEADE,
Commanding Army of the Potomac:

Order General Miles to report to my headquarters without delay to receive special orders. He should come in to-night prepared to leave Washington at once.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 19, 1865.*

Major ECKERT,
Telegraph Office, Washington:

It is respectfully recommended that telegraph lines in Virginia and North Carolina which are to be held for military purposes be also opened to private business and that those not to be so held be turned over to their companies for repair and operation. It is very desirable that the line from Lynchburg to Tennessee should be reopened for communication down the valley as it will be necessary to send troops there on account of the unsettled condition of the country. Line works well to Fredericksburg and could be opened from there to Washington so as to avoid the difficulties of the bay and river route. I do not think that any lines in Virginia or North Carolina will hereafter be disturbed.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, *May 19, 1865.*

Capt. J. W. MASON,
Commanding Detachment Fifth Cavalry:

The lieutenant-general commanding directs that a guard consisting of three non-commissioned officers and fifteen privates be furnished daily from your command, until further orders, for his quarters in Georgetown (the quarters recently occupied by Major-General Halleck). One sentinel will be placed constantly over the stables, one sentinel in front of the house, and at night the guard around the house will be increased to four sentinels. Camp accommodations will be found on the premises for the accommodation of the guard and their horses. The officer of the day for your command will daily report to the assistant adjutant-general at these headquarters for further instructions respecting the guard.

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

P. S.—The guard to be furnished from your command will relieve the detachment of the Veteran Reserve Corps now at the quarters in Georgetown, at 9 a. m. to-morrow.

T. S. B.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 243. } HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 19, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

7. Bvt. Maj. Gen. N. A. Miles, U. S. Volunteers, is hereby relieved from duty in the Army of the Potomac, and will immediately proceed to Fort Monroe, and from there report by telegraph to and await orders from Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck, commanding Military Division of the James. He has permission to take with him the following-named officers, serving on his staff while commanding First Division, Second Army Corps: Maj. N. Church, Twenty-sixth Michigan Volunteers; Capt. J. D. Black, One hundred and forty-fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 241. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 19, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

54. Maj. E. B. Parsons, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, now on duty at headquarters Middle Military Division, will report immediately to Major-General Sheridan, U. S. Army, for orders.

* * * * * * *

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 58. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 19, 1865.*

All officers and enlisted men on duty with the Twenty-fifth Army Corps, who do not belong to that corps, will be at once relieved and ordered to report to their respective commands.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, D. C., May 19, 1865.

Maj. Gen. W. MERRITT,
Commanding Cavalry:

GENERAL: The lieutenant-general commanding directs that the troops under your command move with as little delay as practicable from the camps they now occupy to grounds in the vicinity of Bladensburg which will be indicated by Col. W. R. Price, acting assistant inspector-general Cavalry Bureau, and also that you report for instructions regarding the review appointed to take place on Tuesday next, to Major-General Meade, commanding the Army of the Potomac, under whose orders the cavalry has been placed for that occasion. The brigade of horse artillery, commanded by Captain Robertson, has been directed to report to you for the purpose of moving with the cavalry at the review on Tuesday.

I am, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 19, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. GEORGE CROOK, U. S. Volunteers,
Commanding Cavalry:

The lieutenant-general commanding directs me to instruct you to report to Maj. Gen. George G. Meade, commanding Army of the Potomac, with your command, for the review to take place on the 23d instant.

O. E. BABCOCK,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Aide-de-Camp.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 19, 1865.*

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington:

Bvt. Brig. Gen. R. H. Jackson, lieutenant-colonel and inspector-general, Department of Virginia, is commanding a division of Twenty-fifth Army Corps. Shall he go south with the corps or remain with his department? If made a full brigadier-general it would settle the question. Shall Brevet Brigadier-General Michie, first lieutenant of engineers and lieutenant-colonel and inspector-general, Twenty-fifth Army Corps, go with Twenty-fifth Corps or remain here as lieutenant

of engineers? If made full brigadier it would settle the question. Michie and Jackson deserve the promotion. Shall Lieutenant-Colonel Smith, adjutant-general, Twenty-fifth Army Corps, now acting assistant adjutant-general this department, go with his corps, or remain here as chief assistant adjutant-general department, which I recommend be done. General Weitzel has applied for the appointment of Major Wheeler as assistant adjutant-general of his corps and he is on duty with it.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General, Commanding.

(Copy to General Weitzel.)

RICHMOND, VA., *May 19, 1865.*
(Received 4.30 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington, D. C.:

What shall I do with the Naval Brigade—Thirteenth New York Heavy? You broke it up once. 'Tis of no use now, and as all the steamers save one, are owned by Government, they are wanted as transports. Should be turned in to the Quartermaster's Department.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, May 19, 1865—7.35 p. m.

Major-General ORD,
Richmond, Va.:

Jackson is promoted full brigadier. Michie will have to go with the corps. Lieutenant-Colonel Smith can remain in the department, and Major Wheeler take his place in the corps. Does Michie command troops?

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 19, 1865.*

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT:

Michie is chief engineer of the army and department, commanding engineer troops. I will give him a district or division if promoted. Want him here very much. He is modest and poor; could hardly be kept back when fighting was going on. Is only a lieutenant of regulars, but Weitzel and I gave him inspectorship of Twenty-fifth Corps to help him support mother and sisters and his brevet of brigadier. Weitzel has Kress, of the ordnance, acting inspector-general, and can dispense with Michie who deserves the full grade as much as any one in my command.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

WILSON'S LANDING, *May 19, 1865.*

General CARR:

(Care of General Ferrero, Petersburg.)

I have just received the following telegram:

Transfer that part of your command on the north side of the James River to City Point and assume command there. Take with you the depots at Wilson's Wharf.

By order of Major-General Ord:

E. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

A. W. ANGEL,
Lieutenant-Colonel, Commanding Post.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA., *May 19, 1865.*

Maj. J. W. SHAW,
Commanding, Weston:

You are charged with the immediate execution of the following orders: Company K, Seventeenth West Virginia Infantry, now stationed at Weston, will proceed without delay to Jacksonville, W. Va., and relieve Company K, Eighth Ohio Volunteer Cavalry, now on duty at that place. Upon being relieved by Company K, Seventeenth West Virginia Infantry, Company K, Eighth Ohio Volunteer Cavalry, now stationed at Jacksonville, will march to Weston, W. Va., and report to Maj. J W. Shaw, Eighth Ohio Volunteer Cavalry, commanding at that place.

By order of Col. C. H. Day:

JAS. P. WILKINSON,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

NEAR CARTERSVILLE, VA., *May 20, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK,
Commanding, &c.:

SIR: Having exercised the executive power of the State government of Virginia, under an election by the people, from the 1st of January, 1864, until General Lee's surrender, and since only with a view to the preservation of public order, and having endeavored, in vain, through a note to General Grant and a communication to President Johnson, to learn the views of the Federal authorities, and having recently seen that to Governor Peirpoint has been assigned the duty of reorganizing the State government, I have concluded to address you this letter, to which I respectfully ask a reply. Since the evacuation of Richmond I have mixed freely with large numbers of my fellow citizens, and I am perfectly satisfied that the general opinion is to yield without further resistance to the necessity they are under and to accept in good faith the new order of things which they understand is proposed for them. I have advocated and labored to strengthen such opinion. My highest duty to the people who have so much honored me is to hasten forward, by precept and example, the pacification of the State, and as I have heretofore, so I still propose honestly to perform this duty. Although Governor Peirpoint is not placed in authority by vote of the people, he will meet with no factious opposition, the grand duty of pacification and readjustment, in conformity with the Federal Constitution, being, under the circumstances, paramount to all others.

With these views I was prepared to take the amnesty oath to support the Constitution of the United States, and should have visited Richmond before this for the purpose; but I have just learned that a reward is offered for my arrest, from which I must infer that I should be imprisoned were I to do so. Now I am too old (being in my sixty-eighth year) to be confined without great danger to my health; but if it be the desire of the Federal Government to have control of my person, I will, by permission, retire to my home in Fauquier County, and will also give bond and security promptly to respond to the requisition of Federal authority. I trust this will be satisfactory. I beg, general, you will believe I have written what I mean in the spirit of frankness and sincerity which, I think, has characterized my long and somewhat eventful life. My son, Lieutenant-Colonel Smith, who has been paroled, will hand you this, and will be pleased to receive your reply.

I am, general, most respectfully, your obedient servant,

WM. SMITH.

WAR DEPARTMENT, PAYMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, May 20, 1865.

General JOHN A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff, &c.:

SIR: Yours of yesterday this moment received, and I have the honor to reply. All the efforts of the Treasury have been directed for the past two weeks to the means necessary for the final payment of troops ordered to be mustered out, amounting, according to the Adjutant-General's lists, to about 123,000 men, all told. The payment of these with the large arrears due, the large bounties due, and the three months extra to officers will require about $50,000.000. These payments will be met promptly and without peradventure, the Treasury having very nearly, if not quite, met the emergency. It will depend upon the ability of the Treasury entirely as to the time when the payments about which you inquire can be made. I will have an early conference with the officers of that department and endeavor to give you an early response. In addition to the forces named, I regret to say that General Thomas' command, in the West, is yet unpaid since August 31 last. The Army of the Potomac and troops about Richmond have been paid to December 31. Therefore after Sherman's army, paid to August 31, Thomas' should be next paid. All these payments you will readily perceive will require a very large sum of money to be yet provided.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

B. W. BRICE,
Paymaster-General U. S. Army.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 20, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK:

The line from here to Richmond via Fredericksburg has been working since Tuesday last, and the route via the Eastern Shore and Fort Monroe will be opened to private business next week. The Lynchburg line is working sixty miles beyond that place, and will be open to business next week.

THOS. T. ECKERT,
Major, &c.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 27. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *May 20, 1865.*

In accordance with instructions received from headquarters Armies of the United States, the Army of the Potomac will be passed in review through Washington city on Tuesday, the 23d instant, in the following order, viz: First, headquarters Army of the Potomac and escort; second, Cavalry Corps, Major-General Merritt commanding; third, Provost-Marshal-General's Brigade, Brevet Brigadier-General Macy commanding; fourth, Engineer Brigade, Brigadier-General Benham commanding; fifth, Ninth Army Corps, Major-General Parke commanding, with division of Nineteenth Army Corps, Brigadier-General Dwight commanding; sixth, Fifth Army Corps, Brevet Major-General Griffin commanding; seventh, Second Army Corps, Major-General Humphreys commanding.

The artillery of each corps will follow its corps, except that of the Second Army Corps, which will follow the leading division of its corps.

The Cavalry Corps will form on Maryland avenue, with the head of the column abreast of the northern entrance to the Capitol, prepared to moved at precisely 9 a. m.

The Ninth Army Corps will be marched across Long Bridge on the 22d instant, and will bivouac on ground east of the Capitol, to be designated to its commanding general. It will form on East Capitol street, the head of the column on First street east, at 6 a. m. on the 23d instant, prepared to follow the cavalry.

At 4 a. m. of the 23d instant the Fifth Army Corps will be put in motion, and, crossing Long Bridge and the canal bridge, in Maryland avenue, will then move easterly sufficiently far to countermarch and to form on Pennsylvania avenue, with the head of the column on First street east, prepared to follow the Ninth Army Corps.

The Engineer Brigade and the Provost-Marshal-General's Brigade will bivouac on the evening of the 22d instant near the Long Bridge, and, moving over that and the canal bridge, in Maryland avenue, at 3.30 a. m., on the 23d instant, will take position on A street north, prepared to follow the cavalry.

The Second Army Corps will move at 7 a. m., on the 23d instant, and, crossing Long Bridge and the canal bridge, in Maryland avenue, will form column on the streets of the Fifth ward, south of Pennsylvania avenue, prepared to follow the Fifth Army Corps on First street east.

The formation of the column will be as designated in Special Orders, No. 239, current series, headquarters of the Army, Adjutant-General's Office, May 18, 1865, by companies, closed in mass, with shortened intervals between regiments, brigades, and divisions. For the sake of uniformity and to pass narrow portions of the street, the company front will be, throughout the army, twenty files. Brigade commanders will see that the regimental commanders adopt this formation. The number of companies must depend upon the number of men in the regiment. Each brigade of infantry will be accompanied by six ambulances, passing three abreast.

Mounted officers only will salute on passing the reviewing officer.

The staff of the major-general commanding, after passing the reviewing officer, will be formed in the street to be hereafter designated.

Corps commanders will direct their staff officers after passing the reviewing officer to continue in lead of their respective corps, over the routes hereinafter designated.

The cadence step will be taken from the Capitol until after passing Seventeenth street. Arms will be carried at right-shoulder shift from the Capitol to the front of the State Department.

After passing the reviewing officer and Seventeenth street the cavalry moving briskly for 600 or 800 yards will proceed to the Circle, and thence, through K street north, to its camp.

The Provost-Marshal General's Brigade, the Engineer Brigade, and the Fifth Army Corps will march via Bridge street, Georgetown, and the Aqueduct Bridge to Ball's Cross-Roads, and thence to their camps.

The Ninth and Second Army Corps will move across the Potomac, via the pontoon bridge at the foot of High street, Georgetown, turning off at the Circle through K street, and, taking the lower road past Arlington House to Columbia pike, will move to their camps.

Corps commanders will see that after passing Seventeenth street the gait be increased by regiments, and will take advantage of any of the side streets to mass their commands or portions of them. Should the column moving past the reviewing officer be checked they will employ their staff officers to prevent any recurrence of the kind, and will send officers in advance to examine well the ground near the bridges available for placing their troops in mass.

Where practicable batteries will form battery front.

The unarmed men of the several commands, and such men as may be excused from duty by the medical officers, will constitute the guard to be left in camp.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 28. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *May 20, 1865.*

I. The provisions of General Orders, No. 26, current series, from these headquarters, are so extended as to forbid the muster out of individuals in obedience to the telegram of May 17, 1865, therein contained, till the order therefor shall have issued from these headquarters upon the certificate of the corps commissary of musters, that the provisions of General Orders, No. 94, current series, Adjutant-General's Office, have been fully complied with in each case. These individuals will be reported to these headquarters so as to be collected immediately upon discharge into detachments by States, or divisions of States, where there are more than one chief mustering officer for a State, to be attached to some discharged regiment or regiments from the same section, for transportation to the proper State rendezvous, there to be paid off and provided for as prescribed in General Orders, No. 94, current series, from the Adjutant-General's Office. The following instructions will be observed:

1. Arms, accouterments, and all other public property in the hands of individuals to be discharged, independent of the organizations to which they belong, will be turned into the proper departments prior to muster out.

2. All detailed or detached men belonging to regiments to be discharged under existing orders will at once be returned to their respective commands, and their places will be supplied by new details from men whose terms of service do not expire prior to October 1, 1865.

3. The horses, guns, caissons, and other public property appertaining to batteries to be discharged, will be turned in prior to muster out.

II. Registered sutlers of this army are hereby allowed to return to it for the sale, to their respective commands, of such articles as are included in the Wilson bill and supplement thereto. They will furnish their own transportation. The provost-marshal-general is charged with the duty of prescribing such rules for the government of their trade as will insure compliance with existing orders. While every facility will be afforded sutlers in their legitimate business, immediate and severe punishment will follow any abuse of this privilege. They are warned against the introduction of liquors or any intoxicating drinks whatever.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD DIVISION, SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 20, 1865.

Lieut. Col. C. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Second Army Corps:

COLONEL: I have the honor to recommend the following-named officers of this command for promotion, on account of meritorious services in the late campaign, in addition to those recommended by Brigadier-General De Trobriand, who assumed command of the division after I was wounded on the 6th of April, and therefore had not an opportunity to observe the conduct of these officers prior to that date:

Maj. William R. Driver, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for meritorious services during the campaign, particularly on the 25th of March and April 6.

Maj. Daniel Hart, Seventh New Jersey Volunteers, division inspector, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for meritorious services during the campaign, particularly on the 6th of April.

Capt. Thomas W. H. Bradley, One hundred and twenty-fourth New York Volunteers, aide-de-camp, to be major by brevet for meritorious services during the campaign, particularly on the 25th of March and 6th of April.

Lieut. James H. Demarest, Eighth New Jersey Volunteers, aide-de-camp, to be captain by brevet for meritorious services during the campaign, particularly on the 25th of March and 6th of April.

Lieut. Col. George W. Perkins, Fifty-seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, to be colonel by brevet for meritorious services during the campaign, particularly on the 6th of April; he being the division officer of the day, and, having charge of the skirmish line, managed it in a very efficient and gallant manner.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

G. MOTT,
Brevet Major-General of Volunteers.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS SECOND CORPS,
May 22, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded, approved.

A. A. HUMPHREYS,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 31, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to the Adjutant-General. approved.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 60. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 20, 1865.*

1. In obedience to General Orders, No. 86, from the War Department, dated May 9, 1865, Maj. Gen. John Gibbon, commander of Twenty-fourth Army Corps, Maj. Gen. George L. Hartsuff, Brig. Gen. J. Irvin Gregg, Brig. Gen. George H. Gordon, and Bvt. Maj. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, commanding independent districts, will order boards to examine and report the relative merits of all applicants in their respective commands below the grade of colonel. Officers who by their service and qualifications are fit for the Regular Army will be specially designated, and the grade for which they are recommended specified. The object is to select officers who by their conduct in actual war are qualified for the position for which they are recommended.

2. The board called by Major-General Gibbon, will examine applicants belonging to the Twenty fourth Army Corps, whether present with the corps or on detached duty, and also all applicants belonging to the commands of Brigadier-Generals Patrick and Mackenzie, Brevet Brigadier-General Abbot, and Colonel Sumner.

3. A medical board will be instituted by each of the commanders above named to examine and report the officers, who may have been examined for relative merit, to ascertain if they are physically qualified to remain in the service.

4. For the examination of officers of the rank of colonel, and for the examination of all staff officers not belonging to the commissary, quartermaster, medical, U. S. Ordnance and U. S. Engineer Departments, and Signal Corps, a board will be convened at these headquarters on the 29th instant at 10 a. m., and sit without regard to hours. The board will consist of Brig. Gen. R. S. Mackenzie, Brig. Gen. N. M. Curtis, Bvt. Brig. Gen. H. L. Abbot. Capt. Charles B. Atchison, aide-de-camp, will act as recorder. The manner of conducting the examination, and the subjects upon which officers have been examined, should be reported by the various boards, in order to enable the reviewing authority to understand the standard of merit taken as a basis for their recommendations.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 62. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 20, 1865.*

Col. W. L. James is hereby announced as chief quartermaster of the Department of Virginia, he having been so assigned by orders from the War Department.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES,
Petersburg, Va., May 20, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. C. H. SMITH,
Commanding Cavalry Brigade:

GENERAL: Send as soon as possible a discreet and intelligent officer with a suitable detachment of dismounted men and a few mounted men to take post at or in the vicinity of the Court-House of each county of your district. The size of both mounted and dismounted detachments will depend upon the size of the county and other circumstances in each case, and will be determined by yourself. The officer in command at each Court-House will also be provost-marshal of the county, and will administer the oath of allegiance to all entitled to it who desire it. Instruct your officers to acquaint themselves as soon as possible with the conditions and necessities of their respective counties. Let them distribute and explain fully General Orders, No. 11, from these headquarters. Keep negroes as far as possible with their old masters where an arrangement can be made satisfactory to both. Make arrangements for keeping and employing all those for whom employment cannot be found elsewhere, and let the station of the troops be also an employment agency from which laborers can be obtained by those desiring them. Repress all disorders and disturbances and prevent pillage. Look properly to the interests of all classes and contribute in every way possible to the security, comfort, and prosperity of your district.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. L. HARTSUFF,
Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 50. } HDQRS. MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
Washington, D. C., May 20, 1865.

1. In accordance with Special Orders, No. 241, War Department, current series, Maj. E. B. Parsons, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, is hereby relieved from duty at these headquarters.

2. Bvt. Maj. W. P. Wilson, aide-de-camp, and First Lieut. C. B. Alrich, acting assistant inspector-general, are hereby announced as acting assistant adjutants-general at these headquarters.

By command of Major-General Hancock:

C. H. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

WASHINGTON, *May 21, 1865—10 a. m.*
(Received 2.30 p. m. 22d.)

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

After carrying out the orders for discharging all men whose time expires up to 1st of October, will you require re-enforcements for Virginia? If so, retain as much of the Sixth Corps as you deem necessary and discharge those then entitled to discharge under the orders. After muster out all troops will be sent to their States to be paid off. General Weitzel reports that he has but one company of colored artillerymen, and wishes to take with him three companies of regulars now belonging to his corps. I have no objection to his doing so. Please direct him accordingly.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
May 21, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of the Potomac:

COLONEL: I have the honor to forward the order in column of this command, as arranged for the approaching review:

First Division, Brig. Gen. J. L. Chamberlain commanding: First Brigade, Bvt. Brig. Gen. A. L. Pearson commanding—One hundred and ninety-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Capt. John Stanton commanding; One hundred and eighty-fifth New York Volunteers, Col. G. Sniper commanding. Second Brigade, Bvt. Brig. Gen. E. M. Gregory commanding—One hundred and eighty-ninth New York Volunteers, Col. A. L. Burr commanding; One hundred and eighty-seventh New York Volunteers, Lieut. Col. D. Myers commanding; One hundred and eighty-eighth New York Volunteers, Col. J. McMahon commanding. Third Brigade, Col. J. Cushing Edmands commanding—Thirty-second Massachusetts Volunteers, Lieut. Col. J. A. Cunningham commanding; Twentieth Maine Volunteers, Bvt. Maj. A. W. Clark commanding; Ninety-first Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers, Lieut. Col. E. G. Sellers commanding; First Maine Sharpshooters, Capt. George R. Abbott commanding; Sixteenth Michigan Veteran Volunteers, Col. B. F. Partridge commanding; One hundred and fifty-fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Maj. J. A. Cline commanding; First Michigan Veteran Volunteers, Lieut. Col. George Lockley commanding; One hundred and eighteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Bvt. Maj. J. B. Wilson commanding; Eighty-third Pennsylvania Volunteers, Col. C. P. Rogers commanding.

Second Division, Bvt. Maj. Gen. R. B. Ayres commanding: First Brigade, Brig. Gen. J. Hayes commanding—One hundred and fourteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Bvt. Brig. Gen. C. H. T. Collis commanding; Fifth New York Veteran Volunteers, Lieut. Col. W. F. Drum commanding; One hundred and forty-sixth New York Veteran Volunteers, Col. James Grindlay commanding; One hundred and fortieth New York Veteran Volunteers, Lieut. Col. W. S. Grantsynn commanding; Fifteenth New York Heavy Artillery, Maj. Louis Eiche commanding; Sixty-first Massachusetts Volunteers, Col. C. F. Walcott commanding. Second Brigade, Bvt. Brig. Gen. A. W. Denison commanding—First Maryland Veteran Volunteers, Col. D. L. Stanton commanding; Fourth Maryland Veteran Volunteers, Col. R. N. Bowerman commanding; Seventh Maryland Veteran Volunteers, Maj. E. M. Mobley commanding; Eighth Maryland Veteran Volunteers, Lieut. Col. E. F. M. Faehtz commanding. Third Brigade, Bvt. Brig. Gen. James Gwyn commanding—One hundred and ninetieth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Col. W. R. Hartshorne commanding; Two hundred and tenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Maj. J. H. Graves commanding; Fourth Delaware Volunteers, Bvt. Lieut. Col. M. B. Gist commanding; Third Delaware Veteran Volunteers, Capt. D. D. Joseph commanding; Eighth Delaware Volunteers, Capt. John N. Richards commanding; One hundred and ninety-first Pennsylvania Volunteers, Col. James Carle commanding.

Third Division, Bvt. Maj. Gen. S. W. Crawford commanding: First Brigade, Bvt. Brig. Gen. H. A. Morrow commanding—Sixth Wisconsin Veteran Volunteers, Seventh Wisconsin Volunteers, Ninety-first New York Volunteers. Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Henry Baxter commanding—Eleventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, Ninety-seventh New York Volunteers, One hundred and fourth New York Volunteers, Sixteenth Maine Volunteers, Thirty-ninth Massachusetts Volunteers, One hundred and seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers. Third Brigade, Bvt.

Brig. Gen. Adrian R. Root commanding—Ninety-fourth New York Volunteers, One hundred and forty-second Pennsylvania Volunteers, Ninety-fifth New York Volunteers, Eighty-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers, One hundred and twenty-first Pennsylvania Volunteers, Fifty-sixth Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers, One hundred and forty-seventh New York Volunteers.

Artillery Brigade, Bvt. Brig. Gen. C. S. Wainwright commanding: Battery B, Fourth U. S. Artillery, Bvt. Capt. James Stewart commanding; Battery H, First New York Artillery, Bvt. Maj. C. E. Mink commanding; Battery B, First New York Artillery, Capt. R. E. Rogers commanding; Battery D, First New York Artillery, Capt. J. B. Hazelton commanding; Batteries D and G, Fifth U. S. Artillery, First Lieut. J. B. Rawles commanding.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHAS. GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
May 21, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of the Potomac:

COLONEL: I have the honor to forward the names of the regimental commanders in the Third Division of this corps:

First Brigade: Sixth Wisconsin Veteran Volunteers, Bvt. Lieut. Col. D. B. Dailey commanding; Seventh Wisconsin Veteran Volunteers, Lieut. Col. H. Richardson commanding; Ninety-first New York Veteran Volunteers, Lieut. Col. W. J. Denslow commanding; First Battalion [New York] Sharpshooters, Capt. Clinton Perry commanding.

Second Brigade: Eleventh Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers, Bvt. Brig. Gen. R. Coulter commanding; Ninety-seventh New York Volunteers, Col. J. P. Spofford commanding; One hundred and fourth New York Volunteers, Lieut. Col. J. R. Strang commanding; Sixteenth Maine Volunteers, Maj. A. R. Small commanding; Thirty-ninth Massachusetts Volunteers, Capt. F. R. Kinsley commanding; One hundred and seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, Col. T. F. McCoy commanding.

Third Brigade: Ninety-fourth New York Volunteers, Lieut. Col. S. A. Moffett commanding; One hundred and forty-second Pennsylvania Volunteers, Lieut. Col. H. N. Warren commanding; Ninety-fifth New York Volunteers, Lieut. Col. J. Creney commanding; Eighty-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Lieut. Col. G. Harney commanding; One hundred and twenty-first Pennsylvania Volunteers, Lieut. Col. J. S. Warner commanding; Fifty-sixth Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers, Maj. H. A. Laycock commanding; One hundred and forty-seventh New York Volunteers, Col. F. C. Miller commanding.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHAS. GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General of Volunteers, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 59. } HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
May 21, 1865.

The corps will pass in review on the 23d instant, right in front: First Division, Second Division, Third Division, artillery, ambulances, according to General Orders, No. 27.

The division commanders will send to these headquarters at once the order of the march of their respective brigades, giving names of commanders and order of regiments.

The corps will move to its position on the avenue (see general order), left in front, the artillery moving at 4 a. m. promptly, followed by Third Division, then Second Division, then First Division.

Commanders will be particular to caution their company and noncommissioned officers that they do not salute. None but mounted officers salute.

By command of Brevet Major-General Griffin:

FRED. T. LOCKE,
Brevet Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
May 21, 1865.

Brig. Gen. J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Richmond:

In accordance with instructions, the batteries of this corps will reach City Point to-night, but the commander of the Artillery Brigade telegraphs me that Colonel Bradley, chief quartermaster, has orders not to ship the batteries. I request that orders for their shipment may be issued, or, if this is impossible from want of transportation, I would then suggest, if it meets with the views of the major-general commanding, that orders be given to ship the guns, carriages, caissons, battery wagons, forges, harness, &c., when I will order the horses to return to this point and join the corps. If the batteries are obliged to march to Alexandria they will require 100 horses, and I shall need about forty or fifty more for my trains.

I am, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

HDQRS. DISTRICT OF ALEXANDRIA, NINTH ARMY CORPS,
Alexandria, Va., May 21, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of the Potomac:

COLONEL: In compliance with instructions of yesterday's date from headquarters Army of the Potomac, I have the honor to submit the following as the order in column of the troops of the Ninth Army Corps and Dwight's division, Nineteenth Army Corps, as arranged for the review ordered for 23d instant:

Maj. Gen. John G. Parke, commanding, and staff; cavalry escort (detachment Second Pennsylvania Cavalry), Lieut. D. R. Maxwell commanding.

First Division, Ninth Army Corps, Bvt. Maj. Gen. O. B. Willcox commanding: First Brigade, Col. Samuel Harriman commanding—Thirty-eighth Wisconsin Volunteers, Col. James Bintliff; Twenty-seventh Michigan Volunteers, Col. Charles Waite; Seventeenth Michigan Volunteers, Lieut. Col. F. W. Swift; Thirty-seventh Wisconsin Volunteers, Lieut. Col. John Green; One hundred and ninth New York Volunteers, Capt. Z. G. Gordon; Seventy-ninth New York Volunteers,

Maj. A. D. Baird. Second Brigade, Bvt. Col. Ralph Ely commanding—First Sharpshooters and Second Michigan Volunteers, Lieut. Col. A. W. Nichols; Forty-sixth New York Veteran Volunteers, Lieut. Col. Adolph Becker; Fiftieth Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers, Lieut. Col. W. H. Telford; Twentieth Michigan Volunteers, Lieut. Col. C. A. Lounsberry; Sixtieth Ohio Volunteers, Lieut. Col. M. P. Avery. Third Brigade, Bvt. Brig. Gen. N. B. McLaughlen commanding—Third Maryland Battalion Volunteers, Bvt. Col. G. P. Robinson; Fourteenth New York Heavy Artillery, Col. E. G. Marshall; Fifty-seventh Massachusetts Volunteers, Lieut. Col. J. M. Tucker; Fifty-ninth Massachusetts Volunteers, Capt. Frederick Cochran; One hundredth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Col. N. J. Maxwell.

Second Division, Ninth Army Corps, Brig. Gen. S. G. Griffin, commanding (Bvt. Maj. Gen. R. B. Potter absent wounded): First Brigade, Col. Sumner Carruth commanding—Thirty-ninth New Jersey Volunteers, Col. A. C. Wildrick; Forty-eighth Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers, Col. I. F. Brannon; Seventh Rhode Island Volunteers, Bvt. Col. P. Daniels; Forty-fifth Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers, Bvt. Col. T. Gregg; Fifty-eighth Massachusetts Volunteers, Lieut. Col. J. C. Whiton; Thirty-sixth Massachusetts Volunteers, Lieut. Col. T. L. Barker; Thirty-fifth Massachusetts Volunteers, Lieut. Col. John W. Hudson; Fifty-first New York Volunteers, Col. J. G. Wright. Second Brigade, Col. Herbert B. Titus commanding—Eleventh New Hampshire Volunteers, Col. Walter Harriman; Fifty-sixth Massachusetts Volunteers, Col. S. M. Weld, jr.; One hundred and seventy-ninth New York Volunteers, Col. William M. Gregg; Seventeenth Vermont Volunteers, Col. F. V. Randall; Thirty-first Maine Volunteers, Col. Daniel White; One hundred and eighty-sixth New York Volunteers, Lieut. Col. E. J. Marsh; Second Maryland Veteran Volunteers, Lieut. Col. B. F. Taylor; Sixth New Hampshire Volunteers, Lieut. Col. P. P. Bixby; Ninth New Hampshire Volunteers, Maj. George H. Chandler.

Third Division, Ninth Army Corps, Bvt. Brig. Gen. John I. Curtin commanding (Bvt. Maj. Gen. J. F. Hartranft absent on detached service): First Brigade, Col. A. B. McCalmont commanding—Fifty-first Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers, Col. William J. Bolton; Two hundred and eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Lieut. Col. M. T. Heintzelman; Two hundred and ninth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Col. T. B. Kaufman; Two hundredth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Maj. Jacob Rehrer. Second Brigade, Col. J. A. Mathews commanding—Two hundred and seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, Col. R. C. Cox; Two hundred and eleventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. Coulter; Two hundred and fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Lieut. Col. W. F. Walter.

Dwight's division, Nineteenth Army Corps, Brig. Gen. William Dwight commanding: First Brigade, Brig. Gen. G. L. Beal commanding—Fifteenth Maine Volunteers, Col. Isaac Dyer; One hundred and fourteenth New York Volunteers, Col. S. R. Per Lee; Twenty-ninth Maine Volunteers, Col. George H. Nye; Thirtieth Massachusetts Volunteers, Lieut. Col. N. Shaurman; First Maine Battalion, Capt. C. S. Brown. Second Brigade, Bvt. Brig. Gen. E. P. Davis commanding—One hundred and fifty-third New York Volunteers, Lieut. Col. G. H. McLaughlin; Eighth Vermont Volunteers, Col. J. B. Mead; Twelfth Connecticut Volunteers, Lieut. Col. G. N. Lewis; Twenty-sixth Massachusetts Volunteers, Lieut. Col. W. H. Chapman; Forty-seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, Col. J. P. S. Gobin. Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. J. D. Fessenden commanding—One hundred and seventy-third New York Volunteers, Col. L. M. Peck; One hundred and sixtieth New York Vol-

unteers, Col. C. C. Dwight; One hundred and sixty-second New York Volunteers, Col. J. W. Blanchard; One hundred and thirty-third New York Volunteers, Col. L. D. H. Currie; Thirtieth Maine Volunteers, Col. T. H. Hubbard.

Artillery Brigade, Ninth Army Corps, Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. C. Tidball commanding: Thirty-fourth New York Battery, Bvt. Maj. J. Roemer; Seventh Maine Battery, Capt. A. B. Twitchell; Nineteenth New York Battery, Capt. E. W. Rogers; Battery D, Pennsylvania Volunteer Artillery, Capt. S. H. Rhoads; Eleventh Massachusetts Battery, Capt. E. J. Jones; Twenty-seventh New York Battery, Capt. J. B. Eaton.

I have the honor to be, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JNO. G. PARKE,
Major-General, Commanding.

HDQRS. DISTRICT OF ALEXANDRIA, NINTH ARMY CORPS,
Alexandria, Va., May 21, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of the Potomac:

COLONEL: I have the honor to request that the following regiments may be added to the list of organizations of the Ninth Army Corps, as arranged for the approaching review, forwarded to headquarters Army of the Potomac to-day: Seventy-ninth New York Volunteers, Maj. A. D. Baird commanding, to parade as left regiment of First Brigade, First Division, Ninth Corps; Fifty-first New York Volunteers, Col. J. G. Wright commanding, to parade as left regiment First Brigade, Second Division, Ninth Corps. These regiments are on detached service, and it was at first thought that they would be unable to join their proper commands, but arrangements have since been made to relieve at least a battalion from each.

I have the honor to be, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JNO. G. PARKE,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, D. C., May 21, 1865.

Maj. Gen. GEORGE CROOK, *Commanding Cavalry Corps:*

You will order the First Brigade, First Cavalry Division, of your command, composed of the First, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Michigan Regiments, to proceed at once with horse equipments and arms complete to report to Maj. Gen. John Pope at Saint Louis, Mo. The quartermaster's department will furnish transportation immediately.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS CAVALRY CORPS,
May 21, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of the Potomac:

COLONEL: I have the honor to report that the following will be the order of march of my command in the coming review: First, the Third

Cavalry Division, commanded by Maj. Gen. George A. Custer; second, the Second Cavalry Division, commanded by Bvt. Maj. Gen. Henry E. Davies; third, the First Cavalry Division, commanded by Brig. Gen. Thomas C. Devin; fourth, the Horse Artillery, commanded by Bvt. Col. James M. Robertson. The following will be the order of march of the Third Cavalry Division: First, Fifteenth New York Cavalry; Second Brigade, Colonel Wells—Eighth New York Cavalry, First Vermont Cavalry. Second, Third Brigade, Colonel Capehart—Second West Virginia Cavalry, Third West Virginia Cavalry, First West Virginia Cavalry, First New York (Lincoln) Cavalry. Third, First Brigade, Colonel Pennington—Second New York Cavalry, First Connecticut Cavalry, Third New Jersey Cavalry, Second Ohio Cavalry. The following will be the order of march of the Second Cavalry Division: First, First Brigade, Brevet Major-General Davies—Tenth New York Cavalry, Twenty-fourth New York Cavalry, First New Jersey Cavalry, First Pennsylvania Cavalry. The following will be the order of march of the First Cavalry Division: First, First Brigade, Col. Peter Stagg—Sixth Michigan Cavalry, Seventh Michigan Cavalry, First Michigan Cavalry, Fifth Michigan Cavalry. Second, Second Brigade, Col. C. L. Fitzhugh—Sixth New York Cavalry, First New York Dragoons, Twentieth Pennsylvania Cavalry, Seventeenth Pennsylvania Cavalry, Ninth New York Cavalry. Third, Reserve Brigade, Brigadier-General Gibbs—Sixth U. S. Cavalry, Second Massachusetts Cavalry, Sixth Pennsylvania Cavalry. The following will be the order of march of the Horse Artillery Brigade: Capt. D. R. Ransom, Battery C, Third U. S. Artillery; Lieut. John McGilvray, Batteries B and L, Second U. S. Artillery; Lieut. W. F. Randolph, Battery L, Fifth U. S. Artillery; Capt. E. B. Williston, Battery D, Second U. S. Artillery; Lieut. J. W. Wilson, Sixth New York Independent [Battery]; Lieut. C. A. Woodruff, Battery M, Second U. S. Artillery; Capt. M. P. Miller, Batteries C and E, Fourth U. S. Artillery. The Fifth U. S. Cavalry, Lieutenant Urban commanding, will form the escort of the major-general commanding.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. MERRITT,
Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 61. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 21, 1865.*

In obedience to order from the War Department, all men on duty in this department belonging to the Tenth Army Corps will be at once relieved and sent to headquarters of that corps in North Carolina.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 2. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES, *Fort Monroe, Va., May 21, 1865.*

I. Brevet Major-General Miles is hereby appointed to the command of the Military District of Fort Monroe, with his headquarters in the fort. Maj. Gen. E. O. C. Ord will fix the limits of the district inland.

II. Colonel Pritchard and his command will be subject to the orders of General Miles for prison guards, and will be quartered in the fort.

By order of Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck:

D. C. WAGER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. —. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 21, 1865.*

1. By direction of the major-general commanding Military Division of the James, Brevet Major-General Miles is assigned to the command of the Military District of Fort Monroe, with his headquarters in the fort.

2. General Miles' district will include the Peninsula west as far as Henrico and Hanover Counties, exclusive; also Mathews, Gloucester, Accomack, and Northampton Counties. In all that relates to the command of troops or military affairs, the commanding officers of the subdistricts of the Eastern Shore and Peninsula will report to General Miles. In all that relates to Department of Negro Affairs, they will report to these headquarters direct, as will Brevet Major-General Miles.

By command of Maj. Gen. E. O. C. Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. FIRST DIVISION, TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS,
Near Richmond, Va., May 21, 1865.

Lieut. Col. EDWARD MOALE,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Twenty-fourth Army Corps:

COLONEL: In compliance with instructions from headquarters Twenty-fourth Army Corps, I have the honor to report the location of the various regiments of this command as follows, viz: First Brigade; Sixty-seventh Ohio Volunteers, Louisa Court-House, Va.; One hundred and ninety-ninth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Sixty-second Ohio Volunteers, and Thirty-ninth Illinois Volunteers, on the Meadow Bridge road about one mile and a half north of the city of Richmond. Third Brigade: Twenty-fourth Massachusetts Volunteers, and Two hundred and sixth Pennsylvania Volunteers, in Richmond on provost duty; Tenth Connecticut Volunteers, Eleventh Maine Volunteers, and One hundredth New York Volunteers, on left of Meadow Bridge road about two miles north of Richmond. Fourth Brigade: Eighty-ninth New York Volunteers in Richmond on provost duty; Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers, One hundred and forty-eighth New York Volunteers, One hundred and fifty-eighth New York Volunteers, and Eighth Maine Volunteers, on the right and left of the Brook road about two miles and a half from Richmond.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

THOS. O. OSBORN,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, *May 21, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. G. WEITZEL,
Commanding Twenty-fifth Army Corps:

As soon as your corps is embarked you will proceed with it to the Mobile Bay, Ala., and report to Major-General Steele for further orders. In addition to rations, ammunition, and other articles which you have received directions to take with you you should take a fair quantity of intrenching tools.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
May 21, 1865.

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Commanding Armies of the United States:

General Meigs, Quartermaster-General, suggested that I take with me the 1,500 quartermaster's employés now at City Point. Can I get the order for them?

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, *May 21, 1865—1.30 p. m.*

General WEITZEL,
City Point:

I would prefer that you should take no men with you but soldiers. Any work you have to do can be done by detailed men. If not, there are plenty of negroes in Texas without transporting them from here.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION, FIRST ARMY CORPS,
Camp Stoneman, D. C., May 21, 1865.

Maj. Gen. C. C. AUGUR,
Commanding Department of Washington:

GENERAL: I have the honor to call your attention to the fact that no provision has been made for the troops of the First Corps on the occasion of the approaching honors to be paid to veteran soldiers. This division is composed of men, all of whom have served at least two years, many during the whole war; have fought in many battles, are representatives of all the armies and States of the Union, and are justly entitled to some consideration. I would respectfully request that some part may be assigned to the troops of this organization on the occasion of the intended reviews.

Sir, I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

S. S. CARROLL,
U. S. Army, Brigadier-General of Volunteers.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 21, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to the headquarters Middle Military Division. For the reasons suggested by Brigadier-General Carroll, it is recommended that a place in the approaching review may be assigned to the troops of the First Corps now serving at Camp Stoneman.

C. C. AUGUR,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Second indorsement.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 21, 1865.*

Respectfully forwarded to the lieutenant-general of the Armies of the United States for such action as he may deem expedient.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Maj. Gen., U. S. Volunteers, Comdg. Middle Military Division.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
Washington, D. C., May 21, 1865.

General GAMBLE,
Commanding, Fairfax Court-House:

Send the Fourteenth Pennsylvania Cavalry to report to General Chapman at Falls Church. They should leave Fairfax Court-House at 4 a. m. to-morrow.

C. C. AUGUR,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 22, 1865—11.55 a. m.*

Major-General MEADE,
Army of the Potomac:

I would like to send General Barlow to command a division Twenty-fifth Corps. Ascertain if this will suit him. If so, he should leave here on Wednesday at furthest.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 22, 1865. (Received 9 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT:

Very reluctantly and for imperative personal reasons I must decline a command which will take me so far as Texas at present.

FRANCIS C. BARLOW,
Brevet Major-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 249. } HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 22, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

12. Brigadier-General Chapman's division of cavalry, now serving with Major-General Augur's command, will report for duty with the cavalry force commanded by Major-General Merritt, U. S. Volunteers, which is encamped in the vicinity of Bladensburg.

13. The following officers are hereby relieved from duty with the Cavalry Corps, and will report to Major-General Sheridan at New Orleans, La. They will be permitted to take with them their assistant adjutants-general, personal staffs, and quartermasters: Maj. Gen. Wesley Merritt, U. S. Volunteers; Maj. Gen. George A. Custer, U. S. Volunteers.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ENGINEER BRIGADE,
May 22, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

COLONEL: As approved by General Meade to use my judgment in the case, I have after consultation with the principal officers decided to move the Engineer Brigade into the city this afternoon, starting at 4 p. m. about, to bivouac near their depot east of the Capitol, and will arrange with General Macy as to the hour of meeting his command in north A street, east.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. W. BENHAM,
Brigadier-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 26. } HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS, *May 22, 1865.*

The troops of this corps will pass in review to-morrow in the following order: The First Division, the Artillery Brigade, the Second Division, the Third Division. They will move at 7 o'clock in the morning.

1. At that hour the First Division will take the road from Fort Reynolds to Fort Albany, leaving Fort Barnard and Fort Richardson on the left and take the Columbia pike, thence to the Long Bridge.

2. At the same time the Second Division will move by the Columbia pike and follow the First Division when the two come into the same road.

3. The Third Division will follow the Second.

4. The artillery will follow the Third Division, until the troops are formed in column in mass in the streets of the Fifth ward, south of Pennsylvania avenue. When the column moves to pass in review the artillery will follow the First Division, as prescribed at the head of this order and in the order from headquarters of the Army of the Potomac.

5. Following the route prescribed in the orders from the headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, the First Division will form in col-

umn of companies closed in mass in Fourth street, east, south of Pennsylvania avenue, the head of the column resting near Pennsylvania avenue. The Second Division will form in similar manner on Third street, east, and the Third Division on Second street, east. The artillery will mass on the open space between New Jersey avenue and Second street.

6. When the rear of the Fifth Corps passes out of Pennsylvania avenue, east, into First street, the First Division will move, following the Fifth Corps. The Second Division will allow space for the artillery to come into the column after the First Division; will then move. The Third Division will follow closely on the Second.

7. The reviewing officer being on the left flank the guide will be on that flank. In passing the reviewing officer colors will drop and the drums beat a march. The music will turn out on the right flank.

8. When the head of each regiment reaches Eighteenth street its commander should order the pace to be quickened. The quickened pace should be continued until the Circle is reached. Division commanders should have a staff officer posted at Eighteenth street to see that this order is carried out, and one should also be stationed at Fifteenth street near the State Department to check the advancing column in time in the event of any check occurring in the troops passing before the reviewing officer.

9. The bridge over Rock Creek at the termination of K street should be passed in column of fours. To prevent any delay to the troops in rear, the leading division should double its column on this street while crossing, and the artillery should do the same. To avoid any check arising from this the Second Division will probably be obliged to move out of Pennsylvania avenue when near the circle and mass in the streets and vacant lots on the left of the avenue and the left of K street. If K street should not be clear for the Third Division when the head of its column reaches the Circle, it can double its column on Pennsylvania avenue, using as much of K street for that purpose as may be found available, or use the streets on its left.

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 27. } HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS, *May 22, 1865.*

By direction from headquarters Army of the Potomac received since the issuing of the order of march of to-night from these headquarters, the bands will continue with the column through the city and not turn out opposite the reviewing officer.

2. The troops will be marched to Washington by easy stages, with halts at every hour of at least ten minutes.

3. Division commanders and commandant of Artillery Brigade will send, after reaching the city to-morrow, to the assistant adjutant-general, a field return showing the number of officers and men in their respective commands out for review.

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CIRCULAR.] HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 22, 1865.

To-morrow after crossing Long Bridge and the bridge over the canal in Maryland avenue the corps will move south of the Capitol and will form column as follows, being ready to follow the Fifth Corps: The First Division on Fourth street, east, right resting near Pennsylvania avenue, the left extending toward the river; the Second Division on Third street, east, right resting near Pennsylvania avenue, the left extending toward the river; the Third Division on Second street, east, right resting near Pennsylvania avenue, the left extending toward the river; the Artillery Brigade will mass in the open ground south of Carroll place, between New Jersey avenue and Second street. Division commanders and Artillery Brigade commandant will send staff officers to-day to examine the ground assigned to each command and the approaches to it, and will cause all necessary repairs to be made. The officers sent will also examine the open lots on the south s[illegible] of K street, between the Circle and the bridge over Rock Creek, wi[illegible] view to moving the commands there if it should be made necessary from any blocking up of the street.

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Near Manchester, Va., May 22, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

With the exception of some detachments, the corps is assembled at this point, and I propose commencing the march to Washington on Wednesday morning. Please designate a camp for the troops and indicate the point at which I shall cross the Occoquan.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF THE NOTTOWAY,
Petersburg, Va., May 22, 1865.

Major-General ORD,
Richmond:

I have put General Ferrero in command of the Sub-District of the Roanoke. If you have not otherwise disposed of it the county of Charlotte ought to belong to that sub-district. It cuts the district nearly in half and crosses the railroad, which would almost bisect the district of the county belonging to it. A point on the railroad within the county would be the best place for headquarters for the district commander, and a depot for the district. For these reasons I would like to have it assigned to the sub-district. I can get along very well now without Colonel Martindale, if you should want him for anything. If not, I will assign him to the command of the city. Please answer as soon as possible.

GEO. L. HARTSUFF,
Major-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 1. } HDQRS. DISTRICT OF THE NOTTOWAY, *Petersburg, Va., May 22, 1865.*

I. In accordance with orders from department headquarters the undersigned hereby assumes command of the District of the Nottoway, headquarters at Petersburg.

II. The district is subdivided and will be commanded as follows: First, Sub-District of the Roanoke, consisting of the counties of Prince Edward, Nottoway, Lunenburg, Mecklenburg, Charlotte, and Halifax, Brevet Major General Ferrero commanding; second, Sub-District of the Appomattox, consisting of the counties of Chesterfield, Amelia, Powhatan, Cumberland, and Buckingham, Bvt. Brig. Gen. C. H. Smith commanding; third, Sub-District of the Blackwater, consisting of the counties of Sussex, Surry, Greenville, Brunswick, Dinwiddie, and Prince George, Bvt. Brig. Gen. G. H. McKibbin commanding.

III. The city of Petersburg will form a separate post under the command of Col. E. Martindale.

IV. The organization known as Ferrero's division is discontinued, and the following assignment of troops is made, viz: Sub-District of the Roanoke, Sixth and Sixteenth Regiments New York Artillery and five companies of the Sixth Ohio Cavalry; Sub-District of the Appomattox, cavalry brigade under General Smith; Sub-District of the Blackwater, McKibbin's brigade, of Ferrero's division, as formerly organized, with the exception of battalion of Forty-first New York Volunteers, and the addition of five companies of the Sixth Ohio Cavalry and one company of the Twentieth New York Cavalry; City of Petersburg, Tenth Regiment New York Artillery, battalion Forty-first New York Volunteers, and Wheeler's (Thirty-third New York) battery. The troops will be stationed and employed within the sub-districts in accordance with letters of instruction from these headquarters.

V. The following-named officers compose the staff. They will be obeyed and respected accordingly: Maj. J. M. Howard, assistant adjutant-general, assistant adjutant-general; Capt. E. O. Brown, additional aide-de-camp, aide-de-camp; Capt. A. P. Barber, Second Pennsylania Artillery, acting aide-de-camp and commanding headquarters guard; Maj. J. B. Campbell, Tenth New York Artillery, acting assistant inspector-general; Capt. C. W. Folsom, assistant quartermaster of volunteers, chief quartermaster; Capt. Asa Gregory, commissary of subsistence of volunteers, chief commissary of subsistence and treasurer of the civil fund; Surg. J. P. Prince, U. S. Volunteers, chief medical officer.

VI. The chief of each department of the staff will immediately obtain such information and give such instructions within their respective departments as may be needed to insure efficiency in each. All citizens having complaints to make or requiring counsel or assistance will apply to the commanding officer of the sub-district in which they live.

GEO. L. HARTSUFF,
Major-General of Volunteers.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Fort Monroe, May 22, 1865.

Major-General WEITZEL,
City Point:

General Grant directs that you take with you the three companies of regular artillery which have belonged to your corps.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

CIRCULAR.] HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
Camp Lincoln, Va., May 22, 1865.

The troops of this command will commence embarking at City Point to-morrow morning in the following order: Second Division, First Division, Cavalry Brigade, Fifth Massachusetts Cavalry, Artillery Brigade (except the white volunteer batteries), and General Russell's brigade. General Russell will see that every officer and man belonging to the corps left behind after their commands embark, is taken along with his brigade. The chief quartermaster and chief commissary of subsistence of the corps will see that each vessel is supplied with rations, water, &c., in accordance with orders already given. The acting ordnance officer of the corps will see that each vessel is supplied with 250 rounds of ammunition to each enlisted man and that 1,000 rounds of artillery ammunition to each piece of artillery is placed on vessel to be designated by the chief quartermaster. The heads of staff departments are directed to see that the troops are fully supplied for the expedition, with everything relating to their department.

By command of Major-General Weitzel:

D. D. WHEELER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
ARMY OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 23, 1865.

Brigadier-General PATRICK,
Commanding District of Henrico:

SIR: The Sixth Army Corps will pass through Richmond at 8 a. m. the 24th instant. Major-General Ord directs that you place guards along the line of march from the pontoon bridge to Brook avenue, to keep carriages and improper persons off the street during the passing of the troops. Also that you have the bands under your command stationed in the court-house yard during the review. The reviewing officer will occupy the north portico of the court-house.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

N. M. CURTIS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 23, 1865—4 p. m.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Army Corps, Richmond, Va.:

You can cross the Occoquan at any point you deem best. The higher up you cross the better you will find the roads, though the lowest route is practicable. You can encamp on the left bank of Four-Mile Run, above the Fifth Corps, now extending to Ball's Cross-Roads.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
May 23, 1865.

Brevet Brigadier-General KELTON,
Asst. Adjt.Gen., Headquarters Division of the James:

GENERAL: Yours of this date is received. I shall start the troops from camp at 5 a. m, to-morrow, and hope to be ready to pass the review-

ing officer at 8 a. m. I will, however, give General Halleck abundant notice so that he can reach the stand in time. By arrangement just made with General Ord after going over the ground, the troops will move up Seventeenth street to Broad, up Broad past the reviewing officer to Ninth, and thence, through Ninth and Clay, to Brook avenue.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
Near Manchester, Va., May 23, 1865.

The corps will move at 5 a. m. to-morrow, proceeding through Richmond, in the following order: First, Third Division; second, First Division; third, Second Division.

After crossing the upper bridge the troops will proceed up Seventeenth street to Broad street, up Broad street to Ninth street, up Ninth street to Clay street, thence to Brook avenue, and proceed in the direction of Hanover Court-House.

In passing up Broad street the corps will be reviewed by Major-General Halleck, commanding Military Division of the James.

Each division will be halted in Broad street when its head reaches the vicinity of Twelfth street, will be closed up and formed in columns of companies at full distance, and then march past the reviewing officer with guides upon the left flank. Mounted officers and colors only will salute.

On reaching Ninth street the march by the flank will be resumed. Bands will not turn out from the column, but will cease playing as soon as they have passed the reviewing officer. Great care will be taken by brigade and regimental commanders to see that the column is not checked in front of the reviewing officer, and the pace of the troops in front will be increased if necessary.

A division of the Twenty-fourth Army Corps has been ordered by the department commander to receive the corps as it passes through the city, and is to be formed with its left resting near the reviewing officer and extending to the right along the line of march.

Headquarters trains, led animals, and ambulances will follow the troops, none being allowed in the column. The pontoon trains, regimental and hospital wagons, and the supply trains will cross in the order named at the lower of the two pontoon bridges, and passing up Eighteenth street will proceed on the Mechanicsville road to join the troops in the vicinity of Hanover Court-House. The troops will take three days' rations in their haversacks, and ten days' forage will be carried in the supply trains.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. DEPT. OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 23, 1865.

Major-General GIBBON,
Commanding Twenty-fourth Army Corps:

SIR: Maj. Gen. E. O. C. Ord directs that you parade the First Division of your corps at 8 a. m. the 24th instant, to receive the Sixth Army

Corps, which will pass through Richmond at that hour. The right of your division will rest corner of Capitol and Thirteenth streets, extending along Capitol to Ninth, Ninth to Franklin, and along Franklin to Brook avenue. No sick or wounded men will appear. The reviewing officer will occupy the court-house portico.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

N. M. CURTIS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

RICHMOND, *May 23, 1865—11.30 a. m.*

General HARTSUFF,
Commanding Division, &c., Petersburg:

If there is no necessity for Fort Powhatan you can break it up and order the garrison to report to you for such duty as you may require. As a rule where citizens have taken the oath require their property to be returned to them, where it can be identified. Apply this rule to the owners of furniture, doors, windows, horses, &c., used in and around Fort Powhatan.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General, Commanding.

TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
May 23, 1865. (Received 11 a. m.)

Maj. Gen. J. A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

Transportation has arrived up to this time for 7,200 men.

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General.

TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
May 23, 1865. (Received 1.50 p. m.)

Major-General RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff, Washington:

The order to retain the regular batteries has been received, but General Ord has now ordered me to send back all the men attached to the batteries, which again impairs their efficiency through want of men. Can I not retain the attached men?

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General, Commanding.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 139. } HDQRS. TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
Camp Lincoln, Va., May 23, 1865.

* * * * * * *

3. Capt. L. L. Langdon, chief of artillery, will take with him on the expedition Batteries D and M, First U. S. Artillery; Battery D, Fourth U. S. Artillery; Battery B, Second U. S. Colored Artillery. Horses will be allowed only for four 4-gun batteries, but all the guns, harness, &c., of the batteries specified will be taken. Each piece taken will be

supplied by the acting ordnance officer of the corps with 1,000 rounds of ammunition. The white volunteer batteries of the Artillery Brigade will remain under command of Capt. Martin S. James, Battery C, Third Rhode Island Artillery, and will report direct to headquarters Department of Virginia.

* * * * * * *

By command of Major-General Weitzel:

D. D. WHEELER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WINCHESTER, VA., *May 23, 1865.*
(Received 1.40 p. m.)

Brigadier-General MORGAN,
Chief of Staff:

Ex-Governor Letcher was brought in this a. m. Major Moore, aide-de-camp, was sent for him and Billy Smith, on the morning of the 17th, and captured Letcher in Lexington at daylight on the 20th while in his bed. Governor Smith left Lexington four days previous, having gone to Buchanan, or in the vicinity of Lynchburg. Do you wish him sent to Washington? General Torbert is now in Washington.

For major-general commanding:

W. RUSSELL, JR.,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 24, 1865—9.30 a. m.*

Major-General HALLECK:

I understand General Wright has sent his artillery to City Point to be transported by water. If such is the case direct him that it must be marched overland with the balance of his command.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 24, 1865—11.55 a. m.*
(Received 1 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington:

See your telegrams of May 8 and 9 for orders for sending General Wright's batteries to City Point. No further orders on that subject were received by me before General Wright's corps passed through here this morning. I understand that they will require a considerable number of horses to move them by land. Also a baggage train or a supply of forage to meet them at Fredericksburg. As General Wright's army has passed I shall wait your further orders about his batteries now at City Point.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 24, 1865—3.45 p. m.*

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT:

We have here headquarters Army of the James, headquarters Department of Virginia, headquarters Twenty-fourth Corps, besides

numerous other headquarters, and staff officers without number, or occupation, or quarters, but with wives and families and uncounted calls for quarters or commutation. I again respectfully ask that the Twenty-fourth Corps as an organization be discontinued so that I can reduce this cumbersome, expensive, and useless machinery.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, *May 21, 1865—11 p. m.*

Major-General HALLECK, *Richmond, Va.:*

The batteries of the Sixth Corps must either come by land or must be retained at City Point for the present. Shipping cannot be had for them. The cipher operator made a mistake in sending my first dispatch on the subject, or the mistake of leaving these batteries behind would not have been made. I think the batteries had better be started overland at once, and if there are any surplus teams in the Department of Virginia they can come at the same time.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 21, 1865.*

Col. T. S. BOWERS, *Assistant Adjutant-General:*

COLONEL: On the 8th General Grant telegraphed General Halleck "to retain all the cavalry," &c. In arranging the telegram in cipher, Mr. Beckwith made it read, "Retain all the batteries." As soon as I learned of the error (on 12th) I notified Mr. Caldwell, at Richmond, to correct it and notify General Halleck of the error. Mr. Beckwith at the same time made an explanation either to you or Major Leet. General Halleck's telegram of to-day would seem to indicate that he still understood the orders to have reference to batteries. I have again directed Mr. Caldwell to inform General Halleck of the correction, and send you this that you may know where the trouble was and what was done on our part to rectify the error.

Very respectfully, &c.,

D. H. BATES,
Chief Operator.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, D. C., May 21, 1865.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. JOHN A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff to Lieutenant-General Grant, Washington, D. C.:

GENERAL: I have the honor to inform you that the master of transportation of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad reports that there can be transported over that road on thirty-six hours' notice, "from Washington to the West, via Relay House, 5,000 men or more, daily, and 6,000 others daily from Washington to Baltimore, at the same time, making 11,000 men daily from Washington to the West and North." I have also just been informed that the Michigan cavalry would commence loading at 10 a. m. to-day.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 251.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, May 24, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. W. Redwood Price, assistant inspector-general Cavalry Bureau, will proceed without delay, via Cincinnati, Ohio, to Saint Louis, Mo., and report to Major-General Sheridan, U. S. Army, to assist in organizing the cavalry force of his command. He will visit such other points as he may deem necessary in the performance of his duties. On completion of this duty he will return to his proper station.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
May 24, 1865.

The corps will move at 5 a. m. to-morrow, proceeding to the vicinity of Milford, in the following order: First, First Division; second, Second Division; third, Third Division.

Corps headquarters trains will follow the troops of the leading division. Division and brigade headquarters trains will follow the divisions to which they belong. The ambulances will follow the headquarters trains of the rear division. Other trains will follow the ambulances.

The major-general commanding desires to enjoin upon division commanders the necessity of keeping their commands well closed up, and directs that between the divisions there shall not be habitually an interval of more than 300 yards, nor more than 100 yards between the brigades.

The commanding officer First Division will detail a regiment of not less than 400 men as guard to the train from City Point, which accompanies the corps. The commanding officer Second Division will detail a regiment of not less than 400 men as guard to the supply trains of the corps. These regiments will remain with these trains until their arrival at Washington. Division commanders will send an officer to report the location of their headquarters immediately upon their establishment after each day's march.

The chief quartermaster will give the necessary instructions to the commanding officer of the pontoon trains.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SEPARATE BRIGADE,
City Point, Va., May 24, 1865.

Major-General HARTSUFF,
Petersburg, Va.:

I have the honor to report my arrival at this place with the troops of my command, lately stationed at Fort Pocahontas and Harrison's Landing. I have the honor to report for orders.

J. B. CARR,
Brigadier-General.

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF THE NOTTOWAY,
Petersburg, Va., May 24, 1865.

General CARR,
City Point:

Assume command of the post and of City Point included, within the outer line of defenses. Send field return of your command immediately. Relieve battalion of the Second New York Mounted Rifles and order it to report to General Smith here, and supply their places with troops of your command.

GEO. L. HARTSUFF,
Major-General.

LYNCHBURG, *May 24, 1865.*

Brig. Gen. N. M. CURTIS,
Chief of Staff, Richmond:

Interviews with many prominent citizens of several counties comprising this district convince me that the people desire earnestly to renew allegiance in good faith to the United States. Presiding justices and magistrates are first to take the oath, and all seem to be working to establish order. The country is entirely quiet. Negroes are orderly and disposed to remain on the plantations and work. A speedy restoration of civil authority will, I think, be productive of great good, and request authority to appoint officers. The property belonging to the rebel government in this city was, by direction of Brigadier-General Turner, turned over to the surgeons in charge of hospitals for the benefit of the sick and wounded, with directions that the surplus should be left with the city authorities for the poor. The amount is large, and I have taken charge of it. Shall I carry out General Turner's arrangement? It will be to give the city $30,000 or $40,000. The tobacco already reported alone amounts to $15,000, at 40 cents per pound. Many persons claim property belonging to the rebel government in their possession on account of indebtedness, on the ground that they were authorized by the commanding officer of the troops which preceded me to retain it. There is conflict between the council and individuals on the subject. This disposition of the property is clearly wrong, and I have directed that all such property be reported to the provost-marshal with a statement. Full instructions and copies of all orders are required to enable me to act promptly and intelligently.

J. IRVIN GREGG,
Brevet Brigadier-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 24, 1865.*

Brigadier-General GREGG,
Lynchburg, Va.:

Retain the property found at Lynchburg under your charge until further orders. As soon as made send the reports forward representing its ownership. As soon as your district is thoroughly organized and troops stationed in each county this property will be disposed of for the benefit of the needy persons.

By order of Major-General Ord:

N. M. CURTIS,
Brigadier-General, Chief of Staff.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 24, 1865—9.10 a. m.*

Major-General WEITZEL,
City Point, Va.:

You cannot take with you men detailed from other commands for your artillery. All the men properly belonging to the companies you take with you you will retain. If it is necessary to have more men they can be detailed from the command where you will be serving.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
May 24, 1865. (Received 2 p. m.)

Major-General RAWLINS:

The dispatch of lieutenant-general relating to artillery has been received.

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 24, 1865—7.50 p. m.*

Maj. Gen. G. WEITZEL,
City Point, Va.:

All regiments and men belonging to your corps and now away from it have been ordered to join you at City Point.

JNO. A. RAWLINS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 24, 1865.*

Major-General WEITZEL,
City Point:

It is reported that various articles and stores were taken from the Davis house in Richmond while you were in command. You will cause any such articles held by any one in your command to be turned over to the quartermaster's department, to be returned to the place from which taken, and report to these headquarters any person who has taken from the said house or from any other public building any article whatever, whether papers, furniture, curiosities, or anything else.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
Camp Lincoln, Va., May 24, 1865.

Brig. Gen. R. H. JACKSON,
Commanding Second Division, Twenty-fifth Army Corps:

GENERAL: You will commence embarking your command at City Point to-morrow. The following vessels are for the purpose: H. Livingstone, 800 men; Matagorda, 500 men; Montauk, 350 men; Trade Wind, 350 men; Daniel Webster, 800 men; Thomas A. Scott, 500 men; Wilmington, 475 men; William Kennedy, 450 men; Prometheus, 300

men; Cassandra, 600 men; Nightingale, 600 men; Victor, 800 men; the steamer Illinois, 1,200 men (now at Fortress Monroe). The steamers D. R. Martin and Louisburg will take troops to Fort Monroe to place on board the latter-named vessel. On your command being embarked, you will proceed to Fort Monroe with your command and await further orders. Any supplies necessary will be furnished on application to Colonel James, chief quartermaster, Department of Virginia. An opportunity will be given the officers of your command to visit Norfolk for their pay. Transportation for the remainder of your division will be furnished as soon as possible. A special vessel will be assigned for the horses of your command.

By command of Major-General Weitzel:

D. D. WHEELER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

Report of number of officers and men of Ninth Army Corps, and Dwight's Division, Nineteenth Army Corps, present for review on Tuesday, the 23d instant.

	Commissioned officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.
NINTH ARMY CORPS.			
Headquarters	21	40	
FIRST DIVISION.			
First Brigade.			
Headquarters	7	49	
38th Wisconsin Volunteers	23	382	
27th Michigan Volunteers	14	243	
17th Michigan Volunteers	14	183	
37th Wisconsin Volunteers	19	400	
109th New York Volunteers	16	255	
79th New York Volunteers	13	228	
Second Brigade.			
Headquarters	7	52	
1st Sharpshooters and 2d Michigan Volunteers	27	302	
46th New York Volunteers	15	296	
50th Pennsylvania Volunteers	18	435	
20th Michigan Volunteers	16	229	
60th Ohio Volunteers	10	304	
Third Brigade.			
Headquarters	7	42	
3d Maryland Battalion	10	196	
14th New York Heavy Artillery	20	443	
57th and 59th Massachusetts Volunteers	18	300	
100th Pennsylvania Volunteers	23	445	
Total First Division	277	4,784	5,061
SECOND DIVISION.			
Headquarters	10	10	
First Brigade.			
Headquarters	9	40	
39th New Jersey Volunteers	21	427	
48th Pennsylvania Volunteers	15	450	
7th Rhode Island Volunteers	16	353	
45th Pennsylvania Volunteers	27	405	
58th Massachusetts Volunteers	19	255	
36th Massachusetts Volunteers	21	275	
35th Massachusetts Volunteers	23	374	
51st New York Volunteers	10	120	

Report of number of officers and men of Ninth Army Corps—Continued.

	Commissioned officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.
Second Brigade.			
Headquarters	6	5	
11th New Hampshire Volunteers	8	190	
56th Massachusetts Volunteers	16	207	
179th New York Volunteers	16	261	
17th Vermont Volunteers	16	320	
31st Maine Volunteers	24	413	
186th New York Volunteers	25	370	
2d Maryland Volunteers	17	316	
6th New Hampshire Volunteers	14	175	
9th New Hampshire Volunteers	15	215	
Total Second Division	329	5,181	5,510
THIRD DIVISION.			
First Brigade.			
Headquarters	7	40	
51st Pennsylvania Volunteers	23	617	
208th Pennsylvania Volunteers	21	472	
209th Pennsylvania Volunteers	22	505	
200th Pennsylvania Volunteers	18	511	
Second Brigade.			
Headquarters	7	40	
207th Pennsylvania Volunteers	21	438	
211th Pennsylvania Volunteers	24	491	
205th Pennsylvania Volunteers	22	584	
Total Third Division	165	3,690	3,855
ARTILLERY BRIGADE.			
Headquarters	8	7	
34th New York Battery	3	100	
7th Maine Battery	3	87	
19th New York Battery	3	88	
Battery D, Pennsylvania Volunteer Artillery	5	101	
11th Massachusetts Battery	3	96	
27th New York Battery	5	68	
Total Artillery Brigade	30	547	577
NINETEENTH ARMY CORPS.			
DWIGHT'S DIVISION.			
First Brigade.			
15th Maine Volunteers	29	475	
114th New York Volunteers	20	252	
29th Maine Volunteers	26	447	
30th Massachusetts Volunteers	16	364	
1st Maine Battalion			
Second Brigade.			
153d New York Volunteers	19	350	
8th Vermont Volunteers	29	436	
12th Connecticut Volunteers	15	227	
26th Massachusetts Volunteers	14	307	
47th Pennsylvania Volunteers	32	626	
Third Brigade.			
173d New York Volunteers	14	222	
160th New York Volunteers	10	209	
162d New York Volunteers	13	328	
133d New York Volunteers	22	426	
30th Maine Volunteers	23	456	
Total Dwight's division	282	5,125	5,407
Aggregate	1,083	19,327	20,410

JNO. G. PARKE,
Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, *May 25, 1865—2 p. m.*

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

I asked to have the Twenty-fourth Corps dissolved on receipt of your first dispatch, and supposed it had been done. I will renew the request. Might not your provost-marshal department be broken up with great relief to the city?

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 25, 1865.*
(Received 7.30 p. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Washington:

There are several batteries belonging to Sheridan's Cavalry Corps at City Point. They are not wanted here, and if you say so I will send them overland to Alexandria with Wright's batteries.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 25, 1865—10 p. m.*

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

You may send all the artillery in Virginia not required there with that belonging to Wright's corps.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARTILLERY, ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 25, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of the Potomac:

COLONEL: In conformity with instructions from headquarters Army of the Potomac, dated April 18, 1865, I have the honor to transmit herewith a list of recommendations by Brevet Brigadier-General Abbot for promotion by brevet in the Siege Train of this army. I approve of these recommendations, which cover the entire period of service of the train in the operations of 1864–'65 against Richmond and Petersburg. The services of these officers and of this regiment has been of an extremely arduous nature. To say nothing of their labors, they have been in the lines constantly under the fire of the enemy. Whilst other corps have been relieved from time to time there has been no relief for them, and the performance of their duties has always been faithful, meritorious, and gallant. I respectfully recommend in addition to these the name of Bvt. Capt. W. S. Worth, of my staff, for the brevet of major in the Army for gallant and meritorious services in the lines before Petersburg and in the operations of the army from April 1 to April 10, 1865. Captain Worth received his present brevet especially for gallantry in the attack on the enemy's lines before Petersburg on June 18, 1864. He has since rendered gallant services

on the lines and in the field, and had the honor to be actively employed on the staff of the general commanding in the operations which ended with the surrender of Lee's army.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

HENRY J. HUNT,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Artillery.

[Inclosure.]

HEADQUARTERS SIEGE ARTILLERY BRIGADE,
Richmond, Va., May 20, 1865.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. HENRY J. HUNT,
Chief of Artillery, Army of the Potomac:

GENERAL: As desired in your favor of the 16th instant, I have the honor to forward a list of names of officers in my command who, in my opinion, merit promotion by brevet for distinguished services. You will remember that none have been heretofore recommended by me to yourself, and consequently that this list covers the entire campaign since last June:

Maj. George Ager, First Connecticut Artillery, for gallant and distinguished services before Petersburg in the battles of March 25 and April 2, 1865; Capt. H. H. Pierce, First Connecticut Artillery, for gallant and distinguished services at Dutch Gap and in the fight with the rebel fleet January 23, 1865; Capt. S. P. Hatfield, First Connecticut Artillery, for energetic and efficient performance of his duties as ordnance officer, siege artillery; Capt. William G. Pride, First Connecticut Artillery, for gallant and distinguished services in repelling an assault on Redoubt Dutton, June 2, 1864, and on many occasions on the line before Petersburg; Capt. John M. Twiss, First Connecticut Artillery, for gallant services in the attack on Fort Stedman, March 25, 1865, in which he was wounded; Capt. G. P. Mason, First Connecticut Artillery, for energetic and efficient performance of his duties as acting assistant quartermaster, siege artillery; Capt. George Dimock, First Connecticut Artillery, for gallant and distinguished services commanding the water batteries on James River, where he was slightly wounded; Capt. B. P. Learned, First Connecticut Artillery, for efficient performance of his duties as acting assistant adjutant-general, siege artillery; Capt. W. C. Faxon, Capt. C. O. Brigham, Capt. W. A. Lincoln, Capt. G. D. Sargeant, Capt. C. R. Bannon, all of First Connecticut Artillery, for gallant and distinguished services when commanding important siege batteries before Richmond; First Lieut. William H. Rogers, Second Lieut. C. W. Smith, Second Lieut. G. H. Couch, Second Lieut. Gardner Reynolds, all of First Connecticut Artillery, for gallant and distinguished services with the assaulting column and in serving captured artillery during the battle of April 2, 1865, before Petersburg; First Lieut. Robert Lewis, Second Lieut. W. H. H. Bingham, Second Lieut. James H. Casey, Second Lieut. Azro Drown, all of First Connecticut Artillery, for gallant and distinguished services in the assault upon Fort Stedman, March 25, 1865; First Lieut. C. Gillett, First Connecticut Artillery, for active and efficient services as acting ordnance officer, siege artillery; First Lieuts. F. D. Bangs, H. D. Patterson, John O'Brien, T. D. Cashin, G. F. Bill, and S. A. Woodruff, all of First Connecticut Artillery, for gallant and distinguished services when commanding important siege batteries before Richmond.

This list seems very long, but it should be remembered that over 1,200 tons of siege ammunition have been expended, and that these officers have had independent batteries, thus making their services specially conspicuous. I can vouch, from personal knowledge in each case, as to the merits of the officer.

I am, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

HENRY L. ABBOT,
Brevet Brigadier-General of Volunteers, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 25, 1865.

Bvt. Col. T. M. VINCENT,
Assistant Adjutant-General, War Department:

In reply to your telegram of the 22d instant, I have the honor to state, for the information of the Secretary of War, that the work of preparation of muster-out rolls is being pushed with diligence in the various commands of this army, excepting those of the Sixth Corps and the Reserve Artillery. The appointments of assistant commissaries of musters for the Artillery Reserve have just been received. The muster-out rolls for that command can be prepared within twenty-four hours after the blanks shall have been received. The chief of artillery has been directed to send a staff officer to-morrow morning to the office of the Adjutant-General for these blanks. The Sixth Corps being on the march from Danville no reports from it have been received. It is believed that all the organizations to be mustered out, with the exception of those in the Sixth Corps, can be discharged the 5th of June, and that they will be ready to move to their respective States from and after that date. Some delay has been experienced from the fact that many regiments have lost their original muster-in rolls and that copies thereof had to be procured from the Adjutant-General's Office.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 253. } HDQRS. OF THE ARMY, ADJT. GENL'S OFFICE,
Washington, May 25, 1865.

* * * * * * *

2. The Army of the Potomac, the Army of the Tennessee, and the Army of Georgia will immediately turn into the Quartermaster's Department, to such officers as the Quartermaster-General may designate, all led horses and mules, all supply and ammunition trains, and all other transportation that, in the judgment of army commanders, can be dispensed with.

* * * * * * *

4. That portion of the Fifth U. S. Cavalry now serving in the First Division, Cavalry Corps, will march without delay to Cumberland, Md., taking with them their land transportation and report to the commanding officer there for duty.

* * * * * * *

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, *May 25, 1865—4.30 p. m.*

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Corps, near Hanover Court-House:

GENERAL: The artillery belonging to your corps has been ordered to immediately follow you by land to Alexandria. Leave pontoon bridges for their use, and, if necessary, telegraph to Washington to send supplies to meet them at Fredericksburg.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
May 25, 1865.

The corps will continue its march toward Fredericksburg, starting at 5 a. m. to-morrow, in the following order: First, Second Division; second, Third Division; third, First Division.

A staff officer from these headquarters will conduct the column. Corps headquarters trains will follow the troops of the leading division. Division and brigade headquarters trains will follow their respective divisions. The ambulances and trains will follow the headquarters train of the rear division. The commanding officer of the bridge train will have his train as near as possible to the head of the supply train.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 25, 1865.*

COMDG. OFFICER LIGHT ARTY. BRIG., SIXTH ARMY CORPS:

General Grant directs that the batteries of the Sixth Corps immediately proceed overland to Alexandria. General Wright will leave the pontoon bridge across the Pamunkey for its use. The quartermaster at City Point will furnish transportation and horses for the batteries as far as possible. Those which cannot be so supplied will be left at City Point for transportation by water.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, *May 25, 1865.*

Brig. Gen. H. E. DAVIES,
Commanding Cavalry:

To the end that the cavalry force under your command may be supplied with as much economy as possible the lieutenant-general commanding directs that it be moved from its present position to camps to be selected by you in the rear of Alexandria, along the line of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, the situation of the new camp. You are desired to see that the citizens are put, by the presence of your troops, to the least inconvenience practicable, and it is especially enjoined upon you to issue the most stringent orders to prevent any unnecessary depredations upon private property.

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. —. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 25, 1865.*

1. The Sub-Districts of the Roanoke, Blackwater, and Appomattox, as hereinafter designated, will constitute the District of the Nottoway, under the command of Maj. Gen. George L. Hartsuff, headquarters at Petersburg.

2. The counties of Accomack [and] Northampton, Fortress Monroe, and the Sub-District of the Peninsula, as hereinafter designated, will constitute the District of Fort Monroe, under command of Bvt. Maj. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, headquarters at Fort Monroe.

3. The counties of Princess Anne, Norfolk, Nansemond, Southampton, and Isle of Wight will constitute the District of Eastern Virginia, under command of Brig. Gen. G. H. Gordon, headquarters at Norfolk.

4. The counties of Nelson, Amherst, Bedford, Campbell, Appomattox, Pittsylvania, Henry, Patrick, and Franklin will constitute the District of Lynchburg, under command of Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. Irvin Gregg.

5. The county of Henrico will constitute a district, under command of Brig. Gen. M. R. Patrick.

6. The counties of Mathews, Gloucester, New Kent, King William, Charles City, James City, York, Warwick, and Elizabeth City, excepting Fortress Monroe, will constitute the Sub-District of the Peninsula, under the command of Bvt. Brig. Gen. B. C. Ludlow.

7. The counties of Middlesex, King and Queen, Essex, Caroline, Spotsylvania, and Orange will constitute the Sub-District of the Rappahannock, under the command of Col. E. V. Sumner, First New York Mounted Rifles.

8. The counties of Hanover, Louisa, Goochland, Fluvanna, Albemarle, and Greene will constitute the Sub-District of the South Anna, under command of Bvt. Brig. Gen. A. C. Voris.

9. The counties of Surry, Sussex, Greensville, Brunswick, Dinwiddie, and Prince George will constitute the Sub-District of the Blackwater, under command of Brevet Brigadier-General McKibbin.

10. The counties of Mecklenburg, Lunenburg, Nottoway, Prince Edward, Charlotte, and Halifax will constitute the Sub-District of the Roanoke, under command of Brevet Major-General Ferrero.

11. The counties of Chesterfield, Amelia, Powhatan, Cumberland, and Buckingham will constitute the Sub-District of the Appomattox, under command of Bvt. Brig. Gen. C. H. Smith.

Commanders of districts, and such of the sub-districts as are not included in any of the districts above described, will report direct to these headquarters, and will constitute separate brigades for the purpose of enabling the commanding officers to convene general courts-martial. The commanders of districts and sub-districts are made superintendents of negro affairs within their respective limits.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 60. } HDQRS. TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS, *Richmond, Va., May 25, 1865.*

The following-named officers are announced as constituting the corps staff and are published for the information of this command: Brig. Gen.

J. H. Potter, chief of staff; Lieut. Col. Edward Moale, assistant adjutant-general; Lieut. Col. T. C. Sullivan, chief commissary of subsistence; Lieut. Col. A. B. Lawrence, chief quartermaster; Lieut. Col. George A. Kensel, assistant inspector-general; Lieut. Col. Stephen Moffitt, provost-marshal; Surg. J. B. Morrison, medical director; Maj. C. C. Abell, chief of artillery and ordnance; Bvt. Lieut. Col. A. Henry Embler, aide-de-camp; Bvt. Maj. W. E. Potter, aide-de-camp and judge-advocate; Bvt. Maj. T. E. Lord, acting assistant adjutant-general and commissary of musters; Capt. D. P. Barnard, chief of ambulances; Capt. H. F. Gerrish, assistant quartermaster; Capt. C. W. Wells, acting commissary of subsistence; Lieut. J. F. Streeter, assistant provost-marshal. They will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

By command of Major-General Gibbon:

EDWARD MOALE,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
May 25, 1865—12.15 a. m.

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK:

By what authority are such statements made? They are all false.

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General.

TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
May 25, 1865.

Major-General HALLECK:

Your dispatch of last night was received late and read to me incorrectly. I have knowledge through papers that trophies were picked up in Richmond, but without my knowledge. With reference to the Davis house, it required every effort on my part to preserve anything. Articles belonging to me, my wife, and my staff officers were being stolen, and I prided myself upon having turned it over in such good condition. Nothing of any value was removed that I knew of. General Gordon took off curiosities, which I see by the papers he has sent to Governor Andrew, that I did not consider of any value. Papers, &c., were strewn all over the streets when I entered, and one of my first acts was to place an officer in charge of collecting all archives, &c.

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 25, 1865.*

Major-General WEITZEL,
Commanding Twenty-fifth Corps:

Your telegram of to-day is received and replaces the very extraordinary dispatch sent by you this morning. I did not suppose that you had taken anything from the Davis house, but I thought it probable that you might be able to report persons who had done so, in order that I might secure their restoration after your departure. That the house has been pillaged and robbed by somebody there is no doubt.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY SUB-DISTRICT,
Lynchburg, May 25, 1865.

Brig. Gen. N. M. CURTIS,
Chief of Staff, Richmond, Va.:

There is a numerous class of cases here in which I wish instructions, where the men have all deserted the plantations, leaving the women and children and the old and helpless to the care of the former owners. The planters are unable to support them until the present crops mature, and their labor is absolutely necessary to make the crops. Shall I issue destitute rations to the planters for the people, or collect them in certain localities to subsist them? There are no abandoned lands. An abundant crop is planted if it can be properly worked. These cases are difficult to manage. The farmers and former owners are disposed to do right, I believe, but are without the means to subsist the non-producing class left on their hands. It is important that families be kept together on the plantations, and that the husband and father should return to take charge of them. A ration of corn and beef or bacon issued to the planter to subsist these people whilst his crops are maturing (could be returned in kind), and will, I think, be the best plan to keep them.

J. IRVIN GREGG,
Brevet Brigadier-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, *May 25, 1865.*

Brigadier-General GREGG,
Lynchburg, Va.:

Your suggestion of an issue of corn and pork or fish, where to be had, for the use of families employed on farms is approved, until the farmer can make sale of anything convertible into money. If they have tobacco you can direct your commissary to take it in payment and issue the tobacco at cost price to the men. Do this only when the farmer is willing to keep families together. You will do all in your power to prevent the able-bodied men from deserting the women and children and old persons, and when practicable send them back.

By order of Major-General Ord:

N. M. CURTIS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 46. } HDQRS. DIST. OF EASTERN VIRGINIA,
Norfolk, Va., May 25, 1865.

The following orders from headquarters Military Division of the James are published for the benefit of all concerned:

As soon as the proper civil officers in any county, city, or town, are duly elected or appointed, and qualified under the restored civil government, those appointed or retained by military authority will cease to exercise the functions of their office.

By order of Brig. Gen. George H. Gordon:

T. H. HARRIS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 47. } HDQRS. DIST. OF EASTERN VIRGINIA, *Norfolk, Va., May 25, 1865.*

To put into practical operation the plans suggested in the circular of May 10, 1865, from these headquarters, it is hereby ordered that in each of the counties of Isle of Wight and Nansemond, all the colored people who cannot support themselves, and those who can but do not, be collected and located on a farm or farms to be for the present under the military government of the United States. These farms will combine the advantages of poor-houses, penitentiaries, and intelligence offices. The farms to be selected will be taken when practicable from that class of owners exempted from the benefit of the President's amnesty proclamation. A military superintendent will be placed in charge of each county poor farm. Through this agent minors will be bound out, contracts for hire will be secured for the able-bodied, work in the penitentiary department will be provided for the unwilling, and food for the helpless. As the citizens of the counties shall experience the benefits of these institutions they will be permitted to bear the expenses of their establishments and maintenance. Brig. Gen. C. K. Graham, commanding Norfolk, Portsmouth, and defenses, is charged with the execution of this order, and will immediately proceed to make selection of the farms in each county. The military force in the county will be located on the county poor farm. The sites will be located as near as practicable to the most convenient routes of transportation from depots of supplies. Princess Anne and Norfolk Counties, being provided for on the above principles, are excepted from the operation of this order. Special assignments to the command of counties will be made hereafter.

By order of Brig. Gen. G. H. Gordon:

T. H. HARRIS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 25, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. W. S. HANCOCK,
Commanding Middle Military Division:

You will please relieve by other troops all your West Virginia and Maryland troops now on duty guarding railroads, and report them through these headquarters to the Secretary of War for muster out of service.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

JNO. A. RAWLINS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

WASHINGTON, *May 25, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. W. S. HANCOCK,
Commanding Middle Military Division:

Please send immediately one large regiment, or two small ones, of good reliable troops to Fort Delaware to relieve the Eleventh Maryland Regiment now on duty there. As soon as the Maryland regiment is relieved, order it to Baltimore and report for muster out. The regiments sent forward should leave behind all men whose terms of service will expire under existing orders.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

POINT LOOKOUT, MD., *May 25, 1865.*

Major-General AUGUR:

The three companies of the Invalid Corps, acting as provost guards, have been ordered to be relieved and they will go to-night. Can you send me three, or if not, two, companies with proper officers to do the duty of provost guard? With 20,000 prisoners here my arrangements are badly broken up. Please reply and let me know what troops can be sent.

J. BARNES,
Brigadier-General, Commanding.

RELAY HOUSE, BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD,
May 25, 1865. (Received 7.30 p. m.)

Major-General RAWLINS:

Trestle at Harper's Ferry completed so as to pass trains. Let general know the fact.

Respectfully,

JOHN D. STEVENSON,
Brigadier-General.

OFFICE SOUTH SIDE RAILROAD COMPANY,
Petersburg, Va., May 26, 1865.

Major-General HALLECK:

SIR: I had the honor of making application in writing, dated 20th instant, for the restoration of that part of the South Side Railroad from Burkeville to Lynchburg, in which I also asked for the iron, &c., along its line, &c. Since the application has been made to you I notice that some of the iron along the line is being removed (and there are now at Petersburg several car loads of it) from its line by the United States. I hope that the iron will not be removed. It had been held by the company as part of the means whereby to aid in repairs, and I respectfully ask that the iron already moved may be restored to the company and that on the line be allowed to remain in possession of the company. I also ask that that part of the road from Burkeville to Petersburg and City Point be restored to the company at as early a day as the military necessities of the road would allow, the Government business being now much reduced. I think I could undertake to perform such service efficiently for the Government on terms perhaps less than it now costs the Government to do it. As soon as I saw your Order No. 10, I set about preparing and providing the necessary material for repairs and have now so far completed our arrangements as to be ready to begin so soon as I get your favorable response.

Most respectfully, your obedient servant,

LEM. PEEBLES,
President South Side Railroad Company.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 255.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, May 26, 1865.

* * * * * * *

8. The cavalry force at present commanded by Bvt. Maj. Gen. H. E. Davies, U. S. Volunteers, is hereby assigned to duty in the Department of Washington, and will be reported accordingly to Major-General Augur, commanding department.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 26, 1865.*
(Received 2.10 p. m.)

General L. THOMAS:

The following telegram, forwarded by General Gregg, commanding at Lynchburg, Va., was received yesterday and is transmitted for the action of the lieutenant-general commanding:

Brigadier-General THOMAS,
Adjutant-General, Washington:

I respectfully ask permission to visit Washington on important private business.
J. LONGSTREET.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
May 26, 1865—1 p. m.

Major-General GIBBON,
Commanding Twenty-fourth Army Corps:

Please send a battery to the custom-house at 2 p. m. to-day to fire a salute for Governor Peirpoint. The commanding officer will confer with Colonel Loomis, of the Treasury Department, as to details.

By order of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 61.

HDQRS. TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS,
Richmond, Va., May 26, 1865.

In each and every regiment of this corps a list of such officers as have particularly distinguished themselves, either by bravery, military capacity, or other soldierly qualities, will be prepared by the regimental commanders and forwarded through the proper channels to these headquarters. Brigade commanders will carefully note, in each case, their individual opinion of the officer's fitness for service and military capacity, and this will also be done by division commanders as far as practicable. Lists will also be forwarded by each brigade and division commander of staff officers who are now, or have been, serving with them. The chief of artillery will, in like manner, have prepared lists of all meritorious artillery officers. The major-general

commanding desires that these lists be prepared with great care and judgment, as they are designed to be used in selecting officers for any force which may hereafter be called out in the service of the country.

By command of Maj. Gen. John Gibbon:

EDWARD MOALE,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

LYNCHBURG, *May 26, 1865.*

Brig. Gen. N. M. CURTIS,
Chief of Staff:

It is of the utmost importance to the General Government that the cotton and tobacco manufacturers of this city should resume operations at once in order to relieve the distress amongst the laboring class, both black and white. Manufacturers do not understand the revenue laws; hence are fearful of commencing operations which may prove unprofitable. There are large quantities of tobacco in this city and the country, the manufacture of which would afford employment to hundreds of persons for whom the Government will have to provide. The labor question is the difficult one to solve, and nothing would remove the difficulty so rapidly as the demand for labor. If the factories of this city were in operation all the labor would be absorbed and the planters would see the absolute necessity of offering inducements to their former slaves to remain and cultivate the soil. Now they only see they have more labor than they require and imagine the supply can never be exhausted. Copies of all orders and laws affecting the subject of trade should be forwarded to me at once. The people of this district evince so great a desire to renew their allegiance in good faith to the General Government, and to promote the interest of the freedmen, that it is but just to them that every facility and full information should be afforded them.

J. I. GREGG,
Brevet Brigadier-General, &c.

CITY POINT, *May 26, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK:

There are two of General Sheridan's batteries here, both in condition to march. They move to-morrow morning with General Wright's artillery.

J. B. CARR,
Brigadier-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
May 26, 1865.

Brevet Major-General EMORY,
Cumberland, Md.:

Major-General Hancock desires the Twenty-fifth New York Cavalry relieved from duty along the railroad, and ordered to report to Brevet Major-General Torbert, at Winchester.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brigadier-General, &c.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
May 26, 1865—4.45 p. m.

Maj. Gen. C. C. AUGUR,
Commanding Department of Washington:

GENERAL: In accordance with instructions just received from headquarters Armies of the United States, Major-General Hancock desires you to send at once to the coal regions of Schuylkill County, Pa., a small regiment of infantry, under a discreet and reliable commander, with instructions to maintain order among the operatives and miners in the collieries of the New York and Schuylkill Coal Company, and all the collieries there furnishing coal for the supply of Government, and protect the persons and property of all persons working, or willing to work, in these collieries.

I am, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

C. H. MORGAN,
Brigadier-General of Volunteers and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF ALEXANDRIA,
May 26, 1865.

Lieut. Col. A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Washington, D. C.:

I understand that Chapman's cavalry division has not returned since the review, but that it remains at Bladensburg. Is this by orders from department headquarters?

JNO. G. PARKE,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 26, 1865.

Maj. Gen. J. G. PARKE,
Commanding District of Alexandria:

GENERAL: Chapman's division was ordered by General Grant to rejoin the Cavalry Corps. The order will be sent you by mail to-day.

Respectfully,

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 26, 1865.

Maj. Gen. J. G. PARKE,
Commanding District of Alexandria:

GENERAL: The major-general commanding directs that the Two hundred and first Pennsylvania Volunteers be put en route for the coal regions of Schuylkill County, Pa. Direct the commanding officer of the regiment to report to these headquarters for further instructions. This order will be regarded as immediate.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 26, 1865.

Maj. Gen. J. G. PARKE, *Commanding District of Alexandria:*

GENERAL: The major-general commanding directs that the Two hundred and second Pennsylvania Volunteers be prepared to move to Fort Delaware without delay. You will make such arrangements to replace the regiment on the line as you may think best. Further orders will be sent you to-night.

Respectfully,

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 26, 1865.

Brig. Gen. JAMES BARNES, *Point Lookout, Md.:*

GENERAL: The major-general commanding directs that the Twenty-ninth Connecticut and the detachments of Tenth and Twenty-eighth U. S. Colored Troops be at once placed in readiness to move to City Point, Va., to join Twenty-fifth Corps. The boat which conveys the Twenty-fourth Colored Troops to Point Lookout will form a part of the transportation for the troops ordered to City Point.

Respectfully,

A. R. SEWALL,
Lieutenant and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 8. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 27, 1865.

I. The attention of clergymen and magistrates, who are authorized by the laws of Virginia and North Carolina to perform marriage ceremonies, is respectfully called to the cases of colored men and women in their respective parishes and districts who have marital relations without contracting marital obligations. Such persons should be duly instructed in regard to their social and domestic duties, and especially in regard to their duty to support and educate their offspring. They must be made to understand that the laws of God, as well as the laws of their country, forbid their living together as man and wife without the solemnization of marriage.

II. Military orders in regard to oaths and licenses to be taken before marriage will not be deemed applicable to colored persons, nor to those who may marry them unless a fee be charged, nor will any formalities be required which are not necessary for the completion of a civil contract of marriage by the laws of the State. All such marriages, however, should be duly registered and a proper certificate given to the parties. It is recommended that all fees in such cases be remitted and all unnecessary expenses discouraged.

III. It is hoped that all persons interested in ameliorating the condition of the colored race and in improving their social character will use their influence in promoting the object in view.

By order of Major-General Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
Washington, May 27, 1865.

Maj. Gen. G. G. MEADE,
Commanding Army of the Potomac:

The lieutenant-general commanding desires that you have surveys and plans made of the battle-fields of the Wilderness, Spotsylvania Court-House, and North Anna, by your engineers, sending proper cavalry escorts. General Barnard has been directed to have made while at Richmond a survey of the battle-field of Cold Harbor.

Very respectfully,

C. B. COMSTOCK,
Lieutenant-Colonel, Aide-de-Camp, and Brevet Brigadier-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, May 27, 1865.

Maj. Gen. G. G. MEADE,
Commanding Army of the Potomac:

In mustering out troops under recent orders the Secretary of War directs that in all cases where men entitled to be discharged are found in regiments that will continue in service the said men shall not be sent singly to their respective States, but formed into detachments and placed en route with the first available regiment or regiments returning to the same State. Please so instruct corps and other commanders; also commissaries of musters and their assistants.

THOMAS M. VINCENT,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 27, 1865—5.30 p. m.

Col. T. M. VINCENT,
Assistant Adjutant-General, War Department:

General Meade is absent in town. The final orders for muster out have been given for only one regiment, and that on receipt this morning of your telegram dated yesterday. It will probably be ready on Monday. I can ascertain positively if necessary. Orders have already issued from here to our quartermasters to provide transportation in time. If anything else is necessary let me know, that I may attend to it at once.

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., May 27, 1865.

Brig. Gen. E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Washington, D. C.:

GENERAL: The necessary general arrangements for the transportation of the troops of the armies of the Potomac and of General Sherman to the points indicated by Circular 19, Adjutant-General's Office, 1865, have been made. In order, however, to avoid delay and confusion in the city and insure prompt forwarding to destination, I request that the commanders of regiments and larger commands upon receiving orders to move shall make their requisition at once upon Brigadier-General

Rucker, leaving their commands in camp until such time as upon conference with General Rucker shall be fixed for departure. Five thousand men for any one section of the country are as many as should go together. Ten thousand can go from here to the Relay House per day if necessary. It is requested that a list of the commands ordered to move may be each day and as early as possible furnished this office.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster-General and Brevet Major-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 257. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 27, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

34. Surg. J. T. Ghiselin, U. S. Army, is hereby relieved from his present duties with the cavalry recently under the command of Major-General Sheridan, U. S. Army, and will report to Major-General Sheridan for duty as medical director.

* * * * * * *

43. Telegraphic order of May 26, 1865, from this office, directing Capt. James A. Grover, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, to report in person at once to the commanding general, Twenty-fifth Army Corps, Richmond, Va., for assignment to duty, is hereby confirmed.

* * * * * * *

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 258. } HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 27, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

2. The following-named regiments will proceed immediately with their arms, equipments, and horses to Saint Louis, Mo., and report to Major-General Pope, commanding Military Division of the Missouri: Eighth Illinois Cavalry, Second Ohio Cavalry.

* * * * * * *

The quartermaster's department will furnish the necessary transportation.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES, *June 15, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. J. G. Parke will please carry the within order into immediate execution. Under date of 28th May General Augur was directed to suspend the order so far as it related to the Eighth Illinois Cavalry. It is now desired that the regiment proceed as ordered without delay.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, *May 27, 1865.*
(Received 4 p. m.)

Colonel BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

The following telegram and its answer are forwarded for the information of the lieutenant-general commanding; also Generals R. W. Johnson, Walker, Clarke, and some other rebel generals have taken the oath or applied for its privileges:

LYNCHBURG, *May 26, 1865.*

Brigadier-General CURTIS:

The assistant provost-marshal of Campbell County on yesterday administered the amnesty oath to General Longstreet. He being excepted by the President's proclamation, what are the instructions in his case and others of similar character which may present themselves?

J. I. GREGG,
Brevet Brigadier-General of Volunteers.

RICHMOND, *May 27, 1865.*

Brevet Brigadier-General GREGG,
Lynchburg, Va.:

The instructions in the case of General Longstreet are the same as of all others who have taken the oath and are excluded from the benefits of the amnesty proclamation. All persons are permitted to take the oath, but receive none of the benefits until specially authorized by the President. They can make application for the benefits of the proclamation and they will be forwarded through the military channels.

By order of Major-General Ord:

N. M. CURTIS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 143. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 27, 1865.*

1. Brig. Gen. H. G. Thomas, U. S. Volunteers, having reported to the commanding general of the department, in obedience to orders from headquarters Twenty-fifth Army Corps, is hereby ordered to report in person to Brevet Major-General Rawlins, chief of staff, at headquarters Armies of the United States, Washington, D. C.

* * * * * * *

By order of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CIRCULAR.] HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., May 27, 1865.*

1. The commanders of districts and sub-districts in this department will make and forward to these headquarters for the information of the major-general commanding reports of the condition of each county in their respective districts. These reports will embrace an approximate list of the colored people, each sex, in four classes, as follows: First, all under twelve years of age; second, all over twelve years of age and

under fifty-five; third, all over fifty-five years of age; fourth, those of the second class incapable from any cause of earning their own support.

2. The number of horses, mules, sets of harness, with the number and kind of agricultural implements required for issue to cultivate and secure the farm crops for the support of the destitute. The reports above called for need be only approximate and can be obtained from county authorities. The object of the report of farming and agricultural implements and animals is with a view to furnish them for the cultivation of labor farms, and to issue to farmers who require such implements and are unable and yet willing, to support the helpless members of families of laborers necessary to cultivate their lands, the basis of action in this matter being that, to support the people, the land must be cultivated; to cultivate the land the labor and land must be kept together; and as the labor does not own the land, to keep them together the owners must be encouraged to keep the laborers and their families as much as possible, with due regard to the rights of all parties.

By command of Major-General Ord:

N. M. CURTIS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
May 27, 1865. (Received 11.40 p. m.)

General JOHN A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

Transportation for 13,900 men has arrived up to this evening. One division of 9,200 men and their transportation has started. As soon as enough arrives for the second division it will start. Then there will be left the detached brigade of infantry and the artillery and cavalry. I will start with the second division of infantry and the artillery, and expect to get off on Wednesday or Thursday next, leaving General Russell to bring up the rear. This is in accordance with the suggestion of General Sheridan, who asked me to come with the bulk of my troops. Is this approved?

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *May 27, 1865.*

Brevet Brigadier-General GREGG,
Lynchburg, Va.:

All persons who have taken the oath of allegiance are permitted to resume their business and the military authorities will render them all assistance in their power. Encourage all factories, mills, railroad and canal companies, and persons who are about resuming business can employ the laboring people of the country. Revenue laws will be sent you and an agent of the Treasury Department invited to go to Lynchburg.

By order of Major-General Ord:

N. M. CURTIS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

RICHMOND, *May 27, 1865.*

Brigadier-General GORDON, *Norfolk:*

An order has been issued and sent by mail yesterday discontinuing the Naval Brigade. The men are to be mustered out and the vessels turned over to Quartermaster's Department.

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 52. } HDQRS. MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION, *Washington, D. C., May 27, 1865.*

Capt. E. W. Clark, jr., assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, is hereby announced as assistant adjutant-general at these headquarters.

By command of Major-General Hancock:

W. P. WILSON,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, D. C., May 27, 1865.

Maj. Gen. C. C. AUGUR, *Commanding Department of Washington:*

GENERAL: The lieutenant-general commanding directs me to inform you that he desires you will have the city of Washington well patrolled, especially at night, and arrest and send to their quarters all officers below the rank of brigadier-general found in the city without proper passes.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. E. BABCOCK,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Aide-de-Camp.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 27, 1865.

Maj. Gen. J. G. PARKE, *Commanding District of Alexandria:*

GENERAL: The major-general commanding directs that the regiments ordered to move yesterday be placed en route immediately. Transportation will be ready for them at 1 this p. m. It is important that these troops proceed to their destinations without delay. Please direct the commanding officer of the Two hundred and first Pennsylvania Volunteers to call at these headquarters for his instructions. Notify us when the troops start.

Very respectfully,

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 27, 1865—11 a. m. (Received 11.10 a. m.)

Maj. Gen. J. G. PARKE, *Commanding District of Alexandria:*

By direction of the major-general commanding, the orders heretofore issued respecting the Two hundred and first and Two hundred and second Pennsylvania are amended so as to change the destinations of the

regiments. The Two hundred and first will be sent to Fort Delaware, and the Two hundred and second to the coal regions of Pennsylvania. The commanding officer of the Two hundred and second will assign two of his companies to duty with the Two hundred and first. Please direct the commanding officer of the Two hundred and second to report here immediately.

Respectfully,

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF ALEXANDRIA,
May 27, 1865.

Lieut. Col. A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Washington, D. C.:

The Two hundred and second Pennsylvania is on the way from Fairfax. It will reach here this evening, and will be sent to Washington by rail immediately.

JNO. G. PARKE,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
May 27, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT,
Commanding, Winchester, Va.:

The major-general commanding wishes you to send the Ninety-first Ohio to Harper's Ferry, and the Thirteenth West Virginia to Grafton, the first to report to General Stevenson, the latter to General Emory.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brigadier-General of Volunteers and Chief of Staff.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, May 27, 1865.

Maj. Gen. J. A. DIX,
Commanding Department of the East, New York City:

SIR: If you have prohibited the sale of photograph likenesses of J. Wilkes Booth the Secretary of War directs that the prohibition be removed.

I am, &c.,

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

(Same to Maj. Gen. George Cadwalader, commanding Department of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa., and Maj. Gen. Lew. Wallace, commanding Middle Department, Baltimore, Md.)

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 99. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, May 28, 1865.

I. In order to recruit the ranks of the regular regiments as soon as practicable, the Adjutant-General will open recruiting stations at such points as offer a reasonable prospect of enlisting good men.

II. Volunteers honorably discharged from the U. S. service who enlist in the regular army within ten days from the date of discharge will be allowed a furlough of thirty days before joining their regiments. They will be paid all pay and allowances to which they may be entitled on being discharged from the volunteer service.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. SECOND DIVISION, SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 28, 1865.

Lieut. Col. CHARLES A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Second Army Corps:

COLONEL: I have the honor to recommend that the following-named officers be promoted to brevet rank: Col. J. P. McIvor, One hundred and seventieth New York Volunteers, commanding Second Brigade, Second Division, Second Corps, to be brigadier-general by brevet for meritorious services in the late campaign. Col. William A. Olmsted, Fifty-ninth New York Volunteers, commanding First Brigade, Second Division, Second Corps, to be brigadier-general by brevet for meritorious services in the late campaign. Col. I. W. Starbird, Nineteenth Maine Volunteers, to be brigadier-general by brevet for gallantry displayed while in command of his regiment at High Bridge, on April 7, 1865, at which place he was dangerously wounded. Maj. John M. Norvell, assistant adjutant-general, Second Division, Second Army Corps, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for meritorious services in the late campaign. Capt. John W. Summerhayes, Twentieth Massachusetts Volunteers, acting assistant inspector-general, Second Division, Second Corps, to be major by brevet for meritorious services in the late campaign. Capt. H. Y. Russell, Tenth New York Volunteers, pioneer officer, Second Division, Second Army Corps, to be major by brevet for meritorious services in the late campaign. Capt. A. L. White, Nineteenth Maine Volunteers, ordnance officer, Second Division, Second Corps, to be major by brevet for meritorious services in the late campaign. Capt. T. E. Knapp, One hundred and eighth New York Volunteers, acting aide-de-camp, to be major by brevet for meritorious services in the late campaign. Capt. Samuel Porter, One hundred and eighth New York Volunteers, judge-advocate, Second Division, Second Corps, to be major by brevet for meritorious services in the late campaign. First Lieut. Edward N. Schoff, Nineteenth Massachusetts Volunteers, assistant provost-marshal, Second Division, Second Army Corps, to be captain by brevet for meritorious services in the late campaign. Capt. A. B. Holmes, Twentieth Massachusetts Volunteers, acting assistant inspector-general, First Brigade, Second Division, Second Army Corps, to be major by brevet for meritorious services. Capt. O. R. Small, Nineteenth Maine Volunteers, and acting assistant adjutant-general, First Brigade, to be major by brevet for meritorious services. First Lieut. and Adjt. George Matthews, Fifty-ninth New York Volunteers, acting aide-de-camp, First Brigade, Second Division, Second Army Corps, to be captain by brevet for meritorious services. First Lieut. Aldrich Tennant, Seventh Michigan Volunteers, and acting aide-de-camp, First Brigade, to be captain by brevet for meritorious services. Second Lieut. William H. Tripp, Nineteenth Maine Volunteers, and acting aide-de-camp, First Brigade, to be captain by brevet for meritorious services. Maj. Robert

Heggart, Sixty-ninth New York National Guard Artillery, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for meritorious services. Capt. Timothy J. Burke, One hundred and sixty-fourth New York Volunteers, to be major by brevet for meritorious services. First Lieut. James W. Young, Eighth New York Heavy Artillery, to be captain by brevet for meritorious services. Capt. W. H. Andrews, One hundred and eighth New York Volunteers, to be major by brevet for meritorious services. Capt. S. P. Howard, One hundred and eighth New York Volunteers, to be major by brevet for meritorious services. Capt. Lewis Rounds, Fourth Ohio Volunteers, to be major by brevet for meritorious services.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

FRANCIS C. BARLOW,
Brevet Major-General of Volunteers.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS SECOND CORPS,
June 1, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded.

I regret that I cannot concur with the commander of the Second Division in his recommendation for the promotion of Major Norvell. I concur with him in the recommendation for the other officers named within, excepting those for the pioneer officer, the ordnance officer, and the officer of the provost-marshal's department. I make these exceptions because no special acts outside of the duties of those departments and forming part of the combat of the troops are mentioned by the division commander as the reason for promotion. I have made no recommendations for promotions by brevet for the discharge of administrative, supply, or train duties, or those of labor.

A. A. HUMPHREYS,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 1, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to the Adjutant-General.

As the rule laid down by Major-General Humphreys is not that regarded in similar cases, I see no objection in recommending for these gentlemen the same rank as has been granted in similar instances. The recommendations of the division commander are therefore approved.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
Twenty miles from Fredericksburg, south, May 28, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

The roads are utterly impassable and the artillery of this corps, if it has not yet started, should wait till the traveling is good. We have made but eight miles in two days and are now completely mud-bound. I think I have never met with worse roads.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
May 28, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

The storm in this section has been most severe. With every exertion to get forward we have made but eight miles in two days and are now completely mud-bound, the roads being utterly impassable. I shall be compelled to remain here till they improve, and have sent forward to Fredericksburg to have subsistence and forage collected to meet me at that point. There will be no unnecessary delay in pushing forward, but it is quite impossible to say when we shall reach Washington. I will telegraph again on reaching Fredericksburg. I think I have never experienced worse roads.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
May 28, 1865.

The corps will resume its march to Fredericksburg, moving at 5 a. m. to morrow, in the following order: First, Third Division; second, First Division; third, Second Division. Division and brigade headquarters trains will follow their respective divisions. The ambulances and supply trains will take the road leading to Bethany Church. One-half of the pioneers of each division will accompany the supply trains, reporting at 5 a. m. to the quartermasters of their respective divisions.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON CITY, *May 28, 1865.*

Major-General ORD,
Richmond, Va.:

You may authorize General Longstreet to visit Washington.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 28, 1865—2.10 p. m.*

Major-General WEITZEL:

Maj. Gen. Giles A. Smith is ordered to report to you. Your movements are approved. General Steele will probably have left Mobile before your arrival. If you find instructions there obey them. If not, proceed immediately to the mouth of the Rio Grande and report to Steele there.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
May 28, 1865. (Received 10.25 p. m.)

Lieutenant-General GRANT:

Your dispatch is received.

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WEST VIRGINIA,
Cumberland, Md., May 28, 1865.

Brevet Major-General CARLIN,
Commanding First Infantry Division:

GENERAL: Information having been received from headquarters Middle Military Division that in certain portions of the interior of the State of West Virginia there are stored and concealed large quantities of arms and other public property of the so-called Confederate States, the general commanding directs that you send a mounted force to the interior to seize and bring in all such stores as may be found, and turn them over to the proper authorities. The commanding officer will also be instructed to capture rebel officers and men who fail to surrender, and to parole those who desire to surrender, and who have been prevented from coming in for that purpose. The troops will be taken from the Eighth Ohio Cavalry, and if no objection intervenes Colonel Owens will command the expedition. The strength of the detachment is left to your discretion, with, however, this general direction, that the number should be sufficient to impress the people with the idea that the Government is able and willing to bring the necessary military force to bear to preserve order and enforce the laws. The route will also be determined mainly by you, except that it is desired that the detachment proceed as far, if practicable, as Huntersville, in Pocahontas County. Private property will be respected, and should it become necessary to draw upon the country for supplies the commanding officer will be directed to give proper vouchers therefor, without reference to the loyalty of the party from whom they are procured. This by direction of the general commanding.

I am, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
TH. MELVIN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

[Indorsement.]

HDQRS. FIRST DIVISION, [DEPT. OF] WEST VIRGINIA,
May 29, 1865.

An authentic copy of this letter to be furnished Col. W. Owens, Eighth Ohio Cavalry, through commander of First Brigade, First Division, [Department of] West Virginia. Colonel Owens will forthwith proceed to execute these instructions with all the available force of his regiment. He will endeavor also to capture ex-Governor William Smith, of Virginia, and other prominent men in the service of the late Confederate States. Colonel Owens will use his own judgment in selecting the route to be pursued, but his general direction will be toward Huntersville. He will endeavor to return on a different road from the one he takes in going southward. The quartermaster's and subsistence departments will fill all requisitions of Colonel Owens to enable him to set out promptly on this expedition. Every effort will be made by Colonel Owens to discover the arms, &c., referred to in this paper.

By order of Brevet Major-General Carlin:
[HENRY J. JOHNSON,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.]

WASHINGTON, *May 29, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON, *Secretary of War:*

I understand that great numbers of soldiers going out of service are their arms by paying for them. As the Gov-

ernment has now a great surplus of arms I would suggest that an order be published authorizing all soldiers who desire to do so to retain their arms by paying the value to the Ordnance Department, or by having them charged on their muster-out rolls.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 29, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON, *Secretary of War:*

Owing to the great surplus of artillery in the army I would recommend that all the artillery belonging to the Armies of the Potomac, Tennessee, and Georgia be mustered out at once. If approved they can be started to their State capitals at once.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 29, 1865.*

General H. W. HALLECK, *Commanding:*

The Secretary of War directs that all volunteer organizations of white troops in your command whose terms of service expire between this date and September 30 next, inclusive, be immediately mustered out of service. The musters out will be made with existing regimental and company organizations, and under the regulations promulgated in General Orders, No. 94, of the 15th instant, from this office. All men in the aforesaid organizations whose terms of service expire subsequently to October 1, 1865, will be transferred to other organizations from the same State, to veteran regiments when practicable, and when not practicable to regiments having the longest time to serve. It is proper to add that this order will discharge as follows: First. The three-years' regiments that were mustered into service under the call of July 2, 1862, and prior to October 1 of that year. Second. Three-years' recruits mustered into service for old regiments between the same dates. Third. One-year men for new and old organizations who entered the service prior to October 1, 1864. Should your command be reduced prejudicially to the service by this order you are authorized to suspend it in whole or in part, promptly notifying the Adjutant-General of the Army with view to receiving further instructions. Please acknowledge receipt of this.

THOMAS M. VINCENT,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

Copy forwarded to Major-General Ord May 29, 1865, with orders to carry this into effect in his department, and to Major-General Schofield for his information and guidance.

ROBT. N. SCOTT,
Major and Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, *May 29, 1865.*
(Received 1 p. m.)

Lieutenant-General GRANT:

The artillery of Wright's and Sheridan's corps passed here yesterday. General Wright says the roads are in very bad condition. It is there

fore probable that the artillery will require forage and provisions on reaching Fredericksburg. If the roads were good their supplies would have carried them through.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 264. } HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 29, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

2. Bvt. Maj. Gen. Giles A. Smith, U. S. Volunteers, is relieved from duty with the Army of the Tennessee, and will report, in person, without delay, to Major-General Weitzel, commanding Twenty fifth Army Corps, for duty. His assistant adjutant-general, assistant quartermaster, and personal aides-de-camp, will accompany him.

3. Dwight's division, commanded by Brig. Gen. William Dwight, U. S. Volunteers, and now serving in the Department of Washington, will (immediately after the muster out and separation from it of the officers and men to be discharged) proceed, without delay, to Savannah, Ga., and from there report by letter to the commanding general of the Department of the South. The quartermaster's department will furnish the necessary transportation.

* * * * * * *

9. The Army of the Tennessee and the Army of Georgia, except troops belonging in the East, immediately after the muster and separation of the troops to be discharged, under existing orders, from those to be retained, will proceed, without delay, to Louisville, Ky., where they will rendezvous until further orders. All regiments and batteries of light artillery will turn in to the ordnance and quartermaster's departments here their guns, equipments, and horses. All Eastern troops will report to Major-General Augur, commanding Department of Washington, for orders. The greatest possible dispatch is required in the execution of this order. The Pay Department will make arrangements for the payment of such of these troops as go to Louisville immediately upon reaching their destination.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 31. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *May 29, 1865.*

The following telegram from the War Department is published to this army for the information and guidance of all concerned:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, May 29, 1865.

Major-General MEADE:

The Secretary of War directs that all the [volunteer] artillery of your command be immediately mustered out and discharged. For this arm of the service General Orders, No. 94, current series, from this office, is so [far] modified as to allow the said troops to be sent to their respective States, there to be mustered out under the direction of the chief mustering officer of the State. Prior to their departure all public

property will be turned over to the proper officers of the supply departments concerned for the command with which they may be serving. The troops should be placed en route with least practicable delay and forwarded to the respective rendezvous in their States at or nearest which they were mustered in.

THOMAS M. VINCENT,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

The muster-out rolls of such organizations of artillery as may be now in course of preparation will be sent with them for completion to the States to which these troops are ordered.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 29, 1865.

In anticipation of a discharge, under recent orders, of a large portion of the corps, the major-general commanding desires to see it together once more before parting, and with this view a review of it will take place to-morrow at 2 p. m. on the ground and with the positions indicated to-day to commanders of divisions and of Artillery Brigade. The line will be formed by battalions in column of divisions, closed in mass, and will pass the reviewing officer in that formation in quick time, mounted officers only saluting. The artillery will follow the rear division. As the ground upon which the review takes place is somewhat contracted, the First Division will be upon the ground so as to be formed at 12.30, the Second Division so as to be formed at 1, the Third at 1.30, and the artillery immediately after the Third Division.

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD DIVISION, SECOND ARMY CORPS,
May 29, 1865.

Lieut. Col. CHARLES A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Second Army Corps:

COLONEL: I have the honor to forward recommendations for promotions by brevet of the following department officers at these headquarters for efficiency, attention to duties, and meritorious conduct during the campaigns of 1864 and 1865:

Surg. Orphens Everts, Twentieth Indiana Volunteers, surgeon-in-chief, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet, campaign 1864–'65; Maj. George W. Johnes, assistant quartermaster of volunteers, division quartermaster, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet, campaign 1864–'65; Capt. C. J. Queen, commissary of subsistence of volunteers, division commissary, to be major by brevet, campaign 1864–'65; Capt. Thomas G. Morrow, Seventh New Jersey Volunteers, provost-marshal, to be major by brevet, campaign 1864–'65; First Lieut. John R. Pancoast, One hundred and tenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, ambulance officer, to be captain by brevet, campaign 1864–'65; First Lieut. Uriel B. Titus, Eleventh New Jersey Volunteers, acting ordnance officer, to be captain by brevet, campaign of 1865, especially for services April 6.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

G. MOTT,
Brevet Major-General, U. S. Volunteers.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS SECOND CORPS,
May 29, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded.

I have not made any recommendations for promotion by brevet in the Medical or Supply Departments, or for officers in charge of trains, or for the performance of administrative duties solely. Respecting the services in the campaign of 1864, I have no means of forming an opinion.

A. A. HUMPHREYS,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 1, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to the Adjutant-General.

As the rule laid down by Major-General Humphreys is not that regarded in similar cases, I see no objection in recommending for these gentlemen the same rank as has been granted in similar instances. The recommendations of the division commander are therefore approved.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

FREDERICKSBURG, *May 29, 1865.*

Col. G. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

I have the honor to report that the corps arrived here this evening and will leave to-morrow morning en route for its camp grounds between Alexandria and Washington, with four days' rations and forage. Instructions have been given for two days' rations of subsistence and forage to meet us at Fairfax Station. I hope to reach our camp on Saturday.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
May 29, 1865.

The corps will resume its march to-morrow, starting at 5 a. m., in the following order: First, First Division; second, Second Division; third, Third Division, each to be followed by its own headquarters train; fourth, ambulances; fifth, trains. The pontoon train will precede the whole column, moving at 4 a. m. Division commanders will see that their troops are supplied with three days' rations in their haversacks from to-morrow morning.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 64. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 29, 1865.

Until civil authority relieves the military any person guilty of using harsh or cruel treatment toward those in their employ, either white or

black, will be brought before a military commission, and upon conviction will be punished. The commanders of districts and sub-districts in this department will see that those who violate this order are promptly arrested and charges preferred.

By order of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
Washington, D. C., May 29, 1865—8.30 p. m.

Major-General PARKE,
Commanding District of Alexandria, Alexandria, Va.:

Dwights' division is under orders for Savannah, and it is doubtful now if Willcox's division can be spared. I will see in a day or two. Will send it if I can.

C. C. AUGUR,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
May 29, 1865.

COMMANDING OFFICER MIDDLE DEPARTMENT,
Baltimore:

Major-General Hancock directs that you relieve the Ninetieth and One hundred and sixty-fifth New York Volunteers from Havre de Grace and Fort Delaware with troops under your command, using part of those at Dover if necessary. On being relieved these regiments will be sent to join their division at Washington, D. C.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

WASHINGTON, *May 30, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I would respectfully recommend the following promotions, to wit: Brig. and Bvt. Maj. Gen. J. H. Wilson to be full major-general; Brig. and Bvt. Maj. Gen. Charles Griffin to be full major-general for gallantry and good conduct at the battle of Five Forks, April 2 [1], 1865. I would also recommend that Bvt. Brig. Gen. C. H. T. Collis, colonel One hundred and fourteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, be brevetted as major-general, and Col. George C. Rogers, Fifteenth Illinois Volunteer Infantry, be brevetted a brigadier-general. These two latter officers, with their regiments, go out of service. General Emory having been recommended for full major-general, I would also recommend his promotion before leaving the service.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, *May 30, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I would respectfully recommend Capt. J. W. Mason, Fifth U. S. Cavalry, and First Lieut. J. H. Kane, same regiment, for promotion of one grade by brevet. These officers belong to the cavalry which has served at my headquarters from May last, and in all the battles from the Wilderness, in May, 1864, to the surrender of Lee's army, in April, 1865, have rendered conspicuous and dangerous services. I would suggest that their brevets be given for gallant and meritorious services in the battles terminating in the surrender of Lee's army, April 9, 1865.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 101. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 30, 1865.*

Retention of arms by soldiers on being honorably discharged from service.

Upon an honorable muster-out and discharge from the service of the United States, all volunteer soldiers desiring to do so are hereby authorized to retain their arms and accouterments on paying therefor their value to the Ordnance Department. The payments will be made under the regulations of the Ordnance Department, to the officer or representative thereof, at the rendezvous in the State to which the troops are ordered for payment and final discharge.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 30, 1865.

Brevet Major-General PATRICK,
Provost-Marshal-General:

GENERAL: I have reason to think that ex-Governor William Smith is concealed somewhere on the James River between Goochland and Columbia, or in that vicinity. He is well known to everybody in that part of the country, and I think a skillful officer or detective could readily trace him out. The report that he had gone to the Gulf States is entirely unfounded. It is possible, however, that he may have gone toward Warrenton within the last few days. The reward offered by the Government for his delivery is $25,000.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
May 30, 1865.

The corps will resume the march to-morrow, starting at 5 a. m. in the following order: First, Second Division; second, Third Division; third, First Division, each to be followed by its own headquarters train;

fourth, ambulances; fifth, supply trains. The pontoon train will precede the column, moving for that purpose at 4 a. m. Until the arrival of the corps in Washington one-half of the pioneers of each division will accompany the trains of their respective divisions.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 101. } HDQRS. FIRST DIV., NINTH ARMY CORPS, *Washington, D. C., May 30, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

II. The term of service of the Seventeenth and Twentieth Michigan and One hundred and ninth New York Infantry Volunteer Regiments expiring before the 1st of October next, they will be mustered out and proceed to their respective places of rendezvous in the States to which they belong. The quartermaster's department will furnish the necessary transportation. These regiments have all won an honorable fame in the history of the present war. The Seventeenth and Twentieth Michigan have served nearly three years under their present division commander. It is with pride and gratitude that he refers to their distinguished gallantry on many a hard-fought field from South Mountain to Petersburg. The One hundred and ninth New York, as one of the younger regiments of this division, may well feel proud of its record. But one year ago, when this regiment joined, its ranks were full, and the bloody battle-fields from the Rapidan to Petersburg bear witness to the courage with which they sacrificed themselves to their country. May those who remain of those three distinguished regiments long live to enjoy the reward of well doing and lofty patriotism in the happiness of honorable homes and the admiration of their countrymen.

By command of Bvt. Maj. Gen. O. B. Willcox:

WARREN A. NORTON,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS,
ARMY OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., May 30, 1865.

Brig. Gen. J. A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

GENERAL: I beg leave to call the attention of the general-in-chief to the condition of the artillery arm of the service, and to suggest some necessary steps to be taken in order that in the approaching reduction of the army an efficient, serviceable nucleus may be retained which can hereafter be built upon, so that in case of necessity a large force of good artillery can be rapidly thrown into the field. I trust my suggestions will not be considered out of place when it is remembered that this arm, being without a representative head in Washington, has no one whose special duty it is to look after its welfare, in which, as a member of the corps, I feel great interest. As we have now five regular regiments of artillery, nearly all of which are serving as light batteries, I take it for granted that none of the volunteer batteries will be retained in the permanent establishment, although many of them are

in a highly efficient condition, and have made records for themselves in this war of which many of the regular batteries might well feel proud. The reduction in the artillery should not be made too rapidly, for we must remember that this war should be made use of to designate the best military talent of all kinds in the country, so that it can be made available in future years when the country may need a large force to be thrown into the field at short notice. A comparatively small amount of money expended now will save us the millions we had to expend at the commencement of this war in gaining a certain amount of experience. If, therefore, as I suppose, no volunteer batteries are to be retained, the question arises, how are we to make use of the volunteer talent which has been developed in this war? By examining the list of artillery officers it will be found that the vast majority of them are appointed from civil life without either previous education or instruction as artilterists, and as they have not usually been selected for services in the field, as most of the volunteer officers now in service have, they are generally inferior to them in efficiency.

Now, in a general reduction the service should not be weighed down by these young men simply because they hold commissions in the regular army. I would, therefore, suggest that competent boards of examination be at once instituted to inquire into the qualifications and services of all artillery officers, regulars and volunteers, and that a uniform standard being established, those officers who pass a satisfactory examination be assigned positions in the force to be retained, and that those who do not, whether regulars or volunteers, be honorably mustered out of service. This should be a practical rather than a theoretical examination, and the officer's services and standing in the field should be largely inquired into and weigh heavily with the boards in coming to a decision. This scheme will take time to properly carry it out, and I would, therefore, suggest that all the light batteries be assembled into several large camps of instruction at the most available point throughout the country, where comparisons could be made, the different claims of the officers established, and the examinations of the boards take place. Here, too, the batteries could be successfully mustered out of service, the most indifferent first, two or more batteries consolidated when reduced, and the horses, guns, and material turned over to the proper departments. In this way by the fall we could have a first-rate, well organized and uniform artillery force, which could be further reduced or very much enlarged at short notice, according to the requirements of the service. I trust you will bring this matter at once to the attention of the general-in-chief.

I am, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN GIBBON,
Major-General of Volunteers.

WASHINGTON, *May 30, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. W. S. HANCOCK,
Commanding Middle Military Division:

Orders have been issued for the movement of all troops of Major-General Sherman's command belonging to the West, and now here, to Louisville, the movement to commence at once. Please order all places where liquor is kept along the line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad closed until the movement is completed.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

JNO. A. RAWLINS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 53. } HDQRS. MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION, *Washington, D. C., May 30, 1865.*

In accordance with instructions from the War Department, all volunteer organizations of white troops in this command whose terms of service expire between this date and September 30 next, inclusive, will be immediately mustered out of service. The musters out will be made with existing regimental and company organizations, and under the regulations promulgated in General Orders, No. 94, of the 15th instant, from the War Department. All men in the aforesaid organizations whose terms of service expire subsequent to October 1, 1865, will be transferred to other organizations from the same State to veteran regiments when practicable, and when not practicable to regiments having the longest time to serve.

This order will discharge as follows:

1. The three-years' regiments that were mustered into service under the call of July 2, 1862, and prior to October 1 of that year.

2. The three-years' recruits mustered into service for old regiments prior to October 1, 1862.

3. One-year men for old and new organizations who entered the service prior to October 1, 1864.

Department and independent commanders will report to these headquarters what reduction of their command will be made under this order before it is finally carried into effect.

By command of Major-General Hancock:

E. W. CLARK, JR.,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May 31, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK:

I am informed that a great many bodies have been left unburied at Appomattox Court-House. It is possible that some may have been left in the same way at Sailor's Creek. I think a small cavalry force had better be sent to each place to bury any that may still be left above ground.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
May 31, 1865.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL OF THE ARMY,
Washington, D. C.:

GENERAL: I have the honor to transmit herewith recommendations for promotions from the several corps comprising this army during the recent operations resulting in the fall of Petersburg and Richmond, Va., and the surrender of the insurgent army under General Robert E. Lee. In transmitting these, I beg to call attention to the services rendered by the general staff of this army, and in recognition thereof to request that such of these officers as are hereinafter recommended may be promoted for faithful and meritorious services during the operations mentioned, and as follows, to date from April 9, 1865:

To be major-generals: Bvt. Maj. Gen. Henry J. Hunt, brigadier-general of volunteers and chief of artillery; Bvt. Maj. Gen. Alexander S. Webb, brigadier-general of volunteers and chief of staff.

To be brigadier-generals by brevet: Col. George D. Ruggles, U. S. Army, chief of the adjutant-general's department, Army of the Potomac; Bvt. Col. J. C. Duane, major of engineers, chief engineer, Army of the Potomac; Col. R. N. Batchelder, chief quartermaster, Army of the Potomac; Bvt. Col. Thomas Wilson, chief commissary, Army of the Potomac; Bvt. Col. E. L. Campbell, Fifteenth New Jersey Volunteers, acting judge-advocate.

To be colonels by brevet: Bvt. Lieut. Col. S. F. Barstow, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers; Bvt. Lieut. Col. Thomas A. McParlin, surgeon, U. S. Army, and medical director, Army of the Potomac; Bvt. Lieut. Col. N. Michler, major of engineers, assistant to chief engineer; Bvt. Lieut. Col. W. H. Paine, captain and additional aide-de-camp; Bvt. Lieut. Col. J. C. Biddle, major and additional aide-de-camp.

To be lieutenant-colonels by brevet: Bvt. Maj. William Jay, captain and additional aide-de-camp; Bvt. Maj. F. M. Bache, captain Sixteenth U. S. Infantry and acting aide-de-camp; Bvt. Maj. J. C. Bates, captain Eleventh U. S. Infantry, chief commissary of musters and acting aide-de-camp; Surg. John A. Lidell, U. S. Volunteers, acting medical inspector; Bvt. Maj. George Meade, captain and aide-de-camp; Bvt. Maj. Fred. Rosencrantz, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers; Bvt. Maj. J. R. Coxe, captain and commissary of subsistence of volunteers.

To be majors by brevet; Capt. C. D. Emory, Ninth U. S. Infantry, acting aide-de-camp; Capt. C. L. Davis, U. S. Signal Corps, chief signal officer; Capt. E. A. Flint, First Massachusetts Cavalry, commanding escort; Capt. J. J. Higginson, First Massachusetts Cavalry, commanding escort; Capt. C. B. Whittemore, assistant quartermaster of volunteers; Capt. Rufus K. Case, assistant quartermaster of volunteers; Capt. W. T. Simms, Fifty-ninth New York Volunteers, acting aide de-camp; Capt. W. E. Barrows, Nineteenth Massachusetts Volunteers, acting aide-de-camp; Asst. Surg. J. B. Brinton, U. S. Army, medical purveyor of the Army of the Potomac; Asst. Surg. J. Sim Smith, U. S. Army.

To be captains by brevet: Asst. Surg. J. B. Brinton, U. S. Army, and medical purveyor, Army of the Potomac, for the campaign of the Wilderness, 1864, to August 1, 1864; Asst. Surg. J. Sim Smith, U. S. Army, assistant medical director, Army of the Potomac, for the campaign of the Wilderness, 1864, to August 1, 1864; First Lieut. F. H. Parker, Ordnance Department; First Lieut. F. S. Benson, Signal Corps.

I am, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, ORDNANCE OFFICE,
May 31, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report of artillery and small-arms received by the ordnance department, captured from and surrendered by the enemy in the recent campaign, in operations around Petersburg, and against the rebel army after the evacuation. This does not include the heavy artillery which was collected by General Abbot and not received by any of the ordnance officers of this army: Light 12-pounder bronze guns, U. S., 70; light 12-pounder bronze guns, rebel, 62; 12-pounder cast-iron guns, banded, rebel, 34; 3-inch wrought-

iron guns, U. S., 33; 3-inch wrought-iron guns, banded, rebel, 13; 10-pounder Parrott guns, U. S., 10; 20-pounder Parrott guns, U. S., 2; Coehorn mortars, rebel, 1; 3-inch Whitworth guns, rebel, 1; 12-pounder howitzers, U. S., 5; 12-pounder howitzers, rebel, 3; 3.4-inch Blakely guns, 1; 3.67-inch rebel guns, banded, 1; 3.80-inch smooth-bore guns, 2; 24-pounder howitzers, U. S., 4; 24-pounder howitzers, rebel, 2; 24-pounder howitzers, U. S., Dahlgren, Navy, 1; 12-pounder Armstrong guns, rifled, rebel, 5; 12-pounder iron guns, re-enforced, rebel, 1. Total number, 251. Rifles and muskets, 21,177; carbines, 1,293; pistols, 163. Total number small-arms, 22,633.*

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

F. H. PARKER,

Lieutenant and Chief Ordnance Officer, Army of the Potomac.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,

May 31, 1865.

The corps will resume the march to-morrow, starting at 5 a. m., in the following order: First, Third Division; second, First Division; third, Second Division (each to be followed by its own headquarters trains); fourth, ambulances; fifth, supply trains.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,

Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. INDEPENDENT DIVISION, 24TH ARMY CORPS,

Richmond, Va., May 31, 1865.

Hon. SECRETARY OF WAR,

Washington, D. C.:

SIR: I have the honor to recommend the following officers of the division staff for promotion by brevet: Capt. John S. Gibbs, Thirty-eighth U. S. Colored Troops, aide-de-camp, to be major by brevet for gallant and meritorious services in the campaigns of 1864 and 1865. Capt. Charles H. Hurd, assistant adjutant-general volunteers, to be major by brevet for gallant and meritorious services in the campaigns of 1864 and 1865. Surg. R. R. Clarke, Thirty-fourth Massachusetts Volunteers, surgeon-in-chief of division, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for faithful and meritorious services in campaigns of 1864 and 1865. Capt. George Macomber, Thirty-fourth Massachusetts Volunteers, division inspector, to be major by brevet for gallant and meritorious services in campaigns of 1864 and 1865. Second Lieut. Jere Horton, Thirty-fourth Massachusetts Volunteers, assistant commissary of musters, to be first lieutenant and captain by brevet for gallant and meritorious services in campaigns of 1864 and 1865. First Lieut. J. R. Brenneman, Twelfth West Virginia Volunteers, acting ordnance officer, to be captain by brevet for gallant and meritorious services in campaigns of 1864 and 1865. Capt. H. L. Karr, One hundred and sixteenth Ohio Volunteers, judge-advocate, to be major by brevet for faithful and meritorious services in campaigns of 1864 and 1865.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN W. TURNER,

Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

---

* See also supplementary report, Part I, p. 607.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FOURTH CORPS,
June 1, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded and cordially recommended.

JOHN GIBBON,
Major-General of Volunteers, Commanding Corps.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
Camp Lincoln, Va., May 31, 1865.

Capt. L. L. LANGDON,
Commanding Artillery Brigade, Twenty-fifth Army Corps:

CAPTAIN: You will commence embarking at City Point at once, and when embarked will proceed to Fort Monroe and await further orders. Any supplies necessary will be furnished on application to Colonel James, chief quartermaster, Department of Virginia. An opportunity will be given your officers to visit Norfolk for their pay.

By order of Major-General Weitzel:

D. D. WHEELER,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, May 31, 1865.

Maj. Gen. W. S. HANCOCK, U. S. Volunteers,
Commanding Middle Military Division, Washington, D. C.:

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that in directing Brig. Gen. Francis Fessenden, U. S. Volunteers, to report to you for duty it was the intention of the Secretary of War that General Fessenden should be assigned to duty with the First Veteran Corps. I have, therefore, respectfully to request that you cause paragraph 3, Special Orders, No. 115, May 14, 1865, from headquarters Middle Military Division, directing General Fessenden to report to the commanding general, Department of West Virginia, for duty, to be so amended as to assign him to duty with the First Corps.

I am, sir, &c.,

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
May 31, 1865—9.05 p. m.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT, *Commanding, Winchester:*

Major-General Hancock directs that the Ninety-first Ohio Volunteers proceed overland to Cumberland and report to Brevet Major-General Emory, commanding Department of West Virginia.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brigadier-General of Volunteers and Chief of Staff.

WINCHESTER, *May 31, 1865.*

General EMORY:

In compliance with orders from headquarters Middle Military Division the Thirteenth West Virginia Infantry left by railroad this a. m. for Grafton.

TORBERT,
General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *June 1, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK:

Do you not think it advisable to relieve General Patrick? The machinery kept up in his duties is represented as heavy, and his kindness of heart may interfere with the proper government of the city.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

ARTILLERY HEADQUARTERS, ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 1, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of the Potomac:

COLONEL: In addition to the recommendations for brevets submitted by me on the 25th ultimo, I have respectfully to present the following: First, Lieut. Col. E. R. Warner, First New York Light Artillery, and brevet colonel of volunteers, inspector of artillery, Army of the Potomac, to be brigadier-general of volunteers by brevet for uniform gallantry and good conduct throughout the war and especially for faithful and meritorious services in the lines before Petersburg and the field operations from March 29 to April 10, 1865. Colonel Warner has served in the artillery of this army from its organization, in 1861, as adjutant-general to the Artillery Reserve, as assistant to the chief of artillery, and as inspector of the artillery of this army, and chief of its staff. His services have been of great value to this army. Second, First Lieut. Carl Berlin, First New York Light Artillery, captain by brevet, to be major of volunteers by brevet for gallantry and good conduct in the lines before Petersburg and for gallant and meritorious services in the field operations from March 29 to April 10, 1865. Brevet Captain Berlin is an educated and accomplished officer, formerly of the Swedish artillery, from which he resigned to continue in our services. His professional and technical knowledge have been especially valuable. Third, Bvt. Maj. John N. Craig, assistant adjutant-general, to be lieutenant-colonel of volunteers by brevet for good conduct and meritorious services in the lines before Petersburg and the campaign of this army from March 29 to April 10, 1865.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

HENRY J. HUNT,
Brevet Major-General and Chief of Artillery.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
Maple Grove, June 1, 1865—5 a. m.

Col. G. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

I have the honor to report my arrival here, and shall start at once for Fairfax Station, in the neighborhood of which I expect to encamp to-night. Will you please indicate to me the best road to be taken from that place to the point designated as a camp for this corps?

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 1, 1865.

Major-General WRIGHT,
Commanding Sixth Corps, Maple Grove:

An officer will meet you at Annandale to-morrow morning to conduct you to your camps.

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

NOTE.—Send this to Fairfax Station also, to be kept till arrival of General Wright.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
Fairfax Court-House, June 1, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of the Potomac:

I have the honor to report that I reached this point this afternoon and shall move at 5 a. m. to-morrow. At Annandale I shall await the arrival of the staff officer mentioned in your dispatch of this morning.

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

ORDERS.] HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
June 1, 1865.

The corps will move at 5 a. m. to-morrow, proceeding on the Little River turnpike toward Alexandria in the following order: First, First Division; second, Second Division; third, Third Division, each to be followed by its own headquarters train; fourth, ambulances; fifth, supply train.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WEST VIRGINIA,
Cumberland, Md., June 1, 1865.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. W. P. CARLIN,
Commanding First Infantry Division, Dept. of W. Va.:

GENERAL: The general commanding directs that the Thirteenth Regiment West Virginia Volunteers, now en route, be held at Grafton for the present and until relieved by the Ninety-first Ohio, which he is advised will be sent to that point.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

TH. MELVIN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
June 1, 1865—12.35 p. m.

Brigadier-General SCHOEPF,
Commanding at Fort Delaware:

The One hundred and sixty-fifth New York is to go to Savannah with its division. If the regiment sent you in its place is not proper or sufficient for guard other troops will be sent you on your application with statement of the case.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brigadier-General of Volunteers and Chief of Staff.

WASHINGTON, *June 2, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I would respectfully suggest that orders be issued directing the Chief of Ordnance to take immediate steps to have collected all captured ordnance and stores that may be turned in to his department collected and stored at Northern arsenals, Charleston Arsenal, Hilton Head, Baton Rouge, and Rock Island. I would also recommend the extension of free trade in all articles, except the few enumerated as contraband of war, to all the States and Territories of the United States.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *June 2, 1865.*

Lieutenant-General GRANT,
Washington:

I have urged the governor to reorganize courts, sheriffs, policemen, &c., in Richmond and adjacent counties as soon as possible. When this is done the provost-marshal's organization can be dispensed with, but not before. If broken up now neither life nor property would be safe here.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *June 2, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK:

In connection with the orders of the Secretary of War dated May 29, respecting the muster out of volunteer white troops, and referring to paragraph 4, of General Orders, No. 94, I am directed to say that it is of importance that the muster-out rolls should be ready in the shortest time possible. Extra clerks should be detailed to assist the commissaries of musters and their assistants. In the absence of rooms for use as offices, hospital and wall tents should be provided for the use of the mustering officers in making out the necessary papers. All other proper facilities at command should also be afforded. The attention of corps, division, and brigade commanders should be particularly directed to what is required of them under paragraph 4, General Orders, No. 94. Assistant inspectors-general should be directed to frequently visit regiments and companies to see in person if the data for the rolls and other

papers is promptly and accurately furnished by regimental and company officers; conferring with the commissaries of musters and their assistants with the view of correcting at once any delinquencies they may find to exist.

THOS. M. VINCENT,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 2, 1865—11.40 a. m.

Major-General RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

The Sixth Corps reached here this morning and is now going into camp on Four-Mile Run, between Hall's Hill and Ball's Cross-Roads, headquarters near Ball's Cross-Roads. The regiments and men belonging to this corps included in existing orders will be mustered out without delay.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 105. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, June 2, 1865.*

Reduction of volunteer artillery.

Department commanders will at once reduce their batteries of volunteer light artillery to the number absolutely required under existing circumstances by the necessities of the service in their respective departments. The companies thus relieved will be sent to Washington, Louisville, or Cairo, as may be most convenient for final payment and muster out. All artillery horses that may become surplus under the operation of this order will be sold in the department where they now are, and the guns of the companies that are to be discharged will be retained for the present within the department. The number of public animals retained in service, both for artillery and transportation purposes, will be reduced as far as possible throughout the country, and all surplus animals will be sold.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 106. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, June 2, 1865.*

Department commanders will immediately, on the receipt of this order, relieve all general and staff officers whose services can be dispensed with within their respective commands, and order them to proceed, without delay, to their respective places of residence, and from there report by letter to the Adjutant-General of the Army.

Department commanders will report the names of all officers relieved by them under this order to the Adjutant-General of the Army.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 107. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, June 2, 1865.*

Removal of restrictions on trade.

Ordered, That all military restrictions upon trade in any of the States or Territories of the United States, except in articles contraband of war, to wit, arms, ammunition, gray cloth, and all articles from which ammunition is manufactured, locomotives, cars, railroad iron, and machinery for operating railroads, telegraph wires, insulators and instruments for operating telegraphic lines, shall cease from and after the present date.

By order of the President of the United States:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 108. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, D. C., June 2, 1865.*

SOLDIERS OF THE ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES:

By your patriotic devotion to your country in the hour of danger and alarm—your magnificent fighting, bravery, and endurance—you have maintained the supremacy of the Union and the Constitution, overthrown all armed opposition to the enforcement of the laws, and of the proclamation forever abolishing slavery—the cause and pretext of the rebellion—and opened the way to the rightful authorities to restore order and inaugurate peace on a permanent and enduring basis on every foot of American soil.

Your marches, sieges, and battles, in distance, duration, resolution, and brilliancy of result dim the luster of the world's past military achievements, and will be the patriot's precedent in defense of liberty and right in all time to come.

In obedience to your country's call you left your homes and families and volunteered in its defense. Victory has crowned your valor and secured the purpose of your patriot hearts, and with the gratitude of your countrymen, and the highest honors a great and free nation can accord, you will soon be permitted to return to your homes and families conscious of having discharged the highest duty of American citizens.

To achieve these glorious triumphs, and secure to yourselves, your fellow-countrymen, and posterity the blessings of free institutions tens of thousands of your gallant comrades have fallen and sealed the priceless legacy with their lives. The graves of these a grateful nation bedews with tears, honors their memories, and will ever cherish and support their stricken families.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 274. } HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, June 2, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

3. Brig. Gen. H. G. Thomas, U. S. Volunteers, will proceed to his place of residence, and from there report to the Adjutant-General of the Army by letter for further orders.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 9. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., June 2, 1865.*

So much of General Orders, No. 2, as prohibits the importation and sale of spirituous liquors is rescinded. But this change of orders will not be construed to permit the retail of such liquors in any place or at any military post where such retail is prohibited by special orders.

By order of Major-General Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF COMMONWEALTH,
Richmond, Va., June 2, 1865.

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Commanding Department, &c.:

GENERAL: It is respectfully requested that so much of the Richmond and Danville Railroad as lies between this city and Burkeville, together with the company shops and other property on the Manchester side of the James River, including a sufficient amount of rolling stock to meet the requirements of transportation, be at once turned over to the board of public works of Virginia in order that they may place the same in the hands of an agent of the company with instructions to open the road for business without further delay.

I am, very respectfully, yours, &c.,

F. H. PEIRPOINT,
President of Board of Public Works, Virginia.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 64. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF PENNSYLVANIA, *Philadelphia, Pa., June 2, 1865.*

That portion of the Department of Pennsylvania embracing the counties of Berks, Schuylkill, Lehigh, Northampton, Carbon, Monroe, Luzerne, and Wyoming, Pa., will comprise the Lehigh District, headquarters at Tamaqua, Pa.

By command of Major-General Cadwalader:

JOHN S. SCHULTZE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

FORT MONROE, *June 2, 1865.*

Col. E. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

COLONEL: I have just learned from a servant girl of Jeff. Davis' that went to Norfolk before Davis left the Clyde, that a servant of his, James Jones, colored, who left the Clyde soon after its arrival here, has left here, going over the route, via Raleigh, where his mother resides, and said before he left he knew where two bags of money were concealed near where Davis was captured, amounting to $10,000, and that he was going to find it.

Respectfully,

NELSON A. MILES,
Brevet Major-General of Volunteers, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *June 3, 1865.*
(Received 1.45 p. m.)

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON, *Secretary of War:*

I have just received the original official report of John Maxwell, of the rebel secret service, of the blowing up of the ordnance stores at City Point last year. It appears from this report that the explosion was caused by a horological torpedo placed on the barge by John Maxwell and R. K. Dillard, acting under the direction of Brig. Gen. G. J. Rains and Capt. Z. McDaniel. I have ordered the arrest of these persons, if they can be found, and will send you a copy of the report and indorsement.*

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, June 3, 1865.

Brigadier-General CULLUM, *West Point, N. Y.:*

I will be at West Point Tuesday morning.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 276. } HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, June 3, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

5. Maj. Gen. George G. Meade, commanding Army of the Potomac, will immediately send two regiments of troops belonging to Eastern States to Hart's Island, N. Y., to relieve the Pennsylvania troops now on duty there guarding prisoners of war. They will report to Major-General Dix, commanding Department of the East. The quartermaster's department will furnish the necessary transportation.

6. Bvt. Brig. Gen. George H. Sharpe, colonel One hundred and twentieth New York Volunteers, is hereby relieved at his own request from duty at the headquarters Armies of the United States, as assistant provost-marshal-general, and will report for duty with his regiment.

* * * * * * *

8. Maj. Gen. C. C. Augur, commanding Department of Washington, will send two brigades of cavalry to Louisville, Ky., to report to Major-General Logan, commanding Army of the Tennessee. The quartermaster's department will furnish the necessary transportation.

* * * * * * *

10. Maj. Gen. George G. Meade, commanding Army of the Potomac, will send all Western troops, including those from the State of Ohio now serving in the Army of the Potomac and that are not to be discharged under existing orders, to Louisville, Ky., to report to Major-General Logan, commanding Army of the Tennessee. The quartermaster's department will furnish the necessary transportation.

* * * * * * *

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

---

* See Vol. XLII, Part I, p. 954.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND DIVISION, SECOND CORPS,
June 3, 1865.

Lieut. Col. C. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Second Corps:

COLONEL: I have the honor to ask that the Second and Third Brigades of this division be consolidated into a brigade, to be designated the Second Brigade, and to be composed of the following regiments: One hundred and seventieth New York Volunteers, One hundred and sixty-fourth New York Volunteers, One hundred and fifty-fifth New York Volunteers, Sixty-ninth New York Volunteers, Tenth New York Volunteers (battalion), Fourth Ohio Volunteers (battalion), Seventh Virginia Volunteers, First Delaware Volunteers, Sixty-ninth Pennsylvania Volunteers, One hundred and sixth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Twelfth New Jersey Volunteers. I recommend that Capt. John Fahy, assistant quartermaster, U. S. Volunteers, be quartermaster of the new organization; that Capt. W. A. Nichols, commissary of subsistence, U. S. Volunteers, be commissary of subsistence for the same. There are no other general staff officers in the two brigades. I make this request for the reason that the Second Brigade of this division, with the mustering out of a large regiment, will have only some 700 men for duty.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

FRANCIS C. BARLOW,
Major-General of Volunteers, Commanding Division.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
June 3, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded, approved.

A. A. HUMPHREYS,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
Near City Point, Va., June 3, 1865.

Major-General RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

The transports have been arriving very slowly this week, and I need one more and one hospital boat to finish the transportation of my two infantry divisions, artillery, wagons, and animals, which is the portion of the command I intend to follow. There will then be left 3,000 cavalry and 3,000 infantry, for which Colonel Wise says he has ordered transportation from New York. If the two vessels above mentioned arrive to-morrow I will get off on Monday.

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
June 3, 1865. (Received 2 p. m.)

General J. A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

Please have the following approved by the general and put through: Capt. C. Wheaton, jr., acting chief commissary of subsistence, be appointed chief commissary of subsistence of my corps, with rank

of lieutenant-colonel; also, that Capt. L. L. Langdon, First U. S. Artillery, be appointed assistant inspector-general, with rank of lieutenant-colonel, vice Michie, assistant inspector-general, whose resignation has been forwarded approved. As I sail for Texas in a few days please advise me by telegraph.

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *June 3, 1865.*

Major-General DIX,
New York City:

Two regiments have been ordered to Hart's Island. As soon as they arrive muster out the Pennsylvania regiments and send them to their State to be paid off. Let the rolls be prepared at once.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, June 4, 1865.

General G. W. CULLUM,
West Point, N. Y..

General Grant will not be at West Point until Thursday morning instead of Tuesday.

O. E. BABCOCK,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Aide-de-Camp.

FORT MONROE, VA., *June 4, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

Can I go to Washington to consult you, General Grant, and the Quartermaster-General, in regard to the best method of promptly reducing expenses in this department, and carrying out General Grant's order to me to send home dispensable general and staff officers? For instance, there are three independent chief quartermasters' establishments to do the same thing, except expending several hundred thousand dollars, whereas only one is necessary for this department, and I will discharge either two which the Quartermaster-General chooses. Then I have a district organization and an army organization. Can dispense with one, as you may direct, and discharge a number of staff officers and general officers. There are other points on which I wish to confer.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, June 4, 1865.

Maj. Gen. E. O. C. ORD,
Fortress Monroe:

You have permission to come to Washington for the purpose mentioned in your telegram.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
June 4, 1865.

Maj. Gen. J. A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

I think a hospital ship of the utmost importance on this expedition to provide for the sick and to carry the medical stores. The Quartermaster-General does not wish to furnish one; the Surgeon-General has none. Shall I go without a hospital and take my medical stores as freight?

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
Camp Lincoln, Va., June 4, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. C. S. RUSSELL,
Commanding Detached Brigade:

GENERAL: You will have your command in readiness to embark rapidly as soon as General Cole's brigade is embarked and transports arrive and are ready to receive your troops, your brigade being the last of the corps; all officers and men belonging to the corps left after General Cole's brigade leaves will be subject to your orders. You will see that none are left behind. As soon as your command is all embarked you will drop down the river and anchor in the "hole" off Fort Monroe. You will then see that each vessel containing troops is fitted for sea; any material necessary you can obtain on application to Colonel James, chief quartermaster Department of Virginia. While your vessels are being fitted out you will take one-half of your officers at a time to Norfolk to be paid. Copy of telegram giving authority for this herewith inclosed. All this will be done with as little delay as possible. As soon as your vessels are ready and your officers paid you will proceed to Fort Gaines or Fort Morgan, Mobile Bay, where you will receive further orders. You will make a written report of each day's operations from the time you commence embarking your troops until you arrive at Mobile Bay. Each vessel containing your command will be furnished with sailing orders. You will be held responsible for the execution of this order.

By command of Major-General Weitzel:

D. D. WHEELER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
Camp Lincoln, Va., June 4, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. G. W. COLE,
Commanding Cavalry Brigade, Twenty-fifth Army Corps:

As soon as the First Division of this corps is embarked you will have your command in readiness to embark rapidly whenever transports arrive and are ready for you. As soon as your command is embarked you will drop down the river and anchor in the "hole" off Fort Monroe. You will then see that each vessel containing troops is fitted for sea; any material necessary you can obtain on application to Colonel James, chief quartermaster Department of Virginia. While your vessels are being fitted out you will take one-half of your officers at a time to Norfolk to be paid. Copy of telegram giving authority for

this herewith inclosed. All this will be done with as little delay as possible. As soon as your vessels are ready and your officers paid you will proceed to Fort Gaines or Fort Morgan, Mobile Bay, where you will receive further orders. You will make a written report of each day's operations from the time you commence embarking your troops until you arrive at Mobile Bay. Each vessel containing your command will be furnished with sailing orders. You will be held responsible for the execution of this order.

By command of Major-General Weitzel:

D. D. WHEELER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, *June 5, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I have the honor to request that Lieut. Col. M. R. Morgan, commissary of subsistence, U. S. Volunteers, and brevet colonel, U. S. Army, be transferred from the Twenty-fifth Army Corps and assigned to duty at these headquarters as inspector of the Subsistence Department with his brevet rank.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Richmond, June 5, 1865.

General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

SIR: Has the Government any further use for the Norfolk and Petersburg Railroad? If not please make similar order to the one in case of Richmond and Danville, placing it under the control of Board of Public Works.

I am, &c.,

F. H. PEIRPOINT.

[Indorsement.]

Richmond, June 7, 1865.

Major-General Ord having reported that this road is not required for military purposes, it will be turned over as directed.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 280.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, June 5, 1865.

1. All the batteries of artillery of the regular army, now in this vicinity, except such as have heretofore been serving in the Department of Washington, will assemble in one camp, to be selected by Bvt. Maj. Gen. H. J. Hunt, chief of artillery of the Army of the Potomac, who in

addition to his present duties will command the artillery camp, and see that such deficiencies as he may find to exist in any of the batteries are promptly supplied.

* * * * * * *

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 5, 1865—8.30 a. m.

Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Asst. Adjt. Gen., Hdqrs. Armies of the United States, Washington:

Paragraph 10, Special Orders, No. 276, from Adjutant-General's Office, orders all Western regiments in this army, including those from Ohio, to be sent to Louisville, Ky. Was it the design of the lieutenant-general to include those from Michigan, Wisconsin, and Minnesota?

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, *June 5, 1865.*

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

The order intended to include all Western troops, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, &c.

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 142. } HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 5, 1865.

* * * * * * *

V. The Sixth Army Corps, Maj. Gen. H. G. Wright commanding, will pass through Washington in review on Thursday the 8th instant. The column formed of companies at full distances will move from the foot of Capitol Hill at 9 a. m., and passing through Pennsylvania avenue to Georgetown will return to camp via the Aqueduct Bridge. The chief of staff of the Army of the Potomac will confer with Major-General Augur, commanding Department of Washington, in regard to the arrangements necessary to be made in the city. Such batteries of artillery belonging to this army as have not previously been reviewed will report to the chief of artillery, Sixth Army Corps, for this review.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 5, 1865.

COMMANDING OFFICER FIFTH ARMY CORPS:

GENERAL: The Fourth Ohio, Twentieth Indiana, First, Fifth, Seventh, and Sixteenth Michigan, Sixth, Seventh, and Thirty-sixth Wisconsin, and First Minnesota Volunteers are to be ordered to Louisville, Ky., to report to Maj. Gen. J. A. Logan, commanding Army of the Tennessee. They will go under the command of Bvt. Brig. Gen. H. A.

Morrow, Twenty-fourth Michigan, now commanding First Brigade, Third Division, Fifth Corps, to whom the commanding officers of the regiments named will report at once for instruction. The order issued to-day for the Fourth Ohio and Twentieth Indiana Volunteers will be suspended until the remaining regiments shall be prepared to move, when Brevet Brigadier-General Morrow will report the fact to these headquarters, and final orders will be given.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CIRCULAR.] HDQRS. FIRST DIVISION, NINTH ARMY CORPS,
Near Delaney's House, June 5, 1865.

The field headquarters of this division are hereby discontinued. The headquarters of the division are established near the Delaney house, to which all required reports will be forwarded direct.

By command of Bvt. Brig. Gen. N. B. McLaughlen:

ROBT. A. HUTCHINS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
June 5, 1865.

Brevet Major-General EMORY,
Commanding Department of West Virginia, Cumberland, Md.:

The prisoners you have are to be retained at Cumberland for the present, or where they are. Your aide returns with information. Duval's brigade is ordered to be relieved from Staunton and will report to you. It will be two or three weeks before it arrives.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brigadier-General of Volunteers.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
June 5, 1865.

Brevet Major-General TORBERT,
Winchester, Va.:

The major-general commanding directs that you send a brigade of infantry to relieve General Duval's command from Staunton. On being relieved General Duval's command will report at once to General Emory, commanding Department of West Virginia, at Cumberland, Md. Send supplies for another month.

C. H. MORGAN,
Brigadier-General of Volunteers.

GENERAL ORDERS, 104. } HDQRS. MIDDLE DEPARTMENT, EIGHTH ARMY CORPS,
Baltimore, June 5, 1865.

Brig. Gen. J. R. Kenly, U. S. Volunteers, is hereby relieved from command of the District of Delaware and Eastern Shore of Maryland and assigned to command of the First Separate Brigade, Eighth Army Corps, to relieve Brig. Gen. E. B. Tyler, U. S. Volunteers.

By command of Major-General Wallace:

SAMUEL B. LAWRENCE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WASHINGTON, *June 6, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I would recommend that all enlistments for the Veteran Reserve Corps be discontinued. Transfers from the volunteer service of men desiring to go into that corps and who are unfit for active service, should be the only increase allowed in my judgment.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WASHINGTON, *June 6, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

I have the honor to recommend for promotion in the U. S. Army the following-named officers of my staff:

Capt. Cyrus B. Comstock, Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army, lieutenant colonel and aide-de-camp and brevet brigadier-general, U. S. Volunteers, to be major by brevet for meritorious services in the siege of Vicksburg, to date from July 4, 1863; to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for gallant conduct in the battle of the Wilderness, to date from May 6, 1864; to be colonel by brevet for gallant conduct in the siege of Richmond, and especially in the attack on Fort Harrison, to date from September 15, 1864; to be brigadier-general by brevet for gallant and meritorious conduct in the assault and capture of Fort Fisher, N. C., to date from January 15, 1865. Maj. Theodore S. Bowers, assistant adjutant-general, U. S. Army, lieutenant-colonel by assignment and brevet colonel, U. S. Volunteers, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for gallant and meritorious services in the siege of Richmond, and especially for gallant conduct at the storming of New Market Heights, to date from August 16, 1864; to be colonel by brevet for meritorious services in the battles in front of Petersburg, Va., and in the pursuit and capture of the Army of Northern Virginia in the spring campaign of 1865, to date from April 9, 1865. Capt. O. E. Babcock, Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army, lieutenant-colonel and aide-de-camp and brevet colonel, U. S. Volunteers, to be major by brevet for meritorious services in the defense of Knoxville, Tenn., and especially for gallant conduct in the defense of Fort Sanders, to date from November 29, 1863; to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for gallant conduct in the battle of the Wilderness, to date from May 6, 1864; to be colonel by brevet for gallant conduct in the battles in front of Petersburg, and in the pursuit and capture of the Army of Northern Virginia in the spring campaign of 1865, to date from April 9, 1865. Maj. Frederick T. Dent, Fourth U. S. Infantry, brigadier-general of volunteers, formerly lieutenant-colonel and aide-de-camp and brevet colonel of volunteers, to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for gallant conduct in the battle of the Wilderness, to date from May 6, 1864; to be colonel by brevet for gallant conduct in the battles in front of Petersburg, and in the pursuit and capture of the Army of Northern Virginia, in the spring campaign of 1865, to date from April 9, 1865. Capt. Horace Porter, Ordnance Department, U. S. Army, lieutenant-colonel and aide-de-camp and brevet colonel of volunteers, to be major by brevet for gallant conduct in the battle of the Wilderness, to date from May 6, 1864; to be lieutenant-colonel by brevet for gallant conduct in the siege of Richmond, and especially at the storming of New Market Heights, to date from August 16, 1864; to be colonel

by brevet for gallant conduct in the battles in front of Petersburg, and in the pursuit and capture of the Army of Northern Virginia in the spring campaign of 1865, to date from April 9, 1865.

These officers served with distinguished zeal and ability in the campaign of 1864 and 1865 against Richmond, from and including the battle of the Wilderness to and including the surrender of the rebel Army of Northern Virginia. Bvt. Brig. Gen. C. B. Comstock was not present at the final surrender of General Lee, but was at the time in the discharge of equally important duties under General Canby in the siege and assault of the defenses of Mobile. They have all been brevetted in the volunteer service, but merit and deserve, for their long and valuable services, promotion in the regular army. I have no doubt it was the fault of my wording of my previous recommendation that they were brevetted in the volunteer instead of the regular service. General Comstock's brevet was supposed to be in the regular army until after his confirmation was announced. Lieut. Col. Seth Williams, assistant adjutant-general, U. S. Army, brigadier-general and brevet major-general of volunteers, to be colonel by brevet for gallant conduct in the battle of Gettysburg, to date from July 3, 1863; to be brigadier-general by brevet for gallant and meritorious services from and including the battle of the Wilderness to and including the battles in front of Petersburg, to date from July 1, 1864.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 282. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, June 6, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

21. By direction of the President, Bvt. Brig. Gen. Peter S. Michie, U. S. Volunteers, first lieutenant, Corps of Engineers, is hereby relieved from assignment as assistant inspector-general of the Twenty-fifth Army Corps, with the rank and pay of lieutenant-colonel, under act of July 17, 1862.

* * * * * * *

26. The resignations of the following-named officers have been accepted by the President, to take effect from the date set opposite their respective names: Brig. Gen. Edward W. Hinks, U. S. Volunteers, June 3, 1865; Brig. Gen. Benjamin F. Kelley, U. S. Volunteers, June 1, 1865; Brig. Gen. R. B. Hayes, U. S. Volunteers, June 1, 1865.

* * * * * * *

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 283. } HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, June 6, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

3. Brig. Gen. W. F. Bartlett, U. S. Volunteers, will report in person without delay to the commanding general Ninth Army Corps for duty.

4. The Sixth Regiment U. S. Cavalry will proceed to the vicinity of Frederick, Md., for the purpose of reorganization and recruiting.

* * * * * * *

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

JUNE 6, 1865.

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

In the list of nominations for promotions by brevet recently submitted by me were some names presented for promotions to full commissions as well as some for brevets in the regular army. It was not my design to include these classes of cases in the list. Being placed there by the corps commanders, they were allowed to pass to save the delay that would result from returning the lists to the several corps. I now transmit a list of the names of general officers whom I should be glad to see promoted to full commissions and arranged in the order in which, according to my judgment, they should be promoted when vacancies occur:

To be full major-generals: Charles Griffin, corps commander; George W. Getty, N. A. Miles, R. B. Ayres, J. B. Ricketts, R. B. Potter, Gershom Mott, Frank Wheaton, H. J. Hunt, O. B. Willcox, S. W. Crawford, J. F. Hartranft, A. S. Webb, J. J. Bartlett, division commanders.

To be full brigadier-generals: Bvt. Brig. Gens. W. H. Penrose, J. I. Curtin, George N. Macy, R. McAllister, John Ramsey, H. J. Madill, R. Coulter, C. D. MacDougall, J. W. Keifer, E. M. Gregory.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

JUNE 6, 1865.

Col. T. S. BOWERS:

In addition to the list of officers heretofore recommended for promotion by brevet for services in the late campaign resulting in the fall of Petersburg and Richmond and the surrender of the insurgent army under General Robert E. Lee, I have the honor to recommend that the following promotions by brevet be made for faithful and meritorious services in the field, to date from April 9, 1865, viz: Bvt. Brig. Gen. George N. Macy, colonel Twentieth Massachusetts Volunteers, to be major-general by brevet; Lieut. Col. J. W. Walsh, Third Pennsylvania Cavalry, to be colonel by brevet; Capt. Philip Schuyler, jr., Fourteenth U. S. Infantry, to be major by brevet; Capt. H. P. Clinton, commissary of subsistence of volunteers, to be major by brevet; Capt. George Gibson, Eleventh U. S. Infantry, to be major by brevet; Capt. Louis R. Stillé, Third Pennsylvania Cavalry, to be major by brevet; Lieut. Irwin B. Wright, Eleventh U. S. Infantry, to be captain by brevet; Lieut. E. B. Robins, Twentieth Massachusetts Volunteers, to be captain by brevet; Lieut. Charles A. Rand, Twentieth Massachusetts Volunteers, to be captain by brevet; Asst. Surg. Edward Cowles, U. S. Army, to be captain by brevet.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 19. } HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS, *June 6, 1865.*

In accordance with instructions from headquarters Army of the Potomac, this corps will be passed in review through Washington City on Thursday, the 8th instant, in the following order, viz:

First, major-general commanding, staff and escort; second, First Division, Brevet Major-General Wheaton commanding; third, Second Division, Brevet Major-General Getty commanding; fourth, Third Division, Brevet Major-General Ricketts commanding; fifth, Artillery Brigade, Brevet Major Cowan commanding; sixth, detachment Fiftieth New York Engineers, Brevet Major Van Brocklin commanding, with pontoon equipage in the order specified.

The troops will move from their camps at 4 a. m. of that day, and, crossing Long Bridge and proceeding up Maryland avenue, will be massed with the head of the column on Pennsylvania avenue, at the foot of the Capitol grounds. At 9 a. m. the column will be put in motion, along Pennsylvania avenue, taking wheeling distance by head of column, and, passing the reviewing stand in front of the President's house, will return to the camps by way of the Aqueduct Bridge.

On massing with the head of the column at the foot of the Capitol grounds, as above directed, the formation of the infantry column will be by companies, equalized for each regiment, and not exceeding twenty files. Where the company front exceeds this the formation will be by platoons. The artillery will move with battery front, and the pontoon train as may be directed by its commander. Six ambulances will follow each brigade, three abreast.

On starting from the Capitol the troops will march in cadenced step to Seventeenth street, and arms will be carried at right-shoulder shift from the Capitol to the State Department and thence at a shoulder past the reviewing stand to Seventeenth street. All commissioned officers will salute, and division and brigade commanders, after passing, will turn out and join the reviewing officer while their commands are passing. Brigade bands, after passing the reviewing stand, will be turned out to the right and continue playing until the brigade to which they belong have passed.

The corps flag will be placed at a point six paces before reaching the reviewing stand, to indicate the place at which officers and flags are to salute. As the reviewing stand will be on the left of the column the guides of the column will be on the left.

All maimed men and those unable to make the march will be left behind as camp guards. The troops will move without knapsacks and with one day's rations in their haversacks.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

NORFOLK, VA., *June 6, 1865.*

Brevet Major-General RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

I have heard nothing as yet in answer to my dispatch about the hospital boat. I should like to have it settled before I go to sea. Will you please answer to Fort Monroe before 9 o'clock to-morrow morning?

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General.

WASHINGTON, *June 6, 1865—3.35 p. m.*

Major-General WEITZEL,
City Point, Va.:

No hospital ship can be furnished your command. It is not supposed that you will start with sick men, and as you put in at Mobile any that become sick after starting can be left there.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, June 6, 1865—10.20 p. m.

Maj. Gen. GODFREY WEITZEL,
Fort Monroe, Va.:

Your dispatch about hospital steamer was referred to the Surgeon-General, but it is thought you will not need one as you are taking no sick with you. Transportation for medical supplies and sufficient accommodation for those who may fall sick en route can be had on the transports conveying the troops, and they can be transferred to hospitals where your expedition is to touch, near Mobile. You will therefore go forward without a hospital steamer unless you receive other orders.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

JNO. A. RAWLINS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 55. } HDQRS. MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
Washington, D. C., June 6, 1865.

In accordance with instructions from the War Department, all dismounted volunteer cavalry of this command will be immediately discharged the service. The musters out will be made by commissaries of musters and their assistants, and the troops afterward forwarded to their respective States for payment. The general principles of General Orders, No. 94, of the 15th ultimo, from the War Department, will be applied in executing this order. Department and other independent commanders will report to these headquarters without delay the number of men of their respective commands to be discharged under this order.

By command of Major-General Hancock:

E. W. CLARK, JR.,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. MIDDLE DEPARTMENT, EIGHTH ARMY CORPS,
Baltimore, Md., June 6, 1865.

Lieut. Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

COLONEL: Referring to telegram of 2d instant, directing that all general and staff officers within this department whose services can be dispensed with be relieved and ordered to their respective places of residence, to report thence by letter to the Adjutant-General of the

Army, I have the honor to report that the only general officers assigned to this department are those named in command of the following districts and brigades, viz:

First Separate Brigade, Brig. Gen. J. R. Kenly, U. S. Volunteers, commanding, headquarters Relay House, on Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. The command includes the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to Point of Rocks, the counties of Anne Arundel, Calvert, and part of Baltimore, Carroll, Frederick, Howard, and Montgomery Counties.

Second Separate Brigade, Brevet Brigadier-General Morris, U. S. Army, commanding. Includes Forts McHenry, Marshall, Federal Hill, and Carroll.

Third Separate Brigade, Brig. Gen. H. H. Lockwood, U. S. Volunteers, commanding. This command includes Baltimore City and County, and the counties of Harford and Cecil, Havre de Grace, and the bridges at Gunpowder, Bush, and Back Rivers, on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad.

District of Delaware and Eastern Shore of Maryland, Col. J. M. Wilson, One hundred and fifty-fifth Indiana Volunteers, commanding, headquarters, Wilmington, Del. This command includes the State of Delaware and counties of the Eastern Shore of Maryland.

District of Annapolis, Col. F. D. Sewall, Veteran Reserve Corps, commanding. Includes city of Annapolis and Camp Parole.

The staff officers on duty at headquarters of each district and brigade are limited in numbers and at present are all needed, except Maj. W. H. Wiegel, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, who was originally assigned to the brigade as captain and assistant adjutant-general, and was promoted to major while serving as assistant provost-marshal of this department.

I respectfully submit this statement for the information of Lieutenant-General Grant, and will await instructions before making any changes.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

LEW. WALLACE,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, June 7, 1865.

Major-General ORD, *Commanding Department of Virginia:*

GENERAL: You will permit the agents of the Austrian Government to remove from this State any tobacco which the agents of the U. S. Treasury Department may designate as belonging to that Government. It is represented that this Austrian tobacco consists of 122 hogsheads at Richmond and 27 at Petersburg; 149 in all.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. W. HALLECK.

(Copies to Mr. Loomis and to Adjutant-General of the Army.)

FORT MONROE, VA., *June 7, 1865.*
(Received 10.30 a. m.)

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT, *Washington:*

Your dispatch concerning hospital boats received. I go to sea at 12 m. to-day.

G. WEITZEL,
Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, *June 7, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK:

I am directed by the Secretary of War to send a party to bury the dead yet unburied on the battle-fields of Spotsylvania and the Wilderness. They will disembark at Belle Plain, and will be engaged, say, two weeks.

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, June 7, 1865.

Capt. JAMES M. MOORE,
Assistant Quartermaster:

SIR: The Secretary of War directs that you report immediately to Major-General Hancock, commanding Middle Military Division, to take charge of the duty of the burial of the Union soldiers, portions of whose remains, it is reported, are lying exposed on the fields of the engagements at the Wilderness and Spotsylvania and that vicinity. Please report without delay.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JAMES A. HARDIE,
Bvt. Brig. Gen. and Inspector-General, U. S. Army.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., *June 7, 1865.*

Maj. E. B. BLUNDON,
Guyandotte, W. Va.:

I wish you to send a patrol about once in ten days as far as Logan Court-House through the country between Guyandotte and Big Sandy Rivers, to see that the country is kept quiet and arrest all disturbers of good order. The patrol must be small, so as to be easy on the people in the matter of grazing, etc. Always send good men, who will commit no irregularities. Answer.

JOHN H. OLEY,
Colonel, Commanding.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 285. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, June 7, 1865.

* * * * * * *

43. By direction of the President Bvt. Col. Edward W. Smith, lieutenant-colonel and assistant adjutant-general of the Twenty-fifth Army Corps, is hereby transferred to the staff of the Department of Virginia, to date from May 26, 1865.

* * * * * * *

115. Bvt. Col. J. C. Duane, major, Corps of Engineers, is hereby relieved from duty in the Army of the Potomac and assigned to the command of the post at Willet's Point, East River, New York Harbor, and to the superintendence of the defenses now constructing at that locality.

116. The companies of the Engineer Battalion, U. S. Army, with the exception of one company to be ordered to West Point, N. Y., and one-half company to continue at the engineer depot in this city, for

the purpose of receiving and taking charge of the engineer materials thereat, will be at once sent to Willet's Point, East River, New York Harbor. The quartermaster's department will furnish the necessary transportation.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 286.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, June 7, 1865.

* * * * * * *

3. All officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates of the Signal Corps, U. S. Army, serving in the Departments of Virginia and North Carolina, will proceed to the signal camp at Georgetown, D. C. The quartermaster's department will furnish the necessary transportation.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., June 8, 1865.

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Washington:

SIR: I respectfully call your attention to some matters relating to the Tredegar Iron Works in this city. It is understood that these works belong to a joint stock company. It is said that some of this stock belongs to loyal men in the North, but the larger part of it is owned by Joseph R. Anderson and the Archers, who are citizens of Virginia, and who took part willingly, or unwillingly, in the rebellion. These men, it is understood, have, since the surrender of Lee's army, taken the oath of allegiance to the United States, and ask to be restored to their rights, and desire to perform the duties of loyal citizens. Whether either of these stockholders—and, if any, how many—are entitled to the benefits of the amnesty proclamations of President Lincoln and President Johnson, is not for me to decide. All, however, I believe desire the benefits of the amnesty or a special pardon. A part of the machinery used in the Tredegar Iron Works belongs, I am informed, to the firm of Dilworth, Porter & Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., and they have a large claim upon the firm of Joseph R. Anderson & Co., for the use of this machinery during the war, on a contract entered into before the rebellion. These works have been operated and managed by J. R. Anderson & Co. during the war and mostly, it is believed, for the benefit, or in filling orders, of the rebel government; partly in manufacturing ordnance stores, and partly in manufacturing and repairing rolling-stock for railroads controlled at the time by that government. Mr. Anderson and other stockholders and their friends allege that this was a matter of necessity and compulsion, the company having been notified that it must execute all orders of the Confederate authorities or that that government would seize upon the works and use them exclusively for its own purposes, as was done in many other cases. How true these allegations may be I am unable to decide.

On the evacuation of Richmond by the rebels and its occupation by our troops, our military authorities took possession of these works and placed a guard over them. I found matters in this condition and everything still remains precisely as at the moment of occupation. On my arrival here it was represented to me that if these works could be put in operation by the Government employment would thus be given to a large number of mechanics and laborers, suddenly thrown upon the charity of the Government for food, to prevent actual starvation. As you are aware, the ordnance officer sent to examine these works with that view reported against putting them in operation on account of the Ordnance Department. On examining the works and hearing his views I fully concurred in his report. Since then the works have remained under a military guard and entirely idle, except for the repair of a few irons for a bridge which General Michie is constructing to replace the pontoon bridge connecting this city with Manchester, a work of military necessity. These works are considered to be very valuable, and are far the most extensive and important of any in all the Southern States. By lying idle the machinery will rapidly deteriorate, and the care of them is expensive to the Government. If put in operation they would render most valuable assistance in repairing and putting in order the rolling stock of railroads in Virginia and North Carolina. Moreover these works, if in active operation, would give employment to mechanics and laborers whose families have been thrown upon the charity of the Government. Under all the circumstances, I respectfully recommend:

I. That the chief of ordnance be directed to take possession of and to remove from the works all ordnance and ordnance stores which he may deem of value to the Government.

II. That as soon as General Michie shall have completed the repair of iron-work required for the construction of his bridge (which will require only a few days) the military authorities be relieved from the charge of these works, and that they be disposed of, temporarily, in one of the following modes: First, to turn over the possession to the company who own them, to be run by it for the benefit of whomsoever it may concern, leaving that question for the adjudication of the civil courts, and also the confiscation of the stock of any particular stockholder, who has been guilty of treason and not restored to civil rights by amnesty or special pardon. A military officer or special agent might be appointed, if deemed necessary, to superintend the accounts and books and to see that none of the material on hand be improperly disposed of, and to prevent any of the proceeds from going to stockholders whose property the Government intends to confiscate. Second, to run the works on account of, and for the benefit of, the Government till the final adjudication of the courts. By doing this I think the Government will be the loser, as in the hands of agents the expenses are likely to be more than the receipts. Third, to turn it over to Treasury agents as abandoned rebel property to be confiscated to the United States. If this be done I doubt whether the loyal or rebel owners, or the United States, will ever reap much benefit from the proceeds. Moreover, not the entire works, but only the interests of disloyal stockholders, are liable to confiscation, and any such confiscation and sale will be subject to the rights, claims, and liens of loyal creditors contracted before the war.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Indorsement.]

WAR DEPARTMENT,
June 14, 1865.

Returned to Major-General Halleck.

The Tredegar Works will be turned over to the authorities of the Treasury Department.

By order of the Secretary of War:

C. A. DANA,
Assistant Secretary of War.

RICHMOND, *June 8, 1865.*
(Received 5 p. m.)

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

Ex-Governor William Smith has sent word that he will deliver himself to General Patrick's charge this afternoon. Where shall I send him? He is over seventy years of age, and is reported to be quite feeble.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, June 8, 1865.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond:

If Mr. Smith will surrender himself you may take such measures as in view of his age and state of health you deem proper to secure his appearance at Richmond when the President requires him to answer any charge that may be brought against him. Your discretion will be satisfactory, either in respect to his close imprisonment, giving bail or parole, as you deem proper.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

RICHMOND, VA., *June 8, 1865.*
(Received 10.30 p. m.)

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

Ex-Governor Smith has surrendered himself to General Patrick. As soon as he accounts to Governor Peirpoint for all State property for which he is accountable, I propose to parole him as a prisoner of war, to confine himself to his house in Warrenton till further orders, and to report himself at Washington or Richmond to the military authorities of the United States, within five days from the time notice to that effect is left at his house in Warrenton.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 288. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, June 8, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

4. Bvt. Maj. Gen. George S. Greene, U. S. Volunteers, will report in person, without delay, to the commanding general, Department of Washington, for assignment to duty.

* * * * * * *

21. By direction of the President Capt. Loomis L. Langdon, First U. S. Artillery, is hereby assigned to duty as assistant inspector-general of the Twenty-fifth Army Corps, with the rank and pay of lieutenant-colonel, under act of July 17, 1862.

* * * * * * *

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, June 8, 1865.

Maj. Gen. A. H. TERRY, U. S. Volunteers,
New Haven, Conn.:

The Secretary of War desires to see you here. Acknowledge receipt.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 56. } HDQRS. MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION, *Washington, D. C., June 8, 1865.*

In accordance with instructions from the War Department of this date the execution of General Orders, No. 55, from these headquarters, directing the muster out of all dismounted cavalry in this command, is hereby suspended until further orders.

By command of Major-General Hancock:

E. W. CLARK, JR.,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, June 9, 1865.

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

Your telegram in regard to the surrender of Governor Smith has been received. Your action is approved.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 69. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., June 9, 1865.*

I. Brig. Gen. M. R. Patrick, U. S. Volunteers, is, at his own request, relieved from duty in this department.

II. Bvt. Maj. Gen. J. W. Turner, U. S. Volunteers, is assigned to the command of the District of Henrico, and will relieve Brig. Gen. M. R. Patrick, U. S. Volunteers.

III. Lieut. Col. Albert Ordway, Twenty-fourth Massachusetts Volunteers, is announced as provost-marshal-general of the Department of Virginia, and will relieve Brig. Gen. M. R. Patrick, U. S. Volunteers, in respect to the duties of that office.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 70. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., June 9, 1865.*

A sufficient time having elapsed since the surrender of the forces late in rebellion with the United States for all who were of such forces to procure other apparel than their uniform, it is hereby ordered that no person, after June 15, 1865, appear in public in this department wearing any insignia of rank, or military or naval service worn by officers or men of the late rebel army.

Where plain buttons cannot be procured those formerly used can be covered with cloth.

Any person violating this order will be liable to arrest.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 71. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., June 9, 1865.*

Generals commanding districts and other independent commands will direct that officers of the quartermaster's department serving in their respective districts or commands at once turn over to the duly authorized agent of the Treasury Department within their commands all confiscated or captured property which pertained to the late rebel government on hand if not required for military purposes.

For all property so turned over to the Treasury Department they will obtain receipts, and send to department headquarters a certified copy of such receipt.

By command of Major-General Ord:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, June 9, 1865.

Maj. Gen. JOHN G. PARKE,
Commanding Department of Washington:

GENERAL: Please inform these headquarters which two brigades of cavalry of the Cavalry Corps are under orders for Louisville, and the names of the commanding officers of each.

Respectfully,

JNO. A. RAWLINS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
Washington, D. C., June 9, 1865.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. JOHN A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

GENERAL: In reply to your inquiry of this date I have the honor to inform you that the two brigades of cavalry under orders for Louisville are composed as follows: First Brigade, Col. B. Porter commanding; Third Massachusetts Cavalry, Twenty-first New York Cavalry, and Fourteenth Pennsylvania Cavalry. Second Brigade, Col. A. W. Adams; First New York (Lincoln) Cavalry, First West Virginia Cavalry, Second West Virginia Cavalry, Third West Virginia Cavalry, and Sixth West Virginia Cavalry. The whole commanded by Bvt. Brig. Gen. W. B. Tibbits.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

(In the absence of Major-General Parke.)

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, June 10, 1865.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

In the new assignment of military commands the President has assigned to you the Military Division of the Pacific, embracing the Department of the Columbia and Department of California, with headquarters at San Francisco. General Ord has been assigned to the Department of the Columbia, embracing the State of Oregon and Territories of Washington and Idaho, with headquarters at Fort Vancouver. The Department of Virginia has been assigned to General Terry. The order has not yet been published, but will be issued in a few days. General Terry will proceed to Richmond to confer with you and make arrangements for entering upon his command. You and General Ord will, of course, retain your present commands until they can be turned over in proper shape to General Terry.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, June 10, 1865.

Maj. Gen. A. H. TERRY, U. S. Volunteers,
Washington, D. C.:

SIR: By direction of the President the Department of Virginia has been created, to embrace the State of Virginia excepting Fairfax County. You are hereby assigned to the command, with your headquarters at Richmond.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

(Copies to Generals Hancock, Miles, and Schofield.)

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 294. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, June 10, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

55. By direction of the President Bvt. Lieut. Col. Adam E. King, major and assistant adjutant-general U. S. Volunteers, is hereby assigned to duty as assistant adjutant-general of the First Army Corps, with the rank and pay of lieutenant-colonel, under act of July 17, 1862.

* * * * * * *

100. By direction of the President Maj. Adrian Terry, assistant adjutant-general U. S. Volunteers, is hereby relieved from duty as assistant adjutant-general of the Tenth Army Corps, with rank and pay of lieutenant-colonel, under act July 17, 1862, and will report in person without delay to Major-General Terry, commanding Department of Virginia, for duty.

101. Maj. C. H. Graves, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, is hereby relieved from duty with the Tenth Army Corps, and will report to Major-General Terry, U. S. Volunteers, commanding Department of Virginia.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 296. } HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, June 10, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

6. The First Brigade of cavalry, Col. B. Porter commanding, which was ordered by Maj. Gen. C. C. Augur, commanding Department of Washington, in pursuance of paragraph 8, Special Orders, No. 276, Adjutant-General's Office, of date 3d instant, to proceed to Louisville, Ky., and there report to Major-General Logan, commanding Army of the Tennessee, will, with its arms, horses, and equipments, proceed direct and without delay to Saint Louis, Mo., and there report to Major-General Pope, commanding Military Division of the Mississippi. The quartermaster's department will furnish the necessary transportation.

* * * * * * *

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CIRCULAR.] HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS, *Review Ground, Richmond, Va., June 10, 1865.*

SOLDIERS OF THE TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS:

This is probably the last occasion upon which you, as a corps, will be assembled. Many of you are about to re-enter civil life to resume those domestic duties which by your great service in the great cause of the country have been neglected. Before we separate I desire to thank you in the name of a grateful country for the service you have rendered

her. By your discipline, long marches, and hard fighting you have established for yourself a name second to none in the Army. Your badge has become an emblem of energy, valor, and patriotism, and is a source of just pride to all who wear it. Those of you who are entering civil life should still wear it on all occasions as an evidence to your brothers who remain in service of your pride as a badge made sacred by the blood of so many brave men, and your disposition, should your country ever again call you to arms, to again assemble under that proud emblem and revive the glory of the Twenty-fourth Corps. To our comrades who are leaving the service we pledge a kind farewell and wish that their career in civil life may be as successful and prosperous as their military life has been alike honorable to themselves and beneficial to their country.

JOHN GIBBON,
Major General of Volunteers, Commanding Corps.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
Washington, D. C., June 10, 1865.

It is announced for the information of all concerned that the headquarters of the Middle Military Division and First Army Corps have been removed and established at 385 Twenty-first street, near F.

By command of Major-General Hancock:

E. W. CLARK, JR.,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
Washington, D. C., June 10, 1865.

Brig. Gen. J. P. SLOUGH,
Commanding District of Alexandria:

GENERAL: Please inform General Davies, commanding Cavalry Corps, that orders from the War Department have changed the destination of Porter's brigade of cavalry, heretofore ordered to Louisville, Ky., and that it will instead move to Saint Louis, Mo., reporting to Major-General Pope. Orders will be sent in the morning. Let him know this to-night.

Very respectfully,

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 112. } FIELD HDQRS. FIRST DIVISION, NINTH ARMY CORPS, *Near Delaney's House, June 11, 1865.*

I. During the temporary absence of Bvt. Col. Ralph Ely, Col. William H. Telford, Fiftieth Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers, will assume command of the Second Brigade of this division. He will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

By command of Bvt. Brig. Gen. N. B. McLaughlen:

ROBERT A. HUTCHINS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WEST VIRGINIA,
Cumberland, Md., June 11, 1865.

Lieut. Col. A. J. GREENFIELD,
Commanding, Moorefield:

COLONEL: The following instructions are communicated, by direction of the general commanding, for your guidance while stationed at Moorefield. The military force at interior points is expected to assist in the enforcement of the laws and the preservation of good order in the community. To this end the highest discipline in the command will be maintained. The rights of persons and property will be respected, and every aid and facility given to the reorganization of the civil courts, and to the enforcement of the mandates issuing therefrom after they are in working order. Questions that properly belong to the civil authorities will be left, as far as may be, to their decision, and these include controversies between citizens as to claims for personal property, whether such claims are alleged to have accrued while one or both of the parties were in the military service of the so-called Confederate States, or otherwise. On the other hand, matters which appear to you to have a purely military signification and effect, as where a military offense only is alleged and charged, or where the faith of the Government seems to have been pledged for the protection of persons and property, and interference therewith is intended or threatened, will be referred to these headquarters, through the division commander, for specific instructions and decision. Should it come to your knowledge that arms or other property used at any time against the Government are kept and concealed within your jurisdiction by citizens or others, you are directed to seize and take them into your possession for transfer to the proper officers. You will report your arrival at Moorefield, and from time to time the situation of affairs in the Valley, the disposition of the citizens toward the troops and the civil authorities, and generally all matters which affect or grow out of the proposed restoration of civil power. An early report will state whether steps have been taken by the citizens or State authorities to organize the courts, &c.; and, if so, the names of the judges and other county officers elected or appointed will be submitted.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

TH. MELVIN,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
OFFICE OF CHIEF ENGINEER, &C.,
Washington, June 12, 1865.

Bvt. Maj. Gen. J. A. RAWLINS,
Chief of Staff:

GENERAL: By Special Orders, No. 288, War Department, Adjutant-General's Office, I am directed to report for duty to the Chief Engineer, U. S. Army. Under actual orders from the lieutenant-general I am actively engaged in superintending surveys of the defenses of Richmond and Petersburg and of the battle fields connected therewith. This duty will not be completed for several weeks. Before leaving for the West the lieutenant-general left a memorandum for orders to be issued to me on my return from Richmond, to report on the organization, equipment, &c., of engineer troops for service in this country; upon the most suitable kinds, forms, and construction of engineer material, and

upon the use of field fortifications, as the experience of the war has taught. This report, adequately executed, will require at least six months of hard labor, and in an engineering point of view, or in its relations to the general military service hereafter, is second in importance to no engineering duty that could be assigned me.

I am, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

J. G. BARNARD,
Bvt. Maj. Gen. and Chief Engineer of Armies Operating in the Field.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 297. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, June 12, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

10. Brig. Gen. H. A. Barnum, U. S. Volunteers, will report to the commanding general, Department of Washington, for assignment to duty.

* * * * * * *

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 10. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., June 12, 1865.*

I. The jurisdiction of the court of conciliation in the city of Richmond is hereby extended over the counties of Henrico and Chesterfield. This court will take cognizance of and arbitrate all cases which may be brought before it in regard to the possession of real or personal property, and all cases arising upon alleged breaches of contract, where the contract was made, or any of the defendants may reside, in the city of Richmond or counties of Henrico or Chesterfield.

II. The court is hereby authorized to make such restraining orders as may be deemed requisite for the protection or preservation of any property which may be the subject of litigation in said court.

III. The military authorities in the city of Richmond and counties of Henrico and Chesterfield will refer to this court all questions which come properly within its jurisdiction, and will, whenever required, give the officer of the court such assistance as may be necessary to enforce the orders of the court.

By order of Major-General Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 34. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *June 12, 1865.*

The following telegram from the War Department is published for general information:

WASHINGTON, *June 10, 1865.*

COMMANDING GENERAL, ARMY OF THE POTOMAC:

Under General Orders, No. 101, May 30, current year, from this office, soldiers honorably mustered out who desire to do so are authorized to retain their arms and accouterments on paying therefor their value. To this end soldiers who desire to

take advantage of the said order must signify their intention before leaving the field, so that the prices may be entered and charged on their muster-out rolls. The prices fixed by the Ordnance Department are as follows: Muskets, all kinds, with or without accouterments, $6; Spencer carbines, with or without accouterments, $10; all other carbines and revolvers, $8. Sabers, swords, with or without belts, $3. Please promulgate this for the guidance of commissaries of musters and all others concerned.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 114. } HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION, TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS, *Near Richmond, Va., June 12, 1865.*

Bvt. Brig. Gen. G. B. Dandy, U. S. Volunteers, having reported for duty, will at once assume command of the Third Brigade, relieving Col. E. S. Greeley, Tenth Connecticut Volunteers.

By command of Brig. Gen. Thomas O. Osborn:

P. A. DAVIS,
Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. DEPT. OF WASHINGTON, 22D ARMY CORPS,
OFFICE CHIEF OF ARTILLERY,
Washington, D. C., June 12, 1865.

Col. J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff:

COLONEL: As all the troops garrisoning the work around Washington, except a part of the First Wisconsin and Third Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, have been or soon will be mustered out of the service, I respectfully recommend that application be made for the following regiments to replace them, viz: First Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Second Connecticut Heavy Artillery, Second New York Heavy Artillery, Sixth New York Heavy Artillery, Fourth New York Heavy Artillery, Fourteenth New York Heavy Artillery.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. A. HASKIN,
Brigadier-General of Volunteers and Chief of Artillery.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
June 12, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to the headquarters Middle Military Division, approved and recommended.

JNO. G. PARKE,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
Washington, D. C., June 13, 1865.

Approved and recommended.

These regiments, with one exception, have been stationed in the forts around Washington, and were enlisted, I believe, with a special view to such service, and there are accommodations for them in the forts which do not exist elsewhere in the vicinity.

Respectfully,

WINF'D S. HANCOCK,
Major-General, U. S. Volunteers.

[Third indorsement.]

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
June 13, 1865.

Respectfully submitted to the headquarters Armies of the United States.

THOMAS M. VINCENT,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

[Fourth indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
June 13, 1865.

Respectfully returned to Maj. Gen. W. S. Hancock, commanding Middle Military Division.

The following-named regiments have been ordered to report to you for garrison duty in the defenses of Washington, viz: Second, Fourth, and Ninth New York, First Massachusetts, and Second Connecticut Regiments Heavy Artillery. Your own orders to the Fourteenth New York Heavy Artillery are all that will be required, as it is already within your command.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

JNO. A. RAWLINS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Staff.

HDQRS. DIST. OF ALEXANDRIA AND NINTH ARMY CORPS,
Alexandria, Va., June 12, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. WILLIAM GAMBLE,
Commanding, Fairfax Court-House:

You will send a squadron of the Eighth Regiment Illinois Cavalry to scout the country in the vicinity of Aldie to break up bands of marauders and guerrillas, and to ascertain the names of, and arrest, if possible, the persons concerned in the recent murders of Union people in that neighborhood. Please acknowledge receipt and notify when the party will start.

By command of Brigadier-General Slough:

JNO. D. BERTOLETTE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, *June 13, 1865.*

Lieut. Gen. U. S. GRANT,
Commanding Armies of the United States:

GENERAL: Upon reading the President's proclamation of the 29th ultimo, I came to Richmond to ascertain what was proper or required of

me to do, when I learned that with others I was to be indicted for treason by the grand jury at Norfolk. I had supposed that the officers and men of the Army of Northern Virginia were, by the terms of their surrender, protected by the United States Government from molestation so long as they conformed to its conditions. I am ready to meet any charges that may be preferred against me. I do not wish to avoid trial, but if I am correct as to the protection granted by my parole, and am not to be prosecuted, I desire to comply with the provisions of the President's proclamation, and therefore inclose the required application, which I request in that event may be acted on.*

I am, with great respect, your obedient servant,

R. E. LEE.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
June 16, 1865.

In my opinion the officers and men paroled at Appomattox Court-House, and since, upon the same terms given to Lee, cannot be tried for treason so long as they observe the terms of their parole. This is my understanding. Good faith, as well as true policy, dictates that we should observe the conditions of that convention. Bad faith on the part of the Government, or a construction of that convention subjecting officers to trial for treason, would produce a feeling of insecurity in the minds of all the paroled officers and men. If so disposed they might even regard such an infraction of terms by the Government as an entire release from all obligations on their part. I will state further that the terms granted by me met with the hearty approval of the President at the time, and of the country generally. The action of Judge Underwood, in Norfolk, has already had an injurious effect, and I would ask that he be ordered to quash all indictments found against paroled prisoners of war, and to desist from further prosecution of them.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., June 13, 1865.

Major-General HALLECK,
Richmond, Va.:

The Secretary of War directs the immediate arrest of L. B. Northrop, rebel commissary-general of subsistence. Is he in Richmond?

THOS. T. ECKERT,
Acting Assistant Secretary of War.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 300. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, June 13, 1865.

* * * * * * *

45. The following engineer officers are hereby relieved from their present duties and assigned to duty under the Engineer Department, with station at the place set opposite their respective names: Maj.

*The application was forwarded by General Grant to the President—see last paragraph of Grant to Lee, June 20, p. 1287.

Charles S. Stewart (brevet lieutenant-colonel, U. S. Army), at Old Point Comfort, Va.; Capt. Henry L. Abbot (brevet brigadier-general, U. S. Volunteers), to the command of the Engineer Battalion, at Willet's Point, N. Y.; First Lieut. A. Stickney (brevet major, U. S. Army), as assistant to the officer in charge at Fort Winthrop, Mass.; First Lieut. A. Mackenzie, Corps of Engineers, as assistant to the officer in charge of Fort Washington, Md.; First Lieut. C. J. Allen, Corps of Engineers, as assistant to the officer in charge at Fort Warren, Mass.

* * * * * * *

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 60. } HDQRS. MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION, *Washington, D. C., June 13, 1865.*

Lieut. Col. A. E. King, U. S. Volunteers, assistant adjutant-general, First Army Corps, is hereby announced as assistant adjutant-general of the Middle Military Division.

By command of Major-General Hancock:

E. W. CLARK, JR.,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 83. } HDQRS. DEPT. OF WASHINGTON, TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS, *June 13, 1865.*

Lieut. Col. A. E. King, assistant adjutant-general, U. S. Volunteers, having been assigned as the assistant adjutant-general of First Army Corps, is hereby relieved from duty in this department, and will report in person to the commanding officer of that corps.

The major-general commanding regrets the loss of his valuable services, while congratulating Lieutenant-Colonel King on his well-merited promotion.

By command of Major-General Parke:

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, *June 14, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Washington:

General Terry has relieved General Ord and I have directed the latter to report to Adjutant-General for orders. I wish to arrange my affairs in Washington when relieved from duty here.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 304. } HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, June 14, 1865.*

1. One company of the Engineer Battalion, U. S. Army, will be at once sent to West Point, N. Y., to report to the Superintendent of the

U. S. Military Academy at that place. The quartermaster's department will furnish the necessary transportation.

2. The following regiment will at once report to Major-General Hancock, commanding Middle Military Division, for garrison duty in the defenses of Washington: First Massachusetts Heavy Artillery.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 27. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., June 14, 1865.*

I. Major-General Ord having been relieved from the command of the Department of Virginia, will report in person to the Adjutant-General in Washington for orders.

By order of Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 72. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, *Richmond, Va., June 14, 1865.*

In obedience to orders from the War Department, Maj. Gen. A. H. Terry hereby assumes command of the Department of Virginia.

By command of Major-General Terry:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
June 14, 1865.

Col. J. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff:

COLONEL: Will you please send to General Bartlett to report to General Hardie at the War Department at once. The general wishes me to say that the Secretary of War does not wish any troops encamped on Fourteenth street this side of Piney Branch.

Respectfully, yours,

C. H. MORGAN,
Brigadier-General, &c.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *June 15, 1865.*

Major-General HALLECK:

Please let me know when you desire to be relieved from duty at Richmond. You can then come to Washington to make such arrangements as you desire.

E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

RICHMOND, VA., *June 15, 1865.*

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Washington:

Having received your order of assignment of the 10th instant, I am ready to turn over this command at any moment, but do not object to remain here so long as the Government may desire. Everything is quiet and satisfactory. General Terry is in command of Department of Virginia and General Ord left this morning. To whom shall Generals Terry and Schofield report when I give up the command?

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 113. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, June 15, 1865.*

Order in relation to sale of unserviceable quartermaster's property.

I. Chief quartermasters of military departments, the chief of the inspection division, and the regularly assigned inspectors of the Quartermaster's Department, will immediately cause to be made and forwarded to the Quartermaster-General invoices of such articles of clothing, camp and garrison equipage, and quartermaster's stores, as, on personal inspection, they may find unserviceable or worthless to the Government; and also of such articles as it would be more economical to the Government to sell than to ship to other points. The latter invoices will be separate from the former. The sale of the property embraced in these invoices having been approved by the Quartermaster-General they will be submitted to the Secretary of War for his orders. All proceedings subsequent to any order of sale that may be given will be conducted according to the regulations by due advertisement, &c.

II. No sale of public buildings, barracks, quarters, stables, &c., will be made except on an order of the Quartermaster-General, approved by the Secretary of War, indorsed upon a report to be made in each case in the usual form.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 114. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, June 15, 1865.*

Soldiers honorably discharged will be permitted to retain, without charge, their knapsacks, haversacks, and canteens.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS PROVOST-MARSHAL,
Amelia Court-House, June 15, 1865.

I have the honor to report that according to instructions I sent a portion of this command to examine into the condition of the dead on the different battle-fields mentioned. The officer in command reports

having buried five Federal soldiers on Foster's plantation, two of which had lain on the field since the battle. Found seventeen bodies at Sailor's Creek (ten of which were Confederate) that the recent heavy rains had washed the covering from. These were reburied; also one found near Amelia Springs. Diligent search was made at Appomattox Court-House, but found no bodies uncovered.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

S. R. CLARK,
Brevet Colonel and Provost-Marshal, Amelia Co., Va.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF THE NOTTOWAY,
Petersburg, Va., June 19, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded.
Attention invited to inclosed report.

GEO. L. HARTSUFF,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
Richmond, Va., June 20, 1865.

Respectfully returned to headquarters Military Division of the James and attention invited to inclosed report.

ALFRED H. TERRY,
Major-General, Commanding.

[Third indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
June 22, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to headquarters Armies of the United States.
For Major-General Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS,
June 15, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Hdqrs. Army of the Potomac:

COLONEL: I have had the honor several times to present the name of Col. and Bvt. Brig. Gen. W. H. Penrose for promotion to the rank of brigadier-general of volunteers, but thus far those recommendations have not been favorably acted upon. General Penrose, at my urgent instance and as an act of absolute necessity to insure the proper handling of the troops, was placed in command of the New Jersey brigade of this corps during the sanguinary battles near Spotsylvania Court-House, in May of last year, and has continued in command thereof to the present time, with the exception of some three months when he was absent in consequence of a severe wound received in the battle of Cedar Creek, on the 19th of October last. Many worse appointments have been made, and few more deserved, and I would ask, in justice to a most meritorious officer, that he be promoted to the rank of full brigadier-general of volunteers, the brevet of which he now holds, dating from the battle of Cedar Creek, on the 19th of October, 1864.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, *June 15, 1865.*

Maj. Gen. W. S. HANCOCK:

From the cavalry of your military division, including the Cavalry Corps, you will select the force you actually require and have it posted according to the requirements of your command. Such of it as is not required for duty in your military division order to report without delay to Major General Crook, commanding Cavalry Corps, who will immediately consolidate and muster out of the service such of them as come within orders already issued or that may be issued for the consolidation and muster out of cavalry.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 85.

HDQRS. DEPT. OF WASHINGTON,
TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS,
June 15, 1865.

Capt. R. Chandler, assistant adjutant general, U. S. Volunteers, is hereby assigned to duty as assistant adjutant-general at these headquarters. He will be obeyed accordingly.

By command of Major-General Parke:

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON,
OFFICE OF ACTING ASSISTANT INSPECTOR-GENERAL,
June 15, 1865.

Bvt. Col. J. FORD KENT,
Assistant Inspector-General, Department of Washington:

COLONEL: In compliance with your order of this date I have the honor to report that the following regiments of Dwight's division have up to the present date left this command: Fifteenth Maine Volunteers, Twenty-ninth Maine Volunteers, First Battalion Maine Volunteers, Thirtieth Massachusetts Volunteers, One hundred and fifty-third New York Volunteers, Forty-seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, Thirtieth Maine Volunteers, Twelfth Connecticut Volunteers, and Twenty-sixth Massachusetts Volunteers, comprising a total of 258 commissioned officers and 5,426 enlisted men. There yet remain to be shipped four regiments, with the headquarters of the division and Third Brigade, comprising a total of 95 commissioned officers and 1,343 enlisted men. Of the departure of the remaining regiments I shall keep you advised.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant.

WM. H. LAMBERT,
Captain Thirty-third New Jersey Vols. and Actg. Asst. Insp. Gen.

JUNE 16, 1865.

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

I have the honor to present for your consideration the accompanying recommendations for the promotion to the rank of brigadier-general by

brevet: Col. E. G. Marshall, Fourteenth New York Heavy Artillery, and Col. J. N. G. Whistler, Second New York Heavy Artillery. The claims of these officers have not been before presented, and I hope they will receive the recognition and reward they justly merit.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *June 16, 1865—1.30 p. m.*

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

In obedience to your verbal instructions to report directly to you what, in my judgment, is most necessary to be done in this department, and what I propose to do, I respectfully report that, in my opinion, the first and most necessary step to remedy existing evils is to establish definitely and authoritatively the status of the freedmen. For this purpose I propose to issue the following order. I respectfully solicit your approval or disapproval of it:

People of color will henceforth enjoy the same personal liberty which other citizens and inhabitants enjoy; they will be subjected to the same restraint and same punishments for crime that are imposed on whites, and no others. Vagrancy, however, will not be permitted. Neither whites nor blacks can be allowed to abandon their proper employment, to desert their families, or roam in idleness about this department; but neither whites nor blacks will be restrained from seeking employment elsewhere when it cannot be obtained with just compensation at their homes, nor from traveling from place to place on proper and legitimate business. Until the civil courts are re-established the administration of criminal justice must necessarily be by military courts. Before such courts the evidence of colored persons will be received in all cases.

ALFRED H. TERRY,
Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 74. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, *Richmond, Va., June 16, 1865.*

General Orders, No. 72, from these headquarters, dated June 14, 1865, is amended to read as follows:

By direction of the President of the United States Maj. Gen. A. H. Terry hereby assumes command of the Department of Virginia.

By command of Major-General Terry:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 75. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, *Richmond, Va., June 16, 1865.*

The following order from the War Department is promulgated for the information and guidance of all concerned:

General Orders, No. 60, current series, from these headquarters, is revoked so far as it is inconsistent therewith.

Brigadier-General Mackenzie and Bvt. Brig. Gen. H. L. Abbot, commanding separate brigades, will be considered as independent commanders in the meaning of the order from the War Department, and will appoint boards, as therein required, for their respective commands.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 86. } WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, May 9, 1865.*

Lists to be made of volunteer officers.

For the information of the War Department, lists will at once be prepared and forwarded of all officers in the volunteer service, made out separately for each arm of the service and each branch of the staff, showing the relative merit of the officers in their regiments or departments, as determined by boards of officers, to be appointed for the purpose by corps and other independent commanders. The reports of the boards will include the names of all officers belonging to a particular command, whether present or absent; and in the cases of the absent officers the reports will be based upon the best information attainable. The reports will also state what officers, in the opinion of the boards, should be discharged.

These lists will be forwarded through the prescribed channel, and the several commanders through whom they may be transmitted will indorse thereon their recommendations, based on their own knowledge of the character of the officers.

The lists will specify the rank and arm for which the officer is deemed competent, and whether he desires to remain in the military service. For all officers below the grade of colonel these lists will be consolidated and arranged by brigade, division, and corps commanders (or independent commands of less than a corps), so as to include all officers in the corps.

The lists of colonels, generals, and staff officers will also be consolidated at army or department and military division headquarters.

In addition to the lists thus furnished through the ordinary military channels, the chiefs of staff departments at Washington will at once obtain from their subordinates similar lists, conveniently consolidated, and forward them to this Department.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

By command of Major-General Terry:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, June 17, 1865.

Major-General TERRY,
Commanding, &c., Richmond:

Your proposed order, as far as it goes, is approved by this Department and by the President, but I think it does not quite reach the evil, and therefore will prepare some additional points to be added before it is issued. The Richmond Times states that a meeting of leading and influential citizens of District No. 1, Amherst County, on the subject of negro wages, fixed $5 a month as the rate, the laborer to clothe himself, pay doctor's bills and taxes, and also adopted certain other measures set forth in the Times article. This is the phase of disease that requires attention, and instructions will be given you how to treat it. In the meantime ascertain immediately and report on the following points: First, the names of the persons who attended the meeting, the time and place where it was held; second, the quantity and value of tillable land owned by each person that attended the meeting; third, the names of such of the meeting as have taken the amnesty oath, and the date, and before whom it was taken; fourth, the quantity and estimated value of the cultivated or tillable land in Amherst County and in District No. 1, of the county; fifth, the number of white and also the number of black population in said county and district; sixth, the average ratio of tillable land to each white and each black inhabitant. Furnish this information, or so much as can be had, quick as possible.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 76. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, *Richmond, Va., June 17, 1865.*

The following-named officers are announced on the personal staff of Bvt. Maj. Gen. N. M. Curtis, chief of staff, Department of Virginia, and assigned to duty at these headquarters. They will be obeyed and respected accordingly: First Lieut. Adjt. D. A. Nevins, One hundred and sixty-ninth New York Infantry, aide-de-camp; First Lieut. Adjt. D. Beebe, Third New York Infantry, aide-de-camp.

By command of Major-General Terry:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

BALTIMORE, MD., *June 17, 1865—3 p. m.*
(Received 4.40 p. m.)

Col. A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Hdqrs. Middle Military Division:

Telegram of 16th instant received. The cavalry in this command number 29 officers and 517 men. Smith's Independent Company Maryland Cavalry, now stationed at Salisbury, might be mustered out of the service without detriment, provided the general commanding can send me a detachment, better disciplined, to take their place at Salisbury. The state of public feeling on the Eastern Shore requires a force in hand at a convenient post. There is still in these counties great exasperation excited by the return of rebel citizens and soldiers. The rest of my cavalry command (total present and absent, 414) I do not regard as sufficient to perform the duty required of them. The commanding general will readily understand what force is required to patrol Baltimore, especially should there be any excitement or trouble between soldiers, of whom thousands are constantly passing through, and guard the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to the Monocacy River. Instead of reducing the cavalry in my department, it is my judgment that a couple of squadrons additional would be beneficial.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

In the absence of the major-general commanding:

GEO. H. HOOKER,
Major and Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 47. } HEADQUARTERS NINTH ARMY CORPS, *Alexandria, Va., June 17, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

6. Brig. Gen. William F. Bartlett, U. S. Volunteers, having reported at these headquarters, pursuant to paragraph 3, Special Orders 283, current series, Headquarters of the Army, is hereby assigned to the permanent command of the Second Brigade, First Division, Ninth Army Corps, and during the absence of Brevet Major-General Willcox, commanding Ninth Army Corps, will assume temporary command of the First Division, relieving Bvt. Brig. Gen. N. B. McLaughlen, U. S. Volunteers.

7. Bvt. Brig. Gen. N. B. McLaughlen, U. S. Volunteers, upon being relieved of the command of the First Division by Brig. Gen. William F. Bartlett, U. S. Volunteers, will reassume command of the Third Brigade, First Division.

By command of Bvt. Maj. Gen. O. B. Willcox:

JNO. D. BERTOLETTE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, June 17, 1865.

COMMANDING OFFICER,
Parkersburg, W. Va.:

The First, Second, and Third Regiments, West Virginia Cavalry, left Washington this afternoon for the West. Stop them at Parkersburg and put them into camp there until further orders.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
June 18, 1865.

Brevet Major-General EMORY,
Commanding Department of West Virginia, Cumberland:

I am directed to inform you that General Duval's command arrived at Winchester on the 17th en route to Cumberland. Please advise these headquarters as soon as it arrives, as it is desired to break up the Provisional Division which it represents and assign it as a brigade to one of your divisions. When can you send the battalion of infantry to General Brooke which you had some time since? You can send this information when you notify us of the arrival of Duval's command.

A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION,
June 18, 1865.

Brevet Major-General EMORY,
Cumberland, Md.:

Three regiments of cavalry will be kept at Winchester—the Fifth and Twenty-second New York and Twelfth Pennsylvania. I mention this for your government, as it is presumed that the Army of the Shenandoah will be embraced in that command. It is now within its geographical limits, I find.

W. S. HANCOCK,
Major-General, Commanding.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 315. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, June 19, 1865.

* * * * * * *

42. Col. George W. Bradley, captain and assistant quartermaster, U. S. Volunteers, is relieved from duty as depot quartermaster at City Point, Va., and is hereby assigned to duty as chief quartermaster of the Department of Pennsylvania. He will report in person without delay to the commanding general, Department of Pennsylvania.

43. Col. John B. Howard, captain and assistant quartermaster, U. S. Volunteers, is hereby relieved from duty with the Army of the James, and will report in person without delay to the Quartermaster-General for assignment to duty in the Sixth Division, Quartermaster-General's Office.

* * * * * * *

59. First. Upon the recommendatian of the chief engineer, dated May 6, 1865, approved by the lieutenant-general, the major-general commanding the Department of Washington will at once give orders for the dismantling of the field-works, &c., constructed for the defense of Washington, with the following exceptions: North of the Potomac—Fort Carroll, Fort Stanton, Fort Baker, Fort Mahan, Fort Lincoln, Fort Totten, Fort Slocum, Fort Stevens, Fort Reno, and Fort Sumner; south of the Potomac—Fort Lyon and three redoubts, Fort Ellsworth, Fort Worth, Fort Ward, Fort Richardson, Fort McPherson, Fort Whipple, Fort Morton, Fort C. F. Smith, and Fort Ethan Allen; also the two river forts, Fort Foote and Battery Rodgers.

Second. He will see that the forts above named are properly armed, making such changes in their present armaments as may be required by the interests of the service.

Third. He will also see that the stores not required for those forts are properly stored and cared for, using temporarily such of the dismantled forts as may be required for those stores which cannot be properly cared for by the staff departments.

Fourth. Until Fort McPherson is so far completed as to be ready for its armament and garrison Forts Tillinghast and Craig, immediately in front of this position, will be maintained.

Fifth. The ground occupied by the defenses to be abandoned will be restored to their proprietors of loyal character, endeavors being first made to liquidate all claims for occupation and damage of every kind by transferring to them all the right and title to the buildings and fixtures of timber on the bombproofs, magazines, and stockades erected thereon. In the event that such arrangement is not made to liquidate the claims in full the buildings will be torn down and material transported to and used for construction of permanent defenses elsewhere, or sold, as may be found most advantageous. A sufficient guard will be, meantime, kept to protect the property from fire and injury.

* * * * * * *

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 317.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, June 19, 1865.

* * * * * * *

7. Brig. Gen. W. Hays, U. S. Volunteers, is hereby relieved from duty with the Army of the Potomac, and will report to Brevet Major-General Hunt, chief of artillery, for duty.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, June 20, 1865.

General R. E. LEE,
Richmond, Va.:

Your communications of date of the 13th instant, stating the steps you had taken after reading the President's proclamation of the 29th ultimo.

with a view of complying with its provisions when you learned that, with others, you were to be indicted for treason by the grand jury at Norfolk; that you had supposed the officers and men of the Army of Northern Virginia were by the terms of their surrender protected by the United States Government from molestation so long as they conformed to its conditions; that you were ready to meet any charges that might be preferred against you, and did not wish to avoid trial, but that if you were correct as to the protection granted by your parole, and were not to be prosecuted, you desired to avail yourself of the President's amnesty proclamation, and inclosing an application therefor, with the request that in that event it be acted on, has been received and forwarded to the Secretary of War, with the following opinion indorsed thereon by me:

In my opinion the officers and men paroled at Appomattox Court-House, and since, upon the same terms given to Lee, cannot be tried for treason so long as they observe the terms of their parole. This is my understanding. Good faith, as well as true policy, dictates that we should observe the conditions of that convention. Bad faith on the part of the Government, or a construction of that convention subjecting the officers to trial for treason, would produce a feeling of insecurity in the minds of all the paroled officers and men. If so disposed they might even regard such an infraction of terms by the Government as an entire release from all obligations on their part. I will state further that the terms granted by me met with the hearty approval of the President at the time, and of the country generally. The action of Judge Underwood, in Norfolk, has already had an injurious effect, and I would ask that he be ordered to quash all indictments found against paroled prisoners of war, and to desist from the further prosecution of them.

This opinion, I am informed, is substantially the same as that entertained by the Government. I have forwarded your application for amnesty and pardon to the President, with the following indorsement thereon:

Respectfully forwarded through the Secretary of War to the President, with the earnest recommedation that this application of General R. E. Lee for amnesty and pardon may be granted him. The oath of allegiance required by recent order of the President to accompany applications does not accompany this for the reason, as I am informed by General Ord, the order requiring it had not reached Richmond when this was forwarded.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
Richmond, Va., June 20, 1865.

Brig. Gen. J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

GENERAL: I respectfully request that Brig. Gen. Joseph R. Hawley, U. S. Volunteers, who is now stationed at Wilmington, in the Department of North Carolina, may be ordered to report to me for duty in this department. This request is made with the consent of Major-General Schofield. Should General Hawley be ordered to report to me, I should assign him to duty as chief of staff of the department, for which his great experience in civil affairs peculiarly fits him at the present time. I also request that General Hawley may be permitted to bring with him Capt. E. Lewis Moore, assistant adjutant general, now acting on his staff.

I have the honor to be, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

ALFRED H. TERRY,
Major-General.

[Indorsement.]

JUNE 20, 1865.

Approved.
Telegraph order to General Schofield.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 29. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., June 20, 1865*

I. Brig. Gen. Joseph R. Hawley, U. S. Volunteers, and Capt. E. Lewis Moore, assistant adjutant-general, are relieved from duty in the Department of North Carolina, and will report to Maj. Gen. A. H. Terry, commanding Department of Virginia, for assignment and orders.

By order of Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF THE NOTTOWAY,
Petersburg, Va., June 20, 1865.

General N. M. CURTIS,
Chief of Staff, Department of Virginia:

GENERAL: For the information of the major-general commanding, I have the honor to state that directions have been given to carry out in Dinwiddie and Brunswick Counties the requirements of the Secretary of War respecting Amherst County. I did not know, until I saw a report of the proceedings in Dinwiddie County, that any meeting had been held in Brunswick. These meetings can practically work no injury to colored people within the limits of my command, because all my officers are instructed to look properly and carefully to their interests in the agreements between employer and employed, and I have every reason to believe those interests are attended to. No fixed rate of wages is adhered to. My orders are that the amount paid shall be fair and reasonable, to be determined by the circumstances in each case. No complaints come from or concerning them on that ground, and there are those who would make complaint promptly provided any cause existed. In most instances, and almost invariably in the cases where the former master hires his former slave, a greater or less number of the relations of the employé who are nonproductive are kept and provided for by the employer. The compensation of the employé is required to be such as will enable him to clothe himself properly and to meet such other expenses as are absolutely necessary. It is considered that this as a beginning is all that can be expected of and by either party, and while, as stated, no complaints are made on the part of the colored people, the whites often complain of the breaking of his contract by the negro, and request with much justice that he should be compelled to fulfill his part of the contract. Everything is being done to secure the rights of both parties and no meetings or resolutions of either shall be permitted to be prejudicial to the other if it can be prevented. The information required will be forwarded as soon as obtained.

I am, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. L. HARTSUFF,
Major-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 11. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES, *Richmond Va., June 21, 1865.*

I. All persons, as Quakers, Nazarenes, and others, who have religious scruples against taking the ordinary oath are permitted in place of swearing to solemnly affirm. Such affirmation is as binding as an oath both in law and upon the conscience. All officers, civil and military, in enforcing the provisions of General Orders, No. 4, of April 28, current series, will only require the affirmation from persons who are unwilling from religious scruples to take a formal oath.

II. Special applications on this subject to these headquarters will no longer be acted on.

By order of Major-General Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 130. } HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS, *June 21, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

2. Bvt. Brig. Gen. O. Edwards, colonel Thirty-seventh Massachusetts Volunteers, is relieved from the command of the Third Brigade, First Division, and will proceed to join his regiment at Gallop's Island, Boston Harbor, Massachusetts. The quartermaster's department will furnish the necessary transportation.

* * * * * * *

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 90. } HDQRS. FIRST DIVISION, SIXTH CORPS, *June 21, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

II. Bvt. Maj. William McElhaney, Fourth Regiment New Jersey Volunteers, is hereby announced as acting inspector-general of this division. He will relieve Lieut. Col. R. P. Lincoln, Thirty-seventh Massachusetts Volunteers, in the duties of that department, Lieutenant-Colonel Lincoln having been ordered to the command of the Twentieth Massachusetts Volunteers in the Second Corps.

* * * * * * *

By command of Brevet Major-General Wheaton:

GEO. CLENDENIN, JR.,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CONFIDENTIAL CIRCULAR.] WASHINGTON, *June 22, 1865.*

All department commanders commanding in States where martial law prevails will immediately put detectives upon the watch for gambling houses, especially faro banks, and at the appropriate time make a descent upon them all simultaneously, arresting all disbursing officers of the Government who may be found gambling in them or visitants therein at the time, and who, it can be proven, had previously gambled at such places. The gambling institutions will be completely broken up, and their money and stock confiscated, and the owners or proprie-

tors of such gambling institutions be made to disgorge and refund all money they have won from United States disbursing officers. The officer so taken will be imprisoned and tried immediately.

The same proceeding will be taken by department commanders in the North, within their respective commands in the cities where disbursing officers may be located, except that instead of confiscating the money and stock of the gambling establishments, or compelling, by military action, the owners and proprietors of the same to disgorge or refund any moneys they may have won from disbursing officers of the Government, they will be immediately reported to the civil authorities for their action.

This will be kept strictly confidential except so far as it may be necessary to communicate it to those who are to carry it into execution.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 22, 1865.

COMMANDING OFFICER SECOND CORPS:

The commanding general directs me to say that, as existing orders for discharge of troops will reduce each corps of this army to the organization of a division, he desires you to nominate the general officers of your command most entitled to and best fitted for assignment to command of such division and the several brigades of which it will be composed. These recommendations will be made with the understanding that general officers rendered supernumerary will be granted leaves of absence pending further orders in their respective cases.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

(Same to commanding officers Fifth and Sixth Army Corps.)

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS,
June 22, 1865.

Brevet Brigadier-General COMSTOCK,
Headquarters Armies of the United States, Washington, D. C.:

GENERAL: Your communication of the 19th instant stating that the sum of $460 had been placed in the hands of Lieutenant-General Grant as a reward for gallantry for the man who should first raise our flag over Richmond, and that, as Richmond was not taken by assault, he deems the donor's wishes will be best carried out by dividing the sum between three men, one to be selected by General Wright as most conspicuous for gallantry in the carrying of the enemy's line at Petersburg by Wright, one to be selected by Gibbon for gallantry in the assault on the fort south of Petersburg on the inner line by the Twenty-fourth Corps, and one by Sheridan for gallantry at the battle of Five Forks, has been received. The communication was at once referred to division commanders for the name of the man of their respective commands deemed by them most entitled to the reward, and in reply thereto the following names have been presented:

First Division, Bvt. Maj. Gen. Frank Wheaton commanding. Sergt. Hugh McCann, Company A, Ninety-fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers, as the enlisted man most conspicuous for gallantry at Petersburg, and who lost a leg in the assault.

Second Division, Bvt. Maj. Gen. George W. Getty commanding. Three names are presented from this division, one from each brigade, as follows: Color Sergt. David W. Young, One hundred and thirty-ninth Pennsylvania Volunteers, who placed the first colors of the brigade upon the enemy's works, and who was severely wounded in the subsequent operations of the day. Second, Corpl. Henry H. Recor, Company A, Fifth Vermont Veteran Volunteers, as the one most conspicuous for gallantry in the carrying of the enemy's line at Petersburg April 2, 1865. Third, Color Sergt. John Mensch, Company B, Battalion Forty-ninth New York Volunteers, as the man who most distinguished himself in the assault on the enemy's lines on the 2d of April last. As the division commander did not decide between these three men I directed that the selection be made by lot, to be drawn by an enlisted man of the division. The name drawn was that of Color Sergt. David W. Young, One hundred and thirty-ninth Pennsylvania Volunteers.

Third Division, Bvt. Maj. Gen. T. Seymour commanding. Sergt. John E. Buffington, Company C, Sixth Maryland Volunteers, who is believed to have been the first enlisted man of the Third Division who mounted the parapet of the enemy's lines at Petersburg April 2, 1865.

Between these three men, one from each division, the selection made by lot, in my presence and that of several staff officers, fell upon Color Sergt. David W. Young, One hundred and thirty-ninth Pennsylvania Volunteers, First Brigade, Second Division, Sixth Corps, and I therefore recommend that the third of the sum of $460 be awarded to him as the most conspicuous in gallantry in the carrying of the enemy's lines at Petersburg.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. G. WRIGHT,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., June 22, 1865.

Maj. Gen. A. H. TERRY,
Commanding Department of Virginia:

GENERAL: Where destitute colored people in the country cannot be cared for by their former masters or procure support by their labor for others, commanding officers of districts, in concert with officers of General Howard's bureau, will provide for their care and support at suitable places in the country. They will neither be brought nor permitted to come to this city, where they can obtain no labor and are liable to be contaminated by city vices. It is estimated by the governor that there is at present a colored population in Richmond of from 30,000 to 35,000—more, by far, than can obtain employment. All accessions to this population must necessarily be supported by the Government, but in the country they can at least partly support themselves, either by labor for others or by cultivating patches of land and raising vegetables for their own use and for the market. This policy is concurred in by General Howard and should be strictly enforced.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 9. } HDQRS. DISTRICT OF THE NOTTOWAY, *Petersburg, Va., June 22, 1865.*

Some additions having been made in the staff of this command since the publication of General Orders, No. 1, the following-named officers are announced as composing the staff at present, viz: Maj. J. M. Howard, assistant adjutant-general, assistant adjutant-general; Bvt. Maj. George A. Hicks, assistant-adjutant general, assistant adjutant-general; Capt. E. O. Brown, additional aide-de-camp, aide-de-camp; Capt. A. P. Barber, Second Pennsylvania Artillery, acting aide-de-camp and commanding headquarters guard; Capt. C. W. Folsom, assistant quartermaster, chief quartermaster; Capt. Asa Gregory, commissary of subsistence, chief commissary of subsistence and treasurer of the civil funds; Surg. J. P. Prince, U. S. Volunteers, chief medical officer; Surg. C. H. Porter, Sixth New York Artillery, medical inspector; Maj. J. B. Campbell, Tenth New York Artillery, assistant inspector-general; Capt. Hermann Krauth, One hundred and third New York Volunteers, chief commissary of musters; Lieut. A. J. Bellows, Fourteenth U. S. Infantry, assistant commissary of musters; Capt. E. Donaldson, Sixth New York Artillery, acting ordnance officer.

GEO. L. HARTSUFF,
Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 88. } HDQRS. DEPT. OF WASHINGTON, TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS, *June 22, 1865.*

Bvt. Lieut. Col. John M. Waite, Eighth Illinois Cavalry, is hereby relieved from duty at these headquarters as acting assistant inspector-general, and will proceed to Saint Louis, Mo., there to report to his regimental commander for duty. The major-general commanding regrets the necessity which deprives him of the valuable services of Colonel Waite.

By command of Major-General Parke:

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
June 23, 1865.

Col. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

COLONEL: In reply to your communication of the 22d instant, marked "confidential," I have the honor to state that, in my judgment, the general officers of the Fifth Corps "most entitled to and best fitted for assigment to command" rank as follows: Bvt. Maj. Gen. R. B. Ayres, commanding Second Division; Brig. Gen. J. L. Chamberlain, commanding First Division; Brig. Gen. Henry Baxter, commanding Third Division; Brig. Gen. Joseph Hayes, commanding brigade; Bvt. Brig. Gen. E. M. Gregory, Ninety-first Pennsylvania, commanding brigade; Bvt. Brig. Gen. Adrian R. Root, Ninety-fourth New York, commanding brigade. Bvt. Maj. Gen. S. W. Crawford being absent without any authority known to these headquarters, no mention has been made of his name.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHAS. GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 77. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, *Richmond, Va., June 23, 1865.*

The laws of the State of Virginia and the ordinances of the different municipalities within the State having especial reference to and made to restrain the personal liberty of free colored persons were designed for the government of such persons while living amid a population of colored slaves; they were enacted in the interests of slave owners, and were designed for the security of slave property; they were substantially parts of the slave code. Slavery has been abolished in Virginia, and therefore, upon the principle that where the reason of the law ceases the law itself ceases, these laws and ordinances have become obsolete. People of color will henceforth enjoy the same personal liberty that other citizens and inhabitants enjoy; they will be subject to the same restraints and to the same punishments for crime that are imposed on whites, and to no others. Vagrancy, however, will not be permitted; neither whites nor blacks can be allowed to abandon their proper occupations, to desert their families, or roam in idleness about this department; but neither whites nor blacks will be restrained from seeking employment elsewhere when they cannot obtain it with just compensation at their homes, nor from traveling from place to place on proper and legitimate business. Until the civil tribunals are re-established the administration of criminal justice must, of necessity, be by military courts. Before such courts the evidence of colored persons will be received in all cases.

By command of Maj. Gen. A. H. Terry:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 89. } HDQRS. DEPT. OF WASHINGTON, TWENTY-SECOND ARMY CORPS, *June 23, 1865.*

I. Under instructions contained in Special Orders, No. 315, current series, War Department, Adjutant-General's Office, of June 19, 1865, the following field-works are announced as composing the defenses of Washington: North of Potomac—Fort Carroll, Fort Stanton, Fort Baker, Fort Mahan, Fort Lincoln, Fort Totten, Fort Slocum, Fort Stevens, Fort Reno, Fort Sumner, and Fort Foote; south of Potomac—Fort Lyon and Redoubts Weed, Farnsworth, and O'Rorke, Fort Ellsworth, Fort Worth, Fort Ward, Fort Richardson, Fort McPherson, Fort Whipple, Fort Morton, Fort C. F. Smith, Fort Ethan Allen, and Battery Rodgers. All other forts, batteries, and block-houses of the defenses of Washington will be at once dismantled, excepting Fort Tillinghast and Fort Craig, which will be maintained until Fort McPherson, immediately in the rear of the positions occupied by them, is so far completed as to receive its armament.

II. Under instructions to be issued through the chief of artillery of the department, and chief engineer of the defenses, division commanders will dispose of all ordnance and ordnance stores belonging to the forts to be dismantled, and make the necessary changes in the armament of the works to be retained.

III. Fort Greble (north of the Potomac) and Fort Corcoran (south of Potomac) will be used temporarily for the storage of such ordnance and ordnance stores as the chief of ordnance may designate.

IV. As soon as the artillery, ammunition, and other stores are removed from any fort, battery, or block-house, the garrison thereof will be withdrawn, and only sufficient guard left to protect the property. This guard will remain until further orders from these headquarters.

V. Such property and material belonging to the Engineer Department within the forts to be dismantled, as in the opinion of the chief engineer of the defenses may be needed for the completion of the forts to be retained, or is of such nature as would render it liable to injury, or to be stolen, will be at once removed to the works where needed, or turned into the nearest engineer depot.

VI. The chief of artillery and chief engineer of the defenses will render, with as little delay as practicable, to these headquarters reports of their action taken under the provisions of this order, and schedule exhibiting proper strength of garrison for each work to be retained.

VII. The chief quartermaster, Department of Washington, will furnish the necessary transportation for execution of this order.

By command of Major-General Parke:

J. H. TAYLOR,
Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 30. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., June 24, 1865.

In accordance with the instructions of the Secretary of War, the Tredegar Iron Works in this city and all property belonging thereto will be turned over to the proper officers of the Treasury Department of the United States.

By order of Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck:

J. C. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *June 24, 1865.*

HON. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

SIR: Bvt. Maj. Gen. N. M. Curtis, U. S. Volunteers, is as well qualified to command a division as any officer in this department. His present brevet does not give him the rank or pay of a division commander, should he be assigned as such, as was my intention and I think is that of General Terry. That he may so command, and be properly rewarded for his services, I respectfully recommend he be appointed major-general of volunteers, to date from the capture of Fort Fisher.

Respectfully, sir, your obedient servant,

E. O. C. ORD,
Major-General of Volunteers.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, June 25, 1865.

Maj. Gen. H. W. HALLECK, U. S. Army,
Richmond, Va.:

By direction of the President the Division of the Pacific has been created, to embrace the Departments of the Columbia and California.

You are assigned to the command with your headquarters at San Francisco, and are relieved from your present command hereby. Acknowledge receipt.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

FORT MONROE, VA., *June 25, 1865.*
(Received 10.35 a. m.)

Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

In pursuance to instructions from Major-General Weitzel I have the honor to report that the last of the Twenty-fifth Army Corps will leave on Monday, the 26th instant, for Texas.

CHAS. S. RUSSELL,
Bvt. Brig. Gen., Commanding on Board Steamer North Star.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., June 26, 1865.

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

SIR: In accordance with your orders I assumed command of this division on the 22d of April last. General Lee's Army of Northern Virginia had surrendered to General Grant and been paroled, but large bands not included in that capitulation were still waging hostilities in other parts of the State, and the rebel governor still claimed to exercise the executive functions and authority. Since then Mr. Smith, the rebel governor, has surrendered and been paroled, subject to military orders, and all hostile military organizations have capitulated and disbanded on the same terms as those given to the army of General Lee. There is now no organized or irregular hostile force within the limits of the State. There are unquestionably a few armed robbers and brigands in the mountains and prowling about the larger cities and towns, but they are probably made up as much from deserters from the Union armies as from rebel guerrilla bands. They are simply outlaws, and are treated as such. A broad distinction must be made between the depredations of such men and those incident to the disbanding of the armies of Lee and Johnston and the return of our victorious soldiers to their homes. The latter, in marching through a conquered country after their toils and victories, committed some excesses, but perhaps not more than should have been expected under the circumstances. The disbanded rebel soldiers were generally without food or means of transportation, and were obliged to either beg or plunder the means of subsistence on the way to their homes. No one could expect them to starve when there was food within their reach. Although the people of Virginia have suffered terribly from these causes I do not see that it could have been avoided. It was one of the necessary evils of rebellion and war, and the blame must rest upon those who caused the war. Our officers have generally done the best they could to mitigate these evils, and it is due to the disbanded rebel officers and troops to say that they have conducted themselves with great moderation and propriety. On my arrival in this city it was crowded with troops. Some 10,000 or 15,000 rebel soldiers mingling in the streets with a larger number of our own

men; but there was not a single collision or conflict. Brave and honest men, although differing in opinion and action, always respect each other. The war having been waged in the interest of slavery, it resulted in the establishment of universal freedom without regard to race or color.

As might naturally have been anticipated, the sudden emancipation by the termination of the war of a large part of the population, and their change of condition from bondage to freedom, produced no little excitement, both among the freedmen themselves and their former owners and masters. In the absence of all civil authority the regulation and direction of these excited and conflicting elements of society necessarily devolved upon the military. The task was ungrateful and disagreeable, but could not be avoided. Those assigned to it have, I believe, done their duty faithfully and honestly, notwithstanding the abuse heaped upon them by pretended friends of the negro. When I arrived here the number of negroes in Richmond was between 30,000 and 40,000, about equal to the number of the whites, and daily increasing by arrivals from deserted plantations. To prevent actual starvation Government officers were issuing some 13,000 gratuitous rations daily, and the number was rapidly increasing. To diminish this evil as much as possible, orders were given to prevent vagrant negroes from coming to the city, and offices were established to provide employment for those already here. Those in the country who left their former homes and masters were provided for by the military commanders of districts, under the general direction of the Freedmen's Bureau. This system has produced the most favorable results. A few irregularities have occurred, but these have been corrected as soon as ascertained. While the whites have been made fully sensible of the fact that they are no longer slaveholders, their former slaves have been taught that their own well-being must depend upon their industry and good conduct. No opportunity has been omitted to inculcate the great principle that all, black and white, were equal before the law, and that all offenders against the law would be punished alike, without regard to color. One of the most serious difficulties resulting from the new condition of society is that of the marriage relation, or rather the want of it, among the emancipated slaves, and the consequent irresponsibility of the parents for the care and support of their offspring. This care formerly devolved upon the mother and the support upon the master, the father, if a slave, having no paternal rights, and being subject to no paternal responsibilities. I have done all in my power to remove the source of this evil, but I am satisfied that its magnitude is not sufficiently appreciated, and that the necessity of legal remedies is not fully comprehended. Colored females in the cities of the South, and in a more limited degree in the country, being released from the restraints imposed by their former masters and mistresses, and having thrown around them no legal restrictions and no marital obligations, naturally fall into dissolute habits. To remedy these evils the law must recognize and enforce marital obligations and provide suitable punishments for acts of profligacy, and all religious and benevolent associations should direct their attention to this subject. With proper care and attention I do not think there will be any serious difficulty in adjusting the new elements of society in the South, and in reconstructing a proper system of labor and produce with a due reward to the laborer and the capitalist. But such a system must vary with the locality and be adapted in each case to the nature of the demand and supply. Any abstract theory or enforced system will necessarily fail.

In regard to political organization in the States of Virginia and North Carolina, I think it is progressing satisfactorily, and probably as rapidly as can be desired. Some little time is necessary to arrange the broken and scattered elements of society. After all existing orders for the discharge of troops are carried out there will be left a much larger force in this division than is required by existing circumstances. I think it could be safely reduced at least one-half. There is not and cannot be any organized opposition to the authority of the United States, and all matters of local police can be better regulated by the civil than by the military authorities. For a time the military must assist in preserving order and in enforcing proper relations between the freedmen and their former masters, but a very small force will suffice for these purposes.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

RICHMOND, VA., *June 26, 1865.*
(Received 12.35 p. m.)

Brig. Gen. E. D. TOWNSEND:

Telegram of last evening received. I will be in Washington the last of the week.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE JAMES,
Richmond, Va., June 26, 1865.

Hon. F. H. PEIRPOINT,
Governor of Virginia, Richmond:

SIR: Permit me to call your attention to the importance of calling an election of municipal officers of this city at the earliest possible period. In the absence of such municipal officers the trial and punishment of criminal offenses devolve upon military officers, most of whom are unaccustomed to, and many of whom are unqualified for, such duties. To nearly all they are disagreeable and annoying. Moreover, when compelled to the unwilling performance of duties which are extra-official, and not properly belonging to their profession in time of peace, the same efficiency can not be expected as under different circumstances. Again, it is not desirable that military officers and soldiers should be brought in continual conflict with citizens in time of peace. It weakens the respect of the former for the civil laws, and in the latter creates hostility to the military authority. There is now in Richmond no hostility to the authority of the United States or to the loyal government of the State, and the inhabitants are as capable of managing their own municipal affairs as they will be at any time hereafter. It is therefore proper that the municipal government be reorganized as early as possible, and when re-established the military will render all necessary aid and assistance in enforcing the laws and maintaining order.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General, Commanding.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, June 26, 1865.

Maj. Gen. W. S. HANCOCK, U. S. Volunteers,
Comdg. Middle Military Division, Washington, D. C.:

SIR: Your communication of the 20th instant, requesting to be informed if it is intended that the Fifth and Sixth Regiments, U. S. Cavalry, now stationed respectively at Cumberland and Frederick, Md., shall remain in their present locations, or if they are to be ordered to report to Major-General Crook, or otherwise affected by orders already issued or that may be issued for the reorganization of the cavalry force, has been received. In reply I have the honor to inform you that your communication was submitted to the lieutenant-general commanding, by whom it has been returned to this office with the following indorsement, viz:

This cavalry may, under present orders relating to the cavalry in the Middle Military Division, be considered as a part of the necessary cavalry force for duty in the Middle Military Division, and subject to be ordered wherever its services may be required; but so long as the necessities of the service will admit of their remaining at their present station it is advisable that they be kept there. Of this necessity the commanding general Middle Military Division will be the judge.

I am, sir, &c.,

R. WILLIAMS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 118. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, June 27, 1865.

The President directs that the United States be divided into military divisions and sub-divided into military departments as follows:

DEPARTMENTS.

1. The Department of the East, Maj. Gen. Joseph Hooker to command, to embrace the New England States, New York, and New Jersey; headquarters at New York City.

2. The Middle Department, Maj. Gen. W. S. Hancock to command, to embrace the States of West Virginia, Maryland (except the counties of Anne Arundel, Prince George's, Calvert, Charles, and Saint Mary's), the line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad in Virginia, the States of Delaware and Pennsylvania; headquarters at Baltimore.

3. The Department of Washington, Maj. Gen. C. C. Augur to command, to embrace the District of Columbia, the counties of Anne Arundel, Prince George's, Calvert, Charles, and Saint Mary's, in Maryland, and Fairfax County, in Virginia; headquarters at Washington.

4. The Department of the Ohio, Maj. Gen. E. O. C. Ord to command, to embrace the States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Michigan; headquarters at Detroit.

5. The Department of the Tennessee, Maj. Gen. George Stoneman to command, to embrace the State of Tennessee; headquarters at Knoxville.

6. The Department of Kentucky, Maj. Gen. John M. Palmer to command, to embrace the State of Kentucky; headquarters at Louisville.

7. The Department of the Missouri, Maj. Gen. John Pope to command, to embrace the States of Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, and Kansas, and the Territories of Nebraska, Dakota, and Montana; headquarters at Fort Leavenworth.

8. The Department of Virginia, Maj. Gen. Alfred H. Terry to command, to embrace the State of Virginia, excepting Fairfax County and the line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad; headquarters at Richmond.

9. The Department of North Carolina, Maj. Gen. J. M. Schofield to command, to embrace the State of North Carolina; headquarters at Raleigh.

10. The Department of South Carolina, Maj. Gen. Q. A. Gillmore to command, to embrace the State of South Carolina; headquarters at Hilton Head.

11. The Department of Georgia, Maj. Gen. James B. Steedman to command, to embrace the State of Georgia; headquarters at Augusta.

12. The Department of Florida, Maj. Gen. John G. Foster to command, to embrace the State of Florida; headquarters at Tallahassee.

13. The Department of Mississippi, Maj. Gen. H. W. Slocum to command, to embrace the State of Mississippi; headquarters at Vicksburg.

14. The Department of Alabama, Maj. Gen. C. R. Woods to command, to embrace the State of Alabama; headquarters at Mobile.

15. The Department of Louisiana and Texas, Maj. Gen. E. R. S. Canby to command, to embrace the States of Louisiana and Texas; headquarters at New Orleans.

16. The Department of Arkansas, Maj. Gen. J. J. Reynolds to command, to embrace the State of Arkansas and the Indian Territory; headquarters at Little Rock.

17. The Department of the Columbia, Brig. Gen. G. Wright to command, to embrace the State of Oregon and Territories of Washington and Idaho; headquarters at Fort Vancouver.

18. The Department of California, Maj. Gen. Irvin McDowell to command, to embrace the States of California and Nevada and Territories of Utah, New Mexico, and Colorado; headquarters at San Francisco.

DIVISIONS.

1. The Military Division of the Atlantic, Maj. Gen. George G. Meade to command, to embrace the Department of the East, Middle Department, Department of Virginia, Department of North Carolina, and Department of South Carolina; headquarters at Philadelphia.

2. The Military Division of the Mississippi, Maj. Gen. W. T. Sherman to command, to embrace the Department of the Ohio, Department of the Missouri, and Department of Arkansas; headquarters at Saint Louis.

3. The Military Division of the Gulf, Maj. Gen. P. H. Sheridan to command, to embrace the Department of Mississippi, Department of Louisiana and Texas, and Department of Florida; headquarters at New Orleans.

4. The Military Division of the Tennessee, Maj. Gen. G. H. Thomas to command, to embrace the Department of the Tennessee, Department of Kentucky, Department of Georgia, and Department of Alabama; headquarters at Nashville.

5. The Military Division of the Pacific, Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck to command, to embrace the Department of the Columbia and Department of California; headquarters at San Francisco.

All officers hereby assigned will proceed, on receipt of this order, to take command of their respective departments or military divisions. All officers relieved by this order will, on being relieved by the proper officer, report by letter to the Adjutant-General for orders.

By order of the President of the United States:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 336.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, June 27, 1865.

* * * * * * *

5. Maj. Gen. George Crook, U. S. Volunteers, is hereby relieved from command of the Cavalry Corps, Department of Washington, and will proceed to his place of residence, and from there report to the Adjutant-General of the Army for orders.

6. The following-named officers will report without delay to Brevet Major-General Gibbs, U. S. Volunteers, New York City, to proceed to Texas, and there report to Major-General Sheridan, U. S. Army: Capt. A. M. Halberstadt, First Provisional Pennsylvania Cavalry; Capt. R. M. Sheppard, Second Provisional Pennsylvania Cavalry.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
June 27, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of the Potomac:

GENERAL: In obedience to the instructions contained in your communication of the 22d instant I have the honor to nominate the following-named general officers for assignment to the command of the division to which this corps will be reduced by the discharge of troops, under existing orders, and the brigades of which that division will be composed:

For the command of the division, Bvt. Maj. Gen. Gershom Mott (Maj. Gen. Francis C. Barlow does not desire the command of this division); for the command of one brigade, Brig. Gen. R. de Trobriand; for the command of another brigade, Brig. Gen. B. R. Pierce; for the command of the third brigade, either Bvt. Maj. Gen. George N. Macy, colonel Twentieth Massachusetts Volunteers, or Bvt. Brig. Gen. John Ramsey, colonel Eighth New Jersey Volunteers, whoever of these is the ranking officer, both having been assigned according to their rank of brigadier-general by brevet, should have command.

I am, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. A. HUMPHREYS,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
Richmond, Va., June 27, 1865.

Hon. E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War:

SIR: Bvt. Maj. Gen. N. M. Curtis entered the service of the United States in May, 1861, as a captain; he was promoted to be lieutenant-colonel in October, 1862; to be colonel in January, 1863; to be brigadier-general by brevet in October, 1864; brigadier-general in January, 1865, and major-general by brevet in March, 1865. In every rank in which he has served he has been conspicuous for personal courage, for zealous performance of duty, and for unusual military talent. Twice previously wounded, he was severely and permanently injured while

leading the assault on Fort Fisher in January last. I have served with him nearly two years, and I have never known him to be in action without receiving the warm commendations of his commanding officer for his good conduct. In consideration of his long and faithful service, of his military ability, and in view of the fact that I earnestly desire to assign him to command an important district in this department in which there is now a brevet major-general of prior date to himself, whom I desire to retain as a subordinate to General Curtis, I respectfully recommend his promotion to the full rank of major-general to rank from the 15th of January, 1865, or, if that be not possible, to rank not later than March 11, 1865.

I have the honor to be, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

ALFRED H. TERRY,
Major-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 55. } HEADQUARTERS NINTH ARMY CORPS,
Alexandria, Va., June 27, 1865.

* * * * * * *

4. The Artillery Brigade, Ninth Army Corps, having been discontinued, Bvt. Brig. Gen. John C. Tidball (colonel Fourth New York Heavy Artillery) is hereby relieved from duty with the Ninth Army Corps, and will rejoin his regiment, serving in De Russy's division, for duty.

By command of Bvt. Maj. Gen. O. B. Willcox:

JNO. D. BERTOLETTE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 339. } HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, June 28, 1865.

* * * * * * *

4. Upon the execution of existing orders for the muster out of troops in the Army of the Potomac, Maj. Gen. G. G. Meade will consolidate each of the existing corps into a division and organize from these divisions a provisional corps, assigning Maj. Gen. H. G. Wright to the command of the same. All officers relieved under this order will proceed to their places of residence and report by letter to the Adjutant-General of the Army for orders. On the organization of the provisional corps Major-General Wright will march it to some point on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad west of the Monocacy, to be selected by him for healthfulness of location and convenience to supplies.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 28, 1865.

SOLDIERS: This day, two years, I assumed command of you under the orders of the President of the United States. To-day, by virtue of

the same authority, this army ceasing to exist, I have to announce my transfer to other duties and my separation from you.

It is unnecessary to enumerate here all that has occurred in these two eventful years, from the grand and decisive battle of Gettysburg, the turning point of the war, to the surrender of the Army of Northern Virginia at Appomattox Court-House. Suffice it to say that history will do you justice, a grateful country will honor the living, cherish and support the disabled, and sincerely mourn the dead.

In parting from you your commanding general will ever bear in memory your noble devotion to your country, your patience and cheerfulness under all the privations and sacrifices you have been called on to endure.

Soldiers! having accomplished the work set before us, having vindicated the honor and integrity of our Government and flag, let us return thanks to Almighty God for His blessing in granting us victory and peace, and let us earnestly pray for strength and light to discharge our duties as citizens, as we have endeavored to discharge them as soldiers.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, U. S. Army.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 35. } HDQRS. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, *June 28, 1865.*

By virtue of Special Orders, No. 339, current series, from the Adjutant-General's Office, this army, as an organization, ceases to exist.

The troops not already directed to be mustered out will be consolidated in each corps into divisions of three brigades each, to be commanded respectively as follows, viz:

First Division (from Sixth Corps), Bvt. Maj. Gen. G. W. Getty commanding division: First Brigade, Brig. Gen. T. Seymour commanding; Second Brigade, Bvt. Maj. Gen. Frank Wheaton commanding; Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. J. E. Hamblin commanding.

Second Division (from Second Corps), Bvt. Maj. Gen. Gershom Mott commanding division: First Brigade, Brig. Gen. R. de Trobriand commanding; Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. B. R. Pierce commanding; Third Brigade, Bvt. Maj. Gen. G. N. Macy commanding.

Third Division (from Fifth Corps), Bvt. Maj. Gen. R. B. Ayres commanding division: First Brigade, Brig. Gen. J. L. Chamberlain commanding; Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Henry Baxter commanding; Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. Joseph Hayes, commanding.

These divisions will be organized temporarily into a provisional corps, to be commanded by Maj. Gen. H. G. Wright.

So soon as this organization shall have been effected, and all the regiments now ordered out of service shall have left, the division commanders herein named will report to Major-General Wright, who will march the Provisional Corps to some healthy location on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, west of the Monocacy, selecting such place as will afford facilities for supplying the command, and as will be the least injurious to private property in the vicinity.

The necessary transportation for this movement will be furnished by the quartermaster's department.

On reaching the position herein indicated, Major-General Wright will make his returns to Major-General Hancock, commanding Middle Department.

The following officers of the general staff are assigned to duty with the divisions and brigades of the corps, viz:

First division: Maj. Andrew J. Smith, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers; Maj. and Bvt. Col. Hazard Stevens, assistant adjutant-general, volunteers, division inspector; Maj. J. F. Hazelton, assistant quartermaster of volunteers; Capt. H. B. Masters, commissary of subsistence of volunteers. First Brigade—Maj. George Clendenin, jr., assistant adjutant-general of volunteers; Capt. Benjamin Saylor, commissary of subsistence of volunteers; Capt. Simeon Spicer, assistant quartermaster of volunteers. Second Brigade—Capt. M. Barber, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers; Capt. Thomas O'Hare, commissary of subsistence of volunteers; assistant quartermaster, vacant. Third Brigade—Assistant adjutant-general, vacant; Capt. H. W. Kingsley, commissary of subsistence of volunteers; assistant quartermaster, vacant.

Second Division: Maj. William R. Driver, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers; Capt. C. J. Queen, commissary of subsistence of volunteers; Maj. George W. Johnes, assistant quartermaster of volunteers. First Brigade—Capt. and Bvt. Maj. J. P. Finkelmeier, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers; Maj. James Gleason, captain and assistant quartermaster, assistant quartermaster of volunteers; Capt. A. Hubbell, commissary of subsistence of volunteers. Second Brigade—Capt. A. C. Paul, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers; Capt. Levi Wells, commissary of subsistence of volunteers; Capt. D. F. Ellsworth, assistant quartermaster of volunteers. Third Brigade—Assistant adjutant-general, vacant; Capt. W. A. Nichols, commissary of subsistence of volunteers; Capt. John Fahy, assistant quartermaster of volunteers.

Third Division: Assistant adjutant-general, vacant; Capt. Percy B. Spear, commissary of subsistence of volunteers; Capt. James T. Woodall, assistant quartermaster of volunteers; Surg. W. R. De Witt, surgeon-in-chief. First Brigade—Capt. William Fowler, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers; Capt. E. W. Warren, commissary of subsistence of volunteers; assistant quartermaster, vacant. Second Brigade—Capt. J. Harrison Lambdin, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers; Capt. B. F. Bucklin, commissary of subsistence of volunteers; assistant quartermaster, vacant. Third Brigade—Capt. F. H. Cowdrey, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers; Capt. C. G. Barth, commissary of subsistence of volunteers; assistant quartermaster, vacant.

So soon as these headquarters shall have been broken up, and their services can be spared, the Third and Tenth Regiments U. S. Infantry will report to Major-General Wright, commanding Provisional Corps.

All general, staff, and other officers, not herein named, will, unless otherwise directed, proceed, as soon as practicable, to their respective places of residence, whence they will report by letter to the Adjutant-General, U. S. Army, and await orders.

By command of Major-General Meade:

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
June 28, 1865.

Bvt. Brig. Gen. GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of the Potomac:

GENERAL: In view of the reduction of this corps by the discharge of regiments under existing orders, I recommend that the regiments

remaining be formed into three brigades forming one division, to be composed of the following-named regiments :

Regiments.	Present.	
	Officers.	Men.
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. B. R. Pierce:		
61st New York	22	342
64th New York	16	180
116th Pennsylvania	10	171
183d Pennsylvania	21	332
69th New York National Guard Artillery	23	206
155th New York	19	123
164th New York	19	223
170th New York	16	154
	146	1,731
Second Brigade, Brevet Major-General Macy or Brevet Brigadier-General Ramsey:		
152d New York	16	196
20th Massachusetts	15	258
184th Pennsylvania	20	209
12th New Jersey	7	459
1st Delaware	18	625
	76	1,717
Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. R. de Trobriand:		
105th Pennsylvania	34	598
7th New Jersey	30	518
8th New Jersey	22	475
11th Massachusetts	14	267
	100	1,858

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. A. HUMPHREYS,
Major-General of Volunteers, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 72. } HDQRS. TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS, *Richmond, Va., June 28, 1865.*

The following officers are hereby announced as the staff of the major-general commanding the corps:

Capt. R. W. Thompson, commissary of subsistence, U. S. Volunteers, acting chief commissary of subsistence; Capt. J. C. Gerard, assistant quartermaster, U. S. Volunteers; Bvt. Maj. Charles Sellmer, Eleventh Maine Volunteers, acting assistant inspector-general; Capt. Patrick Hobon, Ninth Vermont Volunteers, assistant provost-marshal; Capt. Samuel I. Givin, One hundred and eighty-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers, chief of ambulances; First Lieut. Sheldon Leavitt, jr., Fourth Massachusetts Cavalry, acting aide-de-camp; First Lieut. Robert C. Sides, Second New Hampshire Volunteers, commanding couriers; Second Lieut. Charles O. Lamson, Eleventh Maine Volunteers, acting commissary of subsistence. They will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

By command of Maj. Gen. John Gibbon:

EDWARD MOALE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 29, 1865.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL OF THE ARMY:

I have the honor to transmit herewith copy of General Orders, No. 35, current series, from these headquarters, consolidating the corps of this army into a provisional corps under command of Maj. Gen. H. G. Wright.*

The following-named general and staff officers rendered supernumerary by this consolidation are directed to repair to their respective places of residence, there to report to you for orders, viz:

General officers: Maj. Gen. A. A. Humphreys, Bvt. Maj. Gen. Charles Griffin, Maj. Gen. Francis C. Barlow, Bvt. Maj. Gen. S. W. Crawford, Bvt. Maj. Gen. L. A. Grant, Brig. Gen. J. M. Warner, Brig. Gen. O. Edwards.

Adjutant-General's department: Lieut. Col. Charles A. Whittier, Bvt. Col. Frederick T. Locke, Capt. George B. Halsted, Capt. Henry Gawthrop, Capt. Josiah Bankerd, Capt. J. R. Campbell, Maj. and Bvt. Col. Charles Mundee, Maj. and Bvt. Lieut. Col. William H. Long, Capt. Thomas G. Colt (does not desire to remain).

Quartermaster's department: Capt. Isaac C. Abbott (desires to go out of service), Capt. James Whittingham (desires to go out of service), Capt. George C. Vance (desires to go out of service), Lieut. Col. A. L. Thomas (already relieved), Maj. R. C. Swope, Maj. M. H. Mandeville, Capt. J. R. Webster, Capt. William Elliott, Maj. Charles G. Finney, Capt. H. F. Douglass.

Commissary department: Capt. Thomas S. Crombargar (desires to remain in service), Capt. George W. Beach (desires to remain in service), Capt. C. S. Shattuck (desires to remain in service), Capt. I. N. Comstock (desires to muster out), Capt. J. K. Loring (desires to muster out), Capt. D. C. Tomlinson (desires to muster out), Capt. L. L. Rose (resignation has been forwarded), Capt. J. J. Shedd (resignation been forwarded), Lieut. and Bvt. Col. J. S. Smith, Lieut. Col. D. L. Smith, Capt. M. R. Came, Capt. Fred. Gerker, Capt. H. H. Finley, Capt. B. J. Levy, Capt. J. G. Fitts, Capt. R. E. Hayes, Capt. L. W. Muzzey, Capt. A. B. Valentine, Capt. George T. Burroughs, Capt. D. H. Laughton.

Inspector-General's department: Bvt. Col. H. C. Bankhead.

Medical department: Surg. T. R. Spencer, Surg. George B. Parker, Surg. James Collins, Surg. Charles F. Haynes, Asst. Surg. William Carroll, Asst. Surg. C. K. Winne.

Additional aide-de-camp: Maj. C. J. Von Herrmann.

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 29, 1865—4.30 p. m.

Hon. E. M. STANTON:

Will you do me the favor to sign the following letters of brevet appointment for officers of my personal staff in order that I may announce them with their new rank on assuming command of the Military Division of the Atlantic: Bvt. Brig. Gen. R. N. Batchelder; Bvt. Lieut. Col. F. M. Bache; Bvt. Maj. C. D. Emory, or authorize me so to announce them?

GEO. G. MEADE,
Major-General, Commanding.

---

* See p. 1302.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 119. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, June 29, 1865.*

Penalties for neglect of duty and disobedience of orders, on the part of commissioned officers in charge of troops about to be discharged the service.

In many instances delays have resulted in paying mustered-out troops, in consequence of regimental and company officers allowing their men to disband, in violation of orders, prior to their commands being reported for payment and final discharge to the chief mustering officer or his assistant, after arrival at the designated State rendezvous. In other cases there has been delay from company and regimental officers neglecting to furnish full data relative to the enlisted men, thus rendering the muster-out rolls imperfect, and necessitating corrections. With the arrangements of the War Department as now completed there need be no delay, and consequently no hardship or inconvenience to the enlisted men, if full data for the rolls be furnished in the field, and if, after arrival in their respective States, as well as during transit thereto, commissioned officers look closely after the comfort and interests of their men and remain constantly with them, so as to enforce orders and control them. It is therefore

Ordered, That chief mustering officers and their assistants report by telegram the names of all neglectful officers, with the charges against them, to the Adjutant-General of the Army (withholding in the meantime their final payments and honorable discharges), with a view to their summary and dishonorable dismissal from the service with forfeiture of all pay. The report by telegraph will be sent promptly upon cases of neglect being brought to notice, and at the same time the facts in full will be reported by mail. Governors of States are requested to report delinquencies coming to their notice to the chief mustering officer of the State and to the Adjutant-General of the Army, so that a prompt remedy may be applied.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 343. } HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, June 29, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

6. So much of Special Orders, No. 335, June 27, 1865, from this office, as relates to Bvt. Brig. Gen. H. L. Abbot, is hereby so amended as to temporarily suspend the operation of so much of paragraph 45, Special Orders, No. 300, June 13, 1865, from this office, as relieved him from his present duties, and assigned him to duty under the Engineer Department to the command of the Engineer Battalion at Willet's Point, N. Y.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, June 29, 1865.

Maj. Gen. A. H. TERRY, U. S. Volunteers,
Commanding Department of Virginia, Richmond, Va.:

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that upon the request of Maj. Gen. O. O. Howard, Commissioner Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen, and Abandoned Lands, the Secretary of War has directed that such Government buildings at City Point, Va., as are not required for military purposes, be turned over to that bureau for use as school-houses, quarters for teachers, freedmen, &c. The Quartermaster-General, U. S. Army, was informed of these instructions on the 28th instant.

I am, sir, &c.,

R. WILLIAMS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

ORDERS, No. 5. } HDQRS. ARTILLERY, DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
Richmond, June 29, 1865.

1. The Siege Artillery Brigade having been virtually dissolved by the muster out of service of the Third Connecticut Battery, all papers from the First Connecticut Artillery, heretofore acted upon at those headquarters, will hereafter be forwarded direct to these headquarters. The officers of the staff of the Siege Artillery Brigade, except those also attached to the staff at these headquarters, will resume their regimental duties without delay, reporting to their respective commanding officers.

2. Capt. G. P. Mason and Second Lieut. W. H. Batterson will turn over all public property in their possession pertaining to the quartermaster's and commissary departments, to the officer designated by the commanding officer, First Connecticut Artillery, to act as regimental quartermaster. Captain Mason is also relieved from duty as acting assistant quartermaster, artillery headquarters, Department of Virginia, and will assume command of his company at once.

3. Maj. S. P. Hatfield, acting ordnance officer, Siege Artillery, will also close the business of his department as speedily as possible, preparatory to turning over the ordnance property in his possession to an officer hereafter to be designated for the purpose.

By order of Brevet Brigadier-General Abbot:

B. P. LEARNED,
Captain, First Connecticut Artillery, Actg. Asst. Adjt. Gen.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 30, 1865.

COMMANDING OFFICER THIRD U. S. INFANTRY:

The commanding general, in taking leave of the troops lately composing the Army of the Potomac, desires to express to the Third U. S. Infantry his high appreciation of the valuable and faithful services performed by officers and men of the regiment while serving as escort at these headquarters. He would especially express his acknowledgments for the daily performances of the band at his camp, and for the compliment paid him by the serenade during the past night.

GEO. D. RUGGLES,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 20. } HEADQUARTERS SIXTH CORPS, *June 30, 1865.*

I. The several orders from headquarters Army of the Potomac, relative to the mustering out of troops, having been fully complied with, the following organization of the remaining troops of the Sixth Corps constituting the First Division of the Provisional Corps formed in pursuance of General Orders, No. 35, current series, headquarters Army of the Potomac, is announced, with commanders and staff officers as designated in that order:

First Brigade: Second New Jersey Volunteers, Fourth New Jersey Volunteers, Fortieth New Jersey Volunteers.

Second Brigade: Forty-ninth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Sixty-seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, Eighty-second Pennsylvania Volunteers, Ninety-fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers.

Third Brigade: Sixty-fifth New York Volunteers, Second Rhode Island Volunteers, Second Vermont Volunteers, Third Vermont Volunteers, Fourth Vermont Volunteers.

Commanding officers of regiments will report without delay to their respective brigade commanders, and the latter to Brevet Major-General Getty, commanding the division.

II. Under authority from headquarters Army of the Potomac, Maj. George Clendenin, jr., assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, is assigned to duty with the Second Brigade, and Capt. M. Barber, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, to the Third Brigade, in place of their assignments as announced in General Orders, No. 35, headquarters Army of the Potomac.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 12. } HDQRS. MILITARY DIV. OF THE JAMES, *Richmond, Va., June 30, 1865.*

I. In compliance with the orders of the War Department, the undersigned hereby relinquishes command of the Military Division of the James.

II. The commanding officers of the Departments of Virginia and North Carolina will, till further orders, report directly to the Adjutant-General at Washington.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 135. } HDQRS. THIRD DIV., 24TH ARMY CORPS, *Manchester, Va., June 30, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

IV. Col. J. N. Patterson, Second New Hampshire Volunteers, is hereby relieved from duty with his regiment and will at once assume command of the Second Brigade of this division.

By order of Brevet Major-General Devens:

GEO. W. HOOKER,
Captain and Assistant Adjutant-General.

ADDENDA.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND ARMY CORPS,
July 1, 1865.

Col. T. S. BOWERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Hdqrs. Armies of the United States:

COLONEL: There were three officers of the Second Corps, colonels and brevet brigadier-generals, who for services in the last campaign were recommended by the division commanders, by myself, and by the major-general commanding the Army of the Potomac, for promotion to the rank of brigadier-general of volunteers in full. As there appears to be but little probability in the reduced condition of the army that such appointments will be made, I desire to recommend that in lieu of them these officers be made major-generals of volunteers by brevet. It appears to have been the rule in other corps to recommend such promotions instead of the promotion to the full rank of brigadier-general of volunteers. I have been indisposed heretofore to recommend such high promotion. The officers referred to above are: Col. and Bvt. Brig. Gen. R. McAllister, Eleventh New Jersey; Colonel and Brevet Brigadier-General Madill, Col. and Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. Ramsey, Eighth New Jersey. I address this communication to you as the Army of the Potomac has ceased to exist. The organization of the Second Corps expires to-day.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. A. HUMPHREYS,
Major-General, Commanding.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 31. } HDQRS. SECOND ARMY CORPS,
July 1, 1865.

The brigades of the division formed from the remaining regiments of the Second Corps will be constituted as follows:

First Brigade, Brig. Gen. R. de Trobriand: One hundred and fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Seventh New Jersey Volunteers, Eighth New Jersey Volunteers, Eleventh Massachusetts Battalion.

Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. B. R. Pierce: Sixty-first New York Volunteers, Sixty-fourth New York Volunteers, One hundred and sixteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, One hundred and eighty-third Pennsylvania Volunteers, Sixty-ninth New York National Guard Artillery, One hundred and fifty-fifth New York Volunteers, One hundred and sixty-fourth New York Volunteers, One hundred and seventieth New York Volunteers.

Third Brigade, Bvt. Maj. Gen. G. N. Macy: One hundred and fifty-second New York Volunteers, Twentieth Massachusetts Volunteers, One hundred and eighty-fourth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Twelfth New Jersey Volunteers, First Delaware Volunteers.

The commanders of the regiments and battalions named will at once report to their respective brigade commanders. The brigade commanders will report to the division commander, who will concentrate his division, as far as may be deemed necessary, at some convenient locality and carry out the instructions of General Orders, No. 35, headquarters Army of the Potomac, June 28, 1865.

By command of Major-General Humphreys:

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

[Memorandum.]

JULY 1, 1865—p. m.

Second Corps ceased to exist. Regiments remaining were transferred to Provisional Corps, Maj. Gen. H. G. Wright commanding.

CHAS. A. WHITTIER,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH ARMY CORPS,
July 3, 1865.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL U. S. ARMY:

GENERAL: I have the honor to recommend for promotion the following officers: Lieut. Col. T. Rush Spencer, surgeon of volunteers, medical director, to be colonel by brevet, for meritorious services during the late campaign, to date April 9, 1865. To be major by brevet, for constant and meritorious services in the battles of the campaign, to date April 9, 1865: Capt. George B. Halsted, assistant adjutant-general of volunteers; Capt. H. S. Melcher, Twentieth Maine Volunteers, acting aide-de-camp. In the battle of Hatcher's Run, February 6, 1865, Captain Melcher displayed great gallantry and had his horse shot under him. At the battle of Quaker Road Captain Halsted received a painful wound, notwithstanding which he remained on duty during the campaign. Capt. James T. Woodall, assistant quartermaster, for efficient and meritorious service in the conduct of his department during the campaign.

I am, general, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHARLES GRIFFIN,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

CONFIDENTIAL.] HEADQUARTERS PROVISIONAL CORPS,
July 4, 1865.

DIVISION COMMANDERS:

Information has been communicated to these headquarters that an outbreak is intended to-night by men and perhaps organizations, from each of the divisions of this corps. The plan as represented is to first attack and destroy the various headquarters, commencing with those of the corps, and then proceed to Washington City. It is further stated that although all small-arm ammunition is supposed to have been turned in, a certain portion is still retained by the men. Although full credence is not given to the report, yet it comes in such a shape and from such a source as to demand attention. The following precautions will therefore be taken:

First. Division commanders will cause their various headquarters and regimental guards to be strengthened, so as to prevent men from leaving camp, and to be furnished, if they can be trusted, with a proper supply of ammunition.

Second. All assemblages of men with arms and all preparations for torch-light processions will be at once suppressed.

Third. In case these precautions should not suffice, division commanders will use such of the force of their commands as may be necessary to put down the meeting and arrest the parties concerned.

Fourth. The two regiments of regular infantry attached to the corps will be moved to-day in the vicinity of these headquarters, to be used there or elsewhere as the occasion may require.

Fifth. Full provision has been made to prevent the men from passing the line of works in the direction of Washington.

Sixth. All officers now present in camp will remain with their commands, and all who are absent, except those on regular leave of absence, will be notified to return at once.

Seventh. These precautionary measures will remain in force until further orders.

By command of Major-General Wright:

C. H. WHITTELSEY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD DIVISION, PROVISIONAL CORPS,
July 4, 1865.

Furnished for the information and compliance of brigade commanders.

General Hayes will direct that the Ninety-fifth New York Volunteers break camp at once and march to some place near his headquarters. General Chamberlain will give similar orders to the Ninety-fourth New York Volunteers.

By command of Brevet Major-General Ayres:

W. W. SWAN,
Brevet Major and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 82. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
Richmond, Va., July 5, 1865.

I. Bvt. Maj. Gen. N. M. Curtis, U. S. Volunteers, is relieved from duty as chief of staff at these headquarters. Until further orders General Curtis will continue on duty as president of the military board for the examination of officers, convened by General Orders, No. 60, paragraph 4, from these headquarters, dated May 20, 1865.

II. The following-named officers are announced upon the staff of this department in addition to those already so announced: Brig. Gen. J. R. Hawley, U. S. Volunteers, chief of staff; Lieut. Col. George A. Kensel, assistant inspector-general; Maj. A. Terry, assistant adjutant-general; Maj. C. H. Graves, assistant adjutant-general; Capt. W. L. Hulbert, aide-de-camp.

III. Lieut. George R. Turnbull, Tenth Connecticut Volunteers, is announced as acting aide-de-camp to Brig. Gen. J. R. Hawley, chief of staff.

By command of Maj. Gen. A. H. Terry:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WEST VIRGINIA,
Cumberland, Md., July 7, 1865.

Lieut. Col. A. E. KING,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Middle Mil. Div., Washington, D. C.:

COLONEL: After a personal examination of a portion of this department, and consultation in person and by visiting with individuals having

the largest interests at stake, including Mr. Garrett, president of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, I am prepared to report to the general commanding that, in my opinion, the pacification throughout the department is complete, and that the guards may now with safety be withdrawn from the bridges and depots along the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, but that it will still be necessary to keep guards at the water-stations and other places where troop trains stop, to preserve order and prevent depredations. To enable me to do this effectually, and also to aid the civil authorities in districts where the courts are not in operation, I consider that one regiment of infantry and a squadron or two of cavalry will be sufficient in each district, with a small reserve in the central district, Cumberland. This will apply to all the districts except the Kanawha Valley, where I have, and propose to keep for the present, a regiment of infantry and a regiment of cavalry. I have already notified you that I have given orders to muster out of service the First New York Cavalry, which is one of the two cavalry regiments now in the Kanawha Valley. I have sent there the Second West Virginia Veteran Infantry to take its place, and the muster out will commence as soon as that regiment relieves them. I have also notified you that I propose to muster out the Eighth Ohio Volunteer Cavalry, now in the Clarksburg District, but I will not be able to do so until the consolidation of the Eighteenth and Twenty-second Regiments Pennsylvania Volunteer Cavalry is completed, when I propose to detach one or two squadrons from this regiment to relieve the Eighth Ohio. The consolidation of these two regiments is occupying more time than I anticipated, owing to the scattered position of the troops of the Twenty-second Pennsylvania and the state of the rolls in both regiments, which require close examination to enable the mustering officer to determine what men are entitled to be mustered out under the authority just received to allow the men of these regiments to go out who actually enlisted, did duty, and received pay prior to the 1st of October, although they may not have been mustered in until that date. I also have it in contemplation to muster out the Twenty-third Ohio Veteran Infantry, now stationed at Martinsburg. The volunteer forces in this department will then be reduced to five regiments of infantry and two of cavalry, and will be disposed of as follows, viz:

Harper's Ferry District: Fifth New York Heavy Artillery, acting as infantry, to furnish a standing garrison of 500 men at Harper's Ferry, where we have stored a large quantity of public property, particularly ordnance stores and ammunition. Should any emergency require cavalry in that district the Sixth United States, at Frederick, might be called upon.

Cumberland District: First West Virginia Veteran Infantry, two squadrons Third Provisional Pennsylvania Cavalry (Eighteenth and Twenty-second consolidated). Should any emergency call for additional forces I can use the Fifth U. S. Cavalry, stationed here for the purpose of recruiting.

Clarksburg District: Seventy-fourth Pennsylvania Infantry and two or three squadrons, as the exigencies of the times may require, of the Third Provisional Pennsylvania Cavalry.

In the Wheeling District, Thirty-sixth Ohio Veteran Infantry, and, if necessary, the remaining squadron of the Third Provisional Pennsylvania Cavalry. The force in this district might be much reduced, except that it has in its limits the military prison and a considerable amount of public property stored at Wheeling.

In the Kanawha District there will be the Second West Virginia Veteran Infantry and the Seventh West Virginia Veteran Cavalry.

After all the troops have passed through this department it is likely that the forces above enumerated could with safety be still further reduced, and I am inclined to think that in the course of a month or two, one regiment of cavalry will be sufficient in the Kanawha Valley; but before deciding this last question, I propose to visit that portion of the department, as the reports of the necessity for troops there are somewhat contradictory. I have written to know what the general's views are with regard to the three veteran regiments, but have not as yet received the answer. If it is deemed desirable to muster them out, their places could be supplied by one-year troops. But as these troops will be broken up into small detachments, it is really my opinion that, unless they are good and well disciplined troops, they will do more harm than good. I have now mentioned all the volunteer force that will remain in this department except a single four-gun battery of West Virginia troops stationed at Clarksburg, which I propose to hold for a few weeks longer before mustering it out, but if it is thought best to muster it out at once I doubt if any inconvenience will result from it. In all the various hospitals in the department the mustering out is now completed and the hospitals closed with the exception of those ordered to be kept open by the War Department, in which men are constantly arriving from points outside of the department and are being mustered out under existing orders, and it is not clear to me why these men, such as are fit subjects for muster out, are not mustered out at the points from which they are sent, thus saving their transportation.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. H. EMORY,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 64. } HDQRS. DISTRICT OF ALEXANDRIA, NINTH ARMY CORPS, *Alexandria, Va., July 8, 1865.*

* * * * * * *

2. Bvt. Brig. Gen. H. H. Wells, U. S. Volunteers, will, in addition to his duties as provost marshal-general, Defenses South of the Potomac, perform the duties of post commandant at Alexandria, Va. All troops serving in the city under the command of Brigadier-General Slough, military governor, will report to Brevet Brigadier-General Wells and be subject to his orders.

3. Bvt. Brig. Gen. John I. Curtin, U. S. Volunteers, is hereby relieved from duty as commanding officer of the Third Division, Ninth Army Corps, and will resume command of the First Brigade, Second Division, Ninth Army Corps.

* * * * * * *

By command of Maj. Gen. John G. Parke:

JNO. D. BERTOLETTE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 86. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, *Richmond, Va., July 10, 1865.*

I. The Third Division of the Twenty-fourth Army Corps is dissolved and the troops hitherto composing it will hereafter constitute the First

and Second Independent Brigades of that corps. The First Independent Brigade will consist of the following-named regiments: Second New Hampshire Volunteers, Fifth Maryland Volunteers, Nineteenth Wisconsin Volunteers, and Ninety-sixth New York Volunteers. The Second Independent Brigade will consist of the following-named regiments: Eleventh Connecticut Volunteers, Eighty-first New York Volunteers, Eighth Connecticut Volunteers, Fifty-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers, One hundred and eighty-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Ninety-eighth New York Volunteers, and Ninth Vermont Volunteers.

II. A district within this department to be called the District of Northeastern Virginia is hereby constituted, and Bvt. Maj. Gen. Charles Devens is assigned to its command, with his headquarters at Fredericksburg. It will consist of the Sub-District of the Rappahannock, as now constituted, and the counties of Loudoun, Prince William, Fauquier, Stafford, Rappahannock, Culpeper, Madison, King George, Westmoreland, Northumberland, Richmond, and Lancaster.

III. Brig. Gen. T. M. Harris is assigned to command the First Independent Brigade, Twenty-fourth Army Corps, and will report with his brigade to Brevet Major-General Devens, at Fredericksburg.

IV. The Fourth, Eleventh, and Fourteenth Regiments U. S. Infantry will constitute a brigade, which is hereby attached to the Second Division of the Twenty-fourth Army Corps, and is designated as the Second Brigade of that division. Brig. Gen. J. H. Potter, U. S. Volunteers, is relieved from duty as chief of staff at headquarters Twenty-fourth Army Corps, and is assigned to the command of the brigade organized by this paragraph.

By command of Maj. Gen. A. H. Terry:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 89. } HDQRS. DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, *Richmond, Va., July 13, 1865.*

I. A district within this department to be called the District of Southwestern Virginia is hereby constituted. It will consist of the counties of Nelson, Amherst, Bedford, Campbell, Appomattox, Pittsylvania, Henry, Patrick, Franklin, Augusta, Bath, Rockbridge, Botetourt, Montgomery, Grayson, Wythe, Tazewell, Russell, Lee, Washington, Highland, Alleghany, Roanoke, Craig, Giles, Pulaski, Carroll, Floyd, Smyth, Wise, Buchanan.

II. The District of Lynchburg is discontinued.

III. Bvt. Maj. Gen. N. M. Curtis, having been assigned to duty by the President, according to his brevet rank, is assigned to the command of the district hereby created, with his headquarters at Lynchburg.

IV. The city of Manchester will hereafter constitute a part of the District of Henrico.

By command of Maj. Gen. A. H. Terry:

ED. W. SMITH,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

[JULY 22, 1865.—For Lieut. Gen. U. S. Grant to Corp. Jacob R. Tucker, Sergt. David W. Young, and Sergt. Thomas McGraw, transmitting reward for gallantry, &c., see Part I, p. 1262.]

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 131. } WAR DEPT., ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington, July 28, 1865.*

By direction of the President of the United States the following army corps are discontinued as organizations:

Second, from June 28, 1865; Fourth, from August 1, 1865; Fifth, from June 28, 1865; Sixth, from June 28, 1865; Seventh, from August, 1, 1865; Eighth, from August 1, 1865; Ninth, from July 27, 1865; Tenth, from August 1, 1865; Fourteenth, from August 1, 1865; Fifteenth, from August 1, 1865; Seventeenth, from August 1, 1865; Twentieth, from June 1, 1865; Twenty-third, from August 1, 1865; Twenty-fourth from August 1, 1865.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CONFEDERATE CORRESPONDENCE, ETC.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA,
Richmond, Va., March 16, 1865.

The PRESIDENT OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES:

SIR: I have the honor, by direction of the governor, to inclose herewith a copy of the joint resolution of the Virginia Legislature "in relation to the employment of slaves and free negroes as soldiers, or otherwise, for the public defense," and to remain your very obedient servant,

BELL SMITH,
Aide-de-Camp.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly, That it shall be lawful for all free negroes and slaves, who may be organized as soldiers, now, or at any time hereafter by the State or the Confederate Government, for the public defense during the present war with the United States, to bear arms while in active military service, and carry ammunition as other soldiers in the Army.

2. All acts, and parts of acts, in conflict with the foregoing, are hereby repealed.

3. This shall be in force from its passage.

A copy from the rolls (secret).

Teste:

WILLIAM F. GORDON, JR.,
Clerk House of Delegates.

Passed March 6, 1865.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
March 16, 1865.

Hon. SECRETARY OF WAR,
Richmond:

SIR: I have received the papers recently forwarded by me, with the instructions to return them to General Grant, and the letter of the Secretary of State directing the terms in which I am to convey the decision of the Government. At the time General Grant sent the papers to me I only acknowledged the receipt of them without saying what disposition I would make of them. I hoped that this would render it unnecessary to take any further notice of the matter, but as it is

deemed proper to reply, and the fact that the communication of Earl Russell was forwarded at his request may render a reply necessary, I beg leave respectfully to suggest that the refusal of the Government to hold intercourse with neutral nations through the medium selected by Lord Russell, would seem to be sufficient for all purposes.

The addition of a doubt as to the authenticity of the document would seem to be unnecessary after such a general refusal to receive any communication through the channel selected, and may weaken the force of that refusal, by leading to the inference that a duly authenticated paper would be received, if forwarded in the objectionable manner, through the hands and under the inspection of the enemy. I respectfully advise that the suggestion of the want of authenticity be omitted, as I think it detracts from the strength of the position assumed, and is otherwise open to objection. As I am to be the medium of making the communication, I have felt at liberty to express my opinion as to its form, though I should not hesitate to transmit any letter which the honorable Secretary of State might see proper to write on the subject.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. E. LEE,
General.

HDQRS. ARTILLERY, ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
March 16, 1865.

Brig. Gen. A. L. LONG,
Commanding Artillery, Central Line:

GENERAL: Colonel Carter will call to see you in reference to the artillery of the Second Corps. He and I this afternoon visited General Lee, with a view to learning the general's views as to the best course of adjusting the artillery of that corps and the most useful appropriations of the colonel's services. The conclusion which we reached was that Nelson's, Braxton's, and Cutshaw's had best be equipped if possible, and McLaughlin's brought to the stationary guns. Besides McLaughlin's it will be necessary to transfer another battalion from the field to heavy guns in order to secure the equipment of the three mentioned. Colonel Carter and myself have an understanding about the battalion to be thus transferred, and he will mention it to you, but at present we must keep it quiet. The colonel's time had better be given, we think, to the restoration of Nelson's, Braxton's, and Cutshaw's battalions, and the colonel is, as usual, willing for that or any other duty; but he feels a delicacy in undertaking it without an understanding with you and myself, lest he should interfere with your official rights. He therefore calls on you upon the subject. Apart from the important command recently assigned to you, you will, I am sure, gladly acquiesce in this arrangement as best for the cause. The colonel will need control of the appropriate transportation for these battalions. Please arrange with him on the subject.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. N. PENDLETON,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Artillery.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 11. } HEADQUARTERS ARTILLERY,
March 16, 1865.

Col. Thomas H. Carter will proceed to rearrange and refit the artillery battalion of the Second Corps on the following plan, viz: Nelson's

battalion to be restored to efficiency for the field as soon as practicable, McLaughlin's (King's) to be called in and assigned to duty at Fort Clifton instead of Cutshaw's, and the latter to be rendered efficient for the field; and as soon as sanctioned by the commanding general Owen's battalion, found unsuccessful in preserving horses, withdrawn from the field and assigned to duty at Chaffin's Bluff, and Braxton's battalion equipped for the field in its stead.

W. N. PENDLETON,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Artillery.

HEADQUARTERS,
Near Cash Corner, March 16, 1865—9 a. m.

Lieutenant-General EWELL,
Commanding Department of Richmond:

GENERAL: The enemy appears to have crossed the North Anna River at Jericho and Oxford Fords, and you need be under no apprehensions of their advance on Richmond.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. LONGSTREET.

HEADQUARTERS, &c.,
March 16, 1865.

Lieut. Gen. JAMES LONGSTREET:

I sent you dispatch last night through the Secretary of War. The following is confirmative, and just received:

Three gun-boats (two being iron-clads) and twenty-six transports, and about a brigade of infantry, and several hundred cavalry at the White House. They are there to meet Sheridan with supplies, &c.

CHARLES W. FIELD,
Major-General.

[Indorsement.]

Respectfully submitted to His Excellency the President.

JOHN WITHERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

(Copies sent to the honorable Secretary of War and to General James Longstreet.)

MARCH 16, 1865.

Hon. J. C. BRECKINRIDGE,
Secretary of War:

GENERAL: Scouts report four tugs to have gone up the York, toward White House, with forage and other supplies, and a guard (regiment) of infantry. My courier found General Rosser at Ashland, who reported that General Longstreet had gone toward Hanover Court-House. I presume we have grounds in this to make it prudent to call in the local defense. Fitz Lee's dismounted cavalry and Harris' (Mississippi) brigade are on the lines, in addition to the department troops. I have no information of any military operations of General Longstreet beyond that he was skirmishing yesterday afternoon at Ashland and the fact of his having gone toward Hanover Court-House.

Respectfully,

R. S. EWELL,
Lieutenant-General.

ASHLAND, *March 16, 1865.*
(Received 9.15 p. m.)

P. V. DANIEL,
President:

One of our scouts, a reliable man, just returned from near John T. Anderson's, on Central railroad. He states a greater portion of the enemy crossed at Oxford Ford, on North River, last night and to-day, and from all information he can get they are making their way toward Carmel Church, Caroline County. It is reported another column has crossed South River at Wickham's. The citizens of Hanover have been devastated of everything in the way of provisions and forage they came in contact with. Nothing further definite with regard to burning of Hanover Junction or Taylorsville.

Respectfully,

THOMPSON.

ASHLAND, *March 16, 1865.*
(Received 9.30 p. m.)

P. V. DANIEL, Esq.:

A scout just returned states that at 1 o'clock he crossed at Norman's Ford on a scout, and fell in with the head of the Yankee column. Another scout saw the Yankee rear at Mount Carmel two hours before. The enemy's camp-fires can be plainly seen from Hanover Court-House. They are encamped in the vicinity of Mangohick Church.

Respectfully,

THOMPSON.

[Indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF RICHMOND,
March 17, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded to honorable Secretary of War.

This is the latest information from the front. General Longstreet telegraphed yesterday evening repeatedly for pontoons to be sent him, but as yet Major Taylor, chief quartermaster of the First Corps, who has the matter in charge, has been unable to get them to this point.

R. S. EWELL,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS,
Petersburg, Va., March 17, 1865.

Hon. JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE,
Secretary of War, Richmond, Va.:

SIR: A dispatch from Lieutenant-General Taylor, at Meridian, on the 12th instant, states that he had returned that morning from West Point; that Thomas was reported to be moving with Fourth Army Corps and about 12,000 cavalry; that General Maury reports enemy, some 30,000 strong, moving with fleet and by land, from Pensacola on Mobile; that about 30,000 bales of cotton in Mobile will be burned as soon as the city is invested; that he has provided for these movements as fully as his resources permitted, but that he had received no aid from Mississippi or Alabama, yet hoped to embarrass the enemy in his efforts to take those States. If the estimate of the enemy's strength is correct I see little prospect of preserving Mobile, and had previously

informed him that he could not rely upon the return of the Army of Tennessee to relieve that city, and suggested the propriety of withdrawing from it, and endeavor to beat the enemy in the field. I hope this course will meet with the approbation of the department. General Johnston, on the 16th, from Smithfield, reports the Federal army east of the Cape Fear, but near Fayetteville. He had ordered 300 wagons of the Tennessee army to be used in filling gaps in railroad and 100 wagons to collect supplies in South Carolina for this army. I hope this will furnish some relief.

General Echols, at Wytheville, on the 12th, reports that a portion of the troops in East Tennessee had been removed south of Knoxville, destination not known, and that the engineer troops which had commenced to repair the Tennessee railroad from Knoxville east had been withdrawn and sent to Chattanooga for the purpose, it was thought, of repairing the road toward Atlanta. He also states that an intelligent scout just from Kentucky reports Burbridge's force had been taken to Nashville and that considerable bodies of troops were passing up the Ohio on their way to Grant. He believed all these reports may be relied on. The enemy seems still to be collecting a force in the Shenandoah Valley, which indicates another movement as soon as the weather will permit. Rosser's scouts report that there is some cavalry and infantry now at Winchester and that Hancock has a portion of his new corps at Halltown. I think these troops are intended to supply the place of those under General Sheridan, which it is plain General Grant has brought to his army. The addition of these three mounted divisions will give such strength to his cavalry, already numerically superior to ours, that it will enable him, I fear, to keep our communications to Richmond broken. Had we been able to use the supplies which Sheridan has destroyed in his late expedition in maintaining our troops in the Valley in a body, if his march could not have been arrested, it would at least have been rendered comparatively harmless, and we should have been spared the mortification that has attended it. Now, I do not see how we can sustain even our small force of cavalry around Richmond. I have had this morning to send General William H. F. Lee's division back to Stony Creek, whence I had called it in the last few days, because I cannot provide it with forage. I regret to have to report these difficulties, but think you ought to be apprised of them in order if there is any remedy it should be applied.

I have the honor to be, your obedient servant,

R. E. LEE,
General.

HEADQUARTERS ARTILLERY CORPS,
March 17, 1865.

Lieut. Col. W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

COLONEL: Will you oblige me by submitting to the general for his decision the following suggestions toward re-establishing the artillery of Second Corps on a basis agreed upon by General Walker, chief of artillery, Third Corps, Colonel Carter, and myself, without increasing the artillery force beyond the amount mentioned by the general himself?

First. That the battalion commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel King and Major McLaughlin, now in Giles County foraging, be assigned to Fort Clifton, instead of Lieutenant-Colonel Cutshaw, the horses, guns, &c., being turned over to the latter that it may be fitted for the field.

This is proposed as greatly best for the service, in the judgment alike of General Long, Colonel Carter, and myself. King's men are not comparable to Cutshaw's for thoroughly efficient service in the field, and besides Cutshaw's command is abundantly large to bring up Nelson's and Braxton's battalion to a proper standard of strength.

Second. Nelson's battalion to be re-established by using, in suitable ways, some of Cutshaw's surplus men and obtaining guns and horses that may be available.

Third. Certain inefficient batteries now with Third Corps to be transferred, as agreed upon between General Walker and myself, viz: Chew's remnant of a Maryland battery and Dement's remnant of another to be consolidated, and the resulting company left in charge of the guns on the line between Battery Dantzler and Battery Semmes. Chew has 36 men present, Dement 44. The former 19 absent, the latter 14. Second, Moore's company, Richardson's battalion, to be withdrawn from the field and assigned to stationary guns at Chaffin's. Walker's company of Owen's battalion to take Moore's place in Richardson's battalion. Third, Chamberlayne's company of Owen's battalion to take the place of Chew's in Colonel McIntosh's battalion. Fourth, Dickenson's company of Owen's battalion to be withdrawn from the field and assigned to stationary guns at Chaffin's; Lieutenant-Colonel Owen thus losing his battalion and being assigned as second field officer to Colonel McIntosh's battalion. Fifth, the four companies of the Washington Artillery Battalion to be consolidated into three. They have present, respectively, 67, 65, 72, 45, and absent, 32, 29, 42, 40. Most of the absent may be expected to remain away, perhaps through the campaign. Captain Owen of one of the companies has just been retired, so that one chief difficulty in the way of consolidation is thus removed. These changes remove from the field four companies and leave their horses, guns, &c., to be assigned to more efficient organizations.

With the means thus secured to restore to the field Lieutenant-Colonel Braxton's battalion, strengthened by proper additions from Cutshaw's surplus men, we are all agreed that this admirable command can thus render much more useful service to our cause.

There will be restored in this way to full efficiency the three exemplary artillery battalions, Second Corps, without reducing efficiency elsewhere, and, with means now available, it can all be accomplished also in a comparatively short time. So soon as the general decides, I wish to telegraph Colonel Carter in Richmond; should like to do so, indeed, some time this afternoon.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. N. PENDLETON,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Artillery.

[Indorsement.]

MARCH 17, 1865.

Respectfully returned to Brigadier-General Pendleton.

The changes proposed do not meet with the approval of the commanding general. He is very anxious to re-equip and re-establish the efficiency of the artillery of the Second Corps, but does not think it just to do this at the expense of other commands. The general wishes to see General Pendleton early after breakfast on the morning of the 18th instant (to-morrow).

Very respectfully,

W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARTILLERY CORPS,
Petersburg, March 17, 1865.

Lieutenant-Colonel KING, or
Major MCLAUGHLIN,
Comdg. Arty. Batt., near Dublin Depot, Lynchburg and Tenn. R. R.:

Break up your winter quarters and proceed without delay to Lynchburg with men, horses, and transportation essential for their use, leaving remaining transportation to be employed as heretofore near the depot. Report to Colonel Nelson at Lynchburg and obey his orders. Communicate these instructions to your department commander.

By command of General Lee:

W. N. PENDLETON,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Artillery.

Lieut. Col. W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

COLONEL: Colonel Carter telegraphs me that, as King's (McLaughlin's) battalion is now in another department, General Lee's order will be necessary to remove him. I therefore send up the above memorandum of an order for him, which, if the general approves, I will get you to telegraph to Dublin. Colonel Carter will give special instructions to Colonel Nelson. The transportation left at Dublin is to haul forage to the depot.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. N. PENDLETON,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Artillery.

RICHMOND, *March 17, 1865.*

General W. N. PENDLETON:

GENERAL: I suggest that the order to McLaughlin be sent him before General Early takes command in West Virginia. He will hardly allow troops of any arm to leave his department after he reaches it. General Long thinks that an order from General Lee (or by his command given by yourself) is necessary to move McLaughlin to Fort Clifton, as the battalion is now in a different department. He is probably correct in this opinion. No objection was made to the exchange for Cutshaw; on the contrary, General Long thought well of the plan. Braxton is anxious about his affairs and I have advised him to see you. At the same time I wish him to learn from you or Colonel Baldwin the number and caliber of any guns that may not be appropriated. I have seen Colonel Cole and he is willing to give me every aid in his power. It is necessary before sending out the officers to have a requisition approved by yourself for the number required. I do not know the exact number, not having access to the battery and battalion commands, but presume it will be 350 or 400. Colonel Cole does not issue this number from what he has on hand but allows his impressing agents, assisted by the officers from each battalion whom I wish to send, to obtain them if possible. I should like permission to send an officer from each battery for the purpose of assisting the impressing agents in finding and caring for the horses. Carpenter already has an order to this effect. Please let Major Page make out a requisition as above called for, approve, and send it by Colonel Braxton to-morrow. I learn that only five ordnance wagons were captured; the rest are near the North Carolina line not far from the Danville railroad. I suppose I can use these to forage my command and order the quartermaster to

report to me. He is said to be very efficient. I regard the artillery ordnance train as belonging to the Second Corps, and take it for granted I am not infringing upon the rights of others. Of course I do not interfere with General Long's staff officers—Captain Gregory, for instance—but the wagons belong to the Second Corps, I think. Please let me know what you think. These wagons will be needed to some extent to serve as transportation.

Very respectfully, yours,

T. H. CARTER,
Colonel, Commanding Artillery.

HDQRS. ARTY. CORPS, ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
March 18, 1865.

Lieut. Col. W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

COLONEL: I have the honor to submit for the consideration of the commanding general the following facts and recommendations touching the efficiency of our field artillery for the approaching campaign:

First. Owing to wear and tear of service and casualities of battle, our material for this arm, especially the animals, is becoming so reduced as to render impracticable the full re-equipment of all our batteries. It becomes therefore necessary to assign some of the organizations that have served as field artillery to such other duty as may be most suitable and useful. To this end a certain degree of discrimination between different commands must be exercised and this unavoidably involves liability to error and something of injustice. It shall be my effort, however, to do justice as far as possible to all parties in the recommendations I am about to make, while aiming to secure the best interests of the service.

Second. I respectfully recommend that the battalion commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel King and Major McLaughlin in General Early's Valley campaign and now foraging its animals near Dublin Depot, Lynchburg and Tennessee Railroad, under Major McLaughlin, be withdrawn from the field and assigned to the defense of Fort Clifton, Major McLaughlin commanding. The grounds of this recommendation are that some of the artillery embraced in the misfortunes of that Valley campaign must relinquish field equipment, and this command, although entitled to great praise for gallant and faithful service, is conceded to be surpassed in claim to equipment by the other battalions that served with it through that eventful campaign. This is the judgment of General Long and Colonel Carter and is candidly concurred in by Lieutenant-Colonel King. Major McLaughlin is a vigorous and gallant officer who will make, it is believed, an efficient commander at Fort Clifton, and it may be well not only to give him that command, but to accord him in connection with it an additional grade. Lieutenant-Colonel King prefers another position, to be presently mentioned.

Third. The remnant of a Maryland battery under Captain Chew, McIntosh's battalion, I respectfully recommend to be consolidated with another Maryland battery (Griffin's), Breathed's battalion horse artillery. Captain Chew has already formally applied for this union and assures me it will be agreeable to the other company. The two together will only make one good strong company. Questions concerning officers are at present mainly obviated by one captain and one or two lieutenants being prisoners in hands of the enemy. Those questions can afterward be adjusted.

Fourth. Captain Martin's battery, Sturdivant's battalion, Anderson's corps, I respectfully recommend to be for the present withdrawn from the field and assigned to duty with stationary guns on a part of the outer line below Richmond, under a recent call of General Alexander for the service of such guns. The grounds for this recommendation are that Captain Martin's horses are in peculiarly wretched condition and that with the most faithful purpose on his part his men seem not successful with animals. They are good, gallant men, and he is a brave, intelligent, even accomplished soldier, all entitled to honorable regard for the service they have rendered according to opportunity, and for the spirit with which they are ready to encounter the enemy, and yet they have not kept good horses, and Captain Martin, distinctly as he claims that it has always been his misfortune to draw indifferent horses and to suffer from adverse influences in their treatment, and that his forte is in some sphere admitting of dash, has the candor to admit, as his own conscientious judgment, that, as between himself and one of the veteran batteries of the Second Corps, the just claim to re-equipment is against him.

Fifth. Capt. Dickenson's battery, Owen's battalion, I respectfully recommend to be also withdrawn from the field and either assigned to stationary guns with Captain Martin's, or allowed to equip for cavalry to such extent as may be practicable. The grounds of this recommendation are, that Captain Dickenson's horses are now in a very reduced state, although this seems not due to inattention or inaptitude on his part or that of his men; that excellent as are the captain and his fine large company and ready to do gallant service, it has been their fortune to be surprisingly little in battle; and that they express a willingness to serve wherever they can best aid in repelling the enemy. About sixty of his men, Captain Dickenson thinks, can mount themselves for cavalry, if it be deemed admissible for them thus to form a cavalry company. The remainder, about as many more, to choose artillery companies needing men to enter. In failure of this they express themselves cheerfully willing to serve stationary guns, especially in view of the superior qualities of the veteran batteries of the Second Corps for sustaining our cause in the field.

Sixth. Captain Walker's battery, Owen's battalion, I respectfully recommend to take the place of Martin's, Sturdivant's battalion, and Captain Chamberlayne's battery, Owen's battalion, to take the place of Chew's, McIntosh's battalion, Lieutenant-Colonel Owen to become second field officer in McIntosh's battalion, and the battalion staff officers to be assigned as needed. The batteries will, it is believed, find these assignments agreeable, and Lieutenant-Colonel Owen cannot justly object as Lieutenant-Colonel King has at any rate a precedent claim to the battalion, which he only waives because satisfied that this distribution is for the public good. Lieutenant-Colonel King on this basis prefers having command of the battalion to be formed for serving the stationary guns proposed by General Alexander, such battalion to consist of Douthat's, an artillery company brought by Colonel King from the West, Martin's, Dickenson's, if finally there assigned, and such other as General Alexander may designate, and for the command thus formed I respectfully recommend Lieutenant-Colonel King.

Seventh. The veteran battalions of the Second Corps, Nelson's, Braxton's, and Cutshaw's, I respectfully recommend to be restored to full efficiency by adding the means thus relieved to their proper remainder of equipment and to such other resources as may be necessary and available. This restoration is, I am satisfied, best for the service on

account of the tried superiority of these commands, while it seems to me clearly right in view of the facts peculiar to the several cases and the just claims of all the parties.

The sketch of an order providing these several arrangements I have the honor herewith to present.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. N. PENDLETON,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Artillery.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 18, 1865.

General R. E. LEE,
Commanding, &c.:

The enemy drove in our cavalry pickets on Williamsburg road. I think it is done to cover the passage of his troops over the Chickahominy, at Bottom's Bridge. One brigade of cavalry is reported passing.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 18, 1865.

Major-General C. W. FIELD,
Commanding, &c.:

General Longstreet directs that you hold two of your brigades in readiness, with Gary's cavalry, to attack the enemy at Bottom's Bridge to-night. General Gary has been ordered to report to you for this purpose. Your pickets will remain as they are and only such men as are not on picket of the brigades you take will be used. You will take charge of the expedition in person. The artillery attached to Gary's brigade will accompany you. Hold all the troops you intend to take in readiness, and further orders will be sent you.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

MARCH 18, 1865.

Lieutenant-General EWELL,
Commanding Department of Richmond:

General Longstreet has returned. General Pickett is on his march down, and will camp at the outer works, on the Mechanicsville road.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 18, 1865.

Maj. Gen. FITZ LEE,
Commanding, Nine-mile Road:

Has Kautz's division, which you report at Bottom's Bridge, crossed the Chickahominy? I supposed it had and was preparing to attack it on this side.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 18, 1865.

Brig. Gen. M. W. GARY,
Commanding Brigade, Vaughan's House:

Report to General Field immediately. He will have instructions for you. Reply so that I may know whether you receive this dispatch.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

MARCH 18, 1865.

Brig. Gen. M. W. GARY,
Commanding, &c.:

Send out scouts to discover if there is any movement of the enemy in connection with driving in pickets on the Williamsburg road.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

MARCH 18, 1865.

Brigadier-General GARY,
Commanding Cavalry, Vaughan's House:

Has Bottom's Bridge been burnt?

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 19, 1865—12.15 a. m.

Major-General PICKETT,
Mechanicsville Road:

General Longstreet directs that you move your division over and establish it on the outer line of works now held by our troops between the Charles City and the Nine-Mile roads. This you will do by daybreak if possible. Answer immediately.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 19, 1865—3.30 a. m.

Major-General PICKETT,
Mechanicsville Road:

Did you receive my dispatch? Are you ready to move as ordered? General Longstreet has been waiting an answer.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 19, 1865—3.30 a. m.

Major-General PICKETT,
Commanding Division:

I telegraphed you at 12.15 a. m., directing you to move your division and place it in position on the outer line held by our troops between

the Charles City and Nine-Mile roads. This move was to be carried out by daylight if possible. As it is very important, and as you have not replied to the telegram, I send this by a courier, though it is now too late to make the move before day. You will move at once and get into the position indicated above as soon as you can. The best road you could travel would be the military road just in rear of the intermediate line of works to the Nine-mile road and down that road to the works, whence you could extend over to the right to the Charles City road.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 19, 1865.

Maj. Gen. C. W. FIELD:

General Lee telegraphs that the enemy is moving troops from his right to his left, accompanied by wagon trains. General Longstreet desires you to have your command on the alert and to watch closely the movements of the enemy in your front.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. M. SIMS,
Assistant Adjutant and Inspector General.

(Copies to General Pickett, Williamsburg road; General Fitz Lee, on Nine-Mile road; and General Gary and Maj. Gen. J. B. Kershaw.)

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 19, 1865.

Lieut. Gen. R. S. EWELL,
Richmond:

General Longstreet desires you to send Harris' brigade back to its command early to-morrow morning.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 19, 1865.

Lieut. Gen. R. S. EWELL,
Commanding Department of Richmond:

General Longstreet thinks Harris' brigade had better be kept here until Sheridan reaches his destination.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 19, 1865.

Maj. MARMADUKE JOHNSON,
Commanding Artillery Battalion, Mechanicsville:

You will return to your old camp.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS,
March 20, 1865.

His Excellency President DAVIS:

Telegram received. I have directed General Mahone to render all assistance he can should Admiral Semmes go down the river.

R. E. LEE.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 65. } ADJT. AND INSP. GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Richmond, Va., March 20, 1865.

* * * * * * *

XXVII. Brig. Gen. Joseph Finegan, Provisional Armies, C. S., is relieved from further service with the Army of Northern Virginia, and is assigned to duty in Florida. He will report for orders to Maj. Gen. S. Jones, commanding, &c., District of Florida.

* * * * * * *

XXX. Lieut. Col. A. S. Cunningham, assistant adjutant-general, will proceed to make an inspection of all the cavalry of the Army of Northern Virginia. He will commence with the division of Maj. Gen. L. L. Lomax.

By command of the Secretary of War:

JNO. WITHERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 41. } HDQRS. DEPT. OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
March 20, 1865.

* * * * * * *

XI, 3. Chamberlayne's battery, Owen's battalion, now with Third Corps, will be detached from its present organization and assigned in place of Chew's to McIntosh's battalion.

4. Dickenson's and Walker's batteries, Owen's battalion, will also be detached from their present organization and constituted with Douthat, just arrived from Western Virginia, into another battalion to serve stationary guns below Richmond, under command of Lieutenant-Colonel King.

5. Lieutenant-Colonel Owen is assigned as a field officer to McIntosh's battalion, and the staff officers of Owen's battalion will be assigned either to Lieutenant-Colonel King's battalion or to such other service as may be found most expedient, the orders for such assignment to be issued from Army headquarters upon the recommendation of the chief of artillery.

By command of General R. E. Lee:

W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. ARTILLERY, ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
March 20, 1865.

Col. R. P. CHEW,
Commanding Horse Artillery:

COLONEL: The following is the arrangement of horse artillery battalions sanctioned by General Lee:

Hart's battalion: Hart's battery, Graham's battery—to serve with General Butler's division. McGregor's battalion: McGregor's battery, McClanahan's battery—to serve with General W. H. F. Lee's division.

Breathed's battalion: Shoemaker's battery, Griffin's battery—to serve with General Fitz Lee's division. Johnston's battalion: Johnston's battery, Jackson's battery—to serve with General Lomax's division. Thomson's battalion: Thomson's battery, Lurty's battery—to serve with General Rosser's division.

* * * * * * *

You will cause the several commanders to direct their energies to the thorough preparation of their respective commands for efficient service in the campaign soon to open and apply your own efforts to the same end. There is no time to be lost. Although horses cannot yet be called in because of insufficient forage, there are many elements of equipments and organization to be attended to at once. It is essential to get each command ready for service, so that however early or unexpectedly the enemy may advance the horse artillery battalion may on short notice repair to operate with their proper divisions.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. N. PENDLETON,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Artillery.

HDQRS. ARTILLERY, ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
March 20, 1865.

Lieut. Col. R. P. CHEW, *Commanding Horse Artillery:*

COLONEL: You will please make arrangements for recovering the guns of the horse artillery which were captured by the enemy near Greenwood, Albemarle County, Va., and subsequently abandoned with carriages disabled. It may be well to commit the enterprise to Major Thomson and direct him to secure the guns and such portions of the carriages as may be useful. Let the best plan practicable be adopted as to teams and either wagons or spare gun carriages for hauling those guns to Lynchburg. You may also with advantage arrange with Colonel Cole for Major Thomson to be connected with the operations in Albemarle and Greene Counties for impressing horses, as I understand there are a good many surplus horses in portions of those counties. Major Thomson's interest in the matter would insure success in thus securing horses for his battalion if Colonel Cole will authorize his co-operating with the colonel's agents. You should also satisfy yourself concerning the transportation that will be needed for your several battalions and employ the present time in arranging with Colonel Corley and otherwise for getting it ready by the time operations may be expected.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. N. PENDLETON,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Artillery.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 13. } HDQRS. ARTY., ARMY OF NORTHERN VA.,
March 20, 1865.

It being found impracticable to equip for the approaching campaign all our batteries, the following arrangements are ordered as most just and suitable in connection with the artillery service; they will be effected as speedily as possible under the direction of the general and chief of artillery:

1. McLaughlin's battalion, now stationed for foraging purposes near Dublin Depot, Lynchburg and Tennessee Railroad, will be assigned to service of the guns at Fort Clifton, Major McLaughlin commanding.

2. Chew's battery, McIntosh's battalion, Third Corps, will be consolidated with Griffin's battery, Breathed's battalion horse artillery, according to provisions of law for such cases provided.

3. Chamberlayne's battery, Owen's battalion, now with Third Corps, will be detached from its present connection and assigned in place of Chew's to McIntosh's battalion.

4. Dickenson's and Walker's batteries, Owen's battalion, will also be detached from its present connection and constituted with Douthat's, just arrived from Western Virginia, into another battalion to serve stationary guns below Richmond and under command of Lieutenant-Colonel King.

5. Lieutenant-Colonel Owen will be assigned as second field officer to McIntosh's battalion and the staff officers of Owen's battalion will be assigned either to Lieutenant-Colonel King's battalion or to other service, as may be found most just and expedient.

6. Nelson's, Braxton's, and Cutshaw's battalions, Second Corps, will be re-equipped for the field under command of Col. Thomas H. Carter as soon as possible.

W. N. PENDLETON,
Chief of Artillery.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 20, 1865. (Received 6.30 p. m.)

Hon. J. C. BRECKINRIDGE,
Secretary of War:

The troops will be on the Williamsburg road ready for you at 2 p. m. to-morrow.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 20, 1865.

General R. E. LEE,
Commanding:

GENERAL: I presume that the enemy's next move will be to raid against the Danville railroad, and think that it would be well if we begin at once to make our arrangements to meet it. In order that we may get the troops that may be necessary to meet such a move I would suggest that we collect all the dismounted men of Generals Fitz Lee, Rosser, and Lomax and put them behind our strongest lines, and draw out a corps of infantry and hold it in readiness for the raid. General W. H. F. Lee's dismounts might also be used behind our works to great advantage, with a cavalry force of 2,000 or 3,000 men to hold the enemy in check. I think that our infantry may be able to overtake the raiding column. If we can get a large cavalry force I think that we would surely be able to destroy the raiding force.

I remain, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 20, 1865.

Lieut. Col. R. G. COLE,
Chief Commissary of Subsistence, Army of Northern Va., Richmond:

Steuart's brigade, of Pickett's division, is on the Nine-Mile road in the trenches of the outer line of works. It will, in all probability, be there for the next three days.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 20, 1865.

Lieutenant-General EWELL,
Commanding, Richmond:

Harris' brigade will proceed to join General Mahone. I judge from your telegram that you have already given it orders to that effect.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 20, 1865.

Maj. Gen. G. W. C. LEE,
Commanding Division:

Your communication of the 9th instant, respecting the lighting up of the face of your line in the event of a night attack, has remained unanswered until now in consequence of the absence of our headquarters. General Longstreet desires that you make arrangements for that purpose. You had best communicate with General Alexander, chief of artillery, on the subject and proceed to work in co-operation with him.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 20, 1865.

Brig. Gen. M. W. GARY,
Commanding Cavalry, Vaughan's House:

You will remove your cavalry from the cabins on the line. General Pickett now holds the line from the York River Railroad to Mrs. Price's and your men will be withdrawn to your camp in the rear. General Pickett will relieve your guards.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

Abstract from tri-monthly return of the Department of Richmond, Lieut. Gen. R. S. Ewell, C. S. Army, commanding, for March 20, 1865. a

Command.	Present for duty.		Effective total present.	Aggregate present.	Aggregate present and absent.
	Officers.	Men.			
General staff	10	.....	.....	10	10
G. W. C. Lee's division	126	2,439	2,729	3 031	4,887
Moore's brigade	86	824	971	1,196	3,199
Total	212	3,263	3,700	4,227	8,086
Artillery defenses	28	437	494	584	791
9th Georgia Battalion	12	313	335	354	569
Total	40	750	829	938	1,360
Grand total	262	4,013	4,529	5,175	9,456

a Walker's brigade, 745 men, for duty temporarily in Richmond.

HDQRS. ARTILLERY, ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
March 21, 1865.

Col. A. H. COLE,
Superintendent of Field Transportation, Richmond, Va.:

COLONEL: Major Mason, of General Fitz Lee's staff, has called to see me in reference to equipping the battalions of two batteries of horse artillery under Major Breathed to serve with General Fitz Lee's division of cavalry, and I have again to request that if you find it consistent with the general service of your department you authorize Major Mason to operate as among your agents in obtaining horses by purchase or impressment in such districts as may be agreed upon between him and yourself. While it is essential not unduly to reduce the working power of the farmers and not harshly to interfere with their rights, it is of the first importance to equip our artillery for an early campaign and especially to have our horse artillery ready for the conflict with the enemy's cavalry, which may be anticipated almost any day.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,
W. N. PENDLETON,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Artillery.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 21, 1865.

General R. E. LEE,
Commanding:

The only information I have of Echols' brigade is that on the 12th instant it was at Farmville. It has never been under my command.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 21, 1865.

Lieutenant-Colonel TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

General Ewell reports that 300 of Echols' brigade, under Major Blessing, were sent to South Boston to guard Yankee prisoners to Richmond; that the balance of the brigade has been sent to Dublin Depot under orders of Lieutenant-General Early.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 21, 1865.

Lieut. Col. W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

I have the honor to forward the annexed statement of the number of desertions which have occurred in this command from the 9th to the 18th, inclusive:

Kershaw's division: Du Bose's brigade, 14; Humphreys' brigade, 4; Bryan's brigade, 23; total, 41. Field's division: Anderson's brigade, 97; Benning's brigade, 8; Bratton's brigade, 17; Law's brigade, 3; Texas brigade, 0; total, 125. Pickett's division: Corse's brigade, 144; Steuart's brigade, 145; Hunton's brigade, 183; Terry's brigade, 40; total, 512. Aggregate, 678.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF RICHMOND,
Richmond, Va., March 21, 1865.

General JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE,
Secretary of War:

GENERAL: A detachment from Echols' brigade, 300 strong, was sent to South Boston a few days ago to relieve Colonel Gaillard and the North Carolina militia—Reserves—from the charge of 900 Federal prisoners of war. They must by this time be near Roanoke Station, where Captain Graham's party is. Orders have been sent by telegraph to Captain Graham to remain at Roanoke till relieved, and to Major Blessing to relieve him, he having men enough to guard both bodies by this time, and transportation will be saved.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. S. EWELL,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 21, 1865.

Lieutenant-General EWELL,
Commanding Department of Richmond:

General R. E. Lee directs that Echols' brigade be sent to Lynchburg as soon as practicable, so as to resume its position. An advance is expected from Knoxville.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 21, 1865.

Maj. Gen. FITZ LEE,
Commanding Cavalry:

In addition to your report of the advance of the enemy toward Old Church, General Gary advises me that General Payne's pickets report them to be crossing at Bottom's Bridge; force not known. General Longstreet wishes you to resist them all you can, in order to develop their strength and discover whether it is necessary to send infantry to the assistance of the cavalry.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 21, 1865.

Maj. Gen. FITZ LEE,
Commanding Cavalry, North Side, Nine-Mile Road:

Keep your scouts well out toward the White House, so as to obtain early information of any move of the enemy. Pickett's division will be reviewed at 2 p. m. to-day on the Williamsburg road, near the intermediate line. Come over to it.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 21, 1865.

General M. W. GARY,
Commanding, &c.:

Your dispatch received. General Lee has been instructed to resist the enemy all he can, in order to discover their strength and whether it is necessary to send infantry to meet them.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 13. } HDQRS. ARTY., ARMY OF NORTHERN VA.,
March 22, 1865.

1. Dickenson's and Walker's batteries, of Owen's battalion, are hereby relieved from their connection with that organization and assigned to another battalion, consisting of these two and Douthat's, to be commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel King. These two batteries will prepare at once to move, under charge of Captain Dickenson, to the headquarters of General Alexander, commanding artillery on the north side of the James River, and report to him for orders. Captain Walker will adjust the assessment business on which he has been engaged and then proceed to join his command and assume its direction until Lieutenant-Colonel King shall arrive.

2. The armament, horses, and equipment of these two batteries will for the present be turned over to Lieut. Col. C. M. Braxton, who will

cause them to be duly receipted for. Such portion of the transportation as may not be essential for the two batteries in their new relations will also be turned over and receipted for. One wagon for each company may be retained by them, the rest to be turned over.

3. The armament, horses, and equipment and transportation of Chew's battery, McIntosh's battalion, will also be turned over to Lieut. Col. C. M. Braxton, and Captain Chew will proceed with his men to Richmond and report to Lieutenant-Colonel Chew, commanding horse artillery, for orders in connection with his consolidation with Griffin's battery, Breathed's battalion. Chamberlayne's battery, Owen's battalion, will report for duty to Colonel McIntosh in place of Chew.

4. Lieutenant-Colonel Braxton will proceed to equip his battalion, under direction of Colonel Carter, with the means already mentioned and such others as may be available. He will for the present be located toward our right near Burgess' Mill, and will report, procure supplies, &c., as Colonel Carter may arrange.

W. N. PENDLETON,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Artillery.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 22, 1865.

General R. E. LEE,
Commanding:

General Custis Lee reports enemy's white pickets relieved at 5.30 p. m.; usually relieved at 9 a. m. Negro vedette line doubled. Such action has heretofore preceded some movement of enemy.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 22, 1865.

Maj. Gen. FITZ LEE,
Commanding Cavalry:

General Longstreet wishes you to assure yourself positively about the fact of the enemy being at Tunstall's Station, only one division strong. He does not wish to make the move and find the report erroneous. Send out scouts at once.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 22, 1865.

Maj. Gen. FITZ LEE,
Commanding Cavalry:

General Custis Lee reports facts indicating a move on the part of the enemy. Have your command well in hand and on the alert.

R. M. SIMS,
Assistant Adjutant and Inspector General.

(Copy to Brigadier-General Steuart, commanding Pickett's division.)

[MARCH 23, 1865.—For General Orders, No. 7, Army of Northern Virginia, relating to the protection of agricultural interests, see Part II, p. 1287.]

PETERSBURG, *March 23, 1865.*
(Received 2 [p. m.])

General J. C. BRECKINRIDGE,
Secretary of War:

I have sent to Lieut. Col. F. W. Sims, Chief of the Railroad Bureau, the following telegram, a copy of which I send you that you may see and reflect on the facts set forth before any action is taken:

I am fully persuaded that with different managements more can be done than is proposed by this change. Indeed, I think that the Government will gain nothing, and it may result in positive injury to this company. I desire not to offer any captious opposition, but to let the plain statement of facts as set forth speak. The superintendent of this road says that with foreign trains daily on the road in addition to our own he can, and will, move promptly with freight offering, and then let any surplus machinery on other roads go to points where most needed and more suited for the work. The plan indicated will also necessitate the loading and unloading everything at places where there are no facilities for the business; scales, warehouses, &c., having been burned by raiders. The arrangement also enhances the cost of transportation.

LEM. PEEBLES,
President South Side Railroad.

PETERSBURG, *March 23, 1865.*
(Received 2.10 [p. m.])

Hon. SECRETARY OF WAR:

My telegram from Richmond did not get to the country directors in time to hold a meeting to-day, so I cannot have a board until to-morrow. In meantime, Mr. Grigg telegraphed me from Lynchburg that Colonel Owen telegraphed him that he will take possession of that end of this road from Lynchburg to Burkeville on Monday next, by order of War Department. I hope that when such a step is taken that I will be informed of it officially and that no such action will take place until this company can be heard through its directory. I think the thing a high-handed measure, anyhow, and calculated to result in no good for either the Government or this company. If arbitrary power is to be exercised it certainly should be in the least obnoxious form, and if the power exists to take a roadbed it must also to take rolling-stock, and the most arbitrary part of it, and inconsistent, is to require this company to carry its light engines from its own road on a road with heavy grades where they can do but little and put on it engines from another road built expressly to surmount heavy grades with a full train on a road built with light material and for light engines, beset with bridges which will be materially injured by the continued running of heavy engines over them, and also taking from this company the power to control the speed of the trains, seems to me most contradictory. These are my views and I do not think that the facts set forth can be controverted.

LEM. PEEBLES,
President South Side Railroad Company.

[Indorsement.]

WAR DEPARTMENT,
March 25, 1865.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL:

For consideration.

The Secretary of War desires to see you to-day in regard to within telegrams. Please return them.

By order, &c.

SAML. W. MELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

MARCH 23, 1865.

[Hon. JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE,
Secretary of War:]

DEAR SIR: Of course no subsistence should be sent off so long as we can hold the city, and I was not aware that Paymaster Semple contemplated doing so. I have directed him to keep them here. I regret that we cannot turn over further subsistence to the Commissary-General. Our mechanics, who are entitled to subsistence from the army, are receiving nothing and are nearly in a state of starvation, while our supplies do not admit of meeting their wants.

Very respectfully,

S. R. MALLORY,
Secretary of the Navy.

HDQRS. ARTILLERY, ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
March 23, 1865.

Lieut. Col. R. P. CHEW,
Commanding Horse Artillery, Richmond, Va.:

McClanahan must be found and gotten to his place at once. Thomson also must be made ready immediately. I cannot assign horses while the men are scattered. Johnston can have three howitzers in Lynchburg from Colonel Carter. You had better at present be nearer me than in Richmond.

W. N. PENDLETON,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Artillery.

HDQRS. ARTILLERY, ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
March 23, 1865.

Captain GREEN,
Assistant Quartermaster, late Owen's Artillery Battalion:

CAPTAIN: In reply to your note of this date I would say that if the two companies, Dickenson's and Walker's, going to another connection, can at all dispense with your services for a day or two, I wish you to remain and assist Captain Forbes, assistant quartermaster Braxton's battalion, in establishing his arrangements for his services in a locality new to him and familiar to yourself. Let him have, also, the forage you may have on hand.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. N. PENDLETON,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Artillery.

P. S.—By Monday next you can, if nothing unforeseen occurs to prevent, proceed to your command proper north of James River.

W. N. P.

HDQRS. ARTILLERY, ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
March 23, 1865.

Lieut. Col. C. M. BRAXTON,
Commanding Artillery Battalion:

COLONEL: I have written a note to Captain Green instructing him to remain and aid you about foraging your animals until Monday next, when it will be best for him I think to repair to the battalion intended for Lieutenant-Colonel King, north of James River near General Alexander's. I informed General Walker's adjutant this morning that you were to have the two U. S. 3-inch rifles which Chew has had. They are in Battery Gregg near the broken dam southwest of Petersburg. You had best get them at once. Let me know how many horses you need that I may order them for you. I do not think it expedient just now while you are making arrangements for efficiency that either of your companies should be put on the lines. It is better I think that Colonel Pegram's company, now back from the line, be placed on it for a season than that you should be obstructed in your preparations. I direct your messenger to show this note at General Walker's headquarters, that the requisite instructions to this effect may be there issued.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,
W. N. PENDLETON,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Artillery.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 23, 1865.

General R. E. LEE,
Commanding, &c.:

An intelligent deserter just in from the enemy's lines, reports preparations by the enemy to make an attack on this side by land and water. He says that their gun-boats were to come up last night under Porter and were to shell our lines, and that the negro troops had volunteered to assault our works in front of Fort Harrison. He reports the Ninth and two divisions of the Second Corps on this side in addition to the regular force belonging here. I understand that Admiral Semmes intends to retire in case the enemy's vessels come up the river and make his fight from Drewry's. It seems to me that he should be ordered to make his fight at Chaffin's even to the sinking of his vessels.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 23, 1865.

General R. E. LEE,
Commanding Armies of the C. S.:

General Fitz Lee's scouts report one division of the enemy's cavalry at Tunstall's Station encamped; the other division at White House. On the 20th they sent down the river a large number of broken-down horses. Lumber is being brought to White House.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 23, 1865.

Admiral SEMMES,
Commanding James River Squadron, Chaffin's:

General Longstreet directs me to inform you that a Federal deserter reports the enemy are about to make an attack by land and water on the north side of the James. Porter with the fleet was to have come up last night. The attack is expected to take place at any time.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 23, 1865—2 a. m.

Lieutenant-General EWELL,
Commanding Department of Richmond:

GENERAL: General R. E. Lee advises General Longstreet that the enemy is preparing along his whole line for a movement. He thinks he will demonstrate on one flank and attack on the other. He desires General Longstreet to be ready to move with all the men he can liberate from the trenches to any point attacked. You will make all arrangements to put the troops of your command in the works around the city at a moment's notice. Early advices will be sent you of any advance of the enemy against the north side of the city. Your lines would only be threatened by cavalry, and our cavalry would be ordered to co-operate with you. Our infantry will probably all be required elsewhere and will not be able to afford you any assistance.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 23, 1865.

Lieut. Gen. R. S. EWELL,
Commanding Department of Richmond:

General Lee directs that Douthat's artillery company be sent at once to General Echols, at Wytheville, Va. Give the necessary orders.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 23, 1865.

Maj. Gen. FITZ LEE,
Commanding, &c., Nine-Mile Road:

General R. E. Lee telegraphs that the enemy threatens a movement along his whole line and an attack on one or the other flank. You will keep your command in readiness to move at short notice whenever required. Send out your best scouts and endeavor to notify us at once of any movement. What number of dismounted men have you and what number has Rosser? Rosser is under your command.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 23, 1865.

General FITZ LEE,
Nine-Mile Road:

The order placing you in command of all the cavalry on the north side of the river, including Rosser, you will give him orders, and in case of an advance of the enemy will keep his force between them and Richmond.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *March 24, 1865.*

General ROBERT E. LEE,
Petersburg, Va.:

The governor of Virginia calls my attention to the fact that he has not received a requisition for slaves, as provided for in the act of the General Assembly of the 4th of March, 1865. A copy of the act was forwarded to you from my office.

JEFF'N DAVIS.

HEADQUARTERS C. S. ARMIES,
March 24, 1865.

His Excellency JEFFERSON DAVIS,
President of the Confederate States, Richmond:

Mr. PRESIDENT: I have the honor to ask that you will call upon the governor of the State of Virginia for the whole number of negroes, slave and free, between the ages of eighteen and forty-five, for services as soldiers authorized by the joint resolution adopted by the Senate and House of Delegates of the State [of Virginia] on the 4th of March. The services of these men are now necessary to enable us to oppose the enemy.

With great respect, your obedient servant,

R. E. LEE,
General.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
March 24, 1865.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL:

Order Maj. Gen. Mansfield Lovell to report to General R. E. Lee.

J. C. BRECKINRIDGE,
Secretary of War.

WAR DEPARTMENT, C. S. A.,
Richmond, Va., March 24, 1865.

General LEE:

GENERAL: Your dispatch of this date in regard to Major-General Lovell has been received and he has been ordered to report to you.

JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE,
Secretary of War.

WAR DEPARTMENT, C. S. A.,
Richmond, Va., March 24, 1865.

General LEE:

GENERAL: Your dispatch of to-day received. The Secretary of the Treasury answers that certificates of indebtedness may be obtained upon requisitions that are receivable in payment of taxes. These may be substituted or given in payment of certificates of purchasing officers or agents, but the certificates issued by the latter are not themselves receivable by law in payment of taxes. Col. Larkin Smith, of the Tax in Kind Bureau, answers that the tithes of wheat and flour due for 1865 may be paid now according to circular. A copy of circular is sent you by mail.

J. C. BRECKINRIDGE,
Secretary of War.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 69. } ADJT. AND INSP. GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Richmond, March 24, 1865.

* * * * * * *

XVI. Maj. John Tyler, assistant adjutant-general, is assigned to the duty of visiting the southern counties of Virginia contiguous to the enemy, for the purpose of addressing the people upon the necessity of enlisting their negroes or removing them beyond the reach of the enemy.

* * * * * * *

By command of the Secretary of War:

JNO. WITHERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 75. } HDQRS. ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
March 24, 1865.

* * * * * * *

IV. Brig. Gen. W. F. Perry, Provisional Armies, C. S., is hereby assigned to the command of Law's (old) brigade, Field's division, First Army Corps.

* * * * * * *

By command of General R. E. Lee:

W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 14. } HDQRS. ARTY., ARMY OF NORTHERN VA.,
March 24, 1865.

Captain McClanahan having been ordered, by telegram to Lieutenant-Colonel Chew, on the 27th of February, to prepare his battery for operations and report to Major McGregor near Petersburg as soon as possible with his battery, and nothing having been yet heard from him, it becomes necessary to hasten the movement of the battery, especially as a report is heard that Captain McClanahan was captured by the enemy near Staunton. The officer commanding the battery will therefore immediately collect his men, with all the horses belonging to the

company, and rendezvous at Lynchburg. He will then transport the company to Petersburg without delay, and report for orders to Capt. D. D. Pendleton, assistant adjutant-general, artillery. No time is to be lost in the execution of the order.

By command of General Lee:

W. N. PENDLETON,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Artillery.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

General A. R. LAWTON,
Quartermaster-General:

I desire transportation for 8,000 men from Richmond to Petersburg, with the least possible delay. One brigade is now on its way to the Petersburg depot, 2,300 strong. Please advise me when the transportation can be furnished and the time that the other brigades should reach the depot.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

General R. E. LEE,
Commanding, &c.:

I doubt whether Pickett's division can reach you by 12 to-morrow, unless by rail. I doubt, too, whether we can spare it from this side, but I shall make every effort to get it to you. How shall it go, by rail or march? If it marches I fear that it will be worn out when it reaches you. If it marches it would be better for it to take its old place and use the troops that are there, which will be comparatively fresh.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Lieut. Col. W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of Northern Virginia:

Your dispatch received. Every arrangement is being made to send Pickett's division to Petersburg as rapidly as possible. One brigade is about leaving camp. It will report to General Lee on its arrival.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Lieut. Col. W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of Northern Virginia:

The first of Pickett's division will get off before midnight. Will you have orders for the troops when they arrive, awaiting them at the cars.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

General R. E. LEE,
Commanding, &c.:

Three of Pickett's brigades are en route for Petersburg depot. The transportation for the fourth brigade cannot be furnished before 11 to-morrow. If you can spare it, it would be well, I think, to leave the fourth brigade on this side.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

MARCH 24, 1865.

Lieut. Col. W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

The fourth brigade (Hunton's) cannot obtain transportation before 4 o'clock to-morrow evening.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Maj. E. TAYLOR,
Chief Quartermaster, First Corps,
at Mr. Jacquelin Taylor's, Governor street, Richmond:

See at once what transportation you can get for troops on railroad to Petersburg to-night. Telegraph me what you can do as quickly as possible, and be on hand to telegraph from time to time when the cars will be ready, and how many troops can be received at one time. I will, after this, telegraph you at the military telegraph office. When shall the first squad report? Steuart's brigade is just about to start for the Petersburg depot; the others will follow as soon as you notify me they can be received.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Maj. E. TAYLOR,
Chief Quartermaster, First Corps:

The number you give as able to be shipped does not cover the whole division. When can the rest be received? Have you arranged about the officers' horses being carried?

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Maj. E. TAYLOR,
Chief Quartermaster, First Army Corps, Richmond:

Steuart's brigade is on its way to the depot. Corse and Terry are about to start. Hunton will start about 7 a. m. If there is any

probability of Hunton being delayed any length of time let me know, as it is not desirable to have his troops waiting long in the streets.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

MARCH 24, 1865.

Maj. E. TAYLOR,
Chief Quartermaster, First Army Corps:

General Hunton's brigade is on the Williamsburg road. Telegraph him five hours before you can ship him to Petersburg, so that he will have plenty of time to get ready and march to the depot. Telegraph to the office on Williamsburg road.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Maj. E. TAYLOR,
Chief Quartermaster, Richmond:

Hunton's brigade will not move from this side. You need not prepare transportation for it.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Maj. Gen. C. W. FIELD,
Commanding:

You will have your command ready for battle to-morrow morning at daylight.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

(Same to Maj. Gen. J. B. Kershaw, Brig. Gen. E. P. Alexander, and Maj. Gen. G. W. C. Lee.)

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Brig. Gen. E. P. ALEXANDER,
Chief of Artillery:

You will direct Haskell's and Johnson's battalions of artillery to be harnessed up at daylight.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARTILLERY, FIRST CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

General W. N. PENDLETON,
Chief of Artillery:

GENERAL: I have received your note of 21st concerning promotion. I believe the status is now as follows: Huger's battalion wants one major or lieutenant-colonel; Haskell's, Hardaway's, and Stark's battalions want one major each; Leyden's battalion wants one lieutenant-colonel and one major; Cabell's is doubtful and had best be considered filled for the present; Johnson's and King's have but two batteries each and are entitled to no more at present. Lightfoot's and others on intermediate line I don't know about, having only heard last night from General Lee that he considers me as commanding the artillery in the interior lines, so there are wanted one lieutenant-colonel and five majors. Major Leyden may be promoted to lieutenant-colonel, and this will leave six majors to be promoted. There are now unassigned Parker and Dance. Give Dance to Stark and Parker to Huger or Haskell (either would be glad to get him; probably he had better stay with Huger; I recommend that). I then recommend Moody for major for Haskell (Haskell asks it); Garden, major for Hardaway; Lamkin and Woolfolk, majors for Leyden, unless there is a vacancy in Lightfoot's battalion, in which case Lamkin might go to this and Woolfolk and one of Leyden's captains for Leyden. I am anxious to get some new material in Leyden's command, and both Woolfolk and Lamkin are well adapted to it. I approve of Colonel Hardaway's promotion, but don't see how it can be done unless we consolidate that and one of Marmaduke Johnson's, which would be, I think, advantageous. Hardaway well deserves it and it would make a fine battalion under one of the best officers in the army. I send herewith a formal recommendation of the officers above unencumbered with the discussions above.

Very respectfully, general, your obedient servant,

E. P. ALEXANDER,
Brigadier-General of Artillery.

I have written another letter concerning Johnson's battalion. If there is a vacancy in Cabell's we can then promote Carlton. If in King's we can promote Walker, but I think all the above should have precedence in promotion over Walker, for they are as good and older and of more service and experience.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Brig. Gen. G. H. STEUART,
Commanding Pickett's Division:

General Longstreet wishes you to place a regiment on picket to-morrow at the crossing on White Oak Swamp at Mrs. Hobson's, the point at which the enemy crossed on 27th of October last. You will direct them to throw up a line of rifle-pits and prepare to hold the crossing. General Gary has a cavalry picket at the crossing now, which will remain in addition to your force. In making the work you had better apportion it out at the rate of about ten feet per day to a man.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Brig. Gen. G. H. STEUART, *Commanding Division:*

You will have your division ready to march. You need not send the regiment to Hobson's Crossing as ordered this morning. Recall all the passes which have been granted for to-morrow.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Brig. Gen. G. H. STEUART, *Commanding Pickett's Division:*

You will march your own brigade to the Petersburg depot to take the cars for Petersburg at once. Hold the other brigades in readiness to follow as soon as transportation can be furnished them. Arriving in Petersburg they will report to General Lee. Supply your command with three days' rations. Answer this dispatch as soon as received.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Brigadier-General STEUART, *Commanding Division:*

I sent you orders a short time ago by telegraph to march your own brigade as soon as possible to the Petersburg railroad depot to take the cars for Petersburg. Your other brigades will follow as soon as transportation can be procured. Of this you will be notified by telegraph. Supply your division with three days' rations. Do not wait to cook them, though. General Lee will give you orders at Petersburg. Use every exertion to lose no time in the shipment of your troops.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Brig. Gen. G. H. STEUART, *Commanding Pickett's Division:*

You will move the division headquarters with the first troops going off, accompanying them yourself. The rations for to-morrow will suffice. Your wagons can go by the Wilton bridge; also officers' horses—Drewry's Bluff. Leave an officer at your headquarters to receive orders from here and communicate them to the rest of the brigades. You had better start Corse and Terry for the depot at once. Hunton can start at 7 o'clock in the morning. If there is any probability of Hunton not getting off as soon as expected I will notify him through the officer you leave behind. Unless [he] hears from me he will start at 7 a. m. General Lee has been requested to have orders awaiting you when you get off the cars. Send to him and report, however, as soon as you arrive.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Brig. Gen. G. H. STEUART,
Commanding Pickett's Division:

Major Taylor telegraphs that 1,200 men can be shipped at 9 o'clock, about 2,000 at 1 or 2 o'clock in the morning, about the same number at 7 o'clock in the morning. Make your arrangements to suit this. Do not let a moment be lost which you can help. Did you receive my dispatch directing you to send Steuart's brigade in at once to the Petersburg depot?

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Brig. Gen. G. H. STEUART,
Commanding Pickett's Division:

Advise General Hunton that he need not start for Richmond until Major Taylor notifies him. He will telegraph him to the office on the Williamsburg road, at which General Hunton will keep a courier.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

MARCH 24, 1865.

Brigadier-General STEUART,
Commanding, &c., Nine-Mile Road:

Hunton will not have to start for Richmond before 12 o'clock to-morrow.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Brig. Gen. G. H. STEUART,
Commanding Pickett's Division:

Hunton's brigade will be retained on this side. You will give it orders to be ready for action to-morrow morning at daylight.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Brig. Gen. EPPA HUNTON,
Commanding Brigade:

The Eleventh Georgia will be ordered back to its brigade at once. Your men can then occupy the huts they vacate. Your brigade will remain in its present position, and you will be ready to man the works at a moment's notice.

Respectfully, &c.,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Lieut. Gen. R. S. EWELL,
Commanding Department of Richmond:

General Fitz Lee is ordered to give you the earliest advice of the advance of the enemy's cavalry. You had better put every man that you can get in the trenches as soon as you hear of this advance.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Maj. Gen. G. W. C. LEE,
Commanding, &c.:

You will send out the scouts you named with instructions to discover the force of the enemy on this side of the river, and especially whether the Ninth and Twenty-fourth Corps are here.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Maj. Gen. FITZ LEE.
Commanding Cavalry, Nine-Mile Road:

You will give General Ewell the earliest information of the advance of the enemy's cavalry. You will also make arrangements to burn New Bridge and Mechanicsville Bridge in case of the advance of enemy's cavalry to cross them. Acknowledge receipt of this dispatch.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Maj. Gen. FITZ LEE,
Commanding Cavalry:

You will have your command ready for battle to-morrow morning at daylight. Have the dismounted men of your division and Gary's brigade under charge of competent officers in the works on the Nine-Mile road. You will give orders to Gary as part of your command.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Maj. Gen. FITZ LEE,
Commanding Cavalry, North Side:

Have no news, only orders from General Lee similar to those sent you by courier this evening.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

MARCH 24, 1865.

Maj. Gen. FITZ LEE, *Commanding, &c.:*

Have you sent orders to Rosser about keeping himself between the enemy and Richmond? If not, do so.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Brig. Gen. M. W. GARY,
Commanding Cavalry:

General Longstreet wishes you to put a force of 100 of your dismounted men, in addition to the usual mounted picket, at the crossing of the North Fork and White Oak Swamp. They will intrench themselves and prepare to hold the crossing. They will also destroy the poles on the crossing. General Steuart has been ordered to place a regiment on picket at Mrs. Hobson's and to fortify. This will not relieve your cavalry at that point, which will continue there as usual. Captain Sims tells me that you know the crossing of the North Fork as Long Waters.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 24, 1865.

Brig. Gen. M. W. GARY,
Commanding Cavalry:

You need not send the dismounted force to the crossing of the North Fork of White Oak Swamp, as ordered this morning.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

MARCH 24, 1865.

Brigadier-General GARY,
Vaughan's House:

Send out scouts to discover whether the Twenty-fourth Corps is in our front.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

[MARCH 25, 1865.—For Lee to Breckinridge, reporting assault on Fort Stedman, &c., see Part I, p. 382.]

RICHMOND, VA., *March 25, 1865.*

His Excellency WILLIAM SMITH,
Governor of Virginia:

GOVERNOR: Herewith I transmit the requisition made by General Lee in accordance with the suggestion I lately received from you.* He

*See Lee to Davis, March 24, p. 1339.

informs me that it would have been made sooner if he had known that action on his part was waited for. He had previously written to you, but I infer, from the fact that you did not mention his letter, that it had failed to reach you. You have probably noticed that the order issued from the Adjutant-General's Office for the organization of colored troops looks only to the acceptance of volunteers, and, in a letter received this evening from General Lee he expresses the opinion that there should be compulsory enlistment in the first instance. My idea has been that we should draw into our military service that portion of the negroes which would be most apt to run away and join the army of the enemy, and that this would be best effected by seeking volunteers for our own army. If this plan should fail to obtain the requisite number there will still remain the process of compulsory enlistment.

Very respectfully, yours, &c.,

JEFF'N DAVIS.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 25, 1865.

Lieut. Col. W. H. TAYLOR, *Assistant Adjutant-General:*

The transportation of such of Pickett's troops as have gone over is all on this side. Would it not be well to bring them back to near Wilton bridge, and camp them where they will be convenient to both sides?

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 25, 1865.

Lieut. Col. W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army of Northern Virginia:

General Gary reports the enemy tearing up the blockade at White Oak Swamp bridge; force unknown. Fitz Lee reports that one brigade of cavalry and one of infantry left the White House yesterday at noon and marched to the Forge Bridge, where they camped last night. They had eleven wagons, three of them loaded with pontoons or lumber to build a bridge. Officers of the enemy told citizens that Sheridan would be along to-day. There were large camp-fires at Taylorsville last night—probably a portion of Sheridan's force. Rosser will be at Mechanicsville to-night.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 25, 1865.

General R. E. LEE, *Petersburg:*

Some of our scouts report the passage of troops across the enemy's bridge this morning about sunrise, but could not determine whether the troops were coming to this side or going to the other. Have you any information about the matter?

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 25, 1865.

General R. E. LEE,
Petersburg:

Scouts report Sheridan's entire force crossing Chickahominy at Forge Bridge. It was my desire to meet any advance of this force on the north side of White Oak Swamp below Seven Pines on Williamsburg road. The removal of Pickett's division will force me to keep within my lines.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

MARCH 25, 1865.

Col. W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

Corse and Terry will move as soon as transportation can be provided. Will you give orders to Steuart at Chester? Meet the troops at Dunlop's with orders, as I do not know where Battery 45 is.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 25, 1865.

Brig. Gen. W. H. STEVENS,
Chief Engineer, &c., Osborn Pike:

Whereabouts is Battery 45, near Petersburg?

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 25, 1865.

Maj. E. TAYLOR,
Chief Quartermaster, First Corps,
at Mr. Jacquelin Taylor's, Governor street, Richmond:

Procure transportation for Corse's and Terry's brigades to Petersburg immediately. Telegraph General Steuart on Nine-Mile road when the transportation will be ready and when the troops must start from camp. General Lee wishes all haste made in this matter. Answer.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 25, 1865.

Maj. E. TAYLOR,
Chief Quartermaster, Richmond:

Send all of Pickett's troops which have not started back to their camp. Also have such as have started on the cars but not reached their destination brought back.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

MARCH 25, 1865.

Brigadier-General ALEXANDER,
Chief of Artillery:

Nothing will be done to-day. Notify Haskell and Johnson.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 25, 1865.

Brig. Gen. G. H. STEUART,
Commanding Pickett's Division, Nine-Mile Road:

Have Corse's and Terry's brigades ready to march to Richmond at once, to take the cars for Petersburg. Major Taylor, chief quartermaster, will telegraph you at office on Nine-Mile road when the transportation will be ready. When you hear from him, lose no time, as General Lee wishes the troops to arrive by day at Battery No. 45, near Petersburg. Have couriers at telegraph office. Hunton will remain where he is. You will accompany the brigades. Answer this at once, so that I may know you received the orders. General Lee will meet you with orders at Dunlop's.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 25, 1865.

Brig. Gen. M. D. CORSE,
Gary's Headquarters:

(If not at Gary's headquarters General Gary will forward at once.)

Your own and Terry's brigades will prepare to go at once to Petersburg. Major Taylor will send notice to General Steuart, Nine-Mile road, when the transportation will be ready. You will have a courier kept at that office to receive his dispatch. As soon as you are notified you will lose no time, but get your brigade to the depot promptly. General Lee wishes no time to be lost. Orders will meet you at Dunlop's from General Lee. Similar orders to these were sent to General Steuart, under the impression he had returned. Reply to this dispatch so that I may know you received and understand the order.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

MARCH 25, 1865.

Brig. Gen. M. D. CORSE,
General Gary's Headquarters:

(General Gary will send to General Corse at once.)

March your own and Terry's brigades into Richmond to the Petersburg depot as soon as possible, to take the cars for Petersburg. No time is to be lost.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 25, 1865.

Maj. Gen. J. B. KERSHAW,
Commanding:

Your troops need not remain under arms. Nothing will be done to-day.

Respectfully,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 25, 1865.

Maj. Gen. G. W. C. LEE,
Commanding, &c.:

Your troops need not remain under arms. Nothing will be done to-day.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 25, 1865.

Maj. Gen. FITZ LEE:

General Longstreet wishes you to re-enforce the force at Doggett's with all of Gary's mounted men and your own, if necessary, to develop the enemy's strength. If they are coming by that road he wishes [you] to go down and fight them below Seven Pines.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 25, 1865.

Maj. Gen. FITZ LEE,
Commanding Cavalry, North Side:

General Longstreet thinks you had better send more force to Doggett's—enough to hold the crossing against any force. Keep your scouts well out below so as to prevent any force from surprising the force there by getting in their rear.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 25, 1865.

Maj. Gen. FITZ LEE,
Commanding Cavalry:

Your troops need not remain under arms. Nothing will be done to-day. Can go to Richmond if you wish.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 25, 1865.

Brig. Gen. M. W. GARY,
Commanding Cavalry Brigade:

You will re-enforce the pickets at Doggett's and prevent the enemy from tearing up the blockade.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 26, 1865.

Maj. Gen. FITZ LEE,
Commanding Cavalry, Nine-Mile Road:

You will guard the roads leading through the outer line of works from Hunton's brigade, near the Williamsburg road, and prevent passage either way except by officers and men on duty.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 26, 1865.

Brig. Gen. M. W. GARY,
Commanding Cavalry:

The regiment sent to Doggett's last night had better remain there until Sheridan's movements are more definitely ascertained.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS C. S. ARMIES,
March 27, 1865.

Hon. SECRETARY OF WAR,
Richmond:

SIR: I have the honor to report as the number of desertions from the 9th to the 18th, both inclusive, 1,061. This embraces full reports from the infantry, but only partial reports from the artillery and cavalry, which would increase the number considerably. The largest number of desertions was from the First Corps, General Longstreet's, Pickett's division having lost 512 men while moving recently. I hope that some of his men only availed themselves of the opportunity to visit their homes and will return. But the number is very large, and gives rise to painful apprehensions as to the future. I do not know what can be done to put a stop to it. General Longstreet reports that many of the Georgia troops have deserted to join local commands authorized to be raised in that State, and that they are encouraged to do so by the officers of those commands. He mentions particularly, on the report of Brig. Gen. G. T. Anderson, the case of a Captain Hardee, formerly of the Ninth Georgia Regiment in Anderson's brigade, who was retired on account of a wound and received authority to raise a command of light-duty men and persons not liable to conscription, for

the purpose of arresting deserters in Brooks County, Ga. I inclose the papers that you may see the whole case. I have always opposed granting such authority, for the reason that it causes desertion from the regular service. I recommend that all such authorizations be revoked and that measures be taken to bring officers who have been guilty of such conduct to justice. It has been one of the greatest evils of the service since the beginning of the war, and has caused the loss of a much greater number of men than have ever been brought into service by means of such special organizations.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. E. LEE,
General.

[Inclosure No. 1.]

HEADQUARTERS,
March 25, 1865.

Col. W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

COLONEL: The impression prevails among the Georgia troops of this command that persons at home, having authority to raise local organizations, are writing and sending messages to the men in the ranks here, offering inducements to them to quit our ranks and go home and join the home organizations. The large and increasing number of desertions, particularly amongst the Georgia troops, induce me to believe that some such outside influence must be operating upon our men. Nearly all of the parties of deserters seem to go home, and it must be under the influence of some promise, such as that of being received in the local forces. I would suggest, therefore, the publication of a general order warning all officers or persons authorized to raise local organizations against receiving such deserters or in any way harboring them, and cautioning all such parties that they shall be punished for such crimes under the 22d and 23d Articles of War. It may be well to publish the articles in the order, and to send the order south to be published in all of the Southern papers. If the order is published I would suggest that copies be sent to the Southern papers by special messenger or by parties going south who will take pains to have it published, otherwise I fear that it may miscarry or be much delayed by our irregular mails.

Another growing evil seems to trouble us now in the shape of applications to raise negro companies, regiments, brigades, &c. The desire for promotion seems to have taken possession of our army, and it seems that nearly all of the officers and men think that they could gain a grade or two or more if allowed to go home. I presume that many may try to go merely because they get furloughs.

I would suggest, therefore, that some regulation be published upon this subject, and it seems to me that it should require the companies to be mustered in as non-commissioned officers and privates by the enrolling officers, and that all of the officers (general, field, and company) shall be selected from the officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates on duty with the armies of the Confederacy.

If these matters are not speedily taken hold of by a firm hand I fear that we shall be seriously damaged by them.

I remain, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

[Inclosure No. 2.]

HEADQUARTERS ANDERSON'S BRIGADE,
March 25, 1865.

Maj. L. MASTERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

I desire most respectfully to bring to the notice of the proper authorities a practice, I am satisfied, exists that is doing a great injury to the service. I believe that some at least of the officers who have received permission to raise companies of disabled men and non-conscripts, are abusing their authority and offering inducements to our soldiers to desert, make their way home, and join their companies. From all the evidence in my possession, I fully believe Capt. T. J. Hardee, formerly of the Ninth Georgia Regiment Infantry, now of Brooks County, Ga. (and retired on account of amputation of leg), has been guilty of the above serious charge. I cannot produce evidence to convict him before a court-martial, but I am perfectly satisfied of his guilt. Some time since, it is understood, that Private Rainey, of Hardee's old company, received two letters from him (Hardee), and in a few days after the reception of the second letter Rainey and nearly the whole company deserted. It is reported to me that some of these men were heard to speak of the letters from Captain Hardee, and that he promised if these men would come home and join him they would be perfectly secure from arrest or any evil consequences. The result is that this company now has some four or five men left, when a short time since there were over twenty arms-bearing men. It is reported also that this man Rainey stole the commission of Lieutenant Robinson, the company commander, and with a forged paper purported to be going to East Tennessee to arrest deserters. Complaints have also been made to me that members of my brigade are reporting to Brigadier-General Wofford for duty in Upper Georgia. I do not pretend to say that General Wofford encourages such conduct, but believe he would not. Captain Hardee, previous to being wounded, had always conducted himself with gallantry and behaved well, and having confidence in him I recommended him for the purpose of raising this company to arrest deserters instead of advising men to desert. If some prompt and effective measures are not taken with these organizations to punish those at the head of them it will be a fruitful source of desertion continually, and the very trifling punishments inflicted by some of our courts for this crime only offer a premium to bad men to desert whenever they may wish to go home.

There are many of them that prefer one month at hard labor to doing their duty as soldiers. All such men ought to be shot.

I am, major, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. T. ANDERSON,
Brigadier-General.

[First indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS FIELD'S DIVISION,
March 26, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded with the hope that authority to raise troops at home be revoked. I fear it encourages desertion from the front.

CHAS. W. FIELD,
Major-General.

[Second indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 26, 1865.

Respectfully forwarded.

General Field's views fully concurred in. Most of the desertions in my corps can be traced to such causes.

For Lieutenant-General Longstreet:

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

[Third indorsement.]

WAR DEPARTMENT,
March 29, 1865.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL:

Publish a general order as suggested by Lieutenant-General Longstreet. Let it be terse and earnest. From information received there can be no doubt that officers and others authorized to raise local organizations and companies within the enemy's lines are directly giving encouragement to desertion in order to fill up their commands. Unless this practice is at once discontinued all such authorities must operate to weaken rather than to strengthen the armies, and will be summarily revoked. Send copies of the order directly to General Cobb with instructions to publish in the Georgia papers. Communicate with General Wofford in reference to Captain Hardee, and direct his special attention to the parties named.

By command of Secretary of War:

SAM'L W. MELTON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS C. S. ARMIES,
March 27, 1865.

Hon. SECRETARY OF WAR,
Richmond, Va.:

SIR: I have been awaiting the receipt of the orders from the Department for raising and organizing the colored troops before taking any action in the matter. I understand that orders have been published in the newspapers but have not seen them. In the meantime I have been informed that a number of recruits may be obtained in Petersburg, if suitable persons be employed to get them to enlist. Captain Cameron, assistant adjutant-general, Weisiger's brigade, and Private Stephen H. Britton, Second Company Washington Artillery, both citizens of Petersburg, have been recommended as the best persons to be employed for this purpose. Captain Cameron is willing to do all he can to raise the troops, though he does not desire a commission. I have not heard from Britton. As time is important I have ordered Captain Cameron to be assigned to that duty, and will also order Britton if he is not averse to it. I also propose to send Lieutenant Alexander, of the Virginia battalion, now acting as provost guard, to his residence in Mecklenburg County on the same duty. He has good reason to believe he can raise some men. I respectfully ask that these measures be approved by the Department, if not contrary to any of its regulations. I think it will be nearly useless, in the present temper of our people, to send recruiting officers to

districts where they are not known, and where they have no personal influence or connections favorable to the new measure. The enemies of the system will do all they can to thwart their efforts, and will deprive their appeals to the people in a great measure of effect by representing that the officers are only seeking to raise commands for themselves. As far as practicable, men should be selected for this business who are known in the communities to which they are sent and have influential connections.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. E. LEE,
General.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 8. } HDQRS. ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA, *March 27, 1865.*

It having been reported that the evil habit prevails with some in this army of proposing to their comrades in jest to desert and go home, the commanding general earnestly warns those guilty of this practice against the danger they incur. The penalty for advising or persuading a soldier to desert is death; and those indulging in such jests will find it difficult on a trial to rebut the presumption of guilt arising from their words.

This order and the 23d Article of War will be forthwith read to each company in the army once a day for three days, and to every regiment at dress parade once a week for a month; and at such other times hereafter, in addition to those prescribed for the Articles of War, as commanding officers may deem proper.

By command of General R. E. Lee:

W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 27, 1865.

Col. W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

I would suggest that instead of stripping our flank of cavalry it would be better to send an efficient cavalry force with Pickett's division and two or three batteries to watch Sheridan and keep him off our railroad, or to re-enforce General Johnston in case Sheridan goes to North Carolina to re-enforce Sherman. I believe that our cavalry, supported by the infantry, will be more effective against the enemy's raiders than our cavalry alone. I believe that such a force, in proper hands, will be able to frustrate object of enemy, as nearly all of his horses must be somewhat exhausted.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 27, 1865.

Col. W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

Gary's scouts report Sheridan's force passing Malvern Hill yesterday at 8 a. m., going up river. The last of the column passed at 3 p. m.

Kautz's men told citizens they were under orders and expected to go to North Carolina. Sheridan left White House hurriedly, leaving a quantity of saddles, bridles, ammunition, and a great many sacks of oats. He received 2,000 fresh horses at White House.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 27, 1865.

Maj. Gen. C. W. FIELD,
Commanding, &c.:

You will send out your best scouts to-night to find out whether Sheridan has crossed James River, and whether Kautz accompanied him.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 27, 1865.

Maj. Gen. FITZ LEE,
Commanding Cavalry:

You will hold your command in readiness to move at daylight to-morrow morning to the south side with all the forage you can collect. Further orders will be sent you.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 27, 1865.

Maj. Gen. FITZ LEE,
Commanding Cavalry, Nine-Mile Road:

You will move at daylight to-morrow morning to the south side, reporting to General R. E. Lee, with as much forage as you can collect and carry. You will leave your dismounts on the Nine-Mile road in the works.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
March 27, 1865.

General J. A. EARLY:

From reports received Sheridan is now probably on Grant's left. I desire, if possible, to collect cavalry here sufficient to resist his and Gregg's combined forces. I know the need for troops with you, but have thought you might, perhaps, spare one of Lomax's brigades. If so, send Lomax with it to this point. If one is sent, it would be better, perhaps, to retain Imboden in Valley where Lomax is. I have

ordered Dorsey's (Maryland) cavalry from Gordonsville to Fitz Lee, and directed Mosby to collect his command south and protect country from Gordonsville west.

R. E. LEE,
General.

HEADQUARTERS,
March 27, 1865. (Received 8.20.)

Col. J. S. MOSBY:
(Care Major Boyle.)

Collect your command and watch the country from front of Gordonsville to Blue Ridge and also Valley. Your command is all now in that section, and the general will rely on you to watch and protect the country. If any of your command is in Northern Neck call it to you.

W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

[MARCH 28, 1865.—For Lee to Breckinridge, making supplemental report of assault on Fort Stedman, &c., see Part I, p. 383.]

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 11. } HEADQUARTERS ENGINEER CORPS, ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA, *March 28, 1865.*

I. Capt. William A. Obenchain is hereby relieved from duty at these headquarters and is ordered to proceed to Lynchburg and take temporary charge of engineer operations at that point during the illness of Captain Mason.

* * * * * * *

By command of Brig. Gen. W. H. Stevens:

J. M. H. HOWARD,
First Lieutenant and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 28, 1865.

General R. E. LEE,
Petersburg:

Enemy was reported crossing from this side on pontoon bridge last night, beginning at dark. Our scouts have not yet returned, and do not know what force it was.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 28, 1865.

General R. E. LEE,
Commanding, &c.:

Scouts just in report that it was a supply train crossing the pontoon bridge last night. Nothing of Sheridan or Kautz.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 28, 1865.

General R. E. LEE, *Commanding, &c.:*

General Gary's and the Texas scouts report Sheridan's force to have crossed James River at Tilghman's Gate; the cavalry picket at New Market Heights in the same position; Kautz's command thought still on this side.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 28, 1865.

General R. E. LEE, *Commanding, &c.:*

Your telegram asking if we can spare General Pickett's division as a supporting force to our cavalry is received. I suggested that it should be sent on that service because I was apprehensive that our railroad would be in danger of being broken up behind us, leaving us without supplies sufficient to hold Richmond until our communication south could be re-established; or in case Sheridan went to North Carolina, his mounted force would be too formidable for that of General Johnston's, and that General Johnston's army would be in great danger if we should not re-enforce him. I do not think that we can well spare the division, but I think that we would choose a lesser risk by sparing it in case Sheridan's cavalry makes either of these moves contemplated than we would by holding him here to await the result of these operations. The enemy seems now to count upon taking Richmond by raiding upon our lines of communication and not by attacking our lines of work. I think, therefore, that we should endeavor to put a force in the field that can contend against that of the enemy. If Grant sends off his cavalry he can hardly intend to make any general move of his main army until its return. In every aspect of affairs, so far as I am advised, I think that the greater danger is from keeping too close within our trenches. If we can remain where we are, independently of the railroad, and if General Johnston would be safe with such a force operating against him in addition to Sherman's, we had better keep the division here. You know much more about all those points than I do and are much better able to decide upon them. My supply train is in from Northern Neck and starts back to-morrow for other provisions. If there is any impropriety in sending it back please telegraph me as soon as you receive it that I may recall it. We have about 100,000 pounds of meat near Dublin and 18,000 at New Boston. The commissary of subsistence complains that the railroad agents will not ship the meat unless it is boxed. This cannot always be done. If you can in any way aid us in this matter we shall do very well for some time to come.

I remain, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 28, 1865.

Col. S. R. JOHNSTON, *Engineer, &c.:*

Both of the small dams near the Williamsburg road need repairs and completion. They should be raised as high as their bases and the sur-

rounding ground will permit. If they are completed as originally intended they will make that part of our line secure. After finishing these dams they should be thickly covered with the abatis that is now uselessly lying in front of the water. I think this work of more immediate importance than the work on the batteries, and unless you can supply tools to employ all the men that can work at this it would be better to put your negro labor there and finish them at once. If you have the tools General Hunton will be able to furnish the labor to finish the dams.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 28, 1865.

Maj. Gen. J. B. KERSHAW,
Commanding Division, &c.:

The lieutenant-general commanding directs me to inform you and, through you, your troops that his intention is to recommend for the position of officers in the regiments of negroes to be raised such non-commissioned officers and privates as by their personal exertions defeat any attempt of desertion to the enemy and secure the person making the attempt.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 28, 1865.

Brig. Gen. M. W. GARY:

Major Graves, with the dismounted men of Fitz Lee's command, has been ordered to report to you. He has 385 men, 5 officers, and 6 horses. He is unprovided with transportation or cooking utensils. You will add this force to your own dismounted force and organize a dismounted command of the whole for use in the trenches. You will order forage and rations for them and so far as possible furnish them cooking utensils. Major Graves is on Nine-Mile road, four miles from town.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 28, 1865.

Major GRAVES,
Comdg. Dismounted Men, Wickham's Brig., Nine-Mile Road:

You will report with your command to Brig. Gen. M. W. Gary on Williamsburg road, who has been ordered to supply you with rations and forage and cooking utensils. You will be temporarily under his command and act in conjunction with his dismounted men.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
March 28, 1865.

Lieutenant-General EARLY:

Dispatch of 27th received. Enemy's strength cannot be as large as reported. I would repress extravagant rumors. I regret paucity of your troops. Get them together and use them to best advantage. Great circumspection is necessary. Martin is directed to co-operate with you. McLaughlin's battalion will be ordered here. Sheridan has reached Grant's left. He may attempt to go to Lynchburg from this side.

R. E. LEE.

HEADQUARTERS,
March 29, 1865. (Via Petersburg. Received 1.45 o'clock.)

Hon. J. C. BRECKINRIDGE,
Secretary of War, Richmond:

Enemy are reported to have crossed Hatcher's Run at Monk's Neck Bridge with infantry and cavalry, moving toward Dinwiddie Court-House.

R. E. LEE.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES,
March 29, 1865. (Received 11.15 p. m.)

Hon. SECRETARY OF WAR,
Richmond:

The enemy crossed Hatcher's Run this morning at Monk's Neck Bridge with a large force of cavalry, infantry, and artillery, and to-night his left extended to Dinwiddie Court-House. Gregg's cavalry advanced a mile and a half on Ford's road toward the South Side Railroad. General Anderson moved out from his position and struck his column near the intersection of the Quaker road and Boydton plank road, but did not succeed in driving him back.

R. E. LEE.

(Copy sent to the President.)

PETERSBURG, *March 29, 1865.*
(Received 1.50 o'clock.)

Hon. J. C. BRECKINRIDGE,
Secretary of War:

Can you telegraph your views as to commander of Western Virginia about which I wrote yesterday? I think it necessary to act at once.

R. E. LEE.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 7. } HDQRS. ARMIES OF THE CONFED. STATES,
March 29, 1865.

Lieut. Gen. J. A. Early is relieved from the command of the Department of Western Virginia and East Tennessee, and will repair to Lynchburg, Va., and there await orders. For the present Maj. Gen.

L. L. Lomax will command the Valley District and Brig. Gen. John Echols the District of Southwestern Virginia and East Tennessee, each making their reports directly to these headquarters.

By command of General R. E. Lee:

W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 29, 1865.

General R. E. LEE:

Would it not be well to keep the vessels that we have to use as obstructions until it becomes apparent that the enemy's fleet is moving up the river? Otherwise another freshet may come and take them off. A battery of ten or twelve rifled field guns at Howlett's would be more effective against the enemy's gun-boats than other kind of guns. The parapet might be so constructed as to protect the guns against all fire except that of the gun-boats; these guns to be kept out of all fire until the gun-boats approach by taking the wheels off and letting them down on the ground. The iron-clads, I think, cannot do us any great harm if they do pass, but the heavy guns will engage them and do them all the damage possible, and the field pieces ought to be able to sink or drive back all of the wooden boats.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 29, 1865.

General R. E. LEE,
Commanding, &c.:

The usual force is in our front, so far as we can learn. Our scouts are in from enemy's line this morning, and report affairs as usual. If Field's division is taken away from this side all of the Locals must be put in his place as will be the Cadets. When you call for him please call at the same time upon the Secretary of War for the Locals, the governor for the Cadets, and General Ewell for his forces. Shall the other of General Pickett's brigades move at once?

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 29, 1865.

General R. E. LEE,
Commanding, &c.:

Would it be safe to send Hunton's brigade off by itself? It seems to me that it might be in danger of being captured by a large cavalry force. I should think that Pickett's division had better be together if it is to join our cavalry in pursuit of that of the enemy.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 29, 1865.

Col. W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

Can I get either Braxton's, Cutshaw's, or Nelson's battalions to man guns on intermediate line from Brook pike to James River, above Richmond? Artillery horses cannot probably be furnished soon to equip them again.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 29, 1865.

Capt. SMITH S. LEE,
Navy Bureau, Richmond:

Instead of manning Chaffin's Bluff can you let the marines and sailors man the guns on intermediate line about Richmond? We can use there as many men as you can give us.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 29, 1865.

Maj. E. TAYLOR,
Chief Quartermaster, First Corps, Richmond:

How long a time would be necessary to provide transportation for Hunton's brigade on railroad, either to Burkeville or Petersburg, if ordered?

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 29, 1865.

Brig. Gen. EPPA HUNTON:
(Through General Gary's headquarters.)

You will hold your brigade in readiness to move at a moment's notice. You may be required to go to Petersburg to-night.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 29, 1865.

Brig. Gen. EPPA HUNTON,
General Gary's Headquarters, &c.:

You will move your brigade across the James River and camp near Manchester. You will start in time to enable you to reach Manchester by daybreak to-morrow. Keep a courier at the telegraph office in Manchester so as to receive all orders which may be sent you.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 29, 1865—9 p. m.

Brig. Gen. EPPA HUNTON:
(Care of General Gary, &c.)

March your brigade to the Petersburg railroad depot in Richmond at once. Major Taylor, quartermaster, will have transportation waiting for you. You will take the cars for Petersburg. You will find orders from General Lee when you get off the cars. Telegraph Captain Mayo, quartermaster, Richmond, when your brigade will reach the depot. Answer.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 29, 1865.

Lieut. Col. S. R. JOHNSTON,
General Stevens' Headquarters:

Hunton's brigade has been moved off. You will call on General Field for a detail to carry on the work Hunton was directed to do.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. ARTILLERY, ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
March 29, 1865.

Col. H. P. JONES,
Chief of Artillery, Anderson's Corps:

COLONEL: You will please relieve with some of your reserve guns those which Lieutenant-Colonel Richardson has in position on the lines about Rives' Salient, and direct Colonel Richardson to report immediately to General Walker the fact of his being relieved.

Respectfully, &c., your obedient servant,

W. N. PENDLETON,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Artillery.

HEADQUARTERS ANDERSON'S CORPS,
March 29, 1865—8.45 a. m.

Maj. Gen. B. R. JOHNSON,
Commanding Division:

GENERAL: I am directed by General Anderson to say that when you are well satisfied that the enemy is advancing in heavy force on the military road, in such strength as cannot be resisted, you may withdraw your picket-line, throwing forward at the same time a brigade in advance of the works to retard the advance of the enemy and cover the retiring pickets. General Anderson thinks it would be best to leave some vedettes and scouts on the extreme left of your present picket-line to look after the movements of the enemy and report them.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

L. C. HASKELL,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 29, 1865.

Major-General MAHONE, *Commanding, &c.:*

Can you make arrangements to prevent a surprise by an expedition in pontoon-boats landing at night between Battery Dantzler and Wood? Could you line the edge of the river at low water between these points with palisades or abatis?

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 29, 1865.

Brig. Gen. M. W. GARY, *Commanding, &c.:*

Hunton's brigade has been ordered off. You will have guards placed along the line of works they occupied to prevent passage. I hear of carts passing through between the Williamsburg road and Nine-Mile road. Please try and stop this leak.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
March 29, 1865. (Received 30th.)

Lieut. Gen. J. A. EARLY:

I desire you to turn over the command in Southwest Virginia and East Tennessee to Brig. Gen. John Echols, and of the Valley District to Major-General Lomax. I will address you a letter to your house in Franklin County, to which you can return, and await further orders.

R. E. LEE,
General.

RICHMOND, VA., *March 30, 1865.*

His Excellency WILLIAM SMITH,
Governor of Virginia:

Upon the receipt of your letter of the 27th instant, I had a conference with the Secretary of War and Adjutant-General, in relation to your suggestions as to the published order for the organization of negro troops, and I hope that the modifications which have been made will remove the objections which you pointed out. It was never my intention to collect the negroes in depots for the purposes of instruction, but only as the best mode of forwarding them, either as individuals or as companies, to the commands with which they were to serve. The officers at the different posts will aid in providing for the negroes in their respective neighborhoods, and in forwarding them to depots where transportation will be available to aid them in reaching the fields of service for which they are destined. The aid of gentlemen who are willing and able to raise this character of troops will be freely accepted. The appointment of commanders, for reasons obvious to you, must depend on other considerations than the mere power to recruit.

I am happy to receive your assurance of success, as well as your promise to seek legislation to secure unmistakable freedom to the slave who shall enter the Army, with a right to return to his old home, when he shall have been honorably discharged from military service.

I remain of the opinion that we should confine our first efforts to getting volunteers, and would prefer that you would adopt such measures as would advance that mode of recruiting, rather than that concerning which you make inquiry, to wit, by issuing a requisition for the slaves as authorized by the statutes of Virginia.

I have the honor to be, with great respect, your obedient servant,

JEFF'N DAVIS.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 30, 1865.

Col. W. H. TAYLOR, *Assistant Adjutant-General:*

Your letter expressing the views of the commander-in-chief in reference to the policy to be pursued in raising negro troops is received. I am apprehensive that we shall have applications and evidence enough to take from us more men than we can well spare at this critical moment in our affairs. It seems to me that any person who has the influence to raise a company or regiment by going home could do so as well by letters to his friends at home. If I am right in this opinion an order announcing that the officers of the companies and regiments of colored troops would be appointed from the officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates on duty with our armies would have the effect of bringing back more absentees than we should lose by making the appointments. If we may judge of our future success in getting up new organizations by the past we may rely upon it that many will furnish the necessary evidence and go home and there remain for eight or ten or twelve months. I think that it would be well to publish a general order explaining more clearly the policy indicated in your letter in order that a better general understanding may exist among the parties who may desire to furnish evidence of their ability to get up new organizations; otherwise I may adopt rules which would not be as favorable to the officers and men of this command as those of other commands.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 30, 1865.

Lieut. Col. W. H. TAYLOR, *Assistant Adjutant-General:*

I have the honor respectfully to recommend the appointment of the following-named men to the positions of commissioned officers in the first negro organization raised under the late act of Congress: Privates G. M. Edwards and J. J. Dean, Company E, Fifteenth Alabama; R. H. Skeelin, Company B, Fourth Alabama; and J. D. Patrick, Company A, First South Carolina Volunteers. The three first named of these men arrested a deserter from their brigade to the enemy, who has since been tried and sentenced to be shot on 31st instant. The last-named man detected and exposed a plot of seven of his fellow soldiers to desert to the enemy. I deem it advisable to encourage such conduct as the above by every means in our power.

I am, colonel, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 30, 1865.

Brig. Gen. E. P. ALEXANDER,
Chief of Artillery:

General Longstreet desires me to suggest to you the placing of cedar bushes along the parapet in front of your heavy guns. They would serve to conceal the position of the guns somewhat and if not placed too thickly would not interfere with our artillerists taking aim. They could be removed at the moment of fire.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 30, 1865.

Capt. S. S. LEE,
C. S. Navy Bureau, Richmond:

Will you please inform me at your earliest convenience of the number of sailors you can furnish for heavy artillery duty on the intermediate line of works around the city of Richmond. I think it would be more advantageous to use them on that line than in place of the garrison at Chaffin's Bluff.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 31, 1865.

Col. W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General:

Colonel Ould reports as coming from Colonel Mulford that General Sherman is on a visit to General Grant.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 31, 1865.

Brig. Gen. E. P. ALEXANDER,
Chief of Artillery:

General Longstreet wishes you to examine into the practicability of and devise a scheme for the capture by a boat party of the Yankee force on the neck of land opposite Cox's Landing.

Respectfully, &c.,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 31, 1865.

Brig. Gen. W. H. STEVENS,
Chief Engineer, &c.:

In placing your chain obstructions General Longstreet wishes you to be careful to have them under the control of our men, so that any

attempt to remove them may be prevented. He also wishes you to collect or to have constructed more pontoon-boats, as we will doubtless require a bridge across the river.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
March 31, 1865.

Lieutenant-Colonel JOHNSTON,
Engineer Department, General Stevens' Headquarters:

Hurry up the work on the dam this wet weather as much as possible. You can give the men engaged on it an extra half ration and get rations of whisky for them. Try and keep ahead of the rise of the water.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HDQRS. ENGINEER TROOPS, ARMY OF NORTHERN VA.,
March 31, 1865.

Capt. G. W. ROBERTSON,
Commanding Detachment:

CAPTAIN: It will, I think, be well to send about one-third of your boats, with the same proportion of trestles and the proper amount of balks, chesses, lashings, anchors, &c., to South Boston on the Dan River. They will be more accessible there for a bridge between that point and Clarksville (probably Blank's Ford) than at Roanoke. The greater portion of your surplus balks, chesses, &c., had also better be sent to that point. Major Grandy, quartermaster in charge of river transportation, informs me that his bateaux will run altogether to South Boston, and in case of our needing the extra superstructure at Clarksville, or lower down the Roanoke, the boats would be at hand to receive it, as they come up loaded and go back empty. The next shipment I make of balks and chesses will be consigned to South Boston. Major Grandy will be instructed to furnish you with bateaux either for transportation, or, in case of necessity, to use in constructing bridges. His office is at South Boston.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

T. M. R. TALCOTT,
Colonel, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD ARMY CORPS,
March 31, 1865.

Major-General WILCOX,
Commanding Division:

GENERAL: Major-General Heth directs me to say that you must not compromise your lines; he wants the brigade sent for by Major Starke, but you must be the judge as to whether or not you can spare it.

Respectfully,

W. H. PALMER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

CIRCULAR.] WAR DEPARTMENT, C. S. A.,
ADJUTANT AND INSPECTOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Richmond, Va., April 1, 1865—7.30 p. m.

I have the honor to inform you that the Secretary of War has directed Lieut. Gen. R. S. Ewell to order out the Local troops without delay.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN W. RIELY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 1, 1865.*

General R. E. LEE, *Commanding Armies, &c.:*

SIR: I have been laboring, without much progress, to advance the raising of negro troops. You must judge how far you can consistently detach officers to recruit. I called for the recommendations made by you, and so few names were presented that I infer you do not find it desirable to rely on officers sent to recruit for their own commands; therefore have directed that orders be given to the commanders of Reserves in the several States to employ their officers to recruit negroes. If there be an officer or soldier to whose command the masters would prefer to intrust, and the slaves would prefer to go, he can be appointed when the company or battalion reaches its destination. I have prepared a circular letter to the governors of the States invoking their aid, as well by appeals to the owners as by recommendations to the legislatures, to make the most liberal provisions for those who volunteer to fight for the safety and independence of the State.

I have asked often, but without satisfactory reply, how many of the exchanged prisoners have joined the Army. Your force should have been increased from that source 8,000 or 10,000 men. The desire to confer with you would have caused me to go to Petersburg before this date but for the pressure which recent events have put upon me, and the operations in your vicinity prevented me from inviting you to come here.

To-day the Secretary of War presents propositions from the proprietors of the Tredegar Works which impress me very unfavorably. We will endeavor to keep them at work, though it must be on a reduced scale. There is also a difficulty in getting iron, even for shot and shell, but hope this may, for the present, be overcome by taking some from the navy, which, under the altered circumstances, may be spared. Last night we had rumors of a general engagement on your right. Your silence in regard to it leads to the conclusion that it was unwarranted. General Holmes returned immediately to General Johnston. I could only reply in general terms to the message he brought me, and as there was a supposed misunderstanding on your part of the views of General Johnston, I advised him to go on and see you. The reports, especially those of newspaper correspondents, had encouraged me to hope for a better condition and prospect in North Carolina than was presented in the statements which General Holmes was directed to make to me. The arrival of the men left behind on the march from Mississippi will, I hope, improve the tone, as well as increase the military power there.

The question is often asked of me "Will we hold Richmond?" to which my only answer is, "If we can; it is purely a question of military power." The distrust is increasing, and embarrasses in many ways.

Respectfully, yours,

JEFF'N DAVIS.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
April 1, 1865.

Hon. SECRETARY OF WAR,
Richmond, Va.:

SIR: After my dispatch of last night I received a report from General Pickett, who, with three of his own brigades and two of General Johnson's, supported the cavalry under General Fitz Lee near Five Forks, on the road from Dinwiddie Court-House to the South Side road. After considerable difficulty, and meeting resistance from the enemy at all points, General Pickett forced his way to within less than a mile of Dinwiddie Court-House. By this time it was too dark for further operations, and General Pickett resolved to return to Five Forks to protect his communication with the railroad. He inflicted considerable damage upon the enemy and took some prisoners. His own loss was severe, including a good many officers. General Terry had his horse killed by a shell and was disabled himself. General Fitz Lee's and Rosser's divisions were heavily engaged, but their loss was slight. General W. H. F. Lee lost some valuable officers. General Pickett did not retire from the vicinity of Dinwiddie Court-House until early this morning, when, his left flank being threatened by a heavy force, he withdrew to Five Forks, where he took position with General W. H. F. Lee on his right, Fitz Lee and Rosser on his left, with Roberts' brigade on the White Oak road connecting with General Anderson. The enemy attacked General Roberts with a large force of cavalry, and after being once repulsed finally drove him back across Hatcher's Run. A large force of infantry, believed to be the Fifth Corps, with other troops, turned General Pickett's left and drove him back on the White Oak road, separating him from General Fitz Lee, who was compelled to fall back across Hatcher's Run. General Pickett's present position is not known. General Fitz Lee reports that the enemy is massing his infantry heavily behind the cavalry in his front. The infantry that engaged General Anderson yesterday has moved from his front toward our right, and is supposed to participate in the operations above described. Prisoners have been taken to-day from the Twenty-fourth Corps, and it is believed that most of that corps is now south of the James. Our loss to-day is not known. A report from Staunton represents that the Eighth Corps passed over the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad from the 20th to the 25th ultimo. General Hancock is at Harper's Ferry with 2,000 men. One division of the Nineteenth Corps is at Winchester, with about 1,000 cavalry. The infantry at Winchester have marching orders, and all these troops are said to be destined for General Grant's army.

The enemy is also reported to have withdrawn all his troops from Wolf Run Shoals and Fairfax Station, and to be concentrating them at Winchester.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. E. LEE,
General.

HDQRS. CHIEF OF ARTILLERY, ARMY OF NORTHERN VA.,
April 1, 1865.

Brig. Gen. A. L. LONG,
Chester Station, Richmond and Petersburg Railroad:

GENERAL: Send Penick's and another of Poague's batteries to report to Col. H. P. Jones as soon as practicable, bringing rations and forage

for a day or two. If necessary you can draw out one of Huger's batteries to strengthen the reserve remaining with Poague.

W. N. PENDLETON,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Artillery.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

General R. E. LEE, *Commanding, &c.:*

Colonel Mulford reported to Colonel Ould that there were now but negro troops on this side, and my scouts are seeking more reliable information. The gun-boats of the enemy would probably prevent any effort on this side being attended with decided results. I think, therefore, that it would be better for us to re-enforce the south side if the troops can be spared from this side.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Col. W. H. TAYLOR, *Assistant Adjutant-General:*

General Field reports the usual drumming in the enemy's camp, but not so much noise of bugles. Our scouts cannot enter the enemy's lines; there are some white troops on this side, but we are unable to ascertain the number. Colonel Elliott, General C. Lee's field officer of the day, reports indications of some increase in the force on this side in the last day or two. We have no positive information, however. Other scouts will go out to-night. I think it probable that General Sheridan may have taken Kautz's cavalry, as they were fresh, and left a portion of his own in their place. We shall be prepared to join you or to send any of our troops as soon as ordered.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

General R. E. LEE, *Commanding, &c.:*

Your dispatch received. Troops will start as soon as transportation can be furnished. Will try and have them or some of them at Petersburg by to-day.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Maj. E. TAYLOR,
Chief Quartermaster First Corps, at Mr. Taylor's,
Twelfth and Governor streets:

Prepare transportation to Petersburg for two brigades of Field's division over railroad at once. The troops will start from camp as soon as they can get ready. Prepare for about 2,000 men.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Maj. E. TAYLOR,
Chief Quartermaster, First Corps, &c.:

How long after Field's two first brigades have gotten off before you can have transportation ready for the other brigades—about 3,000 men? Notify me at once.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

APRIL 1, 1865.

Maj. E. TAYLOR,
Chief Quartermaster, Richmond:

Have you secured transportation? Let me know as soon as possible when the third, fourth, and fifth brigades can get off. The first two I suppose you can get off as soon as they reach town.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Major TAYLOR,
Chief Quartermaster, First Corps:

The other brigades will have to go by railroad. They cannot march and reach Petersburg in time or in good condition. Two of the brigades, about 1,700 men, will start in five hours after the first. The other brigade will come later.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Maj. Gen. C. W. FIELD,
Commanding Division:

General Lee orders that your division be sent to Petersburg at once—two brigades by railroad and three by dirt road. You will start your two right brigades at once for Richmond to take the cars for Petersburg. The pickets in front of them will remain until General Gary relieves them, which he has been ordered to do at once. They will then follow you by railroad. The three other brigades will as soon as I can inform you by what route they will march. You will leave the pickets out in their front until General Ewell relieves them with his Local troops, when they will follow on via railroad and join you. You will leave your tents, &c., standing on the line. Major Taylor will furnish railroad transportation for the two brigades which go to Richmond by the time they reach there.

Respectfully, &c.,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

P. S.—Instead of waiting till General Gary relieves the pickets of your two right brigades, you will relieve them at once by men of the

left brigades, so that the whole of the two right brigades can start at once. General Longstreet will go over himself; the officers' horses will go by dirt road.

Respectfully,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Maj. Gen. C. W. FIELD,
Commanding Division:

General Longstreet now wishes all of your troops to go by rail. Transportation will be furnished as soon as possible. After the first two have gotten off or on the cars I will notify you when to start the third, fourth, and fifth brigades. Anderson's will be the last to leave and will remain till Ewell comes up.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Maj. Gen. C. W. FIELD,
Commanding Division:

General Ewell telegraphs that one battalion of troops (the Hospital Battalion), 800 strong, is on its way out now; that the Local troops will not be out before to-morrow morning. Anderson's brigade will await the arrival of the Local troops. The Texas brigade and Law's brigade can move at the time indicated in my last note. It is important beyond measure that no time be lost. All of your transportation and officers' horses can go by road across the Wilton bridge, though if the officers prefer to send their horses by road leading from Richmond, well and good.

Respectfully, &c.,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Major-General FIELD,
Commanding, &c.:

You will start Law's and the Texas brigades into Richmond for the Petersburg depot, exactly five hours after the first two brigades started. At that time they will find transportation waiting for them. Anderson's brigade will remain on the line until Ewell comes up, when he will go to the depot. When General Gary relieves part of your pickets they will follow on to the railroad depot to rejoin their brigades, and when General Ewell relieves the rest they will do the same.

Respectfully, &c.,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Maj. Gen. J. B. KERSHAW,
Commanding Division, &c.:

General Lee has sent over for Field's division to come to Petersburg and for General Longstreet to come with it. General Ewell will bring out his Local troops to take the place of Field's division. General Ewell will be at these headquarters and have temporary command of the line. Field's troops will move off at once, leaving his pickets in line until relieved by General Ewell and General Gary. General Gary has been ordered to report to you with his dismounted men, to relieve the pickets of Field's two right brigades. When he reports will you see that he relieves them as soon as possible, so that they may rejoin their command. Until General Ewell's troops come out you and Gary will have to keep a lookout for the line left vacant by Field. His pickets will remain along the whole front until General Ewell's troops are in line, and you will just have to look after the main line. You need not send your staff wagons to-morrow to Colonel Johnston, but will send the eight mules to the dam, where the negroes will be put to work.

Respectfully, yours,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

WAR DEPARTMENT, C. S. A.,
ADJUTANT AND INSPECTOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Richmond, Va., April 1, 1865—7.30 p. m.

Lieut. Gen. R. S. EWELL:

GENERAL: The Secretary of War directs that the Local troops be ordered out at once to take the place of a part of General Longstreet's command, removed to the south side of James River to-night. The different bureaus have been notified of the order.*

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN W. RIELY,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
April 1, 1865.

Lieut. Gen. R. S. EWELL,
Richmond:

GENERAL: I send you a letter† received to-day which I think contains some valuable and important suggestions. I do not think I could get the general to act upon it unless the matters came to him officially, but I think the attention of the governor should be called to it and some action taken, at least to avert the evils likely to attend the possible withdrawal of our army, even if measures be not taken to put the negroes and stragglers into the ranks. The general is much occupied now, and I think those on the ground can devise the best means to meet the difficulties and dangers pointed out by the writer. You are aware that many outrages have been committed under circumstances like those referred to in this letter, and I think measures can not be taken too soon to prevent them. I leave the matter to you,

---

* See circular, p. 1370. † Not found.

hoping that you will give it such a direction as to bring about proper action, and only remarking, in addition, that the writer had no idea that I would make this use of his letter, and that I desire you not to use his name without his permission, which you can doubtless readily obtain. I have not shown it to the general for the reason above stated, but I think the subject too important and pressing to wait until he may be less occupied. The State and Confederate authorities should both be advised at once and take action in the matter.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHARLES MARSHALL.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Lieut. Gen. R. S. EWELL,
Commanding, Richmond:

General Lee thinks that the Twenty-fourth Corps is on the other side operating against our right, and of course wants some of the force that is on this side with him. If it is true that the Twenty-fourth Corps has gone to the south side, Field's division should go there also, but our lines here should be partially occupied at least. Can you, by turning out your battalion and the Cadets, muster 1,500 men and occupy our huts and lines on the Charles City road for a week or ten days? It will be necessary, I presume, for you to come out and take the command during my absence. I presume that it cannot be necessary to urge upon you the importance of this assistance.

I remain, very respectfully, your obedient servant.

J. LONGSTREET,
Lieutenant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Lieut. Gen. R. S. EWELL,
Commanding Department, &c.:

The Local troops will not be required until we have more positive information than we now have of the enemy having moved from this side in force. You will be notified by telegraph when they are wanted.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Lieut. Gen. R. S. EWELL,
Commanding Department of Richmond:

General Longstreet directs that you turn out all your Local troops at once and move them down the Charles City road to relieve General Field's division on the outer line of works. You will send an officer ahead, who will acquaint himself with the picket-line, which will be relieved as soon as possible. General Field's pickets will remain till relieved by yours. You had better come out yourself to these headquarters, as General Longstreet will go off with Field's division.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Lieut. Gen. R. S. EWELL, *Commanding, &c.:*

Hurry out the Local troops as rapidly as you can. It is desirable to relieve Field's division as soon as possible.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Lieutenant-General EWELL, *Commanding, &c.:*

At what time will you have your command out on the lines?

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Brig. Gen. M. W. GARY:

You will bring your battalion of dismounted men over to the Darbytown road and report to General Kershaw to relieve the two right brigades of General Field on the line at once. You will place your mounted men on guard along the line where you now have dismounted men.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Brig. Gen. M. W. GARY, *Commanding, &c.:*

You will report in person with the dismounted men to General Kershaw. Your mounted force will remain along the line and perform the same duty they have been doing. Relieve all the dismounted men on picket by mounted men, so as to take all your dismounted force with you. Keep a sharp lookout on all the roads, as it will be very necessary now. See that no one passes the outer lines on any pretext either way. The few dismounted men on the intermediate line might remain.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Brig. Gen. M. W. GARY, *Commanding Division:*

General Lee reports that information has been obtained from captured letters that Kautz's division of cavalry is on the south side; that the Eleventh Pennsylvania, formerly Spear's regiment, is certainly. Send out at once and find out what cavalry is on the north side.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 1, 1865.

Brig. Gen. M. W. GARY, *Commanding, &c.:*

Send out scouts immediately to discover if any change has been made in enemy's force on this side. General Lee has the report that hardly any troops are in our front. Let them report as quickly as possible.

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS,
April 2, 1865. (Via Petersburg. Received 10.40 o'clock.)

General J. C. BRECKINRIDGE:

I see no prospect of doing more than holding our position here till night. I am not certain that I can do that. If I can I shall withdraw to-night north of the Appomattox, and, if possible, it will be better to withdraw the whole line to-night from James River. The brigades on Hatcher's Run are cut off from us; enemy have broken through our lines and intercepted between us and them, and there is no bridge over which they can cross the Appomattox this side of Goode's or Beaver's, which are not very far from the Danville railroad. Our only chance, then, of concentrating our forces, is to do so near Danville railroad, which I shall endeavor to do at once. I advise that all preparation be made for leaving Richmond to-night. I will advise you later, according to circumstances.

R. E. LEE.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 2, 1865.*

General R. E. LEE, *Petersburg, Va.:*

The Secretary of War has shown me your dispatch. To move to-night will involve the loss of many valuables, both for the want of time to pack and of transportation. Arrangements are progressing, and unless you otherwise advise the start will be made.

JEFF'N DAVIS.

PETERSBURG, *April 2, 1865.*

His Excellency President DAVIS, *Richmond, Va.:*

I think it is absolutely necessary that we should abandon our position to-night. I have given all the necessary orders on the subject to the troops, and the operation, though difficult, I hope will be performed successfully. I have directed General Stevens to send an officer to Your Excellency to explain the routes to you by which the troops will be moved to Amelia Court-House, and furnish you with a guide and any assistance that you may require for yourself.

R. E. LEE.

HEADQUARTERS,
April 2, 1865. (Received 4.55 o'clock.)

General J. C. BRECKINRIDGE,
Secretary of War, Richmond:

I think the Danville road will be safe until to-morrow.

R. E. LEE.

PETERSBURG, *April 2, 1865.*
(Received 7 o'clock.)

General J. C. BRECKINRIDGE,
Secretary of War:

It is absolutely necessary that we should abandon our position to-night, or run the risk of being cut off in the morning. I have given all the orders to officers on both sides of the river, and have taken every precaution that I can to make the movement successful. It will be a difficult operation, but I hope not impracticable. Please give all orders that you find necessary in and about Richmond. The troops will all be directed to Amelia Court-House.

R. E. LEE.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
April 2, 1865.

Generals Longstreet's and Hill's corps will cross the pontoon bridge at Battersea Factory, and take the River road, north side of Appomattox, to Bevill's Bridge to-night. General Gordon's corps will cross at Pocahontas and railroad bridges, his troops taking Hickory road, following General Longstreet to Bevill's Bridge, and his wagons taking the Woodpecker road to Old Colville, endeavoring not to interfere with Mahone's troops from Chesterfield Court-House, who will take the same road. General Mahone's division will take the road to Chesterfield Court-House, thence by Old Colville to Goode's Bridge. Mahone's wagons will precede him on the same road or take some road to his right. General Ewell's command will cross the James River at and below Richmond, taking the road to Branch Church, via Gregory's, to Genito road, via Genito Bridge to Amelia Court-House. The wagons from Richmond will take the Manchester pike and Buckingham road, via Meadville, to Amelia Court-House. The movement of all troops will commence at 8 o'clock, the artillery moving out quietly first, infantry following, except the pickets, who will be withdrawn at 3 o'clock. The artillery not required with the troops will be moved by the roads prescribed for the wagons, or such other as may be most convenient. Every officer is expected to give his unremitting attention to cause the movement to be made successfully.

By order of General Lee:

W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

After all the infantry and artillery have crossed, Pocahontas and Campbell's Bridges will be destroyed by the engineers. The pontoon bridge at Battersea Factory and the railroad bridges will be reserved for the pickets.

HANCOCK'S, *April 2, 1865.*
(Received 2.10 p. m.)

Brig. Gen. W. N. PENDLETON:

Lieutenant-Colonel Poague left this morning with the rest of his battalion. I wish you would order Lieutenant-Colonel Johnston to report to me immediately with his two batteries. I can withdraw no guns from the line and a reserve is indispensable. The enemy attacked this morning in front. Forney's brigade captured the picket-line, but were then repulsed and the picket-line reclaimed.

A. L. LONG.

APRIL 2, 1865—1.30 p. m.

Lieutenant-General EWELL:

GENERAL: When the [Cadets] come in please have a strong guard for the railroad depot, to report to Quartermaster-General.

Yours,

JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE,
Secretary of War.

PETERSBURG, *April 2, 1865—3 p. m.*
(Received 3.20 p. m.)

Lieutenant-General EWELL:

It will be necessary for us to abandon our position if possible to-night. Will you be able to do so? Answer as soon as possible.

R. E. LEE.

HEADQUARTERS C. S. ARMY,
April 2, 1865.

General R. S. EWELL:

I wish you to make all preparations quietly and rapidly to abandon your position to-night, if necessary. Send back on the line of Danville railroad all supplies, ammunition, &c., that is possible. Have your field transportation ready and your troops prepared for battle or marching orders, as circumstances may require. Endeavor to avoid all alarm or notice of your preparations from getting to enemy. Save all public property. If your artillery or transportation requires horses you must take them in the city.

R. E. LEE.

APRIL 2, 1865.

[General EWELL:]

Move your command to south side of James River to-night, crossing on bridges at and below Richmond. Take the road, with your troops, to Branch Church, via Gregory's, to Genito road, via Genito Bridge to Amelia Court-House. All wagons from Richmond will take the Manchester pike and Buckingham road, via Meadville, to Amelia Court-House. The movement will commence at 8 o'clock, the artillery moving out first quietly, infantry following, except pickets, who will be withdrawn at 3 o'clock. General Stevens will indicate routes to you and furnish guides. The cavalry must follow, destroying bridges under the superintendence of the engineer officers. The artillery not needed with the troops will take the road prescribed for the wagons, or such others as may be most convenient.

By command of General R. E. Lee:

W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RICHMOND, VA., *April 2, 1865.*

Lieutenant-General EWELL:

GENERAL: The direct road to Danville crosses the river at Mayo's Bridge and follows the line of the railroad to Keysville, in Charlotte County, which is eighty miles from Richmond. Another route leads by

Powhatan and Cumberland Court-House to Farmville, and thence by Charlotte Court-House. A third route leads up the north bank of James River and crosses at Cartersville. It is probable that no boats could be obtained at Cartersville for crossing the river. I have been unable as yet to find a guide. One could probably be obtained from Major Archer's shops, at Bacon Quarter Branch. I will send immediately to inquire.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

IS. H. CARRINGTON,
Provost-Marshal.

APRIL 2, 1865.

Maj. R. P. ARCHER:

MAJOR: Is there any one here who could act as a guide on the roads leading to Danville? General Ewell desires one to report to him immediately. He wishes to know your opinion as to the best routes. Are there boats at Michaux Ferry or Cartersville? General Ewell would like much to see you about this if you can go to his office.

Very respectfully,

IS. H. CARRINGTON,
Provost-Marshal.

[Indorsement.]

BACON QUARTER BRANCH, *April 2, 1865.*

Respectfully returned to General Ewell.

I have no one here who knows anything about the road to Danville. The boats at Michaux Ferry were destroyed by the Yankees in their raid in Goochland. I know nothing of the one at Cartersville. Would suggest the south side of the river and cross the Appomattox at Clementown as the bridges at all other points have been taken away.

R. P. ARCHER,
Major and Assistant Quartermaster.

NAMOZINE CHURCH, *April 3, 1865—1 a. m.*

Major-General JOHNSON,
Commanding Division:

GENERAL: I have just received intelligence that the trains and troops are all stopped at Deep Creek by high water. I will go on and see what is best to be done, and will let you know as soon as possible. It may save time for you to take Cousins' road at this place and go to Bevill's Bridge by Cralle's road and Deep Creek road. If on arriving here you take this course send forward and let me know.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. H. ANDERSON,
Lieutenant-General.

APRIL 3, 1865—7.30 a. m.

Maj. Gen. B. R. JOHNSON,
Commanding Division:

GENERAL: At Namozine Church take the left-hand road, which will lead you by Cousins' (or, as I am told it is more familiarly known, the

"cross-road") and Cralle's road to the upper bridge over Deep Creek. After crossing Deep Creek follow the march of the trains, &c., toward Amelia Court-House, instead of toward Bevill's Bridge as at first directed.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. H. ANDERSON,
Lieutenant-General.

P. S.—I will be found at the bridge or at tabernacle.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
Hebron Church, Six Miles from Goode's Ford,
April 3, 1865—6.30 p. m.

Lieutenant-General EWELL:

When you were directed to cross the Appomattox at Genito Bridge it was supposed that a pontoon bridge had been laid at that point, as ordered, but I learn to-day from Mr. Haxall that such is not the case. Should you not be able to cross at that point, or at some bridge higher up, you must take the best road to Rudd's Store, on the Goode's Bridge road, and cross the Appomattox on the bridge at that point, and then conform to your original instructions. This portion of the army is now on its way to Goode's Bridge, the flats at Bevill's Bridge being flooded by high water. Notify me of your approach to the bridge and passage of the Appomattox by courier to Amelia Court-House, or wherever I may be.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. E. LEE,
General.

APRIL 4, 1865—7.30 a. m.

The courier has returned with this note, having been able to hear nothing of you. I am about to cross the river. Get to Amelia Court-House as soon as possible and let me hear from you.

R. E. L.

DANVILLE, VA., *April 4, 1865.*

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA:

The general-in-chief of our army has found it necessary to make such movements of the troops as to uncover the capital and thus involve the withdrawal of the Government from the city of Richmond.

It would be unwise, even were it possible, to conceal the great moral as well as material injury to our cause that must result from the occupation of Richmond by the enemy. It is equally unwise and unworthy of us, as patriots engaged in a most sacred cause, to allow our energies to falter, our spirits to grow faint, or our efforts to become relaxed under reverses, however calamitous. While it has been to us a source of national pride that for four years of unequaled warfare we have been able, in close proximity to the center of the enemy's power, to maintain the seat of our chosen government free from the pollution of his presence; while the memories of the heroic dead who have freely given their lives to its defense must ever remain enshrined in our hearts; while the preservation of the capital, which is usually regarded as the evidence

to mankind of separate national existence, was an object very dear to us, it is also true, and should not be forgotten, that the loss which we have suffered is not without compensation. For many months the largest and finest army of the Confederacy, under the command of a leader whose presence inspires equal confidence in the troops and the people, has been greatly trammeled by the necessity of keeping constant watch over the approaches to the capital, and has thus been forced to forego more than one opportunity for promising enterprise. The hopes and confidence of the enemy have been constantly excited by the belief that their possession of Richmond would be the signal for our submission to their rule, and relieve them from the burden of war, as their failing resources admonish them must be abandoned if not speedily brought to a successful close. It is for us, my countrymen, to show by our bearing under reverses how wretched has been the self-deception of those who have believed us less able to endure misfortune with fortitude than to encounter danger with courage. We have now entered upon a new phase of a struggle, the memory of which is to endure for all ages and to shed an increasing luster upon our country.

Relieved from the necessity of guarding cities and particular points, important but not vital to our defense, with an army free to move from point to point and strike in detail the detachments and garrisons of the enemy, operating on the interior of our own country, where supplies are more accessible, and where the foe will be far removed from his own base and cut off from all succor in case of reverse, nothing is now needed to render our triumph certain but the exhibition of our own unquenchable resolve. Let us but will it, and we are free; and who, in the light of the past, dare doubt your purpose in the future!

Animated by the confidence in your spirit and fortitude, which never yet has failed me, I announce to you, fellow-countrymen, that it is my purpose to maintain your cause with my whole heart and soul; that I will never consent to abandon to the enemy one foot of the soil of any one of the States of the Confederacy; that Virginia, noble State, whose ancient renown has been eclipsed by her still more glorious recent history; whose bosom has been bared to receive the main shock of this war; whose sons and daughters have exhibited heroism so sublime as to render her illustrious in all times to come; that Virginia with the help of her people, and by the blessing of Providence, shall be held and defended, and no peace ever be made with the infamous invaders of her homes by the sacrifice of any of her rights or territory. If by stress of numbers we should ever be compelled to a temporary withdrawal from her limits, or those of any other border State, again and again will we return, until the baffled and exhausted enemy shall abandon in despair his endless and impossible task of making slaves of a people resolved to be free.

Let us not, then, despond, my countrymen, but relying on the never-failing mercies and protecting care of our God, let us meet the foe with fresh defiance, with unconquered and unconquerable hearts.

JEFF'N DAVIS.

FARMVILLE, *April 4, 1865—3.20 p. m.*

Hon. SECRETARY OF WAR, or
General ST. JOHN:

I deeply regret to state to you that the enemy reached Burkeville about ten minutes ago. The operator says our whole force are crossing (or have crossed) to the north side of the Appomattox River, but

their destination unknown. He also says stragglers have been passing all day. I have heard of no fight up to time of writing, now 3.30 p. m. No communication below this point. We shall leave this place to-night should enemy advance rapidly on us. This is all the intelligence. Five hundred Yankees occupied Wytheville at 9 a. m. to-day.

Most respectfully,

OPERATOR.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. —. } HDQRS. ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA, *April 4, 1865.*

The chief of artillery will make arrangements at once to select a sufficient number of guns for each corps to accompany the troops in the field. The remaining guns will be sent by rail, if practicable, from Amelia Court-House to Danville, or to some point south of it. The horses of the guns with the troops will be re-enforced from these. The chief quartermaster will make similar selections among the wagons and teams, designating such as will be necessary to accompany the troops in the present reduced condition of the army. The remaining wagons with the weaker teams, and all teams not needed with the troops, will proceed on the road from Tunstall's Station via Paineville and Farmville, or some other route west of this, and cross Staunton River at Cole's Ferry, or some ferry higher up, and thence on across Dan River west of Danville into Western North Carolina. The weaker artillery, if it cannot be shipped by rail, will proceed by the same route. A good officer will be placed in charge of the artillery, who will have authority to impress supplies as will be necessary and such fresh animals for the wagons and guns as are needed, if they cannot be otherwise obtained, leaving the broken-down animals in exchange.

By order of General Lee:

C. S. VENABLE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

APRIL 4, 1865—11 p. m.

The wagon trains of the Third Corps will move at dawn to-morrow from their present camp on the direct road to Paineville, turning off at Jones', about a mile before reaching Paineville; thence to Amelia Springs; thence to Deatonsville, and by the Jamestown road to Rice's Station and Farmville. The wagons of General Ewell's command at Clemmentown will move at dawn to-morrow on the Clemmentown road to Paineville; thence to Rodophil; thence up the Stony Point road, passing Providence Church, and turning to the left at Anderson's crossing to the Ligontown road, and passing by Ligontown to Farmville. If the river is not passable at Ligontown the train will move by the best available road on south side of the river to Farmville.

By order of General R. E. Lee:

W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA,
April 4, 1865—9 p. m.

Lieut. Gen. R. S. EWELL,
Commanding, &c.:

GENERAL: I am very much gratified by your letter of to-day to learn there is such a favorable prospect of your crossing at Mattoax

Bridge. I hope your anticipations may be realized, and that you may be safely over by this time. Notify General Mahone of your crossing, who is preserving the bridge at Goode's Ferry only until he shall hear you do not require it. He has orders to destroy the bridge as soon as he hears you do not need it. I wish you would give him the earliest intelligence. General Gordon will remain at his present position at Scott's Shop, on the Goode's Bridge road, until he hears of your approach, and then he has orders to join me here. I wish you to notify him of the probable time of your arrival at Scott's Shop.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. E. LEE,
General.

APRIL 5, 1865.

Lieutenant-General ANDERSON:

The general commanding directs me to say that the troops (Mahone's and Pickett's) took the wrong road from the first. They were pursuing the Paineville road and deviating every step from the railroad. They are now retracing their steps, and will turn in and march parallel with the railroad toward Jetersville. He gives you this information that you may avoid a similar mistake. The wagon train is on the Paineville road. The troops should turn off near railroad and take direction of Jetersville. There may be no plain wagon road, but you can ascertain, for Pickett and Mahone are now moving, and regulate your march accordingly.

Respectfully,

W. H. TAYLOR.

(Same to Lieutenant-General Ewell and Major-General Gordon.)

MEHERRIN DEPOT, *April 5, 1865.*

THOMAS DODAMEAD,
Superintendent:

The train went in one mile of Junction and Mr. Angel took a hand-car and went up to the depot. The Yankee cavalry that had been tearing up road all night east of junction, on the Richmond and Danville Railroad, galloped in as he was leaving Junction. His negroes ran off and he left his hand-car and returned to the train and thence here. General Lee is reported to have been fighting hard since last night. It is said he is being driven back. His headquarters are said to be at Amelia Court-House. I do not vouch for the truth of these reports regarding Lee's army.

J. P. WINGO,
Operator.

HENRY COURT-HOUSE, VA., *April 5, 1865.*

Brig. Gen. H. H. WALKER,
Commanding Post, Danville, Va.:

GENERAL: I have the honor to report that upon receiving your instructions from Colonel Keen I started from Danville with my squad (of four men) last night at 10 o'clock, and proceeded forthwith to this place, arriving this morning at 8.30 o'clock, and, judging from the most reliable information I can get, there are no signs of the enemy anywhere in this vicinity. Colonel Hamilton, who is in charge of the Gov-

ernment horses in Wilkes County, N. C., arrived here a few minutes since, and reports that the enemy were certainly in the aforesaid county on Monday last, and upon that day over 200 horses were captured from his department. There are various reports here about the whereabouts of the Yankees, though the general impression is that they are between Patrick Court-House and Floyd Court-House. I shall leave this place immediately with my squad, in the direction of Floyd Court-House. As soon as I can get any reliable information will report to you again. Should anything of importance occur at this place the enrolling officer will report the facts to you immediately.

I am, general, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

JAMES S. RIDD,
In Charge of Post.

HEADQUARTERS,
Rice's Station, South Side Railroad, April 6, 1865.

His Excellency JEFFERSON DAVIS:

I shall be to-night at Farmville. You can communicate by telegraph to Meherrin and by courier to Lynchburg.

Very respectfully and truly, yours,

R. E. LEE.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 6, 1865.

Maj. Gen. C. M. WILCOX,
Commanding Division:

GENERAL: All the trains of all the troops which are here will be put in motion at once via Farmville to Lynchburg. The ambulances and ordnance wagons, which are necessary to go with the troops, after crossing the Appomattox, will park at some convenient point near the road and be held in readiness to join the troops as they pass along. Those which are not necessary will move on toward Lynchburg. If the main road to Lynchburg should be occupied by other trains these trains will take some parallel road, or road nearly parallel to the route, and continue to march, making as much distance as they can without too much fatigue to the animals. The officers in charge of these trains will report to their commanders any route which they may take other than the main route. The troops of this command will be held in readiness to move at a moment's notice. The movement will begin on the left, General Field's division retiring first, marching via Farmville, to be followed in succession by Heth and Wilcox. General Alexander will give the necessary orders for the artillery. Such batteries as are not necessary on the line will be withdrawn at once and put then on the road to Farmville. This to be done as quietly as possible. One hour after the troops move the sharpshooters will be withdrawn and follow on the road to Farmville. General Rosser's cavalry will retire by Farmville. When General Wilcox retires he will notify General Rosser, who will follow him to Farmville and there await further orders. Every effort must be made to get up all stragglers, and all such men as have fallen asleep by the camp-fires or by the wayside.

By order of Lieutenant-General Longstreet:

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

AMELIA SPRINGS, *April 6, 1865—4 a. m.*

[General GORDON:]

GENERAL: I have seen the dispatches (intercepted) you sent me. It was from my expectation of an attack being made from Jetersville that I was anxious that the rear of the column should reach Deatonsville as soon as possible. I hope the rear will get out of harm's way, and I rely greatly upon your exertions and good judgment for its safety. I know that men and animals are much exhausted, but it is necessary to tax their strength. I wish after the cavalry crosses the bridge at Flat Creek that it be thoroughly destroyed so as to prevent pursuit in that direction. The bridge over the same stream on the road to Jetersville I have had destroyed. By holding the position at Amelia Springs with our cavalry, which can retire by Deatonsville or up the road toward Paineville, we can secure the rear of the column from interruption. About two miles from Amelia Springs on the Deatonsville road a road leads off to the right to Chapman's into the Ligontown road, by which Farmville may be reached provided there is a bridge over the Appomattox at Ligontown. I hear there is none; therefore I see no way of relieving the column of the wagons, and they must be brought along. You must, of course, keep everything ahead of you, wagons, stragglers, &c. I will try to get the head of the column on, and to get provisions at Rice's Station or Farmville.

Very respectfully, &c.,

R. E. LEE,
General.

HEADQUARTERS, &c., *April 6, 1865.*

[Maj. Gen. BRYAN GRIMES:]

GENERAL: General Gordon wishes to know how long it will be before you can move, and what is going on in your rear. He is anxious for you to start, as Generals Evans and Walker have gone on. How much artillery and train is still to bring up?

THOS. G. JONES,
Aide-de-Camp.

P. S.—If more trains can be provided you will carry as many of your [*sic*]. If not inconvenient to you that you will ride up here; he would like to see you. Mr. Bird says he can supply one train at 9 o'clock. Have you ascertained its capacity? Can only one be supplied? General Lee wishes to send all you command.

Yours,

W. H. TAYLOR,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

DANVILLE, VA., *April 7, 1865.*

Col. L. B. NORTHROP,
Commissary-General C. S. Army, Greensborough, N. C.:

Mr. Mallory informed me of your embarrassment, which I hope will be removed. Are you not aware that your commission remains in force, making you assignable to duty anywhere in the Subsistence Department? I ask because the records of the War Office are not now accessible, and it has been intimated to me that you regard yourself out of service.

JEFF'N DAVIS.

DANVILLE, VA., *April 7, 1865.*

Rev. J. A. DUNCAN:

MY DEAR SIR: Attorney-General Davis has just informed me that the Rev. Mr. Pearson related in his presence, giving my name for authority, a statement that the whole skirmish line of Cook's brigade went over to the enemy, carrying their officers with them, and that thus our line was broken and the evacuation of Petersburg rendered necessary. I made no such statement to Mr. Pearson, and the story is not believed by me to be true. On several occasions I have corrected an injurious report in regard to the conduct of Cook's brigade, and have said that, and another report in regard to Hoke's brigade, must have arisen from what I had heard unofficially did occur, *i. e.*, that a part of the skirmish line of Cook's brigade had gone over to the enemy, when the rest of his skirmish line was fighting gallantly. The brigade I have heard behaved well, and that our line was not broken there. The feature of taking off their officers is to me quite new, and, however dramatic, will not, I hope, become historical. I leave to Mr. Pearson to judge of the propriety of repeating a conversation held under the circumstances, but must object to the inaccuracy of the recital. As he was introduced to me by you, and was, I understood, to travel with you at least a part of your journey, I hope you will excuse me for addressing this to you, and requesting you, if practicable, to communicate it to Mr. Pearson.

Very respectfully and truly, your friend,

JEFF'N DAVIS.

KEYSVILLE, *April 7, 1865.*

T. DODAMEAD,
Superintendent:

The Yankees were at Meherrin this morning. One of our section-masters, Wilkenson, came from Green Bay yesterday. He says Yankee infantry were on their way from Junction to Meherrin. One of our negroes came from Meherrin this morning; says that Yankee tents were stretched for about one mile along railroad. Reports say that General Lee was at Rice's on the South Side Railroad last night. A son of Mr. Arvin's came home last night after a horse, and said General Lee was certainly between Rice's and High Bridge, and we whipped the Yankees near Rice's. He is said to be a reliable man. He said he was going back to General Lee, and left here this morning on his way back. I have sent six men out to ascertain the exact position of the enemy in the neighborhood of Meherrin and will let you hear from me.

C. J. ANGEL.

APRIL 7, 1865.

T. DODAMEAD:

I saw Mr. Crawford, a scout in General Gordon's division. He left Farmville yesterday morning. He said General Lee was at Farmville when he left. He says General Gordon's division closed up the rear from Petersburg to Farmville, and they had not seen any Yankee infantry since they left Petersburg until they got to Rice's. They had several skirmishes with the enemy's cavalry and cleaned them out every time. He said it was not true that General Lee had a fight at Jetersville; only had a skirmish there and whipped them. He says General Lee

has about 50,000 or 60,000 troops and they are in the best of spirits and say they will whip the Yankees yet. They suffered some for want of provisions but did not grumble. Says that the Yankee cavalry is not in their way in retreating, as they keep a good distance from General Lee's troops.

C. J. ANGEL.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS,
April 7, 1865.

Major-General WILCOX,
Commanding Division:

GENERAL: General Mahone will start at 10 o'clock to-night. You will notify General Heth when you leave and arrange to withdraw your picket-line as agreed upon.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

HEADQUARTERS LONGSTREET'S CORPS,
April 7, 1865.

Major-General WILCOX,
Commanding Division:

GENERAL: The movement is delayed until 12 o'clock to-night. In other respects the previous orders will hold good.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. LATROBE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RED HOUSE, *April 8, 1865.*

The PRESIDENT:

Evacuation of Richmond completed in order on the morning of the 3d. General Lee concentrated pretty well about Amelia Court-House on the 5th, but enemy occupied Junction that evening, and our forces moved during the night and morning of the 6th to Rice's Station. During the morning we captured some 800 prisoners, but in afternoon met a serious reverse, and portion of the army forced across the Appomattox at High Bridge and other points.

I left General Lee at Farmville yesterday morning, where he was passing the main body across the river for temporary relief. He will still try to move around toward North Carolina. There was very little firing yesterday, and I hear none to-day. No definite information as to movements of enemy from Junction toward Danville. Stoneman's advance reported yesterday to be near Liberty. Lomax reports enemy in considerable force advancing up Shenandoah Valley. No news from Echols, but he is supposed to be close on Stoneman's rear. General Lee has sent orders to Lomax to unite with Echols against Stoneman, and to Colston to make firm defense at Lynchburg.

The straggling has been great, and the situation is not favorable. Generals Gilmer, Lawton, and St. John are with me. We will join you as soon as possible.

J. C. BRECKINRIDGE,
Secretary of War.

KEYSVILLE, *April 8, 1865.*

T. DODAMEAD:

The Yankees ran a train to Meherrin this morning. Mr. Peak, who lives at Meherrin, brought the information. He says the Yankees ran the train up to the Meherrin and then went back to the Junction. He said he heard that there was only a few Yankees between Meherrin and the Junction, they having gone in the direction of Prince Edward Court-House.

C. J. ANGEL.

KEYSVILLE, *April 8, 1865.*

L. E. HARVIE:

I have just seen a soldier from Prince Edward Court-House who says Grant's army, cavalry and infantry, is following General Lee up closely and General Lee was near Pamplin's when he left. He states that Grant's infantry came up the South Side Railroad and overtook Lee about Prospect. Cannonading still going on in that direction; he says the Yankees stripped Dickenson of everything and left a guard at his house to kill him if they caught him. We could see large smoke in the direction of Farmville this p. m., and think the High Bridge must be burnt.

C. J. ANGEL,
Operator.

HEADQUARTERS [SECOND] ARMY CORPS,
April 8, 1865.

Major-General GRIMES, *Commanding, &c.:*

GENERAL: The major-general commanding desires a succinct statement be furnished at once to these headquarters of your operations on the 6th instant, and also a report of the effective present of your command.

Very respectfully, &c.,

W. B. MYERS,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

DANVILLE, VA., *April 9, 1865.*
(Via Clover Depot.)

General R. E. LEE, *Headquarters:*

Your dispatch of 6th instant received. Hope the line of couriers established will enable you to communicate safely and frequently. General Johnston on the 8th telegraphs from Smithfield, asking you to inform him how he can co-operate with you; says it is important he should know before Sherman moves. Enemy's cavalry reported in small force at Henry Court-House yesterday. Colonel Wheeler engaged them with about half their force, say with 250 men, and checked them. Took two prisoners, who state that other forces were to concentrate with them at Danville. We have here about 3,000 infantry and artillery. Are constructing defenses, and should have an experienced engineer, the ground being unfavorable. I had hoped to have seen you at an earlier period, and trust soon to meet you. The Secretary of War, Quartermaster-General, Commissary-General, and Chief Engineer have not arrived; their absence is embarrassing. We have here provisions and clothing for your army, and they are held for its use. You will realize the reluctance I feel to leave the soil of Virginia, and

appreciate my anxiety to win success north of the Roanoke The few stragglers who came from your army are stopped here and at Staunton bridge. They are generally, however, without arms. The fall of Selma and the reported advance of the enemy on Montgomery, and the fears expressed for the safety of Columbus, Ga., caused me to direct General Cobb to aid in resisting the enemy in Alabama, and General Wofford, who was at Atlanta, to co-operate with General Cobb in that movement. General Taylor's command was extended so as to embrace Atlanta and Macon. I hope soon to hear from you at this point, where offices have been opened to keep up the current business until more definite knowledge would enable us to form more permanent plans. May God preserve, sustain, and guide you.

JEFF'N DAVIS.

NEW'S FERRY, *April 9, 1865.*

L. E. HARVIE:

Dr. J. R. Page, C. S. Army, has arrived at Mr. Chalmers' and reports that he left Lynchburg on Saturday morning, and that none of the enemy were near, except a small raiding party near Liberty, from which a major was captured, who said that they were waiting for Stoneman to come up. General Duke met Stoneman and repulsed him. Doctor Page reports Lee on the south side of the Staunton River, having crossed at Pannell's Bridge.

W. M. S. DUNN.

DANVILLE, VA., *April 10, 1865.*

His Honor the Mayor J. M. WALKER:

SIR: Permit me to return to yourself and council my sincere thanks for your kindness shown to me when I came among you under that pressure of adversity which is more apt to cause the loss of friends than to be the occasion for forming new ones. I had hoped to have been able to maintain the Confederate Government on the soil of Virginia, though compelled to retire from the capital. I had hoped to have contributed somewhat to the safety of your city; the desire to the last was rendered more than a mere sense of public duty by your generous reception of myself and the executive officers who accompanied me. The shadows of misfortune which were on us when I came have become darker, and I trust you accord to me now, as then, your good wishes and confidence in the zeal and singleness of heart with which I have sought to discharge the high trust which the people of the Confederate States conferred upon me. May God bless and preserve you and grant to our country independence and prosperity.

Very truly, yours,

JEFF'N DAVIS.

PIEDMONT RAILROAD, SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Danville, Va., April 10, 1865.

His Excellency President DAVIS:

SIR: I beg leave to suggest to you the importance of using all the means at command of the Government without delay in changing the gauge of the Piedmont Railroad from Danville to Greensborough. Upon it depends the safety of twenty-two engines and their trains of cars that are blocked upon the Danville road at this place, and all the transportation on that road of an immense amount of stores, machinery, &c.

In addition thereto is the transportation of our army and its equipments and supplies. I have ordered all the force on the Danville and Piedmont roads to this point to-day with the view of commencing the work at once. This force, if we can keep it, is inadequate to complete the work as soon as it ought to be done. Indeed, it ought to be done at once and completed as soon as practicable without regard to expense or labor. Its importance in my view cannot be exaggerated in this emergency, and therefore I appeal to you as the highest officer in the Government to have it done without any delay. There is a force working on the fortifications at this place which it seems to me could be diverted advantageously to this work, and I would earnestly, but most respectfully, urge that a sufficiency of labor be put to work to complete the change of gauge as soon as it can be made.

With the highest respect,

LEWIS E. HARVIE,
President Piedmont Railroad.

DANVILLE, VA., *April 10, 1865.*

L. E. HARVIE,
Danville, Va.:

MY DEAR SIR: The force employed in constructing defense here is, I fear, much smaller than you suppose. Colonel Rives has been instructed to attend to the matter, and if he can materially aid you by so doing to turn over his whole force of laborers to assist in the proposed change of gauge. You will perceive that to leave the defenses incomplete may shorten the time within which your rolling-stock must be removed. The greatest energy will be required to complete the work in the shortest possible time after it is commenced, or we shall lose in the use of the road without assurance of saving the valuable means of transportation which it is the object to transfer.

Very truly, your friend,

JEFF'N DAVIS.

[APRIL 10, 1865.—For General Orders, No. 9, Army of Northern Virginia (containing General R. E. Lee's farewell address to his army), see Part I, p. 1267 and p. 744, *ante.*]

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. —. } HDQRS. ARMY OF NORTHERN VA., *April 10, 1865.*

The following order is published for the information of all parties concerned:

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. —. } HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES, *In the Field, April 10, 1865.*

All officers and men of the Confederate service paroled at Appomattox Court-House who to reach their homes are compelled to pass through the lines of the Union armies, will be allowed to do so, and to pass free on all Government transports and military railroads.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant:

E. S. PARKER,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

By command of General R. E. Lee:

C. S. VENABLE,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

RALEIGH, N. C., *April 11, 1865.*

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:

Please tell me what of General Lee. Much depends here on a correct knowledge of the situation. Answer to-night.

Z. B. VANCE.

[Governor VANCE:]

I have no official report, but scouts said to be reliable and whose statements were circumstantial and corroborative, represent the disaster as extreme. I have not heard from General Lee since the 6th instant, and have little or no hope from his army as an organized body. I expected to visit you at Raleigh, but am accidentally prevented from executing that design, and would be very glad to see you here if you can come at once, or to meet you elsewhere in North Carolina at a future time. We must redouble our efforts to meet present disaster. An army holding its position with determination to fight on, and manifest ability to maintain the struggle, will attract all the scattered soldiers and daily and rapidly gather strength. Moral influence is wanting, and I am sure you can do much now to revive the spirit and hope of the people.

JEFF'N DAVIS.

GREENSBOROUGH, N. C., *April 12, 1865.*

Mrs. JEFFERSON DAVIS:

MY DEAR MADAM:

* * * * * * *

The disaster to General Lee's army is extreme, but our latest advices lead to the hope that he and the leaders of the army may have escaped with a remnant of the command. General Gordon is said to have the crowd of fugitives (10,000) at Pannell's Bridge, on the Staunton River. We hope to make head against the enemy with the forces at our command. The people you will see and hear are utterly demoralized. Do not be discouraged by them. The loss of an army is not the loss of the cause. There is a great deal of fight in us yet.

* * * * * * *

Truly and affectionately, yours,

W. P. JOHNSTON.

GREENSBOROUGH, *April 12, 1865.*

MY DEAR MRS. DAVIS:

* * * * * * *

The apparent slackening of Grant's pressure upon General Lee, of which I telegraphed you, is explained by the fact that our artillery had all been captured but two pieces, which escaped by taking the wrong road. It was lost in whole battalions, guns, officers, and men, Haskell's and Huger's going first. The infantry was dispersed all over the country; the men had thrown away their arms, and were going home to take care of themselves. The cavalry seems to have taken to their heels. The heavy firing had ceased therefore, and as nothing like sounds of battle could be heard in the country round about, we inferred that the situation had been improved. Imagine, then, our astonishment and dismay when the President was summoned from dinner on Monday

to be informed of the surrender of General Lee, of himself and all his infantry, on the 9th, at or near Appomattox Court-House. The messenger was an old citizen of the country, who stated that he saw General Rosser and was told that General Lee was in Grant's tent at the time. The same information as to the result reached us from several other sources before night. A Cabinet council was held immediately, and a march on this place decided on. We started on a special train about midnight, bringing all the Cabinet except General Breckinridge, who had not yet reached Danville, and who has not joined us up to this time. Our train was very slow, and finally reached Greensborough late in the afternoon of the 11th, just escaping a raiding party [which] struck the railroad half an hour after we had passed the point. General Breckinridge is expected here this evening. We are a fixture for the present, and are comfortably fixed.

* * * * * * *

BURTON N. HARRISON.

DANVILLE, *April 12, 1865—1 p. m.*

His Excellency President DAVIS:

No news from the front. Secretary of War left yesterday evening—troops will leave this evening for Greensborough. Enemy's cavalry reported in Henry County. General Shelley will command troops leaving here unless ordered to contrary. My force, 100 men, sent to the Valley. Upon consultation with governor, should like to join them. Am ranking cavalry officer in Virginia and can collect the three divisions. But few cavalry surrendered; Fitz Lee did not.

L. L. LOMAX,
Major-General.

[Indorsement.]

AIDE-DE-CAMP:

Get answer from General Cooper.

J. D.

DANVILLE, *April 12, 1865.*

General COOPER,
Adjutant and Inspector General:

Most of my division is in the Valley. Shall I order it to report to General Rosser? The Reserves have all deserted. I will leave here with troops this evening.

L. L. LOMAX,
Major-General.

DANVILLE, VA., *April 13, 1865.*

His Excellency President DAVIS:

W. H. F. Lee's adjutant-general has reached here—was present at surrender. Has General Lee's order on the occasion which says it was done to avoid useless sacrifice of life. General Gordon told him 8,000 infantry and 2,000 cavalry were surrendered, but suppose that as many as 20,000 gave in their names in all. Officers and men are paroled to go home and there remain unmolested the balance of the war unless they prefer being exchanged.

H. H. WALKER,
Brigadier-General.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 6. } HDQRS. MUNFORD'S CAVALRY BRIGADE, *April 21, 1865.*

SOLDIERS:

I have just received a communication from the President of the Confederate States, ordering us again to the field in defense of our liberties. General Johnston, with an army constantly increasing, well appointed, and disciplined, still upholds our glorious banner. We are ordered to report to him. Our cause is not dead. Let the same stern determination to be free, which has supported you for four years of gallant struggle, still animate you, and it can never die. One disaster, however serious, cannot crush out the spirit of Virginians and make them tamely submit to their enemies, who have given us, during all these terrible years of war, so many evidences of their devilish malignity in our devastated fields, our burned homesteads, our violated daughters, and our murdered thousands. Virginians will understand that their present pretended policy of conciliation is but the cunning desire of the Yankee to lull us to sleep while they rivet the chains they have been making such gigantic efforts to forge, and which they will as surely make us wear forever if we tamely submit. We have sworn a thousand times by our eternal wrongs, by our sacred God-given rights, by the memory of our noble fathers and our glorious past, by our gallant dead who lie in every plain of our war-scarred State, by our glorious victories on many a well-fought field, that we would be free. Shall we not keep our oaths? Can we kneel down by the graves of our dead, kneel in the very blood from sons yet fresh, and kiss the rod which smote them down. Never! Never! Better die a thousand deaths. We have still power to resist. There are more men at home to-day belonging to the Army of Northern Virginia than were surrendered at Appomattox. Let them rally to the call of our President, and Virginia, our beloved old Commonwealth, shall yet stand triumphant and defiant, with her foot upon her tyrants prostrate, and her proud old banner, never yet sullied, with its "Sic semper tyrannis," streaming over her.

Soldiers of the old brigade, to you I confidently appeal. You have never been surrendered! Cutting your way out of the enemy's lines before the surrender was determined, you, together with a majority of the cavalry, are free to follow your country's flag. The eyes of your Virginia, now bleeding at every pore, turn with special interest to you. Will you desert her at her sorest need? You will never descend to such infamy. Let us renew our vows, and swear again by our broken altars to be free or die. Let us teach our children eternal hostility to our foes. What though we perish in the fight, as surely as the God of justice reigns, the truth, the right will triumph, and though we may not, our children will win the glorious fight, for it is not within the nature of her Southern sons to wear the chains of Yankee rule.

We have still a country, a flag, an army, a Government. Then to horse! A circular will be sent to each of your officers designating the time and place of assembly. Hold yourselves in instant readiness, and bring all true men with you from this command who will go, and let us who struck the last blow as an organized part of the Army of Northern Virginia strike the first with that victorious army which, by the blessings of our gracious God, will yet come to redeem her hallowed soil.

THOMAS T. MUNFORD,
Brigadier-General, Commanding Division.

FAUQUIER, *April 21, 1865.*

SOLDIERS: I have summoned you together for the last time. The vision that we have cherished of a free and independent country has vanished, and that country is now the spoil of the conqueror. I disband your organization in preference to surrendering it to our enemies. I am no longer your commander. After an association of more than two eventful years, I part from you with a just pride in the fame of your achievements and grateful recollections of your generous kindness to myself. And now at this moment, in bidding you a final adieu, accept the assurances of my unchanging confidence and regards.

Farewell.

J. S. MOSBY,
Colonel.

ALTERNATE DESIGNATIONS

OF

ORGANIZATIONS MENTIONED IN THIS VOLUME.*

Abbot's (Henry L.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Connecticut Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Abbott's (George R.) **Sharpshooters.** See *Maine Troops, 1st Battalion.*
Abercrombie's (John J.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 7th Regiment.*
Adams' (Alonzo W.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 1st Regiment (Lincoln).*
Adams' (Charles F., jr.) **Cavalry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 5th Regiment, Colored.*
Adams' (George W.) **Artillery.** See *Rhode Island Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery G.*
Adams' (J. Webb) **Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 10th Battery.*
Adreon's (Harrison) **Infantry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 4th Regiment.*
Ager's (George) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Connecticut Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Albright's (Charles) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 202d Regiment.*
Alexander's (H. Eugene) **Artillery.** See *Baltimore Artillery, Union, post.*
Allebaugh's (William) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 51st Regiment.*
Allen's (Crawford, jr.) **Artillery.** See *Rhode Island Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery H*
Allen's (James) **Cavalry.** See *West Virginia Troops, 2d Regiment.*
Allen's (Thomas S.) **Infantry.** See *Wisconsin Troops, 5th Regiment.*
Alstead's Command. (Official designation not of record.) See ——— *Alstead.*
Amick's (John W.) **Partisans.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
Anable's (Samuel L.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 7th Regiment.*
Andrews' (Albert S.) **Infantry.** See *Indiana Troops, 20th Regiment.*
Andrews' (Joseph F.) **Cavalry.** See *New Hampshire Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Angel's (James R.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery K.*
Anthony's (George T.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 17th Battery.*
Appleton's (John W. M.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 1st Battalion, Batteries C, E, and F.*
Ashby's (George E.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery E.*
Austin's (Joseph) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery F.*
Avery's (Martin P.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 60th Regiment.*
Avery's (M. Henry) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 10th Regiment.*
Awl's (F. Asbury) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 201st Regiment.*
Axtell's (Nathan G.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 192d Regiment.*
Babson's (Fitz J.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 25th Unattached Company.*
Bainbridge's (Mahlon) **Engineers.** See *New York Troops, 50th Regiment.*
Baird's (Andrew D.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 79th Regiment.*
Baker's (Charles) **Infantry.** See *Coast Guard, Infantry, post.*
Baker's (Joseph J.) **Cavalry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 4th Regiment.*
Baker's (J. Stannard) **Cavalry.** See *District of Columbia Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Baker's (Stephen) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 6th Regiment.*
Baker's (William F.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 10th Regiment.*
Baldwin's (Francis W. H.) **Infantry.** See *West Virginia Troops, 7th Regiment.*
Ball's (Benjamin A.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery A.*

---

* References, unless otherwise indicated, are to index following.

Baltimore Artillery. See *Maryland Troops, Union.*
Bamberger's (William W.) **Infantry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 5th Regiment.*
Banning's (Henry B.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 195th Regiment.*
Barber's (Gershom M.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 197th Regiment.*
Barker's (Thaddeus L.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 36th Regiment.*
Barker's (Thomas E.) **Infantry.** See *New Hampshire Troops, 12th Regiment.*
Barnes' (George L.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, Company A (Unassigned).*
Barnes' (John G.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 17th Unattached Company.*
Bartholomew's (Orion A.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 109th Regiment.*
Bassett's (Isaac C.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 82d Regiment.*
Bayley's (Thomas) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 9th Regiment.*
Baylor's (George) **Cavalry.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate, 43d Battalion.*
Bear's (William L.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 195th Regiment.*
Beck's (W. Butler) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 5th Regiment, Battery H.*
Becker's (Adolph) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 46th Regiment.*
Beger's (Charles) **Artillery.** See *Wisconsin Troops, 2d Battery.*
Benedict's (James W.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 124th Regiment.*
Betton's (Matthew T.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 81st Regiment.*
Bicknell's (Edwin) **Infantry.** See *Coast Guard, Infantry, post.*
Bingham's (Samuel R.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 30th Unattached Company.*
Binkley's (Otho H.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 110th Regiment.*
Bintliff's (James) **Infantry.** See *Wisconsin Troops, 38th Regiment.*
Bird's (Charles) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Volunteers, 1st Regiment (Veteran).*
Birdsall's (John) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 13th Regiment.*
Birk's (Frank) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 28th Regiment.*
Bixby's (Phin P.) **Infantry.** See *New Hampshire Troops, 6th Regiment.*
Blanchard's (Justus W.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 162d Regiment.*
Blanding's (Christopher) **Infantry.** See *Hospital Guards, post.*
Blanding's (Jabez B.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 21st Regiment.*
Blunt's (Edmund, jr.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 5th Regiment.*
Boardman's (George H.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Maine Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Bogardus' (Charles) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops 151st Regiment.*
Boice's (Theodore A.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 5th Regiment.*
Bolton's (William J.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 51st Regiment.*
Boswell's (Benjamin D.) **Infantry.** See *West Virginia Troops, 2d Regiment (Veteran).*
Botetourt Artillery. See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
Boutelle's (George V.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 21st Regiment.*
Bowerman's (Richard N.) **Infantry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 4th Regiment.*
Bowman's (Alpheus H.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 3d Regiment.*
Boyd's (Carlile) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 14th Regiment.*
Boyd's (Francis E.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 4th Regiment.*
Boyd's (William H., jr.) **Cavalry** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 21st Regiment.*
Brady's (George K.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 14th Regiment.*
Brady's (Hugh J.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 206th Regiment.*
Brady's Sharpshooters. See *Michigan Troops.*
Brainard's (William H. H.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 125th Regiment.*
Brainerd's (Wesley) **Engineers.** See *New York Troops, 15th Regiment.*
Brannon's (Isaac F.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 48th Regiment.*
Breck's (George) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery L.*
Briggs' (George G.) **Cavalry.** See *Michigan Troops, 7th Regiment.*
Brigham's (Alfred W.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery C.*
Brincklé's (John R.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 5th Regiment, Battery E.*

Briscoe's (James C.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 199th Regiment.*
Brockway's (James W.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 2d Battalion, 138th Company.*
Brooker's (Albert F.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Connecticut Troops, 1st Regiment;* also *3d Battery Light Artillery.*
Brown's (Calvin S.) **Infantry.** See *Maine Troops, 1st Battalion.*
Brown's (Charles J.) **Infantry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 13th Regiment.*
Brown's (Harvey W.) **Cavalry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 1st Regiment.*
Brown's (James F.) **Infantry.** See *Connecticut Troops, 21st Regiment.*
Brown's (Lewis G.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 117th Regiment.*
Brown's (William R.) **Infantry.** See *West Virginia Troops, 13th Regiment.*
Bryan's (Samuel) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 57th Regiment.*
Buckbee's (Edwin J.) **Sharpshooters.** See *Michigan Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Burke's (Denis F.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 88th Regiment.*
Burley's (William) **Infantry.** See *West Virginia Troops, 12th Regiment.*
Burnett's (George W.) **Artillery.** See *West Virginia Troops, Battery H.*
Burns' (Michael W.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 73d Regiment.*
Burr's (Allen L.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 189th Regiment.*
Butler's (George) **Infantry.** See *Indiana Troops, 11th Regiment.*
Butterfield's (Francis W.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 192d Regiment.*
Byrne's (John) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 155th Regiment.*
Cade's (John H.) **Infantry.** See *Delaware Troops, 3d Regiment.*
Calahan's (Charles C.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 4th Regiment.*
Call's (Frank W.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 14th Regiment, Battery D.*
Callis' (John B.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 7th Regiment.*
Campbell's (John F.) **Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery F.*
Cannon's (Madison M.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 40th Regiment.*
Capehart's (Charles E.) **Cavalry.** See *West Virginia Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Carle's (James) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 191st Regiment.*
Carlin's (John) **Artillery.** See *West Virginia Troops, Battery D.*
Carpenter's (John C.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 67th Regiment.*
Carpenter's (Thomas H.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 17th Regiment.*
Carr's (Gouverneur) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 165th Regiment.*
Carrolien's (Conrad) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 30th Battery.*
Carruth's (Sumner) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 35th Regiment.*
Chamberlayne's (John H.) **Artillery.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
Chandler's (George H.) **Infantry.** See *New Hampshire Troops, 9th Regiment.*
Chapman's (William H.) **Cavalry.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate, 43d Battalion.*
Chapman's (William H.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 26th Regiment.*
Chase's (James E.) **Artillery.** See *Rhode Island Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery B.*
Chew's (Henry F.) **Infantry.** See *New Jersey Troops, 12th Regiment.*
Chew's (Walter S.) **Artillery.** See *Maryland Troops, Confederate, 4th Battery.*
Childs' (James E.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery B.*
Churchman's (Caleb) **Cavalry.** See *Delaware Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Cilley's (Jonathan P.) **Cavalry.** See *Maine Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Clark's (A. Judson) **Artillery.** See *New Jersey Troops, 2d Battery.*
Clark's (Atherton W.) **Infantry.** See *Maine Troops, 20th Regiment.*
Clark's (Charles A.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 12th Battery.*
Clark's (George A.) **Cavalry.** See *Delaware Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Clark's (Hiram E. W.) **Cavalry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 5th Regiment, Colored.*
Clark's (Moses P.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 6th Battery.*
Clark's (Stephen R.) **Cavalry.** See *Ohio Troops, 13th Regiment.*
Clay's (Cecil) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 58th Regiment.*
Cleary's (Joseph P.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 14th Regiment.*

Clendenin's (David R.) **Cavalry.** See *Illinois Troops, 8th Regiment.*
Cline's (John A.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 155th Regiment.*
Clinton's (James B.) **Artillery.** See *Connecticut Troops, 1st Battery.*
Closson's (Henry W.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 1st Regiment, Batteries K and L.*
Clough's (Joseph M.) **Infantry.** See *New Hampshire Troops, 18th Regiment.*
Coast Guard, Infantry. See *Maine Troops.*
Coates' (Benjamin F.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 91st Regiment.*
Cochran's (Frederick) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 59th Regiment.*
Cole's (George W.) **Cavalry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 2d Regiment.*
Collins' (Edward) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 17th Regiment.*
Collins' (Joseph B.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 4th Regiment.*
Collis' (Charles H. T.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 114th Regiment.*
Comings' (James H.) **Infantry.** See *New Jersey Troops, 3d Regiment.*
Comly's (James M.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 23d Regiment.*
Conant's (Oliver J.) **Infantry.** See *Coast Guard, Infantry, ante.*
Conrad's (Joseph S.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 2d Regiment.*
Cook's (Benjamin C.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 2d Battalion, 50th Company.*
Cook's (George B.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Connecticut Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Coonan's (John) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 182d Regiment.*
Copeland's (Joseph B.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 6th Regiment.*
Coppinger's (John J.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 15th Regiment.*
Corbit's (George W.) **Cavalry.** See *Illinois Troops, 8th Regiment.*
Cornyn's (Charles M.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 122d Regiment.*
Corrie's (William A.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 8th Regiment.*
Corthell's (Elmer L.) **Artillery.** See *Rhode Island Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery D.*
Coulter's (Richard) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 11th Regiment.*
Coulter's (William A.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 211th Regiment.*
Cox's (Robert C.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 207th Regiment.*
Creney's (James) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 95th Regiment.*
Crossley's (Thomas) **Infantry.** See *Delaware Troops, 8th Regiment.*
Crowley's (Timothy B.) **Infantry.** See *New Hampshire Troops, 10th Regiment.*
Crowninshield's (Casper) **Cavalry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 2d Regiment.*
Cunningham's (James A.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 32d Regiment.*
Currie's (Leonard D. H.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 133d Regiment.*
Curry's (Henry) **Infantry.** See *Delaware Troops, 8th Regiment.*
Curtis' (Arthur R.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 20th Regiment.*
Curtiss' (James E.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 152d Regiment.*
Cushing's (Howard B.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 4th Regiment, Battery A.*
Cuyler's (William C.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 3d Regiment, Battery G.*
Dailey's (Dennis B.) **Infantry.*** See *New York Troops, 147th Regiment.*
Dailey's (Dennis B.) **Infantry.** See *Wisconsin Troops, 6th Regiment.*
Dakin's (George K.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New Hampshire Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery M.*
Damon's (George B.) **Infantry.** See *Vermont Troops, 10th Regiment.*
Daniel's (J. Townsend) **Cavalry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 1st Regiment. P. H. B.*
Daniels' (Percy) **Infantry.** See *Rhode Island Troops, 7th Regiment.*
Darnall's (Morgan A.) **Infantry.** See *West Virginia Troops, 10th Regiment*
Davey's (George W.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 11th Battery.*
Davis' (Ebenezer W.) **Infantry.** See *New Jersey Troops, 15th Regiment.*
Davis' (Greenlief P.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 21st Regiment.*

* Temporarily commanding.

Davis' (Jacob M.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 213th Regiment.*
Davis' (Sylvester H.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, Company C.*
Day's (Albert A.) **Infantry.** See *Michigan Troops, 20th Regiment.*
Day's (Charles H.) **Infantry.** See *West Virginia Troops, 17th Regiment.*
Deane's (John M.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 29th Regiment.*
De Lacy's (William) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 164th Regiment.*
De La Paturelle's (Honore) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 90th Regiment.*
Dement's (William F.) **Artillery.** See *Maryland Troops, Confederate, 1st Battery.*
Dempcy's (Marshall L.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 23d Regiment.*
Dennis' (Leonard G.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 2d Unattached Company.*
Dennison's (William N.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 2d Regiment, Battery A.*
Denslow's (William J.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 91st Regiment.*
Dent's (John T.) **Infantry.** See *Delaware Troops, 1st Regiment.*
De Witt's (David P.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 10th Regiment.*
Dial's (Absalom S.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 85th Regiment.*
Dickenson's (Crispin) **Artillery.** See *Ringgold Artillery, post.*
Dickey's (William D.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 15th Regiment, Battery M.*
Dimmick's (Eugene D.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 18th Regiment.*
Dinnin's (James R.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 9th Regiment.*
Doane's (Charles R.) **Artillery.** See *New Jersey Troops, 4th Battery.*
Dodd's (Levi A.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 211th Regiment.*
Dominy's (Levi S.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 118th Regiment.*
Donovan's (John H.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 19th Regiment.*
Dorsey's (Stephen W.) **Artillery.** See *Ohio Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery H.*
Dorsey's (William H. B.) **Cavalry.** See *Maryland Troops, Confederate, 1st Regiment.*
Douthat's (Henry C.) **Artillery.** See *Botetourt Artillery, ante.*
Downey's (John) **Infantry.** See *Patapsco Guards, post.*
Downie's (Mark W.) **Infantry.** See *Minnesota Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Downing's (John) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 127th Regiment.*
Doyle's (Richard N.) **Infantry.** See *Michigan Troops, 8th Regiment.*
Driscoll's (Cornelius F.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery M.*
Driscoll's (John J.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 1st Regiment, Battery C.*
Drum's (William F.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 5th Regiment (Veteran).*
Drysdale's (James) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 2d Battalion, 132d Company.*
Duncan's (Alender P.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 4th Regiment.*
Dunham's (William G.) **Heavy Artillery** See *Vermont Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery D.*
Dunn's (Martin) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 25th Unattached Company.*
Dupont's (Charles) **Artillery.** See *Michigan Troops, 13th Battery.*
Du Pont's (Henry A.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 5th Regiment, Battery B.*
Durland's (Coe) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 17th Regiment.*
Dwight's (Charles C.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 160th Regiment.*
Dyer's (Isaac) **Infantry.** See *Maine Troops, 15th Regiment.*
Eaton's (John B.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 27th Battery.*
Edie's (John R.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 8th Regiment.*
Edmands' (Thomas F.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 24th Regiment.*
Edwards' (John) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 3d Regiment, Batteries L and M.*

Egan's (William) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 2d Regiment, Battery M.*
Egbert's (George T.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 183d Regiment.*
Eiche's (Louis) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 15th Regiment.*
Einsiedel's (Detleo von) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 41st Regiment.*
Elder's (Samuel S.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 1st Regiment, Battery B.*
Emerson's (Charles W.) **Cavalry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 1st Regiment.*
Ensminger's (John T.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 201st Regiment.*
Evans' (Andrew W.) **Cavalry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 1st Regiment.*
Evans' (David) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 6th Regiment.*
Evans' (David M.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 20th Regiment.*
Evans' (Edwin A.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery D.*
Exempts' Battalion, Infantry. See *West Virginia Troops.*
Faehtz's (Ernest F. M.) **Infantry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 8th Regiment.*
Falck's (William) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 2d Regiment.*
Field's (Francis A.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 11th Regiment.*
Fisk's (Henry C.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 65th Regiment.*
Fisk's (John) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 2d Regiment, Mounted Rifles.*
Fite's (John B.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 110th Regiment.*
Fitzpatrick's (Patrick) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 20th Regiment.*
Floyd's (Horace W.) **Infantry.** See *Vermont Troops, 3d Regiment.*
Follett's (Frederick M.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 4th Regiment, Battery D.*
Folwell's (William W.) **Engineers.** See *New York Troops, 50th Regiment.*
Ford's (Wayland F.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 20th Regiment.*
Foster's (George P.) **Infantry.** See *Vermont Troops, 4th Regiment.*
Freeman's (Horace W.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery A.*
Frink's (Henry A.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 186th Regiment.*
Fritz's (Peter, jr.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 99th Regiment.*
Fry's (William H.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 16th Regiment.*
Funk's (West) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 121st Regiment.*
Furst's (George) **Artillery.** See *West Virginia Troops, Battery A.*
Gaebel's (Frederick A. H.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 16th Regiment.*
Gage's (Charles F.) **Infantry.** See *New Jersey Troops, 11th Regiment.*
Gallager's (John H.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 106th Regiment.*
Gallupe's (George S.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 5th Regiment.*
Gansevoort's (Henry S.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 13th Regiment.*
Gardner's (Albert) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 18th Regiment.*
Gerry's (Edson) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 12th Regiment.*
Gessler's (Bernhard) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 98th Regiment.*
Getchell's (Thomas) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 150th Regiment.*
Gibbs' (Frank C.) **Artillery.** See *Ohio Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery L.*
Gifford's (Haviland) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 93d Regiment.*
Gilbert's (Benjamin F.) **Cavalry.** See *Indiana Troops, 3d Regiment.*
Gilkyson's (Stephen R.) **Infantry.** See *New Jersey Troops, 40th Regiment.*
Gist's (Moses B.) **Infantry.** See *Delaware Troops, 4th Regiment.*
Givin's (James) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 127th Regiment.*
Glassie's (Daniel W.) **Artillery.** See *Kentucky Troops, Union, 1st Battery.*
Glenny's (William) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 64th Regiment.*
Gobin's (J. P. Shindel) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 47th Regiment.*
Gordon's (Leonard) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery E.*
Gordon's (Zelotus G.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 109th Regiment.*
Gorgas' (John A.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 213th Regiment.*

Gould's (Ezra P.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 59th Regiment.*
Graham's (Edward) **Artillery.** See *Petersburg Artillery, post.*
Graham's (Samuel) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 5th Regiment.*
Graham's (William M.) **Infantry.** See *District of Columbia Troops, 2d Regiment.*
Granger's (Warren, jr.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 100th Regiment.*
Grant's (John V.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 5th Battery.*
Grantsynn's (William S.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 140th Regiment.*
Graves' (James H.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 210th Regiment.*
Graves' (Samuel C.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 27th Unattached Company.*
Gray's (William C.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 119th Regiment.*
Greeley's (Edwin S.) **Infantry.** See *Connecticut Troops, 10th Regiment.*
Green's (George W.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 17th Regiment.*
Green's (John) **Infantry.** See *Wisconsin Troops, 37th Regiment.*
Greene's (James D.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 6th Regiment.*
Greenfield's (Andrew J.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 22d Regiment.*
Gregg's (John G.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 188th Regiment.*
Gregg's (Theodore) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 45th Regiment.*
Gregg's (William M.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 179th Regiment.*
Griffin's (William H.) **Artillery.** See *Maryland Troops, Confederate, 2d Battery.*
Grill's (Frederick) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 3d Regiment.*
Grimes' (James F.) **Cavalry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 17th Regiment.*
Grindlay's (James) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 146th Regiment.*
Griswold's (Whedon W.) **Infantry.** See *Indiana Troops, 152d Regiment.*
Grossman's (Frederick E.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 7th Regiment.*
Grubb's (James W.) **Cavalry.** See *Loudoun Rangers, post.*
Gyle's (John L.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 141st Regiment.*
Hagan's (Charles) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 170th Regiment.*
Hagans' (Harrison H.) **Cavalry.** See *West Virginia Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Hagen's (Oscar) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 11th Regiment.*
Hagenbuch's (Frederick) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 28th Regiment.*
Haley's (Eben D.) **Artillery.** See *Maine Troops, 1st Battery.*
Hall's (H. Seymour) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 43d Regiment.*
Hall's (James F.) **Engineers.** See *New York Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Hall's (Josiah) **Cavalry.** See *Vermont Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Hall's (Robert H.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 10th Regiment.*
Hall's (Robert M.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 38th Regiment.*
Hamilton's (Theodore B.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 62d Regiment.*
Hamilton's (William H.) **Infantry.** See *Wisconsin Troops, 36th Regiment.*
Hancock's (David P.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 7th Regiment.*
Hannum's (Josiah C.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 28th Battery.*
Harn's (William A.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 3d Battery.*
Harney's (George) **Infantry.*** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 88th Regiment.*
Harper's (John) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 95th Regiment.*
Harriman's (Walter) **Infantry.** See *New Hampshire Troops, 11th Regiment.*
Hart's (James F.) **Artillery.** See *Washington (S. C.) Artillery, post.*
Hart's (Patrick) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 32d Battery.*
Hartford's (Henry) **Infantry.** See *New Jersey Troops, 8th Regiment.*
Hartshorne's (William R.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 190th Regiment.*
Harwood's (Franklin) **Engineers.** See *Union Troops, Regulars.*
Hasbrouck's (Henry C.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 4th Regiment, Battery L.*
Haskell's (Llewellyn F.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 41st Regiment.*
Hastings' (Smith H.) **Cavalry.** See *Michigan Troops, 5th Regiment.*
Hazelton's (James B.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery D.*
Hazen's (Henry E.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 8th Regiment.*

* Temporarily commanding.

Hean's (B. Frank) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 93d Regiment.*
Heine's (Charles) **Artillery.** See *Michigan Troops, 14th Battery.*
Heintzelman's (Mish T.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 208th Regiment.*
Herbert's (Gideon G.) **Cavalry.** See *Purnell Legion, Cavalry, post.*
Herbert's (Thomas) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery G.*
Hickman's (Baynton J.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 49th Regiment.*
Hill's (George H.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 55th Regiment.*
Hill's (Jonathan A.) **Infantry.** See *Maine Troops, 11th Regiment.*
Hill's (Joseph C.) **Infantry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 6th Regiment.*
Hill's (Wallace) **Artillery.** See *West Virginia Troops, Battery C.*
Hobbs' (Charles W.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 7th Regiment.*
Hoburg's (Gottlieb) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 74th Regiment.*
Hogan's (Andrew J.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 114th Regiment.*
Hoitt's (Augustus J.) **Infantry.** See *New Hampshire Troops, 5th Regiment.*
Holbrook's (Warren L.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Holliday's Cavalry. See *North Carolina Troops, Confederate, 12th Battalion.*
Holmes' (Joseph W.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 8th Regiment.*
Hopkins' (Archibald) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 37th Regiment.*
Hopper's (George F.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 10th Regiment.*
Horrell's (Napoleon J.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 4th Regiment.*
Hospital Guards, Infantry. See *Rhode Island Troops.*
Howard's (William A.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 13th Regiment.*
Howe's (S. Augustus) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 9th Regiment, Battery L.*
Howell's (John H.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery M.*
Howes' (Fenelon) **Infantry.** See *West Virginia Troops, 15th Regiment.*
Hubbard's (James) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Connecticut Troops, 2d Regiment.*
Hubbard's (Thomas H.) **Infantry.** See *Maine Troops, 30th Regiment.*
Hudson's (John W.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 35th Regiment.*
Hufty's (Baldwin) **Infantry.** See *New Jersey Troops, 4th Regiment.*
Hulser's (Oscar F.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 2d Regiment.*
Hunsdon's (Charles) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Vermont Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Hunt's (James L.) **Infantry.** See *Coast Guard, Infantry, ante.*
Husk's (Lewis W.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 111th Regiment.*
Hutchinson's (Thomas P.) **Infantry.** See *Coast Guard, Infantry, ante.*
Hyde's (John McE.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 39th Regiment.*
Irish's (Nathaniel) **Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, Battery F.*
Irvin's (John) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 149th Regiment.*
Ives' (Brayton) **Cavalry.** See *Connecticut Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Ives' (Lucius H.) **Infantry.** See *Michigan Troops, 26th Regiment.*
Jackson's (James) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 12th Regiment.*
Jackson's (John) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 6th and 7th Regiments.*
Jackson's (Thomas E.) **Artillery.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
Jacobs' (Ferris, jr.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 26th Regiment.*
James' (Martin S.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Rhode Island Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery C.*
Jameson's (James B.) **Cavalry.** See *Union Light Guard, Cavalry, post.*
Jardine's (George) **Sharpshooters.** See *Michigan Troops.*
Jarves' (Horatio D.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 56th Regiment.*
Jenkins' (Horatio, jr.) **Cavalry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 4th Regiment.*
Jennings' (Gilbert S.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 11th Regiment.*
Jewell's (James A.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 59th Regiment.*
Johnson's (Charles F.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 18th Regiment.*

Johnson's (Daniel D.) **Infantry.** See *West Virginia Troops, 14th Regiment.*
Johnson's (Frank A.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 19th Unattached Company.*
Johnston's (Philip P.) **Artillery.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
Johnston's (Robert E.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 9th Regiment.*
Jones' (Edward J.) **Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 11th Battery.*
Jones' (Enoch) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery H.*
Jones' (George W.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 150th Regiment.*
Jones' (William R.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 97th Regiment.*
Joseph's (Dagworthy D.) **Infantry.** See *Delaware Troops, 3d Regiment.*
Karples' (Henry M.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 52d Regiment.*
Kaufman's (Tobias B.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 209th Regiment.*
Keepers' (Joseph) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 6th Regiment, Battery E.*
Kellogg's (Horace) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 123d Regiment.*
Kennedy's (Richard) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 4th Regiment, Battery C.*
Kennedy's (Robert P.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 196th Regiment.*
Kennedy's (Ronald A.) **Infantry.** See *Vermont Troops, 5th Regiment.*
Kenney's (George W.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 29th Unattached Company.*
Kephart's (Theophilus) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 104th Regiment.*
Kidd's (James H.) **Cavalry.** See *Michigan Troops, 6th Regiment.*
Kimberly's (Robert L.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 191st Regiment.*
King's (Rufus, jr.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 4th Regiment, Battery A.*
King's (William H. H.) **Infantry.** See *West Virginia Troops, 11th Regiment.*
Kingsbury's (John T.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery A.*
Kinsley's (Frederick R.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 39th Regiment.*
Kirtland's (George P.) **Artillery.** See *Ohio Troops, 1st Battery.*
Knowles' (Oliver B.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 21st Regiment.*
Kroutinger's (Adolph W.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 2d Regiment.*
Kusserow's (Charles von) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Volunteers, 2d Regiment (Veteran).*
Kyes' (Ebenezer S.) **Infantry.** See *Maine Troops, 31st Regiment.*
Laird's (George H.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 116th Regiment.*
Lambert's (Robert G.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 2d Regiment, Battery B.*
Langdon's (Loomis L.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 1st Regiment, Battery M.*
La Point's (George W.) **Infantry.** See *Michigan Troops, 7th Regiment.*
Latimer's (Alfred E.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 11th Regiment, 1st Battalion.*
Laycock's (Henry A.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 56th Regiment.*
Leahy's (Michael) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 1st Regiment, Battery E.*
Leiper's (Charles L.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 6th Regiment.*
Leonard's (Joshua W.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 123d Regiment.*
Leslie's (Malache) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 6th Regiment, Battery H.*
Lewis' (George N.) **Infantry.** See *Connecticut Troops, 12th Regiment.*
Lewis' (George W.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 3d Regiment.*
Lewis' (John W.) **Artillery.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
Leyden's (Austin) **Artillery.** See *Georgia Troops, 9th Battalion.*
Lincoln's (Sumner H.) **Infantry.** See *Vermont Troops, 6th Regiment.*
Little's (Thomas J.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 1st Battalion, Battery D.*

Lock's (George A.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 7th Regiment.*
Lockley's (George) **Infantry.** See *Michigan Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Lockwood's (Abram L.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 120th Regiment.*
Logan's (Thomas H.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 28th Regiment.*
Long's (Charles H.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New Hampshire Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Lord's (Charles McC.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 15th Regiment.*
Lord's (Frank) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 13th Regiment.*
Lord's (Richard S. C.) **Cavalry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 1st Regiment.*
Loudoun Rangers, Cavalry. See *Virginia Troops, Union.*
Lounsberry's (Clement A.) **Infantry.** See *Michigan Troops, 20th Regiment.*
Loveland's (Frank C.) **Cavalry.** See *Ohio Troops, 6th Regiment.*
Lurty's (Warren S.) **Artillery.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
Lynch's (Charles M.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 145th Regiment.*
Lynn's (James C.) **Infantry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 2d Regiment, P. H. B.*
Lyon's Artillery. (*Official designation not of record.*) See ——— Lyon.
McAfee's (John) **Artillery.** See *Illinois Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery L.*
McAnally's (Charles) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 69th Regiment.*
McArthur's (William M.) **Infantry.** See *Maine Troops, 8th Regiment.*
McCall's (William H. H.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 200th Regiment.*
McCandless' (William H.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 6th Regiment, Battery I.*
McClanahan's (J. H.) **Artillery.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
McClellan's (Samuel A.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery G.*
McClelland's (William) **Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery B.*
McClennan's (Matthew R.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 138th Regiment.*
McCook's (Anson G.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 194th Regiment.*
McCormick's (William L.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 139th Regiment.*
McCoy's (Thomas F.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 107th Regiment.*
McDonald's (Andrew N.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 106th Regiment.*
McGilvray's (John) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 2d Regiment, Batteries B and L.*
McGregor's (William M.) **Artillery.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
McIntyre's (Martin V.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 7th Battery.*
McKibbin's (David B.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 214th Regiment.*
McKinley's (William P.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 184th Regiment.*
McLaughlin's (George H.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 153d Regiment.*
McLoughlin's (George H.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 2d Regiment.*
McMahon's (John) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 188th Regiment.*
McNally's (Michael) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 201st Regiment.*
McNary's (William H.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 158th Regiment.*
McNeely's (James W.) **Infantry.** See *New Jersey Troops, 10th Regiment.*
McNeill's (John H.) **Partisans.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
McQuinn's (Thomas) **Infantry.** See *Exempts' Battalion, ante.*
Maloney's (Thomas F.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 201st Regiment.*
Mann's (A. W.) **Militia.** See *West Virginia Troops.*
Mansfield's (John) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 12th Regiment.*
Marsh's (E. Jay) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 186th Regiment.*
Marshall's (Elisha G.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 14th Regiment.*
Martin's (S. Taylor) **Artillery.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
Mason's (Julius W.) **Cavalry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 5th Regiment.*
Matthewson's (Angell) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery E.*
Mattocks' (Charles P.) **Infantry.** See *Maine Troops, 17th Regiment.*
Maxwell's (David R.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 2d Regiment.*

Maxwell's (Norman J.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 100th Regiment.*
Maxwell's (Obadiah C.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 194th Regiment.*
Mayer's (Edelmiro) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 45th Regiment.*
Mayo's (Ezekiel R.) **Artillery.** See *Maine Troops, 3d Battery.*
Mead's (John B.) **Infantry.** See *Vermont Troops, 8th Regiment.*
Meservey's (Charles C.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Wisconsin Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Middleton's (Gabriel) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 20th Regiment.*
Miles' (John) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 28th Regiment.*
Military Institute Cadets. See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
Miller's (Francis C.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 147th Regiment.*
Miller's (James) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 105th Regiment.*
Miller's (Marcus P.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 4th Regiment, Batteries C and E.*
Milliken's (Charles A.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 43d Regiment.*
Milton's (Richard S.) **Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 9th Battery.*
Mink's (Charles E.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery H.*
Mitchell's (Horace P.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery I.*
Mitchell's (James H.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 81st Regiment.*
Mitchell's (William) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 2d Battalion, 108th Company.*
Mobley's (Edward M.) **Infantry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 7th Regiment.*
Moffett's (Samuel A.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 94th Regiment.*
Moon's (John C.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 118th Regiment.*
Moore's (Alexander C.) **Artillery.** See *West Virginia Troops, Battery E.*
Moore's (Joseph D.) **Artillery.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
Moore's (L. Eugene C.) **Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery G.*
Morgan's (J. Frank) **Infantry.** See *Connecticut Troops, 14th Regiment.*
Morris' (Robert M.) **Cavalry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 6th Regiment.*
Morrison's (Joseph J.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 16th Regiment.*
Morton's (Peter) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 8th Battery.*
Mosby's (John S.) **Cavalry.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate, 43d Battalion.*
Muhlenberg's (Charles P.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 5th Regiment, Battery A.*
Munk's (William) **Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery D.*
Murray's (John B.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 148th Regiment.*
Myers' (Daniel) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 187th Regiment.*
Neely's (Robert) **Infantry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 1st Regiment.*
Negus' (Edward L.) **Cavalry.** See *Michigan Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Nettleton's (A. Bayard) **Cavalry.** See *Ohio Troops, 2d Regiment.*
Nevin's (Edward H., jr.) **Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, Battery H.*
Nevin's (Robert J.) **Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, Battery I.*
New York 1st Dragoons, Cavalry. See *New York Troops, 19th Regiment.*
New York 1st Mounted Rifles. See *New York Troops, 7th Regiment, Cavalry.*
New York 20th Militia, Infantry. See *New York Troops, 80th Regiment.*
New York 69th National Guard, Artillery. See *New York Troops, 182d Regiment, Infantry.*
Nichols' (Asahel W.) **Sharpshooters.** See *Michigan Troops, 1st Regiment;* also *2d Infantry.*
Nicholson's (John) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 16th Regiment.*
Niebuhr's (Caleb E.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 1st Battalion, Battery B.*
Noggle's (Dorman L.) **Artillery.** See *Wisconsin Troops, 4th Battery.*
Norris' (Charles E.) **Cavalry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 2d Regiment.*
Norris' (Hardman P.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 1st Regiment, Batteries A and F.*

Nye's (George H.) **Infantry.** See *Maine Troops, 29th Regiment.*
O'Connell's (John D.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 14th Regiment, 1st and 2d Battalions.*
Olcott's (Egbert) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 121st Regiment.*
Oneida Cavalry. See *New York Troops.*
O'Neill's (Henry) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 118th Regiment.*
Orr's (Moses E.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 96th Regiment.*
Otey Artillery. See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
Overmyer's (John B.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 11th Regiment.*
Paddock's (Charles H.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 5th Regiment, Battery F.*
Page's (John H.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 3d Regiment.*
Palmetto Sharpshooters, Infantry. See *South Carolina Troops.*
Parker's (Ezra K.) **Artillery.** See *Rhode Island Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery E.*
Parker's (John H.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 10th Regiment.*
Parr's (John G.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 139th Regiment.*
Parsons' (Augustin N.) **Artillery.** See *New Jersey Troops, 1st Battery.*
Parsons' (Charles C.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 4th Regiment, Batteries F and H.*
Parsons' (Joseph M.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery L.*
Partridge's (Benjamin F.) **Infantry.** See *Michigan Troops, 16th Regiment.*
Patapsco Guards, Infantry. See *Maryland Troops, Union.*
Patchell's (James) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 102d Regiment.*
Patterson's (Joab N.) **Infantry.** See *New Hampshire Troops, 2d Regiment.*
Patton's (Alexander G.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 7th Regiment.*
Patton's (John S.) **Artillery.** See *Indiana Troops, 16th Battery.*
Peale's (Henry) **Infantry.** See *Connecticut Troops, 18th Regiment.*
Peck's (Lewis M.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 173d Regiment.*
Peden's (Milton) **Infantry.** See *Indiana Troops, 147th Regiment.*
Peirce's (Charles H.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 2d Regiment, Batteries C and E.*
Peirpoint's (Larkin) **Infantry.** See *West Virginia Troops, 6th Regiment.*
Pell's (Abijah S.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 8th Regiment.*
Penick's (Nathan) **Artillery.** See *John W. Lewis' Artillery, ante.*
Perkins' (Benjamin R.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 12th Regiment, 1st Battalion.*
Perkins' (Joseph G.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 19th Regiment.*
Per Lee's (Samuel R.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 114th Regiment.*
Perry's (Clinton) **Sharpshooters.** See *New York Troops, 1st Battalion.*
Petersburg Artillery. See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
Pettes' (William H.) **Engineers.** See *New York Troops, 50th Regiment.*
Pickering's (John, jr.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery I.*
Pier's (Colwert K.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 109th Regiment.*
Pierce's (Francis E.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 108th Regiment.*
Pierce's (George W.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery H.*
Pierson's (James M.) **Engineers.** See *New York Troops, 15th Regiment.*
Pierson's (Warner H.) **Cavalry.** See *Michigan Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Pifer's (George D.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 53d Regiment.*
Platner's (John S.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 1st Regiment (Veteran).*
Platt's (Thomas J.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 62d Regiment.*
Plympton's (Homer A.) **Infantry.** See *Illinois Troops, 39th Regiment.*
Pollack's (John) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 40th Regiment.*

Pollard's (John E.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 20th Regiment.*
Polsley's (John J.) **Cavalry.** See *West Virginia Troops, 7th Regiment.*
Pope's (Edmund M.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 8th Regiment.*
Porter's (Burr) **Cavalry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 3d Regiment.*
Potter's (Andrew) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 34th Regiment.*
Powell's (Edward H.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 10th Regiment.*
Powell's (Eugene) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 193d Regiment.*
Pratt's (Benjamin F.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 36th Regiment.*
Pratt's (Oscar E.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 7th Regiment.*
Pratt's (William M.) **Infantry.** See *Connecticut Troops, 8th Regiment.*
Price's (Francis) **Infantry.** See *New Jersey Troops, 7th Regiment.*
Purnell Legion, Cavalry. See *Maryland Troops, Union.*
Rainals' (Henry E.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 18th Regiment.*
Ramsay's (James R.) **Militia.** See *West Virginia Troops.*
Randall's (Albert L.) **Infantry.** See *Michigan Troops, 26th Regiment.*
Randall's (Francis V.) **Infantry.** See *Vermont Troops, 17th Regiment.*
Randall's (George M.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 14th Regiment.*
Randol's (Alanson M.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 2d Regiment (Harris Light).*
Randolph's (Wallace F.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 5th Regiment, Battery L.*
Rank's (William D.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery H.*
Ransom's (Dunbar R.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 3d Regiment, Battery C.*
Rawles' (Jacob B.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 5th Regiment, Batteries D and G.*
Ray's (Richard M.) **Artillery.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, Battery D.*
Redlick's (William) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 103d Regiment.*
Reed's (Horatio B.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 22d Regiment.*
Regan's (Peter C.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 7th Battery.*
Rehr's (Lewis) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 54th Regiment.*
Rehrer's (Jacob) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 200th Regiment.*
Reno's (Marcus A.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 12th Regiment.*
Rhoads' (Samuel H.) **Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, Battery D.*
Rhodes' (Elisha H.) **Infantry.** See *Rhode Island Troops, 2d Regiment.*
Rice's (Edmund) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 19th Regiment.*
Rice's (Randall H.) **Infantry.** See *Connecticut Troops, 11th Regiment.*
Richards' (John N.) **Infantry.** See *Delaware Troops, 8th Regiment.*
Richards' (Sharp L.) **Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery C.*
Richardson's (Hollon) **Infantry.** See *Wisconsin Troops, 7th Regiment.*
Riddle's (George W.) **Infantry.** See *Indiana Troops, 144th Regiment.*
Ringgold Artillery. See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
Ritchie's (David F.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery C.*
Rivers' (Charles C.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 11th Regiment.*
Rizer's (Henry C.) **Infantry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 3d Regiment, P. H. B.*
Robbins' (Walter R.) **Cavalry.** See *New Jersey Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Roberts' (Joseph) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 3d Regiment.*
Roberts' (Robert W.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 12th Regiment.*
Robeson's (William P., jr.) **Cavalry.** See *New Jersey Troops, 3d Regiment.*
Robinson's (Frederick) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 5th Regiment, Battery M.*
Robinson's (Gilbert P.) **Infantry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 3d Regiment.*
Roder's (John W.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 4th Regiment, Battery K.*

Roemer's (Jacob) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 34th Battery.*
Rogers' (Chauncey P.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 83d Regiment.*
Rogers' (Edward W.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 19th Battery.*
Rogers' (John) **Cavalry.** See *Rhode Island Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Rogers' (Robert E.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery B.*
Rogers' (William H.) **Artillery.** See *Maine Troops, 6th Battery.*
Rogers' (William H.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 98th Regiment.*
Roome's (Henry C.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 89th Regiment.*
Root's (Adrian R.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 94th Regiment.*
Root's (Daniel S.) **Infantry.** See *Michigan Troops, 5th Regiment.*
Royce's (Clark E.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 29th Regiment.*
Russell's (James L.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 2d Battalion.*
Ryer's (B. Franklin) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 20th Battery.*
Sacriste's (Louis J.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 116th Regiment.*
Sample's (John C.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 11th Regiment.*
Sampson's (Horatio C.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 20th Unattached Company.*
Sanders' (William W.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 2d Regiment.*
Savannah Guards, Infantry. See *Georgia Troops, 18th Battalion.*
Schack's (George von) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 7th Regiment.*
Schneider's (Frederick) **Infantry.** See *Michigan Troops, 2d Regiment.*
Schoonmaker's (James M.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 14th Regiment.*
Scott's (George W.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 61st Regiment.*
Scott's (Henry D.) **Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 16th Battery.*
Scott's (Rufus) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 19th Regiment.*
Scott's (William) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 8th Regiment.*
Secrest's (Nathan A.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 20th Regiment.*
Seeley's (Aaron) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 25th Regiment.*
Seip's (Aaron K.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 2d Regiment.*
Selkirk's (George H.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 49th Regiment.*
Sellers' (Eli G.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 91st Regiment.*
Sewell's (William J.) **Infantry.** See *New Jersey Troops, 38th Regiment.*
Seymour's (Frank) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 4th Regiment, Battery L.*
Shaffer's (A. Webster) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 20th Regiment.*
Shaffer's (Calvin) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 15th Regiment, Battery F.*
Shatswell's (Nathaniel) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Shaurman's (Nelson) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 30th Regiment.*
Sherman's (Linus E.) **Infantry.** See *Vermont Troops, 9th Regiment.*
Shoemaker's (John J.) **Artillery.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
Sibley's (Caleb C.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 16th Regiment.*
Siering's (George) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 28th Regiment.*
Simison's (Samuel A.) **Infantry.** See *Illinois Troops, 23d Regiment.*
Simonds' (Harrison O.) **Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 5th (E) Battery.*
Simpson's (Thomas) **Artillery.** See *Rhode Island Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery F.*
Sizer's (John M.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 116th Regiment.*
Small's (Abner R.) **Infantry.** See *Maine Troops, 16th Regiment.*
Smiley's (George S.) **Infantry.** See *Coast Guard, ante.*
Smith's (Alva J.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 4th Regiment.*
Smith's (Benjamin F.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 126th Regiment.*
Smith's (Charles M.) **Infantry.** See *Indiana Troops, 156th Regiment.*
Smith's (Garland) **Cavalry.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate, 43d Battalion.*
Smith's (George F.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 61st Regiment.*
Smith's (George S.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 3d Regiment.*

Smith's (George W. P.) **Cavalry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union.*
Smith's (H. Walworth) **Cavalry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 4th Regiment.*
Smith's (James J.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 69th Regiment.*
Smith's (S. Crawford) **Engineers.** See *Pennsylvania Troops.*
Smith's (Zemro A.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Maine Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Smyser's (Henry C.) **Infantry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 11th Regiment.*
Smythe's (William J.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 91st Regiment.*
Sniper's (Gustavus) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 185th Regiment.*
Snow's (Alonzo) **Artillery.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, Battery B.*
Snyder's (James W.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 9th Regiment.*
Snyder's (William A.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 24th Regiment.*
Souders' (Jacob A.) **Cavalry.** See *Ohio Troops, 8th Regiment.*
Soule's (Lewis) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 20th Unattached Company.*
Sparks' (Laban) **Artillery.** See *Indiana Troops, 17th Battery.*
Spaulding's (Joseph W.) **Infantry.** See *Maine Troops, 19th Regiment.*
Spofford's (John P.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 97th Regiment.*
Stanton's (David L.) **Infantry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 1st Regiment.*
Stanton's (John) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 198th Regiment.*
Starbird's (Isaac W.) **Infantry.** See *Maine Troops, 19th Regiment.*
Start's (Romeo H.) **Artillery.** See *Vermont Troops, 3d Battery.*
Stevens' (Charles E.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 77th Regiment.*
Stevens' (Greenleaf T.) **Artillery.** See *Maine Troops, 5th Battery.*
Stewart's (James) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 4th Regiment, Battery B.*
Stewart's (William W.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 192d Regiment.*
Stickney's (James W. H.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 24th Regiment.*
Stitt's (William) **Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery A.*
Stocking's (Solon W.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery K.*
Stockton's (William A. F.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 140th Regiment.*
Stoddard's (Samuel F., jr.) **Infantry.** See *Coast Guard, ante.*
Stone's (Valentine H.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 5th Regiment, Batteries C and I.*
Stoodley's (Nathan D.) **Infantry.** See *New Hampshire Troops, 13th Regiment.*
Stover's (John H.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 184th Regiment.*
Strang's (John R.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 104th Regiment.*
Stratton's (Franklin A.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 11th Regiment.*
Strawbridge's (Samuel D.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 2d Regiment.*
Stubbs' (Charles E.) **Artillery.** See *Maine Troops, 2d Battery.*
Sumner's (Alexander B.) **Infantry.** See *Maine Troops, 1st Regiment (Veteran).*
Sumner's (Edwin V.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 7th Regiment.*
Sutton's (John F.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 148th Regiment.*
Sweeney's (James W.) **Cavalry.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate, 36th Battalion.*
Sweitzer's (Nelson B.) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 16th Regiment.*
Swift's (Frederick W.) **Infantry.** See *Michigan Troops, 17th Regiment.*
Tantum's (William H.) **Infantry.** See *New Jersey Troops, 38th Regiment.*
Tarbell's (Jonathan) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 91st Regiment.*
Taylor's (Benjamin F.) **Infantry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 2d Regiment.*
Taylor's (Marsh B.) **Infantry.** See *Indiana Troops, 150th Regiment.*
Tearney's (James) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 87th Regiment.*
Telford's (William H.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 50th Regiment.*
Templeton's (Horace) **Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery H.*
Terrill's (Albert A.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 179th Regiment.*
Terry's (Ira C.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 22d Regiment.*
Terwilliger's (William H.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 63d Regiment.*

Teters' (Wilbert B.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 116th Regiment.*
Tewksbury's (John) **Cavalry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 1st Regiment.*
Thayer's (Royal W.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 21st Unattached Company.*
Thomas' (Charles E.) **Cavalry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 4th Regiment.*
Thomas' (Edwin) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery K.*
Thomas' (Oliver G.) **Infantry.** See *Virginia Troops, Union, 1st Company.*
Thompson's (Augustin) **Infantry.** See *Maine Troops, 7th Company.*
Thompson's (Henry C.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 16th Regiment, Batteries E and H.*
Thompson's (James) **Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, Battery C.*
Thomson's (James W.) **Artillery.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
Throckmorton's (Charles B.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 4th Regiment, Battery G.*
Thurmond's (William D.) **Partisans.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate.*
Thyng's (George P.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New Hampshire Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery B.*
Tippin's (Andrew H.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 68th Regiment.*
Titus' (Herbert B.) **Infantry.** See *New Hampshire Troops, 9th Regiment.*
Tracy's (Amasa S.) **Infantry.** See *Vermont Troops, 2d Regiment.*
Trippe's (James M.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 24th Regiment.*
Trobler's (Henry) **Infantry.** See *Maryland Troops, Union, 11th Regiment.*
Trotter's (Federick E.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 1st Regiment.*
Truex's (William S.) **Infantry.** See *New Jersey Troops, 14th Regiment.*
Tucker's (Julius M.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 57th Regiment.*
Tully's (Redmond) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 1st Regiment, Battery D.*
Turnbull's (John G.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 3d Regiment, Battery I.*
Twitchell's (Adelbert B.) **Artillery.** See *Maine Troops, 7th Battery.*
Underhill's (Henry P.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 160th Regiment.*
Union Light Guard, Cavalry. See *Ohio Troops.*
Urban's (Gustavus) **Cavalry.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 5th Regiment.*
Van Brocklin's (Martin) **Engineers.** See *New York Troops, 50th Regiment.*
Vandervoort's (David) **Cavalry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 1st Regiment.*
Van Etten's (Orsamus R.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 1st Battery.*
Vaughan's (Samuel K.) **Infantry.** See *Wisconsin Troops, 19th Regiment.*
Vermont Frontier Cavalry. See *New York Troops, 26th Regiment.*
Vincent's (Nathan H.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 86th Regiment.*
Virginia Colored Guard, Infantry. See *Union Troops, Colored, Company A (Unassigned).*
Voris' (Alvin C.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 67th Regiment.*
Vose's (William P.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 4th Regiment, Battery B.*
Wagner's (Louis) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 88th Regiment.*
Wahle's (Waldemar G.) **Cavalry.** See *Ohio Troops, 3d Company.*
Waite's (Charles) **Infantry.** See *Michigan Troops, 27th Regiment.*
Waite's (John M.) **Cavalry.** See *Illinois Troops, 8th Regiment.*
Walcott's (Charles F.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 61st Regiment.*
Walker's (David N.) **Artillery.** See *Otey Artillery, ante.*
Walpole's (Horace H.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 132d Regiment.*
Walsh's (James W.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 3d Regiment.*
Walter's (William F.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 205th Regiment.*
Ward's (Henry C.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Colored, 31st Regiment.*
Warner's (James S.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 121st Regiment.*
Warren's (Horatio N.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 142d Regiment.*
Warren's (Zenas C.) **Artillery.** See *New Jersey Troops, 5th Battery.*

Washburn's (Francis) **Cavalry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 4th Regiment.*
Washington Artillery. See *South Carolina Troops.*
Washington Artillery Battalion. See *Louisiana Troops.*
Weaver's (Joseph K.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops.*
Weiss' (Adolphus) **Infantry.** See *New Jersey Troops, 2d Regiment (Veteran).*
Weld's (Stephen M., jr.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 56th Regiment.*
Wells' (Benjamin F.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *New Hampshire Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery A.*
Welsh's (Merit C.) **Infantry.** See *Indiana Troops, 140th Regiment.*
West's (Robert M.) **Cavalry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 5th Regiment.*
Wetmore's (George) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 184th Regiment.*
Wheeler's (Alger M.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 33d Battery.*
White's (Charles W.) **Artillery.** See *Maine Troops, 4th Battery.*
White's (Daniel) **Infantry.** See *Maine Troops, 31st Regiment.*
White's (Elijah V.) **Cavalry.** See *Virginia Troops, Confederate, 35th Battalion.*
White's (Frank H.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 6th Regiment, Batteries A and F.*
White's (Harrison) **Cavalry.** See *New York Troops, 6th Regiment.*
Whiton's (John C.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 58th Regiment.*
Whittaker's (Lewis R.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 3d Regiment, Battery D.*
Whittier's (Francis H.) **Infantry.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 30th Regiment.*
Wilcox's (Irving F.) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Veteran Reserve Corps, 14th Regiment.*
Wilder's (I. Hart) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 126th Regiment.*
Wildey's (Henry Y.) **Artillery.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery E.*
Wildrick's (Abram C.) **Infantry.** See *New Jersey Troops, 39th Regiment.*
Williams' (Henry C.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 213th Regiment.*
Willis' (Hamilton) **Infantry.** See *West Virginia Troops, 1st Regiment (Veteran).*
Williston's (Edward B.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 2d Regiment, Battery D.*
Wilson's (James B.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 118th Regiment.*
Wilson's (James E.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 2d Regiment, Battery G.*
Wilson's (J. Wade) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 6th Battery.*
Wilson's (William R.) **Artillery.** See *New York Troops, 1st Regiment, Battery F.*
Wilson's (William S.) **Infantry.** See *Ohio Troops, 36th Regiment.*
Winslow's (Charles P.) **Heavy Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 4th Regiment.*
Witcher's (John S.) **Cavalry.** See *West Virginia Troops, 3d Regiment.*
Witman's (Edward L.) **Infantry.** See *Pennsylvania Troops, 210th Regiment.*
Woerner's (Christian) **Artillery.** See *New Jersey Troops, 3d Battery.*
Wood's (Oliver) **Infantry.** See *Union Troops, Volunteers, 3d Regiment (Veteran).*
Woodruff's (Carle A.) **Artillery.** See *Union Troops, Regulars, 2d Regiment, Battery M.*
Wooster's (William B.) **Infantry.** See *Connecticut Troops, 29th Regiment, Colored.*
Wright's (John G.) **Infantry.** See *New York Troops, 51st Regiment.*
Wright's (Joseph W. B.) **Artillery.** See *Massachusetts Troops, 14th Battery.*

INDEX.

Brigades, Divisions, Corps, Armies, and improvised organizations are "Mentioned" under name of commanding officer; State and other organizations under their official designation. (See Alternate Designations, pp. 1397–1413.)

Page.

A. B. Correspondence with
- Clifton 246
- Rooney, Edward L 197, 198, 248

Abandoned and Captured Property. Action touching. Communications from
- Gregg, J. Irvin 1205
- Griffin, John A., *et al* 1157
- Halleck, Henry W 1076
- Lawrence, Abram B 1157
- Ord, Edward O. C 739, 1205, 1268
- Wright, Horatio G 1093, 1115, 1128
- Young, Samuel B. M 1156

Abbot, Henry L.
- Assignment to command 66
- Correspondence with
  - Grant, U. S 385
  - Hartsuff, George L 502, 565, 884, 885
  - Hunt, Henry J 239, 1210
  - Ingalls, Rufus 214
  - King, William R 565, 566, 764, 798
  - Meade, George G 933
  - Ord, Edward O. C 385, 442
  - Parke, John G 386, 387
  - Warner, Edward R 1062
  - Warren, Gouverneur K 565
- Mentioned 66, 266, 440, 537, 568, 720, 1034, 1083, 1103, 1151, 1184, 1209, 1241, 1277, 1282, 1306, 1307

Abbott, George R. Mentioned 30, 971, 1029, 1186

Abbott, Isaac C. Mentioned 1305

Abbott, Robert O. Mentioned 1044

Abell, Charles C.
- Correspondence with John W. Turner 1094
- Mentioned 1036, 1088, 1094, 1214, 1218

Abercrombie, John J. Mentioned 1051

Abert, William S. Mentioned 1041

Adams, Alonzo W. Mentioned 1049, 1269

Page.

Adams, Charles F., jr.
Correspondence with George L. Hartsuff 698
Mentioned 390, 567, 584, 827
Adams, Charles Francis. Correspondence with
State Department, U. S 785
War Department, U. S 784
Adams, George W. Mentioned 182, 1032
Adams, James M. Mentioned 1129
Adams, J. Webb. Mentioned 1029
Adams, Zabdiel B. Mentioned 502
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A.
Correspondence with
Augur, Christopher C 699, 726, 766
Barlow, Francis C 460
Barnard, John G 822
Cadwalader, George 844, 1227
Crook, George 59
Dix, John A 543, 843, 1227
Eaton, Amos B 822
Gordon, George H 443
Grant, U. S 28, 61, 642, 1112, 1298
Griffin, Charles 730, 1310
Halleck, Henry W 1138, 1232, 1246, 1294, 1297
Hancock, Winfield S 69, 82, 83, 1141, 1243, 1275, 1298
Hooker, Joseph 844, 887
Howe, Albion P 822
Humphreys, Andrew A 200
Hunter, David 822
Longstreet, James 1218
McCallum, Daniel C 822
Meade, George G 219, 343, 344, 400, 460, 856, 862, 876, 879, 956, 983, 1083, 1150, 1159, 1164, 1211, 1222, 1229, 1233, 1235, 1240, 1273, 1305
Meigs, Montgomery C 822
Morris, William W 591, 832, 842
Ord, Edward O. C 1218
Pennsylvania, Governor of 844
Quartermaster-General's Office, U. S. A 1222
Ramsay, George D 822
Ruggles, George D 1222
Terry, Alfred H 1267, 1269, 1307
Thomas, Charles 822
Wallace, Lew 842, 1080, 1227
War Department, U. S 845, 886, 905, 938, 952, 965. 989, 990, 1004, 1015, 1025, 1066, 1072, 1081, 1090
Wright, Horatio G 824
Orders, Circulars, series 1865: **April 12**, 720; **May 9**, 1118; **May 15**, 1159.
Orders, General, series 1865: **April 22**, 890; **Nos. 41, 42**, 52; **No. 49**, 195; **No. 64**, 728; **Nos. 65, 66**, 788; **No. 67**, 789; **No. 69**, 809; **No. 70**, 809, 956; **No. 71**, 833; **No. 72**, 845; **No. 73**, 918; **No. 74**, 956; **No. 77**, 1144; **No. 78**, 1056; **No. 79**, 1145; **No. 80**, 1057; **Nos. 81, 82**, 1145; **No. 83**, 1112; **No. 86**, 1145, 1283; **No. 87**, 1119; **No. 90**, 1134; **No. 91**, 1139; **No. 94**, 1153; **No. 95**, 1165; **No. 99**, 1227; **No. 101**, 1237; **Nos. 105, 106**, 1247; **Nos. 107, 108**, 1248; **Nos. 113, 114**, 1279; **No. 118**, 1298; **No. 119**, 1306; **No. 131**, 1315.

Page.

Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A.—Continued.
Orders, Special, series 1865: **No. 141**, 87; **No. 143**, 98; **No. 145**, 117; **No. 149**, 223; **No. 151**, 278; **No. 158**, 513; **No. 159**, 548; **No. 160**, 589; **No. 162**, 597; **No. 163**, 621; **No. 169**, 720; **No. 180**, 891; **No. 183**, 920; **No. 213**, 1113; **No. 223**, 1135; **No. 238**, 1170; **No. 239**, 1171; **Nos. 241, 243**, 1176; **No. 249**, 1195; **No. 251**, 1204; **No. 253**, 1211; **No. 255**, 1218; **Nos. 257, 258**, 1223; **No. 264**, 1233; **No. 274**, 1248; **No. 276**, 1250; **No. 280**, 1254; **Nos. 282, 283**, 1258; **No. 285**, 1263; **No. 286**, 1264; **No. 288**, 1267; **Nos. 294, 296**, 1270; **No. 297**, 1273; **No. 300**, 1276; **No. 304**, 1277; **No. 315**, 1285; **No. 317**, 1286; **No. 336**, 1300; **No. 339**, 1301; **No. 343**, 1306.

Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, C. S. A.
Correspondence with
Ewell, Richard S 1375
Lomax, Lunsford L 1394
Longstreet, James 1356
Quartermaster-General's Office, C. S. A 1336
War Department, C. S 1339
Orders, Circular, series 1865: **April 1**, 1370.
Orders, Special, series 1865: **No. 65**, 1327; **No. 69**, 1340.

Adreon, Harrison. Mentioned 924, 1030

Ager, George. Mentioned 1034, 1210

Alabama. Military Department embracing 1299

Alabama, Department of. (Union.)
Constituted 1299
Woods, Charles R., assigned to command of 1299

Alabama Troops. Mentioned. (Confederate.)
Infantry—*Regiments:* **6th**, 54, 317; **12th**, 263, 316; **41st**, 344; **43d**, 127; **47th**, 356; **59th**, 219, 220; **69th**, 127.

Albright, Charles.
Correspondence with William Gamble 26, 701
Mentioned 700, 1043

Alexander, Barton S.
Correspondence with
Augur, Christopher C 1130, 1170
Engineer Department, U. S. A 1063
Mentioned 1170

Alexander, Charles. Mentioned 1356

Alexander, E. Porter.
Correspondence with
Longstreet, James 1343, 1351, 1368
Pendleton, William N 1344
Mentioned 835, 1323, 1330, 1386

Alexander, H. Eugene. Mentioned 1039

Allebaugh, William. Mentioned 1013

Allen, ———. Mentioned 74

Allen, Abner P. Mentioned 986

Allen, Charles J. Mentioned 1277

Allen, Crawford, jr. Mentioned 1032

Allen, E. J. See *Allen Pinkerton.*

Allen, Harvey A. Mentioned 1052

Allen, James. Mentioned 1049

Allen, John C. Correspondence with Nathan Wilkinson 216

Allen, Thomas S. Mentioned 1031

Page.
Allen, Vanderbilt. Mentioned 18, 528
Allen, William H. Mentioned 861
Alrich, Canby B. Mentioned 1185
Alstead, ———. Mentioned 445
Amelia Court-House, Va. Skirmish at, April 4-5, 1865. Communications from
Mackenzie, Ranald S 561
Merritt, Wesley 560
Amelia Springs, Va. Skirmish at Flat Creek near. See *Flat Creek, near Amelia Springs, Va. Skirmish at, April 6, 1865.*
Ames, Edward R. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 592
Amick, John W. Mentioned 445
Anable, Samuel L. Mentioned 1045
Anacostia, U. S. S. Mentioned 817
Anderson, Finley. Correspondence with Winfield S. Hancock 750
Anderson, George T.
Correspondence with Charles W. Field 1355
Mentioned 237, 1332, 1353, 1374
Anderson, James Q.
Correspondence with
Benham, Henry W 505
Merritt, Wesley 58
Mentioned 235, 329
Anderson, Joseph E. Mentioned 1129
Anderson, Joseph R. Mentioned 655, 656, 684, 1264
Anderson, Joseph R., *et al.* Correspondence with John A. Campbell 656
Anderson, Lineus B. Mentioned 1078
Anderson, Richard H.
Correspondence with
Johnson, Bushrod R 1365, 1381
Lee, Robert E 1385
Mentioned 242, 255, 266, 1362, 1365, 1371
Andrew Harder, Steamer. Mentioned 45
Andrew, John A. Mentioned 1214
For correspondence, etc., see *Massachusetts, Governor of.*
Andrews, Captain. Mentioned 563
Andrews, Albert S. Mentioned 860, 862, 1028
Andrews, Ethan A. Mentioned 978
Andrews, Joseph F. Mentioned 1040
Andrews, William H. Mentioned 856, 859, 1229
Angel, Ashbel W.
Correspondence with
Carr, Joseph B 1179
Ord, Edward O. C 1179
Mentioned 1033
Angel, C. J.
Correspondence with
Dodamead, Thomas 1388, 1390
Harvie, Lewis E 1390
Mentioned 1385
Angel, James R.
Correspondence with Charles Devens 587
Mentioned 1036
Anthony, George T. Mentioned 1036
Apple, Andrew O. Mentioned 986

Page.

Appleton, John W. M.
Correspondence with William Hoffman 787
Mentioned 1052

Appomattox, Va., Campaign, March 29-April 9, 1865.
Congratulatory Orders.
Chamberlain, Joshua L 308
Foster, Robert S 837
Griffin, Charles 308
Disposition of artillery during. Communications from
Hazard, John G 228
Hunt, Henry J 227, 265
Mayo, Ezekiel R 276
Enlisted men rewarded for gallantry during. Communication from Horatio G. Wright 1290
Movements and disposition of troops during. Communications from
Ayres, Romeyn B 370
Benham, Henry W 504
Collis, Charles H. T 276, 277
De Trobriand, Regis 673
Ferrero, Edward 569
Gibbon, John 270
Grant, U. S 234, 283, 340, 381, 397, 512, 529, 532, 557, 575-577, 583, 609, 611, 621, 633
Griffin, Charles 629
Hartsuff, George L 568
Humphreys, Andrew A 225, 226, 251, 294, 295, 297, 354, 411, 415, 471-474, 517, 518, 578, 601, 625, 642-645
Lee, Robert E 1379, 1380, 1382, 1384, 1385
Longstreet, James 1372, 1375-1377, 1386
Meade, George G 223, 284-286, 300, 305, 334, 352, 365-367, 382, 458, 512, 514, 524, 525, 545-547, 549, 554, 555, 576, 577, 597, 599, 603, 604, 622, 630, 642, 644, 645, 647, 679
Miles, Nelson A 602
Mott, Gershom 475, 603
Ord, Edward O. C 236, 567, 611
Parke, John G 526, 527, 650, 674
Sheridan, Philip H 234, 266, 435, 515-517, 531, 560, 561, 633, 676
Turner, John W 271
Warren, Gouverneur K 366-370, 410
Willcox, Orlando B 581
Wright, Horatio G 231, 521, 522, 579, 580, 629, 648
Munitions of war captured during. Communication from Francis H. Parker.
Operations during.
Communications from
Angel, C. J 1388, 1390
Bartlett, Joseph J 308
Bowers, Theodore S 326, 327, 498, 547
Dana, Charles A 574
Davis, Jefferson 1388, 1390
Devens, Charles 384
Farmville, Va., Telegraph Operator at 1383
Gibbon, John 375, 379, 635
Grant, U S 242-244, 267-269, 280-282, 285, 285, 286, 319-321, 324, 325, 341, 376, 380, 393, 400, 434, 454, 510, 545, 572, 494
Gregg, J Irvin 436, 437

Page.

Appomattox, Va., Campaign, March 29-April 9, 1865—Continued.
Operations during.
Communications from
Griffin, Charles 476
Harrison, Burton N 1393
Hartsuff, George L 499, 500, 536–538
Humphreys, Andrew A 249, 250, 252, 288–290, 292, 293, 322, 346–348, 358, 359, 404–409, 413, 462–466, 468, 669, 670
Johnston, William Preston 1393
Lee, Robert E 1371, 1378–1380, 1387
Long, Armistead L 1379
Meade, George G 242–244, 250, 255–257, 259, 282, 290, 291, 298, 306, 313, 335, 339, 341, 342, 349, 350, 397, 398, 400, 406, 421, 422, 454, 456, 463, 464, 466, 489, 624, 687
Merritt, Wesley 530, 531
Mott, Gershom 297
Ord, Edward O. C 319, 320, 371, 374–377, 379, 425, 429–433, 634, 635
Parke, John G 275, 314, 316, 317, 322, 372, 428, 429, 606–609
Parker, Ely S 242, 281
Sheridan, Philip H 380, 419, 470, 488, 489
War Department, C. S 1389
Warren, Gouverneur K 254, 284, 292, 293, 295, 297–307, 309, 361, 365
Weitzel, Godfrey 385
Wheaton, Frank 426, 427
Willcox, Orlando B 318, 675
Wingo, J. P 1385
Wright, Horatio G 313, 314, 422, 423, 425
Newspaper extracts concerning 333
Reported movements of Confederate troops during. Communications from
Devens, Charles 502
Dillingham, Lucius A 247, 262
Grant, U. S 263
Hartsuff, George L 273
Hopping, George W 246, 247
Meade, George G 311
Paine, Jedediah C 262
Parke, John G 262–264
Sheridan, Philip H 556, 557
Wardwell, Edward H 344
Weitzel, Godfrey 271, 272, 383, 496, 502
Wright, Horatio G 260, 370, 371
Reported movements of Union troops during. Communications from Robert E. Lee 1362
Sketches 293

Appomattox Station, Va. Engagement at, April 8, 1865. Communications from Philip H. Sheridan 653, 654

Archer, ———. Mentioned 1264

Archer, James J. Mentioned 124

Archer, R. P. Correspondence with
Carrington, Isaac H 1381
Ewell, Richard S 1381

Arden, G de Peyster. Mentioned 615

Arkansas. Military Department embracing 1299

Page.

Arkansas, Department of. (Union.)
Constituted 1299
Reynolds, Joseph J., assigned to command of 1299
Armacost, James T. Mentioned 925
Armies of the Confederate States.
Orders, Special, series 1865—*Lee:* **April 9**, 666; **No. 7**, 1362.
Armies of the United States.
Congratulatory Orders of U. S. Grant to 1248
Orders, Circular, series 1865—*Grant:* **June 22**, 1289.
Orders, Special, series 1865—*Grant:* **April 9**, 666; **April 10**, 1392; **No. 52**, 5; **No. 54**, 30; **No. 57**, 75; **No. 58**, 87; **No. 59**, 98, 1077; **No. 61**, 173; **No. 62**, 198; **No. 64**, 248; **No. 67**, 395; **No. 68**, 462; **No. 73**, 687; **No. 74**, 703; **No. 75**, 719; **No. 76**, 728; **No. 77**, 810; **No. 78**, 847.
Recommendations for promotions in. Communications from U. S. Grant.. 1236, 1237, 1257
Arms, Ammunition, etc. See *Munitions of War.*
Army Corps, 1st. (Confederate.) William F. Perry assigned to command of Law's (old) brigade, Field's division of 1340
Army Corps, 2d. (Union.)
Barlow, Francis C., assumes temporary command of 891
Discontinued 1315
Humphreys, Andrew A., assigned to command of 195
Army Corps, 4th. (Union.) Discontinued 1315
Army Corps, 5th. (Union.)
Bartlett, Joseph J., assumes command of 1st Division of 421
Chamberlain, Joshua L., assigned to command of 3d Brigade, 1st Division of 691
Discontinued 1315
Griffin, Charles, assumes command of 420
Pearson, Alfred L.
Assigned to command of 1st Brigade, 1st Division of 691
Assumes command of 1st Brigade, 1st Division of 721
Warren, Gouverneur K., relieved from command of 420
Army Corps, 6th. (Union.)
Discontinued 1315
Edwards, Oliver, relieved from command of 3d Brigade, 1st Division of ... 1289
Review of, in Washington, D. C., June 8, 1865. Communications from
Meade, George G 1255
Wright, Horatio G 1260
Seymour, Truman, assigned to command of 1st Brigade, 3d Division of.... 792
Army Corps, 7th. (Union.) Discontinued 1315
Army Corps, 8th. (Union.) Discontinued 1315
Army Corps, 9th. (Union.)
Bartlett, Joseph J., assigned to command of 2d Division of 394
Bartlett, William F.
Assigned to command of 2d Brigade, 1st Division of 1284
Assigned to temporary command of 1st Division of 1284
Curtin, John I.
Assigned to temporary command of 3d Division of 1080
Reassigned to command of 1st Brigade, 2d Division of 1313
Relieved from command of 3d Division of 1313
Discontinued 1315
Griffin, Simon G., assigned to command of 2d Division of 1079

Page.

Army Corps, 9th. (Union.)—Continued.
McLaughlen, Napoleon B.
Reassigned to command of 3d Brigade, 1st Division of 1284
Relieved from command of 1st Division of 1284
Parke, John G., assigned to command of 195
Telford, William H., assigned to temporary command of 2d Brigade, 1st Division of 1271
Army Corps, 10th. (Union.)
Constituted 195
Discontinued 1315
Terry, Alfred H., assigned to command of 195
Army Corps, 14th. (Union.) Discontinued 1315
Army Corps, 15th. (Union.) Discontinued 1315
Army Corps, 17th. (Union.) Discontinued 1315
Army Corps, 19th. (Union.) Discontinued 52
Army Corps, 20th. (Union.) Discontinued 1315
Army Corps, 22d. See *Washington, Department of.*
Army Corps, 23d. (Union.)
Cox, Jacob D., assigned to command of 195
Discontinued 1315
Army Corps, 24th. (Union.)
Dandy, George B., assigned to command of 3d Brigade, 1st Division of 1274
Discontinued 1315
Gibbon, John.
Assigned to command of 52
Farewell Orders of, to 1270
Greeley, Edwin S., relieved from command of 3d Brigade, 1st Division of 1274
Harris, Thomas M., assigned to command of 1st Independent Brigade of 1311
Patterson, Joab N., assigned to command of 2d Brigade, 3d Division of 1308
Potter, Joseph H., assigned to command of 2d Brigade, 2d Division of 1314
Reorganization of 1313
Army Corps, 25th. (Union.)
Kautz, August V., assigned to command of 1st Division of 212
Wild, Edward A., relieved from command of 1st Division of 213
Army Corps, Provisional. (Union.)
Ayres, Romeyn B., assigned to command of 3d Division of 1302
Baxter, Henry, assigned to command of 2d Brigade, 3d Division of 1302
Chamberlain, Joshua L., assigned to command of 1st Brigade, 3d Division of 1302
De Trobriand, Regis, assigned to command of 1st Brigade, 2d Division of 1302
Getty, George W., assigned to command of 1st Division of 1302
Hamblin, Joseph E., assigned to command of 3d Brigade, 1st Division of 1302
Hayes, Joseph, assigned to command of 3d Brigade, 3d Division of 1302
Macy, George N., assigned to command of 3d Brigade, 2d Division of 1302
Mott, Gershom, assigned to command of 2d Division of 1302
Organization of 1301, 1302, 1304, 1308, 1309
Pierce, Byron R., assigned to command of 2d Brigade, 2d Division of 1302
Seymour, Truman, assigned to command of 1st Brigade, 1st Division of 1302
Wheaton, Frank, assigned to command of 2d Brigade, 1st Division of 1302
Wright, Horatio G., assigned to command of 1302
Army Corps, Veteran, 1st. (Union.) Carl Schurz relieved from duty in 395
Army Transportation. See *Munitions of War.*
Arnold, Samuel. Mentioned 806
Arundel's Farm, Va. Skirmishes near. See *Burke's Station and Arundel's Farm, Va. Skirmishes near, April 10, 1865.*

Page.
Asch, Morris J. Mentioned 827
Ashbrook, Joseph. Mentioned 747
Ashby, George E. Mentioned 1036
Ashmun, George.
Correspondence with Chester W. Chapin 844
Mentioned 807
Askew, ———. Mentioned 1078
Asworth, J. H. Mentioned 79
Atchison, Charles B. Mentioned 932, 1184
Atherton, Charles W. Mentioned 977
Atlantic, Military Division of the.
Constituted 1299
Meade, George G., assigned to command of 1299
Attorney-General's Office, U. S. Correspondence with
Speed, John M 1105
War Department, U. S 918
Atzerodt, George A. Mentioned 783, 838, 840, 870
Audenried, Joseph C. Mentioned 793
Augur, Christopher C.
Assignment to commmand 1298
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 699, 726, 766
Alexander, Barton S 1130, 1170
Barnes, James 70, 71, 589, 769, 770, 819, 820, 870, 871, 1217, 1221
Bartlett, Joseph J 1079, 1167
Cadwalader, George 777, 780
Carroll, Samuel S 1193
Chapman, George H 899, 911
Clendenin, David R 912
De Russy, Gustavus A 773
Gamble, William 25, 47, 48, 71, 84, 94, 108, 444, 507, 638, 661, 662, 700, 701, 715, 716, 752, 753, 772, 801, 802, 829, 902, 911, 912, 1194
Gansevoort, Henry S 84
Gile, George W 751, 1002, 1024
Grant, U. S 58, 70, 83, 868, 885, 1116, 1138, 1226
Halleck, Henry W 766
Hancock, Winfield S 70, 84, 444, 506, 507, 661, 681, 715, 750, 751, 767, 800, 840, 869, 910, 933, 988, 1078, 1103, 1166, 1194, 1220
Hardin, Martin D 751, 767
Ingalls, Rufus 890
Morris, William W 777
Nicholson, John 949
Nickerson, Sylvanus 903, 904
Parke, John G 1014, 1148, 1167, 1220, 1221, 1226, 1227, 1236
Parker, Foxhall A 16, 17, 592, 682, 741, 754, 903, 913
Peck, John J 777
Quartermaster-General's Office, U. S. A 756
Sewall, Frederick D 194, 589
Slough, John P 752, 770, 771, 801, 899, 900
Smith, Henry W 1003
Sweitzer, Nelson B 754, 901, 949, 988
Thompson, John L 715, 752, 768, 817, 818, 829
Torbert, Alfred T A 16
Waite, John M 773, 818, 870, 899, 910, 934
War Department, U. S 699, 800

Page.

Augur, Christopher C.—Continued.
Correspondence with
Wells, Henry H 25, 168, 541, 700, 771, 1002
Willcox, Orlando B 1079
Winship, William W 900, 901
Mentioned. 92, 194, 390, 444, 701, 751, 752, 754, 757, 771, 777, 818, 829, 847, 899, 901, 913, 948-951, 963, 964, 988, 1002, 1038, 1039, 1079, 1095, 1130, 1134, 1167, 1169, 1171, 1195, 1218, 1220, 1221, 1223, 1226, 1233, 1250, 1255, 1267, 1270, 1298
Austin, Joseph. Mentioned 1041
Avery, Martin P. Mentioned 1039, 1189
Avery, M. Henry. Mentioned 1049
Awl, F. Asbury. Mentioned 1043
Axtell, Nathan G. Mentioned 1047
Ayres, Romeyn B.
Assignment to command 1302
Correspondence with
Bowerman, Richard N 369
Denison, Andrew W 88, 310
Griffin, Charles 420, 477, 674, 929, 972, 974, 976, 1102
Gwyn, James 926
Hayes, Joseph 1311
Meade, George G 134, 995
Stanton, David L 924
Tiers, Edmund T 39
Warren, Gouverneur K 134, 135, 180, 258, 309, 368, 369
Winthrop, Frederick 369
Wright, Horatio G 1310
Mentioned 8, 31, 39, 64, 88, 113-115, 130-133, 135, 136, 140, 149, 151-153, 155, 243, 245, 255, 256, 284-286, 292, 298-301, 303-307, 310, 336, 337, 361, 362, 367-370, 376, 380, 418, 420, 421, 519, 579, 629, 746, 758, 790, 811, 823, 922, 923, 927, 995, 1011, 1021, 1030, 1058, 1068, 1076, 1102, 1107, 1115, 1119, 1128, 1135, 1186-1188, 1259, 1292, 1302, 1303
Staff. Announcement of 1303
B. Correspondence with
Clifton 246
Rooney, Edward L 197, 198, 248
Babcock, John C. Correspondence with
Meade, George G 19, 29, 116, 282
Oliver, Paul A 401
Sharpe, George H 197, 345
Babcock, Orville E.
Correspondence with
Grant, U. S 13, 14, 18, 35, 334
Sheridan, Philip H 15
Mentioned 13, 18, 24, 38, 1257
For correspondence as A. D. C., see *U. S. Grant.*
Babson, Fitz J. Mentioned 1052
Bache, Francis M. Mentioned 630, 863, 1241, 1305
Backus, Azel. Mentioned 1054
Badeau, Adam.
Correspondence with Edward O. C. Ord 882
Mentioned 724
Bagley, Osceola M. Mentioned 912
Bailey, Samuel C. Mentioned 759
Bainbridge, Mahlon. Mentioned 1047

Page.
Baird, Andrew D. Mentioned 1042, 1189, 1190
Baird, Thomas S. Correspondence with
Hartsuff, George L 165
Ord, Edward O. C 161
Baker, Charles. Mentioned 1040
Baker, Eugene M. For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *Wesley Merritt.*
Baker, Frank M. Correspondence with
Halleck, Henry W 1010
Lincoln, Abraham 737
Baker, Joel A. Mentioned 980
Baker, Joseph J. Correspondence with Henry B. Scott 1078
Baker, J. Stannard. Mentioned 1033
Baker, La Fayette C.
Correspondence with War Department, U. S 783
Mentioned 967, 987, 989, 1003
Baker, Lizzie, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Baker, Stephen. Mentioned 1034
Baker, William F. Mentioned 1039
Baldwin, Briscoe G.
Correspondence with W. A. Edwards 641
Mentioned 1321
Baldwin, Francis W. H. Mentioned 1028
Ball, Benjamin A. Mentioned 1041
Baltimore, Md., Chief of Police of. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 783
Bamberger, William W. Mentioned 1036
Bangs, Frank D. Mentioned 1210
Bankerd, Josiah. Mentioned 920, 1305
Bankhead, Henry C. Mentioned 135, 922, 1011, 1305
Banning, Henry B. Mentioned 1047
Bannon, Charles R. Mentioned 1210
Barber, Albert P. Mentioned 1198, 1292
Barber, Gershom M. Mentioned 1014
Barber, Merritt. Mentioned 1113, 1303, 1308
Barkalow, Cornelius S. Mentioned 759
Barker, Thaddeus L. Mentioned 877, 1042, 1189
Barker, Thomas E. Mentioned 1036
Barksdale, William P. Mentioned 1129
Barlow, Francis C.
Assumes temporary command of 2d Army Corps 891
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 460
Cannon, Madison M 921
Grant, U. S 1194
Humphreys, Andrew A 625, 627, 646, 855, 1228, 1251
McIvor, James P 857
Meade, George G 921
Olmsted, William A 856
Woodall, Daniel 858
Mentioned 170, 223, 400, 460, 513, 622–625, 627, 628, 642, 644, 645, 669, 672, 673, 687, 688, 691, 706, 720, 822, 855, 857, 858, 878, 891, 892, 1017, 1018, 1026–1028, 1058, 1066–1068, 1075, 1081, 1084, 1085, 1101, 1107, 1114, 1119, 1127, 1128, 1150, 1194–1197, 1229, 1234, 1300, 1305

Page.

Barnard, Daniel P. Mentioned 1214
Barnard, John G.
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A. 822
Benham, Henry W 564
Duane, James C 719
Grant, U. S 1143, 1272
Michie, Peter S 100, 1143
Navy Department, U. S 4
Mentioned 63, 395, 719, 845, 1222
Barnes, Charles. Mentioned 1043
Barnes, George L. Mentioned 1044
Barnes, James.
Correspondence with
Augur, Christopher C 70, 71, 589, 769, 770, 819, 820, 870, 871, 1217, 1221
Halleck, Henry W 769, 802, 803, 819
Hancock, Winfield S 840
Nickerson, Sylvanus 820, 913
War Department, U. S 820, 912
Wiegel, William H 589
Willauer, Seneca G 769, 912, 913
Mentioned 86, 543, 870, 911, 987, 1039
Barnes, John G. Mentioned 1052
Barnes, Joseph K.
Correspondence with Thomas A. McParlin 719
Mentioned 807, 1100, 1253, 1261
Barnum, Henry A. Mentioned 1273
Barringer, Rufus. Mentioned 76, 254, 517, 531, 556
Barrows, William E.
Correspondence with John C. Youngman 455
Mentioned 1241
Barstow, Simon F.
Correspondence with
Parke, John G 146, 147
Wright, Horatio G 137
Mentioned 1241
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *George G. Meade.*
Barth, Charles G. Mentioned 1303
Bartholomew, Orion A. Mentioned 1037
Bartlett, Joseph J.
Assignment to command 894
Assumes command of 1st Division, 5th Army Corps 421
Correspondence with
Augur, Christopher C 1079, 1167
Chamberlain, Joshua L 731
Griffin, Charles 308, 420, 674, 691, 731, 747
Parke, John G 894
Sheridan, Philip H 476
Mentioned 301, 307, 308, 341, 343, 364–368, 382, 519, 560, 579, 629, 691, 706, 746, 758, 790, 811, 823, 894, 907, 1011, 1042, 1079, 1259, 1278
Bartlett, Lewis C. Mentioned 971
Bartlett, William F.
Assignment to command 1284
Mentioned 1258, 1284

Page.
Barton, Seth M. Mentioned 10, 610, 640, 787
Bartruff, Charles M. Mentioned 759
Bassett, Isaac C. Mentioned 1031
Bat, U. S. S. Mentioned 62
Batchelder, Richard N.
Correspondence with
Benham, Henry W 957
Ingalls, Rufus 730, 850, 906, 993, 1007, 1056
Mentioned 199, 214, 226, 389, 689, 833, 849, 1026, 1241, 1305
Bateman, William T. Mentioned 864
Bates, D. Homer. Correspondence with
Eckert, Thomas T 775
Grant, U. S 1203
Bates, John C. Mentioned 1241
Batterson, William H. Mentioned 1307
Battle, Cullen A. Mentioned 64, 89, 264
Baxter, Henry.
Assignment to command 1302
Mentioned 89, 310, 929, 995, 1030, 1186, 1187, 1292, 1302, 1303
Staff. Announcement of 1303
Bayley, Thomas. Mentioned 1037
Baylor, George. Mentioned 700, 701
Beach, George W. Mentioned 1305
Beal, George L. Mentioned 1040, 1189, 1208
Beale, Richard L. T. Correspondence with William H. F. Lee 437
Bean, Eli B. Mentioned 935, 951
Bean, Theodore W. Mentioned 58
Bear, William L. Mentioned 1047
Beauregard, G. T.
Correspondence with Lunsford L. Lomax 954
Mentioned 607, 954, 956, 1012
Beaver, David R. Mentioned 1018
Beaver Pond Creek, Va. Skirmish at. See *Tabernacle Church or Beaver Pond Creek, Va. Skirmish at, April 4, 1865.*
Beck, W. Butler. Mentioned 1050
Becker, Adolph. Mentioned 1039, 1189
Beckwith, Samuel H.
Correspondence with Thomas T. Eckert 937, 964
Mentioned 1203
Beebe, Dwight. Mentioned 1284
Beecher, Henry Ward.
Correspondence with War Department, U. S 966
Mentioned 169, 544, 966
Beckwith, Samuel H. For correspondence, see *U. S. Grant.*
Beger, Charles. Mentioned 1039
Belknap, William W. Mentioned 1315
Bellows, Alonzo J. Mentioned 1292
Beman Albert M. Mentioned 971
Bendell, Herman. Mentioned 1017
Benedict, James W Mentioned 1028
Benham, Henry W.
Correspondence with
Anderson, James Q 505
Barnard, John G 564
Batchelder, Richard N 957

Page.

Benham, Henry W.—Continued.
Correspondence with
Bowers, Theodore S 274
Brainerd, Wesley 586
Clapp, Channing 504, 505
Collis, Charles H. T 277, 540
Darling, Daniel H 328
Grant, U. S 116
Lubey, Timothy 116, 192
Mayo, Ezekiel R 275
Meade, George G 19, 503, 504, 680, 823, 877, 890, 920, 921, 945, 957, 958, 994, 1018–1020, 1066, 1067, 1195
Parke, John G 274, 275, 429, 503, 504, 540
Tewksbury, John 387
Warren, Gouverneur K 505, 563, 564, 585, 586
Wright, Horatio G 945
Mentioned 3, 63, 116, 160, 162, 173, 199, 219, 276, 277, 387, 389, 448, 503–505, 523, 524, 526, 527, 562, 563, 566, 585, 586, 612, 636, 679, 917, 930, 945, 956, 969, 999, 1000, 1018, 1021, 1022, 1026, 1084, 1092, 1181, 1182, 1195

Benjamin, Judah P. Mentioned 717, 1132, 1315, 1316

Bennett, David T. Mentioned 924

Benning, Henry L. Mentioned 55, 237, 496, 1332

Benson, Frederick S.
Correspondence with George W. Hopping 197, 222, 223, 246, 247
Mentioned 119, 120, 1241

Benson, R. Dale. For correspondence as A. D. C., see *Charles K. Graham.*

Benyaurd, William H. H. Mentioned 307, 417, 418, 851, 854

Berger, George T. Mentioned 1129

Berkley, Landon C. Mentioned 1078

Berlin, Carl. Mentioned 1244

Bertolette, John D. Mentioned 1014
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *John F. Hartranft;* also *John P. Slough.*

Betton, Matthew T. Mentioned 1036

Bibber, Andrew H. Correspondence with George Crook 435

Bicknell, Edwin. Mentioned 1052

Biddle, James C. Mentioned 1241

Bill, George F. Mentioned 1210

Bingham, Henry H. Mentioned 88, 250, 515
For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *Andrew A. Humphreys.*

Bingham, Samuel R. Mentioned 1043

Bingham, William H. H. Mentioned 1210

Binkley, Otho H. Mentioned 481, 1032

Bintliff, James.
Correspondence with Orlando B. Willcox 632
Mentioned 556, 652, 721, 876, 890, 1039, 1188

Bird, Charles. Mentioned 49, 278, 329, 389, 1047

Bird, H. D. Mentioned 1387

Birdsall, John. Mentioned 1040

Birge, James C. Mentioned 760

Birk, Frank. Mentioned 1046

Birkman, Richard M. Mentioned 926, 927

Birney, William.
Correspondence with Edward O. C. Ord 532, 533
Mentioned 210–212, 236, 532, 605, 635, 694, 696, 865

Page.
Bixby, Phin P. Mentioned 1042, 1189
Black, ———. Mentioned 919
Black, John D. Mentioned 1176
Blanchard, Justus W. Mentioned 1040, 1190
Blanding, Christopher. Mentioned 1054
Blanding, Jabez B. Mentioned 1053
Blessing, William. Mentioned 1332
Blickensderfer, Milton. Mentioned 791
Blodgett, William T. Correspondence with Abraham Lincoln 618
Blow, Henry T. Correspondence with Mrs. Abraham Lincoln 845
Blundon, Edgar B. Correspondence with John H. Oley 963, 1014, 1015, 1263
Blunt, Edmund, jr. Mentioned 1045
Boardman, George H. Mentioned 1053
Bogardus, Charles. Mentioned 759, 1032
Boice, Theodore A. Mentioned 1048
Boker, John. Mentioned 975
Bolton, William J. Mentioned 1039, 1189
Boone, William M. Mentioned 779
Bootes, Levi C. Mentioned 1054
Booth, J. Wilkes.
Mentioned .. 751, 770, 773, 775, 777, 778, 781, 782, 786, 794, 795, 838, 840, 847, 899, 901–903, 906, 910–914, 916, 935, 937, 963, 964, 967, 987–989, 1001, 1003, 1072, 1227
Murderous assault of, upon Abraham Lincoln. See *Abraham Lincoln.*
Reward offered for apprehension of 847
Booth, J. Wilkes, and David E. Herold. Capture of, at Garrett's Farm, near Port Royal, Va., April 26, 1865. Communications from
Halleck, Henry W 967
Navy Department, U. S 987
War Department, U. S 967, 987, 989
Boreman Arthur I. Mentioned 166, 168, 194, 904
For correspondence, etc., see *West Virginia, Governor of.*
Boswell, Benjamin D. Mentioned 1046
Boutelle, George V. Mentioned 1044
Bowerman, Richard N.
Correspondence with Romeyn B. Ayres 369
Mentioned 972, 1186
Bowers, Theodore S.
Correspondence with
Benham, Henry W 274
Eckert, Thomas T 895
Grant, U. S 241, 242, 281, 334, 343, 393, 394, 448–450, 509, 510, 594, 595, 669
Ord, Edward O. C 269, 430, 494, 495
Parke, John G 316
Parker, Ely S 242
Sherman, William T 547
War Department, U. S 333, 450, 509
Weitzel, Godfrey 272, 326-328, 498, 509, 566
Wright, Horatio G 311
Mentioned 75, 219, 273, 394, 438, 447, 504, 534, 564, 885, 1257
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *U. S. Grant.*
Bowman, Alpheus H. Mentioned 1035
Bowman, Samuel M. Mentioned 108
Boyce, ———. Mentioned 767
Boyd, ———. Mentioned 767

Page.
Boyd, Carlile. Mentioned 1041
Boyd, Francis E. Mentioned 1043
Boyd, William H., jr. Mentioned 1031
Boydton Road, Va. Skirmish at. See *Quaker and Boydton Roads, Va. Skirmish at junction of, March 29, 1865.*
Boyle, ———. Mentioned 194, 542
Boyle, Cornelius. Mentioned 1359
Bradbury, Albert W. Mentioned 1048
Bradford, Augustus W. Mentioned 194, 886
For correspondence, etc., see *Maryland, Governor of.*
Bradley, George W.
Correspondence with Rufus Ingalls 1125
Mentioned 42, 46, 74, 80, 894, 970, 993, 1124, 1125, 1188, 1285
Bradley, Thomas W. H. Mentioned 1183
Bradshaw, John J. Mentioned 760
Brady, George K. Mentioned 1054
Brady, Hugh J. Mentioned 1035
Brady, James T. Mentioned 1141
Bragg, Edward S. Mentioned 977
Brainard, William H. H. Mentioned 1027
Brainerd, Wesley.
Correspondence with Henry W. Benham 586
Mentioned 564, 1026
Bramlette, Thomas E. Mentioned 1025
Brannon, Isaac F. Mentioned 1042, 1189
Brant, William, jr. Mentioned 790
Bratton, John. Mentioned 42, 55, 237, 383, 1332
Braxton, Carter M.
Correspondence with William N. Pendleton 1337
Mentioned 1316, 1317, 1320, 1321, 1323, 1329, 1333, 1334, 1364
Breathed, James. Mentioned 1328, 1331
Breck, George. Mentioned 1031
Breck, Samuel. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A.*
Breckinridge, John C. Mentioned 594, 717, 848, 1317, 1318, 1336, 1348, 1359, 1363, 1366, 1370, 1375, 1378, 1390, 1394
For correspondence, etc., see *War Department, C. S.*
Breese, K. Randolph. Correspondence with
Navy Department, U. S 987
Radford, William 987
Breeze, Schooner. Mentioned 870
Brenneman, John R. Mentioned 1242
Brice, Benjamin W. Mentioned 1112, 1118, 1155
For correspondence, etc., see *Paymaster-General's Office, U. S. A.*
Brien, L. Tiernan. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *William H. F. Lee.*
Briggs, Alvah W. Mentioned 759
Briggs, Elijah A. Mentioned 791
Briggs, George G. Mentioned 1048
Brigham, Alfred W. Mentioned 1041
Brigham, Charles O. Mentioned 1210
Brincklé, John R. Mentioned 1032
Brinton, Jeremiah B.
Correspondence with Thomas A. McParlin 1018
Mentioned 1241

Page.
Briscoe, James C. Mentioned 1035, 1192
Britton, Russell A. Mentioned 58
Britton, Stephen H. Mentioned 1356
Brockway, James W. Mentioned 1053
Brodie, Paul. Mentioned 1149
Brooke, John R.
Correspondence with
Hancock, Winfield S 840, 869
Stevenson, John D 1080
Mentioned 37, 48, 49, 70, 108, 193, 241, 278, 279, 329, 389, 391, 506, 542, 1014, 1047, 1161, 1285
Brooker, Albert F. Mentioned 1034
Brooks, Horace. Mentioned 1040
Brooks, John, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Brough, John. For correspondence, etc., see *Ohio, Governor of.*
Brown, C. A. Correspondence with George G. Meade 222
Brown, Calvin S. Mentioned 1040, 1189
Brown, Charles J. Mentioned 1046
Brown, Edward O. Mentioned 56, 660, 1198, 1292
Brown, Guy A. Mentioned 760
Brown, Harvey W. Mentioned 1034
Brown, Hugh G. Mentioned 932
Brown, James F. Mentioned 1036
Brown, Joseph B. Mentioned 51
Brown, Joseph M. Correspondence with Edward F. O'Brien 801
Brown, Lewis G. Mentioned 1037
Brown, Orlando. Mentioned 1170
Brown, Richard A. Mentioned 878
Brown, S. Lockwood.
Correspondence with Rufus Ingalls 52
Mentioned 73, 850
Brown, Richard A. For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *Nelson A. Miles.*
Brown, T. Frederick. Mentioned 862
Brown, William H. Mentioned 47, 68, 80
Brown, William R. Mentioned 1047
Browning, Orville H. Mentioned 807
Bryan, Goode. Mentioned 237, 1332
Bryan, Samuel. Mentioned 861, 1028
Buckbee, Edwin J. Mentioned 1039
Buckhannon, W. Va., Commanding Officer at. Correspondence with James W. McMillan 638
Buckingham, William A. For correspondence, etc., see *Connecticut, Governor of.*
Buckley, Florence F.
Correspondence with Seneca G. Willauer 801
Mentioned 769, 801, 910, 911
Buckley, John. Mentioned 975
Bucklin, Benjamin F. Mentioned 1303
Buffington, John E. Mentioned 1291
Burbridge, Stephen G. Mentioned 1319
Burdick, Daniel W. Mentioned 735
Burke, Denis F. Mentioned 1027
Burke, Martin. Mentioned 1050
Burke, Timothy J. Mentioned 855, 857, 858, 1229

Page.

Burke's Station and Arundel's Farm, Va. Skirmishes near, April 10, 1865.
Communications from
Albright, Charles 701
Augur, Christopher C 701, 715
Gamble, William 700, 701, 715
Sterrett, William N 700
Wells, Henry H 700

Burkeville, Va. Expedition to Danville and South Boston from. See *Danville and South Boston, Va. Expedition from Burkeville and Petersburg to, April 23-29, 1865.*

Burley, William. Mentioned 1036
Burnett, George W. Mentioned 1046
Burns, Michael W. Mentioned 416, 631, 860, 861, 1028
Burnside, U. S. S. Mentioned 1108
Burnside, Ambrose E. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 96
Burr, Allen L. Mentioned 1029, 1186
Burr, David J. Mentioned 655, 656
Burroughs, George T. Mentioned 1305
Butler, Benjamin F. (Captain.) Mentioned 926, 928
Butler, Benjamin F. (General.) Mentioned 573
Butler, George. Mentioned 1045
Butler, Matthew C. Mentioned 1327
Butterfield, Francis W. Mentioned 1047
Byrne, John. Mentioned 1028
Byron, ———. Mentioned 801
Cabell, Henry C. Mentioned 1344
Cabell, William L. Mentioned 787
Cade, John H. Mentioned 1030
Cadwalader, George.
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 844, 1227
Augur, Christopher C 777, 780
Halleck, Henry W 779
Hancock, Winfield S 1122
Ingraham, Timothy 1024
War Department, U. S 843, 875
Mentioned 390, 543, 844, 1025, 1038, 1044, 1285
Cadwallader, S. Mentioned 222
Calahan, Charles C.
Correspondence with Daniel Woodall 859
Mentioned 1028
Caldwell, A. Harper. Mentioned 285, 1203
Caldwell, John C. Mentioned 845
California. Military Department embracing 1299
California, Department of.
Constituted 1299
McDowell, Irvin, assigned to command of 1299
California, Governor of. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 592
Call, Frank W. Mentioned 1042
Callis, John B. Mentioned 1041
Came, Mark R. Mentioned 1305
Cameron, Simon. Mentioned 807
Cameron, William E. Mentioned 1356
Campbell, Charles H. Mentioned 88
Campbell, Edward L. Mentioned 1241

Page.
Campbell, James B. Mentioned 1198, 1292
Campbell, James R. Mentioned 973–975, 1113, 1305
Campbell, John A.
Correspondence with
Anderson, Joseph R., *et al* 656
Grant, U. S 723
Ord, Edward O. C 735
Taylor, Richard 723
Weitzel, Godfrey 657
Mentioned 574, 575, 593, 612, 619, 655, 656, 677, 678, 684, 697, 725, 736, 748, 762, 796, 1106
Campbell, John F. Mentioned 1027
Canada. Reported Confederate raid from. Communications from
McNab, D. Campbell 59, 61
Peck, John J 967
War Department, U. S 952
Canby, Edward R. S.
Assignment to command 1299
Mentioned 67, 97, 191, 543, 718, 954, 967, 1153, 1258, 1299
Cannon, Madison M.
Correspondence with
Barlow, Francis C 921
Humphreys, Andrew A 877, 879, 880
Mentioned 1028
Capehart. Charles E. Mentioned 1049
Capehart, Henry. Mentioned 381, 391, 722, 1049, 1191
Capron, Adin B. Mentioned 462
Captured Property. See *Abandoned and Captured Property.*
Carle, James. Mentioned 1030, 1186
Carleton, James H. Mentioned 543
Carlin, John. Mentioned 1046
Carlin, William P. Correspondence with
Emory, William H 1231, 1245
Owens, Wesley 1231
Carlton. Henry H. Mentioned 1344
Carothers, Adam K.
Correspondence with
Dillingham, Lucius A 245
Jordan, Amos C 402
Judson, Horace 402
Paine, Jedediah C 4, 5
Mentioned 245, 262
Carpenter, John C. (Confederate.) Mentioned 1321
Carpenter, John C. (Union.) Mentioned 1032
Carpenter, Thomas H. Mentioned 1054
Carr, Gouverneur.
Correspondence with Commanding Officer at Fort Delaware, Del 806
Mentioned 1040
Carr, Joseph B.
Correspondence with
Angel, Ashbel W 1179
Halleck, Henry W 1219
Hartsuff, George L 1204, 1205
Ord, Edward O. C 213, 214
Weitzel, Godfrey 505
..... 390, 1032, 1033

Page.

Carrington, Isaac H. Correspondence with
Archer, R. P 1381
Ewell, Richard S 1380
Carrolien, Conrad. Mentioned 1039
Carroll, Samuel S.
Assignment to command 506
Correspondence with
Augur, Christopher C 1193
Hancock, Winfield S 72, 194, 279, 330, 331, 508, 743, 1071
Mentioned 69, 72, 108, 193, 278, 331, 506, 904, 1047, 1065, 1071, 1089, 1194, 1285
Carroll, William. Mentioned 1305
Carruth, Sumner. Mentioned 1042, 1189, 1207
Carter, Samuel P. Mentioned 1315
Carter, Thomas H.
Correspondence with William N. Pendleton 1321
Mentioned 1316, 1319-1322, 1329, 1334, 1336
Carter, Thomas M. Mentioned 1129
Cartter, David K. Mentioned 781
Case, Rufus K. Mentioned 1241
Casey, James H. Mentioned 1210
Casey, James S. Mentioned 651, 675
Casey, Silas.
Correspondence with James B. Fry 1006
Mentioned 98, 548, 736, 990, 1107
Cashin, Thomas D. Mentioned 1210
Cassandra, Steamer. Mentioned 1207
Cassard, Louis R. Mentioned 924
Casualties in Action. See *Union Troops. Casualties. Returns of.*
Cather, ———. Mentioned 216
Cavalry Corps. (Union.)
Custer, George A., relieved from duty with 1195
Merritt, Wesley, relieved from duty with 1195
Orders, series 1865—*Sheridan:* **March 28**, 234; **March 29**, 266; **April 5**, 583; **April 8**, 653; **April 10**, 694; **April 11**, 709; **April 12**, 722; **April 23**, 908; **April 24**, 931; **April 25**, 947; **April 26**, 961; **April 27**, 985; **April 28**, 1001; **April 29**, 1012; **April 30**, 1023; **May 1**, 1061.
Orders, Circulars, series 1865—*Sheridan:* **April 4**, 558; **April 5**, 583; **April 24**, 931; **April 28**, 1001.
Orders, Field, series 1865—*Sheridan:* **April 1**, 420. *Merritt:* **No. 13**, 15; **No. 14**, 24; **Nos. 15, 16**, 35; **No. 17**, 36; **Nos. 18, 19**, 47; **No. 20**, 68; **Nos. 21, 22**, 80; **No. 26**, 106; **No. 27**, 166; **No. 28**, 191; **No. 37**, 812; **Nos. 39, 40**, 909; **No. 53**, 1120.
Orders, Special Field, series 1865—*Sheridan:* **No. 1**, 960; **No. 22**, 733.
Organization, strength, etc.
March 31, 1865 391
April 30, 1865 ..... 1048, 1049
Chalfin, Samuel F. Mentioned 343
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A.*
Chamberlain, U. S. S. Mentioned 1198
Chamberlain, Joshua L.
Assignments to command 691, 1302
Congratulatory Orders. Skirmish on Vaughan Road., Va., near Hatcher's Run, March 29, 1865 308

Page.

Chamberlain, Joshua L.—Continued.
Correspondence with
Bartlett, Joseph J 731
Griffin, Charles 923, 924, 970
Mentioned 256, 301, 308, 691, 707, 730, 731, 863, 922, 923, 995, 1011, 1021, 1029, 1058, 1068, 1076, 1102, 1107, 1115, 1120, 1128, 1135, 1186–1188, 1292, 1302, 1303, 1311
Staff. Announcement of 1303
Chamberlain, Thomas D. Mentioned 971
Chamberlin, Simon E. Correspondence with John D. Stevenson 279
Chambers, William H. Mentioned 973, 975
Chandler, George H. Mentioned 1189
Chandler, Robert. Mentioned 1281
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Martin D. Hardin.*
Chapin, Chester W. Correspondence with George Ashmun 844
Chapman, George H.
Correspondence with
Augur, Christopher C 899, 911
Hancock, Winfield S 830
Mentioned 742, 804, 817, 840, 869, 885, 1044, 1148, 1194, 1195, 1220
Chapman, William B. Mentioned 977
Chapman, William H. (Confederate.) Mentioned 701, 715, 799, 897, 904, 910
Chapman, William H. (Union.) Mentioned 1189
Charlestown, W. Va. Affair near, April 6, 1865. Communications from John D. Stevenson 617
Charlottesville, Va. Expedition from Richmond to. See *Staunton and Charlottesville, Va. Expedition from Richmond to, May 6–14, 1865.*
Charlottesville, Va., Commanding Officer at. Correspondence with Henry W. Halleck 1173
Chase, Deloss. Mentioned 95
Chase, James E. Mentioned 1029
Chase, Salmon P. Mentioned 781, 786, 808, 1002
Cheatham, Benjamin F. Mentioned 79
Chesapeake Bay. Piratical depredations on. Communications from
Navy Department, U. S 618
Parker, Foxhall A 618
Willauer, Seneca G 769
Chester, Walter T. Mentioned 981
Chew, Henry F. Mentioned 1028
Chew, R. Preston.
Correspondence with William N. Pendleton 1327, 1328, 1336
Mentioned 1334, 1337, 1340
Chew, Walter S. Mentioned 1320, 1322, 1334
Childs, James E. Mentioned 1041
Childs, Jesse D. Mentioned 972
Chimo, U. S. S. Mentioned 616
Chittenden, Simeon B. Correspondence with Abraham Lincoln 618
Christiancy, Henry C. Mentioned 200
Church, Nathan. Mentioned 1176
Churchman, Caleb. Mentioned 1045
Cilley, Jonathan P. Mentioned 1049
City Point, Va. Explosion at, Aug. 9, 1864. Communication from Henry W. Halleck 1250
Claesgens, Peter. Mentioned 975
Claflin, Ira W. Mentioned 446

Page.

Clapp, Colonel. Mentioned 740
Clapp, Channing. Correspondence with
Benham, Henry W 504, 505
Warren, Gouverneur K 505
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Henry W. Benham.*
Clark, A. Judson. Mentioned 862, 1029
Clark, Atherton W. Mentioned 1029, 1186
Clark, Augustus M. Mentioned 827
Clark, Charles A. Mentioned 228, 1029
Clark, Ezra W., jr. Mentioned 1226
Clark, George A. Mentioned 1045
Clark, Hiram E. W. Correspondence with Edward Ferrero 909
Clark, Moses P. Mentioned 1040
Clark, Stephen R.
Correspondence with George L. Hartsuff 1279
Mentioned 1049
Clark, W. F. Mentioned 1129
Clarke, General. Mentioned 1224
Clarke, Rouse R. Mentioned 1242
Clay, Cecil. Mentioned 1036
Claymont, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Cleary, Joseph P. Mentioned 1042
Clements, B. C. Mentioned 419
Clendenin, David R.
Correspondence with
Augur, Christopher C 912
Gamble, William 802
Mentioned 25, 94, 662, 700, 701, 772, 911, 1002
Clendenin, George, jr. Mentioned 1303, 1308
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Frank Wheaton.*
Clews, Henry. Correspondence with Abraham Lincoln 618
Clifton. Correspondence with
A. B 246
B 246
W 246
Cline, John A. Mentioned 1029, 1186
Clinton, Henry P. Mentioned 1259
Clinton, James B. Mentioned 1038
Closson, Henry W. Mentioned 1048
Clothing, Camp and Garrison Equipage. See *Munitions of War.*
Clough, Joseph M. Mentioned 318, 1040
Cloward, William H. Mentioned 926, 928
Clyde, Steamer. Mentioned 1249
Coates, Benjamin F. Mentioned 1047
Cobb, Howell. Mentioned 1356, 1391
Cochran, Frederick. Mentioned 1189
Cochran, James B. Mentioned 924
Cochrane, William H. D. Mentioned 75, 690, 1126
Coey, James. Mentioned 979
Coffroth, Alexander H. Mentioned 807
Cogswell, Milton. Mentioned 1050
Cole, A. H.
Correspondence with William N. Pendleton 1331
Mentioned 1321, 1328

Page.

Cole, George W.
Correspondence with Godfrey Weitzel 1253
Mentioned 1034, 1199, 1253
Cole, R. G. Correspondence with James Longstreet 1330
Coleman, William D. Mentioned 704, 745
Coles, Nathaniel. Mentioned 84
Coles, Walter, jr. Mentioned 1129
Colfax, Schuyler. Mentioned 807
Collins, Edward. Mentioned 1050
Collins, James. Mentioned 1305
Collins, Joseph B. Correspondence with U. S. Grant 745, 1066
Collis, Charles H. T.
Correspondence with
Benham, Henry W 277, 540
Grant, U. S 638, 660
Meade, George G 116, 221, 586, 615, 680, 730, 823
Parke, John G 276, 503, 566
Schoonmaker, John M 276
Weitzel, Godfrey 615
Mentioned 3, 20, 114, 115, 147, 151, 159, 171, 172, 199, 222, 274, 275, 277, 389, 450, 486, 504, 511, 522, 524, 526, 527, 540, 586, 615, 658, 659, 679, 697, 698, 713, 729, 923, 983, 1030, 1186, 1236
Colorado. Military Department embracing 1299
Colored Troops. (Confederate.) Recruitment, organization of, etc. Communications from
Davis, Jefferson 1348, 1366, 1370
Lee, Robert E 1356
Longstreet, James 1367
Colston, Raleigh E. Mentioned 1389
Colt, Thomas G. Mentioned 1114, 1305
Columbia, Department of the.
Constituted 1299
Wright, George, assigned to command of 1299
Comings, James H. Mentioned 1031
Comly, James M. Mentioned 1047
Commodore Morris, U. S. S. Mentioned 616
Comstock, Cyrus B. Mentioned 1257, 1258
For correspondence as A. D. C., see *U. S. Grant.*
Comstock, Isaac N. Mentioned 1305
Conant, Oliver J. Mentioned 1041
Confederate Archives. Collection and preservation of. Communications from
Halleck, Henry W 944, 1132, 1152, 1158
War Department, U. S 659, 1152
Confederate Emblems. Prohibited in District of Eastern Virginia 867
Confederate Troops.
Mentioned.
Infantry—*Battalions:* **1st**, 124.
For Volunteers, see respective States.
Organization, strength, etc., Department of Richmond 1331
Connecticut. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Connecticut, Governor of. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 544
Connecticut Troops. Mentioned.
Artillery, Heavy—*Regiments:* **1st**, 528, 1034, 1083, 1307; **1st** (*Batteries*), **D, F, G, H**, 56; **2d**, 1031, 1061, 1274, 1275.

Page.

Connecticut Troops. Mentioned—Continued.
Artillery, Light—*Batteries:* **1st**, 1038; **3d**, 1034, 1307.
Cavalry—*Regiments:* **1st**, 14, 1049, 1191.
Infantry—*Regiments:* **8th**, 1036, 1314; **10th**, 533, 1035, 1192; **11th**, 1036, 1314; **12th**, 1040, 1189, 1208, 1281; **14th**, 1028; **18th**, 1046, 1122; **21st**, 1036; **29th** (*Colored*), 871, 1039, 1174, 1221.
Connell, Trustrim. Mentioned 791
Conness, John. Mentioned 807
Conrad, Joseph S. Mentioned 1050
Conway, Thomas W. Mentioned 1170
Cony, Samuel. For correspondence, etc., see *Maine, Governor of.*
Cook, Benjamin C. Mentioned 1044
Cook, George B. Mentioned 56, 66, 1034
Cook, Philip. Mentioned 264, 1388
Cook, Roger E.
Correspondence with John D. Stevenson 1122
Mentioned 1046
Cooke, Giles B. Mentioned 667
Cooke, John R. Mentioned 30, 123–125, 127, 178, 199, 377
Cooley, Captain. Mentioned 15
Cooley, John. Correspondence with John Gibbon 322
Coonan, John. Mentioned 1028
Cooper, Joseph J. Mentioned 978
Cooper, Samuel. Mentioned 1366, 1394
For correspondence, etc., see *Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, C. S. A.*
Cope, Emmor B. Mentioned 309, 370, 562
For correspondence as A. D. C., see *Gouverneur K. Warren.*
Copeland, Joseph B. Mentioned 1043
Coppinger, John J. Mentioned 67, 1049
Corbit, George W. Mentioned 507, 772
Corley, James L. Mentioned 1328
Cornyn, Charles M. Mentioned 760, 1032
Corrie, William A. Mentioned 436, 1049
Corse, Montgomery D.
Correspondence with James Longstreet 1351
Mentioned 38, 188, 237, 238, 272, 610, 640, 787, 864, 1332, 1342, 1345, 1350, 1351
Corthell, Elmer L. Mentioned 1048
Corwin, Thomas. Mentioned 807
Cossack, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Cottrell, ———. Mentioned 599
Couch, Darius N. Mentioned 193, 239
Couch, George H. Mentioned 1210
Coughlin, John. Mentioned 763, 948
Coulter, Richard.
Correspondence with Charles Griffin 708
Mentioned 707, 929, 980, 995, 1030, 1187, 1259
Coulter, William A. Mentioned 1189
Courtney, Lewis B. Mentioned 975
Cove, Captain. Mentioned 852
Cowan, Andrew.
Correspondence with
Halleck, Henry W 1212
Wright, Horatio G 425
Mentioned 145, 203, 421, 481, 482, 581, 648, 708, 721, 893, 907, 930, 931, 947, 960, 1032, 1060, 1068, 1069, 1188, 1255, 1260

Page

Cowand, David G. Mentioned 20
Cowdrey, Frank H. Mentioned 978, 1303
Cowles, Edward. Mentioned 1259
Cowles, Seneca R. Mentioned 613
Cox, Jacob D.
Assignment to command 195
Mentioned 195, 1167
Cox, Robert C. Mentioned 1042, 1189
Cox, William R. Mentioned 264, 370, 373, 498
Coxe, John R. Mentioned 1241
Craig, John N. Mentioned 1244
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Henry J. Hunt*; also *George G. Meade.*
Crawford, ———. Mentioned 1388
Crawford, Samuel W.
Correspondence with
Griffin, Charles 420, 477, 553, 674, 691, 707, 929, 976, 977
Meade, George G 135
Warren, Gouverneur K 39, 89, 134–136, 180, 258, 259, 370, 410
Mentioned 8, 39, 64, 113–115, 130–134, 140, 149, 151–153, 243, 245, 254–256, 286, 292, 298–300, 303, 306, 309, 310, 336, 337, 361, 362, 367–369, 380, 410, 420, 421, 476, 489, 519, 579, 629, 691, 706, 746, 758, 790, 823, 863, 922, 923, 926, 927, 995, 1021, 1030, 1058, 1068, 1076, 1102, 1107, 1115, 1119, 1120, 1128, 1135, 1186–1188, 1259, 1292, 1305
Crawford, William.
Correspondence with William W. Morris 638
Mentioned 639
Creney, James. Mentioned 979, 1030, 1187
Crocker, Marcellus M. Mentioned 218
Crombargar, Thomas S. Mentioned 1305
Cronkite, Walter M. Mentioned 419
Crook, George.
Assumes command of the Department of West Virginia 59
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A. 59
Bibber, Andrew H 435
Grant, U. S 1177, 1190
Gregg, J. Irvin 437
Halleck, Henry W 1087
Hancock, Winfield S 69, 72, 85, 86
King, Horatio C 435, 491
Meade, George G 236
Sheridan, Philip H 236, 267, 435, 531, 561, 583, 634, 653, 654, 676, 693, 796, 812, 813, 864, 961, 1000, 1001, 1093, 1108, 1136, 1151
Smith, Charles H 382
Tucker, Benjamin F 1121
Mentioned 28, 29, 61, 68, 69, 72, 81–83, 170, 198, 199, 234, 235, 267, 339, 364, 382, 391, 517, 551, 556, 558, 560, 562, 622, 625, 633, 676, 694, 709, 722, 733, 748, 761, 812, 825, 908, 909, 931, 935, 948, 951, 961, 985, 989, 1001, 1016, 1023, 1024, 1048, 1049, 1061, 1076, 1121, 1167, 1191, 1281, 1298, 1300
Relieved from command of Cavalry Corps, Department of Washington .. 1300
Relinquishes command of Department of West Virginia 85
Crooks, G. R. Mentioned 592
Cross, Charles F. Mentioned 1047
Crossley, Thomas. Mentioned 1045
Crowley, Timothy B. Mentioned 1036
Crowninshield, Casper. Mentioned 1049

Page.

Crow's House, Va. Action at, March 31, 1865. Communications from
Hays, William 413
McAllister, Robert 360
Mott, Gershom 358
Cruft, Charles. Mentioned 170, 195
Cullum, George W. Correspondence with U. S. Grant 1250, 1252
Cunningham, Arthur S. Mentioned 1327
Cunningham, James A. Mentioned 971, 1029, 1186
Curlew, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Currie, Leonard D. H. Mentioned 1040, 1190
Curry, Daniel. Mentioned 592
Curry, Henry. Mentioned 1030
Curry, James. Mentioned 815
Curtin, Andrew G. For correspondence, etc., see *Pennsylvania, Governor of.*
Curtin, John I.
Assignments to command 1080, 1313
Correspondence with George G. Meade 732, 824, 834, 835
Mentioned 89, 606, 608, 650, 674, 732, 790, 824, 863, 1042, 1080, 1189, 1190, 1208, 1259, 1313
Relieved from command of 3d Division, 9th Army Corps 1313
Curtis, Arthur R. Mentioned 1028
Curtis, Josiah M. Mentioned 986
Curtis, N. Martin.
Assignment to command 1314
Correspondence with Edward O. C. Ord 1088
Mentioned 763, 932, 1184, 1284, 1294, 1300, 1301, 1311, 1314
Staff. Announcement of 1284
For correspondence as Chief of Staff, see *Edward O. C. Ord;* also *Alfred H. Terry.*
Curtis, Samuel R. Mentioned 543
Curtis, William B. Mentioned 271, 434, 723, 827, 1036
Curtiss, James E. Mentioned 1028
Cushing, Howard B. Mentioned 1054
Custer, George A.
Correspondence with
Merritt, Wesley 15
Sheridan, Philip H 676
Mentioned 15, 24, 36, 68, 80, 106, 166, 191, 234, 326, 339, 382, 391, 419, 420, 437, 489, 490, 529, 531, 551, 610, 633, 634, 653, 654, 676, 694, 709, 733, 812, 908, 909, 935, 947, 948, 961, 989, 1003, 1048, 1049, 1120, 1190, 1191, 1195
Relieved from duty with the Cavalry Corps 1195
Cutcheon, Byron M. Mentioned 265
Cutshaw, Wilfred E. Mentioned 1316, 1317, 1319–1321, 1323, 1329, 1364
Cutting, Francis B.
Correspondence with War Department, U. S 1149
Mentioned 1141
Cutts, Richard D.
Correspondence with Henry W. Halleck 889
Mentioned 896, 944, 1093, 1132
Cuyler, R. R., U. S. S. Mentioned 616
Cuyler, William C. Mentioned 1041
C. Vanderbilt, Steamer. Mentioned 45, 74
Dahlgren, Ulric. Mentioned 712
Dailey, Dennis B. Mentioned 310, 977, 1030, 1187
Dakin, George K. Mentioned 1029

Page

Dakota. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Dalien, Prosper. Mentioned 156
Dalton, Edward B. Mentioned 631, 720
Daly, Charles P. Correspondence with Abraham Lincoln 618
Damon, George B. Mentioned 759, 1032
Dana, Charles A.
Correspondence with War Department, U. S 574, 575, 593, 594, 619, 655, 657, 677, 678, 683, 684, 711, 716–718
Mentioned 584, 656, 659, 678, 697, 698, 711, 712, 1132, 1158
For correspondence as Assistant Secretary, see *War Department, U. S.*
Dana, David D.
Correspondence with Martin D. Hardin 767
Mentioned 767
Dana, Napoleon J. T.
Mentioned 543, 1056
Relieved from command of Department of the Mississippi 1056
Dana, W. R. Mentioned 175
Dance, Willis J. Mentioned 1344
Dandy, George B.
Assignment to command 1274
Mentioned 493, 1035, 1192, 1274
Daniel, J. Townsend. Mentioned 1046
Daniel, Peter V. Correspondence with E. W. Thompson 1318
Daniel Webster, Steamer. Mentioned 1206
Daniels, Percy. Mentioned 1042, 1189
Danville, Va., Mayor of. Correspondence with Jefferson Davis 1391
Danville and South Boston, Va. Expedition from Burkeville and Petersburg to, April 23–29, 1865. Communications from
Halleck, Henry W 889, 895
Meade, George G 889, 890, 892, 969, 984
Merritt, Wesley 909
Sheridan, Philip H 893, 895, 907, 908, 931, 947, 961, 985, 999–1001
Wright, Horatio G 893, 906, 907, 930, 946, 947, 959, 960, 969, 984, 985, 998, 1000, 1011, 1012
Darling, Daniel H. Correspondence with Henry W. Benham 328
Darnall, Morgan A. Mentioned 1036
Davey, George W. Mentioned 1029
Davies, Henry E., jr.
Correspondence with
Grant, U. S 1212
Meade, George G 7, 9, 21, 40, 54, 65, 77, 159, 160, 186, 187
Parke, John G 147
Sheridan, Philip H 187
Mentioned 156, 171, 185, 204, 236, 381, 391, 437, 573, 582, 1049, 1120, 1191, 1218, 1268, 1271
Davis, Charles Henry. Mentioned 846, 965, 966, 989
Davis, Charles L.
Correspondence with
Dillingham, Lucius A 245, 247, 262, 402, 403, 461, 462
Meade, George G 118, 851
Niles, Peter H 851
Paine, Jedediah C 97, 262, 317
Wardwell, Edward H 344, 401, 402
Mentioned 389, 1026, 1241

Page.

Davis, David. Correspondence with Governor of Illinois 906
Davis, Ebenezer W. Mentioned 1031
Davis, Edward J. Mentioned 973, 974
Davis, Edwin P.
Correspondence with William H. Emory 26, 48, 58
Mentioned 26, 1040, 1189, 1208
Davis, George. Mentioned 1388
Davis, Greenlief P. Mentioned 1045
Davis, Jacob M. Mentioned 1045
Davis, Jefferson.
Address of, to people of the Confederate States on the evacuation of Richmond, Va., April 2, 1865 1382
Correspondence with
Danville, Va., Mayor of 1391
Duncan, J. A 1388
Harvie, Lewis E 1391, 1392
Lee, Robert E 1327, 1339, 1370, 1378, 1386, 1390
Lomax, Lunsford L 1394
North Carolina, Governor of 1393
Northrop, Lucius B 1387
Virginia, Governor of 1315, 1348, 1366
Walker, Henry H 1394
War Department, C. S 1389
Mentioned 51, 547, 557, 574, 591, 655, 677, 711, 717, 723, 850, 887, 907, 990, 1144, 1249, 1317, 1348, 1362, 1393, 1395
Davis, Jefferson, Mrs. Correspondence with
Harrison, Burton N 1393
Johnston, William Preston 1393
Davis, Jefferson C. Mentioned 1315
Davis, John F. Mentioned 769
Davis, Joseph R. Mentioned 30, 124, 179, 320
Davis, Phineas A. Mentioned 1274
Davis, Robert S. Mentioned 10, 30
Davis, Sylvester H. Mentioned 1044
Dawes, Henry L. Mentioned 807
Dawson, Samuel K. Mentioned 392, 1050, 1052
Day, Albert A. Mentioned 1039
Day, Charles H.
Correspondence with
Shaw, James W 1179
Wilkinson, Nathan 217, 1090, 1117
Mentioned 1046
Day, William E. Mentioned 907
Dayton, Lewis M. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *William T. Sherman.*
Deacon, Edward P. Mentioned 190
Dean, J. J. Mentioned 1367
Dean, William. Mentioned 58
Deane, John M. Mentioned 1039
Dearing, James. Mentioned 1095, 1098, 1104
Deep Bottom, Va. Expedition to near Weldon, N. C., from. See *Weldon, N. C. Expedition from Deep Bottom, Va., to near, March 28–April 11, 1865.*
De Ford, Harriet, Steamer. See *Harriet De Ford.*
De Kalb, Charles E. Mentioned 160
De Lacy, William. Mentioned 1028

Page.
Delafield, Richard. Mentioned 277, 876, 1119, 1272
For correspondence, etc., see *Engineer Department, U. S. A.*
Delany, Alfred. Mentioned 71
De La Paturelle, Honore. Mentioned 1045
Delaware. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Delaware Troops. Mentioned.
Cavalry—*Regiments:* **1st**, 16, 1045.
Infantry—*Regiments:* **1st**, 859, 1028, 1251, 1304, 1309; **3d**, **4th**, 926–928, 1030, 1186; **8th**, 31, 926–928, 1030, 1045, 1186.
Demarest, James H. Mentioned 1183
Dement, William F. Mentioned 1320
Dempcy, Marshall L. Mentioned 1037
Denison, Andrew W.
Correspondence with Romeyn B. Ayres 88, 310
Mentioned 370, 1030, 1186
Dennis, Leonard G. Mentioned 1051
Dennison, William. Mentioned 1002
Dennison, William N. Mentioned 1049
Denniston, Harvey G. Mentioned 971
Denslow, William J. Mentioned 977, 1187
Dent, Frederick T.
Assignment to command 884
Correspondence with U. S. Grant 18, 832, 1069
Mentioned 18, 282, 728, 766, 884, 1057, 1066, 1144, 1172, 1257
Dent, Frederick T., Mrs. Mentioned 757
Dent, John T. Mentioned 1028
De Russy, Gustavus A.
Correspondence with Christopher C. Augur 773
Mentioned 1043, 1301
Deserters. Action touching. Communications from
Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, C. S. A 1356
Anderson, George T 1355
Hancock, Winfield S 194
Lee, Robert E 1353, 1357
Longstreet, James 1354
Ord, Edward O. C 65
De Trobriand, Regis.
Assignment to command 1302
Correspondence with
Humphreys, Andrew A 601, 625, 627, 628, 646, 672, 854, 860
McAllister, Robert 673
Mott, Gershom 359, 360, 416, 475
Pierce, Byron R 673
Shepherd, Russell B 673
Weygant, Charles H 219
Mentioned 346–348, 350, 355, 357–359, 406, 415–417, 471, 473–475, 601, 603, 623, 625, 644, 645, 670, 672, 673, 687, 690, 691, 706, 855, 860–862, 878, 879, 1028, 1067, 1068, 1075, 1085, 1101, 1107, 1115, 1119, 1127, 1128, 1150, 1183, 1234, 1300, 1302–1304, 1309
Staff. Announcement of 1303
Devens, Charles.
Assignment to command 1314
Correspondence with
Angel, James R 587
Foster, Robert S 163

Page.

Devens, Charles—Continued.
Correspondence with
Roberts, Samuel H 190
Turner, John W 1094
Weitzel, Godfrey 212, 273, 274, 328, 383, 384, 442, 501, 502, 539
Mentioned 34, 213, 567, 587, 815, 884, 962, 1015, 1036, 1088, 1313, 1314
Devin, Thomas C.
Correspondence with Philip H. Sheridan 676
Mentioned 15, 24, 25, 36, 80, 106, 166, 191, 234, 267, 339, 364, 381, 391, 392, 434, 489, 551, 562, 610, 633, 634, 653, 676, 709, 722, 733, 812, 813, 908, 909, 935, 948, 961, 989, 1048, 1120, 1191, 1211
Devors, ———. Mentioned 613
De Winstanley, Henry H. Mentioned 975
De Witt, David P. Mentioned 1041
De Witt, Sewell W. Mentioned 856, 859
De Witt, William R. Mentioned 971, 1303
D. H. Mount, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Dial, Absalom S. Mentioned 1035
Diamond State, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Dickenson, ———. Mentioned 1390
Dickenson, Crispin. Mentioned 1323, 1333
Dickey, William D. Mentioned 975, 1031
Diehl, John J. Mentioned 973, 975
Digges, C. N. Mentioned 772
Dillard, R. K. Mentioned 1250
Dillingham, Lucius A.
Correspondence with
Carothers, Adam K 245
Davis, Charles L 245, 247, 262, 402, 403, 461, 462
Fearey, Thomas H 402, 403
Humphrey, James R 461
Jordan, Amos C 247
Judson, Horace 247
Meade, George G 485
Norton, Lemuel B 247
Paine, Jedediah C 245, 247
Wardwell, Edward H 344, 345, 401–403
Mentioned 262
Dillon, Richard S. Mentioned 982
Dilworth, Porter & Co. Mentioned 1264
Dimmick, Eugene D. Mentioned 1053
Dimock, George. Mentioned 1210
Dinnin, James R. Mentioned 1048
Dinwiddie Court-House, Va. Engagement at, March 31, 1865. Communications from
Grant, U. S 332, 378
Meade, George G 340, 364
Sheridan, Philip H 339, 381
Warren, Gouverneur K 364
District of Columbia. Military Department embracing 1298
District of Columbia Troops. Mentioned.
Cavalry—*Regiments:* **1st**, 1033.
Infantry—*Regiments:* **2d**, 1043.
Diven, Alexander S. Mentioned 392
Diven, Charles W. Mentioned 110

Page.

Dix, John A.
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 543, 843, 1227
Grant, U. S 1252
Lincoln, Abraham 618
State Department, U. S 59
War Department, U. S 543, 592, 640, 683, 744, 780, 781, 843, 875, 952, 989, 1004
Mentioned 392, 702, 886, 965–967, 1050, 1250
Doane, Charles R. Mentioned 1038
Dobbs, Cyrus J. Mentioned 661
Dockun, Warren C. Mentioned 791
Dodamead, Thomas.
Correspondence with
Angel, C. J 1388, 1390
Meade, George G 917, 942–944
Wingo, J. P 1385
Wright, Horatio G 959
Mentioned 907, 942, 945, 946
Dodd, Levi A. Mentioned 1014, 1042
Dodge, Grenville M. Mentioned 87
Dodt, Helenus. Mentioned 834
Dolloff, Charles W. Mentioned 791
Dominy, Levi S. Mentioned 1036
Don, U. S. S. Mentioned 588
Donaldson, Effingham. Mentioned 1292
Donohoe, Michael T. Mentioned 734, 1036
Donovan, John H. Mentioned 1054
Doolittle, Isaac. Mentioned 971
Dornin, Thomas A.
Correspondence with Navy Department, U. S 588
Mentioned 591
Dorrance, O. H. Correspondence with Winfield S. Hancock 828
Dorsey, Stephen W. Mentioned 1027
Dotze, Augustus. Correspondence with Nathan Wilkinson 279
Doubleday, Ulysses. Mentioned 1037
Dougherty, Alexander N. Mentioned 589
Douglass, Harvey F. Mentioned 1305
Downey, John. Mentioned 1045
Downie, Mark W. Mentioned 1028
Downing, John. Mentioned 1037
Doyle, Richard N. Mentioned 1039
Draper, Alonzo G. Mentioned 213, 1037
Draper, Simeon. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 1004
Drew, Charles H. For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *James Barnes.*
Drew, George A. Mentioned 47
Driscoll, ———. Mentioned 220–222
Driscoll, Cornelius F. Mentioned 1041
Driscoll, John J. Mentioned 1051
Driver, William R.
Correspondence with Gershom Mott 415
Mentioned 1183, 1303
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Gershom Mott;* also *Regis de Trobriand.*
D. R. Martin, Steamer. Mentioned 1207
Drown, Azro. Mentioned 1210

Page.
Drum, William F. Mentioned 1030, 1186
Drysdale, James. Mentioned 1047
Duane, James C.
Correspondence with
Barnard, John G 719
Meade, George G 403, 823, 853
Spaulding, Ira 704
Warren, Gouverneur K 257
Mentioned 991, 994, 1075, 1241, 1263
Du Bose, Dudley M. Mentioned 610, 787, 1332
Duff, Thomas. Mentioned 760
Duke, Basil W. Mentioned 1391
Duncan, Alender P. Mentioned 1049
Duncan, Edwin A. Mentioned 861
Duncan, J. A. Correspondence with Jefferson Davis 1388
Dunham, William G. Mentioned 1032
Dunn, Martin. Mentioned 1051
Dunn, William McK., jr. Mentioned 458, 573
Dunn, William M. S.
Correspondence with Lewis E. Harvie 848, 1391
Mentioned 848, 849, 877
Dupont, Charles. Mentioned 1041
Du Pont, Henry A. Mentioned 1047
Durland, Coe. Mentioned 1048
Duryea, Richard C. Mentioned 193, 1047
Dutton, Charles K. Mentioned 975
Dutton, Clarence E.
Correspondence with
Grant, U, S 74
Parker, Francis H 75
Mentioned 50
Duval, Isaac H.
Correspondence with Alfred T. A. Torbert 1071
Mentioned 72, 108, 506, 508, 1047, 1065, 1089, 1109, 1174, 1256, 1285
Dwight, Charles C. Mentioned 1190
Dwight, William.
Correspondence with Winfield S. Hancock 94, 541, 571, 682, 726, 741, 755, 774, 775, 803, 840
Mentioned 701, 726, 755, 839, 841, 869, 872, 951, 1040, 1181, 1188, 1189, 1207, 1208, 1233, 1236, 1281
Dyer, Alexander B. Mentioned 1007, 1155, 1246
For correspondence, etc., see *Ordnance Department, U. S. A.*
Dyer, Isaac. Mentioned 1040, 1189
Earle, James D. Mentioned 531, 909
Early, Jubal A.
Correspondence with Robert E. Lee 1358, 1362, 1366
Mentioned 36, 444, 507, 852, 1065, 1321, 1322, 1332, 1362
Relieved from command of Department of Western Virginia and East Tennessee 1362
East, Department of the.
Constituted 1298
Hooker, Joseph, assigned to command of 1298
Orders, General, series 1865—*Dix:* **No. 31,** 886. *Peck:* **No. 26,** 702; **No. 29,** 782.

Page.

East, Department of the—Continued.
Peck, John J., assumes temporary command of 702
Union troops in. Organization, strength, etc.
March, 31, 1865 392
April 30, 1865 1050–1054
Eastern Virginia, District of. Affairs in, generally. Communication from George H. Gordon 443
Eastman, Thomas H. Correspondence with Navy Department, U. S 902
Easton, Langdon C. Mentioned 1125, 1126
Eaton, Amos B.
Correspondence with Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 822
Mentioned 845, 1155
For other correspondence, see *Subsistence Department, U. S. A.*
Eaton, John B. Mentioned 1042, 1190
Echols, John.
Assignment to command 1363
Mentioned 678, 832, 842, 868, 872. 873. 1065, 1319, 1331, 1332, 1338, 1363, 1366, 1389
Eckert, Thomas T.
Correspondence with
Bates, D. Homer 775
Beckwith, Samuel H 937, 964
Bowers, Theodore S 895
Grant, U. S 744
Halleck, Henry W 1006, 1175, 1180
Maynard, George C 775
Meade, George G 745, 786
Ord, Edward O. C 745
Patrick, Marsena R 745
Sheridan, Philip H 786
Stewart, ——— 775
War Department, U. S 952
Mentioned 895
For correspondence as Acting Assistant Secretary, see *War Department, U. S.*
Eckman, Charles W. Mentioned 1031
Edgar, Lewis S. Mentioned 971
Edie, John R. Mentioned 1045
Edmands, J. Cushing. Mentioned 924, 958, 995, 1029, 1186
Edmands, Thomas F. Mentioned 1035
Edmunds, George F. Correspondence with State Department, U. S 280
Edwards, Albert M. Mentioned 978
Edwards, G. M. Mentioned 1367
Edwards, John. Mentioned 1043
Edwards, Oliver.
Correspondence with Frank Wheaton 426
Mentioned 141, 174, 181, 203, 426, 427, 649, 1031, 1060, 1061, 1086, 1289, 1305
Relieved from command of 3d Brigade, 1st Division, 6th Army Corps 1289
Edwards, W. A. Correspondence with Briscoe G. Baldwin 641
Egan, Thomas W.
Correspondence with Winfield S. Hancock 702, 775, 805, 841, 869, 904
Mentioned 49, 59, 94, 95, 108, 193, 239, 241, 506, 590, 755, 839, 1047, 1098
Egan, William. Mentioned 1040
Egbert, George T. Mentioned 1027
Eiche, Louis. Mentioned 975, 1030, 1186
Eichelberger, Grayson M. Mentioned 760
Einsiedel, Detleo von. Mentioned 1034

Page.

Ekin, James A.
Correspondence with Rufus Ingalls 74
Mentioned 73, 890
Elder, George T. Mentioned 1037
Elder, Samuel S. Mentioned 384, 1036
Ella, Tug. Mentioned 821, 913
Ella Knight, Steamer. Mentioned 821
Elliott, William. Mentioned 1305
Elliott, Wyatt M. Mentioned 1372
Ellsworth, Darius F. Mentioned 1303
Ely, Ralph.
Correspondence with Orlando B. Willcox 632
Mentioned 318, 511, 523, 556, 652, 721, 876, 890, 1039, 1189, 1207, 1271
Embler, A. Henry. Mentioned 270, 696, 986, 1214
For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *John Gibbon.*
Emerson, Charles W. Mentioned 1033
Emory, Campbell D. Mentioned 228, 255, 555, 1241, 1305
Emory, William H.
Assignments to command 506, 898
Correspondence with
Carlin, William P 1231, 1245
Davis, Edwin P 26, 48, 58
Greenfield, Andrew J 1272
Hancock, Winfield S 48, 193, 239, 240, 570, 775, 829, 830, 840, 871, 904, 914, 934, 949, 950, 989, 1104, 1121, 1161, 1219, 1256, 1285, 1311
Hayes, Rutherford B 914, 935, 936, 951
McMillan, James W 240, 638, 727, 1141
Oley, John H 831, 873
Stevenson, John D 1003
Torbert, Alfred T. A 934, 1243
Walker, Duncan S 26
West Virginia, Governor of 702, 1116
Mentioned 16, 27, 52, 331, 391, 506, 508, 638, 828, 839, 898, 936, 951, 1038, 1046, 1065, 1227, 1231, 1236, 1243, 1245, 1256, 1272, 1371
Engineer Department, U. S. A. Correspondence with
Alexander, Barton S 1063
Grant, U. S 875
War Department, U. S 1099
Enochs, William H. Correspondence with Nathan Wilkinson 17, 86
Ensminger, John T. Mentioned 1045
Esmond Richard. Mentioned 979
Evans, Andrew W. Mentioned 22, 66, 1033
Evans, Clement A. Mentioned 19, 1387
Evans, David. Mentioned 1043
Evans, David M. Mentioned 1033
Evans, Edwin A. Mentioned 1033
Everts, Orpheus.
Correspondence with Thomas A. McParlin 128
Mentioned 1234
Ewell, Richard S.
Correspondence with
Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, C. S. A 1375
Archer, R. P 1381
Carrington, Isaac H 1380
Grant, U. S 787

Page.

Ewell, Richard S.—Continued.
Correspondence with
Lee, Robert E 1380, 1382, 1384, 1385
Longstreet, James 1317, 1324, 1326, 1330, 1332, 1338, 1347, 1376, 1377
Marshall, Charles 1375
War Department, C. S 1317, 1318, 1332, 1380
Mentioned 574, 596, 605, 610, 625, 640, 692, 693, 852, 1013, 1331, 1332, 1347, 1363, 1370, 1373–1375, 1379, 1381, 1384
Ewing, Hugh. Mentioned 847
Faehtz, Ernest F. M. Mentioned 924, 1030, 1186
Fahy, John. Mentioned 1251, 1303
Fairchild, Harrison S. Mentioned 190, 1035, 1192
Fairfax Court-House, Va. Scout into Loudoun County from. See *Loudoun County, Va. Scout from Fairfax Court-House into, April 8–10, 1865.*
Falck, William. Mentioned 1054
Fardella, Enrico. Correspondence with Charles K. Graham 388
Farmville, Va. Engagement at, April 7, 1865. Communications from Andrew A. Humphreys 623–625
Farmville, Va., Telegraph Operator at. Correspondence with
Subsistence Department, C. S. A 1383
War Department, C. S 1383
Farnham, Augustus B. Mentioned 980
Farnsworth, Ezra S. Mentioned 971
Farragut, David G. Mentioned 807
Farrar, Henry W. Mentioned 630, 792, 824
Faxon, William C. Mentioned 1210
Fearey, Thomas H.
Correspondence with Lucius A. Dillingham 402, 403
Mentioned 461, 462
Fenn, Augustus H. Mentioned 239
Fenton, Reuben E. Mentioned 875, 886, 887
For correspondence, etc., see *New York, Governor of.*
Ferrero, Edward,
Assumes command of Infantry Division, Defenses of Bermuda Hundred .. 56
Correspondence with
Clark, Hiram E. W 909
Hartsuff, George L 499
Kibbe, George C 190, 569, 615, 713
McKibbin, Gilbert H 190, 713
Weitzel, Godfrey 568, 569
Mentioned 44, 56, 340, 440, 499, 537, 581, 613–615, 680, 933, 1034, 1070, 1151, 1197, 1198, 1213
Ferry, Orris S. Mentioned 1045
Fesq, Frank. Mentioned 791
Fessenden, Francis. Mentioned 1135, 1243
Fessenden, James D.
Correspondence with Winfield S. Hancock 49, 96, 508, 572
Mentioned 1040, 1189, 1208
Fessenden, William Pitt. Mentioned 61
Field, Charles W.
Correspondence with
Anderson, George T 1355
Longstreet, James 1317, 1324, 1326, 1343, 1355, 1358, 1373, 1374
Mentioned 161, 212, 237, 238, 383, 596, 670, 1325, 1332, 1356, 1363, 1365, 1372, 1373, 1375–1377, 1386

Page.
Field, Francis A. Mentioned 1051
Field, Thomas Y. Mentioned 846
Finegan, Joseph.
Mentioned 273, 441, 1327
Relieved from duty with Army of Northern Virginia 1327
Finkelmeier, John P. Mentioned 862, 1303
Finley, Henry H. Mentioned 926, 928, 929, 1305
Finney, Charles G. Mentioned 1059, 1305
Finney, W. A. J. Mentioned 1129
Fish, Hamilton. Correspondence with Abraham Lincoln 618
Fish, Henry H. Mentioned 979
Fisher, Fort. See *Fort Fisher.*
Fisk, Clinton B.
Assignment to duty 1170
Mentioned 1170
Fisk, Henry C. Mentioned 1031
Fisk, John. Mentioned 1049
Fitch, Joseph B. Mentioned 301
Fite, John B. Mentioned 1028
Fitts, James G. Mentioned 1305
Fitts, Sanford. Mentioned 1129
Fitzhugh, Charles L. Mentioned 391, 1048, 1191
Fitzhugh, Robert H. Mentioned 180
Fitzhugh, Thaddeus. Mentioned 588, 590, 592
Fitzpatrick, Patrick. Mentioned 1035
Fitz Simons, Charles.
Correspondence with Alfred T. A. Torbert 885, 935
Mentioned 951, 989, 1003
Five Forks, Va.
Battle of, April 1, 1865. Communications from
Bibber, Andrew H 435
Chamberlain, Joshua L 924
Grant, U. S 394, 396, 397, 431
Lincoln, Abraham 392
Meade, George G 407
Skirmish near, March 30, 1865. Communications from
Grant, U. S 281, 283
Merritt, Wesley 326
Parker, Ely S 281, 302
Sheridan, Philip H 323, 324
Flagler, Daniel W. Correspondence with
Halleck, Henry W 1007
Ordnance Department, U. S. A 1007
Flags. Captured and lost. Communications from
Abbot, Henry L 386
Davis, Charles L 851
Meade, George G 219, 344, 791
Miles, Nelson A 356
Niles, Peter H 851
Parke, John G 220, 386
Sheridan, Philip H 722
Weygant, Charles H 219
Wright, Horatio G 790, 792, 824
Flandreau, Thomas M. Mentioned 972

Page.

Flat Creek, near Amelia Springs, Va. Skirmish at, April 6, 1865. Communications from
Humphreys, Andrew A 598–600
Meade, George G 595
Flesher, William H. Mentioned 963
Flint, Edward A. Mentioned 1075, 1241
Flippin, Charles W. Mentioned 1129
Florida. Military Department embracing 1299
Florida, Department of. (Union.)
Constituted 1299
Foster, John G., assigned to command of 1299
Floyd, Horace W. Mentioned 1031
Follett, Frederick M. Mentioned 1038
Folsom, Charles W. Mentioned 1126, 1198, 1292
Folwell, William W.
Correspondence with George G. Meade 945
Mentioned 705, 1019, 1020, 1067
Foote, Augustus R. S. Mentioned 932
Forbes, J. Harris. Mentioned 1336
Ford, ———. Mentioned 644
Ford, John T. Mentioned 815
Ford, Wayland F. Mentioned 1033
Forney, William H. Mentioned 1379
Forrest, Nathan B. Mentioned 726
Forrester, Charles W. Mentioned 860, 861
Forsyth, George A. For correspondence as A. D. C., see *Philip H. Sheridan.*
Forsyth, James W.
Correspondence with
Grant, U. S. 67
Newhall, Frederic C 795
Sheridan, Philip H 68
Mentioned 15, 35, 336, 666, 812
For correspondence as Chief of Staff, see *Philip H. Sheridan.*
Fort Delaware, Del., Commanding Officer at. Correspondence with Gouverneur Carr 806
Fort Fisher, Va. Action at, March 25, 1865.
Casualties. Returns of. Union Troops 145, 172
Communications from
Meade, George G 112, 140, 141
Wright, Horatio G 139–144, 181, 182
Fort Monroe, Va., Telegraph Operator at. Correspondence with George H. Gordon 215
Fort Stedman, Va. Assault on, March 25, 1865.
Casualties. Returns of. Union Troops 156, 157, 172
Communications from
Grant, U. S 113, 162
Hartranft, John F 156
Hunt, Henry J 113, 114
Meade, George G 112–115, 121, 150–155, 206
Parke, John G 109, 121, 123, 137, 138, 145–150, 152–159, 184, 185, 232
Ruggles, George D 115
Willcox, Orlando B 157, 158, 186
Congratulatory Orders. Willcox 264
Foster, U. S. S. Mentioned 1108
Foster, George P. Mentioned 1031

Page.

Foster, John G.
Assignment to command 1299
Mentioned 1299
Foster, Lafayette S. Mentioned 807
Foster, Robert S.
Congratulatory Orders. Assault upon and capture of fortified lines in front of Petersburg, Va., April 2, 1865 837
Correspondence with
Devens, Charles 163
Gibbon, John 103, 189, 270, 695, 748
Plaisted, Harris M 163
Turner, John W 1070, 1094
Mentioned 34, 163, 189, 211, 236, 237, 319, 374–376, 379, 430, 434, 447, 449, 498, 594, 611, 796, 837, 838, 881, 1035, 1055, 1088
Fowler, William. Mentioned 971, 1303
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Joseph J. Bartlett.*
Fox, Gustavus V. For correspondence as Assistant Secretary, see *Navy Department, U. S.*
Franklin, Benjamin. Correspondence with Timothy Ingraham 1025
Franklin, Walter S. Mentioned 959, 960, 1011, 1012, 1140, 1156
Franklin, William B. Mentioned 239
Fraser, John. Mentioned 1027
Frazer, John W. Mentioned 787
Freedley, Henry W. Mentioned 1044
Freedmen. Action touching. Communications from
Halleck, Henry W 1291
Hartsuff, George L 1288
Terry, Alfred H 1282
War Department, U. S 1283
Freedmen's Bureau. See *Refugees, Freedmen, and Abandoned Lands. Bureau of.*
Freeman, Horace W. Mentioned 1045
French, George. Mentioned 979
Frink, Henry A. Mentioned 1045
Fritz, Peter, jr. Mentioned 1028
Fry, James B. Correspondence with
Casey, Silas 1006
Halleck, Henry W 1006
Weitzel, Godfrey 1006
Fry, William H. Mentioned 1049
Fulton, W. J. Mentioned 1129
Funk, West. Mentioned 707, 979, 1030
Furst, George. Mentioned 1047
Gaebel, Frederick A. H. Mentioned 1044
Gage, Charles F. Mentioned 861, 1029
Gaillard, Peter C. Mentioned 1332
Galena, U. S. S. Mentioned 616
Gallager, John H. Mentioned 1028
Gallaway, Thomas S., jr. Mentioned 305
Gallupe, George S. Mentioned 1043
Gamble, William.
Correspondence with
Albright, Charles 26, 701
Augur, Christopher C 25, 47, 48, 71, 84, 94, 108, 444, 507, 638, 661, 662, 700, 701, 715, 716, 752, 753, 772, 801, 802, 829, 902, 911, 912, 1194
Clendenin, David R 802

Page.

Gamble, William—Continued.
Correspondence with
Nicholson, John 819
Slough, John P 1275
Sterrett, William N 700
Wells, Henry H 25
Mentioned 25, 444, 751, 773, 911, 1043, 1148, 1167
Gansevoort, Henry S.
Correspondence with Christopher C. Augur 84
Mentioned 754, 1043
Garden, Hugh R. Mentioned 1344
Gardner, Albert Mentioned 1048
Gardner, Robert J. Mentioned 986
Garfield, Henry T. Mentioned 977
Garrett, John W.
Correspondence with War Department, U. S 757, 843
Mentioned 1312
Gary, Martin W.
Correspondence with James Longstreet 1325, 1330, 1333, 1348, 1353, 1361, 1366, 1377, 1378
Mentioned 1324, 1326, 1333, 1344, 1347, 1349, 1351, 1352, 1357, 1360, 1361, 1365, 1373–1377
Gause, Harlan. Mentioned 926, 927
Gawthrop, Henry. Mentioned 920, 926, 927, 1305
Geddis, John B. Mentioned 834
General Jesup, U. S. S. Mentioned 17, 1108
Georgia. Military Department embracing 1299
Georgia, Department of. (Union.)
Constituted 1299
Steedman, James B., assigned to command of 1299
Georgia Troops Mentioned.
Artillery, Light—*Battalions:* **9th**, 1331, 1344.
Cavalry—*Regiments:* **8th**, 76.
Infantry—*Battalions:* **18th**, 237, 791. *Regiments:* **11th**, 1346; **13th**, 90; **21st**, 86; **26th**, 373, 387; **38th**, 90, 204; **41st**, 834; **44th**, 263; **45th**, 31.
Gerard, John C. Mentioned 1304
Gerker, Frederick. Mentioned 972, 1305
Gerrish, Hiram F. Mentioned 1214
Gerry, Edson. Mentioned 1048
Gessler, Bernhard. Mentioned 1031
Getchell, Thomas. Mentioned 1041
Getty, George W.
Assignment to command 1302
Correspondence with Horatio G. Wright 202, 231, 425, 1310
Mentioned 112, 141, 145, 174, 424, 427, 521, 522, 580, 648, 692, 708, 721, 791, 893, 907, 930, 931, 947, 960, 985, 1031, 1069, 1155, 1156, 1200, 1204, 1212, 1230, 1235, 1237, 1242, 1245, 1259, 1260, 1291, 1302, 1303, 1308
Staff Announcement of 1303
Ghiselin, James T.
Correspondence with Philip H. Sheridan 530
Mentioned 58, 1223
Gibbon, John.
Assignment to command 52
Correspondence with
Cooley, John 322
Easton, Robert S 103, 189, 270, 695, 748

Page.

Gibbon, John—Continued.
Correspondence with
Grant, U. S 102, 162, 654, 694, 695, 709-711, 722, 734, 1238
Griffin, Charles 706
Humphreys, Andrew A 225, 322
Mackenzie, Ranald S 696
Meade, George G 734, 813, 881
Merritt, Wesley 693
Munford, Thomas T 880
Ord, Edward O. C 33, 43, 65, 102, 103, 162, 163, 375, 379, 635, 761, 796, 826, 866, 1111, 1165, 1200, 1218
Osborn, Thomas O 1192
Sheridan, Philip H 654
Turner, John W 211, 237, 270, 319, 323, 433, 696
War Department, U. S 78
Williams, Seth 722
Farewell Orders of, to 24th Army Corps 1270
Mentioned 34, 52, 65, 103, 104, 163, 165, 170, 189, 210, 226, 227, 249, 270, 322, 323, 390, 405, 413, 433, 447, 449, 467, 471, 493-495, 573, 576, 594, 604, 605, 611, 621, 622, 624, 626, 629-631, 633, 634, 653, 654, 666, 668, 671, 685, 686, 688, 691, 693, 695, 696, 706, 719, 748, 758, 789, 796, 810, 814, 824, 835, 851, 877, 878, 923, 986, 1006, 1019, 1032, 1035, 1094, 1111, 1156, 1167, 1168, 1184, 1200, 1203, 1209, 1218, 1271, 1290, 1315, 1347, 1348, 1371, 1376
Staff. Announcements of 1213, 1304
Gibbs, Alfred. Mentioned 381, 391, 920, 951, 963, 1049, 1191, 1300
Gibbs, Frank C. Mentioned 1047
Gibbs, John S. Mentioned 1242
Gibbs, Wesley. Mentioned 791
Gibson, Augustus A. Mentioned 1054
Gibson, Charles J. Mentioned 760
Gibson, George. Mentioned 1259
Gifford, Benjamin. Mentioned 791
Gifford, Haviland.
Correspondence with Gershom Mott 415
Mentioned 475, 1028
Gilbert, Benjamin F. Mentioned 1049
Gilbert, Thomas S. Mentioned 275
Gilchrist, Alexander. Correspondence with
Patrick, Marsena R 864
Woolley, John 986
Gile, George W.
Correspondence with Christopher C. Augur 751, 1002, 1024
Mentioned 1041, 1071, 1096
Gilkyson, Stephen R. Mentioned 1031, 1103
Gillespie, George L. Mentioned 300
Gillett, Cornelius. Mentioned 1210
Gillmore, Quincy A.
Assignment to command 1299
Mentioned 170, 788, 1167, 1233, 1299
Relieved from command of Department of the South 788
Relief of, from command revoked 833
Gilmer, Jeremy F. Mentioned 1389, 1390
Gist, Moses B. Mentioned 1030, 1186
Givin, James. Mentioned 1037
Givin, Samuel I. Mentioned 1304
Glassie, Daniel W. Mentioned 1046

Page.
Gleason, James. Mentioned 1303
Glenn, Edwin A. Mentioned 971
Glenn, W. R. Mentioned 644
Glenny, William. Mentioned 1027
Gobin, J. P. Shindel. Mentioned 1040, 1189
Goddard, Robert H. I. Mentioned 1089
Goldsmith, Howard H. Correspondence with Alfred T. A. Torbert 951, 963, 989, 1003
Goodrich, Willis L. For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *Godfrey Weitzel.*
Goodwin, Miss. Mentioned 1078
Gordon, Abram M. E. Mentioned 862
Gordon, George H.
Address of, to citizens of District of Eastern Virginia 838
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 443
Fort Monroe, Va., Telegraph Operator at 215
Halleck, Henry W 1001, 1121
Ludlow, Benjamin C 1121, 1130
Michie, Peter S 214
Ord, Edward O. C 12, 45, 57, 215, 569, 587, 799, 941, 1226
Roberts, Joseph 45
Vogdes, Israel 57
War Department, U. S 799, 941
Weitzel, Godfrey 569, 660, 740
Mentioned 42, 45, 46, 50, 269, 390, 567, 681, 797, 938, 940, 986, 1032, 1034, 1184, 1213, 1214
Staff. Announcement of 191
Gordon, George W. Mentioned 787
Gordon, John B.
Correspondence with
Grimes, Bryan 1387, 1390
Lee, Robert E 1385, 1387
Parke, John G 157
Mentioned 6, 7, 19, 29, 77, 109, 116, 123, 152, 153, 204, 218, 237, 267, 314, 333, 366, 373, 458, 600, 643, 644, 666, 686, 852, 1379, 1385, 1387, 1388, 1390, 1393, 1394
Gordon, Leonard. Mentioned 1041
Gordon, William F., jr. Mentioned 1315
Gordon, Zelotus G. Mentioned 1188
Gorgas, John A. Mentioned 1046
Gould, Ezra P. Mentioned 1040
Gowan, George W. Mentioned 486, 487
Gracie, Archibald, jr. Mentioned 30, 125, 127, 248, 282, 288, 289, 405
Graham, Captain. Mentioned 1332
Graham, Charles K.
Assignment to command 57
Correspondence with
Fardella, Enrico 388
Lewis, George W 329
Ord, Edward O. C 569
Mentioned 44, 57, 388, 740, 1034, 1108, 1216, 1226
Graham, Samuel. Mentioned 1046
Graham, William M. Mentioned 1043
Gramm, William. Mentioned 963
Grandy, Cyrus W. Mentioned 1369

Page.

Granger, Warren, jr. Mentioned 1035
Grant, John V. Mentioned 1048
Grant, Lewis A.
Correspondence with Horatio G. Wright 998
Mentioned 182, 985, 1031, 1305
Grant, U, S.
Congratulatory Orders to Armies of the United States 1248
Correspondence with
Abbot, Henry L 385
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 28, 61, 642, 1112, 1298
Augur, Christopher C 58, 70, 83, 868, 885, 1116, 1138, 1226
Babcock, Orville E 13, 14, 18, 35, 334
Barlow, Francis C 1194
Barnard, John G 1143, 1272
Bates, D. Homer 1203
Benham, Henry W 116
Bowers, Theodore S 241, 242, 281, 334, 343, 393, 394, 448–450, 509, 510, 594, 595, 669
Campbell, John A 723
Collins, Joseph B 745, 1066
Collis, Charles H. T 638, 660
Crook, George 1177, 1190
Cullum, George W 1250, 1252
Davies, Henry E., jr 1212
Dent, Frederick T 18, 832, 1069
Dix, John A 1252
Dutton, Clarence E 74
Eckert, Thomas T 744
Engineer Department, U. S. A 875
Ewell, Richard S 787
Forsyth, James W 67
Gibbon, John 102, 162, 654, 694, 695, 709–711, 722, 734, 1238
Grant, U. S., Mrs 757
Halleck, Henry W 87, 97, 111, 170, 218, 718, 757, 888, 889, 954, 1005, 1016, 1055, 1073, 1074, 1081, 1082, 1106, 1110, 1111, 1117, 1123, 1133, 1138, 1142, 1149, 1167–1169, 1174, 1175, 1185, 1202, 1203, 1209, 1232, 1240, 1244, 1246
Hancock, Winfield S 36, 37, 58, 68, 69, 81, 215, 616, 838–840, 868, 1065, 1095, 1216, 1239, 1275, 1281
Hartsuff, George L 536–538, 680
Hudson, Peter T 457
Humphreys, Andrew A 513, 622, 1309
Hunt, Henry J 114
Ingalls, Rufus 809, 849, 850, 876, 956, 1118, 1124, 1203
James, William L 24
Johnson, Andrew 1287
King, Adam E 1269
Lee, Robert E 619, 641, 664–666, 1013, 1275, 1286
Lincoln, Abraham 50, 86, 280, 281, 332, 393, 394, 447, 449, 545, 593
Markland, A. H 810
Mason, Julius W 1066, 1176
Meade, George G 3, 4, 18, 28, 29, 62, 63, 72, 73, 112, 113, 170–172, 195–197, 202, 205, 218, 219, 224, 242–244, 282–286, 324, 334–342, 395–400, 408, 422, 451–459, 484, 511–513, 545–547, 575–577, 595, 596, 620, 621, 636, 642, 667, 668, 687, 703, 719, 728, 745, 758, 787, 810, 822, 823, 832, 833, 848, 849, 1055, 1056, 1134, 1175, 1194, 1222, 1247, 1255, 1259

Page.

Grant, U. S.—Continued.
Correspondence with
Merritt, Wesley 1177
Morris, William W 727
Nichols, Edward T 616
Ord, Edward O. C 9, 10, 21, 31–33, 41, 42, 55, 65, 77, 78, 90, 99, 100, 160–162, 165, 187, 188, 207–209, 236, 267–269, 318–321, 374–378, 429–432, 492–495, 532, 533, 583, 611, 634, 635, 723, 724, 735, 736, 762, 763, 796, 797, 814, 815, 825, 826, 835, 836, 864, 865, 1013, 1076, 1077, 1160, 1177, 1178, 1224, 1230
Parke, John G 139, 145, 146, 263, 316, 486, 607, 649, 1223, 1268
Parkersburg, W. Va., Commanding Officer at 1285
Patrick, Marsena R 729
Paymaster-General's Office, U. S. A 1180
Porter, David D 111, 112, 173, 245
Quartermaster-General's Office, U. S. A 1162, 1169
Rawlins, John A 1082, 1149, 1152
Russell, Charles S 1295
Sharpe, George H 851, 1158
Sheridan, Philip H 14, 24, 46, 47, 67, 68, 79, 80, 90, 165, 166, 215, 234, 266, 323–325, 339, 380, 381, 434, 488, 489, 528–530, 556, 557, 573, 582, 609, 610, 633, 652, 653, 676, 733, 747, 760, 761, 793–795, 811, 825, 894, 1076, 1087, 1093, 1136
Sherman, William T 510, 761, 793
Smith, William 704
State Department, U. S 38
Stevenson, John D 1217
Wallace, Lew 873, 1261
War Department, U. S 3, 27, 28, 38, 50, 51, 61, 62, 72, 109, 110, 170, 194, 195, 217, 241, 545, 572, 573, 640, 641, 663, 664, 684, 685, 715, 756, 757, 786, 818, 888, 1015, 1066, 1081, 1101, 1161, 1167, 1231, 1232, 1236, 1237, 1246, 1254, 1257, 1276, 1287
Warren, Gouverneur K 501, 535, 536, 585, 679, 896, 1069, 1103
Washburne, Elihu B 758
Weitzel, Godfrey 237, 238, 271, 272, 327, 328, 382, 383, 437, 438, 495–498, 533–535, 566, 567, 658, 697, 1160, 1193, 1201, 1206, 1225, 1230, 1251, 1253, 1260–1262
Williams, Seth 612
Wright, Horatio G 631, 1102, 1290
Mentioned 4, 16, 23, 30, 40, 41, 43, 51, 57, 59, 62, 67, 69, 70, 74, 81–83, 85, 87, 96, 97, 106, 109, 110, 112, 113, 116, 153, 161–163, 166, 167, 169, 187, 192, 196, 200, 202, 205, 211, 241, 259, 280, 283, 285, 300, 302–304, 306, 321, 332, 333, 336, 338, 347, 348, 369, 372, 375, 382, 383, 385, 386, 392, 401, 406–408, 420, 422, 439, 441, 442, 446, 447, 450, 456, 460, 464, 473, 476, 477, 479, 483, 484, 488, 494, 498–501, 508, 509, 513, 515, 516, 530, 536, 537, 539, 544, 545, 549, 557, 558, 564, 568, 570, 573, 574, 585, 592, 607, 619, 621, 624, 626, 630, 631, 636, 640, 656, 658, 659, 661, 663, 666–669, 673, 676, 679, 680, 683, 684, 687, 688, 692, 693, 698, 699, 704, 709, 711, 713, 714, 716, 717, 719, 722, 724, 725, 728–730, 735, 739, 744–747, 749, 754, 757, 763, 765, 780, 785, 787, 788, 796, 797, 800, 803, 805, 807, 809, 810, 812, 813, 816, 820, 822, 826, 828, 830, 831, 833, 837, 839, 841, 849–853, 864, 873–876, 880, 882, 885, 889, 892, 895, 904, 915, 916, 918–920, 934, 939–941, 950, 954, 955, 968, 1000, 1006, 1057, 1069, 1072, 1074, 1076, 1088, 1090, 1091, 1101–1104, 1106, 1108, 1109, 1111, 1116, 1118, 1122–1124, 1133, 1134, 1136, 1138, 1143, 1162, 1165, 1172, 1173, 1175, 1176, 1177, 1179, 1194, 1198, 1203, 1206, 1212, 1218, 1220, 1222, 1224, 1226, 1238, 1239, 1251, 1252, 1255, 1262, 1272, 1276, 1286, 1290, 1295, 1298, 1314, 1315, 1319, 1358, 1360, 1362, 1368, 1371, 1390, 1393, 1394
Staff. Announcement of 1057

Page.

Grant, U. S., Mrs.
Correspondence with U. S. Grant 757
Mentioned 1152, 1169
Grantsynn, William S. Mentioned 975, 1030, 1186
Gravelly Run, Va.
Engagement near. See *Lewis' Farm, Va. Engagement at, near Gravelly Run, March 29, 1865.*
Skirmishes on the line of. See *Hatcher's Run and Gravelly Run, Va. Skirmishes on the line of, March 30, 1865.*
Graves, Charles H. Mentioned 1270, 1311
Graves, David S. Mentioned 1129
Graves, James H. Mentioned 1186
Graves, Samuel C. Mentioned 1052
Graves, William F.
Correspondence with James Longstreet 1361
Mentioned 1361
Gray, Elzy C. Mentioned 264
Gray, William C. Mentioned 1031
Greeley, Edwin S.
Mentioned 1035, 1274
Relieved from command of 3d Brigade, 1st Division, 24th Army Corps 1274
Greeley, Horace. Mentioned 1141, 1149
Green, C. W.
Correspondence with William N. Pendleton 1336
Mentioned 1337
Green, George W. Mentioned 1054
Green, John. Mentioned 1039, 1188
Green, Robert. Mentioned 973, 975
Green, William H. Mentioned 861
Greene, George S. Mentioned 1267
Greene, James D. Mentioned 1051
Greenfield, Andrew J.
Correspondence with William H. Emory 1272
Mentioned 1046
Greenwood, Henry. Mentioned 851
Gregg, J. Irvin.
Correspondence with
Crook, George 437
Ord, Edward O. C 881, 1205, 1215, 1219, 1224, 1225
Sheridan, Philip H 436, 437, 491
Mentioned 228, 381, 391, 490, 491, 747, 1049, 1184, 1213, 1218, 1358, 1362
Gregg, John. Mentioned 161, 237, 496, 1332
Gregg, John G. Mentioned 1036
Gregg, Theodore. Mentioned 1042, 1189
Gregg, William M. Mentioned 1189
Gregory, Asa. Mentioned 1198, 1292
Gregory, Edgar M. Mentioned 301, 924, 958, 995, 1011, 1029, 1186, 1259, 1292
Gregory, John M. Mentioned 1322
Grierson, Benjamin H. Mentioned 51
Griffin, Charles.
Assumes command of 5th Army Corps 420
Congratulatory Orders. Skirmish on Vaughan Road, Va., near Hatcher's Run, March 29, 1865 308

Page.

Griffin, Charles—Continued.
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A. 730, 1310
Ayres, Romeyn B 420, 477, 674, 929, 972, 974, 976, 1102
Bartlett, Joseph J 308, 420, 674, 691, 731, 747
Chamberlain, Joshua L 923, 924, 970
Coulter, Richard 708
Crawford, Samuel W 420, 477, 553, 674, 691, 707, 929, 976, 977
Gibbon, John 706
Meade, George G 476, 597, 599, 603, 628, 647, 746, 789, 790, 811, 823, 921, 922, 995, 996, 1011, 1135, 1140, 1146, 1186, 1187, 1255, 1290, 1292
Rogers, Chauncey P 579
Sheridan, Philip H 476, 582, 880
Thomas, Charles W 553
Wainwright, Charles S 923, 983
Warren, Gouverneur K 64, 134, 180, 258, 307
Mentioned 8, 31, 64, 112–115, 123–127, 130, 131, 133, 134, 136, 140, 149, 151, 152, 174, 176, 179, 224, 242, 244, 245, 250, 251, 254–257, 259, 266, 272, 284–286, 291, 293, 294, 298–306, 308, 309, 327, 336, 337, 340–342, 346, 348, 352–354, 361, 362, 366–369, 382, 396, 418–421, 446–449, 456, 458, 468, 477, 484, 488–490, 515–517, 545, 547, 549–551, 553, 555, 557, 560, 566, 574, 576–581, 594–597, 599, 604, 611, 620–624, 629, 634, 635, 652–654, 666, 668, 684–689, 707, 708, 717, 731, 732, 747, 748, 789, 810, 813, 822, 823, 833, 864, 906, 921, 923, 976, 1017, 1018, 1026, 1029, 1056, 1081, 1084, 1092, 1101–1103, 1119, 1134, 1140, 1181, 1182, 1196, 1197, 1199, 1236, 1259, 1292, 1305, 1315, 1371
Staff. Announcement of 553
Griffin, John A., *et al.* Correspondence with Samuel B. M. Young 1157
Griffin, Simon G.
Assignment to command 1079
Correspondence with John G. Parke 488, 526, 527, 608, 747, 824
Mentioned 54, 511, 522, 526, 540, 606, 608, 609, 650, 674, 731, 864, 894, 1042, 1079, 1189, 1207, 1208
Grigg, W. B. Mentioned 1335
Grill, Frederick. Mentioned 1033
Grimes, Bryan.
Correspondence with John B. Gordon 1387, 1390
Mentioned 10, 19, 64, 77, 263, 1322, 1323
Grimes, James F. Mentioned 1050
Grindlay, James. Mentioned 975, 1030, 1186
Griswold, Whedon W. Mentioned 1047
Grossman, Frederick E. Mentioned 1050
Grout, Josiah, jr. Mentioned 1054
Grover, Cuvier. Mentioned 588
Grover, James A. Mentioned 1223
Grubb, James W. Mentioned 1046
Guerrillas. Movements, operations of, etc. Communications from
Augur, Christopher C 818
Hancock, Winfield S 445
Meade, George G 810
Stevenson, John D 444
Willcox, Orlando B 792
Guest, ———. Mentioned 305
Guinther, William L. Mentioned 971
Guion, Colonel. Mentioned 120

Page.

Guion, J. Marshall.
Correspondence with John H. Oley 820
Mentioned 445
Gulf, Military Division of the. (Union.)
Constituted 1299
Sheridan, Philip H., assigned to command of 1299
Gurney, T., & Son.
Correspondence with War Department, U. S 966
Mentioned 966
Gwyn, James.
Correspondence with Romeyn B. Ayres 926
Mentioned 370, 972, 1030, 1186
Gyle, John L. Mentioned 1028
Hack, Lester G. Mentioned 791
Hackett, O. S. Mentioned 60
Hagan, Charles. Mentioned 1028
Hagans, Harrison H. Mentioned 1046
Hagen, Oscar. Mentioned 1051
Hagenbuch, Frederick. Mentioned 1046
Haines, Benjamin F. Mentioned 978
Halberstadt, Alfred M. Mentioned 1300
Haley, Eben D. Mentioned 1048
Hall, H. Seymour. Mentioned 1037
Hall, James A. Mentioned 1039
Hall, James F. Mentioned 390, 1032, 1033
Hall, Josiah. Mentioned 1049
Hall, Robert H. Mentioned 1026
Hall, Robert M. Mentioned 1037
Halleck, Henry W.
Assignments to command 788, 833, 1299
Assignment to command, in Order 65, revoked 833
Assumes command of Military Division of the James 891
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 1138, 1232, 1246, 1294, 1297
Augur, Christopher C 766
Baker, Frank M 1010
Barnes, James 769, 802, 803, 819
Cadwalader, George 779
Carr, Joseph B 1219
Charlottesville, Va., Commanding Officer at 1173
Cowan, Andrew 1212
Crook, George 1087
Cutts, Richard D 889
Eckert, Thomas T 1006, 1175, 1180
Flagler, Daniel W 1007
Fry, James B 1006
Gordon, George H 1001, 1121
Grant, U. S 87, 97, 111, 170, 218, 718, 757, 888, 889, 954, 1005, 1016
1055, 1073, 1074, 1081, 1082, 1106, 1110, 1111, 1117, 1123, 1133, 1138, 1142,
1149, 1167–1169, 1174, 1175, 1185, 1202, 1203, 1209, 1232, 1240, 1244, 1246
Hamblin, Joseph E 1120, 1129
Hancock, Winfield S 16, 69, 81, 82, 91, 92, 167, 192, 193, 239, 277, 388, 540,
570, 588, 589, 617, 661, 714, 725, 762, 764, 765, 799, 800, 828, 839, 1109, 1263
Ingalls, Rufus 970, 992, 993, 1124

Page.

Halleck, Henry W.—Continued.
Correspondence with
Johnson, Andrew 1073, 1105
McKim, William W 743
Meade, George G ... 889, 917, 941, 942, 951, 955, 967-969, 991, 992, 1016, 1017, 1056
Morris, William W 776
Navy Department, U. S 1091
Ord, Edward O. C 762, 896, 961, 1001, 1062, 1077, 1094, 1108, 1116, 1146, 1148, 1262
Ordnance Department, U. S. A 906, 917
Patrick, Marsena R 1237
Peebles, Lemuel 1217
Peterkin, Joshua 1010
Quartermaster-General's Office, U. S. A 916, 941, 1006, 1074, 1124, 1134, 1139, 1142, 1162, 1163, 1175
Rucker, Daniel H 766
Schofield, John M 1083, 1094
Sheridan, Philip H 895, 907, 908, 999, 1061, 1069, 1076, 1087
Smith, Charles H 1137
Smith, William 1179
Terry, Alfred H 1287, 1291
Virginia, Governor of 1249, 1254, 1297
War Department, U. S .. 738, 887, 888, 915, 916, 938-940, 953, 967, 990, 1005, 1054, 1055, 1072, 1073, 1091, 1105, 1106, 1109, 1110, 1122, 1123, 1131-1133, 1142, 1152, 1158, 1161, 1162, 1174, 1250, 1264, 1266, 1267, 1269, 1276-1279, 1295
Weitzel, Godfrey 1063, 1172, 1173, 1198, 1206, 1214
Woodbridge, George 1010
Wright, Horatio G. 1021, 1076, 1086, 1115, 1120, 1128, 1135, 1188, 1199, 1212, 1229
Young, Samuel B. M 1156, 1160, 1173
Mentioned 82, 91, 169, 681, 682, 738, 788, 807, 810, 833, 836, 866, 888, 891, 892, 897, 916, 940, 944, 984, 996-1000, 1007, 1026, 1058, 1070, 1076, 1081, 1088, 1105, 1108, 1110, 1115, 1118, 1124-1126, 1144, 1150, 1153, 1157, 1162, 1167, 1173, 1176, 1188, 1192, 1200, 1203, 1299
Relinquishes command of Military Division of the James 1308
Staff. Announcement of 891
For correspondence as Chief of Staff, see *War Department, U. S.*

Halsted, George B. Mentioned 1305, 1310
Halsted, Richard F. Mentioned 1140
Hamblin, Joseph E.
Assignment to command 1302
Correspondence with
Halleck, Henry W 1120, 1129
Meade, George G 1075
Wheaton, Frank 426
Mentioned .. 141, 174, 181, 203, 427, 486, 521, 528, 649, 1031, 1060, 1061, 1086, 1302, 1303
Staff. Announcements of 1303, 1508
Hamilton, Colonel. Mentioned 1385
Hamilton, Henry G. Mentioned 975
Hamilton, Isaac T. Mentioned 860
Hamilton, Theodore B. Mentioned 1031
Hamilton, William H. Mentioned 1028
Hampton, Wade. Mentioned 264
Hancock, David P. Mentioned 1050

Page.

Hancock, Winfield S.
Assignment to command 1298
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 69, 82, 83, 1141, 1243, 1275, 1298
Anderson, Finley 750
Augur, Christopher C 70, 84, 444, 506, 507, 661, 681, 715, 750, 751, 767, 800, 840, 869, 910, 933, 988, 1078, 1103, 1166, 1194, 1220
Barnes, James 840
Brooke, John R 840, 869
Cadwalader, George 1122
Carroll, Samuel S 72, 194, 279, 330, 331, 508, 743, 1071
Chapman, George H 830
Crook, George 69, 72, 85, 86
Dorrance, O. H 828
Dwight, William 94, 541, 571, 682, 726, 741, 755, 774, 775, 803, 840
Egan, Thomas W 702, 775, 805, 841, 869, 904
Emory, William H 48, 193, 239, 240, 570, 775, 829, 830, 840, 871, 904, 914, 934, 949, 950, 989, 1104, 1121, 1161, 1219, 1256, 1285, 1311
Fessenden, James D 49, 96, 508, 572
Grant, U. S 36, 37, 58, 68, 69, 81, 215, 616, 838-840, 868. 1065, 1095, 1216, 1239, 1275, 1281
Halleck, Henry W 16, 69, 81, 82, 91, 92, 167, 192, 193, 239, 277, 388, 540, 570, 588, 589, 617, 661, 714, 725, 762, 764, 765, 799; 800, 828, 839, 1109, 1263
Hooker, George H 1284
Lincoln, Abraham 81
Lusk, Thurlow W 774
Morris, William W 662, 682, 777, 840
Mosby, John S 714, 765
Norris, Charles E 95
Oley, John H 716
Parke, John G 1278
Reno, Marcus A 84, 169
Russell, William, jr 1202
Schoepf, Albin 1246
Smith, William Prescott 506
Stevenson, John D 26, 27, 37, 48, 49, 59, 72, 84, 94, 95, 168, 169, 193, 241, 278, 329, 330, 389, 444, 445, 541, 542, 590, 617, 638, 701, 726, 742, 755, 774, 775, 804, 840, 841, 869, 872, 910, 914, 915, 989, 1004, 1014, 1138
Torbert, Alfred T. A 17, 216, 240, 278, 444, 571, 741, 774, 803, 804, 914, 934, 935, 950, 951, 989, 1003, 1065, 1080, 1089, 1098, 1161, 1227, 1243, 1256
Tyler, Erastus B 805
Walker, Duncan S 26
Wallace, Lew 869, 874, 1080, 1236
War Department, U. S 91, 106, 166, 192, 443, 444, 660, 681, 699, 799, 817, 838. 897, 987
Mentioned 17, 26, 27, 48, 49, 52, 58, 59, 69-72, 84, 86, 87, 94-97, 106, 107, 111, 116, 166-170, 194, 216-218, 223, 239, 278, 281, 327, 329, 331, 390, 391, 444, 445, 506, 508, 513, 541-543, 571, 572, 589, 590, 621, 661, 662, 681, 682, 685, 714, 718, 726, 742, 743, 750, 755, 757, 758, 772, 774, 775, 800, 803, 804, 828, 830, 839-841, 869, 870, 872, 874, 904, 910, 915, 920, 933-935, 949-951, 1014, 1038, 1039, 1065, 1066, 1071, 1078, 1080, 1082, 1083, 1098, 1103, 1104, 1121, 1122, 1135, 1137, 1141, 1144, 1153, 1166, 1193, 1194, 1219, 1220, 1227, 1236, 1243, 1256, 1263, 1269, 1278, 1284, 1298, 1302, 1312, 1319, 1371
Staff. Announcements of 898, 1185, 1226, 1270, 1277
Hand, Charles H. Mentioned 926, 928
Hannum, Josiah C. Mentioned ..... [illegible]

Page.
Hansell, Emrick W. Mentioned 786
Hardaway, Robert A. Mentioned 1344
Hardee, Thomas J. Mentioned 1353, 1355, 1356
Hardee, William J. Mentioned 51, 534
Harder, Andrew, Steamer. Mentioned 45
Hardie, James A. Mentioned 724, 870, 940, 1278
For correspondence, see *War Department, U. S.*
Hardin, Martin D.
Correspondence with
Augur, Christopher C 751, 767
Dana, David D 767
Mentioned 1041
Harn, William A. Mentioned 1032
Harney, George. Mentioned 1187
Harper, John. Mentioned 1031
Harper, William. Mentioned 864
Harper's Ferry, W. Va. Scout into Loudoun County, Va., from. See *Loudoun County, Va. Scout from Harper's Ferry into, March 20–25, 1865.*
Harriet De Ford, Steamer.
Capture of, near Fair Haven, Chesapeake Bay, Md., April 4, 1865. Communications from
Augur, Christopher C 592
Dornin, Thomas A 588
Morris, William W 591
Nichols, Edward T 588, 616
Parker, Foxhall A 570, 588, 616
Sewall, Frederick D 589
Wiegel, William H 589
Mentioned 570, 588, 589, 591, 592, 616, 618, 681
Harriman, Samuel.
Correspondence with Orlando B. Willcox 632
Mentioned 318, 429, 487, 556, 651, 652, 721, 732, 876, 1039, 1188, 1190, 1207
Harriman, Walter. Mentioned 608, 1042, 1189
Harrington, Henry. Mentioned 360
Harris, Clara W. Mentioned 780
Harris, Nathaniel H. Mentioned 10, 1317, 1326, 1330
Harris, Thomas H. Mentioned 191
Harris, Thomas M.
Assignment to command 1314
Correspondence with John W. Turner 1070, 1094
Mentioned 34, 78, 271, 434, 493, 723, 827, 1036, 1055, 1314
Harrison, Burton N. Correspondence with Mrs. Jefferson Davis 1393
Harrison, William Henry. Mentioned 109
Harrow, William. Mentioned 621
Harry, William H. Mentioned 760
Hart, Daniel. Mentioned 1183
Hart, James F. Mentioned 1327
Hart, Patrick.
Correspondence with Nathan Wilkinson 1117
Mentioned 1046, 1109
Hart, Samuel C. Mentioned 1043
Hartford, Henry. Mentioned 861, 862, 1029
Hartranft, John F.
Correspondence with John G. Parke 156, 158, 186, 429, 525, 526, 528, 581, 608, 609, 793, 824

Page.

Hartranft, John F.—Continued.
Mentioned 9, 110, 112, 146, 149, 150, 153, 154, 156–159, 170, 171, 174, 184, 185, 195, 204, 205, 265, 429, 484, 487, 525, 526, 555, 606, 608, 651, 674, 709, 747, 864, 907, 1013, 1014, 1042, 1189, 1259
Hartshorne, William R. Mentioned 1030, 1186
Hartsock, Henry H. For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *James W. McMillan.*
Hartsuff, George L.
Assignment to command 659
Assumes command of Defenses of Bermuda Hundred 44
Assumes command of District of the Nottoway 1198
Correspondence with
Abbot, Henry L 502, 565, 884, 885
Adams, Charles F., jr 698
Baird, Thomas S 165
Carr, Joseph B 1204, 1205
Clark, Stephen R 1279
Ferrero, Edward 499
Grant, U. S 536–538, 680
Joynes, William T 698
Keiley, A. M 698
Lyon, John 698
McKibbin, Gilbert H 439, 1094, 1159
Ord, Edward O. C 34, 44, 56, 164, 165, 749, 797, 896, 1063, 1151, 1197, 1201
Parke, John G 637
Patrick, Marsena R 698, 713
Smith, Charles H 1185
Sumner, Edwin V 741
Terry, Alfred H 1288
Venable, J. M 698
Warren, Gouvernour K 585
Weitzel, Godfrey 238, 273, 385, 439–441, 497, 499–501, 536, 538, 568, 584, 585, 612, 613, 637, 658, 659, 698, 712, 827, 1148
Willcox, Orlando B 613
Mentioned 50, 213, 214, 383, 390, 395, 437, 438, 496–498, 501, 535, 567, 568, 585, 586, 613, 615, 636, 649–651, 659, 675, 680, 764, 827, 885, 948, 1032, 1034, 1159, 1184, 1213
Staff. Announcements of 56, 660, 1198, 1292
Harvie, Lewis E.
Correspondence with
Angel, C. J 1390
Davis, Jefferson 1391, 1392
Dunn, William M. S 848, 1391
Meade, George G 877
Mentioned 849, 850
Harwood, Franklin. Mentioned 389, 854, 945, 1026
Hasbrouck, Henry C. Mentioned 1036
Haskell, John C. Mentioned 1343, 1344, 1351, 1393
Haskell, Langdon C. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Richard H. Anderson.*
Haskell, Llewellyn F. Mentioned 1037
Haskin, Joseph A. Correspondence with John G. Parke 1274
Hastings, Smith H. Mentioned 1048
Hatcher's Run, Va. Skirmish on Vaughan Road near, See *Vaughan Road, Va. Skirmish on, near Hatcher's Run, March 29, 1865.*
Hatcher's Run and Gravelly Run, Va. Skirmishes on the line of, March 30, 1865. Sketch 293

Page.
Hatfield, Samuel P. Mentioned 1210, 1307
Hawes, Lieutenant. Mentioned 865
Hawley, Joseph R.
Mentioned 1287, 1288, 1311
Relieved from duty in Department of North Carolina 1288
Staff. Announcement of 1311
Haxall, ———. Mentioned 1382
Haydn, Thomas L. Mentioned 1136
Hayes, Joseph.
Assignment to command 1302
Correspondence with Roneyn B. Ayres 1311
Mentioned 973, 975, 1030, 1186, 1292, 1302, 1303, 1311
Staff. Announcement of 1303
Hayes, Peter. Correspondence with Foxhall A. Parker 17
Hayes, Richard E. Mentioned 1060, 1061, 1305
Hayes, Rutherford B.
Correspondence with William H. Emory 914, 935, 936, 951
Mentioned 571, 934, 1046, 1258
Resignation of, accepted 1258
Haynes, Charles F. Mentioned 1305
Hays, William.
Correspondence with
Humphreys, Andrew A 294, 297, 354, 356, 404, 413, 551
Meade, George G 1146
Warner, Edward R 1057
Mentioned. 76, 88, 126, 129, 177, 226, 249–252, 288, 290–292, 294, 297, 322, 346–348, 354, 357–360, 396, 403–405, 407, 408, 411, 415, 433, 451, 464–466, 470–472, 474, 515–518, 549, 550, 552, 578, 597, 598, 908, 1027, 1031, 1067, 1146, 1211, 1244, 1286
Relieved from duty with Army of the Potomac 1286
Hazard, John G.
Correspondence with
Humphreys, Andrew A 470, 862
Hunt, Henry J 227, 228
Mentioned 129, 200, 405, 646, 878, 879, 1029, 1092, 1107, 1114, 1119, 1127, 1150, 1195–1197, 1234
Hazelton, James B. Mentioned 1031, 1187
Hazelton, John F. Mentioned 1093, 1303
Hazen, Henry E. Mentioned 1045
Hazen, William B. Mentioned 1315
Hean, B. Frank. Mentioned 1031
Heap, David P. Mentioned 854
Heasley, Thomas. Mentioned 528
Heckman, Charles A. Mentioned 87
Heggart, Robert. Mentioned 855, 857, 858, 1229
Heine, Charles. Mentioned 1041
Heintzelman, Mish T. Mentioned 1012, 1189
Heliotrope, U. S. S. Mentioned 913
Henry, Guy V. Mentioned 87, 213
Herbert, Gideon G. Mentioned 1035
Herbert, Thomas. Mentioned 1041
Herkness, Bernard H. Mentioned 963
Herold, David E.
Mentioned 847, 848, 899, 913, 937, 964, 967, 987–989, 1003
Reward offered for apprehension of 847
Herr, Samuel K. Mentioned 981

Page.

Herrmann, Charles J. von. Mentioned 1305
Hersh, Zephaniah E. Mentioned 759
Herzog, Charles. Correspondence with George G. Meade 4
Hess, Peter. Mentioned 975
Heth, Henry.
Correspondence with Cadmus M. Wilcox 1369
Mentioned 19, 53, 54, 62, 75, 98, 116, 183, 218, 237, 267, 284, 289, 302, 304, 311, 314, 317, 320, 349, 377, 430, 447, 449, 450, 458, 459, 495, 530, 559, 624, 670, 791, 835, 1369, 1386, 1389
Hewitt, Charles N. Mentioned 705
Hibbs, Major. Mentioned 277
Hickey, Myron. Mentioned 435
Hickman, Baynton J. Mentioned 1031
Hicks, George A. Mentioned 1292
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Edward Ferrero.*
Hiestand, Peter. Mentioned 907
Higginson, James J. Mentioned 1241
High Bridge, Va. Engagement at, April 7, 1865. Communications from
Humphreys, Andrew A 622
Meade, George G 620, 622
Highland, Patrick. Mentioned 986
Highland County, Va. Expedition through. See *Pocahontas and Pendleton Counties, W. Va., and Highland County, Va. Expedition through, June 1–13, 1865.*
Highland Light, Steamer. Mentioned 618
Hill, Ambrose P. Mentioned 19, 127, 201, 284, 304, 334, 386, 489, 515, 521, 529, 582, 643, 852, 1320, 1379
Hill, George H. Mentioned 986, 1035
Hill, Jonathan A. Mentioned 162, 1035
Hill, Joseph C. Mentioned 1032
Hill, N. Sellers. Mentioned 1041
Hill, Wallace. Mentioned 1043
Hinks, Edward W.
Mentioned 1044, 1258
Resignation of, accepted 1258
Hix, William D.
Correspondence with Abram B. Lawrence 1157
Mentioned 1157
H. Livingstone Steamer Mentioned 1206
Hobbs, Charles W. Mentioned 1045
Hobon, Patrick. Mentioned 1304
Hobson, Nathaniel. Mentioned 1129
Hoburg Gottlieb
Correspondence with Nathan Wilkinson 1090, 1099
Mentioned 1046
Hoffman, John S. Mentioned 6
Hoffman, Wickham. Mentioned 191
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *George H. Gordon.*
Hoffman, William.
Correspondence with
Appleton, John W. M 787
Patrick, Marsena R 459
War Department, U. S 621
Mentioned 70, 513, 698, 787
Hoffmann, Ernest F. Mentioned 395

Page.
Hofmann, J. William. Mentioned 980, 981
Hogan, Andrew J. Mentioned 1037
Hoitt, Augustus J. Mentioned 1027
Hoke, Robert F. Mentioned 338, 339, 342, 366, 1388
Holbrook, Warren L. Mentioned 1049
Holliday, Captain. Mentioned 78
Holliday, John W. Mentioned 1036
Holman, George F. Mentioned 561
Holman, Harrison W.
Correspondence with Jedediah C. Paine 119
Mentioned 403, 461
Holmes, Albert B. Mentioned 855, 857, 1228
Holmes, James K. Mentioned 98
Holmes. Joseph W. Mentioned 1028
Holmes, Theophilus H. Mentioned 1370
Holt, Joseph. Mentioned 1002
Hood, John B. Mentioned 79
Hood, Samuel. Correspondence with John G. Parke 487
Hooker, George H. Correspondence with Winfield S. Hancock 1284
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *William W. Morris.*
Hooker, George W. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Charles Devens.*
Hooker, Joseph.
Assignment to command 1298
Correspondence with Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A. 844, 887
Mentioned 543, 1298
Hopkins, Archibald. Mentioned 1031
Hopper, George F. Mentioned 1082
Hopping, George W.
Correspondence with
Benson, Frederick S. 197, 222, 223. 246, 247
Paine, Jedediah C 119, 120, 197, 246-248, 287, 288, 345
Mentioned 403
Horrell, Napoleon J. Mentioned 245, 368, 1029
Horton, Jere. Mentioned 1242
Hough, B. B. Correspondence with James L. McPhail 773
Hough, David E. B. Mentioned 279
Hounshell, David S. Mentioned 820, 828, 829, 831, 832, 841, 842, 868, 873
Hovey, Alvin P. Mentioned 543
Howard, Jacob M. Mentioned 56, 660, 1198, 1292
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *George L. Hartsuff.*
Howard, James. Mentioned 986
Howard, J. M. H. Mentioned 1359
Howard, John B.
Correspondence with Edward O. C. Ord 1147
Mentioned 932, 1124, 1139, 1285
Howard, Joseph L. Mentioned 1129
Howard, Oliver O.
Assigned as Commissioner of Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen, and Abandoned Lands 1139
Mentioned 1106, 1139, 1142, 1170, 1171, 1211, 1232, 1233, 1291, 1307
Howard, Simeon P. Mentioned 856, 859, 1229
Howard, William A. Mentioned 1034
Howe, Albion P.
Correspondence with Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A. 822
Mentioned 829, 845, 1039

Page.
Howe, Frank E. Correspondence with Abraham Lincoln 618
Howe, S. Augustus. Mentioned 1032
Howell, Charles W.
Correspondence with Andrew A. Humphreys 293, 410, 469
Mentioned 291, 414, 854, 1067
Howell, John H. Mentioned 1036
Howes, Fenelon. Mentioned 1036
Hoyt, Charles F. Mentioned 899
Hoyt, Henry B. Mentioned 975
Hubbard, Albert A. Mentioned 760
Hubbard, F. C. Mentioned 1129
Hubbard, James. Mentioned 1031, 1061
Hubbard, Joshua. Mentioned 1129
Hubbard, Thomas H. Mentioned 1040, 1190
Hubbell, Augustus. Mentioned 1303
Hudson, John W. Mentioned 1189
Hudson, Peter T.
Correspondence with U. S. Grant 457
Mentioned 18, 394, 397, 528, 1057
Hueston, Edgar J. Mentioned 834
Hufty, Baldwin. Mentioned 1031
Huger, Frank. Mentioned 1344, 1372, 1393
Hughes, John E. Mentioned 1129
Hulbert, William L. Mentioned 1311
Hull, Alexander. Mentioned 58
Hulser, Oscar F. Mentioned 1027
Humphrey, James R. Correspondence with
Dillingham, Lucius A 461
Parke, John G 525
Humphreys, Andrew A.
Assignment to command 195
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 200
Barlow, Francis C 625, 627, 646, 855, 1228, 1251
Cannon, Madison M 877, 879, 880
De Trobriand, Regis 601, 625, 627, 628, 646, 672, 854, 860
Gibbon, John 225, 322
Grant, U. S 513, 622, 1309
Hays, William 294, 297, 354, 356, 404, 413, 551
Hazard, John G 470, 862
Howell, Charles W 293, 410, 469
Hunt, Henry J 120
Locke, Frederick T 352
Meade, George G 6, 30, 38, 53, 75, 121–128, 175–178, 199, 200, 223–225, 248–251, 288–291, 345–352, 362, 396, 398, 403–409, 452, 462–468, 516, 549–551, 578, 597–600, 604, 622–625, 642–645, 669–671, 690, 789, 823, 855, 856, 861, 862, 877, 878, 1135, 1140, 1229, 1235, 1290, 1300, 1303
Miles, Nelson A 228, 252, 294–296, 354–356, 408, 412, 467, 469, 470, 517, 518, 551, 552, 601, 602, 625–627, 646
Mott, Gershom 252, 253, 294, 297, 298, 354, 356–359, 414–416, 466, 468, 471–474, 518, 519, 551, 552, 579, 602, 1183, 1234
Ord, Edward O. C 404, 432, 433
Parke, John G 121–123, 147
Sheridan, Philip H 514–517

Page.

Humphreys, Andrew A.—Continued.
Correspondence with
Stickney, Clifford 515
Warren, Gouverneur K.... 133, 134, 179, 251, 256, 292, 293, 295, 297, 353, 410, 411
Whittier, Charles A 225
Wright, Horatio G 142-144, 183, 184, 708
Mentioned 73, 88, 89, 110, 112, 113, 115, 116, 123, 130-137, 140, 141, 153, 170-172, 174, 179, 194-196, 198-200, 207-211, 224, 226-231, 234, 242-245, 252-257, 265-270, 281-287, 290, 294-299, 301-306, 309, 311, 313, 319, 320, 325, 327, 335-338, 341, 343, 345, 346, 351, 352, 354-359, 361-366, 370, 374-378, 380, 389, 395-400, 408, 410, 411, 419-421, 446-449, 451-459, 461, 465, 467-470, 472-474, 478, 480, 488, 489, 492-495, 512, 513, 516-518, 520, 529, 533, 545-547, 549, 551-553, 557, 558, 560, 572, 573, 576-578, 580-582, 594-597, 600, 602-604, 609, 611, 620-622, 625, 626, 629-631, 633, 640, 642, 645-648, 667, 672, 673, 684, 687-690, 719, 787, 810, 856, 862, 880, 891, 892, 921, 1026, 1027, 1134, 1140, 1150, 1181, 1182, 1229, 1234, 1235, 1305, 1309, 1310, 1315, 1337

Humphreys, Benjamin G. Mentioned 237, 1332

Humphreys, Charles. For correspondence as A. D. C., see *William Hays.*

Humphreys, Henry H. Mentioned 200, 289, 578

Hunsdon, Charles. Mentioned 1031

Hunt, Daniel. Mentioned 1129

Hunt, Henry J.
Correspondence with
Abbot, Henry L 239, 1210
Grant, U. S 114
Hazard, John G 227, 228
Humphreys, Andrew A 120
Meade, George G 113, 823, 921, 1209, 1244
Parke, John G 149-151, 153
Tidball, John C 40, 65, 157, 265
Wainwright, Charles S 136
Warren, Gouverneur K 120, 129
Wright, Horatio G 120, 137
Mentioned 136, 146, 147, 149, 174, 276, 389, 810, 921, 1026, 1027, 1158, 1211, 1240, 1254, 1259, 1286

Hunt, James L. Mentioned 1053

Hunt, Lewis C. Mentioned 392, 1050

Hunter, Charles A. Mentioned 986

Hunter, David.
Correspondence with Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 822
Mentioned 845

Hunter, Robert M. T. Mentioned 574, 575, 593, 735, 736, 748, 762, 796, 797, 1082, 1106, 1152

Hunter, William. Mentioned 782
For correspondence as Acting Secretary, see *State Department, U. S.*

Huntington, G. M. Correspondence with
Ingalls, Rufus 460, 461
Weitzel, Godfrey 750

Hunton, Eppa.
Correspondence with James Longstreet 1346, 1364, 1365
Mentioned 55, 218, 272, 345, 350, 383, 396, 405, 490, 787, 1332, 1342, 1343, 1345, 1346, 1351, 1353, 1361, 1363-1366

Huntsville, U. S. S. Mentioned 616

Hurd, Charles H. Mentioned 1242

Husk, Lewis W. Mentioned 833, 1027

Huston, Daniel, jr. Mentioned 392, 1050, 1051

Page.
Hutchins, Robert A. Mentioned 1256
Hutchinson, Thomas P. Mentioned 1053
Hutchinson, William. Mentioned 978
Huxley, Edward C. Mentioned 1060, 1061
Hyde, John McE. Mentioned 1027
Hyde, Joseph. Mentioned 834
Hyde, Robert H. S. Mentioned 951, 963
Hyde, Thomas W. Mentioned 182, 792, 960, 1032
Hyman, Joseph H. Mentioned 305
Idaho. Military Department embracing 1299
Illinois, Steamer. Mentioned 1207
Illinois. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Illinois, Governor of. Correspondence with
Davis, David 906
War Department, U. S 544, 703
Illinois Troops. Mentioned.
Artillery, Light—*Regiments:* **1st** (*Batteries*), **L**, 1046.
Cavalry—*Regiments:* **8th**, 25, 94, 108, 507, 662, 700, 701, 715, 751-754, 801, 802, 818, 829, 870, 902, 911, 912, 1002, 1223, 1275.
Infantry—*Regiments:* **23d**, 189, 1036; **39th**, 799, 1035, 1192.
Imboden, John D. Mentioned 507, 538, 764, 872, 1358
Indian Territory. Military Department embracing 1299
Indiana. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Indiana, Adjutant-General of. Correspondence with Governor of Indiana . 905
Indiana, Governor of. Correspondence with Adjutant-General of Indiana .. 905
Indiana Troops. Mentioned.
Artillery, Light—*Batteries:* **16th**, 1043; **17th**, 1048.
Cavalry—*Regiments:* **1st**, 1026; **3d**, 1049.
Infantry—*Regiments:* **11th**, 1045; **20th**, 1028, 1255, 1256; **38th**, 263; **144th**, **146th**, **147th**, **150th**, 1047; **152d**, 94, 1047; **154th**, 1014, 1080; **156th**, 1070, 1161, 1166.
Ingalls, Rufus.
Correspondence with
Abbot, Henry L 214
Augur, Christopher C 890
Batchelder, Richard N 730, 850, 906, 993, 1007, 1056
Bradley, George W 1125
Brown, S. Lockwood 52
Ekin, James A 74
Grant, U. S 809, 849, 850, 876, 956, 1118, 1124, 1203
Halleck, Henry W 970, 992, 993, 1124
Huntington, G. M 460, 461
McCallum, Daniel C 918
Meade, George G 849
Moore, James J 548, 669
Quartermaster-General's Office, U. S. A 173, 686, 850, 1125
Rucker, Daniel H 52, 87, 970
Sheridan, Philip H 908
Strang, Edward J 1126
Mentioned 35, 41, 91, 235, 324, 1074, 1124, 1133, 1139
Ingraham, Timothy.
Correspondence with
Cadwalader, George 1024
Franklin, Benjamin 1025
Walbridge, George R 1095
Mentioned **1079, 1097**

Page.

Intercourse. See *Trade and Intercourse.*
Inwood, Henry C. Mentioned 240
Iowa. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Irish, Nathaniel. Mentioned 1041
Irvin, John. Mentioned 977, 1053
Isaacs, John W. Mentioned 925
Ives, Brayton. Mentioned 1049
Ives, Lucius H. Mentioned 1027
Jacklin, Rufus W. Mentioned 419, 971
Jackson, Henry R. Mentioned 787
Jackson, James. Mentioned 1050
Jackson, John. Mentioned 1051
Jackson, Richard H.
Correspondence with Godfrey Weitzel 763, 1206
Mentioned 687, 694, 695, 865–867, 932, 1037, 1160, 1177, 1178, 1199
Jackson, William L. Mentioned 507, 638, 872, 1089, 1090, 1109, 1117
Jacobs, Ferris, jr. Mentioned 1053
James, Army of the. (Union.)
Abbot, Henry L., assigned to command of Artillery Brigade, Defenses of Bermuda Hundred 66
Ferrero, Edward, assumes command of Infantry Division, Defenses of Bermuda Hundred 56
Gibbon, John, assigned to command of 24th Army Corps 52
Hartsuff, George L.
Assigned to command of forces at City Point, Petersburg, Va., etc 659
Assumes command of Defenses of Bermuda Hundred 44
Kautz, August V.
Assigned to command of 1st Division, 25th Army Corps 212
Relieved from command of Cavalry Division of 55
Kibbe, George C., assigned to command of 2d Brigade, Infantry Division, Defenses of Bermuda Hundred 57
Mackenzie, Ranald S.
Assigned to command of Cavalry Division of 55
Assumes command of Cavalry Division of 66
McKibbin, Gilbert H., assigned to command of 1st Brigade, Infantry Division, Defenses of Bermuda Hundred 57
Orders, series 1865—*Ord:* **March 27**, 210. *Gibbon:* **April 16**, 796; **April 21**, 881. *Turner*, **March 29**, 271; **April 1**, 434; **April 12**, 723; **April 18**, 827; **May 4**, 1088.
Orders, Circulars, series 1865—*Ord:* **May 27**, 1224; **No. 12**, 10; **No. 15**, 1172. *Gibbon:* **March 21**, 65; **June 10**, 1270. *Weitzel:* **May 22**, 1199.
Orders, General, series 1865—*Ord:* **No. 34**, 210; **No. 35**, 724; **Nos. 36, 37, 38**, 739; **No. 39**, 749; **No. 40**, 763; **Nos. 41, 42**, 815; **No. 43**, 827; **No. 45**, 884; **No. 46**, 932; **No. 47**, 948; **No. 49**, 985; **No. 50**, 1062; **No. 52**, 1077; **No. 58**, 1177; **No. 60**, 1184; **No. 61**, 1191; **No. 62**, 1184; **No. 64**, 1235; **No. 69**, 1267; **Nos. 70, 71**, 1268. *Ferrero:* **No. 1**, 56; **No. 6**, 614. *Foster:* **No. 26**, 837. *Gibbon:* **No. 32**, 33; **No. 37**, 189; **No. 40**, 533; **No. 42**, 711; **No. 43**, 709; **No. 45**, 837; **No. 46**, 866; **No. 51**, 986; **No. 60**, 1213; **No. 61**, 1218. *Hartsuff:* **No. 1**, 613; **No. 7**, 659; **No. 8**, 680; **No. 11**, 932; **No. 14**, 1070; **No. 33**, 44; **No. 34**, 56; **No. 35**, 66. *Mackenzie:* **No. 25**, 66; **No. 27**, 238; **No. 28**, 748.

Page.

James, Army of the. (Union)—Continued.
Orders, Special, series 1865—*Ord:* **May 21,** 1192; **May 25,** 1213; **No. 75,** 10; **No. 79,** 55; **No. 134,** 1172; **No. 143,** 1224. *Angel:* **No. 68,** 734. *Hartsuff:* **No. 4,** 697. *Mackenzie:* **No. 58,** 66. *Osborn:* **No. 114,** 1274. *Weitzel:* **No. 85,** 212, 213; **No. 94,** 659; **No. 99,** 725; **No. 105,** 867; **No. 139,** 1201.
Orders, Special Field, series 1865—*Ord:* **April 10,** 694.
Recommendations for promotions in. Communications from
Mackenzie, Ranald S 866
Turner, John W 1242
Wild, Edward A., relieved from command of 1st Division, 25th Army Corps .. 213
James, Military Division of the. (Union.)
Constituted 833
Halleck, Henry W.
Assigned to command of 833
Assumes command of 891
Relinquishes command of 1308
Orders, General, series 1865—*Halleck:* **No. 1,** 891; **No. 2,** 939; **No. 3,** 944; **No. 4,** 990; **No. 5,** 1074; **No. 6,** 1091; **No. 7,** 1171, 1215; **No. 8,** 1221; **No. 9,** 1249; **No. 10,** 1273; **No. 11,** 1289; **No. 12,** 1308.
Orders, Special, series 1865—*Halleck:* **No. 2,** 1191; **No. 3,** 1083; **No. 9,** 1107; **No. 10,** 1114; **No. 13,** 1139; **No. 16,** 1172; **No. 27,** 1278; **No. 29,** 1288; **No. 30,** 1294.
James, Horace. Mentioned 1170
James, Isaac. Mentioned 791
James, Jerome, Steamer. Mentioned 821
James, J. Wright. Mentioned 277
James, Martin S. Mentioned 1038, 1202
James, N. R. Mentioned 644
James, William L.
Correspondence with
Grant, U. S 24
Roberts, Joseph 45
Mentioned 13, 14, 35, 45, 1076, 1184, 1207, 1243, 1253
Jameson, James B. Mentioned 1041
Janeway, Jacob J. Mentioned 759
Jarves, Horatio D. Mentioned 1042
Jay, William.
Correspondence with Alexander S. Webb 467
Mentioned 254, 255, 575, 1241
Jenkins, Horatio, jr. Mentioned 1032, 1033
Jennings, Gilbert S. Mentioned 1039
Jennison, J. Albert. Mentioned 973, 974
Jerome, James, Steamer. Mentioned 821
Jesup, General, U. S. S. Mentioned 17, 1108
Jett, Willie. Mentioned 967, 990
Jewell, James A. Mentioned 1028
John A. Warner, Steamer. Mentioned 74
John Brooks, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Johnes, George W. Mentioned 1234, 1303
Johnson, Andrew.
Announced as President, U. S 789
Correspondence with
Grant, U. S 1287
Halleck, Henry W 1073, 1105

Page.

Johnson, Andrew—Continued.
Mentioned 781, 782, 785, 786, 788, 789, 799, 808, 809, 822, 866, 869, 891, 907, 916, 939, 941, 967, 1001, 1002, 1006, 1010, 1073, 1077, 1088, 1105, 1106, 1109, 1110, 1112, 1116, 1121, 1122, 1131, 1139, 1142, 1145, 1166, 1171, 1179, 1216, 1224, 1258, 1263, 1264, 1266, 1267, 1269, 1270, 1275, 1276, 1282, 1283, 1286, 1287, 1294, 1298, 1301, 1314, 1315
Johnson, Bushrod R.
Correspondence with Richard H. Anderson 1365, 1381
Mentioned 6-8, 10, 18, 19, 29, 54, 62, 75, 116, 123, 125, 127, 152, 153, 218, 237, 242, 251, 255, 266, 282-284, 288, 304, 309, 314, 327, 334, 345, 349, 363, 381, 559, 1371
Johnson, Charles F. Mentioned 1041
Johnson, Daniel D. Mentioned 1046
Johnson, Edward. Mentioned 787
Johnson, Frank A. Mentioned 1052
Johnson, Henry J. For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *William P. Carlin.*
Johnson, Marmaduke.
Correspondence with James Longstreet 1326
Mentioned 1343, 1344, 1351
Johnson, Reverdy. Mentioned 807
Johnson, R. W. Mentioned 1224
Johnston, Joseph E.
Correspondence with Horatio G. Wright 968
Mentioned 47, 54, 62, 67, 79, 380, 381, 510, 529, 534, 607, 629, 676, 685, 717, 760, 761, 793, 828, 830, 832, 839, 842, 848, 873, 887, 907, 914, 917, 942, 947, 954, 955, 967-969, 991, 994, 996, 1000, 1012, 1295, 1319, 1357, 1360, 1370, 1390, 1395
Johnston, Philip P. Mentioned 1328, 1336, 1379
Johnston, Robert E. Mentioned 1041
Johnston, Samuel R.
Correspondence with James Longstreet 1360, 1365, 1369
Mentioned 1375
Johnston, William Preston. Correspondence with Mrs. Jefferson Davis 1393
Jones, Edward J. Mentioned 1042, 1190
Jones, Enoch. Mentioned 734, 1036
Jones, George W. Mentioned 1053
Jones, Hilary P.
Correspondence with William N. Pendleton 1365
Mentioned 1371
Jones, James. Mentioned 1249
Jones, John R. Mentioned 787
Jones, John W. Mentioned 1129
Jones, Samuel. Mentioned 1327
Jones, William E. Mentioned 1129
Jones, William R. Mentioned 1045
Jones, Sidney, Steamer. Mentioned 542
Jones, Thomas G. For correspondence as A. D. C., see *John B. Gordon.*
Jordan, Amos C.
Correspondence with
Carothers, Adam K 402
Dillingham, Lucius A 247
Mentioned 262, 403
Joseph, Dagworthy D. Mentioned 926, 928, 1186
Jourdan, James. Mentioned 190

Page.

Joynes, William T.
Correspondence with George L. Hartsuff 698
Mentioned 698
Judson, Horace.
Correspondence with
Carothers, Adam K 402
Dillingham, Lucius A 247
Meade, George G 485
Paine, Jedediah C 262
Mentioned 262
Kane, John. Mentioned 986
Kane, John H. Mentioned 1237
Kansas. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Karnes, George W. Correspondence with John H. Oley 591
Karples, Henry M. Mentioned 1027
Karr, Hamilton L. Mentioned 1242
Kasey, John G. Mentioned 7
Kaufman, Tobias B. Mentioned 1042, 1189
Kautz, August V.
Assignment to command 212
Correspondence with Godfrey Weitzel 442, 764
Mentioned 55, 56, 98, 212, 213, 539, 567, 867, 1037, 1055, 1077, 1160, 1199, 1253, 1324, 1358–1360, 1372, 1377
Relieved from command of Cavalry Division, Army of the James 55
Kaysing, Edward. *Mentioned* *973–975*
Keen, Elisha F. Mentioned 1385
Keene, Augustus W. Mentioned 860, 861
Keene, E. H. Mentioned 1129
Keepers, Joseph. Mentioned 1043
Keifer, J. Warren.
Correspondence with Truman Seymour 89
Mentioned 141, 174, 182, 1032, 1259
Keiley, A. M. Correspondence with George L. Hartsuff 698
Kelley, Benjamin F.
Mentioned 1258
Resignation of, accepted 1258
Kellogg, Horace. Mentioned 1036
Kellogg, John. Mentioned 58, 340, 946, 960
For correspondence as A. A. D. C., see *Philip H. Sheridan.*
Kellogg, John A. Mentioned 929, 977, 980, 995
Kelton, John C. Mentioned 891
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Henry W. Halleck.*
Kemp, Joseph B. Mentioned 861
Kenly, John R.
Assignments to command 109, 1256
Correspondence with William W. Morris 542, 591, 778
Mentioned 109, 1045, 1105, 1256, 1262
Relieved from command of District of Delaware and Eastern Shore of Maryland 1256
Kenly, William L. Mentioned 924
Kennedy, John H. For correspondence, etc., see *New York City, Chief of Police of.*
Kennedy, Richard. Mentioned 1029
Kennedy, Robert P. Mentioned 1047
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Winfield S. Hancock,*

Page.
Kennedy, Ronald A. Mentioned 1031
Kennedy, William, Steamer. Mentioned 1206
Kenney, George W. Mentioned 1043
Kennicott, Daniel. Mentioned 861
Kensel, George A. Mentioned 1214, 1311
Kent, Daniel H. Mentioned 926, 927
Kent, J. Ford.
Correspondence with William H. Lambert 1281
Mentioned 964
Kentucky. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Kentucky, Department of. (Union.)
Constituted 1298
Palmer, John M., assigned to command of 1298
Kentucky Troops. Mentioned. (Union.)
Artillery, Light—*Batteries:* **1st**, 1046.
Keough, John. Mentioned 791
Kephart, Theophilus. Mentioned 1034
Kershaw, Joseph B.
Correspondence with James Longstreet 1343, 1352, 1361, 1375
Mentioned 218, 237, 238, 383, 596, 610, 625, 640, 787, 1326, 1332, 1377
Keyport, Steamer. Mentioned 74, 895
Keys, Robert B. Mentioned 607
Kibbe, George C.
Assignment to command 57
Correspondence with Edward Ferrero 190, 569, 615, 713
Mentioned 57, 614, 1034
Kidd, James H. Mentioned 1048
Killed and Wounded. See *Union Troops. Casualties. Returns of.*
Kilpatrick, Judson. Mentioned 793, 1066
Kimball, Hiram A. Mentioned 759
Kimbell, Isaiah W. Mentioned 971
Kimberly, Robert L. Mentioned 1047
King, Adam E.
Correspondence with U. S. Grant 1269
Mentioned 1270, 1277
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Christopher C. Augur;* also *Winfield S. Hancock.*
King, Alonzo J. Mentioned 973, 974
King, Horatio C.
Correspondence with George Crook 435, 491
Mentioned 58
King, J. Floyd.
Correspondence with William N. Pendleton 1321
Mentioned 1317, 1319–1323, 1327, 1329, 1333, 1337, 1344
King, Rufus, jr. Mentioned 1039
King, William H. H. Mentioned 1036
King, William R.
Correspondence with Henry L. Abbot 565, 566, 764, 798
Mentioned 932
Kingsbury, John T. Mentioned 1045
Kingsley, Henry W. Mentioned 1303
Kinne, C. Mason. Mentioned 920
Kinsley, Frederick R. Mentioned 1030, 1187
Kirtland, George P. Mentioned 1041

Page.
Klock, George J. Mentioned 973, 974
Knaggs, Robert C. Mentioned 978
Knapp, Theodore E. Mentioned 1228
Knight, Ella, Steamer. Mentioned 821
Knight, George D. Mentioned 310
Knowles, Oliver B. Mentioned 1049
Krauth, Hermann. Mentioned 1292
Krebs, William H. W. Mentioned 1003
Kress, John A.
Correspondence with Godfrey Weitzel 816
Mentioned 932, 1178
Kroutinger, Adolph W. Mentioned 1050
Kusserow, Charles von. Mentioned 70, 1047
Kyes, Ebenezer S. Mentioned 1042
Kyle, George H. Mentioned 871
Laird, George H. Mentioned 1037
Lamb, William. Mentioned 865
Lambdin, J. Harrison. Mentioned 981, 1303
Lambert, Robert G. Mentioned 1034
Lambert, William H.
Correspondence with J. Ford Kent 1281
Mentioned 1126
Lamkin, James N. Mentioned 1344
Lamoreaux, Sullivan B. Mentioned 760
Lamson, Charles O. Mentioned 1304
Lane, James H. Mentioned 124, 421
Lane, Martin O. Mentioned 1043
Lane, Morgan D. Mentioned 851
Langdon, Loomis L.
Correspondence with Godfrey Weitzel 1243
Mentioned 1038, 1199, 1201, 1252, 1267
La Point, George W. Mentioned 855, 857, 1028
Larkin, Lawrence F. Mentioned 883
Latimer, Alfred E. Mentioned 1026
Latrobe, Osman. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *James Longstreet.*
Laughlin, George M. Mentioned 1011
Laughton, David H. Mentioned 1305
Law, Evander M. Mentioned 237, 1332, 1340, 1374
Lawrence, Abram B.
Correspondence with William D. Hix 1157
Mentioned 668, 686, 1214
Lawrence, Samuel B. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *William W. Morris;* also *Lew. Wallace.*
Lawton, Alexander R. Mentioned 1380, 1389, 1390
For correspondence, etc , see *Quartermaster-General's Office, C. S. A.*
Laycock, Henry A. Mentioned 979, 1030, 1187
Leahy, Lawrence. Mentioned 819
Leahy, Michael. Mentioned 1043
Learned, Bela P. Mentioned 1210
Leath, Emil. Mentioned 7
Leatz, Axel. Mentioned 975
Leavitt, Aubrey. Mentioned 978
Leavitt, Sheldon, jr. Mentioned 1304
Le Conte, John L. Mentioned 514
Ledlie, James H. Mentioned 982

Page.
Lee, Burwell. Mentioned 1129
Lee, Fitzhugh.
Correspondence with James Longstreet 1324, 1333, 1334, 1338, 1339, 1347, 1348, 1352, 1353, 1358
Mentioned 7, 36, 91, 271–273, 287, 381, 559, 643, 646, 647, 716, 719, 852, 1317, 1326, 1328, 1329, 1331, 1333, 1337, 1347, 1349, 1359, 1361, 1371, 1394
Lee, George. Mentioned 94
Lee, G. W. Custis.
Correspondence with James Longstreet 1330, 1343, 1347, 1352
Mentioned 237, 596, 605, 610, 625, 717, 722, 723, 1331, 1334
Lee, Robert E. (General).
Correspondence with
Anderson, Richard H 1385
Davis, Jefferson 1327, 1339, 1370, 1378, 1386, 1390
Early, Jubal A 1358, 1362, 1366
Ewell, Richard S 1380, 1382, 1384, 1385
Gordon, John B 1385, 1387
Grant, U. S 619, 641, 664–666, 1013, 1275, 1286
Longstreet, James 1324, 1329, 1331, 1332, 1334, 1337, 1341, 1342, 1349, 1350, 1354, 1357, 1359, 1360, 1363, 1364, 1367, 1368, 1372
Meade, George G 666
Mosby, John S 1359
Pendleton, William N 1319–1322
War Department, C. S.. 1315, 1318, 1339, 1340, 1353, 1356, 1362, 1371, 1378, 1379
Farewell address of, to Army of Northern Virginia 744
Mentioned 29, 62, 67, 77, 97, 109, 123, 124, 155, 173, 192, 233, 234, 333, 363, 398, 457, 458, 468, 507, 509, 510, 521, 528, 529, 532, 534, 540, 544, 545, 547, 549, 557, 558, 570, 572–577, 582, 583, 592–596, 599, 607, 610, 619, 624, 626, 630, 633, 640–643, 652, 653, 655, 656, 663, 665–668, 670, 672–674, 676, 677, 683–686, 688, 692, 693, 695, 697, 699, 702, 704, 706, 709, 711, 714, 716, 717, 722, 723, 725, 727, 731, 733, 734, 742, 744, 746, 749, 750, 754, 761, 762, 765, 766, 774, 778, 780, 793, 800, 803, 809, 813, 814, 816, 818, 820, 828, 830–832, 835–838, 841, 851–853, 865, 869, 872, 877–881, 896, 899, 900, 904, 915, 917–920, 934, 936, 939, 941, 942, 950, 951, 954, 956, 986, 991, 994, 1000, 1006, 1013, 1072, 1078, 1088, 1103, 1104, 1117, 1123, 1157, 1179, 1210, 1237, 1240, 1257–1259, 1264, 1276, 1287, 1295, 1302, 1316, 1317, 1320–1322, 1326, 1327, 1332, 1338, 1339, 1341, 1344, 1345, 1347–1351, 1357–1359, 1365, 1367, 1373, 1375–1378, 1382, 1385, 1387–1395
Parole of. Surrender of Army of Northern Virginia 667
Lee, Robert E. (General), Mrs. Mentioned 574, 717
Lee, Robert E. (Lieutenant.) Mentioned 722, 723
Lee, Smith S. Correspondence with James Longstreet 1364, 1368
Lee, William H. F.
Correspondence with Richard L. T. Beale 437
Mentioned 29, 323, 339, 381, 436, 437, 607, 835, 852, 1319, 1327, 1329, 1371, 1394
Leet, George K. Mentioned 1203
Leiper, Charles L. Mentioned 1049
Leonard, Charles H. Mentioned 759
Leonard, Joshua W. Mentioned 1036
Leonard, William H. Mentioned 925
Leoser, Charles McK. Correspondence with Alfred T. A. Torbert 1104
Leslie, Malache. Mentioned 1043
Letcher, John. Mentioned 1082, 1161, 1202
Levy, Benjamin J. Mentioned 1305
Lewis, Lieutenant. Mentioned 865
Lewis, George N. Mentioned 1040, 1189

Page.

Lewis, George W.
Correspondence with Charles K. Graham 329
Mentioned 1034
Lewis, Robert. Mentioned 1210
Lewis, Silas H., jr. Mentioned 759
Lewis, William G. Mentioned 156, 204, 264, 642
Lewis' Farm, Va. Engagement at, near Gravelly Run, March 29, 1865. Communications from Gouverneur K. Warren 245, 251, 255, 256, 266
Leyden, Austin. Mentioned 1344
Lidell, John A. Mentioned 720, 1241
Lightburn, Joseph A. J. Mentioned 108
Lightfoot, Charles E. Mentioned 1344
Lilley, Robert D. Mentioned 342, 1095, 1098
Lincoln, Abraham.
Assaulted murderously by J. Wilkes Booth, April 14, 1865. Communications from
Augur, Christopher C 752, 754, 767, 769, 770, 772, 773, 777
Eckert, Thomas T 744, 745
Halleck, Henry W 762, 769, 776, 779
Morris, William W 778
War Department, U. S 780, 781
Wright, Horatio G 759
Correspondence with
Baker, Frank M 737
Blodgett, William T 618
Chittenden, Simeon B 618
Clews, Henry 618
Daly, Charles P 618
Dix, John A 618
Fish, Hamilton 618
Grant, U. S 50, 86, 280, 281, 332, 393, 394, 447, 449, 545, 593
Hancock, Winfield S 81
Howe, Frank E 618
Lincoln, Abraham, Mrs 447
Minnigerode, Charles 737
Navy Department, U. S 62
Norwood, William 737
Ord, Edward O. C 735, 748, 763
Parke, John G 262, 263
Peterkin, Joshua 736, 737
Sloan, Samuel 618
State Department, U. S 392, 572
Taylor, Moses 618
Virginia, Governor of 703
War Department, U. S 86, 96, 109, 169, 241, 280, 332, 392, 446, 447, 508, 509, 544, 640
Washburne, Elihu B 763
Weitzel, Godfrey 271, 612, 724, 725
Wetmore, Prosper M 618
Woodbridge, George 737
Wright, Horatio G 259, 421
Death of, April 15, 1865. Communications from
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 788, 789
Eckert, Thomas T 786
Ewell, Richard S 787

Page.

Lincoln, Abraham—Continued.
Death of, April 15, 1865. Communications from
Grant, U. S 794
Peck, John J 782
Sheridan, Philip H 795
State Department, U. S 785
War Department, U. S 781, 784, 786, 788
Funeral of.
Communications from
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 842–845, 886, 905, 938, 952, 965, 989, 990, 1004, 1015, 1025, 1066, 1072, 1081, 1090
Augur, Christopher C 829
Blow, Henry T., *et al* 845
Chapin, Chester W 844
Dix, John A 875, 886, 1004
Hancock, Winfield S 817
Hooker, Joseph 887
Indiana, Governor of 905
Lowry, M. B 905
Meade, George G 810
Navy Department, U. S 846
Wallace, Lew 843
War Department, U. S 843, 845, 952, 965
Official arrangements for, at Washington, D. C 807
Mentioned 52, 69, 96–98, 129, 132, 169, 170, 173, 195, 200, 218, 279, 324, 327, 328, 449, 450, 509, 510, 544, 563, 574, 575, 595, 597, 619, 655–657, 669, 677, 678, 684, 696, 697, 711, 712, 720, 723, 735–737, 739, 744, 745, 747, 752, 754, 756, 757, 759, 762, 764, 767–770, 772, 773, 775–789, 794–797, 799, 800, 802, 806, 807, 809, 810, 815–817, 819, 820, 822, 831, 833, 836, 839, 840, 842–847, 849, 865, 866, 871, 875, 877, 886–888, 901, 905, 906, 914, 919, 923, 935, 936, 938, 949, 952, 966, 989, 1004, 1072, 1090, 1142, 1143, 1149, 1264
Pursuit of assassins of. Communications from
Augur, Christopher C 899, 901, 903, 949
Barnes, James 913
Beckwith, Samuel H 937, 964
Dana, David D 767
Davis, David 906
Hancock, Winfield S 840, 914, 934, 987, 988
McPhail, James L 963
Navy Department, U. S 768, 799, 816, 902, 910
Nickerson, Sylvanus 768
Quartermaster-General's Office, U. S. A 806
Sweitzer, Nelson B 949
Thompson, John L 768
Waite, John M 910, 934
War Department, U. S 820
Willauer, Seneca G 912, 913
Winship, William W 900, 901
Reward offered for apprehension of assassins of 847
Lincoln, Abraham, Mrs.
Correspondence with
Blow, Henry T 845
Lincoln, Abraham 447
Taussig, William 845
Thomas, James H 845
..... 50, 87, 96, 97, 241, 392, 446, 780, 874, 965

Page.
Lincoln, Robert T. Mentioned 68, 109, 447, 1090
Lincoln, Rufus P.
Correspondence with Frank Wheaton 1086
Mentioned 1289
Lincoln, Sumner H. Mentioned 1031
Lincoln, Thomas. Mentioned 448
Lincoln, William A. Mentioned 1210
Lincoln, William S. Mentioned 1036
Little, Thomas. Mentioned 813
For correspondence, see *Ranald S. Mackenzie.*
Little, Thomas J. Mentioned 1051
Livermore, Thomas L. Mentioned 88, 129, 473, 675, 879
Livingstone, H., Steamer. Mentioned 1206
Livingstone, La Rhett L. Mentioned 1050
Lizzie Baker, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Lloyd, John M. Mentioned 937
Lock, George A. Mentioned 1045
Locke, Frederick T.
Correspondence with
Humphreys, Andrew A 352
Meade, George G 30, 419
Warren, Gouverneur K 254
Mentioned 131, 1011, 1305
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Gouverneur K. Warren;* also *Charles Griffin.*
Lockley, George. Mentioned 1029, 1186
Lockwood, Abram L. Mentioned 861, 1029
Lockwood, Henry H.
Correspondence with William W. Morris 662
Mentioned 1045, 1262
Logan, John A. Mentioned 1250, 1255, 1270
Logan, Thomas H. Mentioned 1034
Lomax, Lunsford L.
Assignment to command 1363
Correspondence with
Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, C. S. A 1394
Beauregard, G. T 954
Davis, Jefferson 1394
Meade, George G 955
Mentioned 507, 872, 1104, 1327–1330, 1358, 1363, 1366, 1389
Long, Armistead L.
Correspondence with William N. Pendleton 1316, 1371, 1379
Mentioned 1316, 1319–1322
Long, Charles H. Mentioned 1041
Long, William H. Mentioned 1305
Longstreet, James.
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 1218
Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, C. S. A 1356
Alexander, E. Porter 1343, 1351, 1368
Cole, R. G 1330
Corse, Montgomery D 1351
Ewell, Richard S 1317, 1324, 1326, 1330, 1332, 1338, 1347, 1376, 1377
Field, Charles W 1317, 1324, 1326, 1343, 1355, 1358, 1373, 1374
Gary, Martin W 1325, 1330, 1333, 1348, 1353, 1361, 1366, 1377, 1378

Page.

Longstreet, James—Continued.
Correspondence with
Graves, William F 1361
Hunton, Eppa 1346, 1364, 1365
Johnson, Marmaduke 1326
Johnston, Samuel R 1360, 1365, 1369
Kershaw, Joseph B 1343, 1352, 1361, 1375
Lee, Fitzhugh 1324, 1333, 1334, 1338, 1339, 1347, 1348, 1352, 1353, 1358
Lee, G. W. Custis 1330, 1343, 1347, 1352
Lee, Robert E 1324, 1329, 1331, 1332, 1334, 1337, 1341, 1342, 1349, 1350, 1354, 1357, 1359, 1360, 1363, 1364, 1367, 1368, 1372
Lee, Smith S 1364, 1368
Mahone, William 1366
Pickett, George E 1325
Quartermaster-General's Office, C. S. A 1341
Semmes, Raphael 1338
Steuart, George H 1344–1346, 1351
Stevens, Walter H 1350, 1368
Taylor, Erasmus 1342, 1343, 1350, 1364, 1372, 1373
War Department, C. S 1329
Wilcox, Cadmus M 1386, 1389
Mentioned 14, 15, 18, 405, 507, 616, 643, 666, 686, 852, 1224, 1230, 1317, 1318, 1324–1326, 1330, 1333, 1334, 1338, 1344, 1348, 1352, 1353, 1356, 1361, 1368, 1374–1376, 1379

Loomis, ———. Mentioned 1218, 1262

Loomis, Henry. Mentioned 975

Lord, Charles McC. Mentioned 1054

Lord, Frank. Mentioned 1041

Lord, Richard S. C. Mentioned 1049

Lord, T. Ellery. Mentioned 1214
For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *John W. Turner.*

Loring, Charles G. Mentioned 316
For correspondence, see *John G. Parke.*

Loring, John K. Mentioned 1305

Losses in Action. See *Union Troops. Casualties. Returns of.*

Lothian, James A. Mentioned 60

Loudoun County, Va.
Scout from Fairfax Court-House into, April 8–10, 1865. Communications from William Gamble 661, 662, 701
Scout from Harper's Ferry into, March 20–25, 1865. Communication from Marcus A. Reno 169
Scout from Vienna into, April 8–10, 1865. Communications from William Gamble 661, 662

Louisburg, Steamer. Mentioned 1207

Louisiana. Military Department embracing 1299

Louisiana Troops. Mentioned. (Confederate.)
Artillery, Light—*Battalions:* **Washington,** 1320.
Infantry—*Regiments:* **1st** (*Volunteers*), 373; **5th, 6th,** 373; **7th,** 90, 373; **9th,** 204.

Louisiana and Texas, Department of. (Union.)
Canby, Edward R. S., assigned to command of 1299
Constituted 1299

Lounsberry, Clément A. Mentioned 1189

Love, George M. Mentioned 1047

Lovell, Mansfield. Mentioned 1339

Page.
Loveland, Frank C. Mentioned 1049
Low, Frederick F. For correspondence, etc., see *California, Governor of.*
Lowery, Joseph S. Mentioned 975
Lowry, M. B. Correspondence with Governor of Ohio 905
Loyd, George. Mentioned 791
Lozier, John H. Mentioned 905
Lubey, Timothy.
Correspondence with Henry W. Benham 116, 192
Mentioned 116
Ludgate, William. Mentioned 856, 857
Ludlow, Benjamin C.
Assignment to command 739
Correspondence with
Gordon, George H 1121, 1130
Weitzel, Godfrey 570
Mentioned 209, 567, 569, 739, 985, 986, 1035, 1213
Lusk, Thurlow W.
Correspondence with
Hancock, Winfield S 774
Stevenson, John D 743, 756
Mentioned 727, 755
Lutes, Franklin W. Mentioned 344
Lydecker, Garrett J. Mentioned 549, 854
Lydia, Schooner. Mentioned 870
Lydig, Philip M. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *John G. Parke.*
Lyman, Theodore. For correspondence as A. D. C., see *George G. Meade.*
Lynch, Charles M. Mentioned 1027
Lynn, James C. Mentioned 1046, 1141
Lyon, ———. Mentioned 76
Lyon, John.
Correspondence with George L. Hartsuff 698
Mentioned 698
McAfee, John. Mentioned 1046
McAllister, Robert.
Correspondence with
De Trobriand, Regis 673
Mott, Gershom 360, 416, 417, 475
Schoonover, John 98
Mentioned 127, 175, 348, 350, 358, 360, 406, 415, 416, 465, 466, 471–475, 603, 647, 673, 860, 861, 1029, 1259, 1309
McAnally, Charles. Mentioned 1028
McArthur, William M. Mentioned 1035
McCall, William H. H.
Correspondence with Orlando B. Willcox 158
Mentioned 157, 1014, 1042
McCallum, Daniel C.
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 822
Ingalls, Rufus 918
Moore, James J 850
War Department, U. S 1081
Mentioned 809, 845, 846
McCalmont, Alfred B. Mentioned 1042, 1189, 1208
McCandless, William H. Mentioned 1043

Page.
McCann, Hugh. Mentioned 1290
McCann, Thomas K. Mentioned 58
McCausland, John. Mentioned 507
McCauslin, Joseph. Mentioned 986
McClanahan, J. H. Mentioned 1336, 1340
McClellan, Arthur. Mentioned 1012
McClellan, Ely. Mentioned 865
McClellan, Samuel A. Mentioned 1027
McClelland, George P. Mentioned 971
McClelland, William. Mentioned 1027
McClennan, Matthew R. Mentioned 760, 1032
McComb, William. Mentioned 124, 370
McCook, Anson G. Mentioned 59, 1047
McCormick, William L. Mentioned 1036
McCoy, Thomas F. Mentioned 1030, 1187
McCrory, Ackland. Mentioned 419
McCulloch, Hugh. Mentioned 1002
McDaniel, Z. Mentioned 1250
McDearman, James M. Mentioned 1129
McDearman, Thomas R. Mentioned 1129
McDonald, Andrew N. Mentioned 1032
McDonald, George E. Mentioned 386, 387
McDonald, James H. Mentioned 704
McDonald, John A. Mentioned 60
MacDougall, Clinton D.
Correspondence with Nelson A. Miles 833
Mentioned 518, 602, 646, 672, 878, 1027, 1259
McDougall, W. Mentioned 60
McDowell, Irvin.
Assignment to command 1299
Correspondence with War Department, U. S. 593
Mentioned 543, 1299
McElhaney, William. Mentioned 1289
Maceuen, Charles I. Mentioned 256
McGilvray, John. Mentioned 1040, 1191
McGonnigle, Andrew J. Mentioned 491, 948
McGowan, Samuel. Mentioned 345, 347
McGowan, Theodore. Mentioned 767
McGrath, Michael H. Mentioned 705
McGraw, Thomas. Mentioned 986, 1111, 1314
McGregor, ———. Mentioned 220-222
McGregor, William M. Mentioned 1327, 1340
Macholz, Oscar. Mentioned 975
McIntosh, David G. Mentioned 1320, 1323, 1327, 1334
McIntyre, Martin V. Mentioned 273
McIvor, James P.
Correspondence with Francis C. Barlow 857
Mentioned 414, 550, 627, 855, 856, 891, 1028, 1228, 1251
McKee, George. Mentioned 986
McKelvy, Samuel. Mentioned 960
Mackenzie, Alexander. Mentioned 1277
Mackenzie, Ranald S.
Assignment to command 55
Assumes command of Cavalry Division, Army of the James 66

Page.

Mackenzie, Ranald S.—Continued.
Correspondence with
Gibbon, John 696
Merritt, Wesley 561
Munford, Thomas T 735, 813
Noggle, Dorman L 105
Ord, Edward O. C 103–105, 191, 382, 635, 866
Spear, Samuel P 105
West, Robert M 105
Mentioned 55, 56, 103, 211, 212, 268, 269, 299, 321, 334, 341, 342, 377, 378, 381, 390, 396, 398, 434, 488, 490, 491, 529, 530, 558–561, 582, 611, 620, 633–635, 654, 694, 710, 711, 717, 722, 734, 735, 796, 880, 881, 1032, 1033, 1184, 1282
McKibbin, David B. Mentioned 1047
McKibbin, Gilbert H.
Assignment to command 57
Correspondence with
Ferrero, Edward 190, 713
Hartsuff, George L 439, 1094, 1159
Mentioned 57, 440, 614, 1034, 1070, 1151, 1198, 1213
McKim, William W. Correspondence with Henry W. Halleck 743
McKinley, William P. Mentioned 1033
McKinsey, John W. Mentioned 1129
McLaughlen, Napoleon B.
Assignment to command 1284
Mentioned 110, 154, 155, 174, 196, 206, 232, 264, 1130, 1131, 1136, 1183, 1207, 1284
Relieved from command of 1st Division, 9th Army Corps 1284
McLaughlin, George H. Mentioned 1040, 1189
McLaughlin, William.
Correspondence with William N. Pendleton 1321
Mentioned 1316, 1317, 1319, 1321, 1322, 1328, 1362
McLean, Captain. Mentioned 331
McLellan, George W. For correspondence, see *Post-Office Department, U. S.*
McLoughlin, George H. Mentioned 1050
McMahon, John. Mentioned 1029, 1186
McMillan, James W.
Correspondence with
Buckhannon, W. Va., Commanding Officer at 638
Emory, William H 240, 638, 727, 1141
Wilkinson, Nathan 1089, 1104, 1109
Mentioned 240, 506, 1046, 1109
Relieved from duty with 1st Division, 19th Army Corps 506
McMillen, Francis M. Mentioned 791
McNab, D. Campbell.
Correspondence with War Department, U. S 59, 61
Mentioned 59
McNally, Michael. Mentioned 1044
McNary, William H. Mentioned 1035
McNeely, James W. Mentioned 1031
McNeill, John H. Mentioned 934–936, 950, 1116
McNulty, Joseph. Mentioned 925
Macomber, George. Mentioned 1242
McParlin, Thomas A.
Correspondence with
Barnes, Joseph K 719
Brinton, Jeremiah B 1018

Page.

McParlin, Thomas A.—Continued.
Correspondence with
Everts, Orpheus 128
Parker, George B 1017
Mentioned 946, 1241
McPhail, James L.
Correspondence with
Hough, B. B 773
War Department, U. S 806, 821, 963
Mentioned 915
McQuinn, Thomas. Mentioned 1046
MacRae, William. Mentioned 54, 370, 386, 465, 473
Macy, George N.
Assignments to command 5, 1302
Correspondence with
Meade, George G 117, 746, 823, 921
Melcher, Holman S 854
Miln, David I 854
Palmer, William L 854
Parke, John G 650, 651
Patrick, Marsena R 117
Mentioned 5, 300, 301, 309, 389, 456, 649, 746, 878, 1026, 1081, 1181–1183, 1195, 1259, 1300, 1302–1304, 1309
Staff. Announcement of 1303
Madill, Henry J. Mentioned 351, 356, 412, 416, 467, 1259, 1309
Mahan, Joseph L. Mentioned 760
Mahone, William.
Correspondence with James Longstreet 1366
Mentioned 8, 19, 31, 218, 237, 238, 289, 377, 383, 395, 402, 437–439, 441, 496–498, 500, 562, 620, 623, 624, 1327, 1330, 1379, 1385, 1389
Mahoney, Andrew. Mentioned 1043
Maine. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Maine, Governor of. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 702
Maine Troops. Mentioned.
Artillery, Heavy—*Regiments:* **1st**, 1028, 1053.
Artillery, Light—*Batteries:* **1st**, 1048; **2d**, **3d**, 276, 1027; **4th**, 1027; **5th**, 1048; **6th**, 228, 1027; **7th**, 1042, 1190, 1208.
Cavalry—*Regiments:* **1st**, 1049, 1137, 1139.
Infantry—*Battalions:* **1st**, 1040, 1189, 1208, 1281; **1st Sharpshooters**, 30, 1029, 1186; **Coast Guard**, 1040, 1041, 1052, 1053. *Companies:* **7th**, 1053. *Regiments:* **1st** (*Veteran*), 1032; **8th**, **11th**, 1035, 1192; **15th**, 1040, 1189, 1208, 1281; **16th**, 1030, 1186, 1187; **17th**, 1028; **19th**, 856, 1028; **20th**, 1029, 1186; **29th**, 1040, 1189, 1208, 1281; **30th**, 1040, 1190, 1208, 1281; **31st**, 1042, 1189, 1208.
Mallory, Stephen R. Mentioned 1387
For correspondence, etc., see *Navy Department, C. S.*
Maloney, Thomas F. Mentioned 1045
Mandeville, Myron H. Mentioned 1305
Mann, Orrin L. Mentioned 816
Manning, Captain. Mentioned 675, 792
Manning, Frederick L.
Correspondence with
Oliver, Paul A 438, 462
Sharpe, George H 19, 33, 38, 188, 287
Weitzel, Godfrey 238, 273, 439
Mentioned 932

Page.

Manning, Stephen H. Mentioned 1140
Mansfield, John. Mentioned 1041
Map. See *Sketch.*
Markland, A. H. Correspondence with
Grant, U. S 810
Ord, Edward O. C 1062
Marmaduke, John S. Mentioned 787
Marquette, Charles. Mentioned 791
Marsh, E. Jay. Mentioned 1042, 1189
Marshall, Charles.
Correspondence with Richard S. Ewell 1375
Mentioned 667
Marshall, Elisha G. Mentioned 1040, 1189, 1282
Martin, Archer N. Mentioned 531
Martin, Chesley. Mentioned 1129
Martin, D. R., Steamer. Mentioned 1207
Martin, Frederick. Mentioned 932
Martin, James G. Mentioned 1362
Martin, S. Taylor. Mentioned 1323
Martindale, Edward. Mentioned 1197, 1198
Maryland, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Maryland.
Affairs in, generally. Communications from
Hooker, George H 1284
Morris, William W 727
Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Operations in. Communications from
Barnes, James 819, 820
Buckley, Florence F 801
Hancock, Winfield S 662
Morris, William W 638, 639, 662, 682
O'Brien, Edward F 801
Maryland, Governor of. Correspondence with Lew. Wallace 843
Maryland Troops. Mentioned. (Confederate.)
Artillery, Light—*Batteries:* **1st**, 1320; **2d**, 1322, 1328, 1329, 1334; **4th**, 1320, 1322, 1323, 1327, 1329, 1334.
Cavalry—*Regiments:* **1st**, 1359.
Maryland Troops. Mentioned. (Union.)
Artillery, Light—*Batteries:* **B**, 1046; **D**, 1043; **Baltimore**, 1039.
Cavalry—*Battalions:* **Purnell Legion**, 1035. *Companies:* **Smith's**, 542, 1045, 1284. *Regiments:* **1st**, 66, 1033; **1st P. H. B.**, 49, 95, 1046.
Infantry—*Companies:* **Patapsco Guards**, 1045. *Regiments:* **1st**, 1030, 1186; **2d**, 1042, 1189, 1208; **2d P. H. B.**, 1046, 1141; **3d**, 265, 1040, 1189, 1207; **3d, P. H. B.**, 571, 1046, 1141; **4th**, 1030, 1186; **5th**, 328, 1036, 1314; **6th**, 1032; **7th, 8th**, 1030, 1186; **11th**, 1045, 1216; **13th**, 1046.
Mary Washington, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Mason, Charles T. Mentioned 1359
Mason, Glenroy P. Mentioned 1210, 1307
Mason, Julius W.
Correspondence with U. S. Grant 1066, 1176
Mentioned 1237
Mason, Robert F. Mentioned 1331
Massachusetts. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Massachusetts, Governor of. Correspondence with War Department, U. S. 543

Page.

Massachusetts Troops. Mentioned.
Artillery, Heavy—*Battalions:* **1st** (*Batteries*), **B**, 1051; **C**, 1052; **D**, 1051; **E**, **F**, 1052. *Batteries:* **29th Unattached Company**, 1043; **30th Unattached Company**, 1043. *Regiments:* **1st**, 1028, 1274, 1275, 1278; **3d**, 1041, 1274; **3d** (*Batteries*), **I**, 1035; **4th**, 1043.
Artillery, Light—*Batteries:* **5th** (**E**), 1031; **9th**, 1027; **10th**, 228, 1029, 1068, 1075, 1085; **11th**, 1042, 1190, 1208; **14th**, 276, 1027; **16th**, 1043.
Cavalry—*Regiments:* **1st**, 276, 277, 428, 540, 563, 564, 906, 1026; **2d**, 541, 1049, 1191; **3d**, 911, 1044, 1148, 1269; **4th**, 390, 499, 1032, 1033, 1035, 1078; **5th** (*Colored*), 58, 70, 71, 83, 212, 390, 567, 584, 764, 798, 909, 910, 1199.
Infantry—*Companies:* **2d Unattached Company**, 1051; **17th Unattached Company**, 1052; **19th Unattached Company**, 1052; **20th Unattached Company**, 1052; **21st Unattached Company**, 1051; **25th Unattached Company**, 1051, 1052; **27th Unattached Company**, 1052. *Regiments:* **11th**, 1029, 1304, 1309; **19th**, 249, 1028; **20th**, 1028, 1304, 1309; **24th**, 815, 884, 1035, 1192; **26th**, 951, 1189, 1208, 1281; **28th**, 1027; **29th**, 947, 1039; **30th**, 1040, 1189, 1208, 1281; **32d**, 1029, 1186; **34th**, 1036; **35th**, 77, 1042, 1189, 1207; **36th**, 1042, 1189, 1207; **37th**, 1031; **39th**, 1030, 1186, 1187; **40th**, 1036; **56th**, 1042, 1189, 1208; **57th**, 186, 1040, 1189, 1207; **58th**, 1042, 1189, 1207; **59th**, 1040, 1189, 1207; **61st**, 20, 923, 1030, 1186.
Masters, Hibbert B. Mentioned 1303
Masters, L. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Charles W. Field.*
Matagorda, Steamer. Mentioned 1206
Mathes, Robert H. Mentioned 861
Mathews, Joseph A. Mentioned 110, 793, 1042, 1189, 1208
Matthews, George. Mentioned 856, 857, 1228
Matthews, Milton. Mentioned 791
Matthewson, Angell. Mentioned 1031
Mattocks, Charles P. Mentioned 860, 862, 1028
Maury, Dabney H. Mentioned 1318
Maxwell, David R. Mentioned 1188
Maxwell, George R. Mentioned 14
Maxwell, John. Mentioned 1250
Maxwell, Norman J. Mentioned 1040, 1189
Maxwell, Obadiah C. Mentioned 1047
Mayer, Edelmiro. Mentioned 1037
Maynard, George C. Correspondence with Thomas T. Eckert 775
Maynard, John C. Mentioned 990
Mayo, Ezekiel R.
Correspondence with Henry W. Benham 275
Mentioned 239, 276, 1027
Mayo, Joseph. Mentioned 762
Mayo, W. S. P. Mentioned 1365
Mead, James P. Mentioned 981
Mead, John B. Mentioned 1040, 1189
Meade, George. Mentioned 348, 516, 1241
Meade, George G.
Assignment to command 1299
Correspondence with
Abbot, Henry L. 933
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 219, 343, 344, 400, 460, 856, 862, 876, 879, 956, 983, 1083, 1150, 1159, 1164, 1211, 1222, 1229, 1233, 1235, 1240, 1273, 1305
Ayres, Romeyn B 134, 995
Babcock, John C 19, 29, 116, 282

Page.

Meade, George G.—Continued.
Correspondence with
Barlow, Francis C 921
Benham, Henry W 19, 503, 504, 680, 823, 877, 890, 920, 921, 945, 957, 958, 994, 1018–1020, 1066, 1067, 1195
Brown, C. A 222
Collis, Charles H. T 116, 221, 586, 615, 680, 730, 823
Crawford, Samuel W 135
Crook, George 236
Curtin, John I 732, 824, 834, 835
Davies, Henry E., jr 7, 9, 21, 40, 54, 65, 77, 159, 160, 186, 187
Davis, Charles L 118, 851
Dillingham, Lucius A 485
Dodamead, Thomas 917, 942–944
Duane, James C 403, 823, 853
Eckert, Thomas T 745, 786
Folwell, William W 945
Gibbon, John 734, 813, 881
Grant, U. S 3, 4, 18, 28, 29, 62, 63, 72, 73, 112, 113, 170–172, 195–197, 202, 205, 218, 219, 224, 242–244, 282–286, 324, 334–342, 395–400, 408, 422, 451–459, 484, 511–513, 545–547, 575–577, 595, 596, 620, 621, 636, 642, 667, 668, 687, 703, 719, 728, 745, 758, 787, 810, 822, 823, 832, 833, 848, 849, 1055, 1056, 1134, 1175, 1194, 1222, 1247, 1255, 1259
Griffin, Charles 476, 597, 599, 603, 628, 647, 746, 789, 790, 811, 823, 921, 922, 995, 996, 1011, 1135, 1140, 1146, 1186, 1187, 1255, 1290, 1292
Halleck, Henry W. 889, 917, 941, 942, 954, 955, 967–969, 991, 992, 1016, 1017, 1056
Hamblin, Joseph E 1075
Harvie, Lewis E 877
Hays, William 1146
Herzog, Charles 4
Humphreys, Andrew A 6, 30, 38, 53, 75, 121–128, 175–178, 199, 200, 223–225, 248–251, 288–291, 345–352, 362, 396, 398, 403–409, 452, 462–468, 516, 549–551, 578, 597–600, 604, 622–625, 642–645, 669–671, 690, 789, 823, 855, 856, 861, 862, 877, 878, 1135, 1140, 1229, 1235, 1290, 1300, 1303
Hunt, Henry J 113, 823, 921, 1209, 1244
Ingalls, Rufus 849
Judson, Horace 485
Lee, Robert E 666
Locke, Frederick T 30, 419
Lomax, Lunsford L 955
Macy, George N 117, 746, 823, 921
Merritt, Wesley 1190
Miles, Nelson A 98, 469
Ord, Edward O. C 209, 210, 375, 492, 493, 511
Parke, John G 6–9, 20, 31, 40, 54, 64, 77, 89, 99, 109, 146–157, 184, 185, 200, 204–206, 220, 223, 230, 232, 233, 243, 259, 263, 264, 287, 311, 312, 316, 317, 346, 372, 373, 407, 409, 421, 422, 428, 453, 477, 480, 482–486, 511, 519, 522–526, 554, 555, 597, 606, 608, 631, 632, 649, 650, 674, 731, 823, 824, 863, 1188, 1190
Parker, Ely S 302
Parker, Francis H 1241
Patrick, Marsena R 728, 729
Pease, Charles E 4
Ruggles, George D 114, 115, 456
Sanders, William W 922

Meade, George G.—Continued. Page.
Correspondence with
Sharpe, George H 29
Sheridan, Philip H 382, 489, 557, 558, 581, 998, 999
Smith, William 745
Subsistence Department, U. S. A 969
War Department, U. S 220, 221, 401, 460, 822, 1259, 1281, 1305
Warren, Gouverneur K 6, 7, 20, 30, 38, 39, 53, 63, 76, 88, 99, 130–132, 179, 201, 223, 228, 229, 244, 245, 253–257, 283, 284, 288, 298–306, 309, 346, 360–367, 417, 418, 562, 636, 658, 679
Webb, Alexander S 456
Weitzel, Godfrey 740
Williams, Seth 595
Withers, Robert E 954, 956
Wright, Horatio G 6–8, 20, 40, 53, 54, 77, 89, 99, 121, 124, 139–141, 144, 181–183, 200, 202, 223, 230, 243, 259, 260, 287, 305, 311–315, 346, 370, 371, 407, 409, 421–423, 453, 455, 477–480, 519–521, 553, 554, 579, 580, 597, 599, 604, 629–631, 645, 647, 648, 747, 759, 790, 791, 823, 892, 906, 930, 945–947, 955, 958, 959, 968, 969, 984, 992, 996–998, 1011, 1012, 1022, 1058, 1059, 1197, 1199, 1230, 1235, 1244, 1245, 1280, 1290
Farewell address of, to Army of the Potomac 1301
Mentioned 6, 19, 20, 39, 65, 68, 73, 89, 97, 99, 109, 110, 112, 113, 116, 117, 120–122, 124–128, 130–132, 134–137, 139–143, 145, 146, 148, 150–154, 158, 159, 174, 176–179, 181, 182, 185, 187, 198, 202, 204, 205, 208, 210, 211, 221, 224, 227, 236, 238, 250, 251, 254–257, 259, 263, 283, 286, 288–292, 298, 300, 302–304, 308, 309, 313–315, 321, 322, 324, 336, 345, 347, 349, 351, 360–363, 365, 366, 368, 372, 374, 375, 382, 389, 391, 401, 403–405, 408, 409, 417, 418, 423–425, 456, 463, 464, 466–468, 470, 477, 478, 480, 483–485, 503, 513, 516, 519–521, 523, 524, 526, 529, 532, 536, 537, 540, 545, 547–551, 554, 555, 558, 567, 572, 574, 576, 578–581, 584–586, 595, 597, 599, 604, 605, 612, 613, 615, 616, 620–622, 630–632, 640, 644, 645, 647–649, 659, 665, 668, 673, 674, 685, 689, 690, 697, 710, 713, 719, 720, 728–730, 733, 747, 748, 750, 759, 787, 789, 791, 793, 794, 798, 810, 811, 823, 825, 833, 849, 850, 876–878, 889, 890, 892, 895, 918, 920–922, 930, 942, 943, 946, 953, 955, 957, 968, 984, 994, 996–999, 1005, 1012, 1016–1018, 1020, 1022, 1026, 1055, 1057, 1058, 1066, 1067, 1074, 1081, 1084, 1087, 1088, 1092, 1094, 1102, 1106, 1113, 1114, 1135, 1138, 1140, 1171, 1177, 1180, 1181, 1195, 1211, 1222, 1232, 1250, 1290, 1299, 1301, 1302, 1307, 1309

Means, Samuel C. Mentioned 279

Meigs, Montgomery C.
Correspondence with Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 822
Mentioned 765, 809, 876, 992, 993, 1066, 1077, 1090, 1118, 1124, 1126, 1127, 1139, 1155, 1193, 1211, 1252, 1253, 1279, 1285, 1307
For correspondence, etc., see *Quartermaster-General's Office, U. S. A.*

Melcher, Holman S.
Correspondence with George N. Macy 854
Mentioned 553, 1310

Melton, Samuel W. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, C. S. A.*

Melvin, Thayer. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *William H. Emory.*

Mensch, John. Mentioned 1291

Merchant, Charles S. Mentioned 1051

Meredith, William M. For correspondence, etc., see *Pennsylvania, Attorney-General of.*

Page.

Merritt, Wesley.
Correspondence with
Anderson, James Q 58
Custer, George A 15
Gibbon, John 693
Grant, U. S 1177
Mackenzie, Ranald S 561
Meade, George G 1190
Middleton, Gabriel 236
Myers, Edward 610
Sheridan, Philip H 57, 91, 235, 267, 325, 326, 434, 489, 490, 530, 531, 558-560, 610, 634, 652, 676, 677, 693
Mentioned 106, 107, 234, 266, 281, 283, 302, 303, 306, 309, 323, 324, 336, 338, 364, 369, 380, 382, 391, 553, 556, 652, 654, 666, 676, 686, 744, 908, 931, 961, 985, 1001, 1024, 1048, 1181, 1195
Relieved from duty with the Cavalry Corps 1195
Meservey, Charles C. Mentioned 1043
Meyer, ———. Mentioned 575
Michie, Peter S.
Correspondence with
Barnard, John G 100, 1143
Gordon, George H 214
Mentioned..98, 321, 377, 390, 456, 719, 932, 1032, 1035, 1143, 1177, 1178, 1252, 1258, 1265
Michigan. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Michigan, Adjutant-General of. Correspondence with Orlando B. Willcox . 186
Michigan Troops. Mentioned.
Artillery, Light—*Batteries:* **13th, 14th**, 1041.
Cavalry—*Regiments:* **1st**, 541, 1044, 1048, 1190, 1191; **5th, 6th, 7th**, 1048, 1190, 1191.
Infantry—*Companies:* **1st Sharpshooters**, 1039; **2d Sharpshooters**, 1039; **Brady's Sharpshooters**, 1029; **Jardine's Sharpshooters**, 1029. *Regiments:* **1st**, 1029, 1186, 1255; **1st Sharpshooters**, 1039, 1189, 1207; **2d**, 186, 1039, 1071, 1189, 1207; **5th**, 1028, 1255; **7th**, 1028, 1255; **8th**, 1039; **16th**, 1029, 1186, 1255; **17th**, 186, 652, 947, 1039, 1188, 1207, 1238; **20th**, 186, 1039, 1189, 1207, 1238; **26th**, 1027, 1043; **27th**, 893, 1039, 1188, 1207.
Michler, Nathaniel. Mentioned 854, 1241
Middle Department. (Union.)
Constituted 1298
Hancock, Winfield S., assigned to command of 1298
Kenly, John R.
Assigned to command of 1st Separate Brigade in 1256
Relieved from command of District of Delaware and Eastern Shore of Maryland in 1256
Orders, General, series 1865—*Morris:* **Nos. 55, 56**, 108; **No. 64**, 279; **Nos. 82, 83**, 778. *Wallace:* **No. 85**, 843; **No. 95**, 1072; **No. 104**, 1256.
Orders, Special, series 1865—*Wallace:* **No. 109**, 1105.
Tyler, Erastus B., relieved from command of 1st Separate Brigade in 1256
Union troops in. Organization, strength, etc.
March 24, 1865 106
March 31, 1865 390
April 30, 1865 ..... 1038, 1045, 1046
Wallace, Lew., resumes command of 843
Middle Military Division. (Union.)
Army Corps, 19th, discontinued 52

Page.

Middle Military Division. (Union)—Continued.
McMillan, James W., relieved from duty with 1st Division, 19th Army Corps 506
Movements and disposition of troops in. Communications from
Carroll, Samuel S 508
Hancock, Winfield S 508
Orders, General, series 1865—*Hancock:* **No. 34**, 92; **No. 35**, 216; **No. 39**, 506; **No. 43**, 817; **Nos. 44, 45**, 898; **No. 48**, 1141; **No. 50**, 1185; **No. 52**, 1226; **No. 53**, 1240; **No. 55**, 1261; **No. 56**, 1267; **No. 60** 1277.
Orders, Special, series 1865—*Hancock:* **No. 108**, 1071.
For other Orders, see *Middle Department; Pennsylvania, Department of; Washington, Department of;* and *West Virginia, Department of.*
Sheridan, Philip H., relieved from command of 1165
Torbert, Alfred T. A., assigned to command of Army of the Shenandoah .. 898
Union troops in. Organization, strength, etc.
March 24, 1865 106–108
March 31, 1865 ..... 390, 391
April 30, 1865 1038
See also *Middle Department; Pennsylvania, Department of; Washington, Department of;* and *West Virginia, Department of.*

Middleton, Gabriel.
Correspondence with Wesley Merritt 236
Mentioned 1048

Miles, John. Mentioned 1027

Miles, Nelson A.
Assignments to command 1191, 1192
Correspondence with
Humphreys, Andrew A 228, 252, 294–296, 354–356, 408, 412, 467, 469, 470, 517, 518, 551, 552, 601, 602, 625–627, 646
MacDougall, Clinton D 833
Meade, George G 98, 469
Ord, Edward O. C 1249
Sheridan, Philip H 470
Mentioned 76, 88, 113, 124–129, 142, 174, 177, 184, 201, 225–227, 245, 249–253, 256, 288–295, 297, 298, 305, 336, 337, 346–351, 353, 354, 356–360, 362, 363, 380, 394, 396–400, 404, 406–409, 411, 415, 434, 447–451, 456, 457, 459, 462–464, 466–469, 471, 475, 489, 491, 492, 495, 517–519, 550, 552, 578, 579, 598, 601–603, 623, 625, 627, 644–646, 672, 687, 691, 706, 720, 789, 862, 878, 879, 1027, 1067, 1068, 1075, 1085, 1101, 1107, 1114, 1115, 1119, 1127, 1128, 1150, 1174–1176, 1184, 1191, 1192, 1195–1197, 1213, 1234, 1259, 1269
Relieved from duty in the Army of the Potomac 1176
Staff. Announcement of 1176

Military Complications. Communications from
Crook, George 69
Hancock, Winfield S 69, 72, 81, 82
War Department, U. S 72

Military Conditions. (Confederate.) Communication from Robert E. Lee .. 1318

Military Division of the Gulf (Union). See *Gulf, Military Division of the.*

Military Division of the James (Union). See *James, Military Division of the.*

Military Division of the Mississippi (Union). See *Mississippi, Military Division of the.*

Military Division of the Pacific. See *Pacific, Military Division of the.*

Miller Benjamin F. Mentioned 759

Page.
Miller, Francis C. Mentioned 1030, 1187
Miller, James. Mentioned 1028
Miller, Marcus P. Mentioned 391, 1040, 1049, 1191
Milliken, Charles A. Mentioned 1032
Mills, Charles J.
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Andrew A. Humphreys.*
Miln, David I. Correspondence with George N. Macy 854
Milton, Richard S. Mentioned 1027
Mink, Charles E. Mentioned 1031, 1187
Minnesota. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Minnesota Troops. Mentioned.
Infantry—*Regiments:* **1st**, 1028, 1255.
Minnigerode, Charles. Correspondence with Abraham Lincoln 737
Mintzer, St. John W. Mentioned 1044
Mintzer, William M. Mentioned 1027
Mississippi. Military Department embracing 1299
Mississippi, Department of. (Union.)
Constituted 1299
Dana, Napoleon J. T., relieved from command of 1056
Slocum, Henry W., assigned to command of 1299
Warren, Gouverneur K., assigned to command of 1056
Mississippi, Military Division of the. (Union.)
Constituted 1299
Sherman, William T., assigned to command of 1299
Mississippi Troops. Mentioned.
Infantry—*Regiments:* **11th**, 179, 201.
Missouri. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Missouri, Department of the. (Union.)
Constituted 1298
Pope, John, assigned to command of 1298
Mitchell, Horace P. Mentioned 1033
Mitchell, James H. Mentioned 1027
Mitchell, John. Mentioned 575, 983
Mitchell, Theodore. Mentioned 791
Mitchell, Thomas. Mentioned 308
Mitchell, William. Mentioned 1044
Mitchell, William G. For correspondence as A. D. C., see *Winfield S. Hancock.*
Moale, Edward. Mentioned 986, 1214
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *John Gibbon.*
Mobberly, John W. Mentioned 240, 444, 445, 590, 774, 840, 841, 868, 870
Mobley, Edward M. Mentioned 924, 1030, 1186
Mocks, S. Mentioned 445
Moffat, James W. Mentioned 760
Moffatt, Edward S. Mentioned 403
Moffett, Samuel A. Mentioned 1187
Moffitt, Stephen. Mentioned 1214
Monitor, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Montana. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Montauk, Steamer. Mentioned 1206
Montgomery, Charles S. Mentioned 975
Montgomery, John B.
Correspondence with Navy Department, U. S. 768
Mentioned 768
Montreal, Canada, U. S. Consul-General at. Correspondence with State Department, U. S 331

Page.
Moody, George V. Mentioned 1344
Moody, Young M. Mentioned 125
Moon, John C. Mentioned 1037
Moore, Alexander. Mentioned 1202
Moore, Alexander C. Mentioned 1039
Moore, E. Lewis. Mentioned 1287, 1288
Moore, James J. Correspondence with
Ingalls, Rufus 548, 669
McCallum, Daniel C 850
Moore, James M. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 1263
Moore, L. Eugene C. Mentioned 1041
Moore, Patrick T. Mentioned 1331
Moore, Thomas W. C. Mentioned 18
Moorhead, James K. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 874
Morgan, Albert T. Mentioned 982
Morgan, Bankson T. Mentioned 784
Morgan, Charles H. Mentioned 752, 765, 898, 904
For correspondence as Chief of Staff, see *Winfield S. Hancock.*
Morgan, Edwin D. Mentioned 807
Morgan, George F. Mentioned 971
Morgan, J. Frank. Mentioned 1028
Morgan, John H. Mentioned 79
Morgan, John T. Mentioned 1045
Morgan, Michael R. Mentioned 1254
Morgan, William H. Mentioned 750
Morris, Commodore, U. S. S. Mentioned 616
Morris, Robert M. Mentioned 1049
Morris, William W.
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 591, 832, 842
Augur, Christopher C 777
Crawford, William 638
Grant, U. S 727
Halleck, Henry W 776
Hancock, Winfield S 662, 682, 777, 840
Kenly, John R 542, 591, 778
Lockwood, Henry H 662
Sewall, Frederick D 194, 756, 779
Smythe, William J 591
Vaughan, Edwin 591
War Department, U. S 775, 776
Wiegel, William H 639
Mentioned 92, 111, 194, 390, 543, 662, 839, 842, 843, 1045, 1262
Morrison, Joseph B. Mentioned 1214
Morrison, Joseph J. Mentioned 1034
Morrow, Henry A. Mentioned 597, 977, 980, 981, 1030, 1183, 1187, 1256
Morrow, Thomas G. Mentioned 1234
Morton, Oliver P. For correspondence, etc., see *Indiana, Governor of.*
Morton, Peter. Mentioned 1034
Mosby, John S.
Correspondence with
Hancock, Winfield S 714, 765
Lee, Robert E 1359
Farewell address of, to his command 1396

Page.

Mosby, John S.—Continued.
Mentioned 26, 82, 84, 85, 95, 107, 108, 169, 240, 279, 331, 444, 542, 617, 638, 661, 675, 678, 681, 684, 685, 692, 697, 699, 701, 715, 725, 741–743, 767, 774, 799, 800, 804, 805, 817, 830, 831, 838–841, 868, 869, 897, 904, 910, 914, 934, 1003, 1080, 1082, 1141, 1157, 1158, 1173, 1359

Mosby's Command. Surrender of majority of. Communications from
Chapman, George H 830
Hancock, Winfield S 839, 897, 904, 910

Mosby, W. H. Mentioned 277

Mosswood, U. S. S. Mentioned 17, 1108

Motley, John W. Mentioned 1129

Mott, Gershom.
Assignment to command 1302
Correspondence with
De Trobriand, Regis 359, 360, 416, 475
Driver, William R 415
Gifford, Haviland 415
Humphreys, Andrew A 252, 253, 294, 297, 298, 354, 356–359, 414–416, 466, 468, 471–474, 518, 519, 551, 552, 579, 602, 1183, 1234
McAllister, Robert 360, 416, 417, 475
Wright, Horatio G 1310
Mentioned 76, 88, 113, 125–129, 174, 177, 226, 227, 250, 252, 288, 290–295, 305, 346–348, 354–356, 359, 360, 397, 405, 406, 411–413, 416, 417, 464–466, 468, 475, 514, 517, 520, 521, 550, 552, 578, 598, 622, 1028, 1195–1197, 1259, 1300, 1302, 1303
Staff. Announcement of 1303

Mount, D. H., Steamer. Mentioned 74

Mower, Joseph A. Mentioned 1315

Mudd, Samuel A. Mentioned 902, 937

Muhlenberg, Charles P. Mentioned 1036

Mulford, John E. Mentioned 449, 450, 728, 1368, 1372

Mumford, ———. Mentioned 740

Mundee, Charles. Mentioned 1305

Munford, Thomas T.
Address of, to cavalry brigade 1395
Correspondence with
Gibbon, John 880
Mackenzie, Ranald S 735, 813
Mentioned 735, 881, 882

Munitions of War.
Disposition and sale of. Communications from
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 1279
Grant, U. S 1133
Halleck, Henry W 1133, 1134
Ingalls, Rufus 1125, 1126
Quartermaster-General's Office, U. S. A 1124, 1139
War Department, U. S 1133
Supplies of. Communications from
Batchelder, Richard N 730
Ingalls, Rufus 52, 73, 74, 87, 850, 970, 993
Meade, George G 994, 996, 998
Merritt, Wesley 235
Navy Department, C. S 1336
Pendleton, William N 1331, 1337
Sheridan, Philip H 67, 68

Page.
Munk, William. Mentioned 1046
Murray, ———. Mentioned 582
Murray, Marshal. Mentioned 948
Murray, Alexander. Mentioned 925
Murray, John B. Mentioned 1035
Mustain, S. W. Mentioned 1129
Muzzey, Loring W. Mentioned 688, 1305
Myers, ———. Mentioned 677, 678
Myers, Daniel. Mentioned 1029, 1186
Myers, Edward. Correspondence with Wesley Merritt 610
Myers, William B. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *John B. Gordon.*
Namozine Church, Va. Action at, April 3, 1865. Communications from
Philip H. Sheridan 529
Nansemond, C. S. S. Mentioned 851
Navy Department, C. S. Correspondence with War Department, C. S 1336
Navy Department, U. S. Correspondence with
Barnard, John G 4
Breese, K. Randolph 987
Dornin, Thomas A 588
Eastman, Thomas H 902
Halleck, Henry W 1091
Lincoln, Abraham 62
Montgomery, John B 768
Parker, Foxhall A 616, 618, 816
Porter, David D 799, 910
War Department, U. S 618
Zeilin, Jacob 768
Neal, T. D. Mentioned 1129
Neals, Pierce. Mentioned 928
Nebraska. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Neely, Robert. Mentioned 1030
Negroes.
Act of Virginia Legislature concerning 1315
Employment of, etc. Communications from
Grant, U. S 41
Hartsuff, George L 932
See also *Freedmen.*
Negro Soldiers. See *Colored Troops.* (*Confederate.*)
Negus, Edward L. Mentioned 1048
Nellie Pentz, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Nelson, William. Mentioned 1316, 1320, 1321, 1323, 1329, 1364
Nettleton, A. Bayard. Mentioned 1049
Nevada. Military Department embracing 1299
Nevin, Edward H., jr. Mentioned 1039
Nevin, Robert J. Mentioned 1043
Nevins, David A. Mentioned 1284
Newhall, Frederic C.
Correspondence with
Forsyth, James W 795
Sheridan, Philip H 812
Mentioned 58, 490, 558
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Philip H. Sheridan.*
New Hampshire. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299

Page.

New Hampshire Troops. Mentioned.
Artillery, Heavy—*Regiments:* **1st**, 1041; **1st** (*Batteries*), **A**, **B**, 1052; **M**, 228, 1029, 1068, 1075, 1085.
Cavalry—*Regiments:* **1st**, 1040.
Infantry—*Regiments:* **2d**, 1036, 1314; **5th**, 1027; **6th**, 204, 1042, 1189, 1208; **9th**, 1042, 1189, 1208; **10th**, 1036; **11th**, 863, 1042, 1189, 1208; **12th**, **13th**, 1036; **18th**, 54, 204, 1040.
New Jersey. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
New Jersey Troops. Mentioned.
Artillery, Light—*Batteries:* **1st**, 1032; **2d**, 228, 672, 1029, 1068, 1075, 1085; **3d**, 1027; **4th**, **5th**, 1038.
Cavalry—*Regiments:* **1st**, **3d**, 1049, 1191.
Infantry—*Battalions:* **1st** (*Veteran*), 1031. *Regiments:* **2d** (*Veteran*), 1031, 1308; **3d**, 1031; **4th**, 77, 421, 426, 1031, 1308; **7th**, **8th**, 1029, 1304, 1309; **10th**, 8, 99, 311, 1031; **11th**, 1029; **12th**, 1028, 1251, 1304, 1309; **14th**, 1032; **15th**, 1031; **38th**, 1033; **39th**, 1042, 1189, 1207; **40th**, 421, 426, 455, 1031, 1308.
New Mexico. Military Department embracing 1299
Newport, Reece M. Correspondence with Quartermaster-General's Office, U. S. A. 806, 821
New York. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
New York City, Chief of Police of. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 783
New York, Governor of. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 843
New York Troops. Mentioned.
Artillery, Heavy—*Regiments:* **2d**, **4th**, 1027, 1274, 1275; **4th** (*Batteries*), **C**, **L**, 1029, 1068, 1075; **5th**, 617, 1046, 1312; **6th**, 56, 713, 1034, 1198, 1274; **7th**, 1045; **8th**, 1028; **9th**, 1032, 1156, 1275; **9th** (*Batteries*), **L**, 1032; **10th**, 56, 1034, 1198; **13th**, 1034, 1108, 1178; **14th**, 186, 1040, 1042, 1189, 1207, 1274, 1275; **14th** (*Batteries*), **D**, 1042; **15th**, 973, 975, 995, 996, 1030, 1186; **15th** (*Batteries*), **F**, 1027, **M**, 1031; **16th**, 1034, 1198; **16th** (*Batteries*), **E**, **H**, 1033.
Artillery, Light—*Batteries:* **1st**, **3d**, 1032; **5th**, 1048; **6th**, 1040, 1191; **7th**, 56, 273, 1036; **8th**, 1034; **11th**, 228, 1029; **12th**, 1029, 1068, 1075, 1085; **17th**, 189, 796, 881, 1036; **19th**, 1042, 1190, 1208; **20th**, 1050; **27th**, 1042, 1190, 1208; **28th**, 1051; **30th**, 1039; **32d**, 1046; **33d**, 213, 569, 1034, 1198; **34th**, 1042, 1190, 1208. *Regiments:* **1st** (*Batteries*), **A**, 1045; **B**, 1031, 1187; **C**, 1031; **D**, 1031, 1187; **E**, 1031; **F**, 1043; **G**, 1027; **H**, 1031, 1187; **K**, 1043; **L**, 1031. *Batteries:* **3d** (*Batteries*), **E**, 1036; **H**, 735, 1036; **K**, **M**, 1036.
Cavalry—*Companies:* **Oneida**, 389, 1026. *Regiments:* **1st** (*Lincoln*), 1049, 1148, 1191, 1269; **1st** (*Veteran*), 446, 1047, 1312; **2d** (*Harris' Light*), 1049, 1191; **2d** (*Mounted Rifles*), 1049, 1137, 1139, 1205; **3d**, 1034; **5th**, 1045, 1048, 1285; **6th**, 1048, 1191; **7th**, 12, 13, 103–105, 390, 697, 712, 740, 741, 749, 1032, 1033; **8th**, 1049, 1191; **9th**, 1048, 1191; **10th**, 1049, 1191; **13th**, 751, 754, 912, 1040, 1041, 1043, 1148; **15th**, 1002, 1049, 1191; **16th**, 662, 751–754, 802, 819, 901, 948, 949, 1002; **19th**, 1048, 1191; **20th**, 238, 815, 1033, 1035, 1198; **21st**, 1044, 1148, 1269; **22d**, 1048, 1049, 1285; **24th**, 1049, 1191; **25th**, 49, 95, 935, 1046, 1219; **26th**, 1053, 1054.
Engineers—*Regiments:* **1st**, 390, 1032, 1033; **15th**, 20, 563, 564, 586, 1026; **50th**, 945, 957, 1026, 1047, 1260.

Page.

New York Troops Mentioned—Continued.

Infantry—*Battalions:* **1st Sharpshooters**, 1030, 1187. *Regiments:* **5th** (*Veteran*), 973, 975, 1030, 1186; **7th**, 1027; **7th** (*Militia*), 886; **10th**, 1028, 1251; **39th**, 1027; **40th**, 877, 1022, 1028; **41st**, 56, 1034, 1198; **43d**, 1032; **46th**, 1039, 1189, 1207; **49th**, 1032; **51st**, 1042, 1189, 1190, 1207; **52d**, 1027; **59th**, 1028; **61st**, 1027, 1304, 1309; **62d**, 1011, 1031; **63d**, 1027; **64th**, 1027, 1304, 1309; **65th**, 1031, 1308; **66th**, 1011; **69th**, 1027; **73d**, 416, 1028; **77th**, 1032; **79th**, 1042, 1188, 1190, 1207; **80th**, 724, 728, 729, 884; **81st**, 501, 1036, 1314; **86th**, 1028; **88th**, 1027; **89th**, 1035, 1192; **90th**, 1045, 1236; **91st**, 1030, 1045, 1186, 1187; **93d**, 1028; **94th**, 979, 1030, 1187, 1311; **95th**, 979, 1030, 1187, 1311; **96th**, 1036, 1314; **97th**, 1030, 1186, 1187; **98th**, 1036, 1314; **100th**, 1035, 1192; **103d**, 56, 1034; **104th**, 1029, 1186, 1187; **106th**, 1032; **108th**, 859, 1028; **109th**, 1039, 1188, 1207, 1238; **111th**, 356, 1027; **114th**, 1040, 1189, 1208; **116th**, 1040; **118th**, 1036; **120th**, 1029; **121st**, 1031; **122d**, 1032; **124th**, 416, 1028; **125th**, **126th**, 1027; **133d**, 1040, 1190, 1208; **139th**, 1036; **140th**, **146th**, 973, 975, 1030, 1186; **147th**, 310, 1030, 1187; **148th**, 1035, 1192; **151st**, 1032; **152d**, 1028, 1304, 1309; **153d**, 1040, 1189, 1208, 1281; **155th**, 414, 1028, 1251, 1304, 1309; **158th**, 1035, 1192; **160th**, 1040, 1189, 1208; **162d**, 1040, 1190, 1208; **164th**, 1028, 1251, 1304, 1309; **165th**, 806, 1040, 1236, 1246; **170th**, 414, 1028, 1251, 1304, 1309; **173d**, 755, 756, 1040, 1189, 1208; **179th**, 1042, 1189, 1208; **182d**, 414, 858, 1028, 1251, 1304, 1309; **184th**, 1033; **185th**, 731, 1029, 1186; **186th**, 1042, 1189, 1208; **187th**, **188th**, **189th**, 1029, 1186; **192d**, 1047; **193d**, 1098.

Nicholls, Richard S. Mentioned 403, 461

Nichols, Asahel W. Mentioned 1189

Nichols, Edward T. Correspondence with

Grant, U. S 616

Parker, Foxhall A 570

Porter, David D 588, 616

Nichols, George F. Mentioned 1036

Nichols, William A.

Correspondence with Edward D. Townsend 887

Mentioned 807, 1251, 1303

For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A.*

Nicholson, John.

Correspondence with

Augur, Christopher C 949

Gamble, William 819

Mentioned 819, 988

Nickerson, Sylvanus. Correspondence with

Augur, Christopher C 903, 904

Barnes, James 820, 913

Parker, Foxhall A 768, 817, 913

Niebuhr, Caleb E. Mentioned 1051

Nightingale, Steamer. Mentioned 1207

Niles, Peter H.

Correspondence with Charles L. Davis 851

Mentioned 851

Noel, Jesse R. Mentioned 1129

Noggle, Dorman L.

Correspondence with Ranald S. Mackenzie 105

Mentioned 239, 1033

Norment, George M. Mentioned 305

Page.

Norris, Charles E.
Correspondence with
Hancock, Winfield S 95
Stevenson, John D 95
Mentioned 542, 1048
Norris, Hardman P. Mentioned 1043
North Carolina.
Military Departments embracing 833, 1299
Operations in. Communications from
Beauregard, G. T 954
Grant, U. S 954
Johnston, Joseph E 968
Lomax, Lunsford L 955
Meade, George G 955
Sherman, William T 761, 793
North Carolina, Department of. (Union.)
Constituted 1299
Cox, Jacob D., assigned to command of 23d Army Corps 195
Hawley, Joseph R., relieved from duty in 1288
Schofield, John M., assigned to command of 1299
Terry, Alfred H., assigned to command of 10th Army Corps 195
North Carolina, Governor of. Correspondence with Jefferson Davis 1393
North Carolina Troops. Mentioned. (Confederate.)
Cavalry—*Battalions:* **12th**, 78; **16th**, 53, 76, 419. *Regiments:* **4th**, 76.
Infantry—*Battalions:* **2d**, 373. *Regiments:* **5th**, 186; **6th**, 184; **13th**, 289; **16th**, 305; **18th**, 791; **21st**, 90; **22d**, 305; **26th**, 386, 387; **34th**, 305; **38th**, 289; **43d**, 20, 374; **45th**, 185; **46th**, 790; **48th**, 19; **53d**, 204, 263.
Northern Virginia, Army of. (Confederate.)
Finegan, Joseph, relieved from duty with 1327
Lee, Robert E., farewell address of, to command 744
Mosby, John S., command of, disbanded 1396
Orders, General, series 1865—*Lee:* **No. 8**, 1357; **No. 9**, 744.
Orders, Special, series 1865—*Lee:* **April 4**, 1384; **April 10**, 1392; **No. 41**, 1327; **No. 75**, 1340. *Munford:* **No. 6**, 1395. *Pendleton:* **No. 11**, 1316; **No. 13** (March 20), 1328; **No. 13** (March 22), 1333; **No. 14**, 1340. *Stevens:* **No. 11**, 1359.
Recommendation for promotion in. Communication from E. Porter Alexander 1344
Reorganization of artillery of. Communications from
Pendleton, William N 1319, 1322, 1327, 1328, 1333
Lee, Robert E 1320
Surrender of, April 9, 1865.
Communications from
Dana, Charles A 716, 717
Gibbon, John 734, 880
Grant, U. S 619, 641, 663–666, 668
Lee, Robert E 619, 641, 664–666
Meade, George G 666
Walker, Henry H 1394
War Department, U. S 663, 683
Parole of Robert E. Lee and Staff at 667
Parole of officers and men at 853
Terms of 685

Page.

Northrop, Lucius B.
Correspondence with Jefferson Davis 1387
Mentioned 1276, 1336
Norton, Lemuel B.
Correspondence with
Dillingham, Lucius A 247
Ord, Edward O. C 162, 189
Wardwell, Edward H 344
Mentioned 117, 390
Norton, Perez L. Mentioned 926, 928
Norton, Warren A. Mentioned 1131
Norvell, Erastus S. Mentioned 759
Norvell, John M. Mentioned 598, 1228, 1229
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Francis C. Barlow.*
Norwood, William. Correspondence with Abraham Lincoln 737
Nugent, Robert. Mentioned 412, 518, 602, 646, 672, 1027
Nye, George H. Mentioned 1040, 1189
Oakes, George J. Mentioned 759
O'Beirne, James R. Mentioned 870, 937, 964
Obenchain, William A. Mentioned 1359
O'Brien, Edward F. Correspondence with Joseph M. Brown 801
O'Brien, John. Mentioned 1210
Ocker, Thomas. Mentioned 760
O'Connell, John D. Mentioned 1026
Odell, Moses F. Mentioned 592
Ogden, Thomas P. Mentioned 1113
Oglesby, Richard J. Mentioned 1025
For correspondence, etc., see *Illinois, Governor of.*
O'Hare, Thomas. Mentioned 1303
Ohio. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Ohio, Department of the.
Constituted 1298
Ord, Edward O. C., assigned to command of 1298
Ohio, Governor of. Correspondence with M. B. Lowry 905
Ohio Troops. Mentioned.
Artillery, Light—***Batteries:*** **1st**, 1041. ***Regiments:*** **1st** (*Batteries*), **H**, 1027; **L**, 1047.
Cavalry—***Companies:*** **3d**, 1046; **Union Light Guard**, 1041. ***Regiments:*** **2d**, 1049, 1191, 1223; **6th**, 1049, 1137, 1139, 1198; **8th**, 1046, 1179, 1231, 1312; **13th**, 1049, 1137, 1139.
Infantry—***Regiments:*** **4th**, 859, 1028, 1251, 1255, 1256; **23d**, 1047, 1312; **28th**, 508, 571, 1046; **36th**, 1047, 1312; **60th**, 1039, 1189, 1207; **62d**, 1035, 1192; **67th**, 1035, 1088, 1192; **91st**, 1047, 1227, 1243, 1245; **110th**, 1032; **116th**, 1036; **122d**, 1032; **123d**, 1036; **126th**, 1032; **191st**, **192d**, 1047; **193d**, 48, 1047; **194th**, 59, 1047; **195th**, 193, 1047; **196th**, 279, 1047; **197th**, 1014.
O'Laughlin, Michael. Mentioned 821
Olcott, Egbert. Mentioned 1031
Olcott, H. S. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 784
Oldham, Robert Mentioned 721, 748
Oley, John H.
Correspondence with
Blundon, Edgar B 963, 1014, 1015, 1263
Emory, William H 831, 873
Guion, J. Marshall 820

Page.

Oley, John H.—Continued.
Correspondence with
Hancock, Winfield S 716
Karnes, George W 591
Rife, Jacob M 873
Slack, Hedgeman 446, 590
Whitley, John, jr 445, 743, 805, 820, 831, 841, 842
Wilber, Edward P 446
Mentioned 108, 820, 828, 829, 831, 1047, 1117
Oliver, Isaac T. Mentioned 1129
Oliver, Paul A.
Correspondence with
Babcock, John C 401
Manning, Frederick L 438, 462
Sharpe, George H 401
Mentioned 852, 853
Olmsted, William A.
Correspondence with Francis C. Barlow 856
Mentioned 414, 627, 855, 856, 1028, 1228
O'Neill, Henry. Mentioned 1029
Ord, Edward O. C.
Assignments to command 788, 1298
Assignment to command, in Order 65, revoked 833
Correspondence with
Abbot, Henry L 385, 442
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 1218
Angel, Ashbel W 1179
Badeau, Adam 882
Baird, Thomas S 161
Birney, William 532, 533
Bowers, Theodore S 269, 430, 494, 495
Campbell, John A 735
Carr, Joseph B 213, 214
Curtis, N. Martin 1088
Eckert, Thomas T 745
Gibbon, John 33, 43, 65, 102, 103, 162, 163, 375, 379, 635, 761, 796, 826, 866, 1111, 1165, 1200, 1218
Gordon, George H 12, 45, 57, 215, 569, 587, 799, 941, 1226
Graham, Charles K 569
Grant, U. S 9, 10, 21, 31–33, 41, 42, 55, 65, 77, 78, 90, 99, 100, 160–162, 165, 187, 188, 207–209, 236, 267–269, 318–321, 374–378, 429–432, 492–495, 532, 533, 583, 611, 634, 635, 723, 724, 735, 736, 762, 763, 796, 797, 814, 815, 825, 826, 835, 836, 864, 865, 1013, 1076, 1077, 1160, 1177, 1178, 1224, 1230
Gregg, J. Irvin 881, 1205, 1215, 1219, 1224, 1225
Halleck, Henry W 762, 896, 961, 1001, 1062, 1077, 1094, 1108, 1116, 1146, 1148, 1262
Hartsuff, George L 34, 44, 56, 164, 165, 749, 797, 896, 1063, 1151, 1197, 1201
Howard, John B 1147
Humphreys, Andrew A 404, 432, 433
Lincoln, Abraham 735, 748, 763
Mackenzie, Ranald S 103–105, 191, 382, 635, 866
Markland, A. H 1062
Meade, George G 209, 210, 375, 492, 493, 511
Miles, Nelson A 1249

Page

Ord, Edward O. C.—Continued.
Correspondence with
Norton, Lemuel B 162, 189
Ord, Edward O. C., Mrs 677
Parke, John G 315, 322
Patrick, Marsena R 1199
Read, Theodore 11, 21, 42, 65, 269
Roberts, Joseph 13
Seward, Samuel S 741
Sharpe, George H 78, 101
Stratton, Franklin A 1088
Sumner, Edwin V 45, 46, 587, 1166
Turner, John W 162, 962
War Department, U. S 40, 55, 749, 835, 896, 1116, 1252, 1294
Wardwell, Edward H 494
Weitzel, Godfrey 22, 43, 90, 164, 190, 212, 439, 499, 535, 567, 697, 739, 797, 798, 816, 1070, 1078, 1094
West, Robert M 12, 22–24, 32, 34, 43
Whipple, Henry C 23, 24, 34, 35
Wright, Horatio G 260, 314, 315, 371, 372, 378, 379, 425, 495
Mentioned 5, 10, 11, 23, 24, 28, 32, 33, 44–46, 58, 65, 66, 73–75, 90, 97, 98, 101, 102, 104, 117, 163, 165, 166, 170–172, 195, 196, 198, 210, 211, 213, 214, 224, 227–229, 231, 242–244, 251, 287, 289, 291, 311, 313, 315, 316, 322, 325, 332, 334–336, 341, 343, 347, 352, 365, 372, 379, 386, 390, 393, 395, 396, 398, 404–406, 411, 413, 422, 442, 446, 448, 450, 452–456, 464, 478, 479, 481, 486, 488, 489, 495, 499, 511, 515, 529, 545, 556, 557, 569, 572, 573, 576, 577, 582, 585, 586, 603, 605, 607–610, 612, 613, 619, 658, 660, 666, 668, 671, 677, 688, 713, 718, 720, 728–730, 737, 758, 763, 764, 787, 788, 798, 816, 847, 866, 882, 883, 888, 908, 941, 962, 932, 993, 1005, 1016, 1032, 1033, 1062, 1063, 1077, 1088, 1105, 1109, 1114, 1132, 1133, 1144, 1149, 1160, 1165, 1173, 1191, 1199–1201, 1224, 1232, 1254, 1269, 1277–1279, 1287, 1298
Staff. Announcements of 724, 763, 932, 1263

Ord, Edward O. C., Mrs. Correspondence with Edward O. C. Ord 677

Ord, Placidus. Mentioned 90, 932

Ordnance Department, U. S. A. Correspondence with
Flagler, Daniel W 1007
Halleck, Henry W 906, 917

Ordway, Albert. Mentioned 1268

Oregon. Military Department embracing 1299

Organization, Strength, etc.
Confederate Troops 1331
Union Troops 106–108, 389–392, 1026–1054

Orr, Moses E. Mentioned 1036

Osborn, Thomas O.
Correspondence with John Gibbon 1192
Mentioned 433, 434, 1035, 1200

Osborn, Thomas W. Mentioned 1170

Osborne, Edwin S. Mentioned 978

Otis, Elwell S. Mentioned 975

Ould, Robert. Mentioned 1368, 1372

Overmyer, John B. Mentioned 978, 1030

Owen, ———. Mentioned 169

Owen, Edward. Mentioned 1320

Owen, Robert L. Mentioned 1335

Owen, William Miller. Mentioned 1317, 1320, 1323, 1327, 1329

Page.

Owens, Wesley.
Correspondence with William P. Carlin 1231
Mentioned 1231
P. Correspondence with W 120, 197, 198, 248
Pace, G. T. Mentioned 1129
Pace, James M. Mentioned 644
Pacific, Military Division of the.
Constituted 1299
Halleck, Henry W., assigned to command of 1299
Paddock, Charles H. Mentioned 1036
Page, John. Mentioned 1321
Page, John H. Mentioned 1026
Page, J. R. Mentioned 1391
Paine, Charles J. Mentioned 1063, 1088
Paine, Halbert E. Mentioned 83
Paine, Jedediah C.
Correspondence with
Carothers, Adam K 4, 5
Davis, Charles L 97, 262, 317
Dillingham, Lucius A 245, 247
Holman, Harrison W 119
Hopping, George W 119, 120, 197, 246–248, 287, 288, 345
Judson, Horace 262
Wardwell, Edward H 344, 345, 401–403
Mentioned 117, 222, 223, 932, 1032, 1033
Paine, William H. Mentioned 1241
Paine's Cross-Roads, Va. Skirmish at, April 5, 1865. Communications from Philip H. Sheridan 573, 582
Painter, ———. Mentioned 389
Painter, Uriah H. Mentioned 896
Palmer, John M.
Assignment to command 1298
Mentioned 543, 1298
Palmer, William H. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Henry Heth.*
Palmer, William L. Correspondence with George N. Macy 854
Pancoast, John R. Mentioned 1234
Parke, U. S. S. Mentioned 1108
Parke, John G.
Assignment to command 195
Correspondence with
Abbot, Henry L 386, 387
Augur, Christopher C 1014, 1148, 1167, 1220, 1221, 1226, 1227, 1236
Barstow, Simon F 146, 147
Bartlett, Joseph J 894
Benham, Henry W 274, 275, 429, 503, 504, 540
Bowers, Theodore S 316
Collis, Charles H. T 276, 503, 566
Davies, Henry E., jr 147
Gordon, John B 157
Grant, U. S 139, 145, 146, 263, 316, 486, 607, 649, 1223, 1268
Griffin, Simon G 488, 526, 527, 608, 747, 824
Hancock, Winfield S 1278
Hartranft, John F 156, 158, 186, 429, 525, 526, 528, 581, 608, 609, 793, 824
Hartsuff, George L 637
Haskin, Joseph A 1274

Page.

Parke, John G.—Continued.
Correspondence with
Hood, Samuel 487
Humphrey, James R 525
Humphreys, Andrew A 121-123, 147
Hunt, Henry J 149-151, 153
Lincoln, Abraham 262, 263
Macy, George N 650, 651
Meade, George G 6-9, 20, 31, 40, 54, 64, 77, 89, 99, 109, 146-157, 184, 185, 200, 204-206, 220, 223, 230, 232, 233, 243, 259, 263, 264, 287, 311, 312, 316, 317, 346, 372, 373, 407, 409, 421, 422, 428, 453, 477, 480, 482-486, 511, 519, 522-526, 554, 555, 597, 606, 608, 631, 632, 649, 650, 674, 731, 823, 824, 863, 1188, 1190
Ord, Edward O. C 315, 322
Patrick, Marsena R 526
Potter, Robert B 158, 159, 186, 318, 373, 374, 429, 487
Ruggles, George D 148-153
Sheridan, Philip H 748, 761
Slough, John P 1271
Tewksbury, John 387, 388
Tidball, John C 158, 186, 824
Van Buren, James L 9, 90
Warren, Gouverneur K 121-123, 129, 130, 147, 636
Willcox, Orlando B 157, 158, 186, 207, 318, 373, 429, 487, 523, 526, 527, 608, 632, 651, 675, 692, 709, 792, 793, 824
Williams, Seth 605-607, 692
Wright, Horatio G 121-123, 137-139, 147, 260-262, 314, 480, 481, 486
Mentioned 4, 72, 109, 110, 112-116, 120-123, 129-141, 145, 153, 157-160, 162, 170-174, 186, 187, 194, 195, 197-199, 206, 207, 219, 231, 236, 239, 243, 266, 268, 274, 282, 284, 285, 287, 311, 313, 320, 325, 326, 334, 374, 387-389, 395, 397-399, 406, 411, 413, 422, 429, 434, 446-449, 452-456, 458, 461, 464, 466, 473, 476, 478-484, 488, 492, 493, 495, 500, 503-505, 511, 512, 514, 520, 522, 526-528, 532, 540, 546, 554, 566, 587, 595, 608, 613, 632, 636, 642, 647, 669, 679, 689, 698, 704, 720, 723, 747, 810, 824, 832, 833, 835, 848-850, 854, 890, 893, 894, 900, 923, 933, 956, 962, 970, 1042, 1171, 1181, 1182, 1188, 1190, 1207, 1223, 1258, 1273, 1277, 1286, 1292, 1315, 1337, 1347
Staff. Announcements of 1089, 1281

Parker, David. Mentioned 1129

Parker, David B. Correspondence with Post-Office Department, U. S 535

Parker, Ely S.
Correspondence with
Bowers, Theodore S 242
Meade, George G 302
Rawlins, John A 281
Mentioned 273, 302, 549
For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *U. S. Grant.*

Parker, Ezra K. Mentioned 1027

Parker, Foxhall A.
Correspondence with
Augur, Christopher C 16, 17, 592, 682, 741, 754, 903, 913
Hayes, Peter 17
Navy Department, U. S 616, 618, 816
Nichols, Edward T 570
Nickerson, Sylvanus 768, 817, 913
Tole, James C 588
Mentioned 588, 591, 618, 681, 818, 987

Page.

Parker, Francis H.
Correspondence with
Dutton, Clarence E 75
Meade, George G 1241
Mentioned 418, 668, 689, 691, 1241
Parker, George B.
Correspondence with Thomas A. McParlin 1017
Mentioned 1305
Parker, John H. Mentioned 1034
Parker, R. Mentioned 1129
Parker, William W. Mentioned 1344
Parkersburg, W. Va., Commanding Officer at. Correspondence with U. S. Grant 1285
Parr, John G. Mentioned 1031
Parsons, Augustin N. Mentioned 1032
Parsons, Charles C. Mentioned 1039
Parsons, Enos B. Mentioned 898, 1003, 1176, 1185
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Winfield S. Hancock.*
Parsons, Joseph M. Mentioned 1041
Partridge, Benjamin F. Mentioned 1029, 1186
Patchell, James. Mentioned 1031
Patrick, J. D. Mentioned 1367
Patrick, Marsena R.
Assignment to duty 763
Correspondence with
Eckert, Thomas T 745
Gilchrist, Alexander 864
Grant, U. S 729
Halleck, Henry W 1237
Hartsuff, George L 698, 713
Hoffman, William 459
Macy, George N 117
Meade, George G 728, 729
Ord, Edward O. C 1199
Parke, John G 526
Schuyler, Philip 117
War Department, U. S 836
Mentioned 4, 5, 222, 276, 504, 563, 564, 717, 718, 724, 728, 730, 763, 815, 826, 932, 1152, 1184, 1213, 1244, 1266–1268
Relieved from duty as provost-marshal-general of Army of the Potomac 5
Relieved from duty in Department of Virginia 1267
Pattee, Joseph B. Mentioned 926, 927, 929
Patterson, Corydon E. Mentioned 760
Patterson, Henry D. Mentioned 1210
Patterson, Joab N.
Assignment to command 1308
Mentioned 1036, 1308
Patterson's Creek, W. Va. Affair near, March 30, 1865. Communications from
Carroll, Samuel S 330, 331
Hancock, Winfield S 388, 443
Patton, Alexander G. Mentioned 104
Patton, John S. Mentioned 1043
Patuxent, Steamer. Mentioned 821
Paul, Augustus C. Mentioned 1303
Paymaster-General's Office, U. S. A. Correspondence with U. S. Grant 1180

Page.
Payne, William H. Mentioned 772, 1333
Peak, ———. Mentioned 1390
Peale, Henry. Mentioned 1046
Pearson, ———. Mentioned 1388
Pearson, Alfred L.
Assignment to command 691
Assumes command of 1st Brigade, 1st Division, 5th Army Corps 721
Mentioned 364, 411–413, 419, 691, 924, 958, 995, 1029, 1186
Pease, Charles E. Correspondence with George G. Meade 4
Peck, John J.
Assumes temporary command of Department of the East 702
Correspondence with
Augur, Christopher C 777
Robinson, John C 967
War Department, U. S 782, 989
Mentioned 392, 702, 782, 1050
Peck, Lewis M. Mentioned 755, 1040, 1189
Peden, Milton. Mentioned 1047
Pedmont, William. Mentioned 907
Peebles, Lemuel. Correspondence with
Halleck, Henry W 1217
Sims, F. W 1335
War Department, C. S 1335
Pegram, John. Mentioned 6, 8, 19, 29
Pegram, William J. Mentioned 1337
Peirce, Charles H. Mentioned 1039
Peirce, Luther H.
Correspondence with James L. Van Buren 893, 907
Mentioned 605, 607, 894
Peirpoint, Francis H. Mentioned 41, 939, 1074, 1131, 1179, 1218, 1246, 1266
For correspondence, etc., see *Virginia, Governor of, pp.* 703, 786, 1174, 1249, 1254, 1297.
Peirpoint, Larkin. Mentioned 1046
Pell, Abijah S. Mentioned 1037
Pell, Duncan A. Mentioned 555, 607
Pelton, John G. Mentioned 88
Pendleton, Dudley D. Mentioned 1341
Pendleton, William N.
Correspondence with
Alexander, E. Porter 1344
Braxton, Carter M 1337
Carter, Thomas H 1321
Chew, R. Preston 1327, 1328, 1336
Cole, A. H 1331
Green, C. W 1336
Jones, Hilary P 1365
King, J. Floyd 1321
Lee, Robert E 1319–1322
Long, Armistead L 1316, 1371, 1379
McLaughlin, William 1321
Mentioned 666, 686, 1320, 1327, 1384
Pendleton County, W. Va. Expedition through. See *Pocahontas and Pendleton Counties, W. Va., and Highland County, Va. Expedition through, June 1-13, 1865.*

Page.

Pennington, Alexander C. M., jr. Mentioned 14, 381, 391, 1049, 1191

Pennsylvania.
Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Movements and disposition of troops in. Communications from
Augur, Christopher C 1220, 1226
Hancock, Winfield S 1220

Pennsylvania, Attorney-General of. Correspondence with Governor of Pennsylvania 683

Pennsylvania, Department of.
Orders, General, series 1865—*Cadwalader:* **No. 64**, 1249.
Union troops in. Organization, strength, etc.
March 24, 1865 106
March 31, 1865 390
April 30, 1865 ..... 1038, 1044, 1045

Pennsylvania, Governor of. Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 844
Pennsylvania, Attorney-General of 683
War Department, U. S 843, 874

Pennsylvania Troops. Mentioned.
Artillery, Heavy—*Regiments:* **2d**, 56, 1034; **3d**, 1033, 1035; **3d** (*Batteries*), **D**, 1033; **G**, 56; **H**, 1045; **I**, 1033; **M**, 56; **5th**, 1043; **6th**, 1043.
Artillery, Light—*Batteries:* **C**, 1039; **D**, 1042, 1190, 1208; **F**, 1041; **H**, 1039; **I**, 1043. *Regiments:* **1st** (*Batteries*), **A**, 734, 1036; **B**, 1027; **C**, **D**, 1046; **E**, 1038; **F**, 199, 228, 1027; **G**, 1041; **H**, 1040.
Cavalry—*Companies:* **Weaver's**, 1045. *Regiments:* **1st**, 1049, 1191; **2d**, 514, 524–526, 563, 674, 675, 679, 1026, 1042, 1188; **3d**, 1026; **3d Provisional**, 1312; **4th**, 1029, 1049, 1137–1139; **5th**, 1033; **6th**, 541, 726, 1049, 1191; **8th**, 1049, 1137–1139; **11th**, 1033, 1035, 1088, 1377; **12th**, 239, 1048, 1285; **14th**, 911, 1043, 1148, 1194, 1269; **16th**, 1049, 1137, 1139; **17th**, 1048, 1191; **18th**, 1048, 1312; **20th**, 1048, 1191; **21st**, 1031, 1049, 1137, 1139; **22d**, 571, 1046, 1312.
Engineers—*Companies:* **Smith's**, 1046.
Infantry—*Companies:* **C**, 1044. *Regiments:* **11th**, 1030, 1186, 1187; **45th**, 77, 1042, 1189, 1207; **47th**, 1040, 1189, 1208, 1281; **48th**, 1042, 1189, 1207; **49th**, 1031, 1308; **50th**, 1039, 1189, 1207; **51st**, 1013, 1039, 1189, 1208; **53d**, 1027; **54th**, 1036; **55th**, 1035, 1192; **56th**, 1030, 1187; **57th**, 1027; **58th**, 1036, 1314; **61st**, 1032; **67th**, 1032, 1308; **68th**, 923; **69th**, 1028, 1251; **74th**, 508, 571, 1046, 1141, 1312; **79th**, 263; **81st**, 1027; **82d**, 1031, 1308; **83d**, 579, 1029, 1186; **85th**, 1035; **87th**, 1032; **88th**, 1030, 1187; **91st**, 1029, 1186; **93d**, 1031; **95th**, 1031, 1308; **97th**, 1045; **98th**, 1031; **99th**, 1028; **100th**, 265, 893, 907, 1040, 1189, 1207; **102d**, 1031; **104th**, 56, 1034, 1151; **105th**, 1028, 1304, 1309; **106th**, 1028, 1251; **107th**, 1030, 1186, 1187; **110th**, 416, 1028; **114th**, 923, 1030, 1186; **116th**, 1027, 1304, 1309; **118th**, 245, 926, 1029, 1186; **119th**, 1031; **121st**, 707, 1030, 1187; **138th**, 1032; **139th**, 1031; **140th**, 1027; **141st**, 1028; **142d**, 1030, 1187; **145th**, **148th**, 1027; **149th**, 1053; **150th**, 1041, 1053; **155th**, 1029, 1186; **157th**, 926, 927; **183d**, 1027, 1304, 1309; **184th**, 1028, 1304, 1309; **186th**, 1045, 1122; **187th**, 1122; **188th**, 1036, 1314; **190th**, **191st**, 926, 927, 1030, 1186; **192d**, **195th**, 49, 95, 1047; **198th**, 731, 1029, 1186; **199th**, 1035, 1192; **200th**, 1042, 1189, 1208; **201st**, 1043–1045, 1220, 1226, 1227; **202d**, 1043, 1221, 1226, 1227; **205th**, 1042, 1189, 1208; **206th**, 1035, 1192; **207th**, **208th**, **209th**, 1042, 1189, 1208; **210th**, 1030, 1186; **211th**, 1042, 1189, 1208; **213th**, 1045, 1046; **214th**, 1047.

Page.

Penrose, Charles B.
Correspondence with War Department, U. S 96, 97
Mentioned 447
Penrose, William H.
Correspondence with Frank Wheaton 426, 1103
Mentioned 203, 427, 649, 1031, 1060, 1061, 1103, 1259, 1280
Pentz, Nellie, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Perkins, Benjamin R. Mentioned 1054
Perkins, George W. Mentioned 1183
Perkins, Joseph G. Mentioned 1037
Per Lee, Samuel R. Mentioned 1040, 1189
Perry, Clinton. Mentioned 1030, 1187
Perry, William F.
Assignment to command 1340
Mentioned 1340
Peterkin, Joshua. Correspondence with
Halleck, Henry W 1010
Lincoln, Abraham 736, 737
Petersburg, Va.
Assault upon and capture of fortified lines in front of, April 2, 1865.
Communications from
Dillingham, Lucius A 461, 462
Grant, U. S 447–449, 458, 484, 488, 492, 495, 496
Hazard, John G 470
Jay, William 467
Lincoln, Abraham 446, 447
Meade, George G 452, 453, 455, 477–480, 493
Mott, Gershom 473
Ord, Edward O. C 493–495
Parke, John G 453, 480–487
Wright, Horatio G 453, 455, 478–481
Youngman, John C 455
Congratulatory Orders. Foster 837
Expedition from Winchester to front of, Feb. 27—March 28, 1865.
Communications from
Babcock, Orville E 13, 14, 18
Dent, Frederick T 18
Ewell, Richard S 1317, 1318
Grant, U. S 24, 100
Hancock, Winfield S 36
Longstreet, James 1317
Manning, Frederick L 19, 38
Merritt, Wesley 15
Sheridan, Philip H 14, 15, 79, 90
Thompson, E. W 1318
Newspaper extract concerning 51
Expedition to Danville and South Boston, Va., from. See *Danville and South Boston, Va. Expedition from Burkeville and Petersburg to, April 23–29, 1865.*
Occupation of, by the Union forces, April 3, 1865. Communications from,
Meade, George G 511
Ord, Edward O. C 532
Willcox, Orlando B 523
Pettes, William H. Mentioned 1026

Page.
Pettit, Rufus D. Mentioned 1003
Peyton, Henry E. Mentioned 667
Phagelon, French Corvette. Mentioned 1123
Philadelphia, Pa., Chief of Police of. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 783
Phillips, Charles B. Mentioned 854
Pickering, John, jr. Mentioned 1035
Pickett, George E.
Correspondence with James Longstreet 1325
Mentioned 8, 10, 13-15, 19, 29, 31, 38, 41, 43, 55, 79, 116, 161, 187, 188, 237, 238, 282, 283, 287, 288, 291, 302, 303, 306, 311, 320, 321, 324, 325, 338, 339, 345, 349, 362-364, 366, 381, 383, 401, 425, 436-439, 444, 496, 507, 540, 542, 559, 571, 617, 835, 1324, 1326, 1330, 1332, 1333, 1341, 1342, 1349, 1350, 1353, 1357, 1360, 1363, 1371, 1385
Pier, Colwert K. Mentioned 1039
Pierce, Byron R.
Assignment to command 1302
Correspondence with
De Trobriand, Regis 673
Strouss, Ellis C 475
Mentioned 360, 416, 475, 603, 647, 673, 860, 1028, 1300, 1302-1304, 1309
Staff. Announcement of 1303
Pierce, Francis E.
Correspondence with Daniel Woodall 859
Mentioned 1028
Pierce, George W. Mentioned 1041
Pierce, Henry H. Mentioned 1210
Pierce, Silas K. Mentioned 860
Pierrepont, Edwards. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 1141, 1149
Pierson, James M. Mentioned 586
Pierson, Warner H. Mentioned 541, 1044
Pifer, George D. Mentioned 1027
Pinkerton, Allan. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 845
Piper, Alexander. Mentioned 48, 936, 951
Plaisted, Harris M. Correspondence with Robert S. Foster 163
Platner, John S. Mentioned 1047
Platt, Thomas J. Mentioned 1035
Plimley, William. Mentioned 861, 862
Plummer, Lincoln K. Mentioned 978
Plympton, Homer A. Mentioned 1035
Poague, William T. Mentioned 1371, 1372, 1379
Pocahontas and Pendleton Counties, W. Va., and Highland County, Va. Expedition through, June 1-13, 1865. Communications from
Carlin, William P 1231
Emory, William H 1231
Pollack, John. Mentioned 1036
Pollard, E. A. Mentioned 896
Pollard, John E. Mentioned 1033
Polsley, Daniel. Correspondence with John J. Polsley 831
Polsley, John J.
Correspondence with Daniel Polsley 831
Mentioned 1047
Pond, Richard H. Mentioned 973

Page.

Pontoons. Employment of, etc. Communications from
Lubey, Timothy 192
Michie, Peter S 100
Talcott, Thomas M. R 1369
Pool, Joseph H. Mentioned 975
Pope, Edmund M. Mentioned 1049
Pope, John.
Assignment to command 1298
Mentioned 543, 718, 1153, 1190, 1223, 1270, 1271, 1298
Porter, Burr. Mentioned 1044, 1269–1271
Porter, Charles H. Mentioned 1292
Porter, David D.
Correspondence with
Grant, U. S 111, 112, 173, 245
Navy Department, U. S 799, 910
Nichols, Edward T 588, 616
Mentioned 100, 208, 450, 588, 1337, 1338
Porter, Horace. Mentioned 339, 397, 1257
Porter, Samuel. Mentioned 1228
Post-Office Department, U. S. Correspondence with David B. Parker 535
Potomac, Army of the.
Barlow, Francis C., assumes temporary command of 2d Army Corps 891
Bartlett, Joseph J.
Assigned to command of 2d Division, 2d Army Corps 894
Assumes command of 1st Division, 5th Army Corps 421
Discontinuance of, as an organization 1302
Farewell address of George G. Meade to 1301
Griffin, Charles, assumes command of 5th Army Corps 420
Hays, William, relieved from duty with 1286
Humphreys, Andrew A., assigned to command of 2d Army Corps of 195
Macy, George N., assigned as provost-marshal-general of 5
Miles, Nelson A., relieved from duty in 1176
Orders, series 1865—*Meade:* **March 27**, 198, 224; **April 4**, 549; **April 6**, 597. *Barlow:* **May 2**, 1067. *Crawford:* **March 29**, 259. *Griffin:* **April 2**, 476. *Hazard:* **May 2**, 1068; **May 3**, 1075; **May 4**, 1085. *Humphreys:* **March 22**, 76; **March 23**, 88; **March 25**, 129; **March 28**, 225, 226; **April 1**, 411; **April 3**, 517; **April 4**, 551; **April 5**, 578; **April 6** (two), 601; **April 7**, 626; **April 8**, 645; **April 9** (three), 671; **April 10** (three), 690, 691; **April 11**, 706; **April 12**, 720; **May 6**, 1101; **May 7**, 1107; **May 8**, 1114; **May 9**, 1119; **May 10** (two), 1127; **May 14**, 1150; **May 29**, 1234. *Miles:* **March 30**, 296, 297; **April 3**, 518; **April 4**, 552; **April 6**, 602; **April 8**, 646; **April 9** (two), 672. *Mott:* **April 2**, 475; **April 6**, 603. *Warren:* **March 31**, 368; **April 1**, 419. *Wheaton:* **March 27**, 203; **April 1**, 427; **April 8**, 649. *Willcox:* **April 5**, 581. *Wright:* **March 25**, 145; **March 26** (two), 183; **March 27** (two), 203; **March 28**, 231; **March 30**, 315; **March 31**, 372; **April 1**, 423; **April 2** (two), 481; **April 3**, 521, 522; **April 5**, 580; **April 8**, 648; **April 10**, 692; **April 11** (two), 708; **April 12**, 721; **April 16**, 792; **April 22**, 893; **April 23**, 907; **April 24**, 930; **April 25**, 947; **April 26** (two), 960; **April 27**, 985; **April 28**, 998; **April 30**, 1023; **May 1**, 1059; **May 15**, 1155; **May 23**, 1200; **May 24**, 1204; **May 25**, 1212; **May 28**, 1230; **May 29**, 1235; **May 30**, 1237; **May 31**, 1242; **June 1**, 1245.

Page.

Potomac, Army of the—Continued.

Orders, Circulars, series 1865—*Meade:* **March 25**, 116; **March 28**, 223; **April 4**, 548; **April 5**, 577. *Ayres:* **March 30**, 310; **March, 31** (two), 370; **April 2**, 477. *Barlow:* **April 7**, 627; **April 22**, 891, 892; **May 1**, 1058. *De Trobriand:* **April 8**, 647; **April 9**, 673. *Griffin:* **April 2**, 476; **April 12**, 721; **No. 32**, 674. *Hays:* **April 1**, 414. *Hazard:* **March 26**, 178. *Humphreys:* **April 10**, 690; **May 6**, 1101; **May 22**, 1197. *Mott:* **March 29**, 253. *Warren:* **March 28**, 230; **March 29**, 257; **March** 30, 306; **No. 27**, 229. *Willcox:* **March 28** (two), 233; **March 29**, 265; **April 10**, 693. *Wright:* **March 31**, 372.

Orders, General, series 1865—*Meade:* **No. 12**, 5; **No. 13** (March 26), 174; **No. 13** (April 10), 688; **No. 14**, 689; **No. 15**, 789; **No. 16**, 810; **No. 19**, 1018, 1058; **No. 20**, 1083; **No. 21**, 1144; **No. 22**, 1150; **No. 23**, 1158; **No. 24**, 1159; **Nos. 25, 26**, 1164; **No. 27**, 1181; **No. 28**, 1182; **No. 31**, 1233; **No. 34**, 1273; **No. 35**, 1302. *Barlow:* **No. 14**, 891; **No. 16**, 1021; **No. 17**. 1057; **No, 18**, 1075; **Nos. 19, 20**, 1085. *Bartlett:* **No. 7**, 421; **No. 8**, 691. *Chamberlain:* **No. 2**, 308; **No. 3**, 707. *Griffin:* **April 15**, 758; **No. 25**, 420; **No. 26**, 519; **No. 29**, 579; **No. 30**, 629; **No. 31**, 746; **No. 33**, 790; **No. 34**, 811; **No. 36**, 823; **No. 42**, 1021; **No. 43**, 1058; **No. 44**, 1068; **No. 45**, 1076; **No. 46**, 1086; **No. 47**, 1102; **No. 48**, 1107; **No. 49**, 1115; **No. 51**, 1119; **No. 52**, 1128; **No. 53**, 1135; **No. 54**, 1140; **No. 59**, 1187. *Humphreys:* **No. 21**, 1092; **No. 26**, 1195; **No. 27**, 1196; **No. 31**, 1309. *Miles:* **No. 28**, 201. *Pearson:* **No. 4**, 721. *Warren:* **Nos. 1, 2**, 562; **No. 16**, 8; **No. 20**, 132; **No. 23**, 368. *Wheaton:* **No. 38**, 1060; **No. 39**, 1061. *Willcox:* **No. 8**, 264; **No. 11**, 721. *Wright:* **No. 7**, 880; **No. 9**, 984; **No. 11**, 1022; **No. 13**, 1107; **No. 15**, 1129; **No. 19**, 1260; **No. 20**, 1308.

Orders, Special, series 1865—*Meade:* **May 5**, 1092; **No. 85**, 514, 562; **No. 88**, 622; **No. 89**, 642; **No. 90**, 669; **No. 91**, 689; **No. 92**, 704; **No. 99**, 833; **No. 103**, 906; **No. 109**, 1011; **No. 114**, 1084; **No. 115**, 1092; **No. 142**, 1255. *Barlow:* **No. 97**, 1057; **No. 98**, 1068. *Chamberlain:* **No. 42**, 958. *Griffin:* **April 4**, 553; **No. 36**, 308; **No. 87**, 706; **No. 89**, 863; **No. 93**, 923. *Humphreys:* **No. 73**, 75; **No. 87**, 855. *Parke:* **April 9**, 674; **April 22**, 894; **No. 88**, 864. *Tidball:* **No. 55**, 528. *Warren:* **No. 72**, 30; **No. 74**, 64. *Wheaton:* **No. 90**, 1289. *Willcox:* **No. 66**, 556; **No. 68**, 651; **No. 76**, 931; **No. 77**, 947. *Wright:* **No. 83**, 792; **No. 93**, 1068; **No. 96**, 1093; **No. 102**, 1136; **No. 130**, 1289.

Orders, Special Field, series 1865—*Crawford:* **No. 2**, 310.

Organization, strength, etc.

March 31, 1865 389

April 30, 1865 1026–1032

Parke, John G., assigned to command of 9th Army Corps 195

Patrick, Marsena R., relieved from duty as provost-marshal-general of ... 5

Recommendations for promotions in. Communications from

Abbot, Henry L. 1210

Ayres, Romeyn B. 929, 972, 974, 976

Barlow, Francis C 1228

Chamberlain, Joshua L 970

Crawford, Samuel W 976, 977

De Trobriand, Regis 860

Page.

Potomac, Army of the—Continued.
Recommendations for promotions in. Communications from
Duane, James C 853
Griffin, Charles 730, 1011, 1310
Gwyn, James 926
Hayes, Joseph 973
Hazard, John G 862
Humphreys, Andrew A 855, 856, 861, 878, 1229, 1309
Hunt, Henry J 1209, 1244
MacDougall, Clinton D 833
McIvor, James P 857
Meade, George G 205, 983, 1229, 1240, 1259, 1281
Mott, Gershom 1183, 1234
Olmsted, William A 856
Parke, John G 205, 731
Pierce, Francis E 859
Seymour, Truman 759
Spaulding, Ira 704
Stanton, David L 924
Wainwright, Charles S 983
Wright, Horatio G 1280
Review of, in Washington, D. C. Communications from
Griffin, Charles 1186, 1187
Humphreys, Andrew A 1195–1197
Meade, George G 1181
Merritt, Wesley 1190
Parke, John G 1188, 1190, 1207
Warren, Gouverneur K., relieved from command of 5th Army Corps 420

Potter, Andrew. Mentioned 271, 433, 434, 723, 827, 1036

Potter, John F. For correspondence, etc., see *Montreal, Canada, U. S. Consul-General at.*

Potter, Joseph H.
Assignment to command 1314
Mentioned 986, 1214, 1314
For correspondence as Chief of Staff, see *John Gibbon.*

Potter, Robert B.
Correspondence with John G. Parke 158, 159, 186, 318, 373, 374, 429, 487
Mentioned 154, 263, 264, 316, 317, 428, 429, 452, 455, 484, 486, 574, 732, 1189, 1259

Potter, William E. Mentioned 986, 1214

Potts, John T. Mentioned 1024, 1096

Powell, Edward H. Mentioned 1034

Powell, Eugene. Mentioned 1047

Pratt, Benjamin F. Mentioned 1037

Pratt, Oscar E. Mentioned 1037

Pratt, William M. Mentiond 1036

Prentiss, Clifton K. Mentioned 760

President, C. S. See *Jefferson Davis.*

President, U. S. See *Abraham Lincoln;* also *Andrew Johnson.*

Price, Abraham D. Mentioned 727, 743

Price, Francis. Mentioned 861, 1029

Price, W. Redwood. Mentioned 68, 1177, 1204

Pride, William G. Mentioned 1210

Prince, James P. Mentioned 1198, 1292

Page.

Prisoners of War.
Indictments for treason against. Communications from
Grant, U. S 1276, 1286, 1287
Lee, Robert E 1275
Number of, captured during Appomattox Campaign by Union troops. Communications from
Hoffman, William 621
Patrick, Marsena R 459
Parole of. Communications from
Emory, William H 829-831, 950
Gibbon, John 709, 711
Grant, U. S 818, 838
Griffin, Charles 746
Halleck, Henry W 942
Hancock, Winfield S 803-805, 828, 868, 950, 1065, 1141
Humphreys, Andrew A 880
Meade, George G 746, 878, 942
Oley, John H 831, 873, 1014, 1015
Sharpe, George H 851
Slough, John P 900
Torbert, Alfred T. A 1104
Whitley, John, jr 841, 842
Treatment, exchange of, etc. Communications from
Attorney-General's Office, U. S 918
Gibbon, John 695
Gilchrist, Alexander 864
Gordon, George H 938
Grant, U. S 695, 703, 814, 836, 865, 868, 873, 1116
Halleck, Henry W 939
Hancock, Winfield S 1103, 1104
Lee, Robert E 1013
Ord, Edward O. C 814, 865, 896, 941, 1063, 1076, 1077
Pritchard, Benjamin D. Mentioned 1192
Pritchett, A. G. Mentioned 1129
Pritchett, James J. Mentioned 1129
Private Property. Depredations on. Communications from
Baker, Joseph J 1078
Cannon, Madison M 921
Clark, Hiram E. W 909
Halleck, Henry W 1206, 1214
Hartsuff, George L 1148
Humphreys, Andrew A 690
Mackenzie, Ranald S 748
Meade, George G 997
Ord, Edward O. C 797
Weitzel, Godfrey 1214
Willcox, Orlando B 632
Prometheus, Steamer. Mentioned 1206
Provisional Army Corps. See *Army Corps, Provisional.*
Pryor, Roger A. Mentioned 521
Pulford, John. Mentioned 860, 862
Purnell, Washington I. Mentioned 972
Putnam, Steamer. Mentioned 821

Page.

Quaker and Boydton Roads, Va. Skirmish at junction of, March 29, 1865.
Communications from
Bowers, Theodore S 272
Grant, U. S 266
Lee, Robert E 1362
Quartermaster-General's Office, C. S. A. Correspondence with
Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, C. S. A 1336
Longstreet, James 1341
Quartermaster-General's Office, U. S. A. Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 1222
Augur, Christopher C 756
Grant, U. S 1162, 1169
Halleck, Henry W 916, 941, 1006, 1074, 1124, 1134, 1139, 1142, 1162, 1163, 1175
Ingalls, Rufus 173, 686, 850, 1125
Newport, Reece M 806, 821
Queen, Columbus J. Mentioned 1234, 1303
Radford, William.
Correspondence with K. Randolph Breese 987
Mentioned 100
Ragsdale, Daniel C. Mentioned 1129
Rainals, Henry E. Mentioned 1040
Rainey, D. C. Mentioned 1355
Rains, Gabriel J. Mentioned 1250
Ramsay, George D.
Correspondence with Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 822
Mentioned 845
Ramsey, John. Mentioned . 351, 356, 412, 518, 602, 646, 672, 1027, 1259, 1300, 1304, 1309
Rand, Charles A. Mentioned 1259
Randall, Lieutenant. Mentioned 641
Randall, Albert L. Mentioned 1043
Randall, Francis V. Mentioned 1042, 1189
Randall, George M. Mentioned 232, 1040
Randol, Alanson M. Mentioned 1049
Randolph, Wallace F. Mentioned 1044, 1191
Rank, William D. Mentioned 1045
Ransom, Dunbar R. Mentioned 1040, 1191
Ransom, Matt W. Mentioned 157, 158, 282
Rathbone, Henry R. Mentioned 780
Rathbone, John F. Mentioned 887
Raum, Green B.
Correspondence with Alfred T. A. Torbert 936
Mentioned 278, 904, 1047
Rawles, Jacob B.
Correspondence with Gouverneur K. Warren 136, 180
Mentioned 1031, 1187
Rawlins, John A.
Correspondence with
Grant, U. S 1082, 1149, 1152
Parker, Ely S 281
Mentioned 612, 636, 1173, 1224
For correspondence as Chief of Staff, see *U. S. Grant.*
Ray, Richard M. Mentioned 1043
Raymond, Henry J.
Correspondence with War Department, U. S 966
Mentioned 966

Page.
Read, James M. Mentioned 760
Read, Louis W. Mentioned 981
Read, Theodore.
Correspondence with
Ord, Edward O. C 11, 21, 42, 65, 269
Turner, John W 211
Mentioned 677, 717, 741
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Edward O. C. Ord.*
Recor, Henry H. Mentioned 1291
Recruitment, Organization, etc. See *Colored Troops.*
Rector, Charles J. Mentioned 972
Redlick, William. Mentioned 1034
Reed, Dexter G. Mentioned 1041
Reed, Horatio B. Mentioned 1048, 1049, 1065, 1095, 1098
Refugees, Freedmen, and Abandoned Lands, Bureau of.
Assignments to duty in 1170
Howard, Oliver O., assigned as Commissioner of 1139
Orders organizing 1139
Regan, Peter C. Mentioned 1036
Rehr, Lewis. Mentioned 1036
Rehrer, Jacob. Mentioned 1189
Reno, U. S. S. Mentioned 1108
Reno, Marcus A.
Correspondence with Winfield S. Hancock 84, 169
Mentioned 37, 48, 49, 59, 82, 84, 85, 95, 108, 160, 239, 240, 897, 963, 1048
Reynolds, Gardner. Mentioned 1210
Reynolds, Joseph J.
Assignment to command 1299
Mentioned 718, 1299, 1315
Reynolds, William H. C. Mentioned 1129
Rhoads, Samuel H. Mentioned 1042, 1190
Rhode Island. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Rhode Island, Governor of. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 544
Rhode Island Troops. Mentioned.
Artillery, Heavy—***Regiments:*** **3d** (*Batteries*), **C**, 1038.
Artillery, Light—***Regiments:*** **1st** (*Batteries*), **B**, 199, 228, 1029, 1068, 1075, 1085; **D**, 936, 1048; **E**, 1027; **F**, 1036; **G**, 1032, 1061; **H**, 649, 1032, 1061.
Cavalry—***Regiments:*** **1st**, 1048.
Infantry—***Companies:*** **Hospital Guards**, 1054. ***Regiments:*** **2d**, 426, 1031, 1308; **7th**, 1042, 1189, 1207.
Rhodes, Elisha H. Mentioned 203, 1031
Rice, Edmund. Mentioned 1028
Rice, Randall H. Mentioned 1036
Richards, John N. Mentioned 31, 926, 928, 1186
Richards, Sharp L. Mentioned 1046
Richards, William V For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *Orlando B. Willcox.*
Richardson, Charles. Mentioned 1320, 1365
Richardson, Hollon. Mentioned 310, 977, 1030, 1187
Richmond, Va.
Affairs in, generally.
Communications from
Dana, Charles A 575, 593, 677, 678, 683, 684
Ord, Edward O. C 160, 535, 749, 835, 836

Page.

Richmond, Va.—Continued.
Affairs in, generally.
Communications from
Sharpe, George H 78, 101
War Department, U. S 678, 711
Weitzel, Godfrey 566, 696
Williams, E. F 740
Newspaper extract concerning 3
Arrests in. Communications from
Grant, U. S 762
Ord, Edward O. C 762
Court of Conciliation established in 1074
Evacuation of, April 2, 1865.
Address of Jefferson Davis to people of the Confederate States 1382
Communication from Jefferson Davis 1378
Issue of rations to the people of. Communications from
Badeau, Adam 882
War Department, U. S 594
Weitzel, Godfrey 658
Occupation of, by Union forces, April 3, 1865. Communications from
Bowers, Theodore S 510
Dana, Charles A 574
Grant, U. S 534
War Department, U. S 543
Weitzel, Godfrey 509, 534

Richmond, Va., Campaign, Jan. 1–April 3, 1865.
Casualties. Returns of. Union troops 145, 156, 157, 172, 177
Congratulatory Orders. Willcox 264
Movements and disposition of troops during. Communications from
Davies, Henry E., jr 160
Devens, Charles 190
Foster, Robert S 163
Gibbon, John 189, 211
Grant, U. S 196, 207, 208
Lee, Robert E 1358, 1359
Longstreet, James 1329, 1330, 1332, 1338, 1341–1343, 1345–1348, 1350–1353, 1358, 1361, 1364, 1365
Meade, George G 130, 131, 134, 135, 159, 160, 195, 198, 209, 210
Ord, Edward O. C 11, 12, 99, 103–105, 208–210, 212
Parke, John G 204
Ruggles, George D 148, 149
Warren, Gouverneur K 129–136
Weitzel, Godfrey 213
Wright, Horatio G 137, 138
Operations during. Communications from
Davies, Henry E., jr 77
Gibbon, John 33
Grant, U. S 46, 67, 110, 194, 197, 202
Hartsuff, George L 164, 165
Humphreys, Andrew A 184
Longstreet, James 1324–1326, 1333, 1360, 1363
Mackenzie, Ranald S 103–105
Meade, George G 171, 172, 202
Ord, Edward O. C 23, 24, 34, 41, 42, 102, 164

Page.

Richmond, Va., Campaign, Jan. 1–April 3, 1865—Continued.
Operations during. Communications from
Parke, John G 64
Read, Theodore 21
Schoonover, John 98
Tidball, John C 40, 65
West, Robert M 22, 23, 32, 43
Reported movements of Confederate troops during. Communications from
Babcock, John C 19, 29, 197
Baird, Thomas S 165
Carothers, Adam K 4, 5
Davis, Charles L 118
Holman, Harrison W 119
Hopping, George W 119, 120, 197
Humphreys, Andrew A 6
Manning, Frederick L 188, 238
Meade, George G 62, 218
Ord, Edward O. C 10, 55, 187
Sharpe, George H 29
Warren, Gouverneur K 5
Weitzel, Godfrey 237
Wright, Horatio G 8, 54
Reported movements of Union troops during. Communications from
Field, Charles W 1317
Longstreet, James 1334, 1337, 1338, 1349, 1357–1360
Richmond, Department of. Confederate troops in. Organization, strength, etc., March 20, 1865 1331
Ricketts, James B.
Correspondence with Horatio G. Wright 1140
Mentioned 747, 792, 822, 907, 930, 931, 947, 960, 985, 1032, 1059, 1155, 1156, 1200, 1204, 1212, 1230, 1235, 1237, 1242, 1245, 1259, 1260
Ridd, James S. Correspondence with Henry H. Walker 1387
Riddle, George W. Mentioned 1047
Rider, James H.
Correspondence with Governor of Virginia 1174
Mentioned 1113
Riely, John W. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, C. S. A.*
Rife, Jacob M.
Correspondence with John H. Oley 873
Mentioned 963
For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *John H. Oley.*
Riley, ———. Mentioned 445, 590
Riley, Frank M. For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *Daniel Woodall.*
Ripley, Edward H. Mentioned 384, 684, 734
Ritchie, David F. Mentioned 983, 1031
Rittenhouse, Albert F. Mentioned 760
Rivers, Charles C. Mentioned 1029
Rives, Alexander. Mentioned 939
Rives, Alfred L. Mentioned 1392
Rizer, Henry C. Mentioned 1046
Robb, John. Mentioned 384
Robbins, George W. Mentioned 760
Robbins, Walter R. Mentioned 1049
Roberts, Cyrus S. Mentioned 85

Page.

Roberts, Joseph.
Correspondence with
Gordon, George H 45
James, William L 45
Ord, Edward O. C 13
Mentioned 1035
Roberts, Robert W. Mentioned 1044
Roberts, Samuel H.
Correspondence with Charles Devens 190
Mentioned 13, 17, 47, 165, 166, 1036
Roberts, William P. Mentioned 76, 1371
Robertson, G. W. Correspondence with Thomas M. R. Talcott 1369
Robertson, James M. Mentioned 935, 951, 1040, 1177, 1191
Robertson, John. For correspondence, etc., see *Michigan, Adjutant-General of.*
Robeson, William P., jr. Mentioned 1049
Robins, Edward B. Mentioned 1259
Robinson, Frederick. Mentioned 1039
Robinson, Gilbert P. Mentioned 155, 264, 265, 318, 1040, 1189
Robinson, James R. Mentioned 1355
Robinson, John C.
Correspondence with John J. Peck 967
Mentioned 392, 886, 1050, 1053
Robinson, Wardwell G. Mentioned 1033
Roddey, Philip D. Mentioned 726
Roder, John W. Mentioned 862, 1029
Rodes, Robert E. Mentioned 8, 18, 19
Roe, William B. Mentioned 1039
Roemer, Jacob. Mentioned 1042, 1190
Rogers, Chauncey P.
Correspondence with Charles Griffin 579
Mentioned 1029, 1186
Rogers, Earl M. Mentioned 978
Rogers, Edward W. Mentioned 1042, 1190
Rogers, George C. Mentioned 1236
Rogers, John. Mentioned 1048
Rogers, Robert E. Mentioned 1031, 1187
Rogers, William H. (Captain.) Mentioned 1027
Rogers, William H. (Lieutenant.) Mentioned 528, 1210
Rogers, William H. (Major.) Mentioned 1036
Rogers, William W. Mentioned 899, 911
Roome, Henry C. Mentioned 1035
Rooney, Edward L. Correspondence with
A. B 197, 198, 248
B 197, 198, 248
Root, Adrian R. Mentioned 1030, 1186, 1187, 1292
Root, Daniel S. Mentioned 1028
Rose, Laurin L. Mentioned 1305
Rosencrantz, Frederick. Mentioned 348, 457, 551, 647, 1241
Ross, ———. Mentioned 240
Ross, John R. Mentioned 861
Ross, John W. Mentioned 760
Rosser, Thomas L. Mentioned 36, 278, 279, 331, 381, 507, 559, 571, 616, 685, 716, 1082, 1088, 1089, 1095, 1098, 1104, 1117, 1123, 1317, 1319, 1328, 1329, 1338, 1339, 1348, 1349, 1371, 1386, 1394
Rounds, Lewis. Mentioned 856, 859, 1229

Page.
Royall, William B. Mentioned 1044
Royce, Clark E. Mentioned 1037
R. R. Cuyler, U. S. S. Mentioned 616
Rucker, Daniel H.
Correspondence with
Halleck, Henry W 766
Ingalls, Rufus 52, 87, 970
Mentioned 74, 756, 993, 1126, 1223
Rudy, David M. Mentioned 973, 974
Ruggles, George D.
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 1222
Meade, George G 114, 115, 456
Parke, John G 148–153
Warren, Gouverneur K 131
Webb, Alexander S 336
Wright, Horatio G 140, 141
Mentioned 114, 522, 1241
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *George G. Meade;* also *John G. Parke.*
Russell, Lieutenant. Mentioned 240
Russell, Charles S.
Assignment to command 697
Correspondence with
Grant, U. S 1295
Weitzel, Godfrey 442, 615, 1253
Mentioned 213, 612, 615, 659, 697, 698, 1034, 1199, 1225
Russell, Edmund McC. Mentioned 861
Russell, Harvey Y. Mentioned 414, 993, 1228
Russell, James L. Mentioned 1035
Russell, John. Mentioned 1316
Russell, Samuel A. Mentioned 56, 660
Russell, William, jr. Correspondence with Winfield S. Hancock 1202
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Alfred T. A. Torbert.*
Ruth, Samuel. Mentioned 907
Ryer, B. Franklin. Mentioned 1050
Sabine, U. S. Frigate. Mentioned 616
Sacriste, Louis J. Mentioned 1027
Sailor's Creek, Va. Engagement at, April 6, 1865. Communications from
Grant, U. S 620
Humphreys, Andrew A 600
Meade, George G 596
Sheridan, Philip H 610
War Department, U. S 640
Wright, Horatio G 604, 733
Saint Albans Raiders. Action touching. Communication from State Department, U. S 331
St. John, Isaac M. Mentioned 1389, 1390
For correspondence, etc., see *Subsistence Department, C. S. A.*
St. Mary, Steamer. Mentioned 588
Sample, John C. Mentioned 1035
Sampson, Horatio C. Mentioned 1052
Sanders, George N. Mentioned 1152
Sanders, William W.
Correspondence with George G. Meade 922
Mentioned 276, 277, 373, 428, 524, 526, 636, 675, 698, 709, 1026

Page.
Sandford, Charles W. Mentioned 886
Sanford, ———. Mentioned 1137
Sanford, Edward S. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 544
Sargeant, George D. Mentioned 1210
Savage, Alexander. Mentioned 436
Sawyer, Frederick A. For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *Robert S. Foster.*
Saxton, Rufus.
Assignment to duty 1170
Mentioned 1170
Saylor, Benjamin. Mentioned 1303
Scales, Alfred M. Mentioned ... 8, 19, 40, 184, 260, 305, 313, 345, 347, 370, 421, 465, 473
Schack, George von. Mentioned 1027
Schenofsky, Jules C. A. Mentioned 395
Schermerhorn, F. Augustus. Mentioned 1011
Schimmel, Gustav. Mentioned 975
Schneider, Frederick. Mentioned 1039
Schoepf, Albin. Correspondence with Winfield S. Hancock 1246
Schoff, Edward N. Mentioned 1228
Schofield, John M.
Assignment to command 1299
Correspondence with Henry W. Halleck 1083, 1094
Mentioned 46, 67, 1076, 1158, 1167, 1232, 1269, 1279, 1287, 1288, 1299, 1308
Schoonmaker, James M. Mentioned 911, 1043
Schoonmaker, John M. Correspondence with
Collis, Charles H. T 276
Whyte, William H 504
For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *Charles H. T. Collis.*
Schoonover, John.
Correspondence with Robert McAllist r 98
Mentioned 861
Schultze, John S. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *George Cadwalader.*
Schurz, Carl.
Mentioned 83, 395
Relieved from duty with the 1st Veteran Army Corps 395
Staff. Announcement of 395
Schuyler, Philip.
Correspondence with Marsena R. Patrick 117
Mentioned 1259
Schwarz, George F. Mentioned 973-975
Scott, George W. Mentioned 412, 518, 602, 646, 672, 1027
Scott, Henry B. Correspondence with Joseph J. Baker 1078
For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *Edward O. C. Ord.*
Scott, Henry D. Mentioned 1043
Scott, John W. Mentioned 926, 928
Scott, Robert N. Mentioned 1232
Scott, Rufus. Mentioned 58, 1048
Scott, Thomas A., Steamer. Mentioned 1206
Scott, Walter F. Mentioned 861
Scott, William. Mentioned 1034
Scott, Winfield. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 640
Scott's Cross.Roads, Va. Action at, April 2, 1865. Communications from
Wesley Merritt 489, 490
Secrest, Nathan A. Mentioned 1039
Sedgewick, Thomas D. Mentioned 1037

Page.
Seeley, Aaron. Mentioned 1046
Seip, Aaron K. Mentioned 1042
Selkirk, George H. Mentioned 1032
Sellers, Eli G. Mentioned 1029, 1186
Sellmer, Charles. Mentioned 1304
Semmes, Raphael.
Correspondence with James Longstreet 1338
Mentioned 1327, 1337
Semple, James A. Mentioned 1336
Sewall, Ammi R. For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *Christopher C. Augur.*
Sewall, Frederick D.
Correspondence with
Augur, Christopher C 194, 589
Morris, William W 194, 756, 779
Wallace, Lew 937
Mentioned 1046, 1262
Seward, Augustus H. Mentioned 781, 785
Seward, Dudley. Mentioned 1003
Seward, Fannie. Mentioned 780
Seward, Frederick W.
Correspondence with William H. Seward, sr 333
Mentioned 745, 759, 780, 781, 782, 784, 786
Seward, Samuel S.
Correspondence with Edward O. C. Ord 741
Mentioned 677, 932
Seward, William H., jr.
Correspondence with John D. Stevenson 279, 331
Mentioned 726
Seward, William H., sr.
Correspondence with Frederick W. Seward 333
Mentioned 394, 573, 575, 584, 593, 737, 745, 752, 754, 756, 757, 759, 762, 767, 769, 772, 773, 775–787, 794, 799, 806, 819, 820, 845, 847, 949, 1002, 1149
For correspondence, etc., see *State Department, U. S.*
Sewell, William J. Mentioned 1033
Seymour, Frank. Mentioned 1029
Seymour, Truman.
Assignments to command 792, 1302
Correspondence with
Keifer, J. Warren 89
Truex, William S 261
Wright, Horatio G 202, 231, 425
Mentioned 112, 145, 261, 424, 455, 521, 522, 580, 605, 648, 692, 708, 721, 747, 791, 792, 893, 1032, 1291, 1302, 1303
Staff. Announcement of 1303
Shaffer, A. Webster. Mentioned 1039
Shaffer, Calvin. Mentioned 1027
Shaffner, Tal. P. Mentioned 38
Shallenberger, George A. Mentioned 75
Shannon, Michael. Mentioned 975
Sharpe, George H.
Correspondence with
Babcock, John C 197, 345
Grant, U. S 851, 1158
Manning, Frederick L 19, 33, 38, 188, 287

Page.

Sharpe, George H.—Continued.
Correspondence with
Meade, George G 29
Oliver, Paul A 401
Ord, Edward O. C 78, 101
Webb, Alexander S 456
Mentioned 666, 667, 1250
Shatswell, Nathaniel. Mentioned 860, 1028
Shattuck, Charles S. Mentioned 1305
Shaurman, Nelson. Mentioned 1189
Shaw, Franklin V. Mentioned 861
Shaw, James, jr. Mentioned 1037
Shaw, James W.
Correspondence with Charles H. Day 1179
Mentioned 1179
Shaw, Thomas. Mentioned 759
Shaw, William L. Mentioned 760
Shealey, George W. Mentioned 925
Shedd, Eugene H. Mentioned 975
Shedd, Jerome J. Mentioned 1305
Sheen, William G. Mentioned 978
Shelby, Joseph O. Mentioned 51
Shelley, Charles M. Mentioned 1394
Shenandoah, Army of the. (Union.)
Organization, strength, etc., April 30, 1865 ..... 1038, 1047, 1048
Torbert, Alfred T. A., assigned to command of 898
See also *Cavalry Corps.* (*Union.*)
Shenandoah Valley, Va.
Movements and disposition of troops in. Communications from
Hancock, Winfield S 107
Stevenson, John D 541
Operations in.
Feb. 27–April 23, 1865. Communications from
Davis, Edwin P 26
Emory, William H 48, 240
Hancock, Winfield S 17, 48, 49, 70, 82, 84, 94, 96, 239–241, 277, 278, 506, 540–542, 570–572, 616, 702, 741, 742, 750, 755
McMillan, James W 240
Reno, Marcus A 84
April 26–May 5, 1865. Communications from
Hancock, Winfield S 1065, 1095
Torbert, Alfred T. A 1071, 1098
Reported movements of Confederate troops in. Communication from
Christopher C. Augur 507
Surrender of Confederate troops in. Communication from Winfield S. Hancock 764
Shepherd, Oliver L. Mentioned 1054
Shepherd, Russell B.
Correspondence with Regis de Trobriand 673
Mentioned 647, 673, 860, 1028
Shepley, George F. Mentioned 535, 568, 573, 574, 593, 655, 658, 677, 678, 684, 711, 712, 718, 749
For correspondence as Chief of Staff, see *Godfrey Weitzel.*
Sheppard, Richard M. Mentioned 1300

Page.

Sheridan, Michael V.
Correspondence with Philip H. Sheridan 812
Mentioned 90, 339, 340, 812
For correspondence as A. D. C., see *Philip H. Sheridan.*

Sheridan, Philip H.
Assignments to command 1165, 1299
Correspondence with
Babcock, Orville E 15
Bartlett, Joseph J 476
Crook, George 236, 267, 435, 531, 561, 583, 634, 653, 654, 676, 693, 796, 812, 813, 864, 961, 1000, 1001, 1093, 1108, 1136, 1151
Custer, George A 676
Davies, Henry E., jr 187
Devin, Thomas C 676
Eckert, Thomas T 786
Forsyth, James W 68
Ghiselin, James T 530
Gibbon, John 654
Grant, U. S 14, 24, 46, 47, 67, 68, 79, 80, 90, 165, 166, 215, 234, 266, 323–325, 339, 380, 381, 434, 488, 489, 528–530, 556, 557, 573, 582, 609, 610, 633, 652, 653, 676, 733, 747, 760, 761, 793–795, 811, 825, 894, 1076, 1087, 1093, 1136
Gregg, J. Irvin 436, 437, 491
Griffin, Charles 476, 582, 880
Halleck, Henry W 895, 907, 908, 999, 1061, 1069, 1076, 1087
Humphreys, Andrew A 514–517
Ingalls, Rufus 908
Meade, George G 382, 489, 557, 558, 581, 998, 999
Merritt, Wesley 57, 91, 235, 267, 325, 326, 434, 489, 490, 530, 531, 558–560, 610, 634, 652, 676, 677, 693
Miles, Nelson A 470
Newhall, Frederic C 812
Parke, John G 748, 761
Sheridan, Michael V 812
War Department, U. S 722
Warren, Gouverneur K 266, 419
Wright, Horatio G 733, 893, 947, 999, 1000
Mentioned ... 3, 8–14, 17–19, 22, 23, 27, 29–33, 35–38, 41, 43, 44, 51, 52, 58, 67, 68, 74, 87, 92, 97, 99–101, 106, 112, 160–162, 173, 187, 188, 215–218, 229, 235, 236, 241–243, 248, 256, 263, 264, 267, 273, 277, 281–283, 286, 291, 298, 300–302, 306, 327, 328, 332–334, 336, 338–343, 345, 351, 352, 363–369, 374, 378, 382, 383, 385, 390–399, 407–410, 417, 418, 420, 421, 425, 429, 431, 435, 437, 438, 446–451, 454–459, 462–468, 470, 471, 473, 476, 477, 488, 491, 493–495, 507, 510, 512–517, 531, 532, 544–547, 549–551, 560, 561, 571–573, 575, 576, 583, 589, 592, 595, 596, 599, 601, 603, 619–621, 634, 635, 640, 653, 654, 676, 677, 679, 693, 720, 761, 793, 795, 796, 811, 822, 827, 849, 850, 868, 888–890, 892, 906, 931, 935, 941, 946, 950, 953, 954, 959, 961, 968, 969, 984, 991, 993–997, 1000, 1001, 1005, 1007, 1016, 1019, 1020, 1038, 1048, 1059, 1073, 1082, 1093, 1102, 1110, 1111, 1126, 1136, 1138, 1141, 1147, 1161, 1165, 1171, 1175, 1176, 1195, 1204, 1209, 1219, 1223, 1225, 1232, 1290, 1299, 1300, 1317, 1319, 1326, 1349, 1350, 1353, 1357–1360, 1362, 1372
Relieved from command of Middle Military Division 1165

Sherman, Francis T. Mentioned 722, 994

Sherman, Linus E. Mentioned 1036

Page.

Sherman, William T.
Assignment to command 1299
Correspondence with
Bowers, Theodore S 547
Grant, U. S 510, 761, 793
Sumner, Edwin V 1137
Mentioned 7, 8, 13, 33, 46, 47, 51, 67, 78, 96, 111, 161, 170, 192, 195, 196, 215, 234, 263, 264, 381, 395, 450, 544, 570, 607, 714, 760, 794, 795, 812, 832, 833, 848, 887, 888, 891, 894, 907, 940, 941, 947, 953-956, 967-969, 1011, 1012, 1026, 1055, 1056, 1073, 1081, 1083, 1106, 1110, 1111, 1125, 1126, 1137, 1171, 1180, 1222, 1239, 1299, 1357, 1360, 1368, 1390
Shickhardt, Henry. Mentioned 973, 975
Shorkley, George. Mentioned 156
Shoup, Samuel. Mentioned 860, 861
Shrapnel, U. S. S. Mentioned 1108
Shubert, Frank. Mentioned 791
Shubrick, William B. Mentioned 807
Shunk, Francis J. Mentioned 906
Shyron, ———. Mentioned 582
Sibley, Caleb C. Mentioned 1054
Sickel, Horatio G. Mentioned 243, 256, 970
Sidelinger, Henry F. Mentioned 971
Sides, Robert C. Mentioned 1304
Sidney Jones, Steamer. Mentioned 542
Siering, George. Mentioned 1046
Signal Messages. (Confederate.) Intercepted by Union signal officers 120, 197, 198, 246, 248
Simison, Samuel A. Mentioned 1036
Simms, James P. Mentioned 787
Simms, William T. Mentioned 1241
Simon, Frederick W. Mentioned 924
Simonds, Harrison O. Mentioned 1031
Simpson, Thomas. Mentioned 1036
Sims, F. W.
Correspondence with Lemuel Peebles 1335
Mentioned 1335
Sims, Robert M. Mentioned 1348
For correspondence, see *James Longstreet.*
Sizer, John M. Mentioned 1040
Skeelin, R. H. Mentioned 1367
Sketch. Skirmishes on the line of Hatcher's Run and Gravelly Run, Va., March 30, 1865 293
Slack, Hedgeman. Correspondence with John H. Oley 446, 590
Slaves. See *Negroes.*
Sloan, Samuel. Correspondence with Abraham Lincoln 618
Slocum, Henry W.
Assignment to command 1299
Mentioned 1106, 1110, 1114, 1171, 1211, 1232, 1233, 1299
Slough, John P.
Correspondence with
Augur, Christopher C 752, 770, 771, 801, 899, 900
Gamble, William 1275
Parke, John G 1271
War Department, U. S 988
Mentioned 772, 1043, 1070, 1071, 1313

Page.
Small, Abner R. Mentioned 1030, 1187
Small, Michael P. Mentioned 932
Small, Oliver R. Mentioned 856, 857, 1228
Smiley, George S. Mentioned 1053
Smith, Alva J. Mentioned 1027
Smith, Andrew J. Mentioned 759, 1303
For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *Truman Seymour.*
Smith, Bell. For correspondence as A. D. C., see *Virginia, Governor of*, p. 1315.
Smith, Benjamin F. Mentioned 1032
Smith, Charles A. Mentioned 446
Smith, Charles H.
Correspondence with
Crook, George 382
Halleck, Henry W 1137
Hartsuff, George L 1185
Mentioned 155, 339, 381, 391, 491, 1049, 1121, 1138, 1139, 1198, 1205, 1213
Smith, Charles M. Mentioned 1070
Smith, Charles W. Mentioned 1210
Smith, David L. Mentioned 1305
Smith, Edward S. Mentioned 862
Smith, Edward W. Mentioned 932, 1088, 1178, 1263
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Godfrey Weitzel;* also *Edward O. C. Ord.*
Smith, E. Kirby. Mentioned 718
Smith, Francis M. Mentioned 925
Smith, Garland. Mentioned 801, 820
Smith, George F. Mentioned 1032
Smith, George S. Mentioned 1053
Smith, George W. P. Mentioned 1045
Smith, Giles A.
Mentioned 1230, 1233
Relieved from duty with Army of the Tennessee 1233
Smith, Green Clay. Mentioned 697, 807
Smith, Henry W. Correspondence with Christopher C. Augur 1003
Smith, H. Walworth. Mentioned 1035
Smith, J. A. Mentioned 1129
Smith, James B. Mentioned 650
Smith, James J. Mentioned 1027
Smith, James Y. For correspondence, etc., see *Rhode Island, Governor of.*
Smith, Jason L. Mentioned 760
Smith, J. Gregory. For correspondence, etc., see *Vermont, Governor of.*
Smith, Joseph S. Mentioned 1057, 1305
Smith. J. Sim. Mentioned 1241
Smith, Larkin. Mentioned 1340
Smith, P. B. Mentioned 704, 745, 1180
Smith, S. Crawford. Mentioned 1046
Smith, Thomas B. Mentioned 787
Smith, Thomas C. Mentioned 1129
Smith, William.
Correspondence with
Grant, U. S 704
Halleck, Henry W 1179
Meade, George G 745
Mentioned 3, 574, 717, 745, 992, 1012, 1021, 1082, 1087, 1105, 1106, 1120, 1129, 1157, 1161, 1173, 1202, 1231, 1237, 1266, 1267, 1295, 1315, 1339, 1394
For other correspondence, see *Virginia, Governor of*, pp. 1345, 1348, 1366.

Page

Smith, William Prescott.
Correspondence with Winfield S. Hancock 506
Mentioned 166, 443
Smith, Zemro A. Mentioned 1028
Smyser, Henry C. Mentioned 1045
Smyth, Thomas A. Mentioned 98, 127, 174, 414, 598, 627, 687
Smythe, William J.
Correspondence with William W. Morris 591
Mentioned 1045
Snell, M. Porter. Mentioned 982
Sniper, Gustavus. Mentioned 1029, 1186
Snow, Alonzo. Mentioned 1046
Snow, D. T. Mentioned 1129
Snyder, James W.
Correspondence with Horatio G. Wright 1120
Mentioned 760, 1032
Snyder, Wiliam A. Mentioned 1049
Sorrel, G. Moxley. Mentioned 882
Souders, Jacob A. Mentioned 1046
Soule, Lewis. Mentioned 1052
South Boston, Va. Expedition to. See *Danville and South Boston, Va. Expedition from Burkeville and Petersburg to, April 23–29, 1865.*
South, Department of the (Union).
Gillmore, Quincy A., relieved from command of 788
Ord, Edward O. C., assigned to command of 788
South Carolina. Military Department embracing 1299
South Carolina, Department of. (Union.)
Constituted 1299
Gillmore, Quincy A., assigned to command of 1299
South Carolina Troops. Mentioned.
Artillery, Light—*Batteries:* **Washington**, 1327.
Infantry—*Regiments:* **17th**, 123; **23d**, 31; **26th**, 186, 220, 387; **Palmetto Sharpshooters**, 42.
South Side Railroad, Va. Engagement at Sutherland's Station on. See *Sutherland's Station, South Side Railroad, Va. Engagement at, April 2, 1865.*
Sparks, Laban. Mentioned 1048
Spaulding, Elbridge G. Correspondence with War Department, U. S. 782
Spaulding, Ira.
Correspondence with James C. Duane 704
Mentioned 199, 854, 1067
Spaulding, Joseph W. Mentioned 1028
Spear, Ellis. Mentioned 971
Spear, Percy B. Mentioned 980, 983, 1303
Spear, Samuel P.
Correspondence with Ranald S. Mackenzie 105
Mentioned 32, 44, 66
Speed, James. Mentioned 916, 918, 1002, 1105, 1122
For correspondence, etc., see *Attorney-General's Office, U. S.*
Speed, John M.
Correspondence with Attorney-General's Office, U. S 1105
Mentioned 1106
Spencer, Joseph H. Mentioned 117
Spencer, T. Rush. Mentioned 1305, 1310
Spera, Weidner H. Correspondence with John D. Stevenson 727

Page.

Spicer, Simeon. Mentioned 1303
Spofford, John P. Mentioned 1030, 1187
Sprague, Charles H. Mentioned 979
Sprague, John W.
Assignment to duty 1170
Mentioned 1170
Spraul, Charles. Mentioned 395
Spreadbury, John. For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *Wesley Merritt.*
Stacey, May H. Mentioned 88, 348
Stagg, Peter. Mentioned 391, 1048, 1190, 1191
Stanley, David S. Mentioned 1315, 1318
Stanton, David L.
Correspondence with Romeyn B. Ayres 924
Mentioned 1030, 1186
Stanton, Edwin M. Mentioned 6, 8, 10, 28, 42, 57, 59, 69, 81, 85, 98, 112, 153, 166–169, 171, 194, 205, 343, 393, 294, 400, 444, 460, 534, 544, 582, 658, 660, 681, 682, 687, 699, 711, 712, 720, 726, 738, 739, 745, 756, 758, 766, 788, 797, 800, 814, 818, 820, 822, 845, 846, 853, 905, 906, 913, 936, 938, 939, 941, 952, 954, 956, 966, 1002, 1006, 1055, 1064, 1074, 1077, 1087, 1094, 1143, 1159, 1163, 1164, 1173, 1211, 1216, 1222, 1227, 1232, 1233, 1243, 1246, 1263, 1267, 1276, 1278, 1279, 1287, 1288, 1294, 1307
For correspondence, etc., see *War Department, U. S.*
Stanton, Edwin M., Mrs. Mentioned 86
Stanton, John. Mentioned 1029, 1186
Starbird, Isaac W. Mentioned 856, 1228
Stark, Alexander W. Mentioned 1344
Starke, W. N. Mentioned 1369
Start, Romeo H. Mentioned 276, 1027
State Department, U. S. Correspondence with
Adams, Charles Francis 785
Dix, John A 59
Edmunds, George F 280
Grant, U. S 38
Lincoln, Abraham 392, 572
Montreal, Canada, U. S. Consul-General at 331
Vermont, Governor of 280
Staunton and Charlottesville, Va. Expedition from Richmond to, May 6–14, 1865. Communications from
Curtis, Newton M 1088
Ord, Edward O. C 1088
Stedman, Fort. See *Fort Stedman.*
Steedman, James B.
Assignment to command 1299
Mentioned 1299
Steele, Frederick. Mentioned 1193, 1230
Steele, Henry. Mentioned 986
Steen, Enoch. Mentioned 1051
Stephens, Alexander H. Mentioned 593
Stepping Stones, U. S. S. Mentioned 913
Sterrett, William N. Correspondence with William Gamble 700
Steuart, George H.
Correspondence with James Longstreet 1344–1346, 1351
Mentioned 197, 218, 260, 325, 345, 397, 1330, 1332, 1334, 1342, 1346, 1348, 1350, 1351
Stevens, Charles E. Mentioned 1032

Page.
Stevens, Greenleaf T. Mentioned 1048
Stevens, Hazard. Mentioned 1303
Stevens, Walter H.
Correspondence with James Longstreet 1350, 1368
Mentioned 1378, 1380
Stevenson, John D.
Correspondence with
Brooke, John R 1080
Chamberlin, Simon E 279
Cook, Roger E 1122
Emory, William H 1003
Grant, U. S 1217
Hancock, Winfield S 26, 27, 37, 48, 49, 59, 72, 84, 94, 95, 168, 169, 193, 241, 278, 329, 330, 389, 444, 445, 541, 542, 590. 617, 638, 701, 726, 742, 755, 774, 775, 804, 840, 841, 869, 872, 910, 914, 915, 989, 1004, 1014, 1138
Lusk, Thurlow W 743, 756
Norris, Charles E 95
Seward, William H., jr 279, 331
Spera, Weidner H 727
Torbert, Alfred T. A 935
War Department, U. S 168, 240, 590
Mentioned 108, 166, 192, 194, 277, 741, 767, 839, 904, 950, 1046, 1227
Stewart, ———. Correspondence with Thomas T. Eckert 775
Stewart, Charles S. Mentioned 1277
Stewart, Frank B. Mentioned 860
Stewart, James. Mentioned 1187
Stewart, Reuben R. Mentioned 913
Stewart, William W. Mentioned 1047
Stickney, Amos. Mentioned 1277
Stickney, Clifford.
Correspondence with Andrew A. Humphreys 515
Mentioned 467
Stickney, James W. H. Mentioned 1041
Stillé, Louis R. Mentioned 1259
Stitt, William. Mentioned 734, 1036
Stocking, Solon W. Mentioned 1043
Stockton, William A. F. Mentioned 1027
Stoddard, Samuel F., jr. Mentioned 1053
Stone, Asahel. Mentioned 905
Stone, Valentine H. Mentioned 1027
Stoneman, George.
Assignment to command 1298
Mentioned 67, 333, 607, 621, 633, 677, 681, 684, 714, 887, 1128, 1298, 1389, 1391
Stonewall, Steamer. Mentioned 1094
Stoodley, Nathan D. Mentioned 1036
Stover, John H. Mentioned 1028
Stowe, William A. Mentioned 305
Strang, Edward J.
Correspondence with Rufus Ingalls 1126
Mentioned 74, 214, 970, 1125–1127, 1139
Strang, John R. Mentioned 1029, 1187
Stratton, Franklin A.
Correspondence with Edward O. C. Ord 1088
Mentioned 1033

Page.
Strawbridge, Samuel D. Mentioned 1034
Streeter, John F. Mentioned 1214
Strength of Troops. See *Organization, Strength, etc.*
Strouss, Ellis C. Correspondence with Byron R. Pierce 475
Stryker, William S. Mentioned 1044
Stuart, James T. Mentioned 427
Stubbs, Charles E. Mentioned 276, 1027
Stubel, William. Mentioned 419
Sturgis, William H. Mentioned 861
Subsistence Department, C. S. A. Correspondence with Telegraph Operator at Farmville, Va 1383
Subsistence Stores. See *Munitions of War.*
Subsistence Department, U. S. A. Correspondence with George G. Meade. 969
Suckley, George. Mentioned 932
Sullivan, Jeremiah C. Mentioned 106
Sullivan, Thomas C. Mentioned 1214
Summerhayes, John W. Mentioned 1228
Sumner, Alexander B. Mentioned 1032
Sumner, Edwin V.
Correspondence with
Hartsuff, George L 741
Ord, Edward O. C 45, 46, 587, 1166
Sherman, William T 1137
Weitzel, Godfrey 660, 681
West, Robert M 46
Mentioned 9, 12, 13, 41, 42, 45, 57, 207, 208, 215, 241, 242, 269, 390, 567, 569, 660, 697, 712, 740, 990, 1032, 1033, 1184, 1213
Surratt, John H.
Mentioned 847
Reward offered for apprehension of 847
Sutherland's Station, South Side Railroad, Va. Engagement at, April 2, 1865. Communications from
Grant, U. S 447–450, 459, 495
Hudson, Peter T 457
Meade, George G 457
Miles, Nelson A 467, 469, 470
Sutton, John F. Mentioned 1027
Swan, William W. Mentioned 972
For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *Romeyn B. Ayres.*
Sweeney, James W. Mentioned 820
Sweitzer, Nelson B.
Correspondence with Christopher C. Augur 754, 901, 949, 988
Mentioned 47, 48, 84, 700, 752, 753, 772, 802, 829, 949, 962
Swift, Frederick W. Mentioned 651, 652, 1039, 1188
Swope, Rufus C. Mentioned 980, 1305
Tabernacle Church or Beaver Pond Creek, Va. Skirmish at, April 4, 1865. Communications from Wesley Merritt 559
Taggart, Charles A. Mentioned 791
Talcott, Thomas M. R. Correspondence with G. W. Robertson 1369
Tantum, William H. Mentioned 1033
Tarbell, Jonathan. Mentioned 1030
Tate, William C. Mentioned 1129
Tatum, B. H. Mentioned 1129
Taussig, William. Correspondence with Mrs. Abraham Lincoln 845

Page

Taylor, A. G. Mentioned 1129
Taylor, Benjamin F. Mentioned 1042, 1189
Taylor, Erasmus.
Correspondence with James Longstreet 1342, 1343, 1350, 1364, 1372, 1373
Mentioned 1318, 1346, 1351, 1365, 1373
Taylor, Henry G. Mentioned 973, 974
Taylor, John. Mentioned 582
Taylor, Joseph H. Mentioned 913
For correspondence as Chief of Staff, see *Christopher C. Augur;* also *John G. Parke.*
Taylor, Marsh B. Mentioned 1047
Taylor, Moses. Correspondence with Abraham Lincoln 618
Taylor, Richard.
Correspondence with John A. Campbell 723
Mentioned 723, 1318, 1391
Taylor, Walter H. Mentioned 667
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Robert E. Lee.*
Taylor, William B. Mentioned 582
Taylor, William Rogers. Mentioned 846
Tearney, James. Mentioned 759, 1032
Telford, William H.
Assignment to command 1271
Mentioned 1039, 1189, 1271
Templeton, Horace. Mentioned 1040
Tennant, Aldrich. Mentioned 856, 857, 1228
Tennessee. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Tennessee, Army of the. (Union.) Giles A. Smith relieved from duty with. 1233
Tennessee, Department of the. (Union.)
Constituted 1298
Stoneman, George, assigned to command of 1298
Tennessee, Military Division of the. (Union.)
Constituted 1299
Thomas, George H., assigned to command of 1299
Tennessee Troops. Mentioned. (Confederate.)
Infantry—*Regiments:* **7th, 23d,** 791.
Terrell, William H. H. For correspondence, etc., see *Indiana, Adjutant-General of.*
Terrill, Albert A. Mentioned 1042
Terry, Adrian. Mentioned 891, 1270, 1311
Terry, Alfred H.
Assignments to command 195, 1269, 1298
Assumes command of Department of Virginia 1278, 1282
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 1267, 1269, 1307
Halleck, Henry W 1287, 1291
Hartsuff, George L 1288
War Department, U. S 1282, 1283, 1300
Mentioned 195, 1063, 1167, 1191, 1269, 1270, 1277–1279, 1282, 1288, 1294, 1298, 1308, 1315
Staff. Announcements of 891, 1311
Terry, Bernard. Mentioned 582
Terry, Ira C. Mentioned 1002, 1037
Terry, William R. Mentioned 185, 204, 218, 1332, 1342, 1345, 1350, 1351, 1371
Terwilliger, William H. Mentioned 1027
Tesh, Lieutenant. Mentioned 814
Teters, Wilbert B. Mentioned 1036

Page.

Tewksbury, John.
Correspondence with
Benham, Henry W 387
Parke, John G 387, 388
Mentioned 276, 1026
Texas. Military Department embracing 1299
Thayer, Royal W. Mentioned 1051
Thom, George. Mentioned 891, 1143, 1144
Thomas A. Scott, Steamer. Mentioned 1206
Thomas, Augustus L. Mentioned 707, 1305
Thomas, Charles.
Correspondence with Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A. 822
Mentioned 845, 890, 1006
For correspondence, etc., see *Quartermaster-General's Office, U. S. A.*
Thomas, Charles E. Mentioned 1035
Thomas, Charles W. Correspondence with Charles Griffin 553
Thomas, Edward L. Mentioned 19, 218
Thomas, Edwin. Mentioned 1041
Thomas, Findlay I. Mentioned 759
Thomas, George H.
Assignment to command 1299
Mentioned 954, 967, 1180, 1299, 1318
Thomas, Henry G
Correspondence with Godfrey Weitzel 539
Mentioned 213, 1037, 1224, 1248
Thomas, Henry W. Mentioned 655, 656
Thomas, James H. Correspondence with Mrs. Abraham Lincoln 845
Thomas, Lorenzo. Mentioned 30, 81, 88, 683, 706, 788, 839, 846, 847, 854, 856, 862, 879, 900, 925, 929, 972, 974, 984, 1056, 1107, 1112, 1113, 1118, 1139, 1145, 1153, 1154, 1167, 1180, 1184, 1227, 1232, 1247, 1248, 1261, 1262, 1277, 1278, 1299, 1300, 1301, 1303, 1306, 1308
For correspondence, etc., see *Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A.*
Thomas, Oliver G. Mentioned 1035
Thomas, S. Mentioned 783
Thompson, Andrew. Mentioned 1129
Thompson, Augustin. Mentioned 1053
Thompson, E. W. Correspondence with Peter V. Daniel 1318
Thompson, Freeman C. Mentioned 986
Thompson, Henry C. Mentioned 1033
Thompson, Jacob. Mentioned 62, 1004
Thompson, James. Mentioned 1039
Thompson, John C. Mentioned 937
Thompson, John L.
Correspondence with Christopher C. Augur 715, 752, 768, 817, 818, 829
Mentioned 16, 1040
Thompson, Richard W. Mentioned 1304
Thomson, James W. Mentioned 1328, 1336
Throckmorton, Charles B. Mentioned 1039
Thurmond, William D. Mentioned 873
Thyng, George P. Mentioned 1052
Tibbits, William B. Mentioned 911, 1269
Tidball, John C.
Correspondence with
Hunt, Henry J 40, 65, 157, 265
Parke, John G 158, 186, 824
Mentioned 113, 136, 157, 226, 227, 239, 482, 526, 565, 675, 1042, 1190, 1208, 1301

Page.
Tiers, Edmund T. Correspondence with Romeyn B. Ayres 39
Tippin, Andrew H. Mentioned 504, 923
Titus, Herbert B. Mentioned 894, 1042, 1189, 1208
Titus, Uriel B. Mentioned 1234
Tole, James C. Correspondence with Foxhall A. Parker 588
Tomlinson, De Witt C. Mentioned 1305
Tompkins, Charles H. Mentioned 1068
Tompkins, George W. Mentioned 219, 220
Torbert, Alfred T. A.
Assignment to command 898
Correspondence with
Augur, Christopher C 16
Duval, Isaac H 1071
Emory, William H 934, 1243
Fitz Simons, Charles 885, 935
Goldsmith, Howard H 951, 963, 989, 1003
Hancock, Winfield S 17, 216, 240, 278, 444, 571, 741, 774, 803, 804, 914, 934, 935, 950, 951, 989, 1003, 1065, 1080, 1089, 1098, 1161, 1227, 1243, 1256
Leoser, Charles McK 1104
Raum, Green B 936
Stevenson, John D 935
Mentioned 391, 540, 542, 570, 616, 750–752, 898, 936, 1004, 1038, 1047, 1071, 1095, 1104, 1113, 1141, 1202, 1219, 1285
Towle, George F. Mentioned 891
Townsend, Edward D.
Correspondence with William A. Nichols 887
Mentioned 69, 81, 787, 845, 846, 906, 989, 1150
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A.*
Townsend, Joseph G. Mentioned 971
Tracy, Amasa S. Mentioned 1031
Tracy, Benjamin F. Mentioned 1053, 1054
Tracy, Osgood V. Mentioned 759
For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *Truman Seymour.*
Trade and Intercourse.
Communications from
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 1248
Dent, Frederick T 1069
Grant, U. S 1246
Halleck, Henry W 888, 916, 939, 990, 1001, 1054, 1072, 1073, 1110, 1123
Hancock, Winfield S 949
Hartsuff, George L 613
Johnson, Andrew 1073
War Department, U. S 915, 916, 940, 1055, 1073, 1110
Restrictions upon, partially annulled 809, 956
Trade Wind, Steamer. Mentioned 1206
Transportation. (Army.) See *Munitions of War.*
Transportation. (Railroad and water.) Communications from
Batchelder, Richard N 993
Davis, Jefferson 1392
Grant, U. S 1162
Halleck, Henry W 1142
Harvie, Lewis E 1391
Howard, John B 1147
Ingalls, Rufus 548, 669, 918
Longstreet, James 1341, 1342

Page.

Transportation. (Railroad and water.) Communications from—Continued.
Meade, George G 991, 992
Moore, James J 548, 669
Peebles, Lemuel 1335
Quartermaster-General's Office, U. S. A 1162
Treichel, Charles. Mentioned 435
Tremlett, Henry M. Mentioned 978
Trenholm, George A. Mentioned 717, 1144, 1340
Tribbet, ———. Mentioned 445
Tripp, William H. Mentioned 856, 857, 1228
Trippe, James M. Mentioned 1044
Trobler, Henry. Mentioned 1045
Trotter, Frederick E. Mentioned 1054
Trotter, Joseph H. Mentioned 1129
Troy, Daniel S. Mentioned 220
Truex, William S.
Correspondence with Truman Seymour 261
Mentioned 759, 1032
Tucker, Mrs. Mentioned 740
Tucker, Allen. Mentioned 986
Tucker, Benjamin F. Correspondence with George Crook 1121
Tucker, Beverly. Mentioned 62, 1152
Tucker, Jacob R. Mentioned 1314
Tucker, John R. Mentioned 787
Tucker, Julius M. Mentioned 1040, 1189
Tully, Redmond. Mentioned 1038
Turkington, Joseph. Mentioned 975
Turnbull, George R. Mentioned 1311
Turnbull, John G. Mentioned 1039
Turner, John W.
Assignment to command 1267
Correspondence with
Abell, Charles C 1094
Devens, Charles 1094
Foster, Robert S 1070, 1094
Gibbon, John 211, 237, 270, 319, 323, 433, 696
Harris, Thomas M 1070, 1094
Ord, Edward O. C 162, 962
Read, Theodore 211
War Department, U. S 1242
Mentioned 98, 100, 102, 103, 105, 162, 163, 189–191, 208, 210, 212, 236, 288–290, 319, 340, 347, 374–376, 379, 393, 405, 414, 430, 432, 433, 594, 611, 612, 695, 706, 711, 734, 761, 796, 813, 881, 1035, 1036, 1070, 1077, 1205, 1267
For correspondence as Chief of Staff, see *Edward O. C. Ord.*
Twiss, John M. Mentioned 1210
Twitchell, Adelbert B. Mentioned 1042, 1190
Tyler, Albert M. Mentioned 203
Tyler, Erastus B.
Correspondence with Winfield S. Hancock 805
Mentioned 16, 194, 662, 776, 886, 1045, 1256
Relieved from command of 1st Separate Brigade, 8th Army Corps 1256
Tyler, John. Mentioned 1340
Tyler, Nat. Mentioned 655, 656
Underhill, Henry P. Mentioned 1040
Underhill, Jesse J. Mentioned 13

Page.
Underwood, Bush. Mentioned 168
Underwood, John C. Mentioned 1276, 1287
Union Troops.
Casualties. Returns of.
Fort Fisher, Va. Action at, March 25, 1865 ..... 145, 172
Fort Stedman, Va. Assault on, March 25, 1865 ..... 156, 157, 172
Richmond, Va., Campaign, Jan. 1–April 3, 1865 172
Watkins House, Va. Action at, March 25. 1865 ..... 172, 177
Enlistments of, discontinued. Communications from
Fry, James B 1006
War Department, U. S 744
Mentioned.
Colored.
Artillery, Heavy—*Regiments:* **8th**, 1034.
Artillery, Light—*Regiments:* **2d** (*Batteries*), **B**, 1034, 1201.
Cavalry—*Regiments:* **1st**, 1033–1035; **2d**, 1034, 1035.
Infantry—*Companies:* **A** (*Unassigned*), 1044. *Regiments:* **7th**, 1037; **8th**, 533, 1037; **9th**, 1037; **10th**, 5, 213, 1034, 1039, 1174, 1221; **19th**, 1037; **20th**, 1039; **22d**, 816, 1002, 1037, 1174; **23d**, 1037; **24th**, 1044, 1221; **28th**, 75, 213, 1034, 1174, 1221; **29th**, **31st**, **36th**, **38th**, **41st**, **43d**, **45th**, **109th**, **114th**, 1037; **115th**, 213, 1037; **116th**, **117th**, **118th**, **127th**, 1037.
Regulars.
Artillery, Light—*Regiments:* **1st** (*Batteries*), **A**, 1043; **B**, 189, 796, 881, 1036; **C**, 1051; **D**, 1038, 1201; **E**, **F**, 1043; **K**, **L**, 1048; **M**, 694, 1038, 1201; **2d**, 662; **2d** (*Batteries*), **A**, 1049, 1120; **B**, 1040, 1191; **C**, 1039; **D**, 1040, 1191; **E**, 1039; **G**, 1043; **L**, **M**, 1040, 1191; **3d** (*Batteries*), **C**, 1040, 1191; **G**, 1041; **I**, 1039; **L**, **M**, 1043; **4th** (*Batteries*), **A**, 1039, 1054; **B**, 301, 983, 1031, 1187; **C**, 610, 1040, 1049, 1139, 1191; **D**, 1038, 1201; **E**, 610, 1040, 1049, 1139, 1191; **F**, **G**, **H**, 1039; **K**, 228, 862, 1029, 1068, 1075, 1085; **L**, 1036; **5th** (*Batteries*), **A**, 189, 796, 881, 1036; **B**, 1047; **C**, 1027; **D**, 1031, 1187; **E**, 1032; **F**, 1036; **G**, 1031, 1187; **H**, 1050; **I**, 1027; **L**, 1044, 1191; **M**, 1039.
Cavalry—*Regiments:* **1st**, 1049; **2d**, 95, 542, 1048; **5th**, 248, 1049, 1066, 1191, 1211, 1298, 1312; **6th**, 1049, 1191, 1259, 1298, 1312.
Engineers—*Battalions:* **Harwood's**, 389, 920, 945, 1026, 1263, 1277.
Infantry—*Regiments:* **2d**, 1050, 1054; **3d**, 1026, 1303, 1307; **4th**, 745, 1066, 1314; **6th**, 1051; **7th**, 1050, 1051; **8th**, 638, 662, 1045; **10th**, 1026, 1303; **11th**, 3, 334, 595, 638, 1051, 1314; **11th** (*Battalions*), **1st**, 1026; **12th**, 1050; **12th** (*Battalions*), **1st**, 1054; **14th**, 334, 595, 638, 728–730, 1054, 1314; **14th** (*Battalions*), **1st**, **2d**, 1026; **15th**, **16th**, 1054; **17th**, 1050, 1054.
Veteran Reserve Corps.
Infantry—*Battalions:* **1st** (*Companies*), **246th**, 1054; **2d**, 1035; **2d** (*Companies*), **1st**, **2d**, **3d**, **7th**, **8th**, **10th**, **12th**, **14th**, **16th**, **21st**, **22d**, **23d**, **27th**, **33d**, **36th**, **37th**, **38th**, **39th**, **42d**, **44th**, **47th**, **48th**, **49th**, **50th**, **58th**, **65th**, **69th**, **75th**, **76th**, **78th**, **81st**, **82d**, **86th**, **100th**, **101st**, **102d**, **104th**, **108th**, **112th**, **114th**, **116th**, **128th**, **129th**, 1044; **132d**, 1047; **138th**, 1053; **144th**, **166th**, **170th**, 1044. *Regiments:* **1st**, 1054; **2d**, 1044, 1054; **3d**, 1053; **7th**, **9th**, **10th**, 1041; **11th**, 71, 1039; **12th**, **14th**, 1041, 1044; **16th**, 1044; **18th**, 1040, 1041, 1044, 1053; **19th**, 1044, 1054; **20th**, 1039; **21st**, 1045, 1053; **24th**, 1041, 1044.

Page.

Union Troops—Continued.
Mentioned.
Volunteers.
Infantry—*Regiments:* **1st Veteran**, 1047; **2d**, 799; **2d Veteran**, 70, 1047; **3d Veteran**, 661, 751, 1047; **4th Veteran**, 661.
For other Volunteers, see respective States.
Muster-out and discharge of. Communications from
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A. 1083, 1112, 1118, 1144, 1145, 1153, 1164, 1222, 1232, 1233, 1246, 1247
Emory, William H 1311
Grant, U. S 1066, 1185, 1216
Hancock, Winfield S 1240, 1261
Meade, George G 1150, 1164, 1182, 1211
Ruggles, George D 1222
War Department, U. S 1090
Organization, strength, etc.
Cavalry Corps 391, 1048, 1049
East, Department of the 392, 1050–1054
Middle Department 106, 390, 1038, 1045, 1046
Middle Military Division 106–108, 390, 391, 1038
Pennsylvania, Department of 106, 390, 1038, 1044, 1045
Potomac, Army of the 389, 1026–1032
Shenandoah, Army of the 1038, 1047, 1048
Virginia, Department of 390, 1032–1038
Washington, Department of 106, 390, 1038–1044
West Virginia, Department of 106, 108, 390, 1038, 1046, 1047
Retention of arms by. Communications from Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A. 1237, 1273
United States, Steamer. Mentioned 821
Urban, Gustavus. Mentioned 1049, 1191
Usher, John P. Mentioned 1002
Utah. Military Department embracing 1299
Valentine, Alonzo B. Mentioned 1305
Van Brocklin, Martin.
Correspondence with Horatio G. Wright 1155
Mentioned 705, 957, 1019, 1020, 1260
Van Buren, Daniel T. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *John J. Peck.*
Van Buren, James L. Correspondence with
Parke, John G 9, 90
Peirce, Luther H 893, 907
For correspondence as A. D. C., see *John G. Parke.*
Vance, George C. Mentioned 1305
Vance, Zebulon B. Mentioned 1161
For correspondence, etc., see *North Carolina, Governor of.*
Vanderbilt, C., Steamer. Mentioned 45, 74
Vandervoort, David. Mentioned 1033
Van Etten, Orsamus R. Mentioned 1032
Van Matre, Joseph. Mentioned 986
Vattel, Emmeric de. Mentioned 919
Vaughan, Edwin. Correspondence with William W. Morris 591
Vaughan, Samuel K. Mentioned 1036
Vaughan Road, Va. Skirmish on, near Hatcher's Run, March 29, 1865. Congratulatory Orders.
Chamberlain, Joshua L 308
Griffin, Charles 308

Page.
Venable, Charles S. Mentioned 667
Venable, J. M.
Correspondence with George L. Hartsuff 698
Mentioned 698
Vermont. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Vermont, Governor of. Correspondence with State Department, U. S 280
Vermont Troops. Mentioned.
Artillery, Heavy—*Regiments:* **1st**, 1031; **1st** (*Batteries*), **D**, 1032
Artillery, Light—*Batteries:* **3d**, 276, 1027.
Cavalry—*Regiments:* **1st**, 1049, 1191.
Infantry—*Regiments:* **2d**, **3d**, **4th**, 1031, 1308; **5th**, **6th**, 1031; **8th**, 1040, 1189, 1208; **9th**, 1036, 1314; **10th**, 1032; **17th**, 1042, 1189, 1208.
Verplanck, Robert N. Mentioned 759
Victor, Steamer. Mentioned 1207
Vienna, Va. Scout into Loudoun County from. See *Loudoun County, Va. Scout from Vienna into, April 8–10, 1865.*
Vincent, Nathan H. Mentioned 1028
Vincent, Thomas M. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A.*
Virginia, C. S. S. Mentioned 574
Virginia.
Affairs in, generally. Communications from
Halleck, Henry W 1005, 1131, 1295, 1297
Hartsuff, George L 1185
McKibbin, Gilbert H 1159
Virginia, Governor of 704
Military Departments embracing 833, 1269, 1298, 1299
Operations in. Communications from
Halleck, Henry W 1081, 1082, 1087
Sheridan, Philip H 1087
Post-offices in. Opening of. Communication from Edward O. C. Ord 1062
Restoration of civil government in. Communication from A. M. Keiley *et al* 698
Restoration of national authority in. Communications from
Anderson, Joseph R 656
Campbell, John A 656, 657
Dana, Charles A 655
Virginia, Department of. (Union.)
Address of George H. Gordon to citizens of District of Eastern Virginia 838
Confederate emblems. Wearing of, prohibited in District of Eastern Virginia 867
Constituted 1298
Devens, Charles, assigned to command of District of Northeastern Virginia 1314
Halleck, Henry W., assigned to command of 788
Hartsuff, George L., assumes command of District of the Nottoway 1198
Miles, Nelson A., assigned to command of Military District of Fort Monroe 1191, 1192
Orders, series 1865—*Abbot:* **No. 5**, 1307.
Orders, General, series 1865—*Terry:* **No. 72**, 1278; **Nos. 74**, **75**, 1282; **No. 76**, 1284; **No. 77**, 1293; **No. 82**, 1311; **No. 86**, 1313; **No. 89**, 1314. *Gibbon:* **No. 72**, 1304. *Gordon:* **No. 12**, 57; **No. 18**, 191; **No. 27**, 816; **No. 29**, 838; **No. 30**, 867; **No. 32**, 938; **No. 46**, 1215; **No. 47**, 1216. *Hartsuff:* **No. 1**, 1198; **No. 9**, 1292.

Page

Virginia, Department of. (Union)—Continued.
Orders, Special, series 1865—*Devens:* **No. 135**, 1308.
For other Orders, see *James, Army of the.*
Patrick, Marsena R., relieved from duty in 1267
Reorganization of Districts in 1213, 1314
Terry, Alfred H.
Assigned to command of 1269, 1298
Assumes command of 1278, 1282
Turner, John W., assigned to command of District of Henrico 1267
Union troops in. Organization, strength, etc.
March 31, 1865 390
April 30, 1865 1032–1038

Virginia, Governor of. Correspondence with
Davis, Jefferson 1315, 1348, 1366
Halleck, Henry W 1249, 1254, 1297
Lincoln, Abraham 703
Rider, James H 1174
War Department, U. S 786

Virginia, Legislature of.
Act of, concerning negroes 1315
Meeting of. Communications from
Dana, Charles A 619
Lincoln, Abraham 612, 724, 725
Ord, Edward O. C 735

Virginia, Northern.
Operations in. Communications from
Augur, Christopher C 682
War Department, U. S 699
Reported movements of Confederate troops in. Communications from
Augur, Christopher C 681
Hancock, Winfield S 681
Parker, Foxhall A 682

Virginia Troops. Mentioned. (Confederate.)
Artillery, Heavy—*Battalions:* **10th, 18th, 19th, 20th**, 237.
Artillery, Light—*Batteries:* **Botetourt**, 1323, 1327, 1329, 1333, 1338; **Chamberlayne's**, 405, 1320, 1323, 1327, 1329, 1334; **Jackson's**, 1328; **Johnston's**, 1328; **Lewis'**, 1371; **Lurty's**, 1328; **McClanahan's**, 1327, 1340, 1341; **McGregor's**, 1327; **Martin's**, 1323; **Moore's**, 1320; **Otey**, 1320, 1323, 1327, 1329, 1333, 1336; **Petersburg**, 7, 76, 1327; **Ringgold**, 1320, 1323, 1327, 1329, 1333, 1336; **Shoemaker's**, 1328; **Thomson's**, 1328.
Cavalry—*Battalions:* **35th**, 84, 742, 774, 817, 818; **36th**, 820, 831; **43d**, 16, 70, 240, 389, 617, 638, 681, 700, 701, 715, 716, 726, 741–743, 750, 753, 774, 800, 801, 803, 805, 817, 818, 828, 830, 897, 904, 910. *Companies:* **Amick's Partisans**, 445; **McNeill's Partisans**, 1116; **W. D. Thurmond's Partisans**, 445, 831. *Regiments:* **4th, 6th**, 507; **9th**, 201; **18th**, 1065; **23d**, 774; **24th**, 77.
Infantry—*Battalions:* **22d, 25th**, 237. *Regiments:* **4th**, 90; **9th**, 30; **15th**, 191; **40th, 47th**, 237; **49th**, 7; **55th**, 237; **56th**, 350; **58th**, 7, 345.
Miscellaneous—**Military Institute Cadets**, 1363, 1376, 1380.

Virginia Troops. Mentioned. (Union.)
Cavalry—*Battalions:* **Loudoun Rangers**, 26, 27, 37, 48, 95, 169, 279, 389, 617, 1046, 1138.
Infantry—*Companies:* **1st**, 1035.

Vogdes, Israel.
Correspondence with George H. Gordon 57
Mentioned 57

Vogel, Theodore K. Mentioned 971

Page.
Voris, Alvin C. Mentioned 1035, 1088, 1089, 1213
Voris, Archibald C. Mentioned 1057
Vose, William P. Mentioned 983, 1031
Voss, J. C. Mentioned 1129
Vulcan, Steamer. Mentioned 74
W. Correspondence with
Clifton 246
P 120, 197, 198, 248
Wade, Benjamin F. Mentioned 807
Wadsworth, James W. Mentioned 562
Wager, David C. Mentioned 891
Wagner, Louis. Mentioned 1030, 1044
Wahle, Waldemar G. Mentioned 1046
Wainwright, Charles S.
Correspondence with
Griffin, Charles 923, 983
Hunt, Henry J 136
Warren, Gouverneur K 180, 230, 420
Mentioned ... 113, 114, 129, 147, 149, 157, 368, 410, 419, 692, 746, 1031, 1128, 1140, 1187
Waite, Charles. Mentioned 1039, 1188
Waite, John M.
Correspondence with Christopher C. Augur 773, 818, 870, 899, 910, 934
Mentioned 752, 754, 871, 912, 913, 1002, 1292
Walbridge, George R. Correspondence with Timothy Ingraham 1095
Walcott, Charles F. Mentioned 923, 1030, 1186
Walker, General. Mentioned 1224
Walker, David N. Mentioned 1333, 1344
Walker, Duncan S.
Correspondence with
Emory, William H 26
Hancock, Winfield S 26
Mentioned 898
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *William H. Emory*; also *Winfield S. Hancock.*
Walker, Henry H.
Correspondence with
Davis Jefferson 1394
Ridd, James S 1385
Mentioned 1331
Walker, James A. Mentioned 6, 1387
Walker, J. M. Mentioned 1129
For correspondence, etc., see *Danville, Va., Mayor of.*
Walker, Joseph E. Mentioned 925
Walker, R. Lindsay. Mentioned 1319, 1320, 1365
Wallace, Lew.
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 842, 1080, 1227
Grant, U. S 873, 1261
Hancock, Winfield S 869, 874, 1080, 1236
Maryland, Governor of 843
Sewall, Frederick D 937
War Department, U. S 915, 936
Mentioned 1038, 1045, 1315, 1371
Resumes command of Middle Department 843

Page.

Wallace, William H. Mentioned 6, 283
Wallach, Major. Mentioned 832
Walpole, Horace H. Mentioned 1032
Walsh, James W. Mentioned 299, 300, 1026, 1259
Walter, William F. Mentioned 1042, 1189
Walter, William H. Mentioned 1129
Walters, Benjamin F. Mentioned 971
Ward, Henry C. Mentioned 1037
War Department, C. S. Correspondence with
Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, C. S. A 1339
Davis, Jefferson 1389
Ewell, Richard S 1317, 1318, 1332, 1380
Farmville, Va., Telegraph Operator at 1383
Lee, Robert E 1315, 1318, 1339, 1340, 1353, 1356, 1362, 1371, 1378, 1379
Longstreet, James 1329
Navy Department, C. S 1336
Peebles, Lemuel 1335
War Department, U. S. Correspondence with
Adams, Charles Francis 784
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 845, 886, 905, 938, 952, 965, 989, 990, 1004, 1015, 1025, 1066, 1072, 1081, 1090
Ames, Edward R 592
Attorney-General's Office, U. S 918
Augur, Christopher C 699, 800
Baker, La Fayette C 783
Baltimore, Md., Chief of Police of 783
Barnes, James 820, 912
Beecher, Henry Ward 966
Bowers, Theodore S 333, 450, 509
Burnside, Ambrose E 96
Cadwalader, George 843, 875
California, Governor of 592
Connecticut, Governor of 544
Cutting, Francis B 1149
Dana, Charles A 574, 575, 593, 594, 619, 655, 657, 677, 678, 683, 684, 711, 716–718
Dix, John A 543, 592, 640, 683, 744, 780, 781, 843, 875, 952, 989, 1004
Draper, Simeon 1004
Eckert, Thomas T 952
Engineer Department, U. S. A 1099
Garrett, John W 757, 843
Gibbon, John 78
rdon, George H 799, 941
Grant, U. S 3, 27, 28, 38, 50, 51, 61, 62, 72, 109, 110, 170, 194, 195, 217, 241, 545, 572, 573, 640, 641, 663, 664, 684, 685, 718, 756, 757, 786, 818, 888, 1015, 1066, 1081, 1101, 1161, 1167, 1231, 1232, 1236, 1237, 1246, 1254, 1257, 1276, 1287
Gurney, T., & Son 966
Halleck, Henry W 738, 887, 888, 915, 916, 938–940, 953, 967, 990, 1005, 1054, 1055, 1072, 1073, 1091, 1105, 1106, 1109, 1110, 1122, 1123, 1131–1133, 1142, 1152, 1158, 1161, 1162, 1174, 1250, 1264, 1266, 1267, 1269, 1276–1279, 1295
Hancock, Winfield S ... 91, 106, 166, 192, 443, 444, 660, 681, 699, 799, 817, 838, 897, 987
Hoffman, William 621
Illinois, Governor of 544, 703
Lincoln, Abraham 86, 96, 109, 169, 241, 280, 332, 392, 446, 447, 508, 509, 544, 640
McCallum, Daniel C 1081
McDowell, Irvin 593

Page.

War Department, U. S. Correspondence with—Continued.
McNab, D. Campbell 59, 61
McPhail, James L. 806, 821, 963
Maine, Governor of 702
Massachusetts, Governor of 543
Meade, George G 220, 221, 401, 460, 822, 1259, 1281, 1305
Moore, James M. 1263
Moorhead, James K 874
Morris, William W 775, 776
Navy Department, U. S 618
New York City, Chief of Police of 783
New York, Governor of 843
Olcott, H. S 784
Ord, Edward O. C 40, 55, 749, 835, 896, 1116, 1252, 1294
Patrick, Marsena R 836
Peck, John J 782, 989
Pennsylvania, Governor of 843, 874
Penrose, Charles B 96, 97
Philadelphia, Pa., Chief of Police of 783
Pierrepont, Edwards 1141, 1149
Pinkerton, Allan 845
Raymond, Henry J 966
Rhode Island, Governor of 544
Sanford, Edward S 544
Scott, Winfield 640
Sheridan, Philip H 722
Slough, John P 988
Spaulding, Elbridge G 782
Stevenson, John D 168, 240, 590
Terry, Alfred H 1282, 1283, 1300
Turner, John W 1242
Virginia, Governor of 786
Wallace, Lew 915, 936
Washburne, Elihu B 744
Weitzel, Godfrey 584, 658, 659, 678, 696, 711, 712
Williams, Seth 573
Woodruff, G. W. 592

Wardwell, Edward H.
Correspondence with
Davis, Charles L 344, 401, 402
Dillingham, Lucius A 344, 345, 401–403
Norton, Lemuel B 344
Ord, Edward O. C 494
Paine, Jedediah C 344, 345, 401–403
Mentioned 9

Warner, Edward R.
Correspondence with
Abbot, Henry L 1062
Hays, William 1057
Mentioned 1026, 1027, 1244

Warner, James M. Mentioned 181, 1031, 1305

Warner, James S. Mentioned 1187

Warner, John A., Steamer. Mentioned 74

Warren, Edgar W. Mentioned 1303

Page.

Warren, Gouverneur K.
Assignments to command 462, 562, 1056
Assumes command of troops at City Point, Petersburg, and South Side Railroad, Va 562
Correspondence with
Abbot, Henry L 565
Ayres, Romeyn B 134, 135, 180, 258, 309, 368, 369
Benham, Henry W 505, 563, 564, 585, 586
Clapp, Channing 505
Crawford, Samuel W 39, 89, 134–136, 180, 258, 259, 370, 410
Duane, James C 257
Grant, U. S 501, 535, 536, 585, 679, 896, 1069, 1103
Griffin, Charles 64, 134, 180, 258, 307
Hartsuff, George L 585
Humphreys, Andrew A 133, 134, 179, 251, 256, 292, 293, 295, 297, 353, 410, 411
Hunt, Henry J 120, 129
Locke, Frederick T 254
Meade, George G 6, 7, 20, 30, 38, 39, 53, 63, 76, 88, 99, 130–132, 179, 201, 223, 228, 229, 244, 245, 253–257, 283, 284, 288, 298–306, 309, 346, 360–367, 417, 418, 562, 636, 658, 679
Parke, John G 121–123, 129, 130, 147, 636
Rawles, Jacob B 136, 180
Ruggles, George D 131
Sheridan, Philip H 266, 419
Wainwright, Charles S 180, 230, 420
Weitzel, Godfrey 612
Wright, Horatio G 145
Mentioned 6, 30, 39, 64, 76, 89, 110, 112, 114–116, 121, 123, 124, 127, 129, 130, 134–137, 139, 147–150, 152, 171, 174, 176, 180, 198, 199, 223, 224, 226, 227, 230, 231, 234, 242–244, 250, 252, 256–259, 265, 266, 268, 269, 281–287, 289–292, 294, 295, 297, 298, 302, 305–307, 313, 324, 325, 327, 334–342, 345, 347–352, 355, 356, 362, 364, 367–369, 376, 380–382, 389, 392–396, 398, 399, 404, 407, 411, 412, 417, 419–421, 435, 462, 505, 514, 536, 538, 556, 562, 564, 574, 584–586, 612, 613, 632, 636, 680, 697, 822, 823, 976, 1055, 1056
Relieved from command of 5th Army Corps 420
Warren, Horatio N. Mentioned 1030, 1187
Warren, Robert P. Mentioned 972, 975
Warren, Zenas C. Mentioned 1038
Washburn, Cadwallader C. Mentioned 51
Washburn, Francis. Mentioned 390, 495, 499, 611
Washburn, James. Mentioned 1046
Washburne, Elihu B.
Correspondence with
Grant, U. S 758
Lincoln, Abraham 763
War Department, U. S 744
Mentioned 763, 807
Washington, D. C. Defenses of. Communications from
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 1285
Alexander, Barton S 1063, 1130
Engineer Department, U. S. A 1099
Grant, U. S 1101
Parke, John G 1293

Washington, Department of. Page
Augur, Christopher C., assigned to command of 1298
Bartlett, William F., assigned to temporary command of 1st Division, 9th Army Corps, in 1284
Constituted 1298
Crook, George, relieved from command of Cavalry Corps of 1300
Curtin, John I.
Assigned to temporary command of 3d Division, 9th Army Corps, in .. 1080
Relieved from command of 3d Division, 9th Army Corps, in 1313
Districts in. Organization of, announced 962
Griffin, Simon G., assigned to command of 2d Division, 9th Army Corps, in. 1079
McLaughlen, Napoleon B., relieved from command of 1st Division, 9th Army Corps, in 1284
Operations in. Communications from
Augur, Christopher C 751–753
Clendenin, David R 802
Gamble, William 108, 507, 753
Nicholson, John 819
Orders, Circular, series 1865—*McLaughlen:* **June 5**, 1256.
Orders, General, series 1865—*Augur:* **No. 55**, 871; **No. 56**, 962; **No. 61**, 1121; **No. 66**, 1149; **No. 68**, 1173. *Parke:* **No. 83**, 1277; **No. 85**, 1281; **No. 88**, 1292; **No. 89**, 1293. *Willcox:* **No. 21**, 1130; **No. 22**, 1136.
Orders, Special, series 1865—*Augur:* **No. 92**, 829. *McLaughlen:* **No. 112**, 1271. *Parke:* **No. 2**, 1013; **No. 4**, 1070; **No. 5**, 1079; **No. 6**, 1089; **No. 64**. 1313. *Willcox:* **No. 47**, 1284; **No. 55**, 1301; **No. 81**, 1071; **No. 101**, 1238.
Union troops in. Organization, strength, etc.
March 24, 1865 106
March 31, 1865 390
April 30, 1865 1038–1044
Washington, Mary, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Washington Territory. Military Department embracing 1299
Watkins, Thomas H. Mentioned 194, 767
Watkins House, Va. Action at, March 25, 1865.
Casualties. Returns of. Union troops 172, 177
Communications from
Dana, W. R 175
Humphreys, Andrew A 122–128, 133, 134, 142–144, 175, 177, 178
Meade, George G 112, 124–127, 132, 176, 177
Watrous, Jerome A. Mentioned 977
Wawasset, Steamer. Mentioned 821
Weaver, Joseph K. Mentioned 1045
Webb, Alexander S.
Correspondence with
Jay, William 467
Meade, George G 456
Ruggles, George D 336
Sharpe, George H 456
Mentioned ... 131, 141, 143, 153, 256, 283, 284, 302, 312–314, 335, 337, 353, 361, 367, 369, 374, 382, 395, 419, 423, 452, 483, 512, 527, 600, 640, 733, 942, 984, 1240, 1259
For correspondence as Chief of Staff, see *George G. Meade.*
Weber, Max. Mentioned 106
Webster, Daniel, Steamer. Mentioned 1206

Page.
Webster, John R. Mentioned 1305
Webster, Ralph C. Mentioned 932
Weir, Henry C. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *George Crook.*
Weisiger, David A. Mentioned 120, 198
Weisiger, W. R. Mentioned 644
Weiss, Adolphus. Mentioned 1031
Weitzel, Godfrey.
Correspondence with
Bowers, Theodore S 272, 326–328, 498, 509, 566
Campbell, John A 657
Carr, Joseph B 505
Cole, George W 1253
Collis, Charles H. T 615
Devens, Charles 212, 273, 274, 328, 383, 384, 442, 501, 502, 539
Ferrero, Edward 568, 569
Fry, James B 1006
Gordon, George H 569, 660, 740
Grant, U. S 237, 238, 271, 272, 327, 328, 382, 383, 437, 438, 495–498, 533–535, 566, 567, 658, 697, 1160, 1193, 1201, 1206, 1225, 1230, 1251, 1253, 1260–1262
Halleck, Henry W 1063, 1172, 1173, 1198, 1206, 1214
Hartsuff, George L 238, 273, 385, 439–441, 497, 499–501, 536, 538, 568, 584, 585, 612, 613, 637, 658, 659, 698, 712, 827, 1148
Huntington, G. M 750
Jackson, Richard H 763, 1206
Kautz, August V 442, 764
Kress, John A 816
Langdon, Loomis L 1243
Lincoln, Abraham 271, 612, 724, 725
Ludlow, Benjamin C 570
Manning, Frederick L 238, 273, 439
Meade, George G 740
Ord, Edward O. C 22, 43, 90, 164, 190, 212, 439, 499, 535, 567, 697, 739, 797, 798, 816, 1070, 1078, 1094
Russell, Charles S 442, 615, 1253
Sumner, Edwin V 660, 681
Thomas, Henry G 539
War Department, U. S 584, 658, 659, 678, 696, 711, 712,
Warren, Gouverneur K 612
Williams, E. F 740
Mentioned 4, 56, 210, 239, 334, 384, 390, 395, 442, 498, 509, 510, 534, 536, 543, 544, 547, 562, 569, 573–575, 586, 593, 594, 615, 619, 655–658, 677, 678, 684, 718, 725, 736, 748, 764, 798, 827, 867, 923, 990, 1005, 1006, 1016, 1032, 1037, 1062, 1094, 1121, 1132, 1148, 1162, 1168, 1169, 1172, 1174, 1177, 1178, 1185, 1221, 1223, 1233, 1295
Welch, Richard. Mentioned 791
Weld, Stephen M., jr. Mentioned 1189
Weldon, N. C. Expedition from Deep Bottom, Va., to near, with skirmishes, March 28–April 11, 1865. Communications from
Gordon, George H 587, 660
Sumner, Edwin V 587, 660
Welles, Gideon. Mentioned 660, 1002
For correspondence, etc., see *Navy Department, U. S.*
Welles, Thomas G. Mentioned 932
Wells, Benjamin F. Mentioned 1052

Page.
Wells, Charles W. Mentioned 1214
Wells, Henry H.
Correspondence with
Augur, Christopher C 25, 168, 541, 700, 771, 1002
Gamble, William 25
Mentioned 507, 871, 899, 911, 912, 962, 964, 987, 988, 1079, 1313
Wells, Levi. Mentioned 1303
Wells, William. Mentioned 391, 435, 529, 1191
Welsh, Merit C. Mentioned 1047
Wenonah, Steamer. Mentioned 45
Wessells, Henry W. Mentioned 543
West, James B. Mentioned 532
West, Robert M.
Correspondence with
Mackenzie, Ranald S 105
Ord, Edward O. C 12, 22-24, 32, 34, 43
Sumner, Edwin V 46
Whipple, Henry C 23
Mentioned 11, 21, 23, 24, 32, 35, 866, 1033
Western Virginia and East Tennessee, Department of. (Confederate.)
Early, Jubal A., relieved from command of 1362
Echols, John, assigned to temporary command of District of Southwestern Virginia and East Tennessee 1363
Lomax, Lunsford L., assigned to temporary command of Valley District. 1363
West Virginia.
Affairs in, generally. Communication from William H. Emory 702
Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Operations in. Communications from
Allen, John C 216
Emory, William H 934, 936
Hancock, Winfield S 934
McMillan, James W 1109
Oley, John H 446
Whitley, John, jr 445
Wiant, W. T 217
Wilkinson, Nathan 279, 1089, 1090, 1104, 1117
Reported movements of Confederate troops in. Communication from John D. Stevenson 331
West Virginia, Department of. (Union.)
Crook, George.
Assumes command of 59
Relinquishes command of 85
Emory, William H., assigned to temporary command of 898
Orders, General, series 1865—*Crook:* **No. 41**, 59; **No. 42**, 85. *Emory:* **No. 56**, 1097.
Union troops in. Organization, strength, etc.
March 24, 1865 ..... 106, 108
March 31, 1865 390
April 30, 1865 ..... 1038, 1046, 1047
West Virginia, Governor of. Correspondence with William H. Emory .. 702, 1116
West Virginia Troops. Mentioned.
Artillery, Light—*Batteries:* **A**, 1047; **C**, 1043; **D**, 1046; **E**, 1039; **H**, 1046.
Cavalry—*Regiments:* **1st**, 1046, 1049, 1191, 1269, 1285; **2d**, 436, 1049, 1191, 1269, 1285; **3d**, 1049, 1191, 1269, 1285; **6th**, 541, 948, 1269; **7th**, 1047, 1312.

Page.

West Virginia Troops. Mentioned—Continued.
Infantry—*Battalions:* **Exempts'** 1046. *Companies:* **Mann's Militia,** 445; **Ramsay's Militia,** 445. *Regiments:* **1st** (*Veteran*). 508, 1047, 1312; **2d** (*Veteran*), 571, 1046, 1312; **6th,** 1046, 1141; **7th,** 1028, 1251; **10th, 11th, 12th,** 1036; **13th,** 1047, 1072, 1227, 1243, 1245; **14th,** 571, 1046; **15th,** 1036; **17th,** 571, 1046, 1179.
Wetmore, George. Mentioned 1033
Wetmore, Prosper M. Correspondence with Abraham Lincoln 618
Weygant, Charles H.
Correspondence with Regis de Trobriand 219
Mentioned 219, 860
Whaley, Edward A. Mentioned 977
Wheaton, Charles, jr. Mentioned 1251
Wheaton, Frank.
Assignment to command 1302
Correspondence with
Edwards, Oliver 426
Hamblin, Joseph E 426
Lincoln, Rufus P 1086
Penrose, William H 426, 1103
Wright, Horatio G 202, 231, 425, 426, 1103
Mentioned 29, 112, 114, 115, 133, 137, 140, 141, 145, 148, 152, 424, 426, 453, 521, 522, 580, 581, 605, 648, 692, 708, 721, 790, 792, 893, 907, 930, 947, 960, 985, 1023, 1031, 1059, 1060, 1082, 1086, 1155, 1157, 1200, 1204, 1212, 1230, 1235, 1237, 1242, 1245, 1259, 1260, 1290, 1302, 1303
Staff. Announcements of 1303, 1308
Wheeler, Alger M. Mentioned 569, 1034
Wheeler, Daniel D. Mentioned 1178
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Godfrey Weitzel.*
Wheeler, James T. Mentioned 1390
Whildon, William, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Whipple, Henry C. Correspondence with
Ord, Edward O. C 23, 24, 34, 35
West, Robert M 23
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Robert M. West;* also *Ranald S. Mackenzie.*
Whistler, Joseph N. G. Mentioned 1043, 1282
White, Mrs. Mentioned 384
White, Ansel L. Mentioned 1228
White, Charles W. Mentioned 1027
White, Daniel. Mentioned 1189
White, Elijah V. Mentioned 742, 1098, 1104
White, Frank H. Mentioned 1043
White, Frank J. Mentioned 1035
White, Harrison. Mentioned 1048
Whiteford, Edward. Mentioned 559
White Oak Road, Va. Skirmish at, April 1, 1865. Communications from Nelson A. Miles 412
White Oak Road, or White Oak Ridge, Va. Engagement at, March 31, 1865. Communications from
Babcock, Orville E 334
Grant, U. S 337, 338
Humphreys, Andrew A 348–351
Meade, George G 336–338, 362, 363
Miles, Nelson A 355
Warren, Gouverneur K ..... [illegible]

Page.
Whiting, H. Rees. Mentioned 982
Whiting, William. Mentioned 96, 109, 169
Whitley, John, jr. Correspondence with John H. Oley 445, 743, 805, 820, 831, 841, 842
Whiton, John C. Mentioned 1042, 1189
Whittaker, Lewis R. Mentioned 1041
Whittelsey, Charles H. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Horatio G. Wright.*
Whittemore, Charles B. Mentioned 1241
Whittier, Charles A.
Correspondence with Andrew A. Humphreys 225
Mentioned 878, 879, 1305
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Andrew A. Humphreys;* also *Francis C. Barlow.*
Whittier, Francis H. Mentioned 1040
Whittier, John T. Mentioned 48
Whittingham, James. Mentioned 1305
Whittlesey, Eliphalet. Mentioned 1170
Whyte, William H. Correspondence with John M. Schoonmaker 504
For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *Charles H. T. Collis.*
Wiant, W. T.
Correspondence with Nathan Wilkinson 217
Mentioned 216, 217
Wickersham, Charles I. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *William Gamble.*
Wiedrich, Michael. Mentioned 975
Wiegel, William H.
Correspondence with
Barnes, James 589
Morris, William W 639
Mentioned 279, 1262
Wilber, Edward P.
Correspondence with John H. Oley 446
Mentioned 446
Wilcox, Cadmus M.
Correspondence with
Heth, Henry 1369
Longstreet, James 1386, 1389
Mentioned 19, 102, 116, 218, 237, 260, 267, 284, 289, 302, 304, 305, 311, 313, 317, 320, 345, 349, 447, 449, 450, 458, 459, 495, 670, 1386
Wilcox, Irving F. Mentioned 1044
Wild, Edward A.
Mentioned 213, 847
Relieved from command of 1st Division, 25th Army Corps 213
Wilder, I. Hart. Mentioned 1027
Wildey, Henry Y. Mentioned 1038
Wildrick, Abram C. Mentioned 1042, 1189
Wiley, Daniel D. Mentioned 343, 946
Wilkenson, ———. Mentioned 1388
Wilkerson, W. F. Mentioned 1129
Wilkinson, James P. For correspondence as A. A. A. G., see *Nathan Wilkinson;* also *Charles H. Day.*
Wilkinson, Nathan.
Correspondence with
Allen, John C 216
Day, Charles H 217, 1090, 1117
Dotze, Augustus 279

Page.

Wilkinson, Nathan—Continued.
Correspondence with
Enochs, William H 17, 86
Hart, Patrick 1117
Hoburg, Gottlieb 1090, 1099
McMillan, James W 1089, 1104, 1109
Wiant, W. T 217
Mentioned 1046, 1231
Willard, Charles F. Mentioned 989
Willauer, Seneca G.
Correspondence with
Barnes, James 769, 912, 913
Buckley, Florence F 801
Mentioned 910–912
Willcox, Orlando B.
Congratulatory Orders. Assault on Fort Stedman, Va., March 25, 1865 264
Correspondence with
Augur, Christopher C 1079
Bintliff, James 632
Ely, Ralph 632
Harriman, Samuel 632
Hartsuff, George L 613
McCall, William H. H 158
Michigan, Adjutant-General of 186
Parke, John G 157, 158, 186, 207, 318, 373, 429, 487, 523, 526, 527, 608, 632, 651, 675, 692, 709, 792, 793, 824
Mentioned 9, 90, 110, 113, 123, 146, 156, 158, 184, 204, 264, 318, 373, 428, 429, 452, 481, 484, 511, 522, 525–527, 546, 554, 555, 562, 563, 584, 606–608, 613, 632, 636, 674, 811, 864, 890, 893, 931, 962, 1039, 1188, 1207, 1236, 1259, 1284
William Kennedy, Steamer. Mentioned 1206
William Whildon, Steamer. Mentioned 74
Williams, E. F. Correspondence with Godfrey Weitzel 740
Williams, Henry C. Mentioned 1046
Williams, Hobart. Mentioned 759
Williams, Robert. For correspondence as A. A. G., see *Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A.*
Williams, Samuel H. Mentioned 979
Williams, Seth.
Correspondence with
Gibbon, John 722
Grant, U. S 612
Meade, George G 595
Parke, John G 605–607, 692
War Department, U. S 573
Mentioned 582, 611, 626, 692, 1258
Willian, John. Mentioned 88, 290, 414, 628, 879
Willis, Hamilton. Mentioned 1047
Williston, Edward B. Mentioned 1040, 1191
Wilmington, Steamer. Mentioned 1206
Wilson, James B. Mentioned 1186
Wilson, James E. Mentioned 1043
Wilson, James H. Mentioned 67, 726, 954, 1236
Wilson, John M. Mentioned 1262
Wilson, J. Wade. Mentioned 1191

Page.
Wilson, Robert A. Mentioned 1129
Wilson, Thomas. Mentioned 969, 970, 994, 1241
Wilson, Thomas A. Mentioned 973, 975
Wilson, William P. Mentioned 1185
Wilson, William R. Mentioned 1043
Wilson, William S. Mentioned 1047
Winchester, Va. Scout to Woodstock from. See *Woodstock, Va. Scout from Winchester to, March 27–29, 1865.*
Wingate, Christopher L. Mentioned 925
Wingo, J. P. Correspondence with Thomas Dodamead 1385
Winne, Charles K. Mentioned 1305
Winship, William W.
Correspondence with Christopher C. Augur 900, 901
Mentioned 871, 1044
Winslow, Charles P. Mentioned 1043
Winslow, Gordon, jr. Mentioned 254
Winthrop, Frederick.
Correspondence with Romeyn B. Ayres 369
Mentioned 258, 370, 574
Wisconsin. Military Departments embracing 1298, 1299
Wisconsin Troops. Mentioned
Artillery, Heavy—*Regiments:* **1st**, 1043, 1274.
Artillery, Light—*Batteries:* **2d**, 1039; **4th**, 105, 1033.
Infantry—*Regiments:* **5th**, 1031; **6th**, 1030, 1186, 1187. 1255; **7th**, 310, 1030, 1186, 1187, 1255; **19th**, 1036, 1314; **36th**, 1028, 1255; **37th**, 1039, 1188 1207; **38th**, 721, 1039, 1188, 1207.
Wise, George D. Mentioned 1251
Wise, Henry A. Mentioned 127, 248, 282, 349, 350, 381, 396, 405, 490
Wister, Francis. Mentioned 88, 410, 1105
For correspondence as A. D. C., see *Andrew A. Humphreys.*
Witcher, John S. Mentioned 1049
Witcher, Vincent A. Mentioned 873
Withers, John. Mentioned 1317
Withers, Robert E. Correspondence with George G. Meade 954, 956
Witman, Edward L. Mentioned 1030
Witmer, Hiram. Mentioned 264
Woerner, Christian. Mentioned 1027
Wofford, William T. Mentioned 237, 1355, 1356, 1391
Wood, Anson S. Mentioned 760
Wood, Oliver. Mentioned 1047
Wood, William. Mentioned 760
Woodall, Daniel.
Correspondence with
Barlow, Francis C 858
Calahan, Charles C 859
Pierce, Francis E 859
Mentioned 515, 855, 856, 1028, 1251
Woodall, James T. Mentioned 1303, 1310
Woodbridge, George. Correspondence with
Halleck, Henry W 1010
Lincoln, Abraham 737
Woodbury, ———. Mentioned 698
Woodhull, Alfred A. Mentioned 827
Wooding, W. H. Mentioned 1129

Page.
Woodruff, Carle A. Mentioned 1191
Woodruff, Dickinson. Mentioned 1050
Woodruff, G. W. Correspondence with War Department, U. S 592
Woodruff, Sterling A. Mentioned 1210
Woods, Charles R.
Assignment to command 1299
Mentioned 1299
Woodstock, Va. Scout from Winchester to, March 27–29, 1865. Communication from Winfield S. Hancock 216
Woodward, William W. Mentioned 1037
Woolfolk, Pichegru, jr. Mentioned 1344
Woolley, John.
Correspondence with Alexander Gilchrist 986
Mentioned 915
Woolsey, Charles W. Mentioned 546
Wooster, William B. Mentioned 1039
Worcester, George S. Mentioned 1041
Worth, William S. Mentioned 423, 428, 1209
Worthington, H. G. Mentioned 807
Wray, James T. Mentioned 755
Wright, Ernest. Mentioned 926, 927
Wright, George.
Assignment to command 1299
Mentioned 1299
Wright, Horatio G.
Assignment to command 1302
Correspondence with
Adjutant-General's Office, U. S. A 824
Ayres, Romeyn B 1310
Barstow, Simon F 137
Benham, Henry W 945
Bowers, Theodore S 311
Cowan, Andrew 425
Dodamead, Thomas 959
Getty, George W 202, 231, 425, 1310
Grant, Lewis A 998
Grant, U. S 631, 1102, 1290
Halleck, Henry W. 1021, 1076, 1086, 1115, 1120, 1128, 1135, 1188, 1199, 1212, 1229
Humphreys, Andrew A 142–144, 183, 184, 708
Hunt, Henry J 120, 137
Johnston, Joseph E 968
Lincoln, Abraham 259, 421
Meade, George G 6–8, 20, 40, 53, 54, 77, 89, 99, 121, 124, 139–141, 144, 181–183, 200, 202, 223, 230, 243, 259, 260, 287, 305, 311–315, 346, 370, 371, 407, 409, 421–423, 453, 455, 477–480, 519–521, 553, 554, 579, 580, 597, 599, 604, 629–631, 645, 647, 648, 747, 759, 790, 791, 823, 892, 906, 930, 945–947, 955, 958, 959, 968, 969, 984, 992, 996–998, 1011, 1012, 1022, 1058, 1059, 1197, 1199, 1230, 1235, 1244, 1245, 1280, 1290
Mott, Gershom 1310
Ord, Edward O. C 260, 314, 315, 371, 372, 378, 379, 425, 495
Parke, John G 121–123, 137–139, 147, 260–262, 314, 480, 481, 486
Ricketts, James B 1140
Ruggles, George D 140, 141
Seymour, Truman 202, 231, 425

Page.

Wright, Horatio G.—Continued.
Correspondence with
Sheridan, Philip H. 733, 893, 947, 999, 1000
Snyder, James W 1120
Van Brocklin, Martin 1155
Warren, Gouverneur K 145
Wheaton, Frank 202, 231, 425, 426, 1103
Mentioned 72, 112–116, 120, 123–126, 130, 131, 133, 134, 136, 139 140, 145, 147–149, 158, 159, 171–174, 182, 184, 194, 195, 197, 198, 203, 206, 227, 228, 231, 243, 262, 263, 265, 266, 268, 276, 284–287, 319–322, 325, 334, 347, 372, 374, 375, 380, 389, 394, 395, 397–399, 406, 411, 413, 422, 427, 431, 446–449, 452–456, 461, 464, 466, 467, 473, 474, 476, 483, 485, 487–489, 493–495, 511, 512, 514, 515, 522–524, 526, 527, 532, 545–547, 549, 550, 554, 555, 557, 558, 572, 573, 576–578, 580, 594–597, 599–601, 603, 604, 609–611, 620–625, 628, 633, 640, 642, 645, 650, 670–672, 684, 687–690, 719, 733, 790, 810, 811, 889, 890, 895, 906, 907, 917, 920, 921, 941–945, 953–957, 968–970, 984, 985, 991–994, 997, 998, 1000, 1005, 1016–1020, 1026, 1031, 1056, 1061, 1083, 1087, 1110, 1111, 1120, 1123, 1132, 1140, 1149, 1151, 1155, 1168, 1185, 1199, 1200, 1202–1204, 1209, 1211, 1212, 1219, 1232, 1245, 1247, 1255, 1260, 1290, 1301–1303, 1305, 1308, 1310, 1315

Wright, Irwin B. Mentioned 1259

Wright, John G. Mentioned 1042, 1189, 1190

Wright, Joseph W. B. Mentioned 276, 1027

Wright, William B. Mentioned 982

Yardley, Eldridge T. Mentioned 972

Yarmett, Harrison D. Mentioned 760

Yates, Richard. Mentioned 807

Yeatman, James E. Mentioned 96, 109, 169

Yeoman, Stephen B. Mentioned 1037

York, John F. Mentioned 973 975

York, Zebulon. Mentioned 31

Young America, U. S. S. Mentioned 588

Young, David W. Mentioned 1291, 1314

Young, Henry E. Mentioned 667

Young, Henry H. Mentioned 556

Young, James W. Mentioned 856, 858, 1229

Young, Samuel B. M.
Correspondence with
Griffin, John A., *et al* 1157
Halleck, Henry W 1156, 1160, 1173
Mentioned 1049, 1137–1139

Youngman, John C. Correspondence with William E. Barrows 455
For correspondence as A. A. G., see *John G. Parke.*

Zeilin, Jacob.
Correspondence with Navy Department, U. S 768
Mentioned 807

Zinn, George. Mentioned 860